Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

The Courts.

COMMON PLEAS, ORPHANS' COURT, &c.

PRESIDENT—HON. JAMES P. SYMPSON.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE—HON. THOMAS MELLON.
ASSOCIATE LAW JUDGE—HON. R. H. STOWE.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE—HON. J. BROWN.
TERM DAYS—4th Monday of March; 1st Monday of June; 1st Monday of October; 4th Monday of December. Return days—First Monday of each month, and the first day of each term.

Trial list taken up on the first Monday of each month, embracing all cases at issue on the fourth Saturday preceding the first Monday of each month.

Sheriff's Sales, on the first day of each term.

Argument Lists taken up on the Monday succeeding the conclusion of jury trials.

DISTRICT COURT.

PRESIDENT—HON. M. HAMPTON.
ASSOCIATE—HON. H. W. WILLIAMS.
TERM DAYS—The fourth Monday of January, April, July and November. Return days—The first Monday of each month and the first day of each term.

Sheriff's Sales on the first day of each month.

ARGUMENT WEEK—Monday, April 6th, and every fifth week thereafter.

Trial calls for each day consist of the first ten open cases.

Meeting of Councils.

A regular monthly meeting of City Councils was held on Monday evening, April 27th.

In *Select*, present, Messrs. Allen, Brown, Herdman, Miller, McMillen, McCarthy, Morrow, McClintock, Quinn, Thompson, Rees, J. Reed, D. Reed, Young, McAuley, Pres't.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. D. Reed presented the following:

Resolved, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized to certify a warrant on the Treasurer for the amount of lawful expenses for holding a special election in the Sixth Ward in February last, and charge the same to contingent fund.

Read three times and passed.

Mr. Thompson offered the following:

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose be directed to procure, without delay, 5,000 feet of the best leather ten inch forcing hose, and that the Finance Committee are hereby directed to report to Councils at their first meeting from what appropriations the money to defray the cost of the same can be deducted.

Mr. Quinn moved to amend by referring the resolution to the Finance Committee, and if they can provide the funds, to report the matter to Councils.

A debate followed upon the importance of having the hose immediately, as the Fire Department was in pressing need of a supply of new hose. During the late fires the steam engines had bursted so many sections of the patent or gum hose, that the supply was entirely inadequate. At the fire on Sunday two of the steam engines were compelled to cease throwing, owing to a lack of hose, and there was great danger of a disastrous conflagration if a supply was not obtained.

The only objection urged by any member was the want of funds to pay for the hose. The ground taken upon this point was, that the utmost legal limit of taxation had been reached; that the city had not placed the requisite funds at the disposal of Councils, and however urgent the demand seemed to be, the Finance Committee could not "squeeze blood out of a turnip."

Mr. Miller moved to amend by inserting 3,000 instead of 5,000 feet of hose.

Mr. Morrow offered the following as a substitute for the original resolution:

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be instructed to ascertain from what appropriations money can be taken for the purpose of purchasing hose; and that the amount, with the balance of appropriation No. 4, after paying the different steam engines, be appropriated for the same purpose.

Mr. McCarthy offered the following as a substitute for the last resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Engines be instructed to procure ten-inch leather hose, not to exceed $3,200, and charge appropriation No. 4.

The yeas and nays were called, and Mr. McCarthy's resolution was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Miller, McMillen, McCarthy, Rees, J. Reed, Young, McAuley, President—7.

Nays—Messrs. Allen, Brown, Herdman, Morrow, McClintock, Quinn, Thompson, D. Reed—8.

The question was then called upon Mr. Morrow's substitute, which was laid over under the rules.

Mr. Herdman then called up "an ordinance for the distribution of the appropriation for the Fire Department for 1863," which, in C. C., March 30th, had been non-concurred in, and referred to the Ordinance Committee, with instructions to provide for the Allegheny Steam Fire Engine Company, the same as other steam engines.

On motion of Mr. D. Reed, S. C. non-concurred in the action of C. C., and the Chair appointed Messrs. Herdman and Young, on part of S. C., as a Committee of Conference.

Mr. Thompson called up "an ordinance regulating the appointment and pay of the police," which, in C. C., Feb. 23d, had been referred to the Police Committee. On motion, S. C. concur.

Mr. McMillen offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Controller be authorized to pay the amount of the bills incurred in the repairing of the extension of Pennsylvania Avenue from Chatham to Ross st., and for making of cinder walk on Washington street, from Webster to Liberty, and charge appropriation No. 13.

