Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Legal Intelligence.

[Reported for the Pittsburgh Gazette, June 1st, 1863.]

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE WILLIAMS.

J. Reed vs. W. Reed, (before reported). Jury out.

Mrs. Elizabeth Denny vs. Jas. Little et al. Verdict for plaintiff.

Benjamin Reed vs. Mary Wilson et al.; nonsuited.

Williams & Allen, for use, vs. Samuel Bailey. Verdict for plaintiff $406 50.

The following are within reach for Tuesday, June 2nd:

44. Abraham Patterson, who survived Isaac Patterson, late partners under the firm of I. and A. Patterson, vs. Wm. Robinson, Jr.
60. John W. Duncan, now for use of Charles W. Ricketson vs. L. Cust Blair and Thomas Blair.
61. Jno. C. Percival et al. vs. Simpson Horner and Geo. W. Roberts.
62. Jno. Ramsey vs. Jas. R. Fleming.
63. Wm. B. Dougherty & Co., for use of William B. Dougherty, vs. The Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh.
64. Jas. M. Hemphill vs. Owners of the steamboat Decatur.
68. Michael Costello vs. Wm. H. Williams.
70. Devisees of Mrs. Elizabeth Trunick, deceased, vs. Ormand Sliar.
72. Daniel M. Donehoo vs. Wm. S. Thompson and Samuel Thompson.
73. Oliver Blackburn vs. Executor of Caroline Ormsby, deceased.
75. Wm. Cochran vs. Samuel A. Wilson.

The following are the rest of the cases on the trial list:

77. Administratrix of Reese C. Townsend, deceased, vs. John Allen.
78. Mary Moist vs. Pennsylvania R. R. Company.
81. Robert McElheny et al. vs. Wm. Lewis et al.
82. Wm. T. McClurg vs. A. C. Silverman.
84. Jno. T. Goodin and Jas. H. Hopkins vs. Jno. Irwin and Henry Irwin.
88. Edwin S. McCook for use vs. Pennsylvania Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.
89. Jno. Coyle vs. O. & J. Boyle.
92. John T. Cochran vs. Hugh Sproul.
93. John T. Cochran vs. Mary Ann Kinss and Mathew Green.
94. Wm. A. Shreve and Wm. C. Tillson vs. Brereton, Johnston & Wilkins.
97. Wm. Noble vs. late owners of the steamboat Paul Jones.
98. A. C. Silverman vs. C. C. Johnston & Co.
99. S. Crowe vs. Henry I. Sance.
102. Jeremiah Klinefelter vs. S. J. Klinefelter.
104. Wm. Frank vs. Jas. Donaldson.
106. Alex. W. Reck vs. Geo. Allen and Mrs. Allen, his wife.
112. Deborah Wells vs. John Murphy and Geo. W. Canfield.
113. P. Bouser vs. Robt. Wilson.
114. Samuel J. Palpeyman vs. Wm. Longden.
115. Milo P. Scott vs. Jas. H. Sewell.
117. Same vs. Jonathan Braff, et al.
118. Jos. B. Hull vs. Jno. Kerwin.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE MELLON.

Poor & Reed vs. Robert White & John Alender, partners. Action for trespass. Verdict for plaintiff $237 71.

Drs. A. & B. Arthurs vs. Jas. Thomas and wife. Action for trespass. Juror withdrawn; plaintiff takes a nonsuit.

J. W. Ingraham vs. School Directors of Sewickley township.

Suit by a teacher against the School District for breach of contract.

(Mr. White for plaintiff, Mr. Watson for defendants.)

It appeared the School Directors had allowed the people to make choice of a teacher, and they met and elected a Mr. Grubbs. The Directors then met, and instead of appointing Mr. Grubbs appointed Mr. Ingraham, the plaintiff. This created a dissatisfaction among the people—nothing against Mr. Ingraham, but dissatisfied at not having the man of their choice.

After Mr. Ingraham had taught a month, the directors called a meeting, and notwithstanding their article of agreement for the term of five months which had been entered into with Ingraham, they passed a resolution to dismiss him, and accordingly did dismiss him at the end of the first month.

There was nothing shown or urged against the plaintiff, either as to his moral character, or the performance of his duty as a teacher; and on the trial he claimed damage for his dismissal without cause, and consequent loss of wages which he would have earned in the last four months of his term.

The Court charged the jury that the directors had no right to dismiss the teacher, except for some one or other of the causes reserved in the contract under which they employed him, and if none of these causes were shown to exist, the plaintiff was entitled to recover such damage as he has sustained, not for injury of character or trouble, but for such actual loss of wages as he would have earned had he remained. And from this is to be deducted all or any wages he earned, or with reasonable diligence might have earned as a teacher, during the remainder of his term; or if he employed his time otherwise, then he is to allow for the benefit he acquired from such employment of his time in other channels—thus allowing him but for his actual loss.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for $75.

Daniel Dewey vs. Owen Clark. Action to recover $100 for goods which the defendant took with the intent to defraud the plaintiff. On trial.

The following fifteen cases are within reach for Tuesday, June 2d:

16. Harriett L. Kemp vs. Benj. Lobe.
17. J. W. Johnston vs. Michael Kilrain.
21. James Andrews, Jacob Millinger vs. Capt. Jas. Mathews.
22. R. C. Glyde vs. Brenay, Watson & Co.
23. James Kerr vs. [illegible] Standard Petroleum Oil Co.
24. Jackson Duncan, Mary A. Phillips, administrators of John H. Phillips, for use of Mathew Hall and A. B. Young, successors of J. H. Phillips, as guardian of minor children of James McFadden, deceased, vs. Samuel W. Means and Mary Means, his wife.
25. Geo. Haris vs. David Ingram, Arthur Ingram and Nicholas Meyers.
27. Cornelia Felhrer vs. Wm. Smith.
28. M. Wilson, guardian, vs. Jon H. O'Brien and Frederick Minniwish.
30. Letitia Dennison vs. the Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Co.
31. Geo. Hattlemeyer & Co. vs. the Penn'a R. R. Co.
32. Elizabeth Wormcastle vs. Mary Jane Wormcastle, administratrix.
33. Guthrie and Sill vs. Solon P. Jackman.
35. James Floyd vs. Moreland and Mitchell.

