Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 10.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OUR OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. M. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

		IN SHADE.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.		66	62
12 " M.		100	75
6 " P. M.			72
Barometer			29 5-10

Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee.

The Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee, No. 59 Fourth street, acknowledge the following donations received for the week ending May 30th:

Soldiers' Aid Society of Harlansburg—6 prs drawers, 6 shirts, 3 lbs elderberries, 2 papers apples, 16 towels, 1 quilt.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Minersville and Centre Avenue—32 pairs woolen socks, 11 pairs drawers, 37 muslin shirts, 25 flannel shirts, 15 dressing gowns, 29 linen towels, 37 prs slippers, 2 bundles rags, 1 cut yarn.

Soldiers' Aid Society of West Newton, Miss S. B. Markle, Sec'y.—1 calico comfort, 1 calico quilt, 1 feather pillow, 1 small pillow, 10 grey flannel shirts, 2 pairs flannel drawers, 3 red flannel shirts, 12 prs canton flannel drawers, 2 pairs socks, 1 pair carpet shoes, 6 towels, 3 lawn handkerchiefs, 15 lbs corn starch, 5 lbs Irish moss, 2 bottles extract strawberry, 6 quarts cherries (seeded), 6 quarts cherries, 12 quarts blackberries, 2 lbs dried apples, 2 qts dried corn.

Joseph T. Few, Esq., New Brighton—1 bbl potatoes, 2 cans fruit, a large quantity books.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Clarion—3 flannel shirts, 2 bags dried apples, 1 sack blackberries, 1 sack dried cherries, 1 sack dried elderberries, 4 pairs woolen socks, 2 towels, 2 old undershirts, 1 box jelliton, 2 shirts, 1 bundle bandages, 1 paper cigars, 1 paper dried whortleberries, 1 paper sago, 6 pairs pillow cases, 1 pair linen pantaloons, 1 fine shirt, 8 pairs drawers, 10 muslin handkerchiefs, 20 lawn handkerchiefs, 2 silk handkerchiefs, 1 paper pins, 1 paper scal' locks, 2 towels, 1 shirt, 1 chest, 2 handkerchiefs.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Smithrock—24 prs socks, 21 shirts, 4 pairs drawers, 2 small pillows, 9 towels, 40 handkerchiefs, 1 flannel shirt, 1 woolen bed comfort, 14 rolls bandages, large quantity linen and muslin, 1 can currant jam.

Mrs. Wm. Shinn—1 jar preserved peaches, 2 jars spiced peaches, 1 jar spiced cherries, 4 bottles raspberry vinegar, 1 bottle strawberry vinegar.

Episcopal Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society—6 bed tongues.

Soldiers' Relief Circle of Tallascwy—7 cans apples, 2 bottles horseradish, 1 peck dried apples, 1 firkin butter.

Mr. Slagel—3 bbls potatoes.

Mr. R. S. Blake—3 pounds prunes, 1 bottle blackberry brandy.

Rev. J. E. Ebbert—Large lot of magazines.

Soldiers' Aid Society of West Greenville, Miss H. H. Junkins, Secretary—1 can fruit, 1 bottle liniment and cotton, 1 roll of handkerchiefs, 13 pocketholders, bottle pepper sauce, 2 cans fruit, 1 roll muslin, 4 books, 4 handkerchiefs, 1 book, 1 pair socks, ½ bushel potatoes 2 woolen shirts, 11½ pounds dried apples, 18 biscuits.

Mrs. Charles Brewer—16 cans fruit and tomatoes.

Miss S. A. Chalfant—2 bottles vinegar, 1 bottle blackberry cordial, 1 crock butter, ½ bushel dried apples.

Dixmont—made and returned, 18 flannel shirts, 69 pairs canton flannel drawers.

Thomas Bakewell, Esq.—1 box books.

Mrs. Sarah B. Moore—8 gallon cans tomatoes, 18 bottles tomato catsup.

Mrs. R. Miller, Jr.—24 glasses of jelly, 1 jar peaches.

A Friend—17 empty bottles.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Carlisville—43 cotton shirts, 20 pairs cotton drawers, 8 pairs slippers, 4 pairs woolen socks, 4 pillows, 13 pillow cases, 9 sheets, 10 towels, 22 handkerchiefs, 2 sheets, 1 wrapper, 2 vests, quantity of bandages, lint and rags, 2 Testaments, reading matter, a quantity of writing paper and envelopes, 2 cakes soap, 1 can grapes, 1 can peaches, dried peaches, dried plums.

