Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 9.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	60	54
12 " M.	60	42
6 " P. M.		42
Barometer		29 8-29

Court Reports.

COMMON PLEAS, ORPHANS' COURT, &c.

PRESIDENT—HON. JAMES P. STERRETT.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE—HON. THOMAS MELLON.
ASSOCIATE LAW JUDGE—HON. E. H. STOWE.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE—HON. J. BROWN.
TERM DAYS—4th Monday of March; 1st Monday of June; 1st Monday of October; 4th Monday of December. Return days—First Monday of each month, and the first day of each term.
Trial list taken up on the first Monday of each month, embracing all causes at issue on the fourth Saturday preceding the first Monday of each month.
Sheriff's Sales, on the first day of each term.
Argument Lists taken up on the Monday succeeding the conclusion of jury trials.

District Court.

PRESIDENT—HON. M. HAMPTON.
ASSOCIATE—HON. H. W. WILLIAMS.
TERM DAYS—The fourth Monday of January, April, July and November. Return days—The first Monday of each month and the first day of each term.
Sheriff's Sales on the first day of each month.
ARGUMENT WEEK—Monday, April 6th, and every fifth week thereafter.
Trial calls for each day consist of the first ten open cases.

The Criminal Court.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Robt. Hague, charged with assault and battery on oath of Wm. Robb, the jury found a verdict of not guilty—but that each party pay one half the costs. It is understood that this verdict indirectly settles the right of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to manage and direct, absolutely and exclusively, the bedding of their stock cars, and that their agents or employees may use sufficient force to prevent any outside interference in this business.

Jas. Flanegin was arraigned upon a charge of stealing a pocket book, containing over $50, from M. Swartzwelder, Esq., at the tavern of Gottlieb Faas, in the Diamond. The pocket book also contained a promissory note, for $1,500, drawn by Messrs. Barnes & Co. upon Messrs. Lindsay & Co. Faas testified to having seen the defendant take the pocket book, and when the witness pursued him he ran away. The jury found a verdict of guilty, but recommended the defendant to the mercy of the Court.

William Stright, quite a small boy, was indicted for larceny, or rather for compelling James S. Cook, aged eleven years, by means of threats, to purloin money from his uncle, Mr. John Sanderson, of Allegheny, and also from Mr. Sanderson's son. Young Sanderson testified that Stright compelled him to take money from his uncle, under threats of violence, and that Stright had beaten him for not getting money. He commenced taking the money in September, and continued it, at intervals, until after New Year's, when he was found out. He could not tell the amount which he took, but there was a $10 and a $5 note among them. He never told any body about the beating until after the larceny was found out. At the conclusion of the testimony the Court adjourned.

Ladies' Tract Society of Allegheny.

The anniversary of the Ladies' Tract Society of Allegheny was held in Rev. Dr. Swift's church, March 7th, at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Bennett presided; Mr. Ewing; Secretary. Exercises commenced with prayer by Mr. Beldren.

Reports of the Secretary and Treasury were read and accepted.

Rev. Wm. McLaren made a beautiful and interesting address. Mr. Bennet and Mr. Houch also made appropriate remarks.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Rev. Dr. Prestly for his excellent sermon on behalf of the Society.

After singing the doxology the meeting was dismissed with the benediction.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS ELECTED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR:

President—Mrs. F. R. Brunot.
Vice President—Miss M. Herron.
Secretary—Miss R. Hays.
Treasurer—Miss A. Fleming.
Managers—Mrs. Cochran, Forrest, Trevor, Bryan, Breading, Gibson, Patterson; Misses Blackstock, Whitten, Pattinson, Bryan, Beck, Bell, Tassey, A. Kennedy, Sampson.

The report of the Treasurer, Mrs. Annabella Fleming, is as follows:

	DR.
Balance on hand at last settlement	$ 8 25
Monthly collections	212 10
Subscriptions	182 44
Donations	13 60
Premium on Silver	7 88
Collection at Annual Sermon	23 10
	$447 37
	CR.
By Cash remitted to Philadelphia	$184 98
do for drayage	2 20
do remitted to Philadelphia	230 59
Unsurrent note	2 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer	27 60
	$447 37

Debt of Society, $90 84.

The annual report is quite lengthy, and we can only find room for a few extracts:

The design of the Society is to promote the cause of evangelical religion by the circulation of tracts, by conversation and by prayer. Every family is to be visited once a month, and thus the *Word of Life* is carried to hundreds and thousands who never enter the house of God.

During the past year the society has disseminated 20,700 English, and 4,900 German *Messengers*: 48,700 English, and 19,789 German Tracts. About 5,700 families have been visited each month, and many children have been gathered into the Sabbath Schools. The field embraces the whole of Allegheny and Manchester, and part of Duquesne borough and Reserve township. Within the last year many have been sent to camps of soldiers near the city, and to different hospitals.

The labors of the past years have been of more than usual interest. The distributors have never been more freely welcomed. The tracts and papers are asked for with increasing interest.

In reference to the wants of the society, we gather the following from the report: There are more distributors needed, as the number is only seventy-two, quite too few for the extent of territory. The prayers and sympathy of the public are also solicited so that all may have more of the spirit of Christ. But the great need of the Society is *funds to carry on its operations*. There is a debt hanging over the Society which very much impedes its progress. An urgent appeal is made to the Christian public in behalf of the Society, and it is hoped that no labored argument is needed to incite prompt and generous action.

City Mortality.

The number of deaths in this city, from March 28th to April 5th, as reported by Dr. A. G. McCandless, physician to the Board of Health, is as follows:

Males, ... 9 | Adults, ... 8 | Total, ...18
Females, ... 9 | Children, ...10 |

The diseases were: Consumption, 4; dropsy, 2; paralysis, 1; unknown, 3; congestion, 1; inflammation of lungs, 1; scarlatina, 2; scrofula, 1; diptheria, 1; inflammation of brain, 1; croup, 1.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.—We call the attention of those who are seeking safe and profitable investments of money to the notice in to-day's paper of the day appointed for opening books of subscription to the "Cooper Fire Arms Manufacturing Company." The merits of the patented fire-arms of this Company, as compared with Colt's or any other, are so superior as to require no comment; and taking Colt's success as a criterion, we may safely predict for this concern a career of profit and usefulness unsurpassed even by that eminently successful establishment.

