Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 11.

The Subjugation of Louisiana.

In no part of the Confederacy has the work of "crushing the rebellion" made such progress as in Louisiana under Gen. BANKS. For a time he made the rebels believe that he was about to lay siege to Port Hudson, and so long was he preparing that the people of the North grew impatient, while the rebels of Louisiana were elated with the hope of being able in his absence to recapture New Orleans. For this purpose they had 20,000 men and several gunboats ready to pounce upon the city whenever it should be left without the protection of General BANKS' army. These troops were at Bethel place, New Iberia, Franklin, Vermillionville, and other places south and west of Grand Lake, which is but a great expansion of the Atchafalaye river. The gunboats were on this lake, and would have been taken up, had they not been captured or destroyed, by way of that river to Red river, and thence down to New Orleans.

But, instead of laying siege to Port Hudson, Gen. BANKS struck off due west to the rich planting region of Western Louisiana, fought those rebel forces in detail, captured many prisoners, and by a rapid march northward put himself in possession of nearly all Western Louisiana.

We gave a few days ago a clear and full statement of Gen. BANKS's progress. The following summing up of the results of the expedition is from the N. Y. *Times*:

"This stretch of fertile country was held and cultivated by large planters, who, deeming themselves secure in their interior position, worked their enormous gangs of negroes without molestation, and raised immense supplies for the rebels. This great source of help is effectually cut off. The slaves having once had the prestige of their masters destroyed by the presence of a superior invading army, never become available again, but require tenfold the surveillance to keep them in subordination. This is the experience of every invasion that has been made into a rebel slaveholding district. Henceforth Western Louisiana will have a domestic contest between whites and blacks that will utterly paralyze it as an effective dependency of the rebels in war.

But one other thing deserves especial note. In occupying New Iberia, General Banks secures one of the best military strategic points in the States, and at the same time a most healthy one for the station of troops. It is the gateway of communication inland between Louisiana and Texas. It is said that Magruder was marching for New Iberia when Banks had reached it. The New Orleans *Picayune*, not very loyal, but excellent authority on Louisiana topography, in speaking of the importance of this place to Gen. Banks says: "At New Iberia it is but a short distance from the sea-marsh on one side to the bayous on the other. Thus *are both his flanks protected*, and he can intrench and fortify in a manner to effectually resist a greatly superior force. * * * That part now in possession of the United States forces gives them almost the entire control of the Louisiana seaboard: there is nothing left of it worth having, and *an army at New Iberia is as near as base of supplies as if it were at New Orleans.*'

It appears, from this view of the case, that Gen. Banks has legitimately extended his department almost to the Texan border, and has left nothing of rebel Louisiana west of the Mississippi river."

The New York *Evening Post*, in speaking of this most important expedition, remarks:

Gen. Banks has done another thing which we fear will procure him the enmity of the copperhead politicians. Having found in the course of his march "a military order, dated at headquarters of the forces south of Red river, New Iberia, January 27, 1863, in which, in conformity to the act of the rebel Legislature of Louisiana, authorizing the governor of the State to press into its service slaves and other property for the defence of the State, and in pursuance of the powers delegated by the insurgent government to the officer commanding the District of Western Louisiana, the sheriffs of the several parishes are directed to forward, with the shortest possible delay, to the headquarters named, a statement and description of all able-bodied male slaves between the ages of eighteen and fifty years, in the several parishes designated, the names of their owners, and the localities where they reside," he has forbidden the sheriffs to act under it on pain of incurring the penalties of armed resistance; and he has further called upon the slaves who wish to escape this rebel conscription to come into the national lines and follow the flag of the Union. Gen. Banks sees no reason why the rebels should monopolize the services of these able-bodied natives, to the detriment of the national cause and at the cost of many valuable lives.