Read three times and passed.

Mr. Morrow offered a petition for the grading of Locust street, Eighth Ward. Referred to Street Committee.

The resolution passed by C. C., April 13th, instructing the Police Committee to wait upon the Mayor and urge upon him the use of the utmost diligence to discover the origin of the fire of the night of April 12th, was taken up and non-concurred in.

Resolution passed in C. C. March 30th, relative to the condition of Liberty street, was non-concurred in.

Resolution relative to donating part of the Basin lot, in the Sixth Ward, for a site for the High School, (in C. C. March 30th, 1863, read three times and passed, and Messrs. O'Neill, Roberts and Coward appointed a Committee on part of C. C.) was concurred in, and Messrs. Morrow and Miller appointed on the part of S. C.

A communication from the City Solicitor, in reference to a resolution directing him to report an ordinance relative to a market house in the Third Ward, was presented, with an ordinance on the subject, which, Feb. 23d, had been read and referred to the Market Committee, to report at next meeting.

The ordinance was postponed for the present.

The ordinance "regulating the pay and appointment of the city police," passed in C. C. March 30th, was non-concurred in and referred to the Police Committee.

The ordinance authorizing an increase of the salaries of the Street Commissioners, was called up, discussed and postponed.

A communication was received from F. R. Brunot, Esq., President of the Allegheny Railroad Company, covering an ordinance for the right to form a connection between the Allegheny Valley and the Pennsylvania Central Railroads, via Allegheny street.

Read once and further consideration postponed.

In *Common Council*, members all present. Prayer by Mr. McGowan.

The minutes of the preceding regular meeting and the special meeting were read and approved.

Mr. McVay presented the petition of E. McKnight, praying that four joints of water pipe be laid on Franklin street, near Elm. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Armstrong offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That Robert Whiteside, of the Ninth ward, be permitted to remove a frame building back from Penn street, to leave room to build a brick house on Penn street, which he desires to do. Read three times and passed.

Mr. O'Neill offered a resolution requesting Councils to appoint a Committee of two from the Select and three from the Common Councils to inquire into the condition of Penn st from St. Clair street to the city line, and report whether, in their opinion, the Citizens' Passenger Railway line have fulfilled their contract by keeping the street in good repair from curb to curb, according to contract, and if they have not, to revoke their privileges.

Mr. McGowan offered to amend by including Pike street.

Mr. McCandless objected to appointing a new committee, and thought it would be a reflection upon the present Street Committee.

Mr. Cairns followed to amend by including Liberty street.

The yeas and nays being called for upon a motion by Mr. Kearns to refer it to the Street Committee, was lost by the following votes:

Ayes—Messrs. Armstrong, Bailey, Barckley, Cameron, Coffin, Hays, Hubbard, Kearns, McCandless, Sullivan—10.

Nays—Messrs. Ardray, Colville, Coward, Duffy, Feely, Holmes, Jeremy, Mackey, Montgomery, McClelland, McVay, McTighe, McGowan, O'Neill, Portzell, Roberts, Steel, Taylor, Killen, President—20.

Mr. McCandless moved to strike out all after the word resolved, and insert "that the Recording Regulator be instructed to have the street repaired for the winter."

Ayes—Messrs. Armstrong, Bailey, Barckley, Cameron, Coffin, Coward, Hays, Hubbard, McCandless, McClelland, McVay, Sullivan—12.

Nays—Messrs. Ardray, Colville, Duffy, Feely, Holmes, Hutchinson, Jeremy, Kearns, Mackey, Montgomery, McTighe, McGowan, O'Neill, Portzell, Roberts, Steel, Sullivan, Taylor, Killin, President—18.

Mr. McVay moved that the East Liberty road be inserted in the resolution. The amendment was accepted by Mr. O'Neill.

The amendments including Pike and Liberty streets were withdrawn.

The question on the original resolution, together with the amendment, was then called for, and passed unanimously, and Messrs. O'Neill, McVay and Colville were appointed on the Committee. Select Council concurred and appointed Messrs. Brown and David Reed on said Committee.

Mr. McCandless moved that the supplement to the ordinance granting certain privileges to the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad be taken up. Agreed to.

Mr. Montgomery moved that it be taken up and voted upon seriatum.

Mr. McCandless moved that it be read first by its title, and then proceed to a second reading seriatum. Agreed to.

In the reading by sections, Mr. Barclay moved to amend the third section by striking out five and eight feet as the width of the side walk on Try street, and inserting twelve feet. Lost by the following votes.