PARDONED.—David K. Bennett, convicted about one year ago of having attempted to produce abortion, on information of Miss McKee, and sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary, has been pardoned by the Governor, and was released from confinement yesterday, having served but eleven months.

IN referring to an advertisement of Dr. Bordman elsewhere, we would say that he has concluded to stay in Pittsburgh another week, and any person afflicted with corns or bunions will do well by calling at his office.

A Grand Review—Old Joe Hooker.

HEADQUARTERS 2D DIVISION, 6TH CORPS, April 4th, 1863.

Eds. Gazette: Yesterday we had one of those grand reviews which add so much interest to camp life, and I must say it was a *grand* affair. It was announced that General Hooker would review the troops of this Division (Gen. H. P. Howe's) and of course every man was out in his best style, and every officer was on his best behavior. The day was fair, the roads were in fair order, and the "great Tycoon," *fighting Joe Hooker*, was escorted to our division parade ground by the 20th New York Regiment. The commanding presence of the commander of the Army of the Potomac, the dashing aids and staff officers, and the soldierly bearing of the regimental escort, was a sight which would have made a civilian stand in amazement.

The salutations between Gen. Hooker and Gen. Howe were most cordial and expressive, and without halting the respective chieftains, followed by their aids and staff officers, rode rapidly to the right of the Division, and down the line in review. The General, with his vast cavalcade of attendants, then took a central position, where the entire Division might fall under his critical eye. He expressed himself highly gratified with the condition of the troops, remarking—"This is ahead of anything I have yet seen in the army of the Potomac." The movements of this Division were of such a character as to fully justify this flattering remark. Gen. Howe is one of the most able, accomplished and efficient officer in the service, and his *whole heart* is in the cause.

After the review, Gen. Hooker and a large number of officers of high rank held a short session in pleasant conversation at General Howe's quarters, after which he retired, fully impressed with the conviction that the Second Division of the Sixth Corps will do its whole duty when the day of battle rolls round. Gen. Hooker is full of hope and confidence—believes that he can march his troops to victory—and if he fails you may place me on the list of false prophets. I. V. H.
Lieut. 139th P. V. and A. C. S.

Mason Jones, the New Orator.

Four months ago there landed in New York a young Irishman, who forthwith proceeded to announce himself as a lecturer. He engaged Irving Hall and advertised an oration on Garibaldi. Some credentials which he had brought with him from London, to the effect that he had lectured before audiences composed of all the fashion and intelligence of the English metropolis, were instrumental in attracting the literary men of New York to hear his opening address. So well did the lecturer acquit himself, that in the newspapers of the next morning, Mason Jones figured prominently as a highly talented and most successful orator, who possessed the power of holding an audience to listen to him for two hours at a time; who was neither a bore, nor a braggart, nor a buffoon, but an educated gentleman, gifted with very extraordinary eloquence. Irving Hall proved too small to contain the thousands who desired to hear Mason Jones. He removed to the Academy of Music. His popularity increased so much, that on one occasion the seats were all sold before the doors were opened. On the evening of the lecture, no tickets were obtainable at the doors.

From New York Mason Jones went to Boston and to others of the chief cities of New England. As far as we can learn, success attended his footsteps wherever he went, and characterizes his orations up to the present time. Discarding the use of written notes to aid him, the orations of Mr. Jones are fitly named. He orates, not lectures. Those who have heard him, say that his voice is music and his eloquence overpowering.

The Lecture Committee of the Library Association, by dint of repeated applications, have induced Mr. Jones to give a lecture in this city. He will give his celebrated oration, "Garibaldi," next Friday evening, at Lafayette Hall.

THEATER.—Yankee Robinson had another good house last evening. He is undoubtedly the finest Yankee comedian on the stage, and is most unctuous and humorous in his broad portraitures of downeast peculiarities. The exciting drama, "the Days of '76," is again on the bill for to-night. Judging from the great hit it made on Monday evening, we may expect a full attendance at least on this occasion. The roaring comedy of "a Wife for a Day" will commence the evening's amusement. Yankee Robinson in both pieces.

THE CHILDREN.—The little folks seemingly enjoyed themselves wonderfully at the Polopticorama yesterday afternoon, and at the Saturday matinee we predict hundreds will be unable to obtain admission for want of room. The evenings are a perfect jam, at which we are not surprised, so make it convenient to go early.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.
A. F. CHATONY, General Agent, No. 18, Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

CHEAP CLOTHING AND WHERE TO BUY THEM.—The enterprising firm of Wm. H. McGee & Co., merchant tailors, corner of Federal and Diamond square, Allegheny, being fully aware of the extraordinary advance in Spring goods, have purchased last fall a beautiful assortment of cloth, cassimeres, vestings, &c., and they are now ready to open their Spring trade with superior articles, at greatly reduced prices. They will sell their goods by the yard if desired, and as they keep constantly on hand a large supply of ready made clothing, customers can be accommodated on demand, or have a neatly fitted suit to order. The work is all done under their supervision, and always warranted to purchasers.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.—Our affable young friends composing the firm of John Weier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 136 Federal street, Allegheny, have just opened the most extensive and recherche stock of spring and summer goods ever exhibited west of the mountains, comprising some of the most beautiful French and American Cassimeres, Cloths, Cashmeres, Marseilles, &c., &c., to be found in the eastern market. This enterprising firm has also a very large assortment of the latest styles of furnishing goods, and a considerable quantity ready-made clothing of superior quality. We advise our Allegheny patrons to call at this establishment, and see for themselves.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Samuel Graham, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has just returned from the East with his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Gentlemen desiring a stock to select from that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and their garments made in the most fashionable manner, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
SAMUEL GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor, No. 54 Market street, one door from Third.