A Good Thought, Well Expressed. The Christian Commission has a great work now on hand, arising out of the bloody events of the last few days; and it is for all who have the ability, to help it generously and promptly in material aid. We thought of writing an appeal; but we find in the New York *Times* just what we would wish to say. We quote:

We say nothing of the dead, for they reek little now of our remembering or forgetting. Whenever we recall these, it will be for our consolation and encouragement, and not for theirs. But those who were struck down in the fight, and are still alive and suffering, may be greatly comforted and much supported by the thoughtful charity and kindness of the millions at home whose honor and interests they have so well defended. No one can have read the story of the three bloody days through which our army has just passed without feeling proud, not simply of his country, but of his kind. To stand as fast as they have done, and fall as bravely, after two years of disaster and disappointment, does honor not simply to the United States, but to human nature; and happily our admiring their courage and constancy does not depend in the least on our opinion about the lawfulness or unlawfulness, expediency or inexpediency of the war. Nor does it depend even upon the value we may attach to the preservation of the Union. We therefore have no hesitation in challenging for our heroic army the admiration of men of every land in which bravery and fortitude are still virtues, and in which dying for one's ideas is still held to be a noble thing. Any cause which could by possibility be just, would have been ennobled by being maintained and defended as our cause was at Chancellorville last Saturday and Sunday.

THE BROADWAY RAILROAD VETO.—Gov. SEYMOUR, of New York, has done one act which will meet the approbation of everybody who is opposed to monopolies and to corrupt legislation, and that is his veto of the bill granting power to a company to lay a railroad through Broadway, and monopolize the entire passenger business of that great thoroughfare—a franchise which, if granted, would have been worth millions—without the payment of a farthing into the city treasury. It was a monstrous outrage upon the rights of the citizens and of the corporation, and was obtained, doubtless, by the free and corrupt use of money.

Printing Paper from Abroad.

The N. Y. *Times* has taken the bull of combination by the horns, and shown the paper-makers that, however they may combine, they *cannot* succeed in keeping up the prices of paper beyond a certain point,—a point, indeed, far too high on the scale, but far below that to which the grasping monopoly of the paper-makers' combination tried to reach. The *Times*, of Thursday, makes the following announcement:

We commence to-day the printing of the *Times* upon paper manufactured expressly for our use in Belgium, and imported for us through Mr. Duysters, who is the largest importer of foreign paper in this city. One vessel, containing a consignment of this part to us has already arrived, and several others are on the way. We have paid to the Government the sum of $4,500 for duties on the paper already received, under the amended tariff act of last session. This is a larger amount, we believe, than has ever before been received from all the publishers in the country for duties upon imported paper used for newspaper purposes. It will be more than quadrupled within the next few weeks.

When this paper was ordered the Paper makers' combination had succeeded in forcing paper to the enormous price of 22 to 24 cents per pound, on the plea that the scarcity of cotton rags rendered it utterly impossible to sell it lower, and the tendency of prices was still upward. At that very time, we bought this paper in Belgium, (where the dearth of cotton ought to have made itself felt if anywhere,) for 7 and 7½ cents a pound. The effect of our sending the order, which soon became known, was to check the advance in prices, and they have been receding ever since. The combination has made one or two attempts since that time to get prices up again, but in every instance they have failed. Their latest dodge was to put their mills upon three-quarters time; but some of the leading members of the combination bolted at this flagrant attempt at imposition, and we believe the attempt has been abandoned.

The reduction of the duty on paper by Congress, at its late session, was far from being what the interests of the country required; but it has been sufficient to check the attempts of the combination of Paper-makers to push prices to the enormously high figure they originally intended.

The paper upon which the *Times* is printed is good—about the color of this paper, has a good body, smooth surface, takes a good impression, and would stand as much *wear* as ordinary news paper.

Panic in Richmond Created by Stoneman—Anecdote of a Refugee.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* has the following:

A gentleman who left Richmond last Tuesday arrived in this city last night. He is a Union man and has been a prisoner. But he was discharged and sent North as a political offender. His information furnished to a fellow traveler, is to be relied on. It is as follows:

Stoneman actually reached Yellow House, four and a half miles from Richmond, and in that city, on Tuesday, there was a perfect panic. The banks were rung: the citizens met to organize, but were so demoralized that they utterly failed. Mr. — a grocer and violent secessionist, said that if two thousand cavalrymen would approach that city, they could sack the place at that time, and more than that one-half of the people would join them in their work.

