Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29.

Raid into Western Virginia.

Our community was thrown into considerable excitement yesterday morning at the intelligence that a large body of rebels—cavalry and artillery,—were advancing in this direction in the upper valley of the Monongahela; that they had captured Morgantown, Va., and were supposed to be advancing towards Uniontown, Pa. Their numbers were variously stated at from four to eight thousand, and some reports had them still higher. The effect upon our people was to awaken the old war feeling of 1861; but there was nothing like alarm for our own safety.

Measures were at once taken to organize a force to go to the rescue of our friends up the river, and after some preliminary arrangements were made, a meeting of the citizens was called at the headquarters of the Union League, open of course to all, an account of which will be found in our local department.

In the afternoon dispatches were received from Wheeling asking for aid, as the rebels were then within thirty miles of that city, burning bridges and pushing on rapidly. This rendered it a matter of painful anxiety as to what ought to be done—whether to go up the Monongahela or down the Ohio to Wheeling, for both seemed equally in need of succor. While we write the work of organization is going on with great energy. The details will be found in their proper places.

This formidable raid or invasion has doubtless been undertaken at this particular juncture as a diversion. HOOKER is about to move forward, and it is probable that the rebel generals are conscious of their inability to meet him, and hence they got up this distracting demonstration upon West Virginia. Indeed, intimations have been given by the rebel papers that something of this kind would occur—that HOOKER would have work in his rear as well as in his front.

The Two Years' and Nine Months' Men--Strength of Hooker's Army.

"Some people," says the N. Y. *Times*, "are afraid that the return of these regiments will so weaken Hooker's army as to make speedy operations impossible. This is not so. We do not suppose that in the whole of the thirty-seven returning New York regiments there are now more than between ten and twelve thousand men—and even these will not all be taken from Hooker's army; and as an official report, published by authority the other day, magnanimously informed the rebels and us that Hooker had a strength of 159,328 men, it will be seen that the loss of the two years' regiments ought not to furnish an excuse for inaction. Beside the two years' men from this State, there are also some regiments from Pennsylvania, whose term has expired, but their number is small." We may add that the number of Pennsylvania regiments, (nine months' men), whose term of service is about to expire, is fourteen—which will probably increase the above estimated ten or twelve thousand to fifteen or sixteen thousand. But the army under Hooker, according to the foregoing estimate, will still considerably exceed one hundred and forty thousand men.

The Methodist Church on Slavery.

At a late meeting of the New York East Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the closing day of the session was devoted to the country. The oath of allegiance was administered to all the members. This was followed by numerous patriotic addresses. Gen. WOOL and the Hon. M. F. ODELL spoke. The last named gentleman said, that within a few days "the President had told him that no church had given its ministers and its men so freely as the Methodist Episcopal church all over this land."

The last Sabbath he was in Washington, (said he) during the session of Congress he in company with other Christian brethren went to one of the hospitals located on the outskirts of the city, and one of the company was the man who was yesterday elected Governor of Connecticut. (Protracted applause.) They found six hundred soldiers, and before they left the whole company of wounded men united in singing the well-known Methodist hymn,

"On Jordan's stormy banks I stand,"

to the tune of "Coronation," and such singing he had never heard before. He ventured to say that every loyal State in the Union was represented by Methodist soldiers in that congregation. He (Mr. Odell) shouted, and the Governor cried.

("Amen!" "Bless the Lord!" and such expressions were heard from all parts of the house.)

The Committee on Slavery then reported. We subjoin the first resolution, which is expressive of the spirit of the whole report:

Resolved, 1st. That American slavery is in principle and practice fundamentally incompatible with the principles of Christianity, with republican institutions, with the peace and prosperity of our country, and with the traditions, doctrines, and discipline of our Church; and it becomes us as Christians, as patriots, and as Methodists, not to defend its existence, but to seek by our influence, our preaching, our prayers, and our exertions for its extirpation.

The 4th resolution severely condemns the "black laws" of some of the Northern States, and which some of our copperheads wished to have enacted in this State.

The Armament at Vicksburg.