A TREMENDOUS BUSINESS.—The *Scientific American*, in an article on the Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, states that upwards of 119,000 of them are now in use, and the demand for them to-day is greater than ever before. Messrs. Sumner & Co., agents for these machines here, have sold large numbers since the 1st of January—the reputation of the "Wheeler & Wilson" being now so well established the public will buy no other. They have a large stock of machines on hand just now, and any of our readers wanting anything of the kind should by all means examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

SEVEN HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS SICK IN CAMP!—Young men, be warned in time, supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT. They are guaranteed to cure the worst cases of sores, ulcers, scurvy, fevers and bowel complaints. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 218

IF YOU desire any repairs or alterations to your dwelling, or places of business call and leave your order at Cuthbert's Carpenter and Jobbing Shop, Virgin Alley, above Smithfield street. All work promptly attended to. †

OMNIBUS CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Reported for the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 7, 1863.

HOUSE.—The private calendar, consisting of one hundred and nine bills, was taken up on the first reading. Among the bills are the following:

Bill to authorize the Temperanceville and Noblestown Turnpike Road Company to increase their rates of toll. (Negatived.)

Bill for the relief of Martin B. Hartzell.

Bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Montgomery county. (Five years from the expiration of its present charter.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Chambersburg. (Five years. Capital stock to be increased from $256,838 30 to $260,000.)

Bill to increase the capital stock and extend the charter of the Allentown Bank. (To add to capital stock any sum not exceeding $200,000, in shares of $50 each. Length of charter to be extended not mentioned.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Northern Liberties, in the city of Philadelphia. (Five years.)

Bill to change the boundaries of Chartiers and Union townships, in the county of Allegheny.

Bill to incorporate the Iron City Coal Company.

Bill to incorporate the Petroleum Storage Company of Philadelphia.

Bill to incorporate the Western Insurance and Transportation Company.

Bill to regulate the storage of petroleum in the city of Philadelphia.

Bill to change the boundary lines of Lower St. Clair township in Allegheny county.

Bill to extend the charter of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Easton. (Five years.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Danville (Five years.)

Bill to extend the charter of the West Branch Bank at Williamsport. (Five years.)

Bill to incorporate the Scranton Bank. (Capital $200,000; 4,000 shares, of $50 each.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Honesdale Bank. (Five years.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Wyoming Bank at Wilkesbarre, in the county of Luzerne. (Five years. Capital stock to be increased by adding any sum not exceeding $50,000, in shares of $50 each.)

Bill to extend the charter of the Lebanon Bank. (Five years.)

Bill to extend the charter of the York Bank, (five years, to reduce the capital stock to an amount not less than $300,000, in such manner, and at such times as the board of directors shall deem expedient, provided that a majority of the shares of the capital stock shall at a meeting duly notified and convened for said purpose be voted in favor of said reduction).

Bill to incorporate the Bellefonte Bank, in the county of Centre. (Capital $100,000; right to increase the same to $200,000; shares $50 each.)

A further supplement to the act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, approved April 16, 1846.

Bill to incorporate the Kittanning and Oil City Railroad Company.

Bill to incorporate the Mahoning and Oil Creek Navigation Company.

Bill for the incorporation of the North Eastern Oil Railroad Company;

Bill appointing Commissioners to lay out a State road from Callensburg, Clarion county, to Oil City Venango county.

A supplement to an act to incorporate the borough of Titusville.

Bill to incorporate the Whitmer Navigation Company. (Clearfield county.)

Bill to incorporate the Union Navigation Company. (Clearfield county.)

Bill incorporating the Continental Express Company.

Bill to incorporate the American Association for promoting social science.

Bill to exempt certain property in New Brighton, Beaver county, from taxation. (Mr. Henry asked and obtained leave to substitute Senate Bill 701.)

The objected bills on the calendar are: Bill to extend the charter of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh; bill to incorporate the Philadelphia Commercial Wharf and Railroad Company.

Bill relating to the inspection of domestic distilled spirits was passed.

Bill relative to corporations for mechanical, manufacturing, mining and quarrying purposes, was, on motion of Mr. Gross, made the special order for to-morrow morning.

HARRISBURG, April 7, 1863.

HOUSE.—The following bills were passed in the afternoon session:

Bill for the relief of Martin B. Hartzell; bill to change the boundary of Chartiers and Union townships in the county of Allegheny; bill to incorporate the Iron City Coal Company; bill to incorporate the Petroleum Storage Company of Philadelphia; bill to incorporate the Western Insurance and Transportation Company; bill to authorise the Phila. and Erie R. R. Co. to issue to the city of Erie the stock of said railroad company in lieu of the stock of the Sunbury and Erie R. R. Co.; bill to change the boundary lines of Lower St. Clair township in Allegheny county; bill appointing commissioners to lay out a State road from Callensburg, Clarion county to Oil City, Venango county; supplement to an act to incorporate the borough of Titusville; bill to incorporate the Whitmer Navigation Company; bill to incorporate the Union Navigation Company; bill to incorporate the American Association for promoting social science; bill to exempt certain property in New Brighton, Beaver county, from taxation.

The postal expenses of the House for the last month was as follows: for letters sent, $35; for letters received, $6,73; for documents sent, $2214; for documents received, $45,67; Total, $2351 60.

Mr. Rex, of Montgomery, and Mr. Rowland of Pike, moved to appoint a committee of investigation to examine into the postage bill, to ascertain whether the charges were correct.

A communication from the city postmaster was read to the House, to the effect that it was not the duty of the postmaster to receive unpaid letters or documents (the mail matter of the House is sent to the Harrisburg Post Office with only the members franks on the letters or documents—the stamps being put on by clerks in the city post office.) that the charges of corruption, which Mr. Rex made, were false.

The Chair shortly after announced that the postmaster of Harrisburg had returned the documents and letters sent to the office for transportation to destinations.

The Chair at last appointed the following Committee of Investigation of the account referred to: Messrs. Rowland, (D.) of Pike, Laporte, (R.) of Bradford, Boyer, (D.) of Clearfield, Brown, (R.) of Mercer, Glenn, (D.) of Washington.

In the evening session, Mr. Jackson from the Select Committee, to whom was referred the bill to provide for the payment of moneys by those who conscientiously scruple to bear arms, reported the bill with an amendment in the shape of a new bill.