Dr. Edmund S. Hanna vs. Walters and Angrey.

QUARTER SESSIONS—JUDGES STERRETT AND BROWN.

Judge Sterrett delivered the charge to the Grand Jury, defining their duties, and calling their attention to several plank roads that have not been kept in proper repair.

The Constable returns were then received.

The Grand Jury found the following true bills:

Commonwealth vs. Daniel Noble alias David Hunter. Larceny.

Com. vs. Sylvester Jones. Larceny.

Com. vs. Jas. Townsend, Henry Wilson. Larceny—three separate charges.

Com. vs. Mary Wagoner, alias Mary Miller and Jas. McDonald. Disorderly house.

Com. vs. Jas. Townsend and Henry Wilson. Larceny—two charges.

Com. vs. Albert Torrence et al. Appeal from Mayor Sawyer.

Com. vs. Patrick Keefe. Assault and battery.

Com. vs. John Eckles. Assault and battery.

Com. vs. John W. Young. Renting a bawdy house.

Com. vs. Hannah Johnston. Keeping disorderly house.

Com. vs. Christian Beisel. Assault and battery.

Com. vs. Daniel Noble, alias David Hunter. Larceny.

Com. vs. Jas. Walls. Aggravated assault and battery.

Com. vs. Frank Harper. Assault and battery.

Com. vs. Joseph Lohnk. Selling liquor on Sunday.

Com. vs. Conrad Eberhardt. Selling liquor on Sunday.

Com. vs. John Jackson. Selling liquors.

Com. vs. Edward Rohenlaub. Selling liquors.

The following cases were disposed of:

Com. vs. Wm. Gracey. Surety on oath of Margaret Gracey; settled on payment of costs by defendant.

Com. vs. John Eckels. Surety on oath of David Owens. Defendant ordered to pay costs and enter into his own recognizance in $300 to keep the peace for one year.

Com. vs. Michael Coleman et al., surety on oath of Allen Cameron. Defendants ordered to pay costs and enter into joint recognizance in $300 to keep the peace for six months.

Com. vs. Jas. Walls. Aggravated assault and battery. Jury [illegible]

The following is the jail list for the [illegible]: Elizabeth Beatty, murder; James Stepelton, murder; Benj. Austin, forgery; Henry Tappen, forgery; Theopolis George, larceny; Chas. Ramsey, highway robbery; Benj. Cheek, larceny; Chas. McKenzy, receiving stolen goods; Jas. Kenny, adultery; J. W. Craft, embezzlement; George Beher, assault and battery; John Campbell, larceny; Chas. Jones, larceny; John Hanford, larceny; Catherine Berry, larceny; George Bessell, larceny; Hannah Johnson, keeping disorderly house; Perry Johnston, assault and battery with intent to kill; Mary Reed, keeping disorderly house; John Turner, fraud; John Collins, larceny; Geo. McKnight, assault and battery; Henry Wilson, larceny, (five different offences;) Jas. Townsend, larceny; (five different offences;) John Smith, larceny; Thos. Bennett, surety of the peace; Robert Smith, surety of the Peace; T. McQuenn, surety of the peace; Patrick Cullen, surety of the peace; D. Coleman, surety of the peace; Michael Coleman, surety of the peace; Andrew Turney, breach of the peace; John Eckels, surety of the peace; John Eckels, assault and battery; Dolcy Mills, assault and battery.

Reception of the 136th Regiment.

The 136th Regiment having reached the Outer Depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, formed in line and were escorted by Dr. Gross' East Liberty company, of the 15th Pa. Militia, (preceded by the Fire Department with their apparatus, the Mayors of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and music) to the Monongahela House.

The arrival of the regiment at the depot was announced by the firing of a salute from the Point.

On reaching the Monongahela House, after the band played Hail Columbia and Yankee Doodle, they were received by Mayors Sawyer and Alexander, who made addresses of welcome.

ADDRESS OF MAYOR SAWYER.

Col. Bayne, Officers and Soldiers of the 136th Pennsylvania Volunteers:

I am here to-day, the honored representative of an intelligent, grateful, and were it not for this cruel war, happy people, to bid you welcome to your friends and homes, and to thank you for them, and for millions of our race that now live, and for untold millions that will live, whose future will be made happier, brighter and holier if the Constitution and Union of these United States, for which you have battled so nobly, be maintained inviolate, and the cursed rebellion against the same be compelled to hide itself in shame and disgrace forever. To accomplish this glorious end, we know in part what the gallant 136th Pennsylvania Volunteers have suffered, perilled and done; and we know that impartial history will more fully set forth what you have done as the brightest inheritance your children can or will have in time. Your record will be with that of the Revolutionary patriots, for they contended to the death, as you have done, on the same soil, and for the same glorious object—their country and the right. For the gallant spirits that went forth with you, but whose places in your ranks will know them no more, the chastened tear will fall, but the consolation is, he that dies for his country and the right, has not lived or died in vain. Their memories will live and be cherished by a grateful people to the latest generation; and better, far better, that the bones of every American citizen now living would bleach upon the hills and valleys of our favored land, than this armed rebellion should succeed in overthrowing the best human government the world has ever known. We do not entertain any idea but that the right will prevail; and that happy day, when it does come, will be as it should—full of enjoyment for you. For you, each and all, have gallantly performed your part in asserting and maintaining the laws and government of your great country, and the recollection of having done so in its hour of peril will be among the happiest of your past historics. Thus be it ever when freemen shall stand for the right, their country, their dear native land. Again I bid you welcome, a thousand welcomes to your friends and homes.

REMARKS OF MAYOR ALEXANDER.

Col. Bayne, Officers and Soldiers of the 136th Pennsylvania Regiment: In the name of the great assemblage of people here to welcome you home again into their midst, it is with no ordinary feeling of emotion that I stand here as the representative of the neighboring city of Allegheny, to bid you welcome—welcome, twice welcome to your cities again. You have nobly performed your duty; and the bloody fields of Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorville will, when the history of the war is written, be records of your fame and glory, which shall last as long as this Government shall last—which I hope shall, as Time, know no duration.

