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Mr. Kaine and the Negro.

Mr. Kaine, (Democrat) of Fayette, Pa., is now presented for the abolition of slavery.

He held that slavery was not, per se, an evil, neither socially, politically or morally.

He thought that white people would descend to walk the streets with sable members.

The negro race is a race of different capacities and different wants than the white.

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THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17, 1892.

LOUISIANA MEMBERS ADDED.

As foredoomed in these dispatches last night, though contrary to all previous indications.

and to general expectation, the New Orleans applicants for seats in the House were today admitted.

Flanagan is absent in New Hampshire stopping for the republican caucus.

Hahn, however, was present and was sworn in before a vote was taken.

He made a speech in behalf of his own and Flanagan's claims, which greatly delighted his friends.

and stamped him as a rising star in the House.

On being sworn in he was warmly congratulated by the members as the first representative from the cotton States legally elected to the House of Representatives.

Little or no doubt is entertained that both he and Flanagan will be relied on as leading Union men and supporters of the Administration in all vital questions.

CORONATION.

There is a general rejoicing over the unanimous passage of the Coronation bill in the Senate last night.

The Democrats were expected to oppose it bitterly, but they did not.

It is supposed it will be put on its passage, and so went off at 11 o'clock at night.

The loyal Border States, however, the Rep. and the Senate, made up a majority, and put the bill through by a unanimous vote at midnight.

It exempts no body on account of an official position, except the President, Cabinet members, and members of the judiciary.

An attempt to exempt clerical was voted down by a large majority.

So also was an attempt to exempt Congressmen and members of the judiciary.

It contains, however, a provision for paying the coronation sum of money where the coronation cannot go, with which, as a beauty.

It is supposed that the bill will be passed in the House.

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FROM HARRISBURG.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17, 1892.

HOUSERS.—Mr. Green and others have left Harrisburg for a few days.

The supplement to the act to prevent the forcible and fraudulent removal of bridges in Montgomery county without payment of toll, was postponed indefinitely.

Mass. Kaine and Champneys said that by its provisions females might be imprisoned for debt.

Bridges are public highways, in fact it would be passing a general law, as people of different counties would pass over the bridges in Montgomery county.

In no civil process under the laws of Pennsylvania can a woman be imprisoned for debt.

Females might cross without payment of toll and be liable to imprisonment if the bill became a law.

The following bills passed:

An application to an act incorporating the Pennsylvania Exploiting and Mining Company, and for other purposes, approved May 13th, 1892.

The bill to incorporate the Marshall Silver Mining Company, approved May 13th, 1892.

Adjusted till three o'clock, this afternoon.

Senator.—The bill for the protection of the new county of Lockmanville, Feb. 17.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times.

The House Ways and Means Committee will report the Bank bill as passed by the Senate.

It is believed that Mr. Spaulding will be able to understand the bill, and its opponents concede it will become a law.

The Senate amendments to the Loan bill will be considered by the Committee tomorrow.

Mr. Blake, of Ohio, objected to the receipt of the bill.

The Indian appropriation bill was passed.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill.

After a lengthy debate, the House then adjourned.

Mr. Hahn was sworn in as a member.

The case of Lewis Moore, claiming an election as Legislator from Virginia, was taken up.

Mr. Dives explained that the election was without the authority of law, and that loyal voters were not to be deceived.

Mr. McKee's bill, providing for the election of a Senator from Virginia, was taken up.

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