LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

The late Fire--Continuation of the Inquest.

At ten o'clock Tuesday morning, Coroner M'Clung continued the investigation concerning the late fire on Penn street, by which three men were burnt to death.

Edward Brown, colored porter at the Wirts House, testified that after lighting old man Donaldson and one of the deceased soldiers to bed, about ten o'clock, he went to his home in Cherry Alley. He stated that the "Bantam" soldier, (supposed to be Burton or Barton) was forty-nine or fifty years of age; he was heavy built, and his hair and whiskers were white.

Humphrey Hill, colored waiter at the Wirts House, testified that he attended the saloon; was sitting in the bar-room when he heard something like the crash of glass up stairs; ran up, and met the blaze at the top of the third flight of stairs; he was confident that the fire originated in the fourth story; it was coming down the stairway when he got there, and it was impossible for any one to get up the stairway through the smoke and flame. He was the first one up, and heard persons in the rooms above scuffling to put the fire out. He then ran down to Wirts's room, and found him with his coat on; told him the whole place was on fire; then ran down and rang the gong as loud as he could. Heard persons scream: "save me; oh! save me."

Mr. Wirts was further examined in reference to the condition of the flue from which the fire is supposed to have originated. He stated that there was no tin or iron nailed over the flue hole, as it had been papered over by some one who previously occupied the place.

The Coroner remarked that he had examined the flue since the fire, and found it covered over with iron—nailed at the upper end and hanging loose below. He did not know, however, whether this was the same flue to which Mr. Wirts alluded.

The hotel register was here produced, and on it, under the head of Sunday, March 8th, was the name "Henry Hubard, Co. D, 149th Regiment." This was the name of the old soldier, described by the man who lighted him to bed. Under the same date, the name "James McClarran, Kittanning, Armstrong county," appears, and a little above the name "James McClarran," both written in the same hand. The name of "J. H. Walton," the witness who testified to having been in company with the Michigan soldier, is registered immediately under that of McClarran. It will be remembered that Walton testified that the deceased told him his name was McClarran, that he belonged to the 19th Michigan, and that he resided in Detroit, Michigan.

John Gaster testified that he kept tavern next door to the Wirts House; when he heard the alarm he ran up stairs in the Wirts House, and met a woman and child coming down; took the child and passed it to a watchman on the street; went back to help the woman out, and found the doors locked; five men were there present, and they broke the doors open; did not see Mr. Wirts until three o'clock in the morning; the fire broke out a quarter before one o'clock.

Mr. Hill was recalled and testified that the bar-room door was never locked, but the hall door was always kept locked; the hall door was broken open, but the bar-room door was then standing open; the bar-room door is double—one side being kept bolted inside; some young men came along soon after and broke open the other part of the bar-room door, to make it wider; Mr. Wirts was going about the house.

The inquest then adjourned until one o'clock in the afternoon.

A Gross Abuse of Power--Signing Commitments in Blank.

Our attention has been called to the fact that, although Mayor Sawyer has been absent from the city for a period of ten days, commitments for drunkenness, vagrancy and disorderly conduct, duly signed by him, have been daily sent up to the Jailor, ever since the Mayor left! From these commitments, one would suppose that "his Honor" was still in the city, exercising the functions of his office, while the truth is he is in New York.

Under the County Reform bill, all fees were cut off from police magistrates and officers, for the arrest of drunkards, vagrants and disorderly persons, unless these cases were brought before the Mayor of Pittsburgh or the Mayor of Allegheny, each of whom is paid a yearly sum out of the county treasury, in lieu of these fees. The object was to prevent the country from being swindled out of thousands of dollars annually, by magistrates and policemen who did little else than hunt for this class of cases.

Now it appears that the Mayor, previous to his departure, signed a large number of commitments, or blank, that Alderman Humbert, his deputy, might fill them up, and thus throw into the pockets of the police the usual fees for arresting and committing these cases. This is a very convenient arrangement, by which the tax payers may be bled during the absence of the Mayor, for the benefit of his police officers, or those who are to share in the spoils. But the proceeding, however profitable, is wholly illegal, and not one of the thirty or forty commitments sent up since the Mayor left, is worth the paper on which it is written. This morning, for instance, it appears that Thomas J. Foster is convicted "before me, B. C. Sawyer, Jr., Mayor," etc., for disorderly conduct, and in default of a fine of ten dollars is committed to jail, etc., by "B. C. Sawyer, Jr., Mayor." The fact is, Alderman Humbert is the acting Mayor, and as such should sentence and commit in his own name. He uses his own name in committing Court cases, where *fees are allowed*, while in vagrancy and disorderly cases, where *fees are by law prohibited* to aldermen, he uses the name of the Mayor. This is a very mean way of doing business, aside from being illegal, and the County Controller should make an effort to have the evil corrected in the future. We know that he promptly blocks all such contemptible games wherever he has the power to do so, and we have reason to believe that he will at least investigate the abuses to which we now allude. If payment of fees can be stopped on these commitments, it will doubtless be done.