I bid you, in the name of the citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, welcome. I am no speech-maker, so I will not detain you. I give you my heartfelt gratitude for your glorious conduct in the great war.

After the band had played Hail Columbia, Mr. Weaver introduced Col. Bayne.

REMARKS OF COL. BAYNE.

Ladies and Gentlemen—Fellow-citizens: I feel much gratified by this manifestation of your appreciation of the humble efforts which my regiment has made in the discharge of its duties. I hope it will not be regarded as boasting when I say, they have performed their duties from impulses of patriotism, and that they have discharged their duty well. I speak for the Regiment. Its record will bear the most critical inspection. I say this in behalf of the regiment, because the men are entitled to it. We cannot express ourselves in words for this manifestation of feeling. You have treated us I think better than we deserve. We have done the best we could. There are many pleasing recollections with the 136th, and first among them I class the welcome we have received to-day.

Col. Bayne then returned thanks, in behalf of the regiment, for the reception, and added that the men would remember the welcome as long as they lived.

Three cheers were then given for the Regiment. Three cheers were also given for Mayor Sawyer and three cheers for Mayor Alexander.

Nine cheers were then given for the Union, the Constitution, and the President of the United States.

Hon. T. J. Bigham then complimented the Regiment for its bravery and for having discharged its duty faithfully. He hoped that their flag, pierced by 50 or 60 bullets, might long wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave. He did not wish to detain the men, as he knew of their fatiguing railroad ride. He concluded by thanking the regiment for the faithful discharge of their duties.

The regiment was then escorted to the City Hall, where a first rate repast was spread. After the dinner, the men separated, and returned to their homes.

Resisting and Assaulting an Enrolling Officer.

On Saturday morning, as Mr. Wm. B. Ross, Esq., of Manchester, was going his rounds as enrolling officer for that borough, he went to the house of Joseph Woods, for the purpose of getting the names and ages of his two sons, but found no one in. In the evening he returned, and found Mrs. Woods, who gave the name of one son, but refused to tell his age. At this point Mr. Woods came in, and demanded of Mr. Ross by what authority he was in his house, inquiring about his sons. Mr. Ross told him by what authority he was there, when Woods brandished his cane and ordered him to leave, defying the authority of the government and its officers, using violent, profane and threatening language, and even following Mr. Ross some distance from the house. The latter reported the case to Capt. Kirker, Provost Marshal, who, on Monday morning, sent an officer and a squad for this foolish man, who, under the baleful teachings of more artful and perhaps worse men, undertook to make war on his own hook against the United States, brought him up and handed him over to the civil authorities. When brought up he was still insolent and defiant, and is upon the whole a good subject of which to make an example.

The Assembly Ticket.

The Convention which meets to-day has a most important duty to perform, in the selection of a good Assembly ticket.

How seldy has this great county,—great in population, in enterprise, in wealth,—been worthily represented! Who have been the men, honored above their fellows, who have heretofore upheld the dignity and the vast interests of this community in the halls of our Legislature? With few exceptions, men in whose judgment none of us in private life would rely for a moment. We believe that the Convention which assembles this day have resolved that the delegation to Harrisburg shall be composed of men of honor, integrity, and ability and morality.

SAMUEL CHADWICK, of Collins township, will be strongly urged for the District between the rivers. In the qualities named, none stands higher. He is not an office seeker; he has asked no man's support. The writer of this communication presents it now, for the first time, in a public manner, under the full conviction that his nomination by the convention would reflect honor upon that body and upon the ticket. S.

Meeting of Councils.

A special meeting of Select Council was held on Saturday evening, May 30th.

Present, Messrs. Allen, Brown, Berger, Herdman, Miller, McMillen, McCarthey, McClintock, Phillips, Quinn, Thompson, Rees, J. Reed, McAuley, President.

On motion, the reading of the minutes was postponed.

The ordinance granting certain privileges to the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, which had been further amended by Common Council, May 28th, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Herdman, that part of Sec. 6th, binding the railroad company to make a cartway under their track, on First street, was stricken out.

Mr. Phillips moved to amend by inserting the words "Second street and" which provides for the drainage of Second street, which was adopted.

The ordinance as amended was read three times and passed.

A resolution authorising the payment of the accounts of Messrs. Tate & Saville, and Kim & Sowartz, for $8.75, was read three times and passed.

A resolution passed in C. C., May 28th, authorizing the payment of accounts of Tate & Saville and Kim & Schwartz for $8.15, was concurred in.

On motion, Council adjourned.

The Common Council held a special meeting on Monday evening, (June 1st,) at 8 o'clock, President Killen in the Chair. Messrs. Ardray, Armstrong, Cameron, Coffin, Colville, Coward, Duffy, Fealy, Kearns, Hays, Mackey, McVay, McGowan, Montgomery, McCandless, McClelland, McTighe, O'Neill, Steel, Sullivan and Taylor—22 members present.

Prayer by Mr. McCandless.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Mackey offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose be, and are hereby instructed to furnish each company the kind of hose desired by each company, provided the cost per foot of any hose selected shall not exceed the price of the 10 inch leather hose.

Read three times and passed.

The Clerk of the Select Council being introduced, presented, for concurrence, a resolution providing for the payment of the bills of Messrs. Tate & Seville and Messrs. Kim & Schwartz for $8 75, for water cooler, &c., furnished Select Council; also, with amendments, Common Council ordinance granting certain privileges to the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company.

The ordinance being before Council, Mr. McCandless moved that the Common Council concur in the action of Select Council.

Mr. McTighe moved to amend the sixth section, by adding the words, "that all sewers over which the railroad passes shall be kept in perpetual good order by the railroad company, at their own expense."

The amendment was lost.

The question recurring on the concurrence with the action of Select Council, striking out the Common Council amendment to the sixth section, requiring the opening of a passage way under First street; and amending the seventh section, by providing for carrying the water of Second street, it was determined in the affirmative.

Messrs. McTighe and Colville recorded their names on the minutes as voting in the negative.

The resolution from Select Council for the payment of Messrs. Tate & Seville and Messrs. Kim & Schwartz, was then taken up and concurred in.

