RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Fifth General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, convened at Xenia, Ohio, Wednesday, 27th ult., and after a sermon from the Moderator, Rev. Jos. T. Cooper, D. D., of Philadelphia, was by him constituted with prayer. After some routine business, Rev. Dr. Young, of Monmouth, Illinois, was elected Moderator, Rev. Jos. T. Cooper, D. D., was elected Stated Clerk, Rev. R. D. Harper, D. D., Assistant Clerk. The usual standing committees were then appointed. The following brief synopsis of the proceedings of this body will doubtless be interesting to the readers of this department. Resolutions were adopted commending the U. S. Christian Commission to the sympathy and co-operation of all the congregations under the care of this Assembly. The several Boards of the Church were authorized to procure charters, or acts of incorporation. Presbyteries were directed to furnish the statistics of the Sabbath Schools of the Church in their bounds. A motion was adopted to correspond by delegation with the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and also with the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. The Church Extension Society was commended to the liberality of the congregations. Report of the Committee on the Board of Publication directs the publication in a single volume of the standards of the U. P. Church; also, to establish a fund with a view to publishing the Scriptures, and along with them an improved version of the Psalms. It also recommends donations of books and libraries to weak and indigent Sabbath Schools. Rev. Drs. J. Prestley and J. Hodgers, and James Robb were re-elected members of the Board. Committee on Narrative and State of Religion in brief report—there have been thirty ordinations; forty-three installations; twenty-three licensures, and sixteen received as students of theology. There have been eighteen dissolutions, seven ministers in the army, mostly chaplains, and eight theological students, and two have died. Sabbath Schools are reported as in a prosperous condition; prayer meetings are kept up with increasing interest; mention is made of the becoming observance of the week of prayer; as also of the late national fast. A good report is given of the observance and support of divine ordinances, and contributions are generally reported as on the increase. A good account is given of the prevalence of peace, temperance, and brotherly love throughout the congregations, with one or two exceptions. The Committee on Education reported that pastors of settled congregations be enjoined to preach a sermon sometime during the year on the subject of Education, and also care be exercised in the reception of candidates for the study of theology. Action was taken favoring an amendment to the preamble of the Constitution of the United States to recognize the existence of God in a fuller and more distinct manner than it now does. The difficulty in the Sealkote Presbytery was finally adjusted, and Rev. Mr. Hill, after proper acknowledgments, was declared in good standing in the Church. It was resolved to organize a mission to the freedmen of the South. Various reports of an interesting character were acted upon, but the want of space prevents us from giving full details. The Assembly, after being in session nearly nine days, adjourned to meet in the Second United Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, on the 4th Wednesday of May, 1864.

——Sunday, May 31, was devoted to missionary purposes in the Methodist churches in Chicago. Sermons were delivered by Bishops Simpson and Ames, Drs. Durbin, Clarke and others. The sum of six thousand dollars was contributed to the missionary cause. Last year she was thought to have done well in raising a little over two thousand.

——A pair of communion cups, which John Knox used in dispensing the first sacrament of the "new faith" are still in existence, and in possession of the house of Glenairn, patrons of the church.

——The receipts of the American Tract Social for the past year were $251,446 19; expenditures, $239,033 88; balance in the treasury, $12,362 31. Nearly twenty-six million pages of the Society's publications have been granted for the use of the army and navy during the year. Some 4,000 negroes have come under the influence of the Society's labor for a longer or shorter time.

——The Western Unitarian Conference will hold its annual session at Toledo, Ohio, on the 17th of June next.

——The report of the London City Mission gives some interesting facts in regard to the great metropolis. The missionaries are 380 in all; have access ever-increasing to the hearts as well as the homes of the masses; spent last year 558,172 hours in domiciliary visitations; paid 2,012,169 visits, of which 256,894 were to the sick and dying; distributed nearly 3,000,000 pages of religious tracts; lent 46,123 books; held 46,123 in-door meetings and Bible classes, together with 4,850 out-door services; restored 147 backsliders to Church fellowship; induced 619 families to commence family prayer; were the means of reclaiming 1,078 drunkards; induced 366 couples living in sin to marry; rescued 403 fallen ones; caused 203 shops to be closed on the Lord's day; sent 8,726 children to school, and visited 6,791 adults who died, 2,167 of whom were visited by the missionaries only.

——The Congregationalists have secured by subscription for chapel building in England in connection with this body over £150,000, which would secure the erection of three hundred new chapels. Thirty places of worship are about to be built by the Lancaster association within the county capable of accommodating twenty thousand people. To provide ministers for these, as well as to supply vacancies, the Congregationalists are making vigorous efforts to extend their college system.

