Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18.

Movements in South Carolina.

The difficulty arising out of the insubordination of Gen. NAGLEE was terminated by Gen. HUNTER ordering him and his staff to New York, thence to report to the War Department by letter.

The late bombardment of Fort M'Allister by the monitors Passaic, Patapsco and Nahant was not done with any expectation of reducing that fortification, but to teach the crews how to handle the vessels and guns in actual service. The distances were respectively 1200, 1600, and 1800 yards, or, say, ¾, ¾ and 1 mile. They used 11 and 15 inch guns.

The firing continued on both sides throughout the day, with interruptions at intervals of more or less duration. The rebels used all their guns, including several mortars, and fired rapidly, though with comparatively little precision.

The fire of the monitors was slow and deliberate. It being desired to obtain thorough tests of the ranges, accuracy of fire, and practicable elevation of the guns, good rather than quick shots were aimed at. The position of the vessels was also frequently changed, for the purpose of practice in their manœuvering under fire.

Upon the whole, it was rather a leisurely bombardment, than spirited offensive action on our part.

The Passaic was struck thirty-three times; the others not so frequently. No other damage than indentations was inflicted. Most of the missiles were broken into fragments upon or against the armor of the Passaic. One solid ten-inch shot fell unbroken upon the deck after striking the pilot-house. A thirteen-inch shell fell upon the deck, the weakest part of the vessel, without causing more than a crack.

The writer says the Patapsco and Nahant were hit repeatedly, though not as frequently as the Passaic. The injury done to them is not worth noticing.

The extent of the damage caused to the fort by our fire is, of course, not definitely known. The officers of the monitors, I understand, claim that they have demolished its parapet and dismounted several guns.

After the monitors withdrew, they returned to Hilton Head, where great preparations are going forward for some important expedition—no doubt Charleston. The most stringent orders have been issued by General HUNTER. We give one, which distinctly tells the officers and soldiers that they are about entering upon "active and very important service:"

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH, } HILTON HEAD, Fort Royal, S. C., March 5, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 16.—SOLDIERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH: After long and wearisome embarkation, due to causes over which no one in this Department had control, we have at length the cheering prospect of active and very important work.

Portions of the 10th Army Corps, you are stimulated by every consideration of honor to vie with the gallant men from the Department of North Carolina, who have been sent by Government to take part with you in the dangers and the glory of operations now pending.

Officers and men of the command, you are adjured to the performance of every duty. All who earn distinction, no matter how humble their positions, have my pledge that their services shall be honorably acknowledged, and the acknowledgment pressed to their advantage.

Commanding officers of divisions, brigades and regiments, in making their reports to these headquarters, will give the name of every officer and soldier of the rank of non-commissioned officer and soldier of their commands, who has attracted their observation as behaving with special gallantry or good conduct, in order that the names of all such may be published with honor at their own homes; and all who are thus mentioned may rely that no effort shall be lacking on the part of the Major General commanding to secure their promotion.

Should any officers neglect their men, or evince the least disposition to shrink at any moment from the proper responsibilities of their commission, they will be likewise reported and held amenable to the severest penalties denounced by military law for misconduct in presence of the enemy. *Should private soldiers distinguish themselves, while officers of the same command fail to commend, it would be treason to the country not to appear as exchange of places.*

The attention of all officers is earnestly called to article 47th, Revised Regulations for the Army, in relation to "Troops on board transports," paragraphs 861 and 863 of the article being of particular importance.

By order of DAVID HUNTER, Maj. Gen. commanding.

O. G. HALLIET, Ast. Ad'j. Gen. 10th Army Corps.

We have put in italics one sentence which will meet the approbation of every man who respects merit wherever found, and despises imbecility, poltroonery and cowardice, even though sheltered beneath tinsel and epaulets.

Gen. HUNTER has issued another order, enrolling all the male negroes between the ages of 18 and 50, who are not already in the service in some capacity. The object of this is, as the General expresses it, to place garrisons of thoroughly acclimated troops in the Southern forts and posts of this Department, in order that the troops now there may be used in the more active field operations for which they are better suited—such forts and posts being peculiarly liable to the ravages of climatic and epidemic diseases.

NEGRO TROOPS IN THE INTERIOR.