From facts I gleaned, there can be no doubt the late engagement has more seriously affected the rebels than any that preceded it. In Richmond they spoke of great and fearful slaughter of their men. Many of the prominent young men of Richmond fell. There is a growing dissatisfaction with Jeff. Davis and the war, and time will develope it. Certain advance of our forces is, however, the sure method.

The gentleman from whom I got this information, came on for the purpose of setting among us. He says that it cost him twenty-one dollars for one meal for a family of seven. On reaching Annapolis he manifested a very great desire to conform to rule, and after stating his case to the Sergeant of the Guard, he fully expected to have his baggage examined, and his passes, &c. The Sergeant of the Guard passed him by without specially noticing him, but this was all a mystery to him.

The Sergeant did not return. The gentleman went from place to place to know what he was to do next. At last he found the proper officer. He inquired what he was to do. "Well," says the General, "what is the state of the case? You are not reported to me." After the gentleman was through the General said, "We can't understand it: don't you know you are in a free country? People are not serfs here. Why don't you go where you please? You needn't ask me. Go and take your family anywhere."

The gentleman replied that he had been a slave so long that he forgot there was such a thing as freedom.

Hooker's Generalship.

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, in noticing the New York *Tribune* correspondent's summary pronouncinamto on HOOKER's generalship, as given the other day in our dispatches, remarks:

He must have had most miraculous vision to have been able to pronounce so promptly. Probably we shall learn that this correspondent did not admit into the enemy's country beyond Falmouth. Hooker has earned his reputation by actual service. He is not a General-in-Chief created by lying dispatches without having smelled gunpowder, and with a constitutional antipathy to it; but is a soldier of service, and was universally accorded such in the army before he was appointed to his present command.

Prince De Joinville, who realized the debility of the generalship in chief in the peninsula campaign, pronounced Hooker an excellent soldier. Kearney, one of the most competent judges in our army, praised Hooker, though critical enough generally. Were he a General of shreds and patches, and of stealings from other men's deeds, failure to succeed in the outset of this campaign might be fatal to him. But he has a solid reputation in the past, and therefore criticism and denunciation had better await some sure foundation before they rush in.

A YOUNG BRAVE.—A little son of Mr. J. Horsfall of Newport Ky., who has returned home on furlough from the Army of the Cumberland, is a real prodigy of a soldier. He is fourteen years old, and four feet six inches in hight. At the battle of Stone river this youthful soldier, who was a drummer boy, threw down his drum and rushed to the very front of the battle, where he was found shooting at the rebels. He was ordered to the rear by General Rosecrans in person who witnessed his conduct.

THE War Department has authorised the chief medical officer in each city to employ as cooks, nurses, and attendants, any convalescent, wounded, or feeble men who can perform such duties, instead of giving them discharges. At every U. S. General Hospital, the feeble and wounded, therefore, who are unfit for field duty, but not entirely disabled, instead of being discharged, are now organized and mustered in detachments, under the charge of officers acting as military commanders.

HEAVY IRON PLATES.—They have rolled armor plates of iron twelve inches thick at one of the great founderies in Sheffield, England. These plates were five feet wide and nineteen feet long.

STRAWBERRIES.—The Nashville *Union* says the strawberry crop in that vicinity "is luxuriant. It will not be many days before the early varieties are ripe, and the market supplied with them."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

C. N. U. L.—The Central National Union League meets every FRIDAY and SATURDAY NIGHT. Able speakers always present. my9:4t

FIRST WARD N. U. L. meets every MONDAY NIGHT, at WILKINS HALL. CORN'R CHERRY AND ST. CLAIR STS. my9:3t

SECOND WARD N. U. L. will meet on each MONDAY EVENING. By order of the PRESIDENT. my9:2t

THIRD WARD N. U. L. meets every WEDNESDAY EVENING. Arrangements have been made for addresses from distinguished strangers. my9:2t

FOURTH WARD N. U. L. "UNION NOW AND FOREVER." The Fourth Ward N. U. L. meets every THURSDAY EVENING, at Headquarters. my9:2t

NOTICE.—The Subscription Books of the Cooper Fire Arms Manufacturing Company will continue open at the Office of J. M. COOPER & CO., Bank Block, Fifth street, until further notice. ap28:tf

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY GAS COMPANY, Allegheny City, May 1, 1863.