Ayes—Messrs. Barclay—1.

Nays—Messrs. Ardray, Armstrong, Bailey, Cameron, Coffin, Colville, Coward, Duffy, Feely, Hays, Holmes, Hubbard, Hutchison, Jeremy, Kearns, Mackey, Montgomery, McCandless, McClelland, McVay, McTighe, McGowan, O'Neill, Portzell, Steel, Sullivan, Taylor, Killin, President—28.

The following section was added to the ordinance take its place after section four:

"And the said Railroad Company shall pay to the City of Pittsburgh, the sum of three hundred dollars for the privilege of crossing each and every street which said Railroad track may cross. Adopted by the following vote.

Ayes—Messrs. Ardray, Barckley, Coffin, Colville, Coward, Duffy, Hays, Holmes, Hubbard, Hutchison, Jeremy, McTighe, McGowan, Portzell, Roberts, Taylor—16.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong, Bailey, Feely, Kearns, Mackey, Montgomery McCandless, McVay, O'Neill, Steel, Sullivan, Killin, President—14.

The following amendments were made to section No. 5 in the original:

By Mr. McVay:

"Also said railroad company shall erect a brick stack on each end of said tunnel, to be forty feet high and ten feet in the clear, for the purpose of taking away gas and smoke."

By Mr. McTighe:

"Also the said railroad company shall always keep the streets, gutters and crossings over which the said road may pass in good order, and whenever they fail to do so the Street Commissioner shall have power, after five days' notice to said railroad company, to proceed and repair said streets, crossings and gutters, at the expense of said railroad company, said expense to be collected of said railroad company as other debts due the city are by law collected."

The remaining sections of the ordinance were adopted as read, and passed to a third reading, and finally passed.

The action of the S. C., April 13th, relative to a resolution "that the City Solicitor be requested to draw up an ordinance prohibiting the landing or storage of oil in the city," was concurred in.

Also the following resolution passed by S. C., April 13th, concurred in.

Resolved, That the Mayor and Wharfmasters of the city be called upon to strictly and promptly enforce the ordinance prohibiting the landing of oil in bulk within the city limits, and also to enforce all other existing ordinances relative to landing oil within the city.

An ordinance entitled "an ordinance for the distribution of the appropriation to the Fire Department for the year 1863," was brought up for consideration. Feb. 23d, this ordinance was read and referred to the Ordinance Committee. The Common Council nonconcurred, and referred it to the Ordinance Committee with instruction to provide in the ordinance for the Allegheny Steam Fire Engine Company at the same rate paid other steamers. April 27th, the Select Council nonconcurred in the action of the Common Council, and adhered to their former action, and Messrs. Herdman and Young were appointed a Committee of Conference. On the part of the Common Council, Messrs. O'Neill and Roberts were appointed to confer. The Committee failed to agree, when Mr. O'Neill, in order that no blame could attach itself to the Common Council, and that the different fire companies might have some means of keeping themselves going, offered an ordinance for the distribution of the appropriation to the Fire Department for the year 1863, giving to the Relief, Good Intent, and Independent Companies, $300.

The rules were suspended and the ordinance read three times and passed.

The police ordinance regulating the pay of the city police, passed in Common Council March 30th, 1863, was non-concurred in by S. C. The C. C. adhere to their original action.

Mr. McTighe offered the following ordinance:

Be it enacted, &c., that 1500 feet of the best leather hose be, and the same is hereby appropriated to each of the six fire engine companies, and that the same be charged to contingent fund. Referred to Committee on Fire Engines and Hose.

All other action of the S. C. was concurred in.

On motion, the Sergeant at Arms was instructed to furnish water coolers, hat rack and other necessary articles for the use of Council.

The President called attention to the fact that Mr. Allen, Wharfmaster of Allegheny Wharf, had neglected to report to Councils as directed in regard to the violation of the ordinance in regard to the landing of bulk oil. No immediate action was taken in the premises, but the President let it be understood that the orders of Councils must be obeyed.

On motion adjourned.

THE REBELLION RECORD, PART XXIX.—This monthly part contains portraits of Brig. Gen. R. H. Milroy and Brig. Gen. W. S. Hancock. The other contents are the carefully edited and most valuable collection of documents relating to the war, for which this work will ever be the grand depository. Other histories will be written, but this work will still hold its place, as the great original reference-book for the materials of all history relating to this rebellion. It is published by G. P. Putnam, New York, and may be obtained from any bookseller or periodical dealer.