Contraband Trade in Philadelphia--Important Arrests.

On Saturday last, Mr. Franklin, Chief of the Detectives of Philadelphia, received information that parties were engaged in supplying goods for the rebels by means of the Delaware railroad, running to Seaford at the head of the Nanticoke river, Delaware. He was also informed that there was then a lot of goods at Adams' Express office ready to be forwarded. A visit was paid to the Express office, and there he discovered several boxes, which, on examination, proved to contain about $10,000 worth of contraband goods directed to parties at Seaford and Bridgeville, on the Nanticoke river, which empties into the Chesapeake river, near its junction with the Potomac river, opposite Richmond county, Virginia.

Although the places above named are small villages, the boxes contained among other articles, 150 pounds of needles; 265 pounds of quinine and morphine, 150 pounds of chloroform; and a large number of surgical instruments.

Under instructions from the War Department, the Detectives arrested a Jew named Morris Solomon, the man who was charged with leaving the boxes at Adams' Express office. While the officers were conveying him to the Central Station, he broke away from them, and endeavored to escape. In a few minutes the greatest excitement prevailed in the neighborhood. A large crowd joined in the pursuit of the fugitive, and the cry of *stop thief*, as every step hastened his chance of escape, until finally he took refuge in a dwelling house. The officers entered after him, and for a few minutes they believed he had escaped. But on entering a bed room in the second story, where a sick woman was lying, the second was found secreted under the bedstead. He was then brought to the Central Station without further difficulty. He awaits the orders of the War Department. The police expect to secure all the parties engaged in this business. It is believed to have been carried on quite extensively for months past.

The Sixth Ward Soldiers' Aid Society will dispatch this week several boxes of hospital supplies to their own agent at Nashville, for distribution among the suffering sick and wounded in the hospitals of that city.

Eastern Penitentiary.—The number of convicts received into the Eastern Penitentiary in 1862, was 155, less by 24 than were received in 1861; and a falling off of 136 as compared with 1860.

Stamps on Promissory Notes.—As the season for sales of personal property is approaching, when large numbers of promissory notes are executed, it may be interesting to the public to know the scale of stamp duties which the law imposes upon such notes. It is as follows:

From $20 to $100	$ 05
" 100 to 200	10
" 200 to 300	15
" 300 to 500	20
" 500 to 750	30
" 750 to 1,000	40
" 1,000 to 1,500	60
" 1,500 to 2,000	80
" 2,000 to 5,000	1 00

The penalty for violating the law is $50, and the instrument is rendered invalid.

Coinage.—The coinage at the United States Mint for the month of February was, in gold, $367,068; in silver, $51,800; in copper, $49,500. The whole number of pieces coined during the month was five millions, seventy-one thousand, five hundred and ninety dollars. The number of cents coined was 4,950,000, and yet cents are so scarce as to command a premium of 20 per cent! The gold deposits from all sources were $215,391, and the silver $26,890, making a total deposit of $244,281.

The Conscription Law.—This important act, which almost everybody will desire to examine, is rendered very accessible to all, having been published in a neat small pamphlet, which is for sale at Hunt's, Masonic Hall, Fifth street. Price 5 cents.

Correction.—In a notice of the new market house in Allegheny, we stated that the plumbing was done by Messrs. Bailiff & Brown. This is not correct, the contract having been awarded to Messrs. Tate & Seville, 59 Federal street.

Second Ward, Allegheny, Relief Money will be paid to the soldiers' families residing in this Ward. They will receive their relief money on Friday afternoon next, in Dr. Swift's Church, at three o'clock.

Scarcity of Cents.—The scarcity of cents is felt by every storekeeper and business man, notwithstanding that about $2,600 worth are coined daily at the Mint.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

Senate--Extra Session.

Washington, March 10, 1863.

Senate.—The resolution of Mr. Anthony, of R. I., relative to a Committee on Manufacture, was taken from the table in the absence of other business, and placed upon its passage. It was rejected.

Mr. Dixon, of Conn., submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be, and that he is hereby directed to lay before the Senate the late report of Gen. Rosecrans of the battle of Murfreesboro, with the reports and documents which accompany it.

Mr. Sumner said he would not object to the resolution, but he deprecated a course which might open the way to business of a legislative character. This was an executive and not a legislative session of the Senate.

Mr. Dixon, of Conn., thought the resolution might probably be entertained, as there were precedents for it. In justice to the officers and men of these brilliant engagements, it should be adopted.

The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. Davis, of Ky., submitted the following resolution, which was laid over:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested by furnish the Senate at the commencement of the next session of Congress with a statement of the aggregate number, in each State and Territory and the District of Columbia, of all officers and employees in the civil service of the United States who are subject to be removed by any other officer, naming the officer having the power of removal. Also, the amount of all pay, salaries, and perquisites or other compensation received by all such officers and employees in each of the States and the Territories and the District of Columbia, in aggregate.

Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the resolution relative to the Committee on Manufactures was rejected. It was reconsidered and ordered to be laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Lane, of Kansas, at 12½ o'clock the Senate went into an executive session. After a session of several hours the Senate adjourned.

The Civil Appropriation Act.

Washington, March 10.—The following items are included in the civil appropriation act:

For the Mississippi squadron, building, repairs, equipment and machinery, $3,800,000.

Increase on cost of materials, $580,000.

Completion of armored clad vessels, $4,500,000.

For the contingent fund of the Bureau, of yards and docks for 1863 and 1863, $300,000.

For deficiencies of appropriations in the Navy Department for the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June, 1863, as follows, viz:—For the increase and repairs of the navy, completion of side wheel steamers and hulls, equipment and machinery, $2,800,000.

Completion of screw steamers, hulls, equipments and machinery, $1,500,000.

Purchase of large steamers, $2,600,000.

Purchase of small steamers and tug boats $7,500,000.

Repairs of steam machinery, $1,950,000.

For instituting and conducting experiments for testing various methods of working steam expansively, $20,000.

The President is authorized to cause to be struck from dies recently prepared at the United States Mint for that purpose, medals of honor, additional to those authorized by the act of July 12th, 1862, and present the same to such officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, as have most distinguished or who may hereafter most distinguish themselves in action, and $20,000 appropriated to defray expenses of the same.

The Signal Corps is to be organized as follows: One chief signal officer, a Colonel, who shall be signal officer of the army; one Lieut. Colonel and two Majors, who shall be inspectors; and for each army corps or military department one Captain, and as many Lieutenants, not exceeding eight, as the President may deem necessary, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall receive the pay and emoluments of cavalry of similar grade; and for each officer of the Signal Corps there may be enlisted or detailed one sergeant and six privates, who shall receive the pay of similar grades of engineer soldiers; provided, no officer or enlisted man shall be allowed to serve in the Signal Corps until he shall have been examined and approved by a Military Board, to be convened for that purpose by the Secretary of War.

The Disaster at Thompson's Station to be Retrieved--Reported Defeat of Van Dorn's Force--Orders to Rebel Sympathizers--The Cincinnati and Covington Bridge--Gen. Cox.

Cincinnati, March 10.—A special to the *Gazette* from Franklin, Tenn., says a large force of infantry, artillery and cavalry moved yesterday against the enemy, posted at Spring Hill. If they stand there will be a heavy engagement. Coburn's disaster at Thompson's Station it to be retrieved.

A special to the *Commercial* from Murfreesboro, says a report reached there yesterday that Van Dorn's forces had been defeated and the greater portion of them captured.

Gen. Rosecrans ordered all whose natural supporters are in the rebel service, and whose sympathies and convictions are such that they cannot give assurance of their loyalty, to hold themselves in readiness to go south of our lines within ten days.

The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce last evening, by a vote of nearly three to one, voted in favor of lowering the Cincinnati and Covington bridge to one hundred feet above low water mark.

Major Gen. Cox, now of the army of Kanawha, will, in a few days, supersede Major Gen. Wright, of the Department of Ohio.

The Difficulty in Utah--Collision Imminent--Brigham Young and Counsellors Kimball and Wells Ordered under Arrest--The Citizens under Arms, etc.

Salt Lake City, March 9.—A collision between the military and the Mormon citizens is imminent. Governor Harding and Associate Justices Waite and Drake, it is understood, have called upon Col. Conner to arrest Brigham Young, and counsellors Kimball and Wells. The Judge of the District Court can serve any civil process, but the citizens are in arms, determined to prevent the arrest of their leaders. Other Federal officers and the Mormon citizens have telegraphed to Gen. Wright to restrain Col. Conner till an investigation can be had. A Colonel of the United States army, who left for Washington, has been arrested by Col. Conner and brought back. It is presumed that his intentions were unfavorable to Col. Conner's military interference.

