Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 28.

The Disloyal Illinois Regiment.

We gave a brief statement, some days ago, of the disloyalty of the 109th regiment of Illinois volunteers. Their intention was to surrender to the first band of guerrillas that should attack them, and one of the officers actually offered a reward of $200 to the band who should give them the opportunity to surrender. The Lieut. Colonel did desert and join the rebels. Company K was an honorable exception to the rest of the regiment, being made up of Republicans and war democrats.

The way the true character and the intentions of the regiment were discovered was curious. An officer of the 7th Kansas Cavalry disguised himself as a rebel officer, and went freely among the "natives" around Holly Springs, and going from house to house, was fully informed of the wish of the 109th to give itself up; for the plot was fully matured. They had assured the natives that they were all true Southern men except Company K, which was made up of "black Republicans" and "abolitionized Democrats." The regiment, with the exception of said company, had concerted measures with the secesh citizens of Pontotoc county to attack them some morning, so as to give them an opportunity to surrender with all their arms and munitions. One old fellow said that a band of sixty of the neighbors had already organized for the purpose, and the "attack" will speedily be made, and the post surrendered. It was expected that Company K would show fight, but it was arranged to rush upon them suddenly, and before they would have time to fall into line.

The Lieutenant returned to camp and reported the facts to Gen. GRANT, who immediately disarmed all but Company K, and placed them under arrest. The loyal company was commended in the order, and attached to the remainder of the brigade.

This regiment was recruited in Williamson and Johnson counties, embraced in that part of Illinois called Egypt, the most ignorant and non-progressive portion of the free States, where schools and churches are few and far between, and where the "democratic" vote is almost unanimous. The soil is probably the richest on the continent, but the people are perhaps the poorest. They have, in the vigorous vernacular of the West, "hog, hominy and whiskey," and but little else.

What Shall be Done with the Army of the Potomac?

The New York *Evening Post* has an article in which an answer is given to this question—not such an answer as that journal would probably have returned to the same question two or three months ago, or would return to it, if asked two or three months hence. But considering the situation of affairs just now, which is indeed the very thing to be considered in reference to present action, we are not sure that the intelligent public will disagree with the recommendation of our contemporary. The situation of the army in Virginia, where the rains have made the country all before it and all around it, "a universal slough, which well deserves the name of the Slough of Despond," if reviewed, and the utter futility of attempting to accomplish anything by military movements under such circumstances, is pointed out. "But the rains which make Virginia an impracticable battle ground have swollen the western rivers so as to open them to our transport steamers and gunboats. The great Mississippi is now in the full majesty of his abounding waters, and every one of his far stretching tributaries, draining regions broad enough for kingdoms in Europe, is full to the brim." And the writer goes on to say—"Do not these circumstances point to the direction which at this season ought to be given to the war? Now is the moment which we have long waited for to open the Mississippi and clear it of the rebel posts along its entire course. Now is the time to reinforce the small body of our troops already in East Tennessee, and to cut off the communication now kept up, through its railways, between the insurgent part of Virginia and the cotton States, and strengthen ourselves to strike at the ganglion of railways, so important to the rebel government, which sends out its lines from Atlanta in Northern Georgia."

The contrast between the results of success (if that were even taken for granted) in a campaign against Richmond and a campaign in the West, as above projected, is so well stated, that we give it entire:

That the rebels deem the possession of the Mississippi of great importance is proved by the desperate defense they are making of their strongholds at Vicksburg and Port Hudson. It is shown, moreover, by the reinforcements which, if we may trust to indications observed in Northern Virginia, they are sending to Vicksburg, with the purpose of holding it to the last extremity. As long as they hold one or two posts on that river, a free communication is kept up between all the rebel States forming the great tier which lies along the Gulf from South Carolina to Texas. Wrest the Mississippi from them, and you put a "deadly divorce" betwixt that part of rebeldom which lies to the east of that river and that which borders it on the west. Louisiana and Arkansas would be instantly submissive, and Texas would be ripe for taking her place in the Union as a free State.