NOTICE.—An election for President and Directors, to serve for one year, will be held at the office in the Diamond, on MONDAY, May 11th, from 10 to 2 o'clock p. m. my2:td J. C. McPHERSON, Treas'r.

CITIZENS' BANK.—A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will will be held on TUESDAY, 2d day of June next, to consider the propriety of organizing, as far as practicable, under the act of the last Congress of the U. S., entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency." FRAS. SELLERS, President. Pittsburgh, May 2d, 1863. my4:1m

S—T—1860—X. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. They purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to change of water and diet. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours. They strengthen the system and enliven the mind. They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach. They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache. They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Gallisaw bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels, and Saloons. P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, New York. 6mmwsu

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, May 5th, 1863. THE DIRECTORS of the Exchange Bank, of Pittsburgh, have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 15th inst., free of all Government duties. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier. m9:3tdalw

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 5th, 1863. A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past six months, has been declared this day, and will be payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 15th inst. The Bank has assumed the payment of the United States Tax. m9:3tdaltwF JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—The Western Insurance Company, of Pittsburgh, has this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on and after the 12th instant. F. M. GORDON, Secretary. May 5th, 1863. my6:td

IRON CITY BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th inst. my6:10t J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

MECHANICS BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE MECHANICS BANK has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, (free from Government Tax,) payable to Stockholders on or after the 15th instant. GEO. D. McCREW, Cashier. my6:10td

ALLEGHENY BANK, May 5th, 1863. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, and payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th inst., free of Government Tax. J. W. COOK, Cashier. my6:td

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 15th inst., free of all taxes. my5:2w W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

NOTICE.—The President and Directors of the Allegheny Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th instant. J. C. McPHERSON, Treasurer. MONDAY, May 4th 1863 my5:td

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, May 5th, 1863. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, (free from Government Tax,) out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 15th inst. my5:td GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

DIVIDEND. OFFICE EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, May 4th, 1863. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held this day, a Dividend was declared, out of the profits of the last six months, of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, (free from Government Tax,) upon each share of the Capital Stock subscribed, payable forthwith. my5:tw ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.—DAVID AIKEN, JR., of Peebles township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican Convention. my7:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—HENRY LAKE, of the City of Pittsburgh, will be before the Republican County Convention as a candidate for the above office. my4:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—GEORGE HARVEY, of Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the next Republican Convention. ap30:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—J. O. CONNELL, of Sharpsburg, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap28:tc

FOR RECORDER.—ANDREW MOORE, of Millin township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. apl8:mwtwtF

FOR RECORDER.—HENRY SNIVELY, of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. apl8:tc

FOR REGISTER.—WM. GLASS, of Robinson township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap29:tc

FOR REGISTER.—JAMES EAYT, of Upper St. Clair township, will be a candidate for Register, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention. mh30:tc

FOR REGISTER. WILLIAM J. RICHARDSON Will be a candidate for the Office of Register of Wills, &c., of Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap8:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—JOHN M. LARTHER, of Charlters township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention mh18:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—WM. A. HERRON, of Pitt Township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention. mh11:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—JOS. S. GOURLEY, of Shaler township, will be before the Republican County Convention as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts. ap8:tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

20 HALF BBLS WHITE FISH; 10 half. bbls. Lake Herring; 20 dozen Buckets; 5 do Tubs; 5 do Washboards; 10 pieces Davis' Star Hams, to arrive; 1 do do Dried Beef. For sale by LINDSAY & TELFORD, my11 187 Liberty street.

ROSES, VERBENAS, HELIOTROPES, &c.—Without exception the largest and best collection of Bedding Plants about the city, at MURDOCH'S OAKLAND NURSERY. Call and look at them. my11

A NEW NOVEL. JUST PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY THE BARONESS TAUTPHEUS, author of "Quits," "The Initials," &c. my11 HAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

CIDER.—10 bbls. Sweet Cider for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF ASSESSOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 22d Collection District, Pa., No. 116 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, May 11th, 1863.