Thomas Sims, the fugitive slave who has just arrived in Boston, says the number of guns mounted at Vicksburg two or three weeks since, was seventy or eighty; few of these were more powerful than rifled thirty-two's. A short time since a seven-inch Dahlgren gun was mounted, and it was supposed that a shot from that gun destroyed the ram Switzerland a few nights before he left.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, in a letter from Milliken's Bend, La., says:

Gen. Thomas witnessed the bombardment on Friday night, and had his boat, the Rocket, dropped down within range of the rebel guns, thus enabling him to form a fair opinion of the character of the works. The result of his observation he expressed to me in a few words, the substance of which was, that the rebel batteries are not so formidable as he was led to suppose from accounts, and that they can be taken by assault.

THE rebel papers report our troops advancing to Holly Springs, Miss. The enemy are very much disturbed by movements, or suspected movements, on the National side, and they seem utterly unable to guess at the intentions of our Generals.

IT is stated, in some of the papers, that the 15-inch Dahlgren guns have been discarded by the Navy Department. They are to be superseded by the Wiard guns.

One Copperhead Paraphrasing Another.

The New York Legislature, by a strict party vote, passed a law enabling soldiers in the service to vote, by sending home, to their own proper districts, to the care of persons properly qualified for the service, their ballots. But Governor SEYMOUR, as was to be expected from his antecedents vetoed the bill. The New York *Tribune*, in noticing the matter, lets an Illinois Copperhead tell us the true reason why the Governor did so. It is none of the best of English, but it is very plain. The *Tribune* says:

"We have already called attention to the fact that *in no single State where the Democrats have full swing have they initiated any measure for securing the right of suffrage to absent soldiers, whether by Constitutional amendments or otherwise.* On the contrary, Republican Legislatures have passed acts to enable soldiers to vote while absent from the State, in Pennsylvania, Iowa and Wisconsin, and have done their best to the same end here. A Mr. M. B. Patty, Democratic member of the present Legislature of Illinois, has written a letter which explains the action of his party on the subject far better than Governer Seymour's message does. Here is the passage:

"'A great deal of Complaint By the Republicans because The Legislature did not pass a Law to Let the Soldiers vote it would of been un Constitutunal and the D——d abolition officers would [make] the Soldiers Vote Just to Suit the administration the Illinois Legislature took a Recess till the 18t of June at that time they will act in reference to the War as they think best for the Union and the Constitution one thing Sure They do not intend to fight this Niggur war and no power on earth will make them do it the Wooley Heads talk of Bringing the army North To kill off the Copper Head That is just as smart as what do you suppose this Wooly Head administration can do with the Secesh and the 5 Largest states in this union gon Democrat and the D. mocratick party will see this damed Administration all gon to Hell Before they will support This Negro war you may feel assured when they have to Base Soldiers By Conscription it will be a poor army they all go over to the South and then Fair well wooley Heads in the North god Protect may you soon come home under the sunshine of Peace M B PATTY'

"—Gov. Seymour assigns a good many sham reasons for vetoing Judge Low's bill, but keeps back the true one—namely, that the soldiers would not vote as he wishes. Had he been inclined to deal frankly, he would have said: 'Gentlemen, I have been elected Governor through the disfranchisement of the soldiers; my only chance of re-election is based upon their continued disfranchisement; so I shall keep them from voting so long as I can.' I don't want a majority of such men as Judge Low in the next Senate, and I know there will be if the soldiers vote; so I must conjure up pretexts for staving off their voting at least one year, and so much longer as possible.' Such is the real *animus* of his veto, and he underrates the intelligence of the soldiers if he fancies they will not perceive it."

GEN. BUTLER'S REMOVAL.—During his examination before the War Committee, Gen. Butler was asked by the Committee—Have you any means of knowing the cause of your removal?

Answer—I have no knowledge. *I have asked everybody I have seen in Washington what I was removed for, and nobody has been able to tell me.*

CIRCULATE THE DOCUMENTS.—The Great Speech of General Butler on the War, which we have published in pamphlet form, is an excellent document for general circulation. We are glad to find so great a demand for it. We have already exhausted a first edition, but can fill all orders promptly.

A Spirited Photograph.

