Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 18.

The Battle of Fredericksburg.

We give up almost our entire space this morning to a clear and correct account of the great battle of Saturday—the only one we have met with that gives anything like a clear delineation of that terrible conflict—one of the most glorious battles of the war so far as an exhibition of steady and persistent bravery by both officers and men could render it so. It failed of success, it is true. It was a repulse not a defeat, and it only failed because the position of the enemy was so strong, so impregnable, that success was impossible. It was very strong by nature, and made vastly more so by art.

While the whole nation mourns the loss of brave men on that well-fought field, it has the consolation of knowing that they did not fall victims to incompetency. It was an earnest, honest and well-planned effort to crush the rebellion by one tremendous blow; but it pleased God to ordain that it should be unsuccessful; and while it is our duty to submit, it is equally our duty to hope on, to cheer on our gallant army in its great work, and to abate not one jot of our determination to suppress the rebellion, and restore the authority of the Government over every acre of its broad domain.

Had Gen. BURNSIDE been successful at Fredericksburg—judging from the impetuosity of his assault and the amazing courage and zeal of the soldiers—the rout of the rebel army would have been complete, and with its army the Confederate government must have perished. Thus would the effect have ceased for the time being, while the cause might have remained. *Virginia, at least, would have been conquered in time to save slavery.* All that *men* could do to bring about that result was done by the President, the Cabinet and the army; but circumstances beyond their control have thwarted their plans and defeated their purposes; and Virginia will now remain locked in the embrace of a traitorous confederacy until the year of jubilee—now only two weeks distant—shall come. Even slaveholders must admit that Mr. LINCOLN, his cabinet and his generals, would have saved them from the blow that is impending if they could have done it; and when it does come, as come it will, they will have only their own obstinacy to blame for the calamity, if calamity it may be called.

But he must be blind indeed who sees not the hand of God in this thing—holding us back from success, yet suffering us not to be seriously weakened—baffling the wisest counsels and best laid plans—curbing the hot zeal of both statesmen and soldiers—casting down, but not destroying—thus trying the fidelity and patience of the nation until it shall be educated up to the grand work of its own enfranchisement, by the proclamation of "*Liberty throughout all the land, to all the inhabitants thereof.*"

THE BATTLE OF FREDERICKSBURG.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Description by an Eye-Witness

We gave a somewhat detailed account, yesterday, of the great battle of Saturday, copied from the New York *Herald's* correspondence; but in almost all its parts it was so evidently modeled on the previously received reports by telegraph, that we had some misgivings whether it was really more than a clever expansion of these by the pen of a ready writer. We, therefore, lay before our readers the following clear description of the events of that severe day's fighting by another correspondent—one whom we presume to have been an eye-witness of, at least, part of what he describes:

FREDERICKSBURG, Saturday, Dec. 13, 11 P. M.—Last evening, a General Council of War, attended by all the grand division, corps, and division commanders, was held at a late hour, at Gen. Sumner's headquarters, at which Gen. Burnside submitted and explained his plan for the general attack he proposed to make today upon the position of the enemy. The plan comprised a simultaneous advance of our whole line upon the enemy's strong positions on the hills in front of the left and right Grand Divisions, which were to be carried by sudden assaults upon the stronghold, of select bodies of troops. It was in keeping with the well-known boldness and dash of its author, but some doubts were expressed in the council of its practicability by a number of those in attendance. All, however, expressed their readiness to undertake anything ordered by the Commander-in-Chief, and the necessary instructions were given to commence a general movement upon the enemy with daylight. The fog that kept the valley of the river and the adjacent heights from view every day this week, again prevented the commencement of operations at the stated time. Fortunately, however, it cleared away early in the day, and about ten o'clock orders were directed to the Generals commanding the right and left Grand Divisions to prepare to charge immediately the works respectively assigned to them.

THE BATTLE ON THE RIGHT.