THE THEATER.—Emma Waller appears this evening in her great part of Marina, *Duchess of Malfi*. Those who witnessed this lady's impersonation of this truly wonderful play on Friday night last, will hardly fail to remember Mrs. Waller's great powers as an actress. As this is the last occasion of this thrilling tragedy during the lady's engagement it may be a long time before the public may again have another opportunity offered them. The evening's performance will conclude with the interesting farce of the Conjugal Lesson.

MR. H. H. SMITH, Reporter of the *Post*, has accepted a position in the Motive Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and has located at Altoona for the present. As a man, he has always proved himself dignified, courteous and obliging, and as a reporter we have ever found him correct and reliable. We acknowledge many civilities at his hands, and cannot but express our regret at parting with one so honorable and gentlemanly in his dealings. We wish him abundant success in his new vocation.

DIED:

VERNER—April 25th, ANNA VERNER, wife of John J. Verner, and daughter of Christopher and Elizabeth Geringer, in the 24th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her mother-in-law, Liberty street, Birmingham.

McCLURKAN—In West Newton, on Sunday, April 26, HUGH B., son of Samuel McClurkan, of Pittsburgh, in the 20th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from the depot of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, Pittsburgh, on THIS MORNING, 28th instant, on the arrival of the ten o'clock train. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot.

Our Book Table.

PHYSIOLOGICAL MEMOIRS. By William A. Hammond, M. D., Surgeon-General U. S. Army; Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, etc., etc.[illegible] etc. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. 1863. Pittsburgh: for sale by R. S. Davis, 93 Wood street. 318pp. 8vo.

We will best give the intelligent reader a correct idea of this work by enumerating the subjects of the essays, on memoirs, which it embraces. They are the following: 1st, The Relations existing between Urea and Uric Acid; 2d, Urological Contributions; 3d, On the Excretion of Phosphoric Acid through the Kidneys; 4th, The Physiological Effects of Alchohol and Tobacco upon the Human System; 5th, Experimental Researches relative to the Nutritive Value and Physiological Effects of Albumen, Starch and Gum, when simply and exclusively used as Food; 6th, On the Alterations induced by Intermittent Fever on the the Physical and Chemical Qualities of the Urine, and on the Action of the Disulphate of Quinine; 7th, On the Injection of Urea and other Substances into the Blood; 8th, On the Action of Certain Vegetable Diuretics; 9th, Experimental Researches relative to Corroval and Vao, two New Varieties of Woorara, the South American Arrow-Poison; 10th, On the Physical and Chemical Characteristics of Corroval and Vao, and on a New Alkaloid constituting their Active Principle; Experimental Researches relative to a supposed New Species of Upas; 11th, Further Experiments relating to the Diuretic Action of Colchicum; 11th, Uræmic Intoxication. These researches embody many facts and observations of great interest to all inquirers in physiology; and as Dr. Hammond has evidently conducted and reported his experiments with great care and accuracy, we have no hesitation in saying that these memoirs form an acceptable and valuable contribution to physiological science.

A TEXT BOOK ON PENMANSHIP. By H. W. Ellsworth, Teacher of Penmanship in the Public Schools of New York city. 8vo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Pittsburgh: for sale by R. S. Davis, 93 Wood street.

Penmanship, or the art of writing,—that art whose achievement is "Painting speech and speaking to the eyes!"—must ever be held as the first in importance of all the arts, viewed from what stand-point we will,—for without it, all the other arts, and all discoveries in them, could only be imparted by direct personal communication with the discoverer, and no record could transmit, from one generation to another, the methods and processes by which those gifted men, who accomplished great undertakings in any field of human exertion, had succeeded in their labors.

But we will assume that our readers are ready to admit all we claim for the art of writing, and at once proceed to say that the book whose title is given above, and *apropos* of which this notice was begun, is a very handsome volume, profusely illustrated with copies and diagrams, which clearly evidence that there is one teacher of penmanship who has definitely made up his mind that his art shall not be numbered among the *lost arts*—if writing a book about it can avail. The author has thoroughly studied his subject, and teachers and pupils in all our schools, academies and commercial colleges, will be benefited by the study of the very complete treatise which he has written for their use.

MASON JONES.—This distinguished Irish Orator will deliver *one* oration in this city, on next Friday evening, at Lafayette Hall. He has assured the Lecture Committee that he will certainly be here in good season, and will endeavor to be in the city one day before the time announced.