——The Baptist Home Mission Society reports eighty-seven missionaries in commission, nine of whom preach in foreign languages. The income of the year was about $40,000.

——It is stated the Catholic Bishop of Iowa has publicly threatened to excommunicate any members of the Catholic church in that State who may continue their membership of the Golden Circle organization.

——The corner-stone of a new Catholic university was recently laid in Chicago. The ceremony was performed by the Right Rev. Clement Smith, bishop of Dubuque, Iowa, assisted by a number of bishops and others.

——About 1,000 persons, Congregationalists, Baptists, and others, have recently proceeded to New Zealand, for the purpose of founding a colony. They have purchased 50,000 acres. It is their object, by the establishment of a christian colony in the midst of the heathen, to endeavor to exercise a powerful influence in favor of christianity.

——The two Houses of Convocation of the Province of Canterbury met on May 19th, in the lower house. The report of the committee appointed to investigate Bishop Colenso's book was brought up. It condemned the book altogether. The report was adopted.

——In a letter from Sweden, published in the *Examiner*, a Baptist paper, we learn there have been formed fourteen new (Baptist) churches during the year past. At first of January, 1863, there were 161 churches, with 5,515 members; 4,231 children gathered in Sunday Schools, with 90 teachers. It is stated instances of infant sprinkling by compulsion constantly occur all over the country. Persecution in various forms come from government officials, with a view to hinder the progress of this denomination.

——According to the *Press* the departure of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher for Europe, on the steamship City of Baltimore, was an occasion of public interest by the unusual escort which attended him down New York Bay—an escort, the like of which, for splendor of preparation, numbers and enthusiasm, is said never before to have been tendered to a private American citizen. He takes with him no manuscripts, no book of reference, no preparation whatever, either for sermons, lectures, or addresses.

——A revival recently occurred in Hamilton College, says an exchange, resulting in the conversion of some seventy students.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

American Protestant Association.

At the late session of the Grand Lodge of the United States of the American Protestant Association, held in Philadelphia, Mr. Joshua Robinson, of Allegheny, presented the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, This Right Worthy Grand Body has again and again declared its undying love to the Constitution, Government, and perpetuity of this great and glorious Union;

AND WHEREAS, That love has been sealed with the life's blood of very many of our best and noblest members, who voluntarily offered up their lives on the altar of their country; therefore do we again

Resolve, That although it may require the last particle of our earthly treasure, and the last drop of blood in our veins, we will cheerfully surrender it all for our country, so that she be saved from destruction intact, and preserved to our children as the greatest bloodbought boon that earth can give.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the great principles of the Constitution and Union of our country are the principles of our Constitution and Union, therefore he that would harm either is a moral perjurer, and unfit for fellowship with us as brethren, or our people as a nation.

Resolved, That while we despise rebels we hate traitors, and would a thousand times rather reason with a deluded secessionist than hear words with a vitiuferous secession sympathizer, "who is the foulest whelp of sin; the man his spirit enters is undone; his soul is set on fire of hell; his heart's as black as death."

Resolved, That inasmuch as many of our members are foreigners, both naturalized and unnaturalized, we feel it as a fixed principle that he who lives of the country must stand by the country, or be driven out of the country. For is there not some hidden curse, some chosen thunder in the stores of Heaven, red with uncommon wrath, to blast the man who would seek his greatness in his country's ruin.

Resolved, That we have still unwavering confidence in our present Administrative Government, that under Divine Providence they will be able to work for us a mighty deliverance from this unnatural contest, and establish a righteous peace and a restoration of the Union upon such a firm basis, that men and devils shall not be able to prevail against it.

Soldiers of the War of 1812.

The following call has been issued to the soldiers of the war of 1812: The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Association of the Soldiers and Defenders of the War of 1812, will be held in the Supreme Court Room, in the city of Philadelphia, on the 4th of July next, at eight o'clock a. m. Fifty years ago we took up arms, at our country's call, to resist the impressment of our seamen and other encroachments of a foreign foe on our national rights. We conquered a peace and have ever since enjoyed unparalleled blessings under the republican institutions founded by the sages of the Revolution. Death is thinning our ranks with fearful rapidity; nearly all of our gallant associates in arms have passed away; and the remaining few will soon disappear from among us forever. In the year 1854, a National Convention of the Old Soldiers met in Philadelphia, and another was held in Washington in 1856. It is our earnest desire that as many of our old associates in arms, from every section of the Union, as can make it convenient, will meet us once more in Philadelphia, on the approaching anniversary of American Independence, on the sacred spot, consecrated by the immortal Declaration of Independence, to renew our unfaltering pledge of fidelity to the Union, and to reciprocate the greetings of an exiled friendship. The occasion will be full of interest in other respects, and we make this early announcement in order to enable our friends to make the necessary arrangements for a great and glorious gathering of those who stood by the country in her hour of peril. Signed—Peter Hay, George Emerick, J. H. Fisher, C. Gill, Miller, John Thompson, Robert Cooper, J. B. Leclerc, M. Mewkirk, Executive Committee.