Gen. Sumner and staff left their headquarters about 11 o'clock and repaired to the Lacey House, from which a full view of the scene of impending action on the Right Grand Division could be obtained. Gen. Sumner had selected French's Division of Gen. Couch's corps for the advance of the attacking column. Orders to move from its position in the streets of Fredericksburg next to the river to the outskirts of the town, form a line of battle by brigades and preceded by a cloud of skirmishers, move at a double-quick upon the first line of the enemy's works. Gen. French was necessarily obliged to march his troops in solid columns in parallel streets. As soon as the head of the columns had emerged from the lower into the higher portions of the streets, the enemy's batteries opened upon them from several points. Upon reaching the outskirts of the town, the order was given to deploy, but stone and other fences prevented its ready execution. During the delay thus caused, the troops were exposed to an enfilading fire, which taxed the advance of the troops most severely. The line being formed at last, about noon the order to advance was given. The line moved up and over a low range of elevations and down toward the foot of the hills on which the enemy's breastworks were situated from houses, rifle-pits, barricades across the roads, and other shelter. The rebel sharpshooters now opened from all sides with fearful effect. The vigor of the fire of the rebel artillery also steadily increased, and when the line reached the foot of the second range of hills, a perfect hail of lead fell upon it. The advance, however, was continued until within a few hundred yards of the crest of the hills, when a rapid succession of terrific volleys from long lines of rebel infantry, suddenly rising in front of their works, checked it. From the position they had gained, our troops now exchanged round after round with the enemy, until their ammunition became exhausted, and the line fell back some distance, leaving nearly one half of its number on the field to make room for General Hancock's Division. This division advanced, likewise formed in parallel lines of brigades. It moved forward steadily up to the point where French's had received its check, when it was also stopped by the murderous fire of the rebel infantry and artillery. For two hours it alternately replied the enemy's musketry, and attempted to make its way up the second range of hills. Although unable to advance, and continually losing numbers, it fought until its ammunition gave out, when it was relieved by Howard's division, and retired nearer to town. Howard's command went into action about 3 o'clock. One after the other of its brigades was advanced to the front; but, like those of French and Hancock's, did not succeed in reaching the enemy's works. The last of it, under Gen. Sully, was ordered to charge up the hill with the bayonet, and moved forward in most gallant style, but was checked, as all other troops had been.

Shortly after French's Division had moved to the attack, Sturgis' Division of Wilcox's corps advanced over a parallel road on the left of our right upon the works and batteries covering the enemy's right flank. It experienced the same difficulties in forming, in consequence of obstructions on the ground, as French's, but pushed forwarded with the utmost determination, halting only at times to open its way for musketry. It reached within eighty yards of the crest of the hill it aimed to take, but having been fearfully weakened in numbers during its advance, had to halt. It held the point gained for three hours.

Notwithstanding it was confronted by vastly superior numbers of infantry, and enfiladed by batteries on each flank—even after its ammunition had all been spent, it did not give way, but firmly held its ground until properly relieved shortly before sunset. When Howard's Division moved to the front, the last of the available forces of Couch's corps, forming our extreme right, was employed. Of Wilcox's corps, Getty's Division, which had been held in reserve during the day, was all that were at command, after Sturgis had been exhausted by the severity of its protracted struggle, Burns having been sent early in the morning to establish connection between the left and right, and not being within ready march. Fortunately, however, Batterfield's corps of Hooker's Grand Division, which was acting as a reserve to the right, as Stoneman's was to the left, came to the rescue, when the energies of Wilcox's and Couch's corps had been spent. It commenced moving across the river, over the upper and middle bridges, as soon as the advance of Couch's and Wilcox's troops furnished room for it on the lower part of the town. It had all moved across between four and five o'clock. Shortly before dark Humphrey's and Griffin's divisions were ordered to advance to the front and relieve the troops of General Couch on the right of Gen. Wilcox on the left. They reached the front and formed in line just before sunset, and at once charged upon the enemy's works. Humphrey's division came within a short distance of them, and Griffin's division reached the point held by Sturgis, which respective positions they have since occupied. During their advance the firing from the rebel artillery reached the highest intensity of the whole day, but ceased shortly after nightfall. Simultaneous with the advance of Griffin and Humphrey, Getty's Division moved from its position up the valley of a little stream skirting the town and advanced to the base of the hill occupied by the rebel batteries on the extreme right, driving the rebel infantry from behind a stone wall from which they had greatly troubled our troops during the day. Here it lay during the night. Sykes's Division, of Butterfield's Corps, followed between Griffin and Humphrey to the front, but arrived too late for action. Thus ended the conflict between our right and the rebel left.