Our great army of the Potomac is lingering on the Rappahannock, in the hope that one day, when the elements relent, an opportunity may be found to possess ourselves of Richmond. The capture of the rebel capital would be a pretty thing to talk about; the phrase has a magnificent sound; yet, so far as regards its substantial effect on the result of the war, the rebels dread it infinitely less than the capture of Vicksburg or the presence of a formidable Union army in East Tennessee. If we should now occupy Richmond it would only carry the different bodies of troops which form our army to a greater distance from each other, it would only disperse our forces instead of causing them to converge. It is true that the rebel chief Lee has moved to the support of Vicksburg, it will be inferred that he is willing to give the army of the Potomac an inducement to march towards Richmond; that he is willing to expose the capital of the rebel government to some risk rather than suffer us to strike a blow which would shatter their now compact Confederacy into fragments.

"Attack your enemy where he is most vulnerable" is a maxim of common sense which needs confirmation neither from Napoleon Bonaparte nor from any other eminent warrior that ever lived. The rebels have placed their capital, whether by design or by chance, so near to our lines as to irritate our pride and invite attack, and yet in a part of their country where its capture would not seriously affect the integrity or strength of their confederacy. We can well afford to leave it in their hands until it falls into ours of itself, or at least until we have a better opportunity of taking it. We can afford to send a part of the army—first paying them off—to reinforce Rosecrans, and another portion to East Tennessee, leaving only enough—a comparatively small part—to ensure the safety of Washington. What do we get, if we seize upon Richmond, but a city of hospitals and a new focus of deadly diseases?

We fully believe, therefore, that the country would rejoice to see the army of the Potomac relieved from a situation in which there is little promise of immediate activity, and of which we do not wonder that both officers and men should by this time be tired, and its different divisions sent where there is work for them to do, in more than one part of the Southwest. The opening of the Mississippi from Cairo to its mouth is a matter of vital importance, and not a moment should be lost in effecting it. A federal army in East Tennessee need not be very numerous to be very formidable. "With twenty-five thousand men," said, the other day, a general officer well acquainted with the country, "I would undertake to hold it against all the forces the rebels could bring against me."

The Negroes in the South

Quartermaster General Meigs is about the last man in the country, who would be suspected of making any statements in regard to the negroes, prompted by any feelings hostile to slavery or to slaveholders. Indeed, his sympathies have been ever with that class—and so much so, that even his loyalty has been called in question by some, who feared that the influence of his Southern friends was still potent with him. We therefore consider the testimony in the following passage of his report as especially weighty and very significant:

Much difficulty has been feared in dealing with the colored population in the Southern States. Thus far, this department has not been oppressed with them. In the field operations in Virginia, the supply of able-bodied negro labor has not exceeded the demand. It has rather been difficult to fill the requisitions for such labor.

Upon fortifications, as drivers of teams and ambulances, as hostlers, as laborers in the quartermaster's department, repairing railroads and military roads, all who have offered have found ready employment.

The labor of able-bodied men, with that of women able to wash for the hospitals, has supported all who have come directly under charge of this department upon the Potomac.

At Harrison's Landing, a body of a thousand negroes, organized by Col. Ingalls into gangs, were most effective in landing stores from the transports, bearing fatigue and exposure in that unhealthy climate much longer than the white soldiers and laborers, who soon broke down alongside of them. Their assistance was there of the greatest value to the army.

On the southeastern coast, large numbers of them were employed by the quartermaster's department in the necessary labor of the posts. This left the more costly soldier to his purely military duties.

With all the people of the Southern States as united, through choice or military compulsion, as the whites are asserted to be, it might well be doubted whether to organ a rebellion, extending over so vast a territory, could be put down. But, as in the great rebellion in India, the people are of more than one race, and the task before the country, if proper use is made here as there of the aid of all who are loyal, all who are willing to contend on our side, will be lightened by their divisions.

The rebellion does not cover a wider territory, is not more barbarous and ferocious, is not supported by stronger prejudices of race and caste, does not embrace a greater or more unified population, is not better supplied with arms or fortified by climate, and had not at its commencement a larger body of trained soldiers than that which only a few years since our cousins of Great Britain put down, though separated from their chief seat of power by two continents and half the ocean. This lies at our doors, assailable along a frontier by sea and by land of three thousand miles, every where under our control.

Great Britain looked not at the color of the recruit; she accepted the aid of every offered arm, and was successful. Courage, resolution, and wisdom will accomplish in the West what they did in the East.

Our people are being slowly schooled to arms, and the war, thus far singularly free from the outrage which in other countries has attended civil commotions, begins at length, by its inevitable destruction of property and life, to bear upon the territory we occupy with a portion of the fearful weight necessary to crush rebellion.