Mr. McTighe offered the following bill:

Be it enacted, &c.; That it shall be deemed unlawful to store crude oil or empty oil barrels in any lot, yard or other open place in the city, under a penalty of $100 for every offense, to be collected as other debts due the city are by law collected; one half to the informer and the other half to the city.

Mr. McCandless moved to postpone it till the next meeting of Council.

The motion was lost. Yeas 11; nays 12.

Mr. Coward in the Chair.

Mr. Killen moved to refer it to the City Solicitor to be properly drawn up.

Mr. McGowan moved to refer it to a select committee, consisting of three members of the Common Council and two members of the Select Council, for the purpose of reporting something definite.

Mr. Killen accepted the motion as an amendment to his motion.

Mr. Killen resumed the Chair.

Mr. McTighe withdrew his bill in order to have it properly prepared.

Adjourned at 9.30 P. M.

U. S. Christian Commission.

The United States Christian Commission held another meeting last evening in the First English Lutheran Church, on Seventh street. The house was comfortably filled, but not crowded. Joseph Parker, Esq., of Philadelphia, was the first speaker. He said our want of success did not arise from want of power to overcome the South, but from the sinfulness of the people to withstand the vengeance of God. He gave an interesting account of the delegation of the Christian Commission on the shores of Hampton Roads, between the fort and the Union and Lincoln guns. He averred that slavery was the great procuring cause of the war now raging. He was followed by George Hay Stuart, Esq. of Philadelphia, President of the Christian Commission, who gave a history of the operations of the society from its commencement, and interspersed it with a narrative of scenes which passed under his notice during a recent visit to the army of the Potomac.

Rev. C. P. Lyford, of Camp Convalescent, Washington, was the next speaker. He said the devil was the first rebel and "secessionist," and Jeff. Davis was the next of any importance. They were both engaged in the same work, and both would occupy the same *abode.* The Christian Commission has engaged in the most important work of any society in the present day. It is prayer, and prayer alone, that will break down the rebellion.

The benediction was pronounced by the pastor, and the audience dispersed about ten o'clock.

Our Book Table.

THE ORION. New York: D. Appleton & Co. 1863. Pittsburgh: for sale by R. S. Davis, 93 Wood st. 12mo. 8vo.

Some poor pretentious pedant, whose folly has prompted him to rush into print with such a mass of sophistries and crudities, as we have seldom seen equalled, even in the limbo of pamphletdom, has yet had the surprising discretion to publish anonymously. But we are almost certain that he had the extraordinary fortune of obtaining the *imprimatur* of a highly respectable publishing house to a production which they had not examined,—else these weak meanderings of a dough-brain would have never come under our notice. Even a copperhead, or pro-slavery, Northern newspaper would hardly tolerate such a drivelist to fill its columns with his silly affectations of style and pedantic airs of argumentation,—but the editor would, as a matter of duty and common sense, summarily dispose of the whole affair in the waste-paper basket. If *compos mentis,* a degenerate American citizen who could introduce George Washington as an interlocutor in a dialogue on the Constitution and Slavery, making him utter the doctrines of Jefferson Davis and his fellow rebels and secessionists, deserves to be held up to present and enduring infamy. And this consideration makes us regret that anything prevented the vain egotist who wrote this essay from putting his name on the title-page.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW.—The April number of this highly-esteemed English Review has just been re-published by Messrs. L. Scott & Co., New York, and received by their agent here, Mr. W. A. Gildenfenney, 45 Fifth st. It opens with an article on the Industrial Resources of British India, apropos of several recent publications on that country, embodying a great deal of interesting information. The next article is on the American War—and is probably just such as an English Tory might be expected to write—

"Honey from silkworms who can gather,
Or silk from the yellow bee?"

But this is the only exceptional and exceptionable article: the half-dozen remaining ones will be read with interest and profit. We need but to indicate them by giving their titles: History of Cyclopedias; The Salmon Question; Biblical Criticism—Colenso and Davidson; Poland; Sensation Novels; Kinglake's Crimea.

A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of the Citizens Bank will be held on this day, (Tuesday,) to consider the propriety of organizing, as far as practicable, under the act of the last Congress of the United States, entitled "an act to provide a National Currency."

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. [illegible], General Agent, [illegible] Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap5:6m

ABOUT TO LEAVE.—On Wednesday next Dr. Rendall, who has firmly established his reputation for effecting the instantaneous and efficacious cure of corns and bunions, will leave the city. He desires us to state that his visit to this city will positively conclude with Wednesday next, June 3d, inclusive, and in leaving he most sincerely thanks his numerous patients for the confidence they have reposed in him, and should he at any time, (as he hopes at no very distant day he shall) revisit the city, he trusts that equal success will attend his labors. The Doctor has certainly relieved the understandings of many citizens, and as his visit terminates as above stated, we expect that he will have a full attendance of cripples at his rooms on Diamond street, opposite the court house, for the next few days. As a proof of his skill we append the following certificates:

Dr. Rendall has this day erased corns for me which have been troublesome. I have seen the operation before, but never anything so perfectly to my satisfaction.

THOS. M. MARSHALL.

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1863.

Pittsburgh, April 18, 1863.—We certify that Dr. Rendall has operated on our feet, removing corns therefrom, doing so without pain, and entirely to our satisfaction.

W. PHILLIPS, E. BOYLE.

Dr. Rendall has this day removed eight corns from my feet. The operation was a painless one, and the relief is such that I advise those afflicted with Corns and Bunions to give the Doctor a call. ELI YOUNG,

April 10, 1863. Smithfield street.

CHEAP CLOTHING AND WHERE TO BUY THEM.—The enterprising firm of Wm. H. McGee & Co., merchant tailors, corner of Federal and Diamond square, Allegheny, being fully aware of the extraordinary advance in Spring goods, have purchased last fall a beautiful assortment of cloth, cassimeres, vestings, &c., and they are now ready to open their Spring trade with superior articles, at greatly reduced prices. They will sell their goods by the yard if desired, and as they keep constantly on hand a large supply of ready made clothing, customers can be accommodated on demand, or have a neatly fitted suit to order. The work is all done under their supervision, and always warranted to purchasers.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Samuel Graham, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has just returned from the East with his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Gentlemen desiring a stock to select from that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and their garments made in the most fashionable manner, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor, No. 54 Market street, one door from Third.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weler & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 136 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready made clothing, got up in the best manner.