THE BATTLE ON THE LEFT.

The lines of Gen. Franklin, as formed for the attack, represented an obtuse angle, one line of which—Gen. Reynold's corps—extended diagonally from the river bank—Smith's corps in a line parallel with the river and formed on the right of Wilcox's corps. The extreme left was three miles below Fredericksburg, and the right of the left Grand Division was less than two miles from the town. The extent of Gen. Franklin's lines then was more than a mile from right to left. The position of the different divisions was as follows, commencing on the right:

First, Brooks' division, which lay upon the ground along the road to Fredericksburg, running parallel with the river, and half way between it and the rebel batteries.

Howe's division formed on the left; on his right joined Reynolds's corps, the first division of which, Gen. Gibbon's command, took position in advance beyond the road. Meade's division formed an angle with Gibbon's, and extended toward the river. Doubleday was next to Meade, and reated on the river. This in general was the position of the Left Grand Division when the action commenced. The first fire was made by the skirmishers of the 13th Massachusetts in our front. They had moved cautiously in advance of our lines for half a mile, when discovering the enemy's pickets they fired upon them. Cannonading soon commenced in earnest. The hazy atmosphere of the early part of the day having cleared away so as to give to each of the contending parties a view of the position taken by its other, Hall's battery, the Second Maine discovered a battery of the enemy in close proximity and opened a rapid and vigorous fire upon it. In a few moments the artillery fire extended along the entire line. The Second U. S. Artillery, Capt. Ransom, Cooper's Battery of Pennsylvania Reserves, and others, made and received a severe attack. The skirmishing was kept up as our lines advanced, and the position of the enemy in the woods was almost reached. A scattering musketry fire continued from the first advance, about 9 o'clock, till noon, and with occasional lulls. The cannonading was heavy and severe. During the advance of the Left Grand Division upon the enemy's position, Major General Stoneman's corps of the Second Grand Division, Hooker's, which had moved to the vicinity of the river the evening previous, moved over the bridges. Gen. Birney's Division, on the advance, moved toward the left to the support of that portion of the line. Great enthusiasm was excited among the troops as the battle flag of Gen. Birney, of Stoneman's corps, was seen moving across the plain, in advance of the flag, in deep column, winding onward from the river.

Gen. Birney had received orders to place himself in position to support the right of Gen. Reynold's corps in an attack which was momentarily expected to be made. Orders to advance having been received, Gen. Gibbon's and Gen. Meade's Divisions were directed to advance upon the enemy in the woods and upon the hill, holding the position if support should come to them, abandoning it in case they should be too severely pressed. Came the most successful and determined effort on this part of our line. The attack was made from the point of intersection of the angle formed by our lines already referred to. This point was nearest to the woods, and the enemy's shells were falling thickly about it. Gibbon's Division and the Pennsylvania Reserves advanced boldly towards the works of the enemy. They pushed determinedly through the brushwood and bushes on to a grove of cedars, and through these up the hills towards the breastworks of the enemy. The works were carried, many prisoners captured, and the crest of the hill gained, not, however, without a heavy loss. Gen. Gibbons had fallen, wounded in the arm, while leading his command to the attack. The works of the enemy at this point were gained, but not held. The enemy, unfortunately, possessed the strength to concentrate overwhelming numbers of fresh troops upon the threatened point, and for all the valor of those who survived, and all the sacrifices of those who fell, the position had to be abandoned, and our troops were compelled to fall back to the plain. They had penetrated beyond the railroad and the Bowling Green turnpike, through the woods and across the outer work of the enemy to the top of the hill, and were then forced back to this side of the railroad, where they maintained their stand in advance of that they had originally occupied. In the meantime Gen. Doubleday had been constantly pushing the enemy upon the left. A most determined resistance was made by the enemy as skirmishers and with their reserves and artillery. The fire which during the forenoon was kept up on the left, told of the most severe fighting. For full a mile the enemy was pressed back, contesting the ground inch by inch, receiving and inflicting heavy loss. The enemy fell back upon his defences and the advantage gained was indecisive. During three successive advances and checks along the centre and Left Grand Division uninterrupted shelling was kept up by the rebel batteries upon the bodies of troops at different points of the plain. At a large stone mansion near the centre of our line, used as a field hospital during the day, an incessent fire was directed. Near this building Gen. Bayard found an untimely death. A shell struck him while sitting under a tree within a few yards of Gen. Franklin, in the leg, without exploding. His leg was nearly took off, and he died in the course of the evening. Toward the middle of the afternoon the firing along the lines of the left Grand Division grew weaker and gradually settled into a comparative lull. Shortly before sunset, however, the firing on the extreme left was again renewed with vigor, and kept up until after dark. At 5½ o'clock it gradually died away, and at 6 o'clock it had entirely ceased. On the left as well as on the right the battle came short of our expectations. We gained some ground, but failed to realize the main object of the day's work—namely, the dislodgment of the enemy from their intrenched position on the heights overlooking the plain, held by the Left, and the town, occupied by the Right Division. New efforts, new sacrifices of life, will be required to accomplish it.