INCOMES.—INSTRUCTIONS.

1. INCOMES.—All incomes for the year ending Dec. 31, 1862, must be returned to the Assistant Assessors, under oath, in accordance with the instructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, upon the blank forms provided for that purpose.

Each person will be required to return his total income, so far specifying the sources from which it is derived, as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Where a husband and wife live together, and their taxable income is in excess of $600, they will be entitled to but one deduction of $600, that being the average fixed by law as an estimated commutation for the expense of maintaining a family where they live apart, they will be taxed separately, and be each entitled to a deduction of $600.

GUARDIANS AND TRUSTEES.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the incomes belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid; and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempted from the income tax, as aforesaid; *Provided*, That the exemption of six hundred dollars, under section 90 of the excise law, shall not be allowed on account of any minor or other beneficiary of a trust, except upon the statement of the guardian or trustee, made under oath, that the minor or beneficiary has no other income from which the said amount of six hundred dollars may be exempted and deducted.

INCUMBRANCES, RENTS AND REPAIRS.

Interest paid by any person on incumbrances upon the dwelling house or estate on which he resides, may be deducted from income; also his payments for necessary repairs; as well as the amount *actually* paid for rent of any dwelling house or estate which is the residence of the person assessed.

Persons receiving rent may deduct therefrom the amount paid for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon such rented property. The cost of new structures, or improvements to buildings, shall not be deducted from income.

MANUFACTURES.

The net gains or profits of manufactures are to be taxed under section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3d, 1863.

SALARIED MEN.

Will return the full amount of the salaries they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived for fees, &c.

FARMERS.

Every farmer or planter will be required to make return of the value of the products of his farm or plantation, without deduction for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed by himself and family.

The amount paid by any farmer or planter for hired labor and necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation, including the subsistence of the laborers; and the manure purchased by farmers to maintain their lands in *present* productive condition, will be allowed.

Farm produce, which the producer has on hand on the 31st day of December, 1862, must be appraised at its market value on that day.

RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars, and who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent. of such portion thereof as is liable to taxation; *Provided*, however, That upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of 1½ per cent. will be levied.

Persons whose income exceed ten thousand dollars will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent. on the portion thereof subject to taxation; *Provided*, however, That upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of 1½ per cent. will be levied.

CITIZENS OF THE U. S. RESIDING ABROAD.

Citizens of the United States residing abroad, and who are in the employment of the Government of the U. S., will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent. on the income of any property, securities or stocks owned in the U. S., and not exempted from the income tax; *provided*, however, That upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of 1½ per cent. will be levied.

These returns must be made to the Assistant Assessors within ten days from date of delivery of the blanks. Neglect, or refusal to comply within the time named, imposes the duty on the Assessor or Assistant Assessor to estimate the income tax, with an addition of 50 per cent.

The entire income tax of every person will be assessed at the residence of the party, and not at the place of business.

HENRY A. WEAVER, U. S. Assess. 22d District, Pa. my11:2tdaltwT

SHINGLES AND BARRELS. 100,000 No. 1 split Shingles; 110 new Flour Barrels; 60 " " Molasses do; would suit for Crude. 60,000 feet White Oak, 2x3, 3x6; On hand and for sale by H. RIDDLE, my11 No. 185 Liberty street.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS, New and Fresh Goods, AT THE NEW CARPET STORE OF McFARLAND, COLLINS & CO.

We are rapidly selling out our present stock of goods, but still present to buyers, of every class, a full assortment of the NEWEST STYLES AND BEST QUALITIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS In our line, greater part of which having been bought at less than present eastern prices in first hands we are Retailing at Wholesale Prices, my9

THE CONSCRIPTION LAW, complete; price 5 cents. Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price, by JOHN P. HUNT, Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

THE AMENDED TAX LAW AND DECISIONS, several editions, at HUNT'S.