Outrageous Assault.

Bernard Gallagher, a discharged soldier, who lost an arm in the battle of Manassas, had a difficulty, on Thursday, with a colored man named John M. Billows, in an eating-saloon near the Pennsylvania Railroad depot. It is alleged that Gallagher drew a knife on Billows, when the latter made an information before the Mayor. Gallagher was arrested, and the parties met in the evening for a hearing. Billows was sitting in the office, when Gallagher approached him as if he intended to speak. His intention, however, were far from being friendly, as he raised his foot and inflicted a most terrible kick under the chin of the unsuspecting colored man, shattering some of his teeth, and causing the blood to flow profusely from his mouth. An information for assault and battery with intent to kill was then made, and Gallagher, being unable to give bail, was committed for trial.

The Sculling Match.

The match between Messrs. Hamill and Ward has already been made, and the articles signed. The time and place for the race have been fixed—the 22d of July, at Poughkeepsie. If that day should prove rough or unfavorable for rowing, the race will be postponed from day to day until the weather is suitable. The shirtsides of the day will be determined by each of the contestants naming a judge, which judges shall choose a referee, and the decision shall be final. As the conditions of the race have now been finally settled and the articles signed, Mr. Hamill will not leave for the east until the 20th of June, when he goes to Boston to attend the regatta.

NEW BANK IN BROWNSVILLE, PA.—Messrs. Robert Rogers, Samuel Thompson, J. T. Rogers, Adam Jacobs, Sr., L. G. Woodward, Wm. H. Clark and Dr. Wm. Cotton have opened books for subscription to the stock of a new bank at Brownsville, to be organized under the National Banking law. The stock is limited to $50,000.

City Mortality.

The number of deaths in this city, from June 1st to June 8th, as reported by Dr. A. G. McCandless, physician to the Board of Health, is as follows:

Males, ... 8	Adults, ... 5		
Females, ... 9	Children, ... 12	Total, ...	17

Of these: Unknown, 1; cancer, 1; asthma, 1; erysipelas, 1; gangrene, 1; croup, 1; scarlet fever, 3; marasmus, 1; cholera infantum, 1; effects of a scald, 1; inflammation of lungs, 1; diptheria, 2

THE following donations have been received by the Allegheny Ladies' Aid Society for sick and wounded soldiers:

Soldiers' Aid Societies of Pine, Hampton and Richland townships—1 firkin fresh butter, containing 60 lbs., 1 keg, containing 16½ doz. eggs, 4 pounds rice, 2 do. sugar, 1 package candy, 2 packages dried peaches, 1 do. dried apples, 2 bottles horseraddish, 2 do. syrup, 2 do. blackberry wine, 1 can fruit, 2 cans apple butter, 1 jar do., 1 can peaches, 1 bottle catsup, 1 can tomatoes, 60 handkerchiefs, 6 pairs cotton socks, 5 shirts, 9 pairs drawers, 1 vest, 8 pillows, 8 cushions, 1 pair slipper, 14 towels, 1 paper corn starch, 1 package lint, 1 do. bandages, 1 do. rags, 105 newspapers, 15 magazines, 1½ bush. potatoes. Miss Fleming, 1 pair socks. Unknown, 2 pairs socks. Work by ladies of the Society, 4 pairs drawers, 4 pairs woolen socks, and 7 shirts.

PROF. DE HAM'S CONCERT.—The concert of Professor de Ham passed off in a manner alike creditable to the pupils and the eminent teacher, whose endeavors have been so successful in our city. It is a difficult task amongst so many good performers to point out the brilliant qualities of each, yet we cannot fail to mention the masterly execution of Miss Jenny Blume, in "The Last Rose of Summer," by Thalaro, and the spirit and animation of Miss Gray playing her grand gallop. The trio for piano harmonium and violin played by Miss B. Blume, Messrs Foerge and F. de Ham was the gem of the evening. The vocal portion of the entertainment was splendid, and we listened with pleasure to the cultivated voice of Miss Sample and the rich and pure song of Miss de Ham. Messrs. Tetedoux and Smith were deservedly encored, and, with their talent, added to the enjoyment of the select audience.