PRIZES THEM HIGHLY.—Rev. Amos Blanchard, Meriden, N. H., writes: "I think very highly of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. Both myself and wife have used them with the most satisfactory results." These preparations are exported largely to Europe, and have a world-wide reputation.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Depot, 198 Greenwich street, New York. mew

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Cuthbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE ARMY should not leave the city until supplied with Holloway's Pills and Ointment, for sores, scurvy, wounds, small pox, fevers and bowel complaints, these medicines are the best in the world. Every French soldier uses them. Only 25 cents per box. 311

A LARGE lot of carpets just received on consignment, and will be sold at a reduced price; all new patterns and the cheapest carpets in the city. Give us a call, and examine all wool as low as 80 cents. Stair carpet at 3 cents rugs, &c., No. 145 Wood street.

OMNIBUS and CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid [illegible]

DENTAL INSTITUTE.—All work done at this establishment is guaranteed to be better and cheaper than can be had in the city. No. 251 Penn street.

C. SILL, Dentist, 246 Penn street, attend to all business of his profession.

THE Peoria (Ill.) *Morning Mail,* of the 26th ult., contains a report of a sermon delivered in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in that city, by the Rev. Dr. Jacobus, Professor in the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny.

DIED:

FINKBINE—On Saturday afternoon, 30th ult., Mrs. MARGARET, wife of Amos Finkbine, aged 37 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, South Avenue, Allegheny, at 8 o'clock a. m., TUESDAY, June 2d, to proceed to Allegheny Station, (Federal street,) and thence to Sewickley, by the 9.15 a. m. train, for interment.

KIER—On Sunday, May 31, Mrs. MARY KIER, in the [illegible] year of her age.

Her funeral will take place TUESDAY, June 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., from her late residence, near Tarentum. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

DOCTOR A. H. STEVENS, ELECTRICAL PHYSICIAN, is curing all CHRONIC DISEASES, both of Ladies and Gentlemen, by a new method in the use of Electricity alone without any Medicine, or causing any Pain.

BOARD may be had, with Treatment, by Patients from abroad, at reasonable rates, in the Doctor's Family.

Letters applying for circulars or further information will be promptly answered. Office and residence at 1418 SOUTH PENN SQUARE, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, being a central as well as delightful part of the city.

Cut this out for future reference. ap11:3mod

MANUFACTURING SITES FOR SALE.—One hundred Lots of Ground, or any number of them, lying part in the City of Pittsburgh, Pa., having a front of 1,000 feet on the Monongahela River, at Lock No. 1 of the Navigation Company, the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad passing through the centre of it.

For terms apply to P. C. CORTELYON, No. 33 Beekman street, New York, or of WM. M. SHINN, Esq., No. 137 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., where maps of the property can be seen. my9:3mcod

PASSAGE FROM THE "OLD COUNTRY."—The undersigned is now prepared to bring out emigrants from any part of England, Ireland or Scotland, either by superior fast sailing Mail Steamers, including the mammoth steamer "GREAT EASTERN," or first class sailing Vessels, far lower than tickets can be purchased for at any other office in Pittsburgh. The steamers leave Liverpool every Wednesday, touching at Londonderry for the mails. The sailing vessels leave Liverpool every week.

Address, D. O'NEILL, European Agency, Chronicle Building, my2:6mcod 70 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of WELLS, RIDDLE & CO., has been dissolved by the death of WM. D. RIDDLE. The business of manufacturing White [illegible], will be continued under the same name and style, by the undersigned, at No. 215 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and at Wellsville, York county, Pa., where the friends of the late firm are invited to call. H. WELLS,

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1863. JNO. E. WELLS

LABORERS WANTED.—[illegible] Wanted on the line of the New Castle and Beaver Valley Railroad, Lawrence county, Penn'a. Wages $1.50 per day, and prompt monthly payments. McGRANN, REILLY & CO.

New Castle, May 27, 1863. my28:eod2w

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, June 1, 1863.

Col. Wm. Birney, the of 4th N. J., son of James G. Birney, once the abolition candidate for the Presidency, has been detailed as an Inspector for organizing negro troops, and arrived on Saturday night to enter on his work. The fact of officers of his standing being detailed indicates an intention to go into the business of raising negro troops pretty vigorously. It is not unlikely that Col. Birney will superintend the organization of these troops at Pittsburgh and Cincinnati.

THE GRADUATING NAVAL CLASS.

The three highest in the graduating class at the Naval Academy are from the West, namely: H. Glass, Illinois; G. J. Dickman, Wisconsin, and C. McGregor, Illinois. H. C. Taylor, Ohio, is 7th; Senator Harris' son is 6th, and Prince de Joinville's son, 12th. The last named has applied for immediate service as ensign. Kellogg and Coghlan, of Illinois, are 17th and 18th in a class of twenty.

GEN. HUNTER SUPERSEDED, ETC.

Gen. Hunter has been removed from the Department of the South. Gen. Gilmore succeeds him. Other important changes are expected in the same department.

The President's Assistant Private Secretary, John Hay, late Colonel on Hunter's staff, is now returning to Washington.

DISMISSED.

Capt. S. B. Hornbrook, of the 65th Ind., was dismissed from service for the publication of an article in the Evansville *Journal* reflecting on Lieut. Colonel Johnston, his superior officer.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Bonds have been deposited for national banks at Cleveland and Chicago. Preliminary papers have been filed for a bank, with four hundred thousand dollars capital, at Pittsburgh.

DECISION.

Commissioner Lewis decided, to-day, that every covenanting male member of a Shaker community, is entitled to an exemption of $600 from the income tax.

VALUE OF SLAVES IN MARYLAND.

In consequence of the death of the younger Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, the Carroll estate is now being settled up. Of the three hundred slaves belonging to the estate, all but one hundred and forty have ran away. The appraisers, on Saturday, valued these at *five dollars apiece,* while the leading slave dealer of Baltimore declares he wouldn't give *five dollars for the whole lot.* This is the most remarkable illustration yet brought out of the decrease of the value of slave property in Maryland.