By far the severest fighting occurred on the right. All the Generals that have participated in the battle of Antietam say that today's contest on this portion of the line exceeded it in intensity. The rebels had our troops at a disadvantage. Their infantry fought principally under cover, while their artillery had it almost their own way from its elevated position. On the right it was found impossible to bring any of our artillery into action, for want of proper positions in the early part of the day, until late in the afternoon, when a single battery, Phillip's, was employed in sections from high points of the streets of the town. At least sixty pieces played upon our right from the enemy's batteries during the greater portion of the day. I found it impossible to obtain anything like a reliable estimate of our losses up to the moment of closing. I have questioned nearly all the corps and division commanders, but they were unable to give even approximate figures. The right suffered most heavily—probably two-thirds more than the left. French's division lost most. The rebel loss is much smaller than ours. Orders issued this evening for a renewal of the attack along the whole line at 9 a. m.; but when the hard usage of nearly the whole of our right was experienced will become fully known to Gen. Burnside, the order will undoubtedly be countermanded. That portion of the army is certainly not fit to go again into action to-morrow.

Provision and ammunition trains are now moving across the bridge to supply our troops. The fatigue and exposure of the last three days has greatly told on their effectiveness.

LECTURES.

☞GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN

WILL LECTURE AT

CONCERT HALL,

ON

Friday Evening, Dec. 19,

On "THE DOWNFALL OF ENGLAND AND UPRISING OF AMERICA."

☞Tickets, (to all parts of the Hall,) 25 cents. For sale at the Book and Music Stores.

As the capacity of the hall is limited, and this will be the only lecture by Mr. Train, early application should be made to secure tickets.

Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

de15:td&d-tsnwr

☞LECTURES AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (THURSDAY) MORNING, at 11 o'clock: AGENCIES.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, Dec. 13th, 1862.

☞DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($3 50) PER SHARE, payable to the Stockholders forthwith.

SAMUEL E. SEA, Secretary.

de15:3tdlw

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD CO., Pittsburgh, Dec. 17th, 1862.

☞THE SEMI-ANNUAL COUPONS of the Bonds of this Road, due July 1st, 1863, will be paid on or before the 31st DECEMBER, 1862, at the office of the Company.

de16:td&td R. C. OSE, Treasurer.

☞AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The Annual Meeting of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society will be held on the FIRST WEDNESDAY (7th) OF JANUARY, 1863, at 11 o'clock a. m., at which time an election for Officers and Managers of the Society for the ensuing year will be held.

S. SCHOYER, Jr.,
Secretary of Board.

W. S. HAVEN, Chairman

de9:td

☞POCKET BOOKS, for the new Postage Currency; DIARIES, 4 and 8 vo. and 12 mo.; LAWYERS NEW TIE ENVELOPES; SLOCOMB'S INKSTANDS; PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS; for sale by W. S. HAVEN,

oc20 corner Wood and Third streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELEGANT GIFT BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

IN THE WOODS—with Bryant, Longfellow and Halleck. Illustrated, from Drawings by John A. Howe.