The first section of the bill provides that each person who took oath or affirmation that he had conscientious scruples against bearing arms in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, and by reason of said oath or affirmation was exempted, shall pay as an equivalent for personal service, $300,

Section two provides that the Commissioners appointed to execute the draft of the militia in the year 1862, shall within thirty days after the passage of this act furnish the Prothonotaries of the Courts of Common Pleas of the several cities and counties, a list of these persons in their respective cities and counties who took said oath or affirmation and who were by reason thereof exempted from bearing arms as aforesaid; and if any Commissioner shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section, it shall be the duty of the Prothonotaries of the proper city or county to notify the Governor of such failure, and the Governor thereupon shall cause a certified copy of the list of such persons so exempted in said city or county, to be sent to said Prothonotary.

Section three provides that it shall be the duty of the several Prothonotaries aforesaid, upon the receipt of said list, to enter the name of each person on said list, together with the amount of penalty aforesaid on his judgment docket, and the amount of said penalty shall be a lien upon the real estate of the persons found in said list, and the said Prothonotaries shall immediately publish a notice of said list in at least one newspaper in the respective city or county, once a week, for four successive weeks, and said notice shall contain a request for the payment of said sum of $300, and in case the sum shall not be paid to the Treasurer of the proper county within sixty days from the entry of said lien, the Commissioner of such county shall issue a scire facias or commence an action of debt on said lien, which said lien shall be proceeded in as in other actions of scire facias or debt; provided, that the defendant shall not be entitled to all defenses to which he would have been entitled to in an action to recover the said penalty without the entry of any lien.

Section four provides that the said moneys shall be paid into the county treasury for the use of the county.

Bill to regulate the storage of petroleum in the city of Philadelphia was passed. (It gives the City Councils of Philadelphia the authority to pass such ordinances as may be suitable to regulate the storage of petroleum outside of the densely built up portions of the city (north of Gunner's run and south of Mifflin street). None is to be stored within 500 feet of any dwelling house already erected, without the written consent of the owner.)

House bill No. 864, entitled a further supplement to the acts incorporating the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company, was lost. Vote on passage: Yeas, 20; nays, 72. (The bill was to provide for a railroad running from some point on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, in Warren county, to Oil City.)

SENATE.—Mr. Serrell presented a remonstrance of citizens of Pennsylvania against the passage of any law to prevent colored persons from entering the State.

Mr. Glatz, petition of citizens of York praying the passage of an act to prevent blacks and mulattoes from entering the State.

Mr. Connell, petition of citizens of Lancaster and Juniata counties praying for the passage of an act limiting the rates of freight on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On motion of Messrs. Kinsey and Connell, the following resolution:

That after to-day, the Senate will meet each morning at 10 o'clock, and that the Senate will hold afternoon sessions each day, commencing at 3 o'clock and closing at 5 o'clock; and evening sessions, commencing at 7½ o'clock and closing at 10 o'clock, except Saturday next.

The use of the hall of the Senate was given to the Second Lutheran Congregation of Harrisburg each Sunday from the adjournment of the Legislature to the first of August next. (The congregation, at present, have no suitable place of worship.)

The supplement to an act to provide for the adjudication and payment of certain military claims, approved April 16, 1862, was postponed for the present.

Bill relative to the term of office of school directors was also postponed for the present.

The following bills were passed: Bill to authorize the Governor to furnish tourniquets for the use of the soldiers of this State; bill to regulate railroad guages; bill to prevent the payment of workmen and laborers in orders upon storekeepers (yeas 24, nays 9); joint resolution to authorize the Governor to purchase ground sufficient for the erection and construction of a new magazine, and also for the proper repair and security of the present magazine; supplement to the act for the regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; bill to incorporate the Greensburg and Mt. Pleasant turnpike road company; bill to incorporate the Meadville Novelty Works; supplement to the act to reincorporate the New Brighton Water Company and enlarge its powers, approved April 8, 1848; bill in relation to feeding stock while awaiting transportation on railroads; bill to authorize the construction of a macadamized road on part of the Washington and Middletown road in the county of Washington; bill to confirm a certain contract between Edwin M. Lewis, of the city of Philadelphia, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; bill to incorporate the Sandy Lake Iron and Coal Company; bill to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Sonora Improvement Company.

Mr. Connell introduced a bill relative to escheats.

Mr. Donovan introduced a bill for the prevention of street peddling by young females.

The preamble to the bill reads thus: Whereas, female infants, under the pretence of selling refreshments and other merchandize carried about by them, frequent the streets, public buildings and other places in the city of Philadelphia, and practice lewd discourse, to the great injury of their own morals and to the harm and annoyance of the community, therefore be it enacted, &c.

MARRIED:

TARTTER—COFFEY—On Tuesday evening, 7th of April, at the residence of the bride's sister, in Allegheny, by Rev. Wm. A. Snively, Mr. CARL LOUIS TARTTER, of Philadelphia to Miss VIRGINIA COFFEY, of this city.

DITHRIDGE—DUNCAN—On Thursday evening, March 26th, by Rev. John G. Brown, E. D. DITHRIDGE to MATTIE B., daughter of James Duncan, Esq.

DIED:

BLAIR—On Tuesday morning, the 7th inst., at 1¼ o'clock, JOHN OUST BLAIR, in the 40th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No 595 Penn street, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

WOODHOUSE—On April 8th, 1863, ACHESON, son of Harlow and Jane Woodhouse, aged 4 years.

The funeral will take place on FRIDAY, 10th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., from No 57 Federal street, Allegheny City.

AUCTION SALES.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c., AT AUCTION.—THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at McClelland's Auction House, will be sold, a quantity of superior Furniture embracing Mahogany and Walnut French Bedsteads, Mahogany Hair Seat Chairs and Lounge, Walnut Hat Rack; one piece superior Tapestry Brussels, (nearly new,); three-ply Ingrain and Stair Carpets. Also other articles of Household Goods, &c. Also one Sewing Machine. Goods on exhibition from 8 to 10 o'clock, at which time the sale takes place. T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

WEBSTER STREET PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, April 14th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, Those four lots situate on the northwardly side of Webster street, adjoining the Methodist Burying Ground each having a front of 21 feet on Webster street, and extending back 127 feet to an alley 25 feet wide; being lots numbered 18, 9, 20 and 21 in Wray & Ryan's plan of lots.

TERMS OF SALE—One third cash; residue in one and two years, with interest.
ap9 J. G. DAVIS. Auct.