THE AMENDED STAMP DUTIES; on cards, different sizes, at HUNT'S.

CURRENCY HOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, WALLETS, PORTFOLIOS, &c., at HUNT'S.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, all styles, sizes, qualities and prices, from 50 cents upwards, at HUNT'S.

THE NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA DAILIES received by 11:00 train every night, at HUNT'S.

PAPERS AND MAGAZINES, put up in wrappers ready for mailing, without extra charge, at HUNT'S.

All NEW BOOKS received as soon as published, at HUNT'S.

DIME NOVELS, and all the other popular Dime Books, at HUNT'S.

AT ODD PRICES—HUNT'S CELEBRATED UNION STATIONERY PORTFOLIOS, containing the same quantity and quality of Stationery, at HUNT'S.

JOHN P. HUNT'S, my9 Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

FOR VERY LATEST FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Have one of the NEW YORK DAILY PAPERS. We deliver them to all parts of the city IN TIME FOR BREAKFAST. KEEP POSTED. The NEW YORK DAILIES received every morning. They contain latest news from the Army. Leave your address with the Agent, JOHN W. PITTOCK, OPPOSITE THE P. O. All the NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND CINCINNATI DAILY PAPERS can be found on the counter. my9

FOR SALE.—A good route on the EVENING GAZETTE. To an energetic person, this route presents a rare attraction. Enquire at THIS OFFICE, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. my9:tf

STILL SOME MORE LEFT of those WOMEN'S GREAT BALMORALS and GAITERS at BOBLAND'S. Also CHILDREN'S SOLED SHOES. Give me a call, at 55 Market street. my9

THE RUSH FOR GAITERS, BALMORALS AND BOOTS still continues. We have received a new supply and can accommodate all who have not yet with a call, at BOBLAND'S GREAT CASH STORE, 55 Market street, 2d door from Fifth.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GAITERS, BALMORALS AND BOOTS in the city, at BOBLAND'S, 55 Market street, second door from Fifth.

MISSOURI COAL—83 bbls landing and for sale by MERRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HUBBARD BROS., IMPORTERS OF WATCHES, corner Nassau and John streets, N. Y., are receiving by the European Steamers, direct from the manufacturers in Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland, large importations of that really meritorious novelty, the justly celebrated *MAGIC TIME OBSERVER, MAGIC TIME OBSERVER*, The perfection of Mechanism. Being a Hunting and Open Face Watch combined; Or, a Lady's or Gentleman's Watch in one! With Patent Self-Winding Improvement. The New York *Illustrated News*, the leading pictorial paper of the United States, in its issue of Jan. 10th, 1863, on page 147, voluntarily says: "We have been shown a most pleasing novelty, of which the Hubbard Bros., of New York, are the sole importers. It is called the MAGIC-TIME OBSERVER, and is a Hunting and Open Face Watch combined. One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest timepieces for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it, and combined with its mechanism, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate timepiece." Price $35. Sent by mail or express, in a beautiful morocco case, *upon receipt of the price*. At wholesale, $216 per b.x of a half dozen. Remittances may be made in United States money, or draft payable to our order in this city, if sent by express or in a registered letter, at our risk. Address HUBBARD BROS., Sole Importers, my8:1w cor. Nassau and John sts., N. Y.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT, *CONTAINING 61 ACRES*, All under fence and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a new BRICK DWELLING, containing ten rooms; large FRAME BARN, good TENANT HOUSE, with five rooms, and ORCHARD OF YOUNG TREES. Situated about five miles from the city, in Baldwin township. Inquire of BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., my1 No. 122 Fourth street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—In accordance with the act of Assembly, incorporating the Mahoning and French Creek Railroad Company, books will be opened and subscriptions received to the capital stock of said company at the following times and places, viz: In Franklin, Venango county, on Monday, May 18th, at the Court House, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. In Clarion, Clarion county, on Thursday, May 21st, between 10 and 3 o'clock. In Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, on Saturday, May 23d, between 10 and 3 o'clock, at the Oil Exchange. SAMUEL M. KIER, B. F. JONES, J. S. MYERS, HIGBEE & GOWIN, GEORGE BLACK, ROBT. LAMBERTON, THOS. MCGUFFOUGH, WM. M. LYON, H. A. & D. DUDLEY, ROBT. ORR, and others, Corporators. my4:tf