THE ELECTION IN WASHINGTON.

The municipal election here to-day has gone largely for what is called the unconditional Union ticket, headed by Dixon for Collector. In so far as any principle was involved in the contest, the result is the defeat of the more radical supporters of the emancipation proclamation.

A RECONNOISSANCE

Made to-day to Warrenton, and beyond, develops no rebel movement in this direction.

NO LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The medical officers refuse leaves of absence on the ground that the times are too critical to permit the absence of surgeons from this vicinity.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The third brigade of Pennsylvania Reserves, Col. Fisher commanding, who have been performing guard duty in Washington, joined the headquarters of the division to-night on the Virginia side. Gen. Crawford will probably assume the command of the division to-morrow. The men were in fine spirits, and cheered as they passed through our streets, glad again to be in the field.

Capt. Auchmurty, who was with General Morrall in all the battles on the peninsula, is Gen. Crawford's Assistant Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

It is believed this favorite division of Pennsylvania will be increased to its full number by returned nine months' men if volunteers were called for.

A municipal election was held here to-day. The present Collector, Register and Surveyor were re-elected by a large majority. As both parties claimed to be unconditional Union in their sentiments, the contest was not spirited.

FROM MURFREESBORO.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MURFREESBORO, June 1, 1863.

Everything is in *statu quo.*

—Since the rain of yesterday the weather is warm and cloudy.

General Rousseau's splendid division was reviewed to-day. General Wood, as a special compliment, was reviewing officer. The spectacle is not often exceeded in magnificence.

Discharges from this army for the month of May exhibit the following gratifying results: Whole number discharged, 1,059. Of these six re-enlisted in the regular army; 573 were discharged from the ranks in order to be promoted, and only 472 were discharged for disability. These statistics speak volumes for the sanitary condition of this army.

I learn that information received last night indicates that our forces are again in Northern Alabama. Colonel Cornyn has made another expedition from Corinth to Florence. At the latter place he met the rebel Roddy, defeating him, and capturing one hundred men, eight commissioned officers, four hundred horses and mules, and three hundred able bodied negroes.

Colonel Cornyn then marched northward, destroying foundries, mills, and everything that could be of use to the enemy.

Dispatches failed Friday night on account of the thunder storm. The dispatch of last night again was unfortunately broken off by the storm.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

SOMERSET, KY., June 1, 1863.

Matters in the front are very quiet to-day. Deserters place the rebel forces in front at 3,500.

Continued hard bread and pork diet, and the warm weather, is beginning to tell on the health of the soldiers, and the horses are not improving on short forage.

The Division is looking anxiously for the Paymaster.

Nothing Later from Vicksburg—Reported Rebel Movements.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Up to eleven o'clock to-night no additional intelligence has been received from General Grant's army later than the previous dispatches of the 28th ult., when it was stated that Grant's forces were progressing as favorably as could be expected, and that General Grant had no fears for the result.

A report prevailed to-day that the rebels had appeared at Snicker's Gap; but a gentleman who arrived in this city to-night from that vicinity, says only a few bushwhackers were seen thereabouts to-day. It is generally believed that the enemy contemplated a bold movement.

Perry County Convention.

NEWPORT, PA., June [illegible].—The convention of Perry county met to-day and elected Jesse Kennedy delegate to the State Convention, with instructions to support J. K. Moorhead, of Pittsburgh, for Governor.

Affairs at Vicksburg.

CHICAGO, June 1.—A special dispatch to the *Times,* dated "Headquarters in the Field, near Vicksburg, May 23d," says: But little has been effected during the last thirty-six hours. Over a hundred pieces of field artillery and several siege guns rained shot and shell on the enemy's works yesterday. The mortar fleet also took a position behind De Soto Point, and bombarded the city the entire day.

On the right, Gen. Sherman has pushed Steele's division squarely to the foot of the parapets. Our men lay in a ditch, and on the slope of the parapets inside of one of the principal forts, unable to take it by storm but determined not to retire.

The Federal and rebel soldiers are not 25 feet apart, but both powerless to inflict harm. Each watches the other, and a dozen of muskets are fired as soon as a soldier exposes himself above the works on either side.

Nearly the same condition of things exists in McPherson's front, and his sharpshooters prevent the working of the enemy's pieces in one or two forts. A charge was made yesterday (Friday) on one of them by Stephenson's brigade, but was repulsed. Two companies of one regiment got inside, but most of them were captured.

The forts are filled with infantry. Our artillery has dismounted a few guns and damaged the works in some places, but they are still strong.

General McClernand was hard pressed on the left yesterday, and sent for reinforcements. General Quimby's division went to his assistance at four o'clock. The contest continued till one of our flags was planted at the foot of the earthworks on the outside of the rebel fort, and was kept there for several hours, but the fort was not taken. General McClernand's loss is estimated at 1,000 killed and wounded yesterday.

The fighting grows more desperate each day.

The transports are now bringing supplies to within three miles of our right.

General Joe Johnston is reported to be near the Big Black river, in our rear, with reinforcements for the besieged army. General Grant can detail men enough from the operations here to keep Johnston in check.

Celebration of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston—Speech of General Butler.

BOSTON, June 1.—The Boston Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, Commander E. C. Bailey, of the Boston *Herald,* celebrated its 225th Anniversary to-day with full ritual, and the usual demonstrations by a dinner at Faneuil Hall. Major General Butler responded to the following sentiment: "The army of the Union—the right arm of the nation; may it never be paralized by divisions at home." When General Butler arose a storm of applause followed, which lasted for several minutes, round after round of cheers being given. He spoke briefly and eloquently, first suggesting an amendment to the toast so that it should read "Not the army of the Union, but the army for the Union." He then described the splendid materials of which that army was composed, and referred to the immense numbers, not less than 750,000 men, of which Massachusetts was amongst the smallest of the States in the territory of the United States, had furnished 75,000. He also paid a glowing tribute to the bravery and patriotism of the troops in the field, claiming for them that they had more love for the Union than those who staid at home. He averred that Louisiana was the first State to enlist volunteers whose faces were not as white as the facings of their coats, and stated that Louisiana would be the first State to return to the Union. At the close of the festivities the company marched to the Common, where General Robert Dowden, the late brave and able commander of the First Massachusetts Regiment in the field, was commissioned as commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company for the ensuing year.

Puebla Stormed and Taken by the French, with 18,000 Prisoners.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The steamer Shelldrake, from Havana on the 26th ult., arrived this afternoon.

There is nothing new from Havana.

It was reported at Havana that the yellow fever had broken out among the French in Mexico.

An extra of the Havana *Diario,* of the 26th, received per steamer Shelldrake, reports the arrival at Havana of the French steamer Darien from Vera Cruz, with important dispatches from Gen. Forey, announcing the occupation of Puebla by the forces under his command. The prisoners include Gen. Ortega and 23 other Generals, 900 minor officers and 17,000 men. It appears that on the 16th General Forey opened with heavy artillery on Fort Tehimempacan, and on the 17th a breach was effected. The French troops then moved on an assault, and, after a desperate resistance, entered the Plaza, when Ortega surrendered unconditionally. On the 20th, one division of the French army started for the City of Mexico.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The following are the additional particulars of the news from Mexico:

On the 8th ult., Gen. Comonfort, who had received reinforcements, tried to attack the French forces in the rear. Gen. Bazaine's division opposed him, and defeated him completely. The battle took place near San Lorenzo. Comonfort losing 2,500 men killed, wounded, and prisoners, and seven or eight rifled cannon, and the greater part of his equipments and munitions of war. It appears that Comonfort's attack had for its principal object to favor the entrance into Puebla of a large convoy of provisions and ammunition.

Gen. Forey had received in time a part of the heavy artillery he expected, and posted it opposite to the fort of Telemehuacan, one of the most dreaded fortifications in Puebla. On the same day the artillery began to fire, and by the 17th a breach had been made.

Sent South.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—The second instalment of reluctant emigrants, for Dixie, took their departure to-night. The delegation numbered seventeen, among whom were Phillip Coyne, James H. Kennett, W. K. Klight, Dr. Wm. Golding, Mrs. Trusten Polk, wife of Senator Polk, Mrs. Welsh and Mrs. Dorsey. Also, at their own request, Mrs. Coyne, Miss Mary Polk, Miss Elizabeth Polk, daughters of Mrs. Trusten Polk, Miss Welsh, adopted daughter of Mrs. Welsh, and Mr. Jud Dorsey, husband of Mrs. Dorsey, all under the charge of Capt. J. H. Davis, of the First Missouri Cavalry, who will transfer them through our lines under a flag of truce, and deliver them to some responsible rebel authority. Persons thus passed through our lines are forbidden to return within the lines of the United States army during the existence of the rebellion, except by the permission of the Secretary of War, under the penalty of imprisonment during the war, and such other punishment as may be imposed by military authorities.

Copperhead Meeting in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—The meeting to-night in Independence Square, to protest against the arrest of Vallandigham, was largely attended and quite enthusiastic. About ten thousand assembled. Judge Ellis Lewis occupied the Chair, and speeches were made by Ex-Senator Bigler, Ex-Congressman Biddle, Charles J. Ingersoll, and others. The latter counselled perfect obedience to the laws and constitutional authorities, but resistance to any attempt to control the ballot box. The proceedings were very orderly conducted. The name of Vallandigham was frequently cheered on its repetition by the several speakers, as was also Gen. McClellan's. Resolutions were adopted, declaring that the arrest and banishment of Vallandigham was a violence to which the American people will not, and ought not to submit. That the remedy is in the ballot box at the coming election, when the State authority will be restored to the hands of Democratic party; that it is our firm belief that the design of the authorities at Washington is by military aggression to provoke apology for the farther invasion of our liberties; that it is only to the ballot box that we can look for permanent relief, &c. The meeting adjourned at 10½ o'clock.

Sale of Five-Twenties.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent, reports a sale of $1,503,050 in five-twenties, at the various agencies in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and the West. The extraordinary success attending this loan can only be attributed to the thorough manner in which the people were made acquainted with its details, and their full appreciation of the cause in which they are engaged.

From the Department of the South.

NEWBERN, N. C., May 29.—During [illegible] a steamer was discovered off [illegible], and fired into. She recrossed the bar under a heavy fire. She was sunk in the main channel on Morris Island. She had a large cargo.

All grants of furloughs have been stopped in Hunter's Department.

[illegible] regiments [illegible] Virginia [illegible] to let them go, and sends a protest to the President.

The Monitors are still lying off Edisto—the New Ironsides off Fort Sumter.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Flour dull; sales 1,000 bbls at $5 75 for superfine and $6 75@7 25, chiefly of the latter description. Receipts are increasing. Rye flour dull at $5@5 25, and corn meal at $4 for Penna. and $4 25 for Brandywine. The demand for wheat is limited, and only 300 bush. red sold at $1 56 and small lot of white at $1 75@1 75. Rye steady at 1 [illegible]. Corn is rather scarce and in steady demand; sales 2,000 bush. yellow at 85c. Oats steady at 70c. [illegible] of barley or malt. Coffee, sugar and molasses dull. Provisions move slowly; sales of new mess pork at $14 50@15.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Flour firm; sales of 9,600 bbls at $5 25@5 35 for State, $6 25@6 65 for Ohio and $6 80@7 50 for Southern. Wheat advanced 1c, sales of 60,000 bush. at $1 21@1 42 for Chicago Spring, $1 23@1 44 for Milwaukee Club, and $1 45@1 52 for Red Western. Corn advanced 1c; sales of 70,000 bush at 77@78.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—Flour remains unsettled and prices nominal; 300 bbls fancy sold at $5@5 10, and family at $5 25. Wheat at $1 10@1 12 for $1 18@1 20 for white, and $1 25 for Kentucky white. Corn 60c. Oats advanced to 62c, and in good demand. Whisky 41c, and in fair demand. Provisions are unchanged dull; 300 barrels old city Mess Pork sold at $9,75; Bulk and good country, offered at 4¾c; smoked at 5¼c. Lard wanted at 9¾c for city, but none offering. Gold advanced to 145, and Silver to 135; Exchange steady at ¾ premium.

AUCTION SALES.

MONONGAHELA VALLEY PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY EVENING, June 2d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, the following Monongahela Valley Property, situate at Laughlin Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, within eight minutes time to the city, being the well known residence, "Rural Retreat," in Pitt township, of the late Samuel Thompson:

Lot No. 1 is 9 acres 33 perches of meadow land, between the Monongahela river and Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad—an admirable site for manufacturing purposes.

Lot No. 2 is 5 acres 25 perches, between the railroad and brow of the hill, on which is a two story dwelling, partly brick, nine rooms, finished, basement kitchen, wash house and bake house, well supplied with cistern water, frame barn, carriage house, &c. Also a spring, well of good water, and choice and abundant supply of fruit, in great variety.

Lot No. 3 is 9 acres 47 perches of table land, in rear of lot No. 2, the most desirable building site in the county, having extensive views of the river, and portions of Pittsburgh, Birmingham and adjoining districts. Terms at sale.

my27 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

DRY GOODS AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, June 3d, at 2 o'clock, at the Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, No. 55 Fifth street, will be sold, a large consignment of new and seasonable Dry Goods, comprising, in part, Prints, Lawns, Black Persian Delaines, Plaid Poil de Chevres, Shepherd and Angerine Plaids, Brocade [illegible] Plaid and Striped [illegible], French [illegible], Black and Colored [illegible] Shawls, [illegible]—new and beautiful styles, Brocha Striped [illegible] Alexandre co; Spring Balmoral Skirts, Linen Table Covers Irish Linens, Linen Shirt Bosoms, &c.

je1 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, &C., TO THE TRADE.—On TUESDAY, MORNING, June 2d, at 10 o'clock, will be sold to the trade, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street—

46 pieces Linen Poplin;
45 [illegible];
[illegible] pieces Dress Goods;
[illegible] Balmoral Skirts;
[illegible] Pantaloon Stuff;
100 yards Remnant Sea Island Muslins;
[illegible] Cloth and Fancy Mantillas;
[illegible] Hoop Skirts, best quality;
[illegible] Hosiery;
[illegible] Linen Shirt Collars;
[illegible] Marseilles Shirt Bosoms;
[illegible] assorted silk, Sewing Thread;
[illegible] Summer Balls.

je1 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

SOUTH PITTSBURGH LOTS AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, June 2d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, Five desirable lots of ground situate on the [illegible] and adjoining property of [illegible] A. Day, Mrs. Bailey, Wm. Phillips and others, being lots Nos. 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12 in F. G. Bailey's plan—Nos. 7, 8, 11 and 12 each containing about [illegible] acre; lot No. 11 containing about an acre [illegible].

TERMS OF SALE—$10 cash; residue $5 per month, with interest, until paid. [illegible]

Plans of the property and further information can be had at the auction rooms.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

VALUABLE STOCKS AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, June 2d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street:

20 shares Exchange Bank Stock;
24 do Mechanics' & Manufacturers' Bank Stock;
25 do Allegheny Bank Stock;
30 do Allegheny Suspension Bridge Co. Stock;
25 do Monongahela Insurance Co. Stock;
5 do P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. Co. Stock;
[illegible] do Monongahela Navigation Co. Stock;
10 do Dollar Savings Bank Stock.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

WOOD STREET PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, June 2d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, the very desirable property, situate on westerly side of Wood street, opposite to the First Presbyterian Church, commencing [illegible] feet from the corner of Wood and [illegible] and extending along Wood street 35 feet 4 inches, and extending back 90 feet, on which are erected to farm buildings now renting for $1,040 per annum. Terms at sale.

my29 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

GRANT STREET PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, June 2d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms No. 54 Fifth street, by order of the Executors of James Adams, deceased, That desirable lot of ground, situate on the easterly side of Grant street, 24 feet north of Water street, having a front of 24 feet on Grant street and extending back 45 feet, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling, containing six rooms. Terms at sale.

my29 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PRIZE MONEY, [illegible]

Attorney at Law and Claim Agent,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Collections in Allegheny and adjoining counties. Procures for SOLDIERS' CLAIMS of every description: BOUNTIES, for all discharged Soldiers, PENSIONS, for wounded Officers and Soldiers, BOUNTIES and PENSIONS for Widows, Parents, Orphan Children, Brothers and Sisters, or other legal representatives of those who have died in the service, or have died after discharge, from disease contracted in service.

No charge until collected, and no letters will be answered unless a stamp is enclosed.

JACOB BAKER [illegible] BAKER.

PETROLITE OIL WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS PURE WHITE CARBON OIL, BENZOLE AND PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL.

[illegible]

REESE & GRAFF, Proprietors.

Office, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh. my26

C. W. CHURCHMAN, No. 32 North Front street, Philadelphia, Agent for the Sale of [illegible]

SODA ASH.

Has it constantly for sale at the lowest market price.

This Ash is particularly adapted to the making of [illegible]

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

[illegible] Successors of the firm of Wm. H. Williams & Co.

BANKERS,

No. 75 Fourth St., next door to the Mechanics' Bank.

GOLD, SILVER, BANK NOTES, EXCHANGE, [illegible]

CHAS. C. BAINLEY,

Produce & General Commission Merchant,

MERCHANDISE BROKER,

And dealer in all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE,

No. 179 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ISAAC ROUGH,

General Commission Merchant,

416 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments of COAL OIL solicited.

my23

ROSES, VERBENA, HELIOTROPES, &c., without exception the largest and best collection of Bedding Plants about the city, at MURDOCH'S OAKLAND NURSERY. [illegible] call and look at them.

BACON ON CONSIGNMENT.—[illegible] lbs. Plain Hams; [illegible] lbs. Shoulders; [illegible] lbs. Clear Sides. For sale by WM. F. BECK & CO.

my23 No. 183 Liberty street.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER, the best and cheapest in the city, [illegible] No. 26 St. Clair street. [illegible] PHILLIPS.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS [illegible]

my20 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

GOLD PAPER HANGINGS [illegible]

my22

WALL PAPERS EXCLUSIVELY, New patterns, bought before prices advanced, for sale low by W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

my30