From St. Thomas.

New York, March, 10.—St. Thomas dates of the 25th ult., report that the Vanderbilt sailed on the 23d inst., on a cruise.

The U. S. gunboat Alabama, was spoken off Martinique on the 24th, bound in.

The ship Sheppard Knapp was at St. Thomas.

Various arrivals from various West India ports, state that nothing has recently been heard of the pirates.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette, Tuesday, March 9, 1863.

Money matters continue so excited and unsettled that it is impossible to give a correct report of the market. Our New York dispatches quote Gold at 162¾, which is an advance of ten per cent since the day previous. To-day our bankers were buying at 155 for Gold and Demand Notes, and 137 for Silver, but at so what they will pay a day hence no mortal can foretell. Eastern Exchange is firm at par buying, and ¼ per cent prem. selling.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm with small sales of Red from wagon at $1,42@1,45. There is a good demand for Oats, and we note a sale of 12,00 bush at 65c. Corn is unchanged; sale of 1200 bush Shelled at 80c. Rye and Barley remain firm but unchanged.

FLOUR—The advance in the East has caused more firmness on the part of holders, but there is no demand, and the market is quiet and unchanged. With the exception of small sales to the local trade, there has not been a single transaction that we could hear of during the past five or six days.

PROVISIONS—There is a regular local demand for Bacon, without, however, any change in rates. Lard is firm with small sales at 10@10½c for Country, and 11c for City. Mess Pork is firm with an occasional small transaction at $15,50.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand is good and the market firm, with sales of 45 bush Apples at $1,37@1,50, and 65 bush Peaches at $3,37@3,50.

BUTTER & EGGS—unchanged; sale of 4 bbls Roll Butter at 21c, and 3 bbls Eggs at 18c—a decline.

POTATOES—firm; sale of 150 sacks Reds and Pinkeye, from wharf, at 85c per bushel, and 25 bbls Mixed from store at $2,75 per bbl.

CHEESE—is firm with sales of 25 boxes W. R. at 13½c; 50 do do, prime, at 14c, and 20 boxes Goshen at 15c.

FISH—Sale of 10 bbls No. 3 Large Mackeral at $10; 30 half bbls Lake Herring at $5,00, and 15 half bbls White Fish at $5@3,50.

CORN MEAL—Sale of 10 bbls prime Sifted at 90c per bushel.

GROCERIES—The market is quiet but firm at previous quotations.

The Oil Market.

March 10.—There is a good local demand for Crude Oil, and with light receipts and a limited supply in market, prices are firm and fully maintained. We continue to quote at 9c in bulk, and 14@15c in bbls. Sale of 250 bbls at 9¾c, bbls returned. There will be no large receipts here until there is a rise in the Allegheny river and so long as the market is bare, prices will continue to rule at about the present rates and perhaps a slight advance may be established.

Refined is unchanged. We continue to quote good standard brands at 30c in bond, and 38@40c free. Outside brands of free range from 34 to 36c. Sale of 24 bbls free, on outside brand, at 34c, and 98 bbls "Ardesco," free at 35c.

Benzine is held at from 37 to 40c for deodorized according to quality.

Sale of 137 new Refined Oil Barrels, country make, at $2,15 each.

New York Grocery Market.

March 7.—Sugar—The market for this article as well as for almost every other noticed in this Review, has been unfavorably affected by the collapse in Gold, and the consequent reduction in rates of foreign Exchange; prices, in consequence, are unsettled, and the improvement of a cent lower—last quotation—is remarked that it is no general pressure to sell on the part of holders, while buyers awaiting a more settled market to purchase closely, the supply of Tuesday and Wednesday, 1000, is lower, and some considerable sales have been made at a concession in price. The sales of Raw are 2004 hhds. Cuba at 10@11½c; 70 do, 7@7½c, in bond; 25 new Porto Rico 11c; 1175 New Orleans, 9½@12½; 55 Clarified do, part 12½c; 35 bbls N. O. Molasses bottom, at 45c, cash, and less 2 ⅌ cent cash. By auction 325 hhds. New Orleans sold at $10,45@12,37½c, 4 mos.

Molasses—The market has become less active, owing to the unsettled rates for Gold and Foreign Exchange, but though buyers operate cautiously, and the business restricted, prices of the various descriptions have not suffered much depreciation, and the market closes steadily. The sales include 60 hhds and 40 tcs new crop Porto Rico at 51c; 5 hhds Nuevitas, 52; 1365 Cuba Muscovado (including three cargoes), 40@49; 920 bbls and 100 hd do new crop N. Orleans, 50c; and 191 bbls and 48 hd do, old crop, 45@54, 4 mos. By auction, 300 bbls. New Orleans sold at 49@54½c cash.

Coffee—The sudden and rapid decline in Gold and Exchange has completely unsettled the market, and, in the absence of transactions, values of the various descriptions are rather nominal. Issued to brokers, on no pressure to sell; at the same time there is little or no disposition to buy at present, and the market in consequence closes very quietly. The sales are 12 bags Maracaibo at 32@33c; 131 Java, 29, cash and less 2 ⅌ cent cash; and 670 Laguayra, on terms not transpired.—Shipping List.

Financial Matters in New York.

March 9.—The market opened with considerable animation which was well kept up to the close.

Governments are strong. We quote Registered 1881 at 99¾@99⅞; Coupons 1881, 100½@101; and Coupons 1867 at 99¾@99⅞. Seven-thirties are in demand at 105⅝, and certificates are scarce, and wanted at 98¾@98⅞.

Railroad bonds are strong. New York Central Sixes were asked for at 111; Erie Second 1879 at 122; Harlem 3d at 107; Burlington and Quincy at 128; Michigan Southern at 114¾; Alton and Terre Haute incomes at 80; Milwaukie and Prairie du Chien First at 110.

The speculative list has exhibited an amount of activity which must have been equally surprising and delightful to certain well known operators in Wall street.

Pacific Mail took an upward spring as eccentric and violent as any of its recent delectable exhibitions. Pittsburg advanced 2; Toledo, Erie Preferred and Illinois Central grip 1¾; Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Michigan Southern and Michigan Central 1, while Lake Shore and Galena are very firm at a slight advance on the quotations of Saturday evening.

Gold, to-day, has been quivering between its lowest register of 154¾ and its opposite extreme of 156¾. At the present moment the point of rest is 156.

The loan market is unchanged. Exchange is dull at 172¾@173¾, and for francs 5,25 to 5,20.—Post.

Chicago Market.

March 9.—The general markets to-day were firm under the influence of an upward tendency in gold but towards the close the feeling was much unsettled and they closed quiet.

In Provisions we have but little to report. Mess Pork was sold at $14,00 and holders were firmer in price. Lard was dull with light sales of Country at 10¼c. Country Meats were sold at 7¾@8c for Shoulders and 9¾c for Hams.

Dressed Hogs were in active demand and firmer, sales being mostly at $4,75 and $5,75, dividing on 200 pounds gross.

Flour was neglected and nominal. Wheat advanced 1c per bushel, but closed weak at the improvement—No. 2 Red selling at $1,37; No. 1 Spring $1,32½; No. 2 Spring $1,10@1,12, and Rejected Spring at 90@92½c.

Corn was 1@2c better, but the market at the close became weak, and the advance was almost entirely lost—Mixed Corn selling at 50½@52c, and Rejected at 45½@46½c. Oats were ½@1c higher, with liberal sales of No. 1 at 56½@57½c. Rye was sold at 81c. Barley was quiet. Highwines were firmer, owing to more favorable news from the East, and light sales were effected at 42c.—Tribune.

Baltimore Coffee Market.

March 7.—Since the date of our last weekly summary no transactions of importance have been reported in this market. The inquiry for all descriptions at the close is very limited, but holders show no disposition to make any concessions in price, and prices are quoted as before viz: Rio 33½@34½c; Laguayra, 37@38c; Java 40@41c ⅌ lb. Stock of Rio in first hands 10,000 bags. Of other descriptions the supply is very limited.

Imports by River.

WHEELING—per Minerva—172 flour bbls, Jas A Fetser; 276 do do, S T Kennedy & bro; 4 barrels whisky, Peter Dean; 31 oil bbls, W P Wooldridge; 7 bxs canned peaches, C Ogle; 72 bbls apples, Owens & Kennedy; 24 bbls flour, R N Moody; 100 do do, Jas Collins; 24 do do John Floyd; 50 do do, Knox & McKee; 114 sks clover seed, no consignee; 509 sks barley Joshua Rhodes; 18 sks seed, 1 bbl bacon, 4 kegs lard, Clarks & co; 13 crates, D Bennett; 4 bbls eggs; E H Voigt & co; 11 bdls bags, H Hyde; 40 do do, Simpson & Knox; 4 bgs dry fruit, 1 do eggs, 1 keg lard, 8 bbls sundries, Shriver & Lazear; 8 pkgs wine, R Hongsger; 20 bbls onions, J H Duncan & co; 50 oil bbls, Black & Miller; 14 dox brooms, O Warren.