"Ons who has lived in Georgia and South Carolina," writes to the London *Daily News* to say that those States will probably refuse to pull together in the long run, for the reason that Georgia is a democratic industrial community who are by nature honest, notwithstanding their drift into secession, while South Carolina—"was settled by poor nobility, decayed aristocracy, discontented Canadians, out-at-elbow gentlemen, polite swindlers, and the riff-raff of broken down nobles, gamblers and demi-reps of Paris and London. That was the original stock. Much of it has since, by their beautiful domestic system, been improved, strengthened and made more vigorous by an infusion of blood from the more athletic and industrious race known in history as the descendants of Ham."

The writer, after laying on these strong colors, fills his canvas thus:

"South Carolina may be called a lazy, genteel, ambitious, piratical filibuster; while Georgia is a modest, homespun, unrefined plodding, honest tiller of the soil. Query, will Georgia submit to bear part of the burdens of taxation in a debt of six hundred to a thousand millions brought on by a war that was entirely due to South Carolina originally, and afterward backed up, aided and abetted primarily by Virginia and Mississippi? Let the slippery speculators who are so anxious to buy Confederate bonds and then sell out to a parcel of simpletons and 'lame ducks' in twenty-four hours, give an answer."

How We Have Been Fooled.

There is an article in the last number of the *Cornhill Magazine*, by a "British officer," giving the results of a trip of two months through the Southern States, closing in last December. He is evidently a cool observer, without any marked prejudices in favor of either North or South; but bears strong testimony, as many to the unanimity and determination of the Southern people. On his arrival at Richmond, immediately before the battle of Fredericksburg, he hired a carriage, or something in the shape of a carriage, and went out to see the battle fields of last summer in front of the city. Strange to say, he was unable to discover any trace of the formidable earthworks which prevented Gen. McClellan's advance. He says:

"I looked in vain for the lines of earthworks which, I was led to believe, had prevented the advance on Richmond of the Federal army; they did not exist; a very small trench and breastwork being the only sign of any fortification."

He found, moreover, that in the opinion of people at Richmond, one of Magruder's greatest titles to fame was his having, with a force of 15,000 men, kept McClellan's whole army in check when he first arrived before Yorktown, so as to give the main body of the Confederate forces time to get ready.—*N. Y. Times.*

Meat for the Rebel Army.

The subject of the raising an adequate supply of meat for the rebel army continues to occupy the Richmond press and the public. A Hanover county farmer writes to the *Sentinel* of the 21st, that Jeff. Davis's plan can not accomplish anything, but that the Government, to get bacon, must institute a great system of exchanging sugar for it. He says there are many families who would cheerfully part with half their supplies of meat, both for themselves and servants, if they could procure sugar to use in its stead. The negroes would be glad to give up a large portion of their rations of meat for sugar. The Government has the sugar on hand, and the soldiers have no use for it, as they have neither tea nor coffee. It costs the Government about three cents a pound. To this the *Sentinel* sorrowfully replies that the Government has not got the sugar to make the exchange proposed.

The Cargo of the Peterhof.

The cargo of the Peterhof is to-day transferring from her wharf to the government stores, where it will be opened and thoroughly examined. United States Marshal Murray has charge of the transfer, and no one but those engaged in this business are allowed on board the vessel. After the cargo has been placed in the stores it will be under the control of the Prize Commissioners. It would be manifestly improper to publish the details of the evidence already elicited in this case, but there is no doubt that enough testimony has been or can be easily obtained to condemn the Peterhof cargo.—*N. Y. Sun. Post of Monday.*

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION LECTURES.

MASON JONES,

THE DISTINGUISHED IRISH ORATOR.

Will deliver his celebrated oration,

GARIBALDI,

AT LAFAYETTE HALL, ON

Friday Evening, May 1st,

Before the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association, and the public generally

Tickets, 50 CENTS—to be had at the Music and Book Stores, Library Rooms and at the Door.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Oration to begin at 8.

W. H. KINCAID, JOSEPH ALDRICH, W. D. MCGOWAN, J. B. HURBERT, GEO. W. WEYMAN, } Lecture Committee.

ap28:td

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THIRD WARD N. U. L.—Members of the Third Ward N. U. L. will meet at WILKINS HALL, on THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 1½ o'clock.