IMPERIAL COURTS OF FRANCE, ENGLAND, RUSSIA, PRUSSIA, SARDINIA AND AUSTRIA—richly illustrated with go trait of Imperial Sovereigns and their Cabinet Ministers, with an introduction by W. C. Bryant. With forty-two steel engravings.

BITTER SWEET—A Poem by J. G. Holland In 1 vol., large 12 mo., with nearly fifty illustrations, executed in the highest style of art.

GALLERIES OF MUNICH—being a selection from the Royal Collections of the Pinakothek, and at Schleissheim, and from the Leuchtenberg Gallery, with an Historic account of the Schools of Art. By E. Holloway, Esq.

BERLIN AND ITS TREASURES—a selection of subjects from the Royal Picture Gallery, and other collections of Paintings, engraved in the first style, on steel.

ROBERT S. DAVIS,

de18:2t 93 WOOD STREET.

NEW SERIES OF JUVENILES.

BY AUNT FANNY.

Entitled,

THE MITTEN BOOKS.

I. MITTENS, with queer and fanciful Stories; being the first book of the series.....75 cents.
II. LITTLE MITTENS.....75 cents.
III. MORE MITTENS.....75 cents.
IV. THE TWO STORY MITTENS and the FIFTEN PRAY MITTENS—being the fourth book of the series.....75 cents.
V. NEW LITTLEN MITTENS, with story of the Little Darlings—being the fifth book of the series.....75 cents.
VI. THE ORPHAN'S HOME MITTENS, and George's account of the Battle of Roanoke Island.....75 cents.

This new series of Juveniles, by Aunt Fanny, possesses, if possible, even greater attractions than her previous series. The queer title was suggested to the author from the various circumstances connected with the KNITTING BEE, which prevailed last winter among all classes to knit for the Soldiers.

de18:3t 93 WOOD STREET.

GROCERIES.—
20 hhds. prime N. O. Sugar;
30 do " Cuba do;
30 do do P. R. do;
60 bbls. Yellow do;
75 do C. C. do;
25 do Crushed do;
20 do "A" Coffee do;
75 bags Rio Coffee;
150 bbls. prime N. O. Molasses;
25 do Lorentzo's Syrup;
10 do assorted brands Syrup;
10 do Bleached Whale Oil;
10 do No. 1 Lard Oil;
50 boxes Tobacco—6s and 10s;
5 do bright Tobacco;
10 kegs No. 1, 6 twist Tobacco;
With a full assortment of goods in our line, for sale by
BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS,
de18 191 and 193 Liberty street.

FLOUR.—500 bbls. assorted brands Extra Family Flour in store and for sale by
de18 BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS.

OIL BARRELS.—80 Refined Oil Barrels for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS

SUNDRIES—
DRIED BEEF;
LEAF LARD, in barrels and kegs;
MESS PORK;
No. 3 MACKEREL, large;
On hand and for sale by
de15 WM. R. HAYS & CO., 295 Liberty st.

TO ARRIVE NEXT WEEK—
25 bbls. common Cranberries;
25 do Sackett's Bell do;
de15 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

NEW SUGAR-CURED HAMS.—Just received, a small supply of prime Sugar-cured Hams and Dried Beef, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de16 corner Liberty and Hand street.

CRUDE OIL.—220 bbls. suitable for refining, for sale by
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
de16 69 and 70 Water street.

LARD OIL, pure winter strained, for sale by
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
de16 69 and 70 Water street.

SOAP STONE—50 barrels, for foundries, for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—I will expose to
PUBLIC SALE,
ON
Tuesday, Jan. 6, 1863, at 11 o'clock a. m.,
ON THE PREMISES,
All that valuable lot or piece of ground situate in the Third Ward, City of Pittsburgh, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the eastern corner of Cherry alley and Liberty street; thence along Liberty street southwardly 31 feet 1½ inches to the line of property now or late of Wood & Seiter; thence by the same 98 feet and 8½ inches to an alley ten feet wide; thence along said alley 124 feet and 9 inches to Plum alley; thence along Plum alley westwardly 33 feet 1 inch to the line of property now or late of J. Parker; thence by the same, and by the line of property belonging to J. Votter's heirs, northwardly 75 feet; thence by the line of the last mentioned property 62 feet 4 inches to Cherry alley and thence by the same 79 feet 9½ inches to the corner of Cherry alley and Liberty street;—on which is erected the large brick tenements known as the
MANSION HOUSE & CONTINENTAL HOTELS.