MANUFACTURING SITES FOR SALE.—One hundred lots of Ground, or any number of them, lying part in the City of Pittsburgh, Pa., having a front of 1,050 feet on the Monongahela River, at Lock No. 2, Monongahela Company, the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad passing through the centre of it. For terms apply to F. C. CORTELYOU, No. 23 Beekman street, New York, or of WM. M. SHINN, Esq., No. 137 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., where maps of the property can be seen. my9:2tend

PROVOST MARSHAL'S NOTICE.—The Board of Enrollment for the 24 Congressional District of Pennsylvania, is prepared to receive applications for appointment as enrolling officers, under the act of Congress, entitled "An act calling out the National force," &c., approved March 3, 1863, for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships in said District. All applications for appointment are required to be in the proper handwriting of the person applying, accompanied with his full post-office address. JAMES A. HERRON, Provost Marshal 22d District, Pittsburgh, Pa. my8:3td

PURE NEW TROY CATAWBA. The undersigned has for sale a lot of *NEW TROY CATAWBA*, The pure juice of the grape. It is of the vintage of 1859, and of very fine flavor. It is peculiarly desirable for sick and invalid persons, as it is perfectly pure and wholesome. Orders can be left at Messrs. REINEMAN, MEYRAN & CO.'s Jewelry Store, Fifth street, Pittsburgh; at Messrs. TIEGNANT & GETTY'S, corner of the Diamond and Ohio street, Allegheny; or at the office of my9:2w VICTOR SCHIRA, Reserve tp.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue, can be found at their respective offices EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted,) from 2 to 5 o'clock p. m. WILLIAM LITTLE, 45 Hand street; JOHN G. PATTERSON, 3d story Custom House; J. W. SCOBEROE, 105 Penn street; JOHN D. HERRON, Toll House, Two Mile Run; J. M. BURKEFIELD, East Liberty; JACOB ZEIGLER, Old Manchester; MERRICK MUNSON, Esq., Amos, E. Birm'gh'm; DAVID ROBINSON, Pine Fork, Temperance'v'e; WM. S. MCCLURE, Sharpsburg; JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Robinson tp. my9:3tdaltwT

GAITERS! GAITERS! GAITERS! ALSO, BOOTS AND SHOES, Of all kinds, at M'CLELLAND'S AUCTION HOUSE, No. 55 Fifth Street. my9

NOTICE.—Proposals for the Grading, Paving and setting with Curb Stone, Congress street, from Franklin street to Pennsylvania avenue and for Curb Stone from Colwell street to Pennsylvania avenue, will be received at the office of the Recording Regulator, until MAY 15TH, inst., in the Market Building. Freeport, Baden or Baker's Landing Curb Stone required. ISAAC MORLEY, my6:td Recording Regulator.

ALLEGHENY SECOND WARD STREETS.—All parties interested are notified that the Viewers of PALO ALTO, RIACO, BUENA VISTA and MONTEREY STREETS, Second Ward, City of Allegheny, will sit on MONDAY, May 11th, 1863, at 9 o'clock a. m., at the TOWN HALL of said city, to hear appeals from their awards. S. SCHOYER, Jr., Solicitor. my7:td

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm heretofore known as BLACKBURN & ULAM, Flint Glass Manufacturers, was this day dissolved by O. BLACKBURN purchasing the interest of A. T. ULAM, and the business will be continued as formerly, by the subscriber. O. BLACKBURN. Pittsburgh, May 6th, 1863. my6:1w

PURE ICE COLD SODA WATER, Drawn from Porcelain Fountains; And also delicious ICE CREAM and CAKES, of all kinds, fresh every day, at E. BLAIR'S, my9 No. 91 Diamond, Allegheny.