SEVENTH WARD LOTS AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, April 14th, at 7½ o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, Those three lots of ground situate at the corner of Miller street and Centre alley, each having a front of 20 feet on Miller street and extending back 100 feet; being lots Nos. 39, 40 and 41 in Stephen Colwell's plan.

TERMS—One-third cash; residue in one and two years, secured by bond and mortgage.
ap9 J. G. DAVIS. Auct.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—On THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, April 9th, at 2 o'clock, will be sold, at Davis' Auction, 54 Fifth street, a large quantity of Mahogany and Walnut Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Venitian Blinds, Bell, Kitchen Utensils and Furniture, &c. J. G. DAVIS, Auct.

SEWING MACHINES AT AUCTION.—On FRIDAY EVENING, April 10th, at eight o'clock, at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold

One new Singer Sewing Machine,
" " Parker do
" " Moore do
" " Williams & Orvis' Sewing Machine;
" " Quaker City do
" " Ulinger do
ap8 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

WALL PAPER.
No. 91 WOOD STREET,
Between Fourth and Fifth Streets, Second door below Diamond Alley.

Large assortment of SPRING GOODS, bought before the last great advance in price.

New styles of WALL PAPER, WINDOW BLINDS, UNGLAZED AND SATIN GREENS, TRANSPARENT CURTAINS, &c., &c.

A very large assortment of WHITE BLANKS, at 15 cents. Also, GLAZED WALL PAPER, handsome designs, at 25 cents, &c., &c., for sale by
mh21:1m THOMAS PALMER.

WANTED—By a practical business man, of sixteen years experience in this city, a situation as Book-keeper in any business or business house, or salesman or travelling agent for mercantile or manufacturing house, or will invest from three to ten thousand dollars and become either silent or active partner in the business. Address "W." for three days, at THIS OFFICE. ap8:3t

SITUATION WANTED.—A young man, (wounded in arm at Battle of Antietam, which prevents him from working at his trade,) wishes a situation at anything where heavy work is not required at present. Enquire at No. 257 Liberty street, or address "S. E. O., Box 549. Pittsburgh P. O." fe24:tf

ROBERT ASHWORTH,
No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET, Pittsburgh.
Forwarding & Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN OILS.
ILLUMINATING, LUBRICATING, CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL, &c, constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market prices. CONSIGNMENTS AND ORDERS SOLICITED. ap7:6m

THE PETITION OF WILLIAM BYRNES, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws. In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 6, June Term, 1863.

And now to wit, March 23, 1863, the Court fix the 15TH of APRIL NEXT, at 10 o'clock a. m., for a hearing in the above case. FROM THE RECORD.
Attest: HENRY HAYON, Prothonotary. mh27:tf

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—Will be sold, at a great reduction, a splendid
7 OCTAVE OCTAVE UPRIGHT PIANO,
Made by one of the best Paris makes. It is entirely new. Circumstances prevent the owner from taking it back with him to France, and hence his willingness to sacrifice on it. Apply to
ap4:1w A. DANSE, 91 Diamond street.

HEZLEP ALLEY.—Notice is hereby given that the statement of viewers appointed by the Councils of Allegheny, to view and assess damages and benefits arising from the opening of Hezlep's Alley, Third Ward, Allegheny, from its present terminus to Magee alley, was filed in the District Court of Allegheny county, for confirmation, on SATURDAY, April 4, 1863.
ap6:2w R. SCHOYER, Jr., Solicitor for the city of Allegheny.

REMOVAL.—FRANK VAN GORDER has removed his Produce and Commission Store to No. 126 SECOND STREET, six doors above the old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers. April 1, 1863. ap3

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, April 8, 1863.

DISPATCHES FROM GENERAL HUNTER.

General Halleck has received dispatches from General Hunter, to-day, dated April 3d. The combined forces were then at Stono Inlet waiting for good weather. It was then blowing a gale not likely to subside for two days. The reported landing in force on St. John's or Seabrook Islands therefore is incorrect.

DISPATCHES FROM ADMIRAL PORTER.

Dispatches from Admiral Porter have been received to-day giving a full account of Steel's Bayou or Deer Creek expeditions, which got within 800 yards of Rolling Fork, a branch of the Big Sunflower, whence there is plain sailing to the Yazoo, but there they were obliged to turn back, the channel being very difficult to navigate on account of the rifled cannon that is commanding the ditch, and the heavy bodies of infantry as well as the sharpshooters that are harrassing our men.

Gen. Sherman has not yet arrived.

Admiral Porter praises the soldiers, sailors and iron-clads, and recounts the terrible labors and dangers and the necessity of a retreat of seventy miles in twenty-four hours. The inhabitants are amazed at the appearance of the iron-clads, where never flat boat was before seen. The negroes are flocking to see them. A rebel government agent has burned more than twenty thousand bales of cotton, and Porter took all he saw marked "C. S. A.," besides bringing away enough to buy a gunboat. Numerous able bodied negroes came away with the soldiers, and the rest are utterly demoralized. It is a beautiful and rich country, and full of live stock and corn. Only one officer, Henry Sullivan, and Third Assistant Engineer Dalia were killed, and one severely wounded.

NOTHING FURTHER FROM CHARLESTON.

There is nothing further from Charleston. The impression is still prevalent that something was to have been done this week. The rebels at Fredericksburg take especial pains to keep us from getting their papers, a fact which is regarded as favorable for us, since, if we had been repulsed, they would have made haste to spread the news.

The tumble of gold in New York, to-day, was produced by the belief that the attack on Charleston is making or has been made, and that no news about it, is good news.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Payments to the army of the Potomac begin to-morrow.

Twelve light draught Monitors at $380,000 apiece have been contracted for, to be built in six months—two by A. Swift & Co., of Cincinnati, to be named the Klamath and Zuma.

The following are California appointments: Robert B. Swain, Superintendent of the Mint, vice R. J. Stevens, removed; S. J. Bridge, Appraiser, vice J. P. Rowe, resigned; H. M. Mitler, Appraiser, vice B. W. Mudge, removed.

A citizen of King Georges county recently came into our lines to escape mounted press gangs. He reports that a band of his neighbors are in the rebel service, and that they cross the river frequently, on vicious pretences, and play the part of spies. Some recently arrested were released.

Although the President recently said that the order is explicit requiring deserters to report at certain rendezvous before April 2d, yet they are constantly received back to their regiments on the Rappahannock without questions being asked.

AFFAIRS AT CHARLESTON.

Rebel papers are still difficult to be got at Norfolk or on the Rappahannock. The Government has, however, information that Richmond papers, of yesterday, contain telegrams from Charleston announcing the Monitors off the bars. The papers add: "The storm is about to burst! God help us!"

THE BRAZILIAN WEDDING.

At the marriage of the Brazilian Minister's daughter, to-day, the only Americans present were Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Seward.

FROM THE POTOMAC ARMY.

The roads in Virginia are still quite bad. Visitors who have been down report the army in splendid condition.

GENERAL STAHL

Has been authorised by Gen. Heintzelman to take stringent measures to stop giving aid and comfort to rebels within our lines.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Senor Prado, first Secretary of the Spanish Legation, has been appointed by that Government Charge d'Affairs to Quito. He was married to-day to a daughter of the Brazilian Minister.

Letters have been received from officers attached to the Charleston expedition written on the eve of the departure of the fleet, expressing themselves confident of success, and saying that such is the general feeling among both officers and men attached to the fleet. The Government has not yet received any information regarding events in that quarter.

An officer who arrived here to-day from the North Carolina coast, says that it was believed among our forces there that the information coming from what was believed a reliable source, that Gen. Longstreet sometime ago made application to Jeff. Davis for 50,000 troops for the purpose of clearing Albemarle Sound of the Union forces, and was informed that he could have 30,000 men from the army of the Rappahannock, but must obtain the remainder of that number from Gov. Vance of North Carolina. It is further reported that one of Hill's is in command. When this information reached Fortress Monroe, several days ago, assistance was sent to that point to our forces.

Another report on the Conduct of the War has been printed, and will soon be given to the public. It is on the subject of the battles of Ball Run and Ball's Bluff, and the conduct of the Western or Missouri Department.

The Committee also took testimony in relation to the Hatteras Inlet, Port Royal, Burnside and Accomac expeditions, the capture of New Orleans, the invasion of New Mexico, etc., etc.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that oil manufactured without distillation from parafine and benzole will be subject to a duty of three per centum advalorem. Coal illuminating oil manufactured by distillation or redistillation of benzole or parafine is subject to a duty of ten cents per gallon.

Gens. Barry and Hartsuff have been relieved from duty on the D'Utassy court martial, and Gens. Morrell and Cadwallader appointed in their places.

Cincinnati Boiler Makers on a Strike.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—The boiler makers here are on a strike, not for higher wages, but against oppressive rules.

Latest from Havana.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The advices from Havana, which dates to the 4th inst., contain no later news from Mexico.

The United States steamer Vanderbilt was at Havana. The Somona sailed on the 3d.

The English steamer Dolphin, captured on March 25th, off Porto Rico, by the United States steamer Wachusetts, arrived at Havana in a leaking condition, in charge of a prize crew. She was repaired and had sailed for Key West. The Dolphin is the vessel that was leaving Liverpool as the George Griswold arrived at that port with food for the English poor.

Several rebel vessels loaded with cotton had arrived at Havana.

The Havana sugar market was tame, with offers at 5¾@6 reals for No. 12 Clayed. A few lots sold as high as 6¼. There were no sales of Muscavado molasses; 3½ reals for clayed. The stock of sugars in port amounted to 237,000 boxes.

From the Army of the Potomac—Southern News.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April 8, 1863.

A review of a portion of the army of the Potomac took place to-day on the plain in the rear of Falmouth. Gen. Hooker, with his corps commanders, with their respective staffs, were present. The scene presented was undoubtedly one of the finest military pageants ever witnessed on this continent.

The Richmond papers of yesterday, the 7th inst., have been received. The main sentiment which is expressed by them is an exhortation to the people of the South to raise articles of food instead of cotton.

Among the telegrams published are the following:

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 4.—There is no additional news from the front this evening. Skirmishes with the enemy's pickets are of daily occurrence, but a general engagement is not considered imminent.

Jackson, Miss., April 4.—Reports from Port Hudson state that General Banks has fallen back. One division of his army is at Baton Rouge, and the remainder down the river.

Senatobia, Miss., April 4.—Richardson's guerrillas fought a regiment of the enemy at Somerville, killing and wounding eighty.

It is stated that five thousand troops recently left Memphis, ostensibly for Vicksburg, but after night they went North.

Vicksburg, April 4.—Everything is quiet to-night, and but few boats are in sight.

There is nothing new from the Yazoo.

A flag of truce was sent down to-day by the enemy. Its object has not been made public.

Charleston, April 5.—Important movements are taking place here, but for military reasons no particulars can yet be telegraphed.

The Richmond *Leader*, of the 7th, contains a leading editorial setting forth the obstacles which presents themselves in the way of opening a route inland to Yazoo, above Haine's Bluff.

Before adjournment of the Virginia Legislature, a resolution was passed appealing to every farmer to raise provisions beyond the usual amount, and enjoining frugality on the people in the use of food.

The Legislature of Texas has passed a bill assuming its proportion of the indebtedness of the Confederate government. They intend passing a bill to repeal the stay law of the State.

Richmond Markets.—Apples are quoted at $50 per bbl. Butter is in fair demand at $3 per pound. Bacon $1,40. Hams $1,45. Brandy $22@24 per gallon. Corn scarce at $7,50 per bushel. The meal market is bare at $8@10 per bushel. Candles $2,50@3 per pound. Coffee $4@4,50 per pound. Flour $31@36 per bbl., according to grade. Sole Leather $3,50@3,75 per pound. Sugar $1,20@1,30. Whisky $22@30 per gallon. Gold and Sterling Exchange $3,50@4 per centum premium, with little doing. Virginia Sixes $1,13 and interest. North Carolina, old, $1,70 to $1,75; ditto new Eights $1,50. Confederate Fifteen Million Loan Coupons $1,35 to $1,34; ditto Registered $1,20. Bank of Virginia; last sales at 80. Bank of the Commonwealth $1,15.

The Richmond *Sentinel*, of the 7th, has the following significant paragraph:

On yesterday morning eight monitors and iron-clads were off the Bar at Charleston. The brief but significant telegrams, which were received early the same day, and are published elsewhere, tells of their work. The long expected collision has probably come off ere this. The storm so long prepared for Charleston has burst at last. We shall publish the results as we learn them. We await the issue with buoyant hope, but not without the solicitude which the importance of the struggle warrants. May Heaven shield Charleston from all the rage of her enemies and ours.

The *Sentinel* editorially refers in ambiguous terms to a riot which took place in that city on last Thursday, which was of such magnitude as to cause the affair to be suppressed from publication. From the article referred to, it appears that the city was for a time at the control of a lawless mob of men and women, for the ostensible purpose of "saving men, for the ostensible purpose of saving themselves from starvation by breaking into stores, bakeries, &c.

The movement was headed by a female who the *Sentinel* says was above want, and the whole affair was simply to rob and plunder under the excuse of a scarcity of food. The movement appears to have originated from the high price of goods generally.

The *Sentinel* says that all the papers had agreed not to mention the matter.

The Mobile *Register* of the 29th, records the fact that a body of Union troops penetrated Pouchatoula, and dispersed a body of rebels there.

The Banks of Savannah have joined in a loan without interest, to relieve the suffering of the poor of that city.

Interesting from New Orleans.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The steamer Honduras arrived at New Orleans, previous to the departure of the steamer Columbia, from the Rio Grande with 260 Texas refugees.

On the 15th of March, a rebel force of 150 strong, crossed into Mexico at the mouth of the river, and captured Col. E. J. Davis, of the 1st Texas loyal cavalry, and Capt. Montgomery of the same regiment. The Mexican authorities demanded their release, and Col. Davis was given up, as were also three soldiers who were taken at the same time. Capt. Montgomery was retained; and private advices say that he will be hanged by the rebels, which report will doubtless prove true. Both Col. Davis and Capt. Montgomery were taken from the house of the Mexican commandant.

Three other officers narrowly escaped from falling into the hands of the rebels, and with half a dozen of Mexicans, succeeded in driving fifty of the rebels, and wounding three or four of them. Two or three of the latter died from the effects of their wounds.

The U. S. bark Arthur threw two shells into the rebel quarters on the night of the 25th of March.

The rebel Capt. Benvades had also crossed into Mexico, and burned a town near Guerrero. The rebel authorities were evidently in a state of great alarm, lest these acts in violation of neutrality, should involve them in hostility with Mexico.

Their troops are now concentrated near the mouth of the Rio Grande.

An American schooner, the vessel and cargo being valued at $35,000, was captured by the rebels near the Rio Grande.

The New Orleans *Era* says our informant saw a train of 600 carts of cotton on the way to Brownsville, Texas. These loads average six bales each.

Gov. Lubbock, of Texas, in a message to the Legislature of that State, declines a reelection, saying he wishes to take a more active part in the war. Some people affirm that he will leave the Confederacy as soon as his term of office expires.

He states in his message that Texas has furnished 87,000 troops for the rebel army, and the conscription law which has been adopted by the Legislature will add 27,000 thereto. Under this law there are no exemptions. Every man that can stand upon his feet will be forced into the army.

Most of the refugees who came to New Orleans in the steamer Honduras have enlisted in Col. Davis' regiment, and seventy-five deserters from the rebel army are awaiting transportation to do likewise.

There were 80 vessels at the mouth of the Rio Grande, hailing from all parts of the world.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The steamship Columbia, from New Orleans on the 1st, via Havana on the 4th inst., arrived at this port this evening.

There is no confirmation of the report that the rebels are evacuating Port Hudson.

The United States gunboat Diana had been captured by the rebels at Pattersonville, La. Capt. Peterson was killed, and Lieut. Allen, of General Weitzel's staff, wounded and taken prisoner. Masters Mate Dolliver, killed; Boatswains Mate Mumford, killed; Captain Jewell, of the 158th New York Regiment, wounded; Lieut. Hall, of the Diana, wounded; Lieut. Francis, of the 12th Connecticut, mortally wounded.

The soldiers aboard the Diana were Capt. Jewell's company, of the 168th New York, and Company K, of the 12th Regiment.

Ninety-nine of our men were paroled by the rebels.

Sales of 5-20s in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—The sales of 5-20s to-day amounted to $1,750,000, of which half a million dollars came from west of the Alleghenies. These subscriptions are coming direct from the popular heart and pocket, and they are the very best indication which could be given to the world of the strength and stability of our Government. Every loyal State is represented, from Maine to Minnesota and from Maryland to Missouri. With the ratio of increase for the past week, two millions per day will be reached without doubt.

Wreck of the Sloop Delaware.

BOSTON, April 8.—The sloop Delaware is ashore at Rocked Hill Bar with her bottom up. All hands have been lost.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 7.—The steamer S. R. Spaulding arrived here last evening from Hilton Head, and reports that our fleet had all sailed from that point for Charleston when she left.

The flag of truce boat Columbia left for City Point with 865 rebel prisoners for exchange.

The steamboat Sylvan Shore sailed for Washington this forenoon loaded with contrabands.

An expedition was sent out from Yorktown this morning, the result of which will probably be made known to-morrow.

The telegraph cable, between here and Cherrystone, was interrupted by storm last Saturday. It will be repaired as soon as the weather permits.

The bark Edisto will sail this afternoon.

Gen. Keyes visited Suffolk yesterday, and met with a very hearty reception from Gen. Peck.

A rebel cavalryman, who deserted and came into Norfolk yesterday, from the rebel army in the Black Water, says the Confederates are making arrangements to remove their capitol from Richmond to Chattanooga, Tenn.,—the scarcity of provisions and forage being the principal cause for this change.

Gen. Foster Cut Off.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The *Post* learns that on the 4th inst., Gen. Foster was at Little Washington, N. C., with a brigade, a regiment of North Carolinians and some other troops were virtually surrounded by the rebels who have erected batteries on Tar River, between Newbern and Little Washington, which the naval force of wooden gunboats are unable to pass.

It is understood that a battle has taken place between Gen. Foster and the rebels, but nothing definite is known of the fight, which was evidently conducted by the rebels from their batteries. Gen. Foster's means of defense are deemed ample, he having a fort and intrenchments, with sufficient ammunition and provisions. Large reinforcements are in transports below the batteries unable to reach Gen. Foster for want of some naval force competent to take them. It is reported that Gen. Foster sent to Fortress Monroe sometime since for naval reinforcements. It is expected that troops would be sent to him from Suffolk.

Recovery of Stolen Money.

BALTIMORE, April 8.—The efforts to recover the $97,000 in Government securities, which were stolen from the safe of Adams Express Company, near Baltimore, on the 18th ult., have been most successful. All the parties, nine in number, have been arrested and are now confined in Fort McHenry. All of the securities, except $5,000 worth, were recovered, either from the persons of the thieves or the places where they concealed them. Great credit is due for this detection of criminals and recovery of the money, to Allen Pinkerton, of Chicago, detective agent, under whose direction the investigation has been conducted.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 8.—Col. O. H. Moore, of the 5th Michigan, has been appointed Provost Marshal of Louisville, vice Lieut. Col. Harney, who takes command of the Fourth Kentucky regiment.

Major Allen succeeds Maj. Chas. T. Larned a Chief Paymaster of the army of the Cumberland.

A Successful Expedition.

NASHVILLE, April 8.—The small expedition sent out by Gen. Mitchell, encountered a party of rebels at Ashland, Tenn., and captured four men and twelve horses.

All is quiet between Nashville and Clarksville.

The Bark John Bolton.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Advices from Laguira to the 15th ult. states that the bark John Bolton, from Philadelphia, had just arrived at that port.

Wisconsin Election.

MILWAUKEE, April 8.—The returns indicate the election of Judge Cottren, Democrat, to the Supreme Bench.

Arrival of the Steamer Celt.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The British steamer Celt arrived from Havre to-day with 674 bales of cotton.

Schooner Captured.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The schooner Clara was captured off Mobile Bar on the 25th ult., by the gunboat Kawaha.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—Cotton unsettled; sales of middling Upland at 70c. 500 bushels Cloverseed sold at $5,25@5,62½. Flour dull; sales of 1,000 barrels at $6@6,25 for superfine, $7 for extra, and $7,25@$8 for extra family. Rye Flour steady at $4,75, and Corn Meal at $4. Wheat is in limited request, with sales of 3,000 bushels red at $1,65@1,68, and white at $1,75@1,90. 2,000 bushels of Rye brought $1,10. Corn active, and 12,000 bushels yellow sold at 88c for yellow, and 92 for white. Oats sell freely at 80@81c. Coffee firm at 29@32 for Rio, and 33 for Laguayra. In Provision but little is doing. Whisky unsettled; sales at 46@47, and drudge at 45.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—Flour dull, and good superfine is offered at $5 65@5 75, but no buyers at over $5 50. Wheat is not inquired for. Corn has declined to 62@63c. and oats to 65c., and both dull. Whisky sold at 44c. Nothing done in provisions.

The large decline in gold in New York, announced at the opening of 'Change, stopped business effectually, and produced considerable emotion. Gold dropped to 140, and Demand Notes the same. Exchange steady.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Cotton dull at 65. Flour 10@15c.; 8,000 barrels sold; State $6 10@6 45, Ohio $7 10@7 35, and Southern $7 15@7 50. Wheat 1@2c lower; sales unimportant. Corn 1@2c. lower; sales 41,000 bush. at 85@90c. Beef dull. Pork heavy at $13 75@14. Lard dull. Whisky dull at 45½@46c.

AMUSEMENTS.

CLAPP, STANLEY & CO.'S
POLOPTICORAMA OF THE WAR,
Depicting every feature of interest from the
FIRING OF THE FIRST GUN DOWN TO THE BATTLE AT MURFREESBORO,
Interspersed with startling
DIORAMIC EFFECTS.
Brilliant Allegorical Representations and Life-Like Tableau, executed by Mayward, Lewis, and a corps of eminent artists, at
MASONIC HALL,
Commencing
MONDAY EVENING, April 6.

The horrors of the battle-field, fierce and deadly conflicts, the din of battle and the crash of war, are represented with life-like vividness. The thunder of the cannon, and the din of the battle-field fall upon the ear of the audience. The fire and smoke of the advancing hosts, and their desperate charges, are seen. The fearful work of carnage and death is presented with a distinctness and vividness mocking reality. By the aid of extensive and intricate machinery, mechanical appliances, chemical effects and ingenious dioramic accompaniments, never before introduced in this country, the audience can almost imagine themselves actual spectators of the sublime and stirring scenes represented. The surface of each view is so artistically arranged that the beholder may distinctly traverse with the eye an entire battle-field, or follow the movements of the Grand Army from the outbreak of the rebellion to the present time. Each scene will be illustrated with a graphic descriptive lecture.

Admission, 25 cents; Children 15 cents. Doors open at 7—commence at 7¾ o'clock. Carriages may be ordered at 9¾ o'clock.

Matinee on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 2¾ o'clock. ap2

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER .... WM. HENDERSON.
TREASURER .... H. OVERINGTON.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5 00; Single seats in Private Box, $1 00; Parquette and Dress Circle, Chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

Fourth night of the successful Comedian, "YANKEE ROBINSON," who will appear in two characters.

THIS (Thursday) EVENING,
Will be presented, the stirring American drama of
THE DAYS OF '76.
DARIUS DUTTON .... YANKEE ROBINSON.
RALPH .... C. FOSTER.
MR. GIBBONS .... MR. CHIPPENDALE.
SALLIE SCRUBBINS .... ANNIE EBERLE.
During the play, the celebrated
TRIAL DANCE .... By DARIUS AND SALLY.
Previous to the drama,
A WIFE FOR A DAY.
NATHAN .... YANKEE ROBINSON.

THE CONCERT FOR THE
BENEFIT OF THE
SUBSISTENCE COMMITTEE.

By the pupils and friends of Mr. C. Tetedoux, will take place at Masonic Hall on TUESDAY EVENING, April 21st.

Tickets can be had from the members of the Committee, and at the music and drug stores. Tickets, 50 cents. ap7