The labor of the colored man supports the rebel soldier, enables him to leave his plantation to meet our armies, build his fortifications, cook his food, and sometimes aids him on picket by rare skill with the rifle.

In all these modes it is available to assist our army, and it is probable that there will be less outrage, less loss of life by freeing these people, if put under strict military control, than if left to learn slowly that war has removed the while men who have heretofore held them in check, and to yield at last to the temptation to insurrection and massacre.

Had the Government been prepared to meet promptly, with the overwhelming force which the loyal States could have supplied, the first rebel armies, the rebellion might have been crushed without a long and desolating war, and without disturbance of the relations between the two races in the South.

That time is past; the destruction of the rebel armies, and the gradual occupation of the country by fortifying and garrisoning its chief strategic and commercial points, are the only conclusion to the war.

In this work the loyal inhabitants of the country, white or black, must be compelled to assist, and it is impossible to cast aside the millions of recruits who will offer themselves for the work, accustomed to the climate, inured to labor, acquainted with the country, and animated by the strong desire not merely for political, but for personal liberty.

Respectfully submitted,
M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster General.

Report of Adjutant General Russell.

We have received from Adjutant General RUSSELL, his annual report for the year 1863. It is an able document, abounding in information of an interesting character. The number of troops furnished by Pennsylvania for the war against the rebellion is given as follows:

Three months' campaign	20,979
Pennsylvania Reserves	15,836
Organized under call for 500,000 men	93,759
" " " 300,000 "	40,383
Drafted men	15,100
Recruits to regiments in service	9,359
Enlistments in other States, and in Regular army estimated	5,000
Total	200,336

In addition to this large force, about fifty thousand volunteers responded to the call of the Governor when an invasion of the State was expected.

If other States had furnished troops for the National service in the same proportion that our Commonwealth has done, not less than 1,500,000 men would have entered the Federal armies.

PENNSYLVANIA last season exported coal to the value of thirty-four million dollars. Of coal and coal oil she produced more value than California does of gold.

ERECTION OF A NEW TERRITORY.—A bill will shortly be reported in the House for the erection of Shona Territory, which will include within its limits that portion of the territory formerly belonging to Oregon and occupied by the Shoshone Indians, and all of Nebraska west of the 27th degree from Washington, and that portion of Dacota Territory lying south of the 46th parallel of latitude.—*National Republican.*

LECTURES.

ARTEMUS WARD.

LAFAYETTE HALL,
ON
Wednesday Evening, Jan. 28.

The distinguished American Humorist,
MR. CHARLES F. BROWNE,
"ARTEMUS WARD,"
Has been engaged to deliver his new Humorous Lecture, called
"SIXTY MINUTES IN AFRICA,"
As above specified.

☞ Tickets, 25 CENTS.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture to commence at 8. There will be no reserved seats, although the front seats are intended exclusively for gentlemen with ladies.

☞ NOTICE.—The public are respectfully informed that this will positively be the only appearance here of "ARTEMUS WARD" this season.
ja23:1

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION LECTURES.
GEORGE VANDENHOFF
Will give two readings, from Victor Hugo's Roman "Les Miserables," before the Library Association and the public generally, at
CONCERT HALL,
Tuesday and Thursday Evenings, Jan. 27 and 29.
PROGRAMME.
Fantine.—PART I. VIRTUE AND VICE.
THE CHILD.
RAMONEL.
PART II. JUSTICE AND ITS VICTIM.
Dickens.—SAM WELLER'S VALENTINE; A DIALOGUE BETWEEN OLD WELLER AND SON.
THURSDAY EVENING.
Cosette.—PART I. THE LEAP FOR LIFE.
RECOGNIZED WITH COSETTE.
THE ESCAPE.
PART II. THE GRAVE AND ITS TENANT.
DEAD OR ALIVE.
Dickens.—MR. PICKWICK IN A PERPLEXING PARLIAMENTARY; a Sketch of surpassing Humor.
☞ Tickets, 25 CENTS—to be had at the Music and Book stores, Library Rooms and at the Door.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock; Lecture to begin at 7½ o'clock.
W. H. KINCAID,
JOSEPH ALBERS,
W. D. MCGOWAN, } Lecture Committee.
J. B. HUSSEY,
GEO. W. WEYMAN.
ja27:1mcdis

TO MEN ONLY.
MANHOOD—ITS DECLINE AND RESTORATION.
By Prof. O. S. FOWLER,
AT
CONCERT HALL,
WEDNESDAY, January 28th, at 7½ o'clock p. m.

TO LADIES ONLY.
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 28th, at 3½ p. m.,
MATERNITY AND FEMALE PERFECTION.
☞ Single Admission, 25 CENTS.
☞ Professional Examinations daily, and MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS, at the ST. CHARLES HOTEL.
ja27:2t

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ALLEGHENY CITY COLLEGE,
Corner of Locust and Sandusky Streets.
The Tenth Annual Session begins on MONDAY, Feb. 2d, and ends June 27th. Rates of Tuition from $15 to $30. For references, &c., apply to
JOS Y. MCKEE, Principal.
ja27:1m

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE PITTSBURGH & BOSTON MINING CO.,
Pittsburgh, Jan. 24th, 1863.
The Directors of the Pittsburgh & Boston Mining Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after THURSDAY, the 29th inst.
THOS. M. HOWE, Treasurer.
ja26:3t

OFFICE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD CO.,
Pittsburgh, Jan. 24th, 1863.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN ACT OF ASSEMBLY in relation to the time of holding the Annual Election of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, the Stockholders are hereby notified that an election for Officers, to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, February 24th, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m., instead of Feb. 3d, 1863, as previously announced.
ja26:td R. O. ORR, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH INSURANCE COMPANY,
Corner Market and Water streets,
Pittsburgh, Jan. 22d, 1863.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SEVENTEEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, Feb. 3, 1863, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.
F. A. RINEHART, Secretary.
ja24:td

BIRMINGHAM DEPOSIT CO.—
The Annual Election of seven Directors of this Company, to serve for one year, will be held at the Bank, on TUESDAY, Feb. 3d, 1863, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock p. m.
JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier.
Birmingham, Jan. 17th, 1863 td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE supplementary to an Ordinance for the appointment of City Solicitor, &c.
SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the second section of the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance for the appointment of City Solicitor, and prescribing his duties," passed October 6th, 1854, be and the same is hereby so amended that hereafter the bond of the Solicitor shall be in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, and shall be approved by the Finance Committee.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of January, A. D. 1863.
JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

In Common Council, Jan. 26th, 1863, read three times and passed.
JOHN M. KILLEN,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ja26:3wd

RESOLUTION relative to Grading and Paving Assessments.
RESOLVED, That all the assessments for grading and paving, and for the construction of sewers, which shall not be settled with the City Treasurer before the 1st DAY OF APRIL NEXT, shall be then placed in the hands of the City Solicitor for collection; and that this resolution be published for three weeks in the papers authorized to do the City Printing.
In Select Council, Jan. 23, 1863, read three times and passed.
JAMES MCAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
In Common Council, Jan. 26th, 1863, read three times and passed.
JOHN M. KILLEN,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ja22:3wd

STANDARD MEDICAL WORKS.—
Woods' Practice of Medicine, 2 vols.
Woods' Therapeutics and Pharmacology, 2 vols.
Gross' System of Surgery, 2 vols.
Dunlis's Therapeutics and Materia Medica, 2 vols.
Gray's Anatomy—Descriptive & Surgical; 1 vol.
Wilson's Human Anatomy.
Griffith's Universal Formulary, 1 vol.
Watson's Practice of Physic, 1 vol.
Dunglison's Medical Dictionary, 1 vol.
Carpenter's Human Physiology.
For sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

CONSIGNMENTS.—
100 bush. Oats;
700 do Yellow Ear Corn;
5 kegs Lard;
5 bbls. Roll Butter;
200 bush. Dry Apples;
60 do White Beans;
20 do Onions;
50 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
10 bbls. Extra Family Flour;
100 do Extra No. 1 Salt;
For sale by WM. P. BECK & CO.,
ja21 Wholesale Grocers, 185 Liberty st.

FOR RENT—A comfortable two story DWELLING, containing six rooms, with Spring House of two rooms adjoining, and yard, in Minersville, directly on the route of the street cars.
ja26:1f W. M. GORMLY, 271 Liberty street.