This property is immediately adjacent to the Great Eastern and Western Railroad Passenger Depot, and affords a rare chance for investment by capitalists.

TERMS AT SALE.

JOHN W. BIDDELL,
Assignee of George Aerents.

J. G. DAVIS, Auctioneer
Pittsburgh, Dec. 17, 1862. de17:3tawtd

STATEMENT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, for six months ending November 30, 1862.

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors June 1st, 1862		$523,973 65
" received from Depositors during last six months	$225,403 08	
" paid to Depositors during the last six months	70,761 30	
		154,651 78
Dividend due Depositors, Dec. 1st, 1862		15 565 76
Contingent Fund		22,924 76
		$717,116 23

ASSETS.

Bonds, Mortgages and Loans	$321,035 48
Real Estate	42,449 21
Stock in Pittsburgh Banks	76,975 63
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness, 6 per cent	50,022 01
U. S. 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds, 1881	50,043 75
Bills Receivable	19 301 40
Cash on hand and in Banks	159,288 45
	$717,115 93

The Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from December 1st.

CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 12th, 1862.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending Nov. 30th, 1862, and that they have examined the assets of the Bank—consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank stock, Bills of Exchange, U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness, and Cash on hand—and find the same to be correct and to correspond with the same Report.

ISAAC WHITTIER,
J. G. BACKOFEN,
C. YEAGER.

de16 21dalt&F

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—all styles of binding, at lowest prices, at
HUNTS.

GIFT BOOKS, BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS, for Holiday Presents, at the lowest prices, at
HUNTS.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, SCRAP ALBUMS, AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS, ANNUALS, POETICAL WORKS, for Holiday Presents, at
HUNTS.

WRITING DESKS, PORTFOLIOS, CHESS, CHECKERS, and all other Games, &c., for Holiday Presents, at
HUNTS.

JUVENILE BOOKS—a complete assortment for Holiday Presents—at lowest prices, at
HUNTS.

DIARIES AND ALMANACS, for 1863; HOLIDAY PICTORIALS, &c., at
HUNTS

MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

de16

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

"OPPOSITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE."

GIFTS! GIFTS! GIFTS!

THE GREAT GIFT BOOK HOUSE!

Announcement to the citizens of

Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Vicinity.

We have opened a choice stock of BOOKS, direct from the publishers, at No. 52 FIFTH STREET, which we are offering at unprecedentedly low prices. Notwithstanding we sell our Books at publishers' lowest prices, we give with each one sold a VALUABLE PRESENT, worth from FIFTY CENTS TO ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Our assortment of Books is too extensive to enumerate; therefore, we will only say that it consists in part of HISTORICAL, BIOGRAPHICAL, POLITICAL, JUVENILE, and MISCELLANEOUS PRAYER BOOKS, &c., together with a fine assortment of Books suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

We have the largest and best assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS to be found in the city, at prices which *DEFY COMPETITION!*

OUR GIFTS

Consist in part of SILVER AND PLATED WARE, WATCHES, CLOCKS AND FINE JEWELRY.

Eight Day Gilt Calendar Clocks, each	$ 20 00
Splendid Eight Day Clocks	15 00
Parlor Clocks	10 00
Wide Awake Clocks	7 50
Gothic Clocks	3 50
Fanel Clocks	10 00
Oak Leaf Clocks	7 00
Fine Chester ters Jewelry	5 00
Plain Gold Rings	7 50
Chased Gold Rings	1 25
Silver Plated Castors, (one,)	1 50
Fine Silver Plated Castors	12 00
sets Folid Silver Table Spoons	4 00
Sets Solid Silver Tea Spoons	15 00
Sets Solid Silver Forks	10 00
Se ts Silver Plated Table Spoons	10 00
Sets Silver Plated Tea Spoons	7 50
Sets Silver Plated Dinner Forks	1 25
Silver Plated Butter Knives	2 50
Patent Lever Gold Watches	15 00
Ladies' Patent Lever Gold Watches	30 50
Silver Watches	10 00
Misses' Neck Chains	2 50
Pearl Porte Monnaies	2 50
Fine Gold Lockets	1 50
Ladies' Fine Gold Pencils	2 50
Gold Bracelets	5 00
Gent's Gold Vest Chains	6 50
Full Sets Coral Jewelry	2 50
Mosaic, Onnax and Coral Breastpins	2 50
Ladies' Guard Chains	5 00
Gold Pens, with extension holders	5 00
Gent's Gilt Scarf Pins	2 50
Pearl Pocket Knives, (very fine	2 50
Miscellaneous Gifts, varying in value from cents to $100	50

☞Call early, if you would secure bargains, at

No. 52 FIFTH STREET,

Third Door above the Theatre.

de11:1m

R. R. BULGER, Ag't,

Manufacturer of every description of

FURNITURE

NO. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

A full assortment of PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED FURNITURE constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

jn16:1ymas

NOW IS THE TIME TO KILL YOUR RATS, MICE AND ROACHES.—Read's RAT PASTE is warranted to do it effectually. Unlike the worthless rat poison offered to the public, it is not aggravating the premises by fire. Ask for WOLL'S, as all others are comparatively worthless.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

WANTED—A steady, active boy, to learn the drug business. One from the country preferred.

de17

LIBRARY STEP LADDERS.—Folding Step Ladders, convenient for Libraries, Parlors, &c.; also, Wicker Knife Trays; Japanned Cake and Spice Cans, assorted sizes, together with a general assortment of Domestic Housekeeping Dimsile, for sale at the Family Grocery store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de17 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—It saves time, labor, clothes and money; will last a child eight years old can operate it; no machinist or skill requisite in its use, and saves its cost in clothing every six months. For sale at the India Rubber Depot, 25 and 23 St. Clair street.

de8 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

JUDD'S PATENT CANDLES.—Just received, a fresh supply of Judd's Patent Sperm or Wax Candles, white and colored, fours and sixes, put up in six lb. boxes, also for sale by the pound, by

de17 JNO. A. RENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CRUDE OIL BARRELS, in good order, for sale by
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
de16 69 and 70 Water street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,

Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, HUBIAS, SCARFS, ZEPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOL; 6,000 lbs. KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive.

Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again.

N. B.—A choice assortment of

Staple Dry Goods,

At wholesale only

oc27-yr

1862. REDUCTION 1862.

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS.

We have reduced the prices of

FANCY POPLINS;
FANCY VELOURS;
FANCY REPS;
FANCY EMPRESS CLOTH;
FANCY DRESS GOODS;
FANCY DRESS GOODS;
FANCY DRESS GOODS;
FANCY EMBROIDERIES;
FANCY EMBROIDERIES;
FANCY EMBROIDERIES;
FANCY SHAWLS;
FANCY SHAWLS;
FANCY SHAWLS;
FANCY CLOAKS;
FANCY CLOAKS;
FANCY CLOAKS;
FANCY CLOAKS;
MERINOS, CASHMERES;
MERINOS, CASHMERES;
MERINOS, CASHMERES;

And all our FANCY WINTER GOODS.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

Successors to George B. White & Co.,

dec17:6t No. 25 Fifth street.

DIARIES, for 1863,

All kinds.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

All styles.

AT

PITTOCK'S,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

de11

1862.....NOVEMBER.....1862

CARPETS.

W. D. & H. M'CALLUM,

57 FOURTH STREET.

A large portion of our stock having been bought previous to a series of advances, and now replenished, (just preceding the largest advance of the season) with the newest designs in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.,

A favorable opportunity is offered to purchasers at moderate rates, as prices will certainly be higher.

de10:1y

PETROLITE OIL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REESE & GRAFF, Proprietors.

Capacity two thousