Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 12.

Union Leagues versus K. G. C.

The enemies of the country, under the name and guise of *democracy*, are making great exertions to extend the disloyal organization known as Knights of the Golden Circle. The Utica, N. Y., *Herald*, publishes the following letter from Mr. JOHN L. GREEN, of Syracuse, one of the most active and efficient copperheads in that State. He is engaged, as his letter states, as traveling agent in the organization of K. G. C. lodges, and we may be sure that he is but one among many of such agents of mischief.

Now how are these propagandists of treason to be met so effectually as by the counter organization of Union Leagues? Let the good work go forward with all the energy that can be thrown into it, gathering into one vast brotherhood all loyal men of every creed, party and condition, not to save a party, but a country. GREEN appeals to those "staunch democrats that *can't be severed from the party* on any account," while we appeal to men who cannot be swerved from their fidelity to the Union for the sake of party or anything else. Here is the letter:

SYRACUSE, April 9, 1863.

MR. ——, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR: You will excuse me for addressing you, at a stranger to me; but from what I hear of you we need no formal introduction. We are both true Democrats, and, as such, are friends at sight. My object in addressing you on this occasion is to learn if there can be organized in your town a circle of the K. G. C., or Secrets to the Abolitionists. You are aware that they are organizing their "Union Leagues," every where, and unless we are up and doing they will beat us at the next general election. Having been chosen by our friends in New York City as traveling agent for Central New York, I shall soon give you a call. I am not able to name the day at this time, but will advise you of my visit in time for you to call in a few reliable friends for consultation. (And *write War-horses*, for they are more than half Abolitionists, and not to be trusted with our secret; but *call to those present Democrats that can be severed from our party on any account.*)

Inclosed I send you the badge of our Order. All sworn members wear it on all public occasions, and may wear it at all times. They are open to the public to wear, for the reason that the more they are worn the more it disguises our Order, and it is harmless in the hands of the public, for none will be recognized as members without the sign of grip, which I hope to communicate to you when we meet.

Yours truly, J. L. GREEN.

New York Democracy.

The confusion of counsels in "the party"—some being for peace and some for war—which has for some months puzzled common people, is about to be cleared up. The late address of the Democratic members of the Legislature of New York has been denounced and repudiated by the Mozart Hall wing of the party. They say:

Resolved, That the paper lately issued at Albany, purporting to be the address of the Democratic members of the Legislature, has no binding effect upon the Democracy of this city or vicinity, because our members, whose names were WITHOUT authority attached to it, did not sign and do not concur in it, and *because said paper advocates a continuance of the war under the policy of the Administration, which all its objects, outrage and unconstitutional purposes.* We call upon the members of this city to publicly disavow it, or we shall disavow them.

Resolved, That in view of this attempt at Albany to place the Democratic party of the State in a false position as favoring a continuance of the war, we are glad to learn that *the masses composing the Democratic party will meet in a State Convention at an early day*, to the end that they may express their own opinions upon this great question, independent of the foolish clique which has so long ruled and ruled the party organization of the Empire State.

We rather like this plain talk. There are in the Democratic party three classes of men. The first is composed of those who are honest friends of the Union—truly loyal men, who will not turn their backs upon their country even for the sake of party. The second is composed of copperheads in disguise—men who pretend to be for the Union—for a vigorous prosecution of the war, but who, at the same time, are doing all they can to cripple and destroy the war power of the Constitution, so that the suppression of the rebellion shall be an impossibility. These men look one way and row another; they are political hypocrites, and are very numerous. The third class are such men as are represented at Mozart Hall, and whose principles are expressed in the above resolutions. Their hearts are with the rebels, and they are too proud to pretend that they are not so.

Vigorous Measures of Gen. Banks.

Treason, which has of late flourished somewhat luxuriantly in New Orleans, is apparently about to be subjected to some of the inconveniences it labored under, when Gen. Butler had his vigorous grasp upon its throat. By the steamship Columbia we have New Orleans papers of the 29th and 30th of April and the 1st of May, from which the following is collected:

The annexed orders had been issued by Gen. Banks:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
19TH ARMY CORPS, New Orleans, April 27.

General Order No. 25.

Registered enemies of the United States are hereby ordered to leave this department on or before the 15th day of May proximo. The Provost Marshal General is charged with the peremptory execution of this order. By command of Maj. Gen. Banks.

RICHARD B. IRWIN, A. A. G.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
19TH ARMY CORPS, New Orleans, April 29.

General Order No. 27.

Any person who shall be convicted before the Commanding General of this department of furnishing supplies to the enemies of the United States in arms, shall suffer the penalty of death. By command of Maj. Gen. Banks.

RICHARD B. IRWIN, A. A. G.

NOMINATIONS IN WEST VIRGINIA.—The officers nominated for the new State of West Virginia, by the Convention which met last week at Parkersburg, are the following:

For Governor, A. J. Boreman, of Parkersburg; Secretary of State, J. E. Boyer, of Middletown; Treasurer, Campbell Tarr, of Brooke county; Auditor, Samuel Crane, of Wheeling; Judges, R. L. Berkshire, of Morgantown; Wm. A. Harrison, of Clarksburg, and James H. Brown, of Kanawha; Attorney General, A. B. Caldwell, of Wheeling.

THE late achievement of Admiral PORTER and Gen. GRANT in capturing Grand Gulf and ascending the Black River is justly regarded as a great affair and of great importance to the Union cause. It is said that at Washington it is considered a fair offset for Gen. Hooker's temporary retreat.

A NOTE written by a rebel surgeon and found on a prisoner, says that the losses of Lee's army amount to 18,000. This was written after the battle. Lee himself in a late confidential dispatch, intercepted and brought to our lines, says his losses are as great as at first represented, though the rebel papers are silent on the subject.

HARDER THAN GENERAL GEN. HOOKER.—On Sunday, while the engagement was in progress at Chancellorsville, the large brick mansion Gen. Hooker had occupied as headquarters by Gen. Hooker was shelled and set on fire. Previous to having left the building, Gen. Hooker had knocked down a post supporting the porch, which a shell had torn out, and far behind which stood the man! Surely, the combined forces of Gen. Hooker's bruises were not serious.

The Cry for the Recall of McClellan.

We can tell the imps of faction who are shrieking for the restoration of McClellan that their wind is wasted. The thing cannot and will not be done. The Government has not lost its memory, nor the people their senses. There is an intelligent purpose yet to save this nation. There is a firmer resolve than ever to trust to agents equal to that end, and to those only. There is no more possibility that George B. McClellan, after the experience had of him, should be called back to the head of the army, than that James Buchanan should be called back to the Executive Chair. The people have bidden a grim good-night to all imbeciles.

The impudence of this outcry against Gen. Hooker for McClellan in monstrous. They, the supporters of the man who, more than any other, is responsible for the movement across the Potomac which occasioned the Bull's Bluff disaster—the man who, against the urgent warning of high officers, so divided his army at Fair Oaks, with the swollen Chickahominy between, whereby one portion was decimated and well nigh overwhelmed before the other could come to their support—the man who, at Gaines' Mills, stationed, or rather failed to withdraw, a corps across the river, though he had full warning that it was to be attacked by a force of three times the number, the consequence of which was a battle lost and nine thousand of as fine fellows as ever breathed wounded and dead in their tracks—they, the supporters of this man, have the effrontery to vituperate Gen. Hooker for recrossing the Rappahannock when its swollen and extraordinary rise was endangering his position, and to demand the restoration of their favorite.

The people, these creatures may rely upon it, will stick by Hooker until he is thoroughly tried and found wanting. They know that his heart is completely in the war—that he abhors and detests rebels and these sympathizers with rebels—that he will hold no bosom counsel with the Fitz John Porters of the service, or intrust them with any responsibility—that he would sooner touch the plague than the leprous hands daily grasped by McClellan. They know, too, that Gens Hooker is a man of action. They are sure that this summer, whatever its vicissitudes, will at least show a very different spectacle in Virginia from the last—that there will be no month lost in sitting with a hundred thousand men before earthworks at Yorktown, manned by ten thousand, that could be carried in a day—no consumption of a fortnight in marching by an unobstructed road forty or fifty miles from Williamsburg to the Chickahominy—no lingering for six weeks in the swamps of the Chickahominy with hardly a blow struck on the offensive, while tens of thousands were sinking into an inglorious grave from the deadly malaria—no failure to take prompt advantage of such opportunities to seize the rebel capital as were offered at Williamsburg, at Fair Oaks and at Malvern Hill—and no neglect to follow up such a victory as that at Antietam with pursuit and a permanently crippling blow. All that sort of dawdling is now done with. Moreover, the people believe that Hooker will make such dispositions of his army as will avoid such an unconcerted and disorderly engagement as that at Williamsburg; such a surprise without the means of retreat, as that at Fair Oaks; such a disposition of forces as occasioned 27,000 men at Gaines' Mills to be pounced upon by 70,000, and well nigh overwhelmed; such a precipitate and tumultuous retreat as that from Malvern Hill to Harrison Bar, and such a delay in occupying defensible ground asat Harrison's Bar, where nothing but a heavy rain, impeding the movement of the enemy's artillery, prevented the absolute destruction of the army. They also are confident that the battles which Hooker will fight will be overlooked, in the manner of Napoleon and Wellington, by himself on the field of battle, and that thus he will be ready on the instant to seize the critical moment, whether to avert disasters or to secure triumph; and that he will not, after the manner of McClellan, either keep out of the sight of the combat altogether, as was done in every battle on the Peninsula, or view it, as was done at Antietam, on a camp stool a mile or two away, the other side of the river.

The idea that earnest "Fighting Joe Hooker" is, at this stage of the business, to be sent out of the field, and the frigid pedant, McClellan, to be brought up to the rescue, is superlatively absurd. Nothing but a half-insane, half-traitorous craving to turn him to party account, could have ever started such a imagery. The devotees of McClellan are doing him no service in thrusting him forward in this unseemly style. The Government has bidden him go to peace, and as for the people, they are perfectly content he should eat his fill of it, with the Copperheads in perfect quiet. This war has done with him, and it is the war alone they care for. But if his friends are not content that he should remain where he belongs, and shall insist upon subjecting him to public scrutiny and comment, he will be dealt with in such fashion as sternest truth requires.—*N. Y. Times.*

A Catholic Bishop Threatens Disloyalists with Excommunication.

The Dubuque (Iowa) *Times* of the 5th inst. publishes the following:

"On Sunday afternoon last, after the usual Vesper services at the Cathedral in this city, Bishop Smyth addressed his congregation on the subject of secret societies. He alluded, in the first place, to secret societies in general, and the disfavor with which the Catholic Church has always regarded them. He then, in earnest, pointed and in unmistakable terms, mentioned a secret organization which, he said, had been in process of organization in this city during the past few weeks, and into which several members of his church had been initiated, and which, he very much feared, had no good intentions towards the government of the United States. It was led, he said, by a 'low political hack,' who, he had been informed by those whose words he did not doubt, had been a Know Nothing elsewhere. He warned the members not to join that society.

The rules of the church did not allow any of its members to belong to societies of the kind, and if they joined them the moment they did so they were *ipso facto* out of the pale of the church. He would give those members of the church who had joined the organization two weeks to leave it, and then, if they still continued in it, they might consider themselves excommunicated.

"The copperheads who were engaged in organizing the society supposed they had things in a very fine way. They were receiving arms and making arrangements for a bold exhibition of loyalty to the Southern Confederacy one of these days when the draft should be ordered. Everything was kept very quiet, and scarcely anybody knew anything about it until Sabbath afternoon, when Bishop Smyth's remarks fell upon the ears of the conspirators like a thunderbolt. Some of the men concerned in it were present, and afterwards as much as admitted that they belonged to it."

Hon. Wm. F. Johnston.

We are gratified to see shining among the illustrious names of distinguished citizens of our State, who have been suggested as candidates for Governor, that of Hon. Wm. F. Johnston. The people of this county, among whom he resided for many years, know, and we trust appreciate, his many excellent qualities of heart and head. His views of State and National policy are wise, liberal and statesmanlike. He has heretofore evinced, as Legislator and Governor, ability, prudence, fidelity, sagacity and energy. In his large warm heart glow the fires of patriotism and philanthropy. He has been tried; he has the benefit of experience in managing the affairs of State; he is sincerely devoted to the maintenance of the Union and free government, and to the honor of the good old flag. Should he be nominated and elected, the people of Pennsylvania and the patriots and loyal everywhere will have abundant reason to rejoice.—*Kittanning Free Press.*

GEN. HOOKER'S retreat, says the *Tribune*, is but the recoil for another, spring at the rebel army.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

C. N. U. L.—The Central National Union League meets every FRIDAY and SATURDAY NIGHT. A Band always present. my9:2t

FIRST WARD N. U. L. meets every MONDAY NIGHT, at WILKINS HALL. COME ONE! COME ALL. my9:2t

SECOND WARD N. U. L. will meet on each MONDAY EVENING. By order of the PRESIDENT. my9:2t

THIRD WARD N. U. L. meets every WEDNESDAY EVENING. Arrangements have been made for addresses from distinguished strangers. my9:2t

FOURTH WARD N. U. L. "UNION NOW AND FOREVER." The Fourth Ward N. U. L. meets every THURSDAY EVENING, at headquarters. my9:2t

NOTICE.—The Subscription Books of the Cooper Fire Arms Manufacturing Company will continue open at the Office of J. M. COOPER & CO., Bank Block, Fifth street, until further notice. apl1:tf

CITIZENS' BANK.—A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on TUESDAY, 23 day of June next, to consider the propriety of organizing, as far as practicable, under the act of the last Congress of the U. S., entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency." FRAN. SELLERS, President. Pittsburgh, May 23, 1863. my4:1m

DIVIDENDS.

THE DIRECTORS of the Exchange Bank, of Pittsburgh, have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 15th inst., free of all Government duties. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier. my5:2wdawF

DIVIDEND.—The Western Insurance Company, of Pittsburgh, has this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on and after the 12th instant. F. H. GORDON, Secretary. May 5th, 1863. my5:2d

IRON CITY BANK, Pittsburgh, May 4th, 1863. THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th inst. J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier. my6:10t

MECHANICS' BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE MECHANICS BANK has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, (free from Government Tax,) payable to Stockholders on or after the 15th inst. GEO. D. MCKNEW, Cashier. my6:10t

ALLEGHENY BANK, May 5th, 1863. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, and payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th inst., free of Government Tax. J. W. COOK, Cashier. my5:tf

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 15th inst., free of all taxes. W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

NOTICE.—The President and Directors of the Allegheny Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th instant. J. C. MCPHERSON, Treasurer. Monday, May 4th 1863. my4:tf

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, (free from Government Tax,) out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 15th inst. GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier. my4:tf

DIVIDEND. OFFICE EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, May 4th, 1863. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held this day, a Dividend was declared, out of the profits of the last six months, of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, (free from Government Tax,) upon each share of the Capital Stock subscribed, and payable forthwith. ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary. my5:1w

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. ALLEN DUNN, Pittsburgh District. (Ward of the Ninth Ward,) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my11:tc

FOR COUNTY TREASURER. DAVID AIKEN, Jr., of Peebles township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. my11:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. BENJAMIN LAKE, of the City of Pittsburgh, will be before the Republican County Convention as a candidate for the above office. my4:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. GEORGE HAMILTON, of Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the next Republican Convention. ap30:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. —J. G. CONFORT, of Sharpsburg, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap30:tc

FOR RECORDER.—ARDINEL MCCLURE, of Mifflin township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap16:tmwtf

FOR RECORDER.—HENRY SNIVELY, of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap11:tc

FOR REGISTER.—WM. GLASS, of Robinson township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR REGISTER.—JAMES EARY, of Upper St. Clair township, will be a candidate for Register, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention. ap9:tc

FOR REGISTER. WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON Will be a candidate for the Office of Register of Wills, &c., of Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention ap8:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS. —JOHN M. LARIMER, of Chartiers township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention mh26:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS. —WM. A. HERRON, of Pitt Township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention. mh11:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS. —JOSEPH M. BARNHART, of Chartiers township, will be before the Republican County Convention as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts. mh2:tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. U. S. ARMY GENERAL HOSPITAL, 9th Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., May 8th, 1863. Friends of patients and others wishing to visit the Hospital, will be admitted between the hours of 9 and 5 p. m., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. Persons desiring to call on other days than those specified, will be required to procure permits from the Examining Surgeon's Office, corner of Smithfield and 3rd streets. CHARLES R. WHITE, Ast. Surgeon U. S. Army, Surgeon in charge. my11:2t

AN EXTRA TRAIN TO ROCHESTER.—The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad will run an Extra Train, for the accommodation of the PATRONS OF THE OPERA, on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, May 13th, 14th and 15th, to Rochester and all intermediate Stations, leaving Federal street Station, Allegheny City, at 11 o'clock p. m. my12:2t

ALLEGHENY SECOND WARD STAKES.—An adjourned meeting of the Viewers of SUSSEX VISTA, MONTEREY, ARCADIA and PALO ALTO STAKES, Allegheny, will be held on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, May 13th, at 3 o'clock, at the ALLEGHENY TOWN HALL, when further appeals from their assessments of damages and benefits will be heard. S. SCHOYER, Jr., City Solicitor.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, FORTY CENTS, at M'CLELLAND'S AUCTION HOUSE, No. 55 Fifth Street. my12

COOK, PETTIT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and DEALERS IN PRODUCE, FLOUR, BACON, WOOL, GRAIN, &c., No. 11 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. my11:y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 105. WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington April 28, 1863. The organization of an Invalid Corps is hereby authorized. This Corps shall consist of Companies, and if it shall hereafter be thought best, of Battalions. The Company shall be made up from the following sources, viz:

First. By taking those officers and enlisted men of commands now in the field (whether act. a y present or temporarily absent,) who, from wounds received in action or disease contracted in the line of duty, are unfit for field service, but are still capable of effective garrison duty, or such other light duty as may be required of an Invalid Corps. Regimental Commanders shall at once make out, from information received from their Medical and Company Officers, and from their own knowledge, rolls (according to the Form furnished,) of the names of all the officers and enlisted men under their commands who fulfill the following conditions, viz:

1. That they are unfit for active field service on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty; this fact being certified by a Medical Officer in the service, after personal examination.

2. That they are fit for garrison duty; this fact being likewise certified by the Medical Officer, as above, after personal examination.

3. That they are, in the opinion of their Commanding Officers, meritorious and deserving.

These rolls shall be certified by the Examining Surgeon and Regimental Commander, and transmitted, through the regular channels of military correspondence, to the Provost Marshal General of the United States.

The Regimental Commander shall enter in the column of remarks, opposite each officer's name on the roll, a statement as to the general character of the officer for intelligence, industry, sobriety and attention to duty; and all intermediate Commanders shall endorse thereon such facts as they may possess in the case, or if they have none, they shall state how far they are willing to endorse the opinion of the officer next above making the recommendation. Similar rolls shall be forwarded from time to time, whenever the number of men fit for filling the conditions enumerated and for the exigencies of the service may render it expedient.

Second. By taking those officers and enlisted men still in service and borne on the rolls, but who are absent from duty, in Hospitals or Convalescent Camps, or are otherwise under the control of Medical Officers. In these cases the Medical Officer in attendance shall prepare the rolls according to Form, entering the names of officers and men from the same regiment on a roll by themselves, and send them, with the certificate of the Surgeon, duly signed, to the proper Regimental Commander, who will add to them his report as before specified, subject to the same conditions and requirements. If, in any case, the Regimental Commander shall think an officer so fitted by the certificate of character, to continue in the service of the Invalid Corps, though disabled and certified by the Surgeon, he will state the objection in the column of remarks, and note the exception before signing the certificate. If any officer or enlisted man who is fit for service, but absent and beyond the reach now is the medical Officer in charge of a Hospital or Convalescent Camp, desires to enter this Corps, he will make the case known to the Surgeon, and those who have been honorably discharged the service.

Third. By accepting those officers and enlisted men who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who desire to re enter the service. In the case of an officer, application for appointment must be made to the Provost Marshal General of the United States through the officer detailed as Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State. No application for this kind will be considered unless the following conditions are completely fulfilled:

1. That the applicant produce the certificate of the Surgeon of the Board of Enrollment for the district in which he resides, that he is unfit for active field duty on account of wounds or disease, and is not liable to draft, but is fit for garrison duty.

2. That he furnish evidence of honorable discharge on account of wounds or disability contracted in the line of duty.

3. That he produce recommendations from the Regimental, Brigade and Division Commanders, under whom he formerly served, that he is worthy of being thus provided for and capable of returning adequate service to the Government. In case it shall be impracticable to get this last evidence, he may, having established the first two points above, satisfy the Board of Enrollment that he is deserving and present the certificate of the fact. The evidence must be obtained by the applicant, and must be transmitted with his application for appointment.

Assistant Provost Marshal General for the State, the application may be forwarded through the Adjutant General of the State, who is desired to endorse thereon such facts in the military history of the applicant as he may know, or as are afforded by his records, and forward the same to the Provost Marshal General of the United States. Enlisted men, honorably discharged on account of disability, desiring to re enlist in this Corps, will present themselves to the Board of Enrollment in the district in which they reside, for examination by the Surgeon thereof, who will examine them and report to the President of the Board of Enrollment.

The Board shall then consider each case, and if the applicant is found to fulfill the conditions specified below, the Board shall give him a certificate to that effect, viz:

1. That he is unfit for service in the field.

2. That he is fit for garrison duty.

3. That he is meritorious and deserving.

4. That he was honorably discharged from the service.

The Provost Marshal for the District shall then send the application, with the certificate of the Board, to the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, who shall procure such evidence of service and character as the records of the Company to which he belonged, on file at the Headquarters of the State, may show, and if satisfied that it is a meritorious case, and that the man is deserving, he will enlist him in accordance with such special rules as the Prov. st Marshal General may establish.

Medical Inspectors, Surgeons in charge of Hospitals, Military Commanders, and all others having authority to discharge, under existing laws and regulations, are forbidden to grant discharges to any men under their control who may be fit for service in the Invalid Corps.

The Provost Marshal General is charged with the execution of this order, and the troops organized under it will be under the control of his Bureau.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant General.

1,000 CAVALRY HORSES. DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa., May 13, 1863. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1863, at 12 o'clock m., for supplying ONE THOUSAND CAVALRY HORSES, in lots from one to four, inclusive, to be received in this city, as is set forth against each lot. Horses are excluded.

These horses must be from five and one half to eight years old, from fifteen to sixteen hands high, well broken to the saddle, good form, and perfectly sound in every respect.

RECEPTION.

Lot number one, three hundred horses on the 20th day of May, 1863.

Lot number two, three hundred horses on the 2d day of June, 1863.

Lot number three, two hundred horses on the 6th day of June, 1863.

Lot number four, two hundred horses on the 8th day of June, 1863.

Bids must be addressed to the undersigned "Proposals for Horses," and marked inside lot number one or two, as the bid may call for. If the bidder intends to bid for more than one lot, it must be separate, and marked as stated already.

GUARANTEE.

All horses contracted for under this advertisement will be subject to a rigid inspection, and unless they conform to the specification set forth in the publication, will be rejected.

Bonds equal in amount to half the sum to be received on the contract, signed by the contractor and two responsible securities, will be required of successful bidders.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance will be required of successful bidders before signing contracts.

The undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any or all bids that he may deem too high.

Payment to be made upon the completion of the contract, or so soon thereafter as the undersigned may be able to make it.

O. OKOME, Lieut. Col. and Deputy Q. M. Gen. my12:tf

RESOLUTION to open Virgin alley. RESOLVED, *By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny*, That Virgin alley, in the Fourth Ward, be opened from Mary street west to a 20 feet alley running from Ohio street to Avery street, and that John Morrison, Wm. McHandry, James Graham and Richard Brown, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1861, and that the Clerks of Council's notify them of their appointment.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, Anno Domini 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Ohio Lane.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Ohio Lane, from the West side of Stanton street to Pasture street, in the Second Ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, A. D. 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council. my12:2t

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Central street, in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Central street, from Irwin's avenue to Allegheny avenue, in the First ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, Anno Domini 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council. my12:2t

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Martin street, in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Martin street, from the East side of Craig Street to the West side of Coney street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, A. D. 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Mulberry street, in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Mulberry street, from South avenue to Rebecca street, in the First Ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, Anno Domini 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Ohio Lane.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Ohio Lane, from the west side of Stanton street to Pasture street, in the Second Ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, Anno Domini 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council. my12:2t

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Central street, in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Central street, from Irwin's avenue to Allegheny avenue, in the First ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the benefit to them respectively conferred, and bounding front in them respectively conferred.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 7th day of May, Anno Domini 1863.

JAMES MARSHALL, President of the Select Council. JOHN BROWN, Jr., President of the Common Council.

ATTEST: D. MACFARRON, Clerk of the Select Council. M. MCCONNELL, Clerk of the Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Central street, in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Central street, from the East side of Craig Street to the West side of Coney street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2.