W. M. BROWN, JOHN MORROW, ALEX. P. BROWN. BROWN, MORROW & CO., HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS, No. 91 THIRD STREET, ap28:1ywM PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary upon the estate of George Breed, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to call at No. 100 Wood street and settle. Persons having claims upon the same will please present them. ALEXANDER GORDON, my7:6t RICHARD B. BREED.

$50 BOUNTY CERTIFICATES.—The undersigned is prepared to purchase the certificates issued by the county authorities for $50 BOUNTY on reasonable terms. Apply at the office of WILLIAM WARD, my6 Opposite Cathedral, Grant street.

PARED PEACHES.—A fresh lot of choice Pared Peaches just received; also unpared Ohio halves, and seeded Dried Cherries, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, my9 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

TRENTON AND SOROLL CRACKERS, fresh from the bakeries, just received; also Boston, Wine, Milk, Butter and Graham Crackers, for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW, my9 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

PUTNAM'S CLOTHES WRINGER, the best in use; no housekeeper should be without one. Assorted sizes just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, my9 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

DOOR MATS.—Asserted all Wool, Cocoa, Jute and Manilla Mats just received and for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW, my9 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

WALL PAPER, extra wide, bright colors for 15 cents, for sale by my9 W. P. MARSHALL, 57 Wood street.

TINTS.—Plain Papers, of every tint of colors, 50 inches wide, for sale by my9 W. P. MARSHALL.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK WALL PAPERS—the newest, the handsomest and the cheapest—for sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RHEUMATICS. DR. LELAND'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND Permanently cures RHEUMATISM, in all its vexatious forms. Acute or Inflammatory; Chronic, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pleurodynia, &c.; Stiffness of the Joints and Cramps; Gout, Neuralgia, and all Nervous Affections; Erysipelas, Salt Rheum and Scrofulous Eruptions of the body; Neutralizes the Impurities of the Blood and Fluids of the whole system, and effectually counteracting Mercurial and other poisonous influences. It is a conveniently arranged BELT, containing a Medicated Compound, to be worn around the body, about the waist, equally affecting all parts, wherever the disease may be. It can be worn without injury to the most delicate person, and no change in the proper habits of living is required. It *entirely* removes the disease from the system, without the *fallacious* use, in such cases, of powerful internal medicine, which weakens and *destroys* the constitution, and gives *temporary* relief only by *stupefying* the system, and deadening its vitality. By this treatment the medicinal properties contained in the BAND, being of a *highly aromatic and volatile nature, and capable of being readily absorbed, through the pores of the skin, come into direct contact with the BLOOD, and general circulation*, without having first to pass through the stomach, which would tend not only to detract from their curative powers, but to impair the internal organs and derange the digestion also—thus avoiding the *injurious effects*, so often the result of *internal remedies*, and effecting a *perfect cure by purifying and vitalizing the circulation of the vital fluids, and restoring the parts affected to a healthy condition*. This BAND is also a most powerful "ANTI-MERCURIAL AGENT," Calomel being the *primary* cause of a large part of the STIFFNESS, NEURALGIC PAINS and RHEUMATICS, so prevalent—and will ENTIRELY RELIEVE THE SYSTEM from its pernicious effects. Moderate cases are cured in a few days, and we are constantly receiving *unsolicited* testimonials—to which we invite inspection at our office—of their efficiency in aggravated cases of long standing. PRICE, TWO DOLLARS. May be had of Druggists, or will be sent by mail upon the receipt of $2, or by express everywhere, with all necessary instructions from the principal office. Illustrated Treatise, with Certified Testimonials, SENT FREE. ADAPTED TO SOLDIERS. Dr. J. M. FULTON, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Nos. 60 & 70 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Sole Agent, where everything in the Drug line can be had at fair prices. my4

TO CAPITALISTS AND MILLERS. THE PEARL STEAM FLOURING MILL FOR SALE. The owners of the "PEARL STEAM MILL," being actively engaged in other pursuits, and desiring to make a division of their interests, offer for sale this large and valuable establishment, on terms that must prove advantageous to any party wishing to engage in the milling business. To persons residing in this vicinity a particular description of the property may be unnecessary, as the Mill is in full and successful operation by the lessees, Messrs.