The correspondent of the New York *Tribune* furnishes the following rather startling announcement:

The organs of conservatism seem to have all been shocked into virtuous indignation by my announcement that Gen. Hunter was about fighting insurrection with insurrection, by sending a powerful expedition into the interior of one of the States comprised in his Department, in order to induce the slave population to rise in arms against their oppressors. Well, what do their hypocritical pleas in the name of a bogus humanity amount to? The deed is done. That "silly and sanguinary hoax" has before this proved to be a dire reality. Cols. Higginson and Montgomery, at the head of 1,000 well armed, drilled and disciplined blacks, and with muskets enough to arm several thousand more, after landing at Fernandina, ascended the St. Mary's river on Monday last, and, I have reason to believe, are at this time far from the coast, upon Georgia soil.

The great problem of fighting a rebellion which sprung out of slavery with freed slaves is about to be tested and solved. It was plain to every mind capable of marking the progress of events that this must necessarily take place sooner or later, if the rebels persisted in their iniquitous course. Those two colonels, at the head of this body of well-disciplined blacks as a nucleus, will gather around them a body of determined men, with whom the fight will be literally "victory or death." We shall now see whether the negroes, in war, will be more or less barbarous than their late owners. But one thing is certain—no army of white men could create such a panic in those regions, so densely populated by colored men, as will this dark human cloud, which will gather volume and blackness as it advances. Most fervently do we hope that no act of wanton cruelty will mark their path as the liberators of their enslaved brethren.

THE PRIZE QUEEN OF THE WAVE.—A Port Royal correspondent of the Baltimore *American* says the cargo of the British steamer Queen of the Wave, stranded and captured while attempting to run into Georgetown, S. C., is very valuable, consisting in good part of ammunition. The vessel is said to have been built by the builders of the Great Eastern, and her machinery is a model of hers in miniature.

The Polish Revolution.—A Work by M. Montalembert.

The latest news from Poland is to the 27th of February. On the 19th General Mieroslawski assumed command of the Polish forces, by direction of the Provisional Government, and it is reported that Gen. Dembinski has set out from France with large means for the support of the insurgents, and that General Klapka, the Hungarian patriot, is also on his way to Poland. A stirring appeal from Garibaldi in behalf of the Poles is published. More fighting is reported; the Russians having been severely repulsed at several points, and in one instance after a five hours' battle. Meanwhile, the liberal party in the Prussian legislature have carried a resolution in favor of strict neutrality by a large majority, and the English, French and Italian governments have given decided expression to their disapprobation of the Prussian alliance with Russia.

The latest advices from Paris report a forthcoming work on the Polish insurrection from the pen of M. de Montalembert, who visited Poland eighteen months ago. Montalembert contends that the revolution "grows each day more serious, more widespread and more formidable than any one at first supposed," and adds:

"The insurgents count by thousands. Not a man, not a woman, throughout the length and breadth of old Poland but whose heart's beat for them. They capture and hold towns, camps and fortified posts. Dispersed over the surface of the kingdom, in the depth of the forest, along the marsh, the moor, and the lake, they spread onward to the Lithuanian provinces. The official bulletins report them vanquished wherever they are met with; but they reappear everywhere and show discouragement nowhere. These desperadoes act not only like dauntless warriors, but like honest men and like gentlemen. They send, with many excuses, to the Grand Duchess Constantine her letters which they had intercepted, while the Russian Generals, worthy rivals of the Pinellis and the Fumellis, reply by massacre, fire and extermination."

He insists that it is the strict duty and obligation of France to help the Poles in their struggle, but that there is no necessity of going to war in order to render them that service, for a purely moral intervention would, in his opinion, suffice. The concluding passage of the work is in these eloquent words:

"Thus, then, whatever be the issue of the sanguinary crisis which has broken out, Poland may be reassured and may count upon the future. She has for her two impossibilities, of which one, at least, will be her 'safety—impossibility for the Emperor Alexander to keep Poland in the servitude which he has the glorious project of destroying in Russia—impossibility for the Emperor Napoleon to remain deaf forever to the cry of anguish of the noblest and the most innocent of victims. This magnificent people will not descend into the tomb in 1863 any more than in 1831. They have confidence in God; they preserve, they remind, and they impose on a grateful and instinctive Europe their history and their invincible hopes. They do not wish to perish, and they shall not perish.