A Rebel Raid in West Virginia.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* of yesterday says:

A gentleman who came in on last evening's train states that in reply to a dispatch which he sent to Grafton from Moundsville he was informed that a rebel force had come into Oakland and another at Rowlesburg since the train passed those points; that they had cut the wires at Oakland and were committing depredations on the road, and that fighting in the woods was then going on at Rowlesburg. The same gentleman states that nothing definite was known at Grafton of Colonel Latham's command, but it was the impression of Col. Wilkinson that it was cut off somewhere between Beverly and Phillippi.

GENERAL GARFIELD IN LIBBY PRISON.—The Ohio *State Journal*, of yesterday, says: "We have seen a letter written by Gen. James A. Garfield, at Libby Prison, Richmond, on the 20th of March. It is filled with the horrible treatment received by our men, from the rebels, in their march from Thompson's Station, Tenn., to Richmond. How the General will escape from the rebel capital and take his seat in the Federal Congress from Ohio, next winter, is a question difficult to answer.

FREEDMEN IN ST. LOUIS.—The Superintendent of Freedmen at St. Louis gives notice through the *Democrat* that the demand for colored laborers is beyond his ability to supply. Some thirteen hundred freedmen were placed at his disposal, while the applications made number between nine and ten thousand.

THERE are, according to a statement in the *Courier*, only six bags of guano in the whole South.

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

PIANO-FORTE ESTABLISHMENT,

"No. 427 BROOME STREET, N. Y.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome street, opposite of Crosby street

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the firm of "Bradbury & Bradbury," which firm was dissolved on the 31st January ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano-Forte material owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness*.

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano-Forte, and we can confidently assert that, for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"VERBUM SAP SAPIENTI" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

✓ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,

mh7:3m 427 Broome st., cor. of Crosby, N. Y.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

No. 129 FOURTH STREET,

Dealers in

PUMPS, BAMS,
SINKS, BATHS,
WASH STANDS, BRASS WORK,
IRON AND LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD,
BAR LEAD, CHANDELIERS,
GLASS AND PAPER SHADES,
HYDRANT HOSE, &c.

ap29

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

50 hhds. Porto Rico and Cuba Sugars;
100 bbls. Crushed and Coffee Sugars;
100 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
150 bbls. assorted Syrups.

For sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO.

LARD OIL—50 bbls. No. 1;
25 " " 2;

On hand and for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON,

ap21:tf 59 and 70 Water street.

LUBRICATING OIL.

150 bbls. pure Duck Creek;
25 " " Franklin;

Warranted free from grit, and not to gum, for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON,

ap21:tf 59 and 70 Water street.

OAK LOADS POTATOES to arrive on Monday morning and for sale by JOHN S. CAMFIELD,

ap28:2t Nos. 141 and 143 First street.

TANANIN—200 ounces for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & SON & Co.

ap20 Corner of First and Wood sts.

STORAGE—For Crude and Refined Oil, Oil Barrels, and other Merchandise, by JAS. DALZELL & SON,

ap21:tf 59 and 70 Water street.

POTASH.—10 casks Potash received and for sale by SHRIVER & LASHE,

ap28 Nos. 27 and 29 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

[illegible] Agent,
[illegible] Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

CHIROPODIST.—Dr. Rendall, late of London and New York, continues to exercise his surgical skill in the removal of Corns and Bunions without pain or inconvenience. Persons who have suffered for years with these troublesome and annoying companions, go into his office limping and making wry faces caused by the acute pain they suffer, and in the course of a few seconds can skip with joy at the entire removal of the cause, being fully satisfied that they have made one of the cheapest investments in their lives. Ease and comfort, as far as the *understandings* are concerned, are desiderata devoutly wished for by all. Read the following certificates, and remember that the address of Dr. Rendall is Diamond street, opposite the Court House, fourth door from Grant street:

Certificate of Wm. Phillips, Esq., of Select Council, and F. Boyle, Esq.

PITTSBURG, April 18.—We certify that Dr. Rendall has operated on our feet, removing corns therefrom, doing so without pain and entirely to our satisfaction.

W. PHILLIPS, F. BOYLE.

From H. T. Coffey, Esq., M. D.—Pittsburgh, April 22.—I have seen Dr. Rendall operate for the removal of corns from the feet. The operations were skillfully and rapidly performed, and almost painless. I take pleasure in recommending him to any who wish to be relieved from those troublesome pests—corns and bunions.

H. T. COFFEY, M. D., 105 Fifth st.

Dr. Rendall has this day removed eight corns from my feet. The operation was a painless one, and the relief is such that I advise those afflicted with Corns and Bunions to give the Doctor a call. ELI YOUNG,

April 10. Hotel Keeper, Smithfield st.

GREAT CLOTHING AND WHERE TO BUY THEM.—The enterprising firm of Wm. H. McGee & Co., merchant tailors, corner of Federal and Diamond square, Allegheny, being fully aware of the extraordinary advance in Spring goods, have purchased last fall a beautiful assortment of cloth, cassimeres, vestings, &c., and they are now ready to open their Spring trade with superior articles, at greatly reduced prices. They will sell their goods by the yard if desired, and as they keep constantly on hand a large supply of ready made clothing, customers can be accommodated on demand, or have a neatly fitted suit to order. The work is all done under their supervision, and always warranted to purchasers.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.—Our affable young friends composing the firm of John Weier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, have just opened the most extensive and *resplendent* stock of spring and summer goods ever exhibited west of the mountains, comprising some of the most beautiful French and American Cassimeres, Cloths, Cashmeres, Marseilles, &c., &c., to be found in the eastern market. This enterprising firm has also a very large assortment of the latest styles of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, also quantity ready-made clothing of superior quality. We advise our Allegheny patrons to call at this establishment, and see for themselves.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Samuel Graham, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has just returned from the East with his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Gentlemen desiring a stock to select from that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and their garments made in the most fashionable manner, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,

No. 54 Market street, one door from Third.

INAUGURAL.—The epicurean tastes of our citizens will be satisfied to-day; our friend EVANS—the Prince of Butchers—will change out at Stall No. 22, corner of Ohio and Federal streets, will cut for his customers to-morrow some of the finest Beef ever offered in our market. About a year ago, EVANS purchased a pair of the bovine, and put them to feed with Arcby Aldeq, of McCandless, expressly for the occasion of the opening of the new Market House. These are now in splendid condition, and will be dressed for the inauguration to-morrow—fanked by a quantum sufficit of Spring Lamb. Look at Stall No. 22.

THOROUGHLY TRIED.—Rev. H. J. Campell, Pastor of 1st Baptist Church, Lancaster, N. H., under date of September 26, 1860, writes that he was cured by the use of Dr. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, and can cordially recommend them to those who wish to have their gray hair restored to its original color. I am satisfied the Restorer is not a dye, as I have used it for months, and it has proved to be a good article.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Depot, 198 Greenwich street, New York. mww.

EDGEWORTH SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES AT SWICKLEY.—The summer session of fourteen weeks opens on Monday, May 4th. Classes organized on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. For the accommodation of day scholars, the railroad will issue special tickets for the session, and good on the Mail and Accommodation trains. Circulars may be had at Davis' and Cochrane's bookstores.

IF YOU desire any repairs or alterations to your dwelling, or places of business call and leave your order at Cuthbert's Carpenter and Jobbing Shop, Virgin Alley, above Smithfield street. All work promptly attended to.

GREROUS AND CARRIAGE GLASS will be taken at the Gazette office, No. 403 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid for.

6m

Georgia Refusing to Prop the Falling Rebel Cause.

The state of Georgia, dragged under force and menace into the iniquity of revolt against the federal authority, is at last avenging herself upon the conspirators who led her into crime. Her legislature has recently refused to endorse the Confederate currency, and has also rejected the bill to compel the planting of provision crops alone. The former of these acts is a most significant confession of want of confidence in the stability of the Confederacy, and the latter is hardly less important, as indicating a determination on the part of the people no longer to submit to sacrifice and privation for the benefit exclusively of the slaveholding class, who precipitated upon them the horrors of revolution. Another evidence of the growing indisposition of that Empire State of the South to acquiesce in the arbitrary demands of the rebel leaders is furnished in the refusal of her legislature to pass a bill taxing those who refuse to take the Confederate oath fifty per cent. of the amount required for public purposes. Here the much-vaunted Southern doctrine of States Rights is made to operate against the very political structure that it has reared. Georgia, according to the Southern creed, has a perfect right to refuse to do anything the central government may demand. She has chosen not to guaranty any portion of the debt contracted to maintain the rebellion against the United States; and Jefferson Davis cannot coerce her into doing it. The example thus set by the largest and wealthiest State of the Confederacy, whose people proudly call her "the Empire State of the South," will probably be followed by all the other rebel States, and this makes the Confederate debt absolutely worthless.

NOTICE.—Owners of Oil in BULK BOATS are hereby notified that they

MUST NOT LAND THEIR BOATS

At the Allegheny Wharf, under penalty of FIFTY DOLLARS.

JAMES ALLEN, Wharfmaster,

ap16:1m Allegheny Wharf.

1,000 PAIRS

LADIES' HOSE,

10 CENTS A PAIR, AT

Masonic Hall Auction Room!

ap26

25 BBLS. GREEN APPLES just received and for sale by JOHN S. CAMFIELD,

ap26 Nos. 141 and 143 First street.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, April 27, 1863.

APPORTIONMENT OF TROOPS.

In apportioning the number of troops to be raised under the Conscription act, the troops already raised by each State will be taken into account, but computation will be on a basis of three years' men, and the nine months and two years men will be counted proportionately. That is, if a State has furnished three regiments of two years men, she will be credited just as if she had only furnished two regiments for full three years.

THE POSTAL CURRENCY.

The Treasury Department has given up the idea of reissuing the postal currency which has been paid in, and a detail of ladies is at work counting it, with a view to its destruction. Whenever it is necessary to pay out postal currency, new sheets are to be used. It is hoped that the fractional currency will be ready for issue before what is on hand of the old is exhausted.

DISABLED SOLDIERS TO BE RELISTED.

The War Deparment decided to enlist ten or twenty thousand discharged disabled soldiers and officers who may be physically unable to perform active service, and consequently not subject to the draft, but for garrison duty. This garrison corps will relieve an equal number of able bodied soldiers, who will go to swell our armies in the field.

THE VICKSBURG CAMPAIGN.

The President has always approved all the plans of taking Vicksburg through the cut-offs, and he is to be thanked for the recent successes in running the batteries, with all the consequences they involve. It is precisely what he has urged from the outset.

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that promissory notes and memorands in the nature of promissory notes, whether over or under twenty dollars, must be stamped.

THE MEXICAN MINISTER ABOUT TO LEAVE.

The Mexican Minister is packing up his archives, in preparation for his departure. He had an interview with the President today.

APPOINTED.

A. B. Mullett, of Cincinnati, has been promoted to the chief clerkship of the Bureau of Construction, in the Treasury Department.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

DANVILLE, KY., April 27, 1863

The reconnoissance of yesterday, by Col. Garrard, excited the rebels considerably. An officer came down to the bank and vociferously denounced such wholesale proceedings and announced that in future they would not permit them. They opened this morning upon our pickets with cannon. The pickets simply retired, and after an hour's rapid firing the rebels found out nothing, and caved.

The court martial at Stanford has adjourned for a week.

Matters are getting exciting, and in a few days events may be worth telegraphing

Matters are otherwise quiescent.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NASHVILLE, April 27, 1863.

Two companies of rebel prisoners have just arrived; one hundred and thirty from McMinnville, and a hundred and twenty from Franklin. The latter were captured this morning before daylight. Many of the former are citizens of Nashville. Some were recognized as the incendiary robbers of the train near Lavergne, recently. W. W. E.

Successful Dash upon a Rebel Camp —Gen. Bragg Killed by General Breckinridge, etc., etc.

NASHVILLE, April 27.—A part of Gen. G. C. Smith's brigade, consisting of 250 cavalry, commanded by Col. Wilkins, of the 5th Kentucky cavalry, this morning made a dash upon a rebel camp of the 1st Texas Legion, eight miles south of Franklin, on Carter's Creek Pike, and captured 128 rebels, including three Captains and five Lieutenants, the same number of horses, fifty mules and one ambulance loaded with medical stores, and burned eight wagons of the rebels. Colonel Brooks, commanding the rebel camp, was caught, but subsequently escaped. No casualties on our side. The prisoners will arrive here tonight.

Three thousand three hundred citizens, male and female, have taken the oath, giving bond to Gen. Mitchell.

Capt. C. L. Smedall, of the 21st Illinois, and Judge Advocate in the trial of the Anderson Troop, died suddenly to-day of pneumonia, at the St. Cloud Hotel.

A startling rumor is current in this city tonight that Gen. Bragg was shot and instantly killed by Gen. Breckinridge at Tullahoma, yesterday.

A small party of rebels attacked a Louisville train on its passage from the city. Three rebels were killed, and two taken prisoners. No damage was done to the track.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 27.—The Nashville cars have arrived, being three hours behind time. A guard on the cars dispersed the rebels, killing three and wounding three, three and a half miles north of Franklin. Two sick Union soldiers, two passengers, and a drummer boy belonging to Vevay, were wounded, the latter probably mortally, and were left at Bowling Green.

The military authorities have been arresting, during the past three days, members of an association for promoting the rebel cause and procuring desertions from the Union army.

During the sale of a lot of negroes at the Court House, this morning, the Provost Marshal notified buyers that four were free under the President's proclamation. The sale nevertheless went on, when the matter of the four contrabands was turned over to the District Judge, who will take measures to annul the sale.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—A dispatch from Col. Pomeroy, dated Cape Girardeau, at 10 a. m., says the enemy are moving off fast, and Gen. McNeil is starting in pursuit. No doubt Gen. Van Dever will strike him to-day.

Another dispatch from Gen. McNeil some two hours later says "Gen. Van Dever attacked the repulsed enemy last night, taking a large number of prisoners, horses, arms, &c. I'm in pursuit of the flying enemy, who are retreating towards Bloomfield.

From Yazoo River.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The following dispatch has been received from Admiral Porter, dated Yazoo river, April 16th, with report from Lieutenant commanding T. F. Selfridge, off Arkansas river, April 4th, stating the arrival of the Curlew, Chocket, Rattler and Prairie Bird, also the ram. The Admiral in the course of his dispatch, says: I have force enough at Arkansas and White rivers to prevent any attack.

Order from Gen. Curtis.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—Gen. Curtis has issued an order of similar purport to Burnside's, but far more elaborate in definitions of offences, quoting from the highest military authorities and articles of war. All officers in this department are strictly enjoined to carry out the provisions of the order.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The bank statement for the week ending Saturday, indicates a decrease in loans of $1,945,500; a decrease in circulation of $634,000; an increase in specie of $413,311; an increase in deposits of $3,741,855.

Important Dispatches from General Grant, etc., etc.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The dispatches received by the President from Major General Grant and Adjutant General Thomas are dated Before Vicksburg, April 23d.

They announce on the evening before that six gunboats and twelve barges passed Vicksburg and Warrenton batteries, which opened terrifically upon the vessels. Bulldogs in Vicksburg, prepared for the occasion, were fired to light up the river to enable the rebel gunners to see the boats. Over five hundred shots were discharged at the fleet. None of the barges were hit. Only one steamer was injured badly enough to cause her to be abandoned. She floated three miles below Warrenton, when she grounded, but all hands on board were saved. Another steamer was somewhat injured, but can be easily repaired. To the credit of the troops, be it said, when some of the crews of the boats refused to take their chances in making the fearful trip, the former, belonging to Illinois regiments, volunteered to do the boatmen's work, the crews having been left behind.

This second splendid success of throwing a great land and naval force below Vicksburg, completely flanking the rebel position, was accomplished with the loss of only two men mortally wounded, and a few more, not exceeding ten, severely and slightly wounded. The pilots were made targets of by the rebel sharpshooters, who lined the shore. The former to prevent being splintered in case they were wounded, had their pilot houses removed, and exposed themselves to the enemy.

Gen. Grant telegraphs to the President that he considers their movement in view of its importance, the terrible fire to which the boats were exposed, and the slight loss of property and men, a magnificent success.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has returned from a visit to New York, where he made an arrangement to supply Indian tribes with the usual amount of blankets and other presents.

Congress, at its late session, made an appropriation preliminary to a treaty with the Sheshones, who have been lately committing depredations. The Indian Bureau will take measures to secure their friendship.

With the exceptions above mentioned, the Indians generally are peaceable.

The treaty recently made with the Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Camanches and others binds them to protect the overland mail route running through their territory.

The entire Cherokee country has nearly been recovered to loyalty, and all the refugees now in Southern Kansas will soon return to their homes, from which the rebels drove them.

An official army order is published to-day, naming eighteen officers who are requested to appear before the Military Commission, and make satisfactory defence for absence without proper authority, or be dismissed. In this connection, another order appears, giving the names of twenty-two officers previously advertised, saying they will not be dismissed, their defense being satisfactory. Such advertisements by the government will be continued.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has decided that all Promissory Notes whether under or over 20 dollars, are subject to stamp.

The two years portion of Volunteers of the 10th N. Y. Regiment, Col. Bendix, having been mustered out, arrived to-day from the Rappahannock.

From the Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April