COTTON—21 bales on steamer Shenango to arrive and for sale by
ja28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

OSNABURG BAGS—2 bales to arrive on steamer Shenango and for sale by
ja28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

GREASE—10 bbls. on steamer Shenango to arrive and for sale by
ja28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LARD OIL—8 bbls. on steamer Argonaut No. 2 to arrive and for sale by
ja28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY FOR SALE.—The fixtures of the best location on Fifth street, Pittsburgh. Reasons for selling and unimpeachable. Price $900. Address, "Box 1074, Pittsburgh Post Office." ja27:11n

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STILLMAN WANTED
AT SUNLIGHT OIL WORKS,
Above Negley's Run, A. V. R. R.
ja27:1t

TO STATIONERS.—Proposals will be received at the City Controller's Office until TUESDAY, February 3d, for supplying the city with BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY for the year 1863
BY ORDER OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.
ja27:td

HAY.—Just received and for sale,
50 TONS BALED HAY,
By COLVIN & MASON,
ja27:1w No. 6 Smithfield street.

BURROWE'S LEXINGTON MUSTARD.—We are again in receipt of a supply of this unequalled Mustard, put up in quarter, half and whole boxes, and for sale by the dozen or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ja27 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a VALUABLE FARM, (Estate of John Duff, dec'd,) situate in Ohiowa township, Beaver county, Pa., on the State road, leading from Darlington to Bridgewater, containing about 130 acres, all under fence. The improvements are a Frame House, Frame Barn, 40x60 feet, nearly new, and other buildings; 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation; balance well timbered. A large orchard of Apple, Peach, Cherry and Plum trees. A number of never failing springs of the purest water. The farm is nearly all underlaid with rich coal beds—one about 3 feet in thickness, and one of 5 to 6 feet thick, which is now being worked and in good order. This property is conveniently located, being with n 6 miles of New Brighton, 3 miles of Darlington, and 3 miles of the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Also within 1½ to 2 miles of a variety of Churches, Steam Grist and Saw Mills, Schools, &c.
For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or JOHN MISH, Sr., Eagle Hotel, Liberty str et, Pittsburgh.
ja27 4mecd WM. DUFF, Executor.

THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY.
SOLDIERS' PAY, PENSIONS AND BOUNTIES.
T. WALTER DAY,
103 *Fifth Street, third door below Catholic Church,*
PITTSBURGH, PA.
In connection with HARVEY COLLINS & BRAUN, Washington, D. C., General Government Agents.
☞ Claims of the nearest of a kin of deceased Soldiers will receive special attention.
Discharged Soldiers, wanting BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, or BACK PAY, will do well to call and leave their papers. WAR CLAIMS, of every description, presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments.
☞ *No charge made until money is collected.*
ja27:1mcdis

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—No. 27, December Term, 1862. At an Orphans' Court held at Pittsburgh, Pa., in and for said county, on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1863.
In the matter of the account of Jackson Duncan, Administrator of the estate of John T. McCombe, dec'd, and.
And now to wit, January 10th, 1863, on motion of T. B. Hamilton, Esq., Attorney of Administrator, THOMAS EWING, Esq., is appointed Auditor, to audit and distribute the fund in the hand of the Administrator.
BY THE COURT.
Attest: W. A. HERRON, Clerk.
Notice is hereby given that the Auditor in the above case will attend to the duties of his appointment on THURSDAY, the 19th day of February, 1863, at 2 o'clock p. m., at his office, No. 150 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, at which time and place all parties interested are requested to attend
ja27:3 dlaw. THOS. EWING, Auditor.

RHEUMATICS.
DR. LELAND'S
ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND
Permanently cures RHEUMATISM, in all its various forms.
ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND.
Acute or Inflammatory; Chronic, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pleurodyne &c.; Stiffness of the Joints and Cramps; Gout, Neuralgia, and all Nervous Affections; Erysipelas, Salt Rheum and Scrofulous Eruptions of the body; Neutralizes the Impurities of the Blood and Fluids of the whole system, and effectually counteracting Mercurial and other poisonous influences.
It is a conveniently arranged BELT, containing a Medicated Compound, to be worn around the body, about the waist, equally effecting all parts, wherever the disease may be. It can be worn without injury to the most delicate person, and no change in the proper habits of living is required. It *entirely* removes the disease from the system, without the *fallacious* use, in such cases, of powerful internal medicines, which weaken and destroy the constitution, and give *temporary* relief only by *stupifying* the system, and deadening its vitality. By this treatment the medicinal properties contained in the BAND, being of a *highly aromatic and volatile nature, and capable of being readily absorbed, through the pores of the skin, come into direct contact with the BLOOD, and general circulation,* without having first to pass through the stomach, which would tend not only to detract from their curative powers, but to impair the internal organs and derange the digestive apparatus—thus avoiding the *injurious effects,* as often the result of *internal remedies,* and effecting a *perfect cure* by purifying and equalizing the circulation of the vital fluids, and *restoring the parts affected to a healthy condition.* This BAND is also a *positive* and *speedy* ANTI-RHEUMATIC AGENT," internal being the *primary* cause of a large part of the STIFFNESS, NEURALGIC PAINS and RHEUMATICS, so prevalent—and will
ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND.
ENTIRELY RELIEVE THE SYSTEM
from its pernicious effects.
Moderate cases are cured in a few days, and we are constantly receiving unsolicited testimonials—to which we invite inspection at our office—of their efficiency in aggravated cases of long standing.
PRICE, TWO DOLLARS.
May be had of Druggists, or will be sent by mail upon the receipt of $2, or by express everywhere, with all necessary instructions from the principal office.
☞ Illustrated Treatise, with Certified Testimonials, sent free.
☞ ADAPTED TO SOLDIERS. ☜

Dr. J. M. FULTON,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Nos. 69 & 70 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh,
Sole Agent, where everything in the Drug line can be had at fair prices. ja27

1863. VALENTINES. 1863.
A large and complete assortment of new and elegant
VALENTINES.
ALSO, THE NEW
Military Comic Valentines,
NOW READY;
The largest and best assortment in the city, put up in $5, $10, $15, $20 and $30 lots, for dealers, or in large quantities. A liberal discount to the trade.
☞ Send your orders to
JOHN P. HUNT,
MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.
ja27

PHILADELPHIA
SHIRT AND COLLAR HOUSE.
1,000 DOZEN HICKORY SHIRTS;
1,000 DOZEN GREY, RED AND BLUE FLANNEL SHIRTS;
1,000 DOZEN ASSORTED FANCY TRAVELING SHIRTS;
1,000 DOZEN WHITE MUSLIN SHIRTS, from $9 25 upwards;
1,000 DOZEN DENIM OVERALLS;
10,000 PAIRS COTTONADE PANTALOONS;
Manufacturers of the MIRRE'S WELSH FLANNEL SHIRTS, and a large assortment of LINEN AND MARSEILLES BOSOMS AND COLLARS, AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
For sale by
BENNETT, BUCH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 217 Church Alley, Philadelphia, Pa.
ja16:3m

FRESH OLIVE OIL.—A supply of the best brands Italian and Sicilian Oils, in quarts and pints, received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ja27 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,
Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS, EPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOL; 5,000 lbs. KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive.
Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again.
N. B.—A choice assortment of
Staple Dry Goods,
At wholesale only.
ja27:1t

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONN.
ASSETS, January, 1863.
Cash, Treasury Notes and Certificates of Indebtedness, on hand & deposited on call, and in Agents' hands..... $ 436,561 61
Bank Stocks, in New York, Hartford, Boston, St. Louis, Philadelphia and other places..... 963,801 00
U. S. and State Stocks, in Ky., N. Y., N. J., Ohio, Michigan and Indiana..... 567,495 00
City Bonds, New York, Brooklyn, Hartford, Rochester, Jersey, Milwaukee... 227,160 00
Railroad Stocks, Hartford & N. Haven, Conn. River and Boston & Worcester. 119,695 00
Mortgage Bonds..... 170,435 00
State of Connecticut, temporary Loan.. 100,000 00
Real Estate, unincumbered..... 97,963 18
Gross..... $2,683,110 59
LESS LIABILITIES:
Losses, unadjusted & not due..$176,039 77
January Dividend, paid..... 150,000 00
326,039 77
Net..... $2,354,070 83
Only secure to Hartford, Jan. 1, 1863.
☞ Respectfully solicit, and will take pleasure in attending to your Insurance wants.
A. A. CARRIER & BRO., Agents,
ja19:2cm 63 Fourth street.

10,000 CARTE DE VISITES,
(For Albums,)
OF
GENERALS OF THE U. S. ARMY;
STATESMEN, LAWYERS, ARTISTS and others;
PROMINENT FOREIGN PORTRAITS;
PROMINENT WOMEN;
PORTRAITS OF ACTRESSES AND ACTORS;
COPIES OF ENGRAVINGS, PAINTINGS, &c.
Also,
A large assortment of
Photograph Albums.
New CARTE DE VISITES arriving every day, AT
PITTOCK'S,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
ja21

GIFT BOOK STORE,
No. 118 Wood Street.
A fresh supply of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS;
FAMILY, POCKET AND PEW BIBLES,
And HISTORICAL WORKS;
Just received and for sale at *greatly reduced prices.*
☞ A COSTLY GIFT, worth from 50 cents to $100, GIVEN WITH EACH.
ja20 118 WOOD STREET.

R. B. BULGER, Ag't,
Manufacturer of every description of
FURNITURE
NO. 66 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
A full assortment of *PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED FURNITURE* constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH.
ja16:1ymam

RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.—Notwithstanding the attacks of jealous Spectacle venders, who aspire to the name of *Opticians,* the
RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES
Are receiving daily the warmest endorsements of our citizens. All that is asked is to examine all other Spectacles; then call and examine the RUSSIAN PEBBLE ones. For sale by
J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician,
Manufacturer of the Russian Pebble Spectacles,
ja10 39 Fifth street, *Morning Post* Building.

VOWELL'S RAT POISON,
Instant death to
RATS, MICE, ROACHES, &c.
A quaint old German speaks of it thus:
"DEAR BROWN, send me another box of your Rat Poison. The box you gave me killed about 7,000 rats, and I have 15,000 more to kill. If please me to see the pesky critters eat it, and then rest themselves to their fate. Yours respectfully, H. S. C."
For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
ja26 Corner Fourth and Smithfield streets.

I AM SELLING ALL KINDS OF Boots, Shoes, Brogans and Gums, AT THE OLD PRICES, although goods have advanced 20 per cent. East.
Call and examine my stock and prices, as they were purchased before the advance, at
BOBLAND'S CHEAP CASH STORE,
No. 99 MARKET STREET, 21 door from 5th.
☞ Country Merchants will save money by buying here, as we duplicate Eastern bills. ja26

LADIES' FANCY FURS;
CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS;
GENTS' FUR CAPS, COLLARS & GLOVES;
HATS AND CAPS.
Every variety and style of the above goods on hand and for sale at
McCORD & CO.'S,
ja24 No. 127 WOOD STREET.

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.
The undersigned are Agents, for Pittsburgh and vicinity, for
WATT'S MADISON STARCH COMPANY,
And keep constantly on hand a supply of their STARCH, various style packages, which will be sold in quantities to the trade on most reasonable terms.
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
de13:1f 139 LIBERTY STREET.

CHARLES L. CALDWELL,
(successor to James Holmes & Co.,)
PORK PACKER,
Dealer in BACON, LARD, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, SMOKED BEEF, &c.
COR. MARKET AND FIRST STREETS,
ja11:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE.—Came to the farm of the subscriber, in Ohio township, about two miles from Courtney's Mills, on December 24th, 1862, TWO OLD OXEN—one brown and white, with a piece out of right ear; the other spotted red and white, with short turned-in horns, supposed to be each about ten or twelve years of age. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be sold according to law.
ELIZA HAMMELL.
Ohio tp., Jan. 21st, 1863. ja24:3t

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can be negotiated at the PITTSBURGH DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, on favorable terms.
ja12:1m C. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

JEWELRY AND SILVER-PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS, &c.,
Can always be bought 5 per cent. cheaper at the choice store, No. 87 FOURTH STREET, than any other store in the city. Also, a variety of GOLD RINGS. (ja17) R. SHEARER.

CAR LOAD PEACH BLOW POTATOES;
50 bbls. White Beans;
25 bbls. Onions;
Just received and for sale at 114 Second street.
ja27 FRANK VAN GORDER.

DRY GOODS.

WOOLEN GOODS, at a great reduction from former prices, to wholesale and retail buyers, at
HORNE'S,
Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.
ja24

STAPLE GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS, SPOOL COTTON, PATENT THREAD, LACE BRAIDS, TIDY COTTON, TAPES, PINS, NEEDLES, Gold Eyes, and all other kinds of Staple Goods at the very lowest market price, to wholesale and retail buyers, at
HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,
ja24 Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

JUST RECEIVED,
A new lot of those extra cheap
LACE TRIMMED SETS, LADIES' HEM-STITCHED H'DK'FS, GENT'S HEM'D LISEN H'DK'FS, (cheap,) WHITE EUGENIE TIES, for Ladies, at
HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,
ja24 Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

AT OLD PRICES.
JACONET AND SWISS TRIMMINGS; HAMBURG EDGINGS AND SKIRT TRIMMINGS; DIMITY BANDS; MAGIC RUFFLING; REAL VALENCIENNES AND THREAD LACE RIBBONS, EDGING, COLLARETTS, and all kinds of EMBROIDERIES at old prices, to wholesale and retail buyers.
JOS. HORNE,
ja24 77 and 79 Market street.

AT
J. M. Burchfield's,
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
At Old Prices;
ENGLISH GRENADINES,
ENGLISH BERAGES,
Mozambiques,
ENGLISH CHINTZES.
ja24

CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
WINTER GOODS.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Previous to making their ANNUAL INVENTORY, are desirous of closing out their entire stock of
WINTER GOODS
Before the first day of February next. Wholesale as well as Retail Buyers will have all the advantages of the REDUCTION MADE IN PRICES.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
ja10 No. 17 FIFTH STREET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS
Can save money by making their purchases at
C. HANSON LOVE & CO.'S.
DOMESTICS,
The largest and best assorted stock in the city, and cheaper than they can be purchased in any Wholesale or Retail House either EAST OR WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.
N. B.—Give us an early call and see for yourselves.
C. HANSON LOVE & CO.,
ja22 74 MARKET STREET.

COMMENCING TO-DAY,
AT
BARKER & CO.'S,
59 Market Street,
THE
GREATEST SALE OF THE SEASON.
SILKS,
CLOAKS,
SHAWLS,
AND
DRESS GOODS
At Less than Eastern Cost.
AN IMMENSE STOCK.
ja13

INTERESTING TO CITY AND COUNTRY DEALERS, MILLINERS & PEDDLERS.
During this month (JANUARY,) we will close out our entire stock of the following seasonable goods at
Reduced Prices,
To make room for SPRING GOODS.
Dealers will find our assortments of these goods well suited to their trade, both in prices and variety, the prices of many articles being lower than they can to-day be bought in the New York or Philadelphia markets.
GERMANTOWN, BOSTON RIBBED AND KNIT WOOLEN HOSIERY;
GLOVES, GAUNTLETS, BUCK AND WOOL GLOVES AND MITTS;
WOOLEN UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS;
WOOL HOODS, COMFORTS, SCARFS, &c.
Also, of TRIMMINGS, FANCY GOODS, BUTTONS, THREADS, BRAIDS AND NOTIONS, our stock is not surpassed in cheapness by any in the city.
We ask special notice to our stock of HOOP SKIRTS, as we have facilities for supplying the best and most reliable makes at VERY LOW RATES.
MACRUM & GLYDE,
78 MARKET STREET, next door.
(Between Fourth and the Diamond.) ja16

150 LBS. STEWART'S PATENT THREAD, at less than Eastern prices, for sale by
MACRUM & GLYDE,
ja14 78 Market street.

A LARGE INVOICE OF ALPACCA BRAIDS AND SKIRT BRAIDS—SOLFERINO, AZULIM, HUMBOULT, and other desirable colors, just received by
MACRUM & GLYDE,
ja14 78 Market street.

THE HANDSOMEST YET.—A new assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S NEGLIGNE SHIRTS,
Just received by
MACRUM & GLYDE,
ja14 78 Market st., bet. 4th and Diamond.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
In order to close out their entire stock on the first of February, Make your selections before the choice colors are all gone.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
ja10 No. 17 Fifth street.

DR. D. CAWLEY,
HOMŒOPATHIST,
(late of Philadelphia,)
Has Opened his Office at No. 324 PENN STREET, corner of Kossuth, (Irwin's Alley.)
Office hours 6 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 6 to 7 p. m.
ja26:1mdis

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.
TREASURER.....E. LAKE.
☞ Third night of the engagement of the celebrated comedian, Mr. FRANK CHANFRAU.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Jan. 28th,