"If, however, our confidence be betrayed, if our efforts be vain, if modern civilization, which has suppressed the torture, the hideous torture of persons, accused or guilty, be not in a position to rescue an innocent nation of, 20,000,000 men and women, from permanent or periodical torture; if the age which has decreed the abolition of the slave trade, and which sees the obstinate remains of it buried in the bloody fields of America, have rooted in Europe the slavery of a great Christian people—if all end here, I do not and I will not say what will be the verdict of history, and what the conscience of mankind will feel. It is not because I am not free to say it that I am silent. My thoughts soar far above, and far beyond all questions of party, of government, of dynasties. It is anguish of heart that stops me. I am less impatient with governments than with the coldness or indifference of the public, with the frivolous and pusillanimous apathy of a country observed, incapable either of opposing a serious resistance to the impartiality energetic movements of those who have the formidable honor of being charged with its destinies. I think that we shall appear to those who disinter from history the deeds and exploits of our own time like the debased Roman whose house was cleared last year at Pompeii from the ashes of Vesuvius. That Roman had graven on his portal these words of ignoble arrogance—*'Sales Lucro.'* But these words did not prevent his house from being swallowed up—little thinking that eighteen centuries later this vile motto would be exhibited to the scornful pity of posterity."

American Slavery as Seen by an Eminent Englishman.

Professor NEWMAN, one of the most eminent and accomplished men in England, and Professor in the London University, in a letter to the editor of the Plymouth *Morning News*, vindicates with much earnestness and ability the Government of the United States in its great struggle for national unity. In common with all sensible men throughout the world, he charges the war to slavery, and says: "The Southern leaders have a bad cause; they revolted in order to strengthen and extend Slavery." We quote his two concluding paragraphs:

"Why a man who abhors perjury and tyranny in Austria should be called on by you to explain why he abhors perjury and tyranny in Southern slaveholders also, I do not understand. I know that the yoke of Austria is heavy; but I never heard that the worst of Austrian tyrants ever treated men and women as 'mere chattels,' ever allowed a whipping-machine to be set up, ever denied to young girls the rights of chastity; ever permitted men to breed at pleasure out of women mere cattle for the human market; ever allowed men to sell their own daughters into prostitution, or any of the other hideous enormities justified by the code of South Carolina, against all who have one drop of African blood in them.

"You greatly pity, it seems, the women of New Orleans, because Gen. Butler restrained their rudeness by a rude order. I do not. Women who are zealous for a system in which young girls may be thrust in pieces with the lash, in which their chastity is trampled under foot, and maternal feelings outraged, such women will have no pity from me if they suffer something far worse than rude words. I have much more to say, if I were defending the North in general; but I have said enough to vindicate my own consistency as a hater of tyranny. I sum up all in one sentence. The success of the South will be the triumph of the worst tyranny that the world ever saw. The success of the North will be the establishment of a nobler freedom than the world has yet seen."

SIGNIFICANT.—During the delivery of the address of Professor McCoy at the Academy of Music, on Thursday night last, a pause occurred, when cheers were called for Major Gen. Butler. These were given with a hearty good will, and were followed with cheers for Rosecrans, Hooker, and other *loyal* officers in the army. A "copperhead" in the rear of the parquette circle called out, "Three cheers for McClellan." This was greeted, not by a single "viva," but with a hearty "hiss" throughout the entire building. The fact was significant, and shows that at last the people have measured not only the caliber of the "Napoleon of the swamp," but his want of loyalty to the cause in which he was supposed to be engaged. When will the papers that he brings him to trial? Not for his blunders, but for his perfidy.—*Philadelphia Daily News.*

THE GREAT EASTERN is advertised to leave Liverpool on the 4th of April, and from New York on the 25th of that month.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS.

WE A. HERRON, of Pitt Township, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Courts of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention. mh11:td

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MISS M. MARKHAM'S SELECT SCHOOL, AT OAKLAND, Spring Session will commence MONDAY, March 23, 1863. For particulars see Circulars, to be had at the Book Stores. mh18:2t

JOURNEYMEN PLANTERERS' MEETING.—A meeting of the Journeymen Plasterers of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity will be held at TAMMANY HALL, 1st Ohio street, above Rock Common, on THURSDAY EVENING, 19th instant, at 7½ o'clock. A large attendance is solicited, as business of importance will be transacted. MANY PLASTERERS.

AN ELECTION for President and six Directors of the Manchester Savings Bank will be held at the Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of March, 1863, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m.

THOS. E. UPDIKE, Cashier. Manchester, Feb. 25th, 1863:td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. CO., CANAL DEPARTMENT.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company hereby gives public notice, to all whom it may concern, that in pursuance of the power and authority conferred upon it by sundry provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works," approved May 16th, 1857, it will, on the first day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, abandon so much of the Western Division of the Canal, lately forming a part of the Main Line of the Public Works, and as lies between Blairsville and Johnstown, (commonly known as the "Upper Western Division,") together also with such lands, feeders and reservoirs lying west of Johnstown, as pertains to or are used in connection with said Upper Western Division.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Witness the seal of the said Company, the 25th day of February, A. D. 1863.

J. EDGAR THOMSON, Pres'dent.

mh25:tmy1

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. They purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to change of water and diet. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours. They strengthen the system and cultivate the mind. They prevent contagion and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach. They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache. They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong; they are exhaustless. Ganahan Saltpeter. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Druggists. DRAKE & CO., 374 Broadway, New York. feb28mwfs

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a pardon for JAS. BUCKLEY, convicted of burglary, and now in the Western Penitentiary, will be applied for as soon as properly prepared. mh18:6td

LOST.—From the Wharf, Wheeling Packet Landing, THIRTEEN OIL BARRELS, marked "S;" pine stripe in the head. Supposed to have been hauled by mistake. J. H. HOWAT. mh18 No. 10 Smithfield street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—300 MEN: CAULKERS, RIVETERS, DRILLERS and LABORERS. The best of wages given. Apply immediately at the Schoolcraft Yard of ROBT. HAMTURFER & CO., on the Monongahela River, near Soho Bridge. mh18:6w

FOR SALE.—A large, convenient and well finished THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Centre Avenue No. 116, opposite the residence of the Hon. J. K. Moorhead. Lot 40 by 180 feet. Enquire at 142 WOOD STREET, corner of Virgin alley. mh18:1w

W. K. McNULTY. JOHN B. JENNINGS.

McNULTY & JENNINGS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLLECTING AND LAND AGENTS, DUBUQUE, IOWA. mh18:6m

ICE FOR SALE.—Two hundred tons of SPRING WATER ICE FOR SALE.

Inquire of JOHN F. PREGAR & CO., Squaw Run, three miles above Sharpsburg, mh17:1w&d2w Or along the Canal.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber will sell a Farm located on Coal Hill and Upper St. Clair Turnpike, (leading to Washington,) about nine miles from Pittsburgh, containing 175 acres. It is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, and would sell well for a dairy. Improvements good. It is one of the best farms in the neighborhood. Price low and terms easy.

WM. ESPY. mh17:1mos&w7

BUSINESS NOTICE.—In view of the late reverses in Real Estate in Iowa, we have, at great expense, added to our Land Department a Descriptive Record of over 600,000 Acres of Land in Iowa, and are now better prepared to operate in Buying and selling Real Estate, Collecting and Settling Claims, and do a general business of that nature, than any other house in the State.

CHAPLINE, BURTON & CO., Auction and Commission Merchants, Dubuque, Iowa. mh14:1m

CALORIC GENERATOR, A CURE FOR SMOKY FIRE-PLACES.

This improvement has been gotten up not haphazard, but is the result of study, experimenting, labor and expense. Those annoyed with smoky fire places will please call; if not satisfactory at the end of ten days, the apparatus taken out and no charge. STEVENS & CO., 81 St. Clair street. mh8

UNITED STATES EXCISE TAXES. The JANUARY LIST, of United States Excise Taxes, for the Twenty-Third District, Pa., has been stricken, and is now due and payable at the Internal Revenue Office, WATER STREET, next door to the City Treasury, Allegheny.

DAVID H. WHITE, mh14 Collector of the 23d District, Penn'a.

REVOLVERS. Colt's Old and New Model; Cooper's Double Action; Smith & Wesson's Cartridge; Allen & Wheelock's do; Sharp's do; For sale by JAMES BOWN, mh15 No. 136 Wood street.

SAMUEL FERGUSON, SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. OFFICE, EAST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND, between Union street and Market. Office open WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. mh4

BROOMS! BROOMS! 100 dozen Hotel Fancy Chickasaw Broom 100 do Medium " " " 50 do Medium Hurl " " " 25 do Hickory Brooms, Just received and for sale by FRANK VAN GOSE, mh18 114 Second street.

CONSIGNMENTS. 200 bush. Early Rose Potatoes; 200 do. Prince Albert do; 100 do. prime Peaches, halves; 100 bbls. prime Russet Apples; 100 do Lake Shore Apples, sort; 5 do Eggs. Just received and for sale by FRANK VAN GOSE, mh18 114 2nd street.

BUTTER.—1,000 lbs. Fresh EGGS.—50 bbls. Fresh; PEACHES.—100 bush. Halves; BAGS.—500 Ea. White; Now receiving and for sale by H. RIDDLE, No. 1 Liberty street.

ALL WOOL DE LAINS of the best quality, for 50 cents per yard. LANE, MOOT & CO.'S, mh9:xmis 140 Federal st., Allegheny City.

UNITED STAT. REVENUE STAMPS.—A full assortment for sale at the office of Internal Revenue, WATER STREET, next door to City Treasury, Penn'a. mh18 DAVID H. WHITE, Collector.

FISH.—100 half bbls. Lake Herring; 50 " " White Fish; Just received and for sale by H. HEATON, 18 Diamond. mh14

CALICO, good qds, can be bought for 10 cents per yard at L. MAGDOT & CO.'S, mh7:xmis 140 Federal street, Allegheny City.

CHLORATE PASH.—600 lbs. English for sale by D. A. FAHNESTOCK, SON & CO., mh13 corner First and Wood streets.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—300 cases for sale by D. A. FAHNESTOCK, SON & CO., mh13 corner First and Wood streets.

POT CLAY.—5 bbls. Missouri Clay landing and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. mh13

LIME.—100 bbls. fresh this day receiving and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

CEMENT.—5 bbls. No. 1 for sale by mh13 HENRY H. COLLINS.

LAND PLASTER.—50 bbls. received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

COOPERS AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS for sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street. mh14

DE LAINS, for 18½c. per yard at LANE, MOOT & CO.'S. mh9:xmis

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOW FLAXSEED! SOW FLAXSEED! 4,000 TONS FLAX STRAW WANTED!

The prevailing high price for all fabrics of Cotton, growing out of the difficulty of procuring the customary supplies of the raw material, has induced the undersigned to resume the business commenced by them several years since of manufacturing what is known as "FLAX COTTON." If the farmers of this neighborhood can be induced to lend their cooperation by furnishing the requisite amount of Flax Straw, it is believed the enterprise will be crowned with success, and it is the desire of the whole people greatly promoted thereby.

In many sections of the West, Flax has for several years been successfully cultivated, almost exclusively for the seed, at a time, too, when the current value of seed ranged from *one dollar to one dollar and fifty cents* per bushel.

At the present time, when Flaxseed sells for four dollars per bushel, the inducement to cultivate the article is very greatly increased.

It is estimated that an acre of fair average land will, under proper cultivation, produce from 25 to 30 bushels of seed, and about two tons of straw.

The undersigned, therefore, desire to invite the attention of farmers to the subject, and to say they will be prepared to purchase, the present season, not less than 1,000 tons of FLAX STRAW, and may require three or four times that quantity, for which a liberal price will be paid.

For further particulars inquire of

H. CHILDS & CO., No. 128 Wood street, Pittsburgh; E. T. KENNEDY & BRO., "Pearl Mill," Allegheny City.

mh18:4td2w&F

THE CONSCRIPTION ACT, Complete, Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price, only 5 cents, at JOHN P. HUNTS.

THE IRON FURNACE; OR, SLAVERY AND SECESSION. By John Hill Aughey. Just published. For sale at HUNTS.

The new style PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS now ready, at HUNTS.

APRIL MAGAZINES for sale at HUNTS.

"HOW A FREE PEOPLE CONDUCT A LONG WAR," "NORTHERN INTEREST AND SOUTHERN INDEPENDENCE," "MUST THE WAR GO ON," &c., price 15 cents, at HUNTS.

MME DEMOREST'S SPRING FASHIONS, at HUNTS. mh16

THE GREATEST EXCITMENT with every one in our city is to know what S. T.—1860—X. means. The secret can be explained at FULTON'S DRUG STORE, Fifth Street, Where the rush for PLANTATION BITTERS Has been unparalleled in the history of Patent Medicines. It has had such immense sale, and no medicine has given the universal satisfaction as that DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS has done for every one who has tried it.

The sale of these Bitters was at first confined to our extreme Southern cities, but they are now becoming well known throughout the world, and are recommended with the most unbounded confidence for all complaints originating from a disorganized or diseased stomach—such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Nervous Affections, Loss of Appetite, Intermittent Fevers, Diarrhœa, Sour Stomach, Head-ache, Fever and Ague, Weakness.

That you may be your own judge of the efficacy of these celebrated Plantation Bitters, we annex a partial list of the articles of which they are composed:

ST. CROIX RUM.

The tonic properties of pure St. Croix Rum are well known and it has long been recommended by physicians, it is manufactured from the Sugar Cane Plant, and that we use is selected with great care from the estate of a few planters in the interior of that island.

CALISAYA, OR KING'S BARK.

In 1638, were told that an Englishman, by the name of Sir John Talbott, employed it with great success in France, in the treatment of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Loss of Appetite, Weakness and Debility, Palpitation of the Heart, Diarrœa, etc., under the name of Anglica Febrifuge. At length, in the year 1679, he sold the secret of intrigue and preparation to Louis XIV., by whom I was divided. It is now a standard, and is employed in the preparation of the Plantation Bitters.

CASCARILLA BARK

Is another important ingredient. It was known in Germany as early as 1790, and much used as a substitute for Peruvian Syrup. It is employed as a gentle stimulant and tonic, in Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Colic, Dysentery, and diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

DANDELION

Is used for inflamation of the Loins and Spine, in cases of Hydrophecation and Dropsical Affections, dependent upon obstructions of the abdominal viscera, and derangement of the digestive organs generally.

CAMOMILE FLOWERS.

Used for excited digestion and want of appetite. A Spanish writer says "it never fails to relieve Intermittent Fever, Hæmorrhoids, Disturbed Sleep, etc., and that is used with great effect by the Brazilians, Spaniards of Peru and the Belgians in their coffee, and boast it imparts cheerfulness to the disposition, and illiancy to the complexion."

These are the secrets of the immediate sale of the Plantation Bitters in their tested purity. The St. Croix Rum, as every article used, is warranted *perfectly pure.*

FOR SALE AT J. J. FULTON'S DRUG STORE, FIFTH STREET.

PERSIAN KID GLOVE CLEANER, Will clean White, Black and Colored Gloves. At 25 cents per bottle. For sale at FULTON'S DRUG STORE.

THE LITTLE WEDDING. CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF MR. AND MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB. Also, the Little Bridesmaid and Groomsman, (MINNIE WARREN and COMMODORE NUTT,) in fifty different kinds, 25 cents each.

Mrs. Gen. TOM THUMB in her Wedding, Reception, Traveling, Visiting, and other dresses.

The GENERAL in various styles of costume.

TOM THUMB AND WIFE, on one card.

Miss MINNIE WARREN, (the Sharpe of New York,) sister of Mrs. Tom Thumb, only 26 inches high, and weighs but 19 pounds.

COMMODORE NUTT, (the $20,000 Nutt,) smaller than Tom Thumb.

Mrs. Gen. TOM THUMB and Miss LAVINIA WARREN, on one card.

Also, 10,000 CARD PHOTOGRAPHS, of prominent Generals, Statesmen, Lawyers, Actresses, Actors, copies of the Pictures, Engravings, &c.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, all styles and prices; the largest assortment always on hand.

J. W. PITTOCK, Bookseller, Stationer and Newsdealer, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. mh8

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, IN CRUDE & REFINED PETROLEUM, No. 19 IRWIN STREET, PITTSBURGH.

☞Liberal cash advances on consignments for Pittsburgh or Eastern Markets.

PITTSBURGH REFERENCES: Messrs. J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Brahmin Harraden, Esq., Thompson Bell, Esq., Pres't Commercial Bank.

MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY.—NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Persons holding Bonds of the Monongahela Navigation Company, which fall due on the 1st January, 1863, are hereby notified to present or send them for payment at the Bank of Pittsburgh, or at the Office of the Secretary, in the City of Pittsburgh, as these Bonds do not bear interest after maturity.

Persons holding Bonds of said Company maturing on 1st July, 1875, are permitted to exchange them for the Coupon Bonds of the Company, for $1,000 each, dated 1st July, 1863, by application to the Secretary. These new Bonds, being secured by Mortgage, (which the others are not,) the Company make this arrangement to place all of their Bondholders on an equal footing; the Coupons of the Most of the same due in 1875 have been already exchanged.

By order of the Board. WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Secretary. ☞Office, No. 75 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh. mh14:3t

BROOMS.—4 bbls Eggs; 4 do. Rel Butter; Just received by J. S. DILWORTH & CO., mh14 Wholesale Grocers, Second street.

WHITE LEAD, BLACK, LEAD, RED LEAD and LITHARGE, in store and for sale cheap by WOODSIDE & WALLACE, mh14 97 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.

EATON, MACRUM & CO., Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street, Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHAWLS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SOAPS, EPPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOLS; 6,000 lbs. KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive.

Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again.

N. B.—A choice assortment of Staple Dry Goods, At wholesale only. mh18

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

Whereas, a libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for said Western District of Pennsylvania, on this 7th day of March, A. D. 1863, by Robert B. Carnahan, Esquire, Attorney of the United States for said District, against one hundred and twenty barrels of coal oil, distilled and refined at the distillery of Wright, Hatch & Company, at the county of Erie, in said District, in a cause of forfeiture, alleging, in substance, That said Wright, Hatch & Company were, on the 22th day of February last, engaged at said place in the business of distilling and refining coal oil; that said coal oil was refined and distilled by them; that they caused the same to be removed for use, consumption and sale before the same had been inspected, gauged and proved, as required by the Act of Congress of July 1, 1862, in such case provided; and that the said barrels of coal oil were found in the possession of said Wright, Hatch & Company, for the purpose of sale, in fraud of and with the design to avoid the payment of the duties thereon prescribed by said Act of Congress; by reason whereof and by force of said Act the said property became forfeited to the United States, and praying condemnation of the same and due process of said Court:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said coal oil, stills, boilers, vats, tanks, receivers, and other vessels used in the distillation of coal oil, or who have any interest in or title to the same, or know or have anything to say why the same should not be condemned as forfeited, pursuant to the prayer of the said libel, and especially to the members of said firm of Wright, Hatch & Company, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held in and for said District, at Pittsburgh, on the SECOND TUESDAY OF APRIL NEXT, (1863,) at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, (if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and make their allegations in that behalf. A. MURDOCH, U. S. Marshal for Western District of Penn'a. Pittsburgh, March 7th, 1863. mh17:tap14

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A CARD.—Having made arrangements to operate before the Dental Colleges of the United States, and the various Dental Conventions for the purpose of bringing before the profession my APPARATUS FOR EXTRACTING TEETH WITHOUT PAIN, I shall consequently be obliged to be away from my office the greater part of next Spring and Summer, and that my patients may not be long detained, I have associated with me Mr. R. J. WAITE, a Dentist of well known ability in every branch of the profession, and whose elegant fillings are the admiration of the people wherever seen. Dr. Waite will be with me from April 1st, and will take the general charge of the office, leaving me free to devote my whole attention to executing such work as requires, and to the mechanical part of the profession. Persons who may have hitherto failed to have their Teeth extracted on account of pain on my part, or from defects in the apparatus, are assured that such difficulty no longer exists, as I have made many improvements, and with others my whole time is to it.

References in regard to the preeminence and safety of the operation given if desired, and from Messrs. Jones, Metcalf & Co., "assuring you that could neither at the time when the apparatus can be used to its best advantage. N. OUDEN, Dentist, mh18:6m 134 Smithfield street.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will expose to Public sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1863, all the following described lot of ground situate in the Sixth Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, viz: Beginning on the south side of Cliff street, at the corner of land of Robert Robb, on the line of lots numbered nine and ten in said Cliff street along said Robb's line 271 feet 9 inches to Bedford street; thence along Bedford street about 49 feet to lot No. 91 in the plan aforesaid; thence by the line of lot No. 91 and lot of A. W. Loomis, Esq., 278 feet 2 inches to Cliff street; and thence along Cliff street 48 feet to the place of beginning.

Also, All that certain lot No. 89 in Plan of lots laid out by Robert Robb, Trustee of J. D. Mahon and wife, situate in Pitt township, and containing in front on Centre Avenue 25 feet; and extending back, preserving the same width, 120 feet to John street. MARTHA M. IMBSTANTER, Guardian. mh18:3t

SPECIAL SALE OF A LARGE AND elegant collection of RARE AND BEAUTIFUL SEA SHELLS, AT THE MASONIC HALL AUCTION HOUSE, No. 55 Fifth street, to be sold without any reserve or limit—as to price, 20 cents, part of a recent shipment from London, England, of some of the most splendid MARINE SHELLS ever before witnessed in this city, with various other natural curiosities, comprising—

Corals, Cameos, Pearls, &c.,

Consisting of over 1,000 specimens, such as have never before been offered at Public Sale in Pittsburgh. A rare opportunity is now offered to the citizens. The public, and the ladies in particular, are invited to examine this magnificent assortment of curiosities from the

DOMINIONS OF OLD NATURE.

These are the Works of Nature, and no artist that ever lived could imitate them in shape or colors.

"THE WONDERS AND BEAUTIES OF THE MIGHTY DEEP."

☞The first sale takes place WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 18th, at 7½ o'clock, and continue on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at the same hour.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct. T. BOYTAR, Sole American Agent for the Co. mh14

LIQUID STOVE POLISH, THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE IN USE.

It needs no mixing. It has no smell whatever. It produces no dirt or dust. It preserves from rust. 7/8 produces a 1st black polish. It requires very little labor.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, mh11 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

FRUIT TREES, EVERGREENS, &c. Now is the time, if you want large, fine APPLE TREES, large EVERGREENS, &c., at low prices, to send on your order to MU RDOCH'S PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND NURSERIES. mh16

TO IRON MASTERS.—A Founder and Manager of Iron Furnaces, who has built and carried on some of the largest Iron furnaces in this State, and who is thoroughly acquainted with the manufacture of iron, both from anthracite and coke, desires a situation either to conc tracting or managing and carrying on iron furnaces. The most satisfactory references given as to character and thorough knowledge of the business. Address "BOX 2, Rear Post Office, Pa." mh6:10t

GOLD IS FALLING, But BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS Are advancing, so call and secure a bargain at BORLAND'S, No. 90 Market street. mh18

SALE AGENCY FOR HAINES BROS. NEW YORK PIANOS, No. 72 Fifth street. mh18 CHARLOTTE BLUHM.

DRY GOODS.

AT BARKER'S, 59 Market Street, SILKS, SHAWLS, MANTLES, SACQUES, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, AND DRESS GOODS In our usual variety, and at DECIDED BARGAINS. mh18

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND MILLINERS Are invited to call and examine our new stock of STRAW GOODS, MILLINERY GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, HEAD NETS, BRAIDS, BINDINGS AND NOTIONS, And compare prices before purchasing elsewhere. JOS. HORNE & CO., mh11 72 and 79 Market street.

AT RETAIL, AT HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE. POINT LACE COLLARS AND SETS; VALENCIA LACE COLLARS AND SETS; GRENADINE AND TISSUE VEILS; FANCY AND MOURNING VEILS, LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS; CRAPE COLLARS, LACE MITTS; VALENCIA, ENGRAD, LINEN & LYBLE EDG'S; SWISS COLLARS, CAMBRIC COLLARS; SWISS SETS, CAMBRIC SETS; CAM