Imports by Railroad.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad, March 10—7 bbls dry apples, Little & Trimble; 1105 bulk shoulders, Knox & Parker; 7 bales corn hooks, H Edmundson; 2 cars ice, W J Walker; 3 rolls leather, Seibert & Kaliarman; 23 bbls carbon oil, L Thumm & co; 58 do do, A Lyons; 54 bbls highwines, Lambert & Shipton; 34 doz brooms, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 2235 pcs bacon, W P Hays & co.

Pittsburgh & Cleveland Railroad, March 9—6 kegs lard, Lambert & Shipton; 100 pcs water pipe, H Collins; 200 sks oats, J H Spear; 152 bdls chairs, F Walker; 24 bbls apples, F Vengorder; 3 rolls leather, Hays & Stewart; 74 bbls fish, Wm Cooper; 80 do do Watt & Wilson; 45 bbls apples, 90 bbls potatoes, L H Voigt & co; 50 bbls highwines, Ramsey & bro.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

The river was receding slowly at this point yesterday, with upwards of fifteen feet by the pier marks in the landing. The weather yesterday was dark and cloudy, with indications of rain. The upper and all the Allegheny river is again too low for steamboating, there being scarcely sufficient water at Oil City to float a flat boat loaded with oil, on Monday.

The only arrival from below, since our last report, was the Minerva, from Wheeling. The Key West, from Louisville, and the Silver Cloud and Armenia, from St. Louis, are the next boats due. The Silver Cloud will doubtless be found at the wharf this morning.

The departures were the Minerva, for Wheeling, Emma Graham, for Zanesville; and Nellie Rogers, for Louisville.

Quartermaster Donaldson called on some of our steamboat Captains yesterday and informed them that their boats were desired for government service. It was currently reported that he had impressed all the steamers in port into the employ of Uncle Sam, but this must be a mistake. The only boats taken, for the present at least, were the Allegheny Belle No. 4 and Leclaire, both Allegheny river packets. These two boats are ordered to report at Cincinnati. We heard, it stated, that a dispatch had been sent to Wheeling, ordering the Minerva to report for government service at the same place. All of the Ohio river boats in port are partially loaded, some of them with government supplies, and they will no doubt be taken below.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer*, of yesterday, says:

The river was rising rapidly yesterday with between eighteen and nineteen feet water in the channel. The weather was clear and bright. The St. Patrick having been impressed into the Government service has not made her appearance this week. The Sultana is also behind time. The big stern wheel Emperor was taking in a lot of railroad iron yesterday for St. Louis.

Those of our steamboatmen who have new boats are particularly anxious to keep out of Government service. Soldiers, as a general thing, have but little regard for steamboat property, and it takes a good portion of the receipts to place a boat in repair after being in the service.

The new and popular steamer Argonaut No. 2, Capt. J. W. Porter, is announced for St. Louis forthwith.

The Hastings, Capt. Robinson, is the regular packet, for Cincinnati and Louisville. Messrs. Wheby and Russell are associated together in the office.

The Fred Lorens, Capt. Mason, is filling rapidly for points on the Upper Mississippi river, and will soon be ready to leave.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE.—The light draught steamer ARABIAN, Capt. Robt. Robinson, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, this 11th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.
mh10 JOHN FLACK.

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE AND ST. LOUIS.—The new and elegant steamer ARGONAUT No. 2, Capt. J. W. Porter, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 11th inst., at 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.
mh9 JOHN FLACK.

FOR DAVENPORT, DUBUQUE AND SAINT PAUL.—The new and splendid Northern Line mail-packet DAVENPORT, Capt. R. C. Gray, will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, March 24th, and will positively go through as advertised.
For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.
mh5 JOHN FLACK.

FOR DAVENPORT, DUBUQUE AND SAINT PAUL.—The Northern Line packet steamer FRED LORENS, Capt. I. M. Mason, will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, March 11th, at 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.
mh5 H. G. MAY, JOHN FLACK.

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET TO LANESVILLE PACKET.—The new and beautiful passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. Monroe Ayers, leaves Pittsburgh for Lanesville EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 o'clock p. m. Returning, leaves Lanesville EVERY FRIDAY, at 8 a. m. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents, Pittsburgh, H. S. PIERCE & CO., Agents, Lanesville. no7

THE FINE PASSENGER steamer MINERVA, Capt. Kidney, will leave Pittsburgh for Wheeling every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 11 a. m., punctually. Leaves Wheeling for Pittsburgh every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 a. m. The above steamer makes close connections at Wheeling with fine side-wheel steamers for Marietta, Parkersburg and Cincinnati.
For freight or passage apply on board or to JAS. COLLINS & CO., Agents, 114 Water street.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, Are still offered at LAST YEAR'S PRICES. Upwards of 110,000 of these celebrated Machines are now in successful operation. 23,000 *sold during the past year*. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, quilt, bind, tuck, gather, cord and braid. It produces a lock stitch alike on both sides. Is adapted to the thickest and thinest fabric; very simple in construction; elegant in design and finish; has received the HIGHEST PREMIUMS. At all Fairs when exhibited, both in this country and Europe; has obtained, by far, the largest sale, and is best adapted to family use of any Sewing Machine. Full instructions in operating given free. WARRANTED THREE YEARS. Call and examine and receive a circular of testimonials.
WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents, No. 57 FIFTH STREET.
mh9 nlawF

C. W. WILLIAMS & CO.'S IMPROVED DOUBLE THREAD *Family Sewing Machines*. Salesroom, No. 66 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. These Machines are from fifteen to twenty dollars cheaper than any other machine in the city. They will do all kinds of work, and are warranted for three years. They are simple that any child 12 years old can use them to perfection. Constantly on hand, silk thread of Sewing Machine Needles, Sewing Silk, Cotton, &c., at lowest Eastern prices. E. STRAIN, Agent.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN (Ireland.). The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their powerful Clyde-built iron steamships, for the purpose of selling again, any flour, meal, grain, meat, fish, poultry, butter, lard, eggs, fruit or vegetables, and, if a penalty of ten dollars.

CITY OF NEW YORK.....Saturday, March 14.
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday, March 28.
EDINBURGH.....Saturday, March 28.
and every Saturday, at noon, from Pier 54, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.
First cabin.....$ 80 Steerage.....$28 00
do to London..... 85 00 do to London..... 35 00
do to Paris..... 95 00 do to Paris..... 40 00
do to Hamburg..... 90 00 do to Hamburg..... 37 50
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Persons wishing to bring out their friends may buy tickets at the following rates at New York: From Liverpool or Queenstown, 1st Cabin, $75, $85 and $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $30. From Queenstown $28.

Those travelers who prefer superior accommodations as to passengers and carry experienced surgeons, are now built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Annihilators on board.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.
JAMES FULTON, Agent, 110 Monongahela st., Pittsburgh.
mh9 6m

VULCAN FORGE.
W. P. JONES & CO., Manufacturers of STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, PITMAN JAWS, WHEELS, LOCOMOTIVE AXLES, AXLE-BARS, AXLE-BOXES, and all kinds of Heavy Forgings.
TEMPERANCEVILLE, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa. mh7

WILLIAM BARNHILL & CO., Boiler Makers and Sheet Iron Workers, 57 Water street, Nos. 50, 52, 54 and 56 Second street. Having secured a large part and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BRIGHTS, FLUE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILERS, IRON BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and all other work in the line of PAN-HILLS' PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. mh7

SUNDRIES.
200 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes; 300 dozen Bucket, assorted;
75 do do Washboards;
75 do do Brooms;
In store and for sale by SHRIVER & LARKAN, No. 27 and 29 Smithfield street.
mh5

BACON.
123,000 lbs. SHOULDERS;
200,000 lbs. SIDES, 1 ⅌ ct. lighter than bacon sides;
174,000 lbs. HAMS;
1,000 bbls. MESS PORK;
100 tcs. LEAF LARD;
600 tierces do do;
150 do Wheat Flour;
GRAIN;
Oats, Corn, Meal, Long & Short Oats, Cut MIDDLINGS.
In store and for sale by WM. A. HAYS & CO., mh4 No. 84 Liberty street.

PEARLS.—50 bbls. No 1 Pearls for sale by SHRIVER & COLBURN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ACCOUNT OF THE BOROUGH OF TEMPERANCEVILLE, from March 25th, A. D. 1862, to March 9th, A. D. 1863.
James Kelly, Collector.

To the Borough of Temperanceville.
DR.

March 5, 1863—To amount per duplicate for Borough Taxes	$514 43
CR.	
March 5, 1863—By amount paid Jas. McGrew, Treasurer	$457 88
Errors and Exonerations	21 91
Five cents for collecting	34 63
	$514 43

James McGrew, Treasurer.

To the Borough of Temperanceville.
DR.

Balance from March 8th, 1862	$ 8 25
Received lost taxes from same	43
March 6, 1863—Paid by James Kelly, Collector	467 88
	$476 51
CR.	
March 5, 1863—Amount of outstanding warrants from A. D. 1854	$ 73 62
Amount of warrants paid	342 55
Fees, mileage to Treasurer	2 50
Balance in Treasury	57 94
	$476 51

PATRICK KENNEDY, JOHN P. MINSHELLER, } Auditors.
mh9:2d

AN ORDINANCE regulating the Markets in Allegheny City.

Sec. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same*, That the new Market House, occupying the square bounded by Federal, Ohio, Pike and Gay streets, be and the same hereby is set apart and dedicated to be a Market House, for the sale of all articles usually sold in the Public Markets.

Sec. 2. That public markets shall be held on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays of each week.

Art. 3. That market hours shall be from 12 o'clock noon on Mondays until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesdays; from 12 o'clock noon on Tuesdays until 12 o'clock noon on Fridays; and from 12 o'clock noon until 3 o'clock p. m. on Saturdays, of every week.

Sec. 4. Councils shall, annually, at the usual time for electing City Officers, elect one person who shall serve as Clerk of Markets; said Clerk of Markets shall give bond, with good and sufficient surety, in the penal sum of Two Thousand Dollars, to be approved by the President of the Select Council, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, according to the laws of the Commonwealth and the ordinances of the city.

Art. 5. That the Committee on Markets shall, annually, at the usual time for the election of City Officers, also elect one person to serve as Sweeper of Markets, and die-punch to act as Market Constable.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of Markets to have a general supervision over the markets, and to see that the city ordinances, and such rules as may be adopted for the regulation of the markets, are properly enforced. He shall open and close the Market House, at the hours which shall be specified by the Committee on Markets. He shall keep a clock in the Market House; when such shall be necessary, and extinguish the same when it is no longer required. He shall rent all butcher or other stalls or stands in the Market House, and in any adjoining space which may be allotted for market purposes, and shall collect all rents for the same, and pay over all moneys received for the same to the city treasurer at least once each week, taking his receipt for the same; *Provided*, That with the entire consent of the selectors of the new Market House, City Hall, Welsh House, and other Diamond improvements are fully paid, he shall pay over all collections on account of said improvements, to the Treasurer of the Commissioners for the Erection of a Market House, City Hall, Welsh Hall, &c., for purchase of a fire engine, and so long as the market is bare, prices will continue to rule at about the present rates and perhaps a slight advance may be established.

Refined is unchanged. We continue to quote good standard brands at 30c in bond, and 38@40c free. Outside brands of free range from 34 to 36c. Sale of 24 bbls free, on outside brand, at 34c, and 98 bbls "Ardesco," free at 35c.

Benzine is held at from 37 to 40c for deodorized according to quality.

Sale of 137 new Refined Oil Barrels, country make, at $2,15 each.

Art. 7. That the Clerk of Markets shall render to the Committee of Markets, for the information of Councils, a monthly statement, verified by his affidavit, showing the total collections for each month, accompanied by his vouchers from the said Treasurer.

Sec. 8. The Sweeper of Markets shall attend during market hours, and shall comply with the Clerk of Markets, under his direction, in opening and closing the Market House; and in enforcing the ordinances of Councils relative to the same.

Art. 2. That the Sweeper of Markets shall, as soon after market hours as may be convenient, and not later than 8 o'clock, on the morning of Tuesdays and Fridays of each week, sweep up, cleanse and remove from the Market House all garbage and filth which may be found; and, if so directed by the Committee on Markets, he shall thoroughly wash with the hose the pavement within and surrounding the Market House, and the pavement surrounding the same, under a penalty of five dollars for each offense.

Art. 9. No passage way shall be obstructed by placing any block, barrel or other obstruction therein, or by standing unnecessarily therein, under a penalty of five dollars for each offense; and all boys and others offending shall be liable to arrest by the Market Constable.

Art. 10. No persons except the regular lessees of stalls shall be permitted to sell any butcher's meat within the Market House, unless such persons shall have paid to the city from twenty-five cents to two dollars, in the discretion of the Clerk of Markets, for such privilege.

Art. 11. No butchers' meat, vegetables, fruit, or other articles sold by weight or measure, shall be sold within the Market House by other scales,