BY ORDER OF THE V. P.

ap28:1t

NOTICE.—The Subscription Books of the Cooper Fire Arms Manufacturing Company will continue open at the Office of J. M. COOPER & CO., Bank Block, Fifth street, until further notice. ap21:tf

NOTICE.—In accordance with the provisions of the 5th Section of an Act to incorporate the "Inland Telegraph Company," notice is hereby given to the Corporators named in said Act, and the Stockholders in the corporation, that there will be a meeting of the said Corporate Body at the FRANKLIN HOUSE, in the Borough of Gettysburg, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May next, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing a President and six Directors for the management of the affairs of said corporation

DAVID WILLS, JOEL B. DANNER, H. J. STAHLE, GEORGE ARNOLD, R. G. MCCREARY.

ap15:1td

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA, HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT, Harrisburg, April 22d, 1863.

THE STATE MEDICAL BOARD, of Pennsylvania, will meet in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, May 5th, 1863, and continue during the week, to examine candidates for the post of medical officers in Pennsylvania Regiments. The appointment of a number of Assistant Surgeons will be required immediately to fill vacancies now existing, as well as for others constantly occurring.

Physicians of Pennsylvania, in good health, furnishing proper testimonials for *industry, sobriety* and *loyalty*, will be admitted to the examination.

The room in which the examination will be held will be indicated in morning papers on the day of meeting.

By order of the Governor. JAS. KING, Surgeon General Pennsylvania.

ap27:t4

PUBLIC NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. CO., CANAL DEPARTMENT.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company hereby gives public notice, to all whom it may concern, that in pursuance of the power and authority conferred upon it by sundry provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works," approved May 16th, 1857, it will, on the first day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, abandon so much of the Western Division of the Canal, lately forming a part of the Main Line of the Public Works, and so lies between Blairsville and Johnstown, (commonly known as the "Upper Western Division,") together also with such Dams, Feeders and Reservoirs lying west of Johnstown, as pertains to or are used in connection with said Upper Western Division.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Witness the seal of the said Company, the 25th day of February, A. D. 1863. J. EDGAR THOMSON, President. { L. S. }

mh25:tmyl

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels, and Saloons. P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, New York. 6m3:NEW

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR REGISTER.—WM. GLASS, of Robinson township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—J. G. CONNOCK, of Sharpsburg, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR RECORDER.—ABDIEL MOORE, of Mifflin township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Republican County Convention. ap9:tc:nsw1w

FOR RECORDER.—HENRY SHIVELY, of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR REGISTER.—WILLIAM J. RUTHERFORD Will be a candidate for the Office of Register of Wills, &c., of Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention ap8:tc

FOR REGISTER.—JAMES KEPT, of Upper St. Clair township, will be a candidate for Register, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention. mh28:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—JOHN M. LARGENT, of Chartiers township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention mh9:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—Wm. A. HERRON, of Pitt Township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention. mh11:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.—Jas. S. GUTHRIE, of Shaler township, will be before the Republican County Convention as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts. ap8:tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—All that desirable property situate on Water street, First Ward, adjoining the "Novelty Works." There are seven tenements, yielding a rent of $375 per year.

For terms apply soon to M. K. NOLAN, Fourth street, one door above Smithfield. ap29:2t

STRAYED—On last Tuesday morning, from the residence of the subscriber, corner of Pike and Factory streets, a small MULEY COW, with white spots, with good show of milk. Any one knowing anything of such cow will receive a liberal reward by leaving word at the above premises. JOHN DRONE, corner Pike and Factory streets. ap29:1t

LIQUID RENNET, for making in a few minutes, Slip, Junket and Pingalee, wholesome, delicate and economical summer desserts. A large supply received and for sale by the manufacturer, retail, at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. BERNHAW, ap29 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BOLOGNA SAUSAGE—100 lbs. prime seasoned Bologna Sausage received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. BERNHAW, ap29 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FRESH CRACKERS.—Just received, fresh from the bakeries, a supply of Wing's Faina Crackers, Almond Crackers and Lemon Biscuit, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. BERNHAW, ap29 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

OIL! OIL! OIL!—80 bbls. best quality Lubricating Oil just received and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 and 114 Second st. ap29

BROOM CORN—90 bales prime green corn hand and to arrive, for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 and 114 Second street. ap29

SUGAR CURED HAMS—54 tierces on consignment, for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 and 114 Second st. ap29

BULK HAMS—95 casks to arrive and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 and 114 Second st. ap29

PLASTER—50 bbls. Calcined received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

LAKE FISH. 150 half bbls. Herring; 150 do. White Fish; HENRY H. COLLINS. ap29

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the grading, paving and setting with curbstone Congress street, from Franklin street to Pennsylvania avenue; and Pride street, from Pennsylvania avenue to Colwell street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Recording Regulator be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and setting with curb stone Congress street, from Franklin street to Pennsylvania avenue; and Pride street, from Pennsylvania avenue to Colwell street; and so let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 27, 1857.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of April, A. D. 1863.

JAMES MCCULLOUGH, President of Select Council.

Attest: B. S. MONROE, Clerk of Select Council.

JOHN M. KILLEN, President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER, Clerk of Common Council. ap29:2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO CAPITALISTS AND MILLERS.

THE PEARL STEAM FLOURING MILL FOR SALE.

The owners of the "PEARL STEAM MILL," being actively engaged in other pursuits, and desiring to make a division of their interests, offer for sale this large and valuable establishment, on terms that must prove advantageous to any party wishing to engage in the milling business.

To persons residing in this vicinity a particular description of the property may be unnecessary, as the Mill is in full and successful operation by the lessees, Messrs. R. T. KENNEDY & BROTHER, and open to the examination of any who may desire to look through it. For the information of parties at a distance, a brief description is here given:

SITE.

The Mill occupies a small square of ground in the City of Allegheny, at the corner of Locust and Fairragh streets, which bound the property on the south and east. The Pennsylvania Canal forms its northern and western boundary, turning at the mill and running southwardly about one hundred yards, where it empties into the Allegheny river. It is thus completely isolated and protected from fire risk from the surrounding property, having streets on the south and east fifty feet wide; the canal on the north the same width; while on the west there is a basin about 100 feet square. Just across the Pennsylvania Canal, about 75 feet from the north end of the Mill, runs the track of the consolidated Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago and Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railways.

A bridge across the canal, recently rebuilt, brings the Mill into easy communication with those roads, and makes the receiving of grain from them convenient and cheap.

THE MILL

Is substantially built of brick, and roofed with slate. It is 137½ feet long, 55 feet wide, five stories high, and a sixteen foot garret, making six floors actually in use. It was completed in the spring of 1853. There is ten pairs of stone and five complete bolting chests. The machinery for cleansing and scouring the Wheat is extensive, and the best that can be procured. *The capacity of the Mill may be fairly put down at 850 barrels per day.* As many as 1,000 barrels per day have been made, but under ordinary circumstances 850 only could be relied upon as an average product.

THE STOREHOUSE

Was added to the Mill shortly after it got into full operation, when the necessity for increased room for storing Wheat, Flour and Barrels became apparent. It is 60 feet long, substantially built, like the Mill, and roofed with slate. It adjoins the Mill, and with it forms the 1st or 1, the base resting on the canal or north side.

THE SOURCES OF SUPPLIES

Of Wheat are by the Ohio River, from Southern Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Kentucky, and in time of peace from Tennessee and Northern Mississippi. By the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago and Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railways there is a direct and easy access to the greatest grain market in the world—THE CITY OF CHICAGO—as well as to an immense grain growing region nearer at hand, in northern and central Ohio and Indiana. During the low stage of water in the Ohio river, in the months of July and August, supplies of Wheat are obtained from southern Ohio and Kentucky by rail.

The Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railway, now nearly completed, will afford an additional source of supply.

A market for the product of the Mill in the eastern cities is reached by the Pennsylvania Railroad, while all around it is a *manufacturing* and consuming district, requiring large quantities of Flour and Meal.

For further particulars and for terms apply to any of the undersigned.

JNO. T. LOGAN, R. T. KENNEDY, WILLIAM BAGALEY.

Pittsburgh, April, 1863. ap23:tf

DEPOT COMMISSARY'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, Md., April 27th, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS are respectfully invited by the undersigned until 12 m. on SATURDAY, May 2d, 1863, for furnishing the United states Subsistence Department, delivered in Baltimore, Md.,—

10,000 BBLS. FRESH GROUND EXTRA FLOUR.

To be of the following brands or their equals in quality, viz:

MARYLAND BRANDS.
Chesapeake Extra—No. 1.
Exchange Extra—No. 2.
Palmyra Extra—No. 3.
Winona Extra—No 3

PENNSYLVANIA BRANDS.
Godorus Extra, York—No. 2.
Excell Extra, Pittsburgh—No. 2.
Bellevue Extra, Pittsburgh—No. 2.

INDIANA BRANDS.
Capital Mills Extra—No. 2.
Annapolis Extra—No. 2.

OHIO BRANDS.
Sugar Creek Extra—No. 2.

Brands must be stated. Both heads to be fully head-lined. Flat hooped and machine made barrels will positively be rejected.

To be delivered as follows: 1,000 bbls. by the 0th of May, 1863, and 1,000 bbls. every two (2) days thereafter.

Samples must accompany every proposal, and be labelled distinctly with the name of the bidder.

Express charges on samples must be prepaid, or the proposals will not be considered. Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement pasted at its head, and must be specific in complying with all its terms.

Each bid, to have consideration, must contain in it the written guarantee of two responsible persons as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee, should all or any part of the accompanying bid be accepted, that it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions."

Proposals MUST be endorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores." Bidders may propose for the whole or any part of the article.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States until required for shipment.

Bidders will state in their proposals their prices, both for payment made in legal tender notes and certificates of indebtedness.

Payments to be made after the delivery of the stores, if funds are on hand; if none on hand, to be made as soon as received.

No persons or every member of a firm offering a proposal must accompany it by an oath of allegiance to the United States Government, if he has not already filed one in this office. In addition thereto a certificate will be required setting forth that the articles offered the Government, under the above advertisement, either belong to the party bidding or are to be purchased or received by them of loyal citizens for delivery to the United States Government.

Bids must be legible, and the numbers must be written as well as expressed by figures.

All bids not complying strictly with the terms of this advertisement, will be rejected.

THOMAS C. SULLIVAN, Captain and C. S., U. S. A.

ap29:2d

STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.

This is to certify that about eighteen months ago I commenced using Sterling's Ambrosia. My hair was short, thin and rapidly falling out. I had tried many Hair Tonics, Invigorators, &c., without receiving any benefit. Soon after using the Ambrosia, my hair commenced falling out, and commenced growing so rapidly as to astonish me. Now my hair is thick, soft and glossy, and is five feet four inches in length—when at its full extent, reaching to the floor. This is a *literal* result. I attribute solely to the use of Sterling's Ambrosia, as since I commenced using it I have applied nothing else to my hair.

MRS. L. A. BROWN, No. 493 Broadway, New York.

We advise young persons, whose hair is beginning to fall out, to take warning in time, and save their hair, by using the Ambrosia. To those who have already lost their hair, the free use of the Ambrosia will surely restore it, as it has done for thousands.

DR. STERLING'S AMBROSIA is a stimulating, oily extract, of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp and itching of the head; entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling off, or from turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. It is entirely different from all other preparations, and can be relied on.

It is a well known fact to thousands in the city of New York, that this is the only article put before the public that will cure the disease of the scalp, and cause the hair to grow.

Price $1 per box, containing two bottles.

DR. H. H. STERLING.

J. M. FULTON, Sole Agent. ap23

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN,

Which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, *in confidence and truth*, of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—*never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure*, when timely used. Never did we know an infant suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

Which is for sale at

J. M. FULTON'S DRUG STORE, FIFTH STREET.

ap22

WE HAVE NOW OPEN, and are rapidly selling, at the

NEW CARPET STORE,

FIFTH STREET, next door to the Post Office,

A splendid assortment of the newest and choicest styles and best qualities of goods in our line, the greater part of which we offer, while our present stock lasts, at

MANUFACTURERS' WHOLESALE PRICES.

McFARLANDS, COLLINS & CO.

JOURNEYMEN PAINTERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY, AT CRAIG & FORBES'S SHOP, Lawrenceville. ap22:2d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POLY-COMICO-MORAMA.

BATTLE BY SEA AND LAND IN THE GREAT REBELLION.

Sold by the hundred, dozen, or single copy, at

HUNT'S, MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

These pictures comprise views of all the most spirited engagements of our Army and Navy.

CALL AND SEE THEM. ap28

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, all styles, sizes, qualities and prices, from 50 cents upwards, at

HUNT'S, MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

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DEPOSITS made with the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 110 Smithfield street, before MAY FIRST, will bear interest from that date.

JAMES PARK, Jr., President. D. E. MCKINLEY, Treasurer. ap27:3t

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

Ladies' Heeled Morocco (not Sheepskin) Boots	$1 00
" fine Lasting Congress Heeled Gaiters	1 25
" fine Heeled Gaiters	1 00
" Morocco Sewed Heeled Balmorals	1 25
Misses' Cong. Heeled Lasting Gaiters, slightly damaged	75
Misses' Morocco Heeled Boots, do. do.	87
Children's Morocco Heeled Pegged Boots	50
" " " Sewed "	62
" " & Last'g Cong. Heel'd Gaiters	75

Men's, Boys' and Youth's Boots, Balmorals and Gaiters at equal low prices. Give me a call, at JOS. H. BOWLAND'S, 88 Market street, ap25 second door from Fifth.

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CELEBRATED PAINTINGS.

PORTRAITS OF GENERALS.

Photographs of PROMINENT MEN AND WOMEN, ACTORS AND ACTRESSES.

BUTTERFLIES, COLLECTION OF BIRDS, "TOM THUMB" GROUPS, HUMMING BIRDS, AUTUMN LEAVES, VILLAGES AND TOWNS, And every variety of CARD PICTURES.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, all styles and prices, AT

PITTOCK'S, Book, Stationery and News Depot, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. ap23

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS.

CADMAN & CRAWFORD,

Manufacturers of every variety of finished BRASS WORK FOR PLUMBERS, STEAM OR GAS-FITTERS, MACHINISTS, AND COPPERSMITHS.

BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order. STEAMBOAT WORK, STEAM AND GAS-FITTING, and REPAIRING promptly attended to.

Particular attention paid to fitting up REFINERIES FOR COAL AND CARBON OILS.

Also, Sole Agents for the Western District of Pennsylvania for the sale of MARSH, LAUGHLIN & CO.'S PATENT SYPHON PUMP, the best ever invented. Having no valves, it is not liable to get out of order, and will throw more water than any pump of twice its size. ap18

PLUMBERS' MATERIALS.

CHARLES MULLIKIN,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER,

No. 550 COMMERCE ST., Philadelphia.

Constantly in store, a large assortment of Copper, Zinc, Iron and Galvanized Iron Bath Tubs.

White and Marbled Flag Bottoms.

Wash Boilers of Tinned or Zinc Closet Basins.

Ship Water Closets, complete.

Water Closets of every description.

Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

Iron Sinks.

Iron and Enamelled Portable Wash Stands.

Tripod Stands, Hose Reels, Branches and Traps.

Plumbers' Brass and Plated Work, of every description.

Lead Traps and Bends, Pine and Cedar Hydrant Posts, Hydrant Rods, Plumbers' Hooks, Marble Slabs, Rubber Hose, &c., as low as any house in the country. ap18:3m

TO MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.—A gentleman of thorough theoretical and practical education in Mechanics, and business habits, acquainted with the modern improvements in the manufacture of Iron (Sampson's process, etc.) having had access to a number of important establishments in England and Continent, offers his services either as Foreman or Assistant Manager of a suitable manufacturing establishment. Has a thorough acquaintance with German, French and Spanish. Compensation not an object as an opening of a career. Unquestionable references can be given. Address "R. S." care of Charles Lennig, Philadelphia, Pa. ap8:2w

THE BEST IN USE.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

Warranted to give relief in ten minutes after using, and to cure in a short time all Coughs, Colds, Irritation of the Lungs, &c. They differ from the various preparations of Cough Lozenges and Troches in being as grateful to the palate as the most delicious confection. Put up in large boxes at 25 cents.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, ap25 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

REMOVAL.

By Having sold our entire stock of HARDWARE to JOHN I. GREGG, No. 52 Wood street, Pittsburgh, we most cordially recommend our friends and late customers to purchase from him, being satisfied of the ability and desire to render satisfaction. Our books and accounts are left at their counting room, where Mr. J. R. JOHNSTON, (our late Bookkeeper,) will attend to making settlements.

J. M. SHALLENBERGER & CO.

April 24th, 1863. ap27:1wdeaw

RECEIVED THIS DAY.—

2000 pounds S. C. Hams;	
500 prime Dried Beef;	
1000 do Plain Hams;	
100 bush. Onions;	
100 do Red Potatoes, "Seedling";	
100 do Early Ruby Sweet Potatoes;	
50 bbls. Extra Flour;	
100 dozen Fresh Onions, "Seedling";	

In store and for sale by CHAS. C. BALEY, ap22 No. 179 Liberty street.

SUNDRIES.—MACKEREL—Nos. 1, 2 & 3, in bbls. and half do; WHITE FISH—In half bbls.; LAKE HERRING. do. FLOUR—Superfine, Extra Family and Fancy; Sugars, fair and extra; Rice, Orleans and common; Demerara, Cuba, Cuba Molasses, Imperial and Gunpowder Teas, for sale at 135 Liberty st., by WM. P. BLACK & CO., ap2 Wholesale Grocers.

TO FURNITURE DEALERS.—The undersigned would respectfully invite the attention of all Furniture Dealers to his PATENT SPRING BED, which is universally acknowledged to be the Standard Spring Bed in the market. They make an excellent bed, are cheap, neat and durable. Manufactured and for sale by HIRAM TUCKER, mh30:3m No. 3 Revere Block, Boston. 7 Adams.

1,000 PAIRS LADIES' HOSE, 10 CENTS A PAIR, AT

Masonic Hall Auction House. ap22

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE ONE DOLLAR JEWELRY STORE, No. 56 Fourth Street, A large lot of extra fine SILVER PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS, &c., which will be sold very cheap, to close out the stock. Please step in and examine the goods. R. STRAIN. ap22

OIL BARRELS.—50 Crude Oil Barrels for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

BACON—3,000 lbs. hickory cured. HENRY H. COLLINS. ap22

CEMENT.—100 bbls. of the celebrated NEW YORK CEMENT constantly on hand. HENRY H. COLLINS. ap22

DRY GOODS.

MORE NEW GOODS, AT

Alexander Bates', No. 21 FIFTH STREET.

Third importation of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

NEW GOODS WILL BE OPEN EVERY DAY THIS WEEK, at

ALEXANDER BATES', No. 21 FIFTH STREET. ap22

HIGHLY DESIRABLE

NEW GOODS AT

Macrum & Clyde's,

From the New York and Boston Markets.

Latest styles of—

TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS.

We would ask especial attention to the great extent, variety and low prices of our stock. Milliners and Country Merchants will find it greatly to their advantage to examine our goods before buying, as our prices are as low as those of the Philadelphia Dealers.

WHOLESALE ROOMS—2d and 3d floors.

MACRUM & CLYDE, No. 73 MARKET STREET, (Between Fourth and Diamond.) ap27

FRESH ARRIVAL OF SILKS, SHAWLS, SACQUES, CIRCULARS, DRESS GOODS, HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, Shawls and Hoop Skirts, AT

BARKER'S, 59 MARKET STREET.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS EVER OFFERED. ap25

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JOSEPH HORNE & CO., 77 and 79 Market Street

Are now receiving daily a choice assortment of new SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Comprising everything desirable in STRAW GOODS, MILLINERY GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, and FANCY GOODS, And which they offer at *EASTERN PRICES.* Wholesale Rooms up stairs. ap23

SPRING GOODS. CHEAP FOR CASH, AT

J. M. Burchfield's.

SPRING MOUSE DE LAINES for 25 worth 31 cts.		
LIGHT CHINTZES,	" 37½	" 50 "
CALICOES,	" 20	" 25 "
Do.	" 25	" 31 "
LAVILLAS,	" 15	" 20 "
Do.	" 20	" 25 "
Do.	" 25	" 31 "
Do.	" 31	" 37 "

BLEACHED MUSLINS, 19 to 37½ cents.

UNBLEACHED do., 20 " 37½ "

Now is the time to make your purchases, as goods are selling cheaper than they will be