Allegheny Ladies' Aid Society—6 cans of fruit and vegetables, 18 bottles pure grape juice, 1 crock of butter, 4 pounds of soap, 2 papers farina, 1 sack dried apples, 10 shirts, 6 pairs drawers, 2 packages papers, 4 mags. zines, 2 stone jars piccalilly, 4 dressing gowns, 10 shirts, 7 pairs drawers, 2 pairs socks, 2 rolls bandages, 1 package of rags, 1 package of rubbing matter.

Rayner & Bro—15 empty barrels.

Whitesburg School—1 bundle of papers.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Sewickleyville—10 woolen shirts, 7 pairs drawers, 2 pairs socks, 1 dressing gowns, 1 bundle old muslin, and bandages, 1 package of papers.

Mr. Thomas Moore—1 barrel of whisky, valued at $100.

Mr. Cluley, of 144 Wood street—A motto ("Help our Sick and Wounded Soldiers,") for our rooms.

Membership Fees for May, $22.

Hitchcock, McCreery & Co., $50.

A Friend of the Soldiers, Brownsville, $5.

Masonic Society, by John Harper, Esq., $26 50.

Housekeepers having old muslin to spare are called upon to send as much as they can conveniently spare as the sick and wounded soldiers are suffering very much from the want of it.

Report of donations received for the week ending June 6th:

Soldiers' Aid Society of New Hamburg—1 bed tick, large bag of old muslin and linen, 2 sheets, 2 bundles old calico, 1 pillow case, 3 towels, 1 pillow, 6 yards muslin, 2 old linen coats.

Soldiers' Aid Society of 2d Church—1 can quince marmalade, 3 cans peaches, 1 can raspberries, 1 can strawberries, 12 cans fruit, 2 jars cucumbers, 1 can tomatoes, 12 pints dried corn, 1 bottle currant shrub, 1 paper sago, 28 shirts, 36 towels, 22 handkerchiefs, 5 packages dried apples, 4 packages dried peaches, 4 papers corn starch, 2 paperfulls farina, 2 pairs slippers, 1 bottle grape jelly, 2 bottles catsup, 1 bottle cherries, 2 bottles blackberries, papers and Harper's magazines.

Soldiers' Aid Society of the Methodist Church—16 cotton drawers, 4 muslin shirts.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Salem, Mercer Co. —128 pounds dried apples, 7 quarts maple molasses, 5½ quarts of apple butter, 5 quarts cans apple sauce, 3 quarts canned peaches, 3 pints blackberries, 3 pints currant wine, 1 pint elderberry wine, 18½ pounds dried peaches, 19½ pounds dried elderberries, 23½ pounds dried corn, 5½ pounds sample sugar, 10½ pounds dried beef, 7½ pounds lint, 1 pair feather pillows, 2 chaff cushions, 9 pounds cotton cloth, 1 book, 1 package dried grapes, 1 package dried corn, 21 towels, 4 handkerchiefs, 9 pairs pillow cases, 3 cotton sheets, 45½ pounds bandages, 17 volumes soldiers' reading matter, 14 U. C. Advocates, 33 dozen eggs, 1 bushel oats, 102 pounds butter, 1 firkin cucumber pickles.

Mrs. Rogers—1 bundle muscjito net.

Harmony Society, Economy—5 barrels of potatoes.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Sharpsville, Mercer county—13 bags fruit, 10 cans fruit, 1 jar molasses, 2 jars butter, 24 pillows, 4 sheets, 3 linen sacks, ½ pound tea, 5 pounds brown sugar, 1 pound brown soap, 1 package dried currants, 2 pillow cases, 3 towels, muslin rags, 3 shirts, 2 books.

The Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society of New Hamburg—7 cans apple sauce, 6 cans peaches, 1 can quince marmalade, 1 can blackberries, 2 cans tomatoes, 1 can raspberries, 2 cans fruit, 2 cans tomatoes, 3 cans pickled cucumbers, 3 cans butter, 4 pieces dried beef, 2 pieces bologna sausages, 252 pounds dried apples, 190 pounds elderberries, 33 pounds corn, 14 pounds cherries, 36 pounds dried beans, 2 pounds dried pears, 72 sheets, 37 shirts, 11 pairs drawers, 20 handkerchiefs, 26 pairs pillow cases, 52 towels, 33 pillows, 3 pairs socks, 30 rolls of bandages, 4 inches wide, 8 rolls of bandages, 20 yards long and 2½ inches wide, 7 feather pillows, 18 pounds pin-cushions, 6 bags beans, 4 lead pencils, 2 pen holders, 4 pen points, 25 handkerchiefs, 1 quire note paper, 24 envelopes, 1 bag potatoes, 1 bag pears, 1 bag dried apples, 15 bags dried elderberries, 4 bags cherries, 1 bag currants, 21 sheets, 10 shirts, 21 pillow cases, 1 pair socks, 5 bap pillows, a large quantity of linen and muslin rags, New York Observers, 52 towels, a large number of muslin bandages.

Soldiers' Aid Society of West Newton—2 quilts, 7 pounds linen for dressing wounds, 3 pounds bandages, 4 new muslin sheets, 1 second-hand sheet, 4 pillow cases, 8 handkerchiefs, 2 quarts dried blackberries, 3 bottles currant wine.

Soldiers' Aid Society of Greenville—7 cans of fruit, 2 pillows, 9 quarts of elderberries, 20 yards bandaging, 4 magazines, 7 papers, 5 pounds dried apples, 16 bushel potatoes, 1 peck onions, 7 pairs cotton drawers, 4 woolen shirts.

Soldiers' Aid Society of West Greenville—17 pounds dried apples, 5 pounds dried berries, 47 pillow cases, 9 cans of fruit, 1 comfort, 2 magazines, 13½ bushels of potatoes.

Soldiers' Relief Circle of Richland, Hampton and Pine Townships—6 comforts, 3 pairs socks, 8 feather pads, 7 pairs drawers, old linen, 2 large cans apple butter, 1 small can apple butter, 1 stone jar apple butter, 2 stone jugs rhubarb, 1¾ bushel dried apples, 1 peck of peaches, 1 gallon of berries.

Mrs. E. Wilton, Haysville—5 bottles old blackberry wine.

Allegheny Ladies' Aid Society—1 doz. fans, 1 dozen lemons, 4 pairs slippers, 13 shirts, 1 pair drawers, 1 pair socks, 8 cans fruit, muscuito net, books and papers, old muslin and linen, 21 cans fruit, 1 bushel dried fruit—peaches, apples and pears—3 shirts, 6 pads, 1 package of reading matter, 2 bottles of wine.

Mr. John Shay—2 coats, 2 pairs pantaloons, 1 vest, 2 hats.

From a Friend—4 bottles, 1 jar tomatoes, 3 jars peaches, 1 jar raspberries.

Central Board of Education.

The Central Board of Education met on Tuesday evening, June 9th, 1863.

Present, Messrs. Brush, Duncan, Harrison, Lowe, Marshall, McAuley, Sergeant, Singerly, and Negley, President.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The monthly reports of the Principals of the High and Colored Schools were read and filed.

The Secretary's monthly report, showing the following enumerated attendance, was read and filed, viz:

	Grammar Dep't.	Intermediate Dep't.	Primary Dep't.	Total.
First Ward	73	76	215	363
Second Ward	52	79	182	313
Third Ward	63	118	356	561
Fourth Ward	60	65	107	232
Fifth Ward	113	120	295	528
Sixth Ward	91	197	440	728
Seventh Ward	46	44	257	347
Eighth Ward	93	148	320	561
Ninth Ward	54	126	317	497
Total	669	973	2188	4130

A communication from the Philomathesian Literary Society, soliciting the privilege of occupying the Colored Public School room on Monday evenings, was read and referred to the Committee on Colored Schools.

Warrants were authorized in payment of the following bills, viz: Alex. Tindle, kindling wood for high school, $5.00; Thomas Cook, making fence and repairs at Colored School, $22.50.

On motion the Board proceeded to the election of Collectors for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows: 1st Ward, Allen Cordell; 2d Ward, Minas Tindle; 3d Ward, John Kelly; 4th Ward, A. P. Thompson; 5th Ward, Joseph Irwin; 6th Ward, Joseph A. Butler; 7th Ward, James Trimble; 8th Ward, David Hutchison; 9th Ward, George Keyser.

Mr. Marshall from the Committee on Text Books and Grades reported in favor of adopting the text books now in use in the Ward Schools, with the exception of Willard's United States History, substituting in place of it Goodrich's Pictorial History of the United States.

On motion, the report of the Committee was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Brush, a vacation of the city schools was ordered from the 26th of June until the 31st of August.

On motion, adjourned.

Legal Intelligence.

[Reported for the *Pittsburgh Gazette*, June 9th, 1863.]

Mary O'Hara vs. Hugh Richardson et al.; ejectment for a piece of land in Robinson tp. On trial.

The following cases are within reach for Wednesday, June 10th:

50. J. G. Fear vs. Jacob Goodenough.
53. Marshall & Bro. vs. the Astworth Oil Company.
57. Jacob Lonnsbach and wife vs. Wesley Hancock.
70. Joseph P. Hagh vs. the Allegheny Insurance Company.
72. Henry Williams vs. M. B. White and Elijah Barker.
74. The Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad Company, for use of the Pittsburgh Trust Company, vs. Wm. Bagley.
74. Same plaintiffs vs. Elizabeth Graff, executrix, et al.
75. Henry Murphy vs. Wm. Ward.
77. William Merriman and wife vs. Thomas W. Briggs.
78. R. P. Gorden vs. Lightcap & Piper.
79. John Clark vs. W. W. Wallace.
80. Decker & Co. vs. Philip Chapman & Anderson.
81. B. Stoby vs. Wm. McKee.
82. Herron & Pollock vs. Thos. Rogers, contractor, and Andrew Scott, owner.
83. Same plaintiffs vs. same defendants.

QUARTER SESSIONS—JUDGES STOWN AND BROWN.

Susan McIntyre was found guilty of keeping a bawdy house, on Penn street, near the Penn tavern, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10, costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment of 90 days in the county jail.

Com. vs. James Owens et al. for riot. The defendant took a number of men, carrying axes, to the property of Mr. Maffitt, on Maddock's alley, between Penn street and Duquesne way, and there tore down the prosecutor's fence. Maffitt's property extends some feet over the line which would make the side of the alley parallel throughout its length. It is contended by the defense that the prosecutor was infringing on the right of the public to the alley as a common thoroughfare.

Law vs. Justice.

In the case of Schmertz & Bleakley vs. Keeler, McClurg & Co., decided on the 5th inst, we are informed that the facts in the case were, that Mr. Schmertz agreed, soon after the bargain was made, to throw up the contract because so small an amount as forty barrels of oil could not be bonded, and subsequently refused to allow the oil tanks to be even pay the government tax and receive the drawback, notwithstanding the oil was bought for export. This would have been shown had the laws of Pennsylvania permitted the necessary testimony to have been delivered, such as would have been allowed in the courts of Ohio and other States.

RESTORED TO HIS REGIMENT.—The friends of Colonel Robert Anderson will be glad to learn that the temporary difficulty which separated him from his regiment has been removed, and that he will resume command of the gallant 9th Reserves during the present week.

Excitement at Cross Creek.

CROSS CREEK VILLAGE, PA., June 8, 1863.

—*Editors Gazette*: On Saturday evening, the 6th inst., about eight o'clock, a squad of about twenty-five or thirty men, belonging to the "true Democracy," or in other words, "Peace Democrats," made a raid upon the polls, endeavoring to force an entrance for no other purpose than to do violence to the person of the peaceable Postmaster, for having innocently given, in answer to the questions propounded by the Assessor, the names and ages of some of their cliques; and because they could not consummate their purpose, but were foiled even in their attempt to break the door by casting stones and brickbats against it, they gave vent to the contents of their foul hearts by the utterance of oaths and howls that would have disgraced a pack of half civilized Indians.

And now a word for the fair sex of the "peace" persuasion. I have heard of the double-distilled hostility of the "ladies" of "Dixie" to the perpetrators of this Republic, but never have I been persuaded to believe that the "angelic creatures" could have fallen so low, until that eventful evening, when they even outstripped the "lords of creation" in their bitter denunciations of the "Abolitionists." Methinks Cross Creek will get itself a great name.

"GOTLIEB."

Assignee's Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

Any of our readers wishing to invest their money in *valuable real estate*, would do well to attend the assignee's sale which will take place this (Wednesday) morning, the 10th inst., at 10 o'clock, at the *Court House*. There will then be offered for sale the undivided one fourth interest of a valuable tract of coal land, containing about two hundred and ten acres, conveniently situated on the *Monongahela river*.

Also, a beautifully located piece of ground, containing about two acres, in Minersville, distant from the city one and a half miles, and situated on the line of the Pittsburgh and Minersville Passenger Railway. The cars on said road pass the place every hour of each day, from 7 A. M. until 10 P. M. On the place are a cottage house of five rooms, good hydrant wash house, good stable and carriage house, and a well of never-failing, good water; also, peach, plum, pear, cherry, apple, apricot and quince trees, gooseberry and currant bushes, etc., etc., all of which bear fruit of the finest varieties. There is no place in the village more prettily located, and none susceptible of finer improvement; and we think that any one wishing to buy a snug little country home for himself, or anxious to promote the interests of himself and family, can not do better than attend the sale, and do all he reasonably can to secure it.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Mail Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1863.

FROM THE CHEROKEE NATION.

A letter has been received at the Indian Bureau from John Ross, Principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation, in which he states that at a council of the Cherokee Nation, convened at Kaw Skin Prairie in February last, bills were passed abrogating "the treaty" with the "Confederate States" and calling a convention of the people to approve the act. A delegation consisting of John Ross, Principal Chief, Lieut. Col. Lewis Downing, Capt. James McDaniel and Rev. Isaac Jones, was appointed to represent the Nation at Washington. All officers of the Nation disloyal to the Government of the United States were deposed, and an act passed for the abolition of slavery in the "Cherokee Nation."

Mr. Ross urges in his letter the necessity and propriety of establishing a Military Post within the Cherokee country and occupying it with a sufficient force to enable the refugee Indians to repossess themselves of the Territory and to assist the Federal forces in repelling any invasion of the enemy.

HOW BILLY BOWLEGS CAPTURED A "SECESH."

A characteristic communication has also been received from William Bowlegs, Jr., "King of the Seminoles, and Captain of Co. F, 1st Ind., H. G." Billy desires the Government to "send power quick, and clean out the secesh who are holding the country." He wants "white soldiers" sent there in force sufficient to enable the loyal Indians to rally, when he thinks they can hold the Indian country against the enemy.

Billy tells how he captured a Bushwhacker out in Arkansas, in this way: "I will say what happened to me out in Arkansas. I was sent to Rhee's Mill from our camp at Bentonville, and I came on a secesh. I found out he was a Bushwhacker, and I made up my mind not to kill him. We were both on horses and I rode up to him, thinking to take him prisoner, and as we came up I took hold of him and he of me, and being on horses I could not tussle as well as if on the ground, and so we both fell from our horses, and in the fall my pistol fell from my hand, and as this the man broke loose from me and got my pistol before I could, and started and run, and my horse was standing out a little ways and he jumped on him and run away with him. Of course he could have killed me, but he just run away with my horse and took all I had—two revolvers and saddle, bridle and horse.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap6:6m

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CHATONY, General Agent,
No. 18 Fifth street.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often we are asked, "Where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, thus having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all these inquiries we can answer, go to Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your taste. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weler & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Samuel Graham, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has just returned from the East with his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Gentlemen desiring a stock to select from that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and their garments made in the most fashionable manner, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 64 Market street, one door from Third.

TWO MONTHS USE.—Miss Fanny Robinson, of Londonderry, Vt., under date of August 21, 1858, writes: "I have made an experiment with Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. I have used them two months. I now have a new growth of hair coming out, and my gray hair is extinct. Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 198 Greenwich st., New York. mwf

ATTENTION, COMPANY I.—Volunteers, who expect to retain their health unimpaired during the campaign, must see to it themselves, do not trust to the Army Surgeons, supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT. Every English soldier's knapsack contains them. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 2t12

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Cuthbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to. †

OMNIBUS and CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid for in advance. 6m

CALL at No. 145, Wood street, for elegant and cheap Carpets, just received on consignment since the fall in prices in the East. A large lot will be sold at great bargains at retail, for cash.

DR. KING, late Surgeon in the Army, treats all diseases at his office, 98 Fourth st., where he can be consulted daily from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., except when absent on professional business.

LADIES', Misses' and Children's' Lace, Congress and Balmoral Gaiters, Morocco Boots, Slippers, &c., at Mason & Hall Auction House.

LADIES', Misses' and Children's' Hoop Skirts, all sizes, colors and prices, at McClelland's Shoe Auction House, 85 Fifth street.

GENTS' Leading and French Calf Gaiters, Balmorals and Boots at McClelland's Auction House.

C. SILL, Dentist, 246 Penn street, attends to all business of his profession.

DIED:

STEVENSON.—On Tuesday morning, June 9th, MRS. JANE STEVENSON, aged 70 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, on Beaver street, Manchester, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

WALLACE.—In Camp, at Murfreesboro, on the 31st of May, of fever, WILLIAM F. WALLACE, of Co. C, Anderson Cavalry.

[Philadelphia papers please copy.]

BROWN.—On Tuesday, 9th instant, WALTER TAGGART, son of Alexander and Jane Brown, aged 5 years and 11 months.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 223 Federal street, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

BEYE.—On Saturday, the 6th inst., at Salem, Ohio, THOMAS ELLIOTT, son of William Beye, of that place, aged 18 years, 8 months and 26 days.

STILL A CHANCE!

Another arrival of

GENT'S FINE FRENCH CALF IQUARE TOED

BOOTS.

Call and get a pair, at

JAMES ROBB'S,
No. 69 MARKET STREET.
my10

CHEAP WALL PAPERS.—Lower than present manufacturers' prices—for sale by
my10 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, June 9, 1863.

NEWS FROM THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

The following is the news from the front up to this afternoon:

A severe engagement took place this morning between our cavalry and that of the rebels under Gen. Stuart. The locality in which it occurred was Berverly's Ford on the Rappahannock, five miles above Rappahannock Station, and about the same distance below the Sulphur Springs.

Stuart has been massing a large body of rebel cavalry around Culpepper Court House of late, evidently for a raid North and East. General Hooker has, of course, kept his eyes on him. This engagement is the result. Stuart made an obstinate fight to cross the river, in which purpose he was not only foiled but our troops drove him from the south bank, which they now hold. The engagement is still evidently progressing, as our force engaged is now on the south side of the river. No further details of the battle had reached here up to three p. m., but we are undoubtedly strong enough there to drive Stuart out of Culpepper across the Rappidan. Cars have already been sent up from Kettle Run to Rappahannock Station to bring our wounded to the rear.

THE SITUATION.

The *Republican* of this evening has the following editorial: "Generals Grant and Banks are both on the same side of the Mississippi, and are progressing in the reduction of Vicksburg and Port Hudson. Both are able to take care of the enemy. General Hooker's army is wide awake, watching and frustrating Lee's operations. The Union cavalry are giving the rebels much trouble; and General Lee has found out within a few days past that he can neither advance or retire without fighting. Our private advices demonstrate this fact very satisfactorily."

RICHMOND NEWS.

Late Richmond papers quote gold at $6.00 premium—$14 of Confederate paper buying $3 of gold. This premium, they say, is not owing to the depreciation of their money, but the scarcity of gold.

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

Seventeen thousand wounded soldiers' claims are now on file in the Second Auditor's office. The Bureau is behind a year in its work. Many claims reach as far back as McClellan's and Buell's campaigns. These files show that the battle of Shiloh and those of the Peninsula were the most disastrous of the war.

FATAL MAGAZINE EXPLOSION.

Twenty soldiers were killed and fifteen wounded by the explosion to-day of the northern magazine of Fort Lyon, near Alexandria. The men injured belonged to the 34th Massachusetts and 2d New York. The explosion was caused by a spark from the pipe of a German engaged in filling shells. The magazine was totally destroyed. No damage was done to the guns or gun carriages.

REBEL PRISONERS.

Three hundred Secesh prisoners, from the Old Capitol prison, were sent to-day to City Point for exchange. All officers were retained.

AFFAIRS AT VICKSBURG.

The condition and position of our army in the rear of Vicksburg is still good, and Gen. Grant is confident of success. I never saw such a line of defenses as are in front of Gen. Sherman's line. At some places our parallels are within fifty yards of the enemy's works, and our men may be said to be down directly under the guns of the rebels. If an assault is made with ten thousand men they cannot help taking the city. The enemy cannot have over nine thousand in their works, and Gen. Grant says he can whip any reinforcements that they can bring up.

NATIONAL CURRENCY.

The attention of banks is called to section 19, of the national currency act, requiring all those, not organized under it, to make an annual report to the Comptroller of the Currency, on July first, under the penalty of two per cent. on the capital stock.

CAPTURE OF BLOCKADE RUNNERS.

Admiral Porter reports to the Navy Department the capture of sixteen blockade runners and four sunk, within six weeks past, by the fleet under his command, near Vicksburg, June 1, 1863.

THE YAZOO EXPEDITION.

There is nothing new to communicate, except the return of a second expedition up the Yazoo river. They returned perfectly successful, having destroyed eight transports and a large amount of cotton and other valuables, and captured some prisoners and provisions.

AFFAIRS AT VICKSBURG.

Our boats below Vicksburg had a little fight with guerrillas yesterday at Carthage, and our mortars are still bombarding Vicksburg and doing a great deal of good. We have killed a great number of best cattle and done a great deal of damage. Our gunboats come up every night and fire slowly during the night.

An officer has just come up from Banks and reports him in the same position that we are here. He has closely invested Port Hudson and says he is certain of going in. They are, however, strongly fortified and may hold out there some time.

NEWS ITEMS.

Our Consul at Demarara, British Guiana, reports the crops abundant. There is a great increase in sugar and cotton crops since our rebellion.

A Board is to convene at Philadelphia on the 22d for the examination of samples of artificial legs and arms for soldiers.

John Ross had an interview with the President to-day. He explained the past position of the Cherokees, and assured him of their present loyalty.

The $80,000 new due for annuity will not be paid, but hereafter the regular annuity will be.

RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS.

The receipts from customs are now larger than ever before. For the last month they exceeded five and a half million dollars, being at the rate of about seventy millions a year.

MEDAL AWARDED.

A medal of honor has been awarded to private Samuel Johnson, of the 9th Pa. Reserves, for capturing, with great bravery and daring, two colors from the enemy, at Antietam.—Cor.

Lieut. Walker, of the 5th Connecticut regiment, in an expedition to St. Augustine, Florida, captured one hundred and seventy-five head of beef cattle.

The town of Bluffton was burned last week, an immense amount of stores destroyed on the 24 inst. by an expedition under Col. Barton.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

SOMERSET, Ky., June 9, 1863.

There is no news of interest to-day.

The forces at Monticello are reported to have joined the rebels, who are rumored to be crossing at Burksville. Neither rumor is confirmed.

Gilbert's announcement to Gen. Gracey that all the Union families driven out of Dixie would be furnished with homes at the expense of sympathizers in Kentucky, has elicited from that chivalrous gentleman a reply too rude, and insolent, and scurrillous for publication.

Doctor McMillen, of the First East Tennessee, assumes the duties of Medical Director of this Division to-day. An excellent appointment.

Some of our boys are playing sharp with Sherwood's rebels over the river. Captains Green and Carter detected several by enacting secesh among them.

Lately our cavalry are kept busy scouting and reconnoitering.

A reconnoissance, consisting of detachments of the 7th Ohio and 2d Ohio, in command of Col. Kants, crossed the river yesterday evening, at Waterboro. He was joined this morning by Lieut. Col. Adams, of the 1st Kentucky, with a detachment of the 2d Tennessee and 4th Ohio, at Mill Springs. Skirmishing with the enemy commenced at eight o'clock this morning, and continued for eight miles. The rebels could not stand. Our boys behaved splendidly. Lieut. Law's howitzer battery did fine work. The Lieutenant had a horse shot under him. It is impossible to arrive at the rebel loss. Two dead and ten wounded were left on the field. Others were carried off.

Among their wounded was Lieut. Hanley, of the 13th battalion, Confederate cavalry.

We lost none killed, and but three wounded —of the 2d Ohio, T. G. Hartman and H. F. Schenck, of Co. K.

We captured twenty prisoners, one hundred stand of arms, and one hundred and twenty rounds of howitzer ammunition.

The rebels had three rifled and three howitzer pieces.

Our advance is four miles south of Monticello.

General Carter sent over reinforcements, determined to clean out the whole rebel concern there.

Pegram's command engaged consists of Morrison's and Good's cavalry and Bucker's Legion. If they are concentrating at Hall's to make a stand, our boys may succeed in getting a fight out of them yet. S. S.

From Washington—Operations on the Yazoo River—Destruction of Nine Rebel Steamers.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—No news has been received here of offensive operations by the rebel cavalry in the Culpepper region.

Admiral Foote arrived here this morning. He is making preparations to assume the command of the South Atlantic Squadron, and a new attack on Charleston may soon be expected.

Rear Admiral Porter has sent to the Navy Department a report, dated "Mississippi Squadron, near Vicksburg, June 1st," in which he says: after the return of the expedition under Lieut. Com. Walker, up the Yazoo, and the destruction of the rams and navy yard, I dispatched the same officer up again, with instructions to capture the transports. Enclosed is his report:

Besides the steamers mentioned as burned, the rebels burned the Acadia and Magenta; also, two of their best transports. My object was to break up their transportation on the Yazoo, and with the exception of a few steamers beyond Fort Pemberton, the rebels can transport nothing by water on that river.

Steamers to the amount of $700,000 were destroyed by the late expedition—nine in all.

The Star of the West has been sunk, completely blockading the Yallabusha river, and the gunboat Joy was found sunk near Liverpool landing.

The following is Lieut. Commander Walker's report:

U. S. S. STEAMER BARON DE KALB,
Mouth of Yazoo River, June 1, 1863.

SIR: I have the honor to report that I left this place on the morning of the 24th of May, with the De Kalb, Forest Rose, Linden, Signal and Petrel.

I pushed up the Yazoo as speedily as possible, for the purpose of destroying the enemy's transports on that river, with the Forest Rose, Linden and Petrel, to within about 15 miles of Fort Pemberton, where I found the steamers John Walsh, E. G. Shackland, Golden Age and Scotland sunk on a bar, completely blocking it up.

I remained at this point during the night, and next morning at daylight was attacked by a force of the enemy, but after a sharp fire of a few minutes they beat a hasty retreat. Our only loss was two men wounded.

Returning down the Yazoo I burned a large saw mill, twenty-five miles above Yazoo City. At Yazoo City I landed and brought away a large quantity of bar, round and flat iron from the navy yard. At Indian Shoat I sent Volunteer Lieutenant Brown, of the Forest Rose, with boats through to Rolling Fork. He found a quantity of corn belonging to the rebels, which he burned. At the mouth of Yazoo Quiver, hearing of steamers, I sent Lieut. Brown with the boats of the Forest Rose and Linden up after them, ascending ten miles. He burned the Dew Drop and Ramm Bell. The Linden burned the Argo in a small bayou, about seventy-miles up the Sunflower. I also found the Cotton Plant sunk in Lake George, with nothing out of the water but the tops of her smokestacks. At Gaines' Landing, on the Sunflower, I found and brought away a cutter which was lost on the Red River Expedition. I have as prisoners two engineers and a pilot in the service of the rebels, and several deserters and refugees.

[Signed,] JOHN G. WALKER,
Lieutenant Commanding, U. S. N.

To Acting Rear Admiral D. D. Porter, Commanding Mississippi squadron.

Arrival of the Africa.

HALIFAX, June 9.—The steamship *Africa* has Arrived, with Liverpool dates to the 30th ult.

The steamers City of Washington, Australasian, and Teutonia have arrived out.

The pirate Alabama has captured the ships Dorcas, Prince, Union Jack, Skylark, and Nye. The latter was a whaler.

The Dorcas, Prince, and Union Jack were bound to New York from Shanghae, and the Skylark was from Boston, bound to San Francisco.

Diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Brazil have been broken off.

Mr. Roebuck gave notice in Parliament that England would open negotiations with other powers for the recognition of the Confederates. Lord Montague will move an amendment.

A public meeting was to be held in Liverpool on the 3d, to pay a tribute to the memory of Stonewall Jackson.

The Liverpool *Post* gave prominence to the following, on the arrival of the Australasian:

"Vicksburg has fallen. The Mississippi is open from its mouth to its source. The Federal cause has triumphed. There can now be no doubt of the fact that General Grant has seized the Key of Peace that is hung up in the fortress at Vicksburg. Now is the time for mediation. Instead of indulging in the idea of sympathy, or in vain hopes of the war continuing, everybody who wishes well to England and the world at large, should promptly unite in an appeal to Lord Palmerston, requesting him not to lose a moment in proposing terms not injurious to the South, yet acceptable to the North. This news having only arrived when we were going to press, we have only time to express the hope and prayer that at last we are on the eve of peace between the North and South."

COMMERCIAL.—*Liverpool, May 29.*—Cotton: the sales for the week have been 54,000 bales, and to-day 5,000 bales. Quotations advanced ⅛@⅛d.

Breadstuffs dull, but steady and unchanged. Provisions flat.

London, May 29.—Consols 93½@93¾.

Union Leagues in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., June 9.—A general representation from the National Union Leagues of New Jersey, will assemble in this city tomorrow for the purpose of consultation and thorough organization. Delegates will be present from every county.

From Vicksburg—Famine Among the Enemy—Our Forces in the best of Spirits, etc.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The *Tribune* has letters from its correspondents with Gen. Grant's army, up to the 30th ult., which state that the siege of Vicksburg was progressing admirably.

Famine was beginning to tell on the foe, and their capture or surrender was certain, and that speedily.

Our forces are in fine spirits, and the siege guns were within pistol shot of the enemy's works.

All apprehensions of an attack upon our rear