ALLEGHENY TAXES.—D Macferron, Esq., Treasurer of Allegheny city, gives notice that he has had placed in his hands by the Assessors the duplicates of city, poor, city business, school and school building taxes, and of water rents, for the present year, and also that said taxes will be received by him in pursuance of law, subject to the following allowances: Five per cent. if paid before the 1st day of July; four per cent. if paid before the 1st of August, and two per cent. if paid before the 1st of September, inst. If paid after September 1st and before October 1st, no deduction will be made, and if paid after October 1st and before November 1st, five per cent. will be added. After November 1st, warrants will be issued for the collection of outstanding taxes, with the accrued per centage and costs.

THE THIOMPHE DE GAND.—This most delicious variety of strawberry can now be obtained, in its full beauty and perfection, at the floral and fruit depot of Mr. J. Knox, Fifth street. It is in reality the "queen of the strawberries," and for size and flavor is incomparable. Mr. Knox, as a fruit-grower, has no superior, and in the cultivation of the strawberry he has justly attained a wide reputation. He has always on hand, in their proper season, the richest and most attractive displays of fruits, flowers, plants, shrubbery, etc., which we recommend to the attention of purchasers.

EAST BIRMINGHAM LOTS.—At two o'clock to-morrow afternoon, the large sale of lots in East Birmingham will be made on the premises, by Davis & McIlwaine, auctioneers. They are in one of the very best localities in the borough, well-known as Redman's Lumber Yard, on Wharton and Meadow streets. The desirableness of these lots, and the large number to be sold, make it an object for all to attend who wish to invest in good property that will pay. So excellent a chance in land undoubtedly valuable lots, may not again occur in East Birmingham for years.

SHOCKING DEATH.—Mr. Thomas Vawn, a wealthy farmer of Tell township, Huntingdon county, recently visited a Democratic meeting at Huntingdon, and although of temperate habits he drank to excess on this occasion. On his way home, while passing over a railroad bridge, he was met by a train, and struck in some way—the whole top of the head being knocked off, immediately above the eyes. He was fifty years of age, and leaves a wife and eight children.

SUICIDE.—Philander Smith, of Plum township, Venango county, committed suicide by hanging himself, on Monday last. He started from home in Wallaceville in apparent good health, but on his way home conceived the idea of hanging himself, and for effecting this purpose, fastened his hands behind his back, and by means of a handkerchief hung himself to a sapling near a log, where he was found three days after, by some hands who were working on the road.

LARCENY OF A HAT.—James Terrell has been committed to jail, for a further hearing on Monday next, before the Mayor, on a charge of stealing a hat.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

The Anticipated Rebel Raid into Pennsylvania---Proclamation by Gov. Curtin.

HARRISBURG, June 12.—The following proclamation has just been issued:

Pennsylvania, ss:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION:

Information has been obtained by the War Department that a large rebel force, composed of cavalry, artillery and mounted infantry, has been prepared for the purpose of making a raid into Pennsylvania. The President has, therefore, erected two new departments—one in Eastern Pennsylvania, to be commanded by Major General Couch, and the other in Western Pennsylvania, commanded by Major General Brooks. I earnestly invite the attention of the people of Pennsylvania to the general orders issued by these officers on assuming the command of their respective departments. The importance of immediately raising a sufficient force for the defence of the State cannot be overrated. The corps now proposed to be established will give permanent security to our borders.

I know too well the gallantry and patriotism of the freemen of this commonwealth to think it necessary to do more than commend this measure to the people, and earnestly urge them to respond to the call of the General Government, and promptly fill the ranks of these corps, the duties of which will be mainly the defense of our own homes, firesides and property, from devastation.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this 12th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-seventh.

By the Governor:

[Signed,] ELI SLIFER,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Situation in Tennessee--The Reports from Vicksburg.

MURFREESBORO, June 11.—The Chattanooga *Rebel*, of the 4th, in an article on the situation, declares that Breckinridge's corps has returned to Bragg, and that Johnston was so sure in his position that he needed no more troops. It is supposed that Breckinridge's troops never left Bragg's camp. It is known that regiments from two of Breckinridge's brigades figured in the reconnoissance made on the 4th of June.

We have no later news from Vicksburg. The rebel pickets refused to exchange papers, and it is suspected that the latest issues contained the news of a reverse at Vicksburg.

Citizens from Shelbyville, who reported the surrender, state positively that it had been published in the rebel papers. The Chattanooga papers, of the 7th and 8th, contain nothing regarding it.

Fugitive Slaves Remanded.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Hon. Walter S. Cozo, the Commissioner under the fugitive slave law, to-day remanded seven runaway slaves, two of them children, from Maryland, to their claimants. Affidavit had been made of the loyalty of the latter parties.

One hundred and twenty-one prisoners of war, including six commissioned officers, arrived here this morning, from the front. They were captured at Beverly's Ford.

Mexican News--Particulars of the Capture of Puebla by the French.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The steamer Corsica, from Havana on the 6th inst., and Nassau on the 8th, arrived here to-day.

The United States steamer Roanoke reached Havana on the 6th.

Reliable news of the occupation of Puebla reached Havana, per the British mail steamer Trent. The reported furious attack on Tomethuacan, and the consequent capture of the city, is untrue. The city was given up by the Mexicans only because they were out of food and ammunition, having eaten up all the artillery mules and cavalry horses.

On the 16th, Gen. Ortega offered to surrender, on condition that the soldiers should be allowed to carry banners and the officers their side arms, and all march to Mexico, and to report to the supreme government. The conditions, with the exception of the last named, were agreed to, Gen. Forey ordering the troops to march to Orizaba, and there await in inactivity to the close of the war.

On the 18th, Gen. Forey presented the officers a document to sign, declaring that "we will not mix in the politics of the nation, and become neutral during the present war; that we will not leave the limits assigned us by the French General-in-Chief, and that we will not communicate with any one without his consent.

The officers received this paper with cries of "Long live Mexico!" "Death to Napoleon!" "Death to the traitors!" and then signed a protest stating that they were not allowed to sign the above by the laws of their country and by military honor.

Gen. Ortega, previous to the surrender, ordered all the artillery to be broken up.

President Juarez has issued a proclamation announcing great disaster in the surrender of Puebla, and stating that the capital will not only be defended to the last extremity, but that all the places leading to it will be defended with vigor; that the nation will wage war without ceasing and under all sacrifices against the odious army which is profaning its soil.

Vera Cruz advices report the escape of Generals Ortega, La Lave, Mendoza, and eight more of the principal chiefs, over three hundred minor officers and 2,000 prisoners, from the French convoy when en route to Orizaba.

From Cincinnati--The Late Fight on the Cumberland--News from the West and South.

CINCINNATI, June 12.—A spirited engagement took place near Montiesilo, Ky., on the 10th. Our troops, under Col. Kants, had driven the rebels from Montiesilo, and were falling back toward Cumberland river, when the enemy rallied in force and attacked our rear guard. Our forces retreated slowly, until reinforcements came to their relief, when a desperate hand-to-hand fight ensued, lasting two hours, and resulting in the defeat of the rebels. Our loss was 30 wounded. The rebel loss is not stated.

Gov. Morton has issued a proclamation to the people of Indiana solemnly warning all persons against resistance to the government in any form or hindering officers in the discharge of their duty.

The rebel prisoners at Camp Morton were, yesterday, transferred to Camp Chase. About fifty of the East Tennessee conscripts took the oath of allegiance, and joined the 71st Indiana regiment.

A rebel spy, belonging to Jeff. Thompson's command, was arrested in Indianapolis yesterday.

No news from the military who went to Rush county to arrest the murderers of Provost Marshal Stevens. The excitement in that part of the State continues. The enrolling Commissioner was driven out of White River township yesterday.

The *Gazette* has the following advices from rebel sources:

The rebels say their loss in the Port Hudson fight was 600.

The seat of government in Mississippi has been temporarily removed to Enterprise.

Breckinridge made a speech in Mobile on the 26th of May.

A dispatch dated Richmond, May 8th, says no official advices have been received from Vicksburg for several days.

It is understood that Vallandigham will proceed to some southern port, en route for Nassau.

Rebellion in North Carolina.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The following has been received from Newbern, N. C.:

A letter dated Newbern, N. C., June 9th, says, the concurrent testimony of deserters leaves no doubt that the long smouldering fires of revolution are breaking out in the interior of North Carolina, and the disaffection has reached a point far beyond even the significant intimations of the journals. Several thousand armed refugees from the secession, have been for weeks entrenched in the mountains with artillery, successfully defying the Confederate authorities.

The Raleigh *Standard* lately complains that while the rebel conscription act has not been forced in Georgia and Mississippi, North Carolina has been raked as with a fine tooth comb.

It appears that in the battle of Chancellorville the North Carolina regiments were placed in the front, to render Gen. Hooker's advance, sustaining immense slaughter, while the South Carolina and Virginia troops were held in reserve. This massacre of the North Carolinians is boldly and freely denounced, and the Confederacy is charged with gross injustice and bad faith. The numerous and studied indignities put upon this State and her people are keenly resented.

In order to secure concert of action and avoid all future conflicts of authority, necessarily produced by the appointment of a civilian, it is proposed to make General Wild, of the African Brigade, Military Governor of North Carolina. He possesses executive abilities of a high order, and, as General Foster remarks, "is a gallant and accomplished soldier and gentleman." He has already won great popularity in this Department.

Ohio Democratic State Convention--Vallandigham Nominated for Governor.

CINCINNATI, June 12.—The Democratic State Convention at Columbus yesterday was largely attended. Ex-Governor Medill presided.

C. L. Vallandigham was nominated for Governor on the first ballot, receiving 448 of 461 votes; George E. Pugh, Lieutenant Governor, by acclamation: Wm. Hubbard, Auditor; H. S. Knapp, Treasurer; F. Van Trump, Supreme Judge.

The resolutions protest against the President's emancipation proclamation; condemn martial law in loyal States, where war does not exist, and the suspension of the habeas corpus; denounce the banishment of Vallandigham, and call on the President for his restoration; will hail with delight a desire of the seceded States to return to their allegiance; and will co-operate with them to restore peace and favor the freedom of speech, of the press, and of the right of trial.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS.

FOR RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, BED-BUGS, MOSQUITOES, MOTHS IN FURS, WOOLENS, etc.; INSECTS ON PLANTS, FOWLS AND ANIMALS, &c. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Beware of all worthless imitations. Principal Depot No. 482 Broadway, N. Y.

B. A. FAHNESTOCKS, SON & CO., R. S. SELLERS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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1863.—CLEVELAND, SAGINAW AND LAKE HURON

SHORE LINE.

The new and elegant low-pressure steamer

SUSAN WARD, CAPT. WM. RATHWAY,

will run during the season between the above points as follows:

Leaves Cleveland for Saginaw City, East Saginaw and Bay City, touching at Port Huron, Lexington, Port Sanilac, Forester, Forestville, Point Aubaby, Port Austin and Tuscas City, every WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Saginaw for Cleveland every SATURDAY MORNING.

All freights consigned to us will receive prompt attention. Through contracts made. Shippers having freights ready can send them to our wharf, will go on first boat without charge for storage.

apl0:3m H. GARRETSON & CO.

FRUIT TREES.—INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS.—A very large stock of choice TREES of selected varieties to choose from, with every possible care taken to have every variety true to name.

Of Apple alone we have 100,000—50,000 of which are three-year olds, 10,000 four year olds. Pear, 10,000 two-to three years old. Peach, Plum, &c., a fine stock.

EVERGREENS—the Trees in the Nursery. Call and examine them.

EVERGREENS from 1 to 8 feet, by the hundred, cheap; also, SHADE TREES AND SHRUBBERY, wholesale and retail.

Address PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND NURSERIES, Pittsburgh, Pa.

apl8:3m*w JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE, FRIDAY, June 12, 1863.

There is no feature to notice in money matters. Gold, according to private dispatches, remains unchanged in New York, while here, our bankers continue to pay 139@140 for Gold and old Demand Notes, and 126@127 for Silver. Eastern Exchange remains unchanged.

GRAIN—of all kinds remains quiet and dull, without, however, any change in quotations. Sale of 200 bush Shelled Corn from store at 75c.

FLOUR—Continues quiet and unchanged. Sale of 50 bbls Extra Family at $6,25@6,75; 60 do do at $6,60 @6,65, and 160 bbls choice at $5,75 for Extra, and $6,75 for Extra Family. Rye flour is nominal with small sales from store at $5 per bbl.

GROCERIES—Sugar is firm with a fair demand at from 11¼ to 12½c for common to strictly prime. Coffee ranges from 22 to 34c, and Molasses 55 to 60c.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and rather dull with small sales at former quotations. Mess Pork is dull and neglected, while Lard is quiet and unchanged. Sale of 15 kegs Country Lard at 9½c.

BUTTER & EGGS—Prime Roll is scarce, and may be quoted steady at 15@16c. Eggs sell readily at 16c.

CHEESE—unchanged; sale of 20 bxs W R at 9½c, 60 bbs prime at 10c.

SALT—is firm with a good local demand; sale of 60 bbls No 1 Extra at $1,80 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—dull. Apples range from 87c to $1,25 per bush, as to quality. Sale of 50 bush prime Peachel at $3,00.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

JUNE 12—The recent rains, and the prospect of a rise in the Allegheny river, has weakened the market slightly for Crude, and the result is, prices are a shade lower. We quote at 15@16c, packages returned, and 21 to 22c, packages included; sale of 680 bbls in bulk at 15c; 290 bbls at 16c, packages returned; and 1200 bbls "Woodford" in tank on private terms. We also hear of a sale of 2000 bbls, to arrive on the first rise, at 15c, in bulk, though we cannot vouch for its correctness. Advices received from Oil City to-day, report the market there firm but unchanged.

A sale of 200 bbls Allegheny river Lubricating Oil was reported at $7,37½ per bbl.

There is no movement in Refined worthy of notice, and the market is so unsettled, that it is impossible to give correct quotations.

Benzine continues dull and neglected, and in the absence of sales, we omit quotations.

New York Petroleum Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, June 12—Evening—Crude is dull and prices have declined ¼ cent per gallon, ranging from ¼@¾c = 27¼c. Refined in bond is nominal at 40 to 44c, in the spot, and 49 to 51c for August and September. Naptha is nominal at from 27 to 28c for prime deodorized.

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Baltimore Grain Market.

JUNE 11—The receipts at the Corn Exchange were light viz: 1,000 bushels Wheat, 6,500 do Corn, 3,000 do Oats, and 200 do Rye. The Wheat market was very dull and prices of both colors closed lower. We quote common to fair Southern white at 150@160c, good to prime do at 165@170c, very prime to strictly prime Kentucky do at 175@180c, ordinary to strictly prime Pennsylvania do at 155@165c, fair to choice Southern red at 144@146c, and common to prime Pennsylvania do at 132@144c. The white Corn offerdescriptions sold slowly. While we quote as to quality at 60@63c, and yellow do at 64@65c. Oats were in better demand and closed 1@2c higher. Maryland we quote at 72@75c, and Pennsylvania at 74@77c. Nothing was done in Rye. Maryland is nominal at 110@112c, and Pennsylvania at 112@115c per bushel.—American.

New York Coffee Market.

JUNE 10.—The market remains quite dull, and prices of Rio within a week may be written half a cent ℔ lower, closing, however, pretty firm at the reduction. West India, &c., descriptions are without any change worth mentioning, though the tendency is in buyers' favor. The sales are 2600 bgs Rio, comprising Traveller's cargo, on private terms; 100 ctns 13 Kilimanjaro, 38¼ (cost); 140 Costa Rica, 32; 100 mats Java, 37@37¼; 4 mats; 75 bgs St. Domingo, 28¼@29¾ cash; 68 Maracaibo, and 20 Government Java, on terms not made public. The stock of Brazil at the ports, as made up by Messrs. W Scott & Sons, is 109,621 bags, viz, 95,821 here, and 14,000 at Baltimore.

Export, from Jan 1 to May 31—

1863.....pkgs 11,621 1862.....pkgs 43,813

Toledo Market.

JUNE 10—Of the condition of our market to-day little need be said. The New York report says: Flour is 5c lower. Wheat very dull and declining. Corn steady and very active. Oats quiet and dull. This is substantially our market. Our receipts have been quite large, and the extensive shipments have left our market quite bare of grain, and matters look blue. Flour—Fine and choice range from $5,50@5,75. Extra $5,25@5,50; Double Extra and Fancy $5,60@7,25. Rye Flour $3,50@4,25. Sale 200 bbls round hoop Ohio at $5,00. Wheat—The downward tendency continues; sales all before report—1,600 bush Red Mich at 131c; 600 bush No 1 Red at 130c; 2,400 bush do at 131c; 2,000 bush Red Mich at 131½c; 1,500 bush No 2 do at 130c; 1,000 bush Red at 128c. Corn—Sales before report—3,000 bush No 1 mixed at 64c. No sales since report. Oats—Sale 700 bush at 60c. Rye—Last sales at 85c. Barley—Spring $1,00; Winter $1,10—Blade.

Cleveland Market.

JUNE 11—Flour—Sales 35 bbls XX red at $6. Wheat—Market lower to-day. Sales 4 cars red on track at 125c; 2000 bush and 2500 bush red f o b, at 127½c. For Indiana white on track 130c was asked and 125c bid. Corn—Market quiet and inactive. Sale 1 car on track at 65c, and 1 car on track at 55c. Oats—Sales of 5 cars f o b at 60c. Rye—Sale 1 car on track at 80c—Herald.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.—June 12—274 bgs wheat, J F Liggett & co; 129 do barley, Spencer & McKay; 291 bgs do wheat, R Baker; 45 ice hams, F Sellers & co; 10 bbls flour, Lindsay & Taylor; 150 doz brooms, H Coover; 40 do do, S Ewart & co; 270 bgs feed, Joe Dorrington; 6 bales hemp, H Gerwig; 1 car wares, A Taylor; 100 bbls flour, Lindsay & Taylor; 150 doz brooms, H Coover; 40 do do, S Ewart & co; 270 bgs feed, Joe Dorrington; 6 bales hemp, H Gerwig; 1 car wares, A Taylor; 100 bbls flour, Lindsay & Taylor; 145 sks wheat, D & H Wallace; 17 hides, J H Ralston; 6 bbls oil, Haworth & Dru; 3 bbls bacon, Little & Trimble; 5 do do, L H Voigt & co; 9 hrs cheese, H Lough, Smith & co; 24 bbls whisky, H McGwigan; 38 do do, S McCracken; 56 bundles, E B Godfrey.

PITTSBURGH & CLEVELAND RAILROAD, June 10—25 bbls oatmeal, J Dunphy; 165 bbls carbon oil, co; 10 do do, Wade Hampton; 15 bxs starch, Little & Trimble; 50 do do, 100 bbls molasses, A Shriver & Jaeger; 10 bbls green apples, J Faas; 400 bbls sand, J B Mater; 1 do do, H Riddle; 8 cks fire clay, A Dorsey; 10 bbls green apples, J Faas; 400 bbls sand, J B Mater; 1 do do, H Riddle; 8 cks fire clay, A Dorsey; 20 bbls whisky, H McGwigan; 30 bbls tobacco, J W Taylor; 5 do do, J Lockart; 5 hhds, 1 to bacon, E Hanlon; 15 tcs hams, W B Hays & co; 5 bbls eggs, Jas A Retzer.

NORTHWESTERN CHINESE SUGAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—This Company, chartered by the last General Assembly of the State of Illinois with ample and liberal powers, has opened books for the subscription of stock at their office in the city of Galena, Illinois.

The manufacture of Sugar from Sorghum, or the Chinese Sugar Cane, and the yield of Immense, if not fabulous profit from the articles even at ordinary market rates, are facts which now admit of the full est demonstration. As Southern Illinois, in point of climate and soil, is admirably adapted for the growth of the cane, and as the cultivation of the cane already forms a great feature in the agricultural pursuits of the people, the fitness of the location for the factory will be readily conceded.

It is the purpose of the Company to erect and have in operation a large factory before the close of the present season; and with a view to aid in that particular, subscriptions of stock are solicited on the twenty-five dollars at the time of subscription, and the balance in quarterly payments. A receipt will be given for each installment, and when the full sum is paid a certificate of stock, bearing the signature of the President and Secretary of the Company, will be issued.

The success of this enterprise, when once started, is beyond question. The President of the Company has had much experience in European countries, skilled in the erection of factories and the manufacture of sugar, and is abundantly satisfied that no field of operation he has ever seen promises better than this. So fully satisfied is he of success, that he now he will repose the sale of a single share of stock at any price, however high, after enough has been taken to erect and put in operation the first factory.

Office of the Company, Commercial Avenue, near the Post Office, Cairo, Illinois.

GAYE. D. W. HIRSCH.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF A DWELLING AND LOT ON WAYNE STREET.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Wayne street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of June, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m., as the property of John Curts, deceased, all that certain lot of ground situate in the City of Pittsburgh, having a front 21 feet 6 inches on Wayne street, and extending back along Lot laid out by Rev. Francis Herron, to said John Curts, as per Deed Book vol. 89, page 169, and the same which was conveyed by Rev. Francis Herron to said John Curts, by deed dated January 27, 1857, recorded in Deed Book vol. 53, page 56, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house.

Terms cash.

For further particulars enquire of C. Hasbrouck, Esq., Attorney for petitioner, No. 166 Fourth street.

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DOCTOR A. H. STEVENS, ELECTRICAL PHYSICIAN, is curing all CHRONIC DISEASES, both of Ladies and Gentlemen, by a new method in the use of Electricity alone, without any DRUGS or OVERTASK PAIN.

BOARD may be had, with Treatment, by Patients from abroad, at reasonable rates, in the Doctor's Family.

Letters applying for circulars or further information will be promptly answered. Office and residence at 141½ FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, Allegheny Pa., being a central as well as delightful part of the city.

Say not this out for future reflection.

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BORDERS.—Bands in gold and bands in plain colors, Polychrome bands, Drapery Borders, &c., &c., for sale by

W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS FOR THE NAVY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING, May 23, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS to furnish materials for the Navy for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1864, will be received at the Bureau of Steam Engineering, until the 24TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Materials for the Navy," that they may be distinguished from other business letters, and directed to the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering.

The materials and articles embraced in this classes named are particularly described in the printed schedules, copies of which will be furnished to such as desire to offer, on application to the Commandants of the respective yards, or to the Navy Agent nearest thereto, and those of all the yards upon application to the Bureau. The division into classes being for the convenience of dealers in each, such portions only will be furnished as are actually required for bids. The Commandant and Navy Agent of each station will, in addition to the schedule of classes of their own yards, have a copy of the schedules of the other yards for examination only, from which may be judged whether it will be desirable to make applications for any of the classes of those yards.

Offers must be made for the whole of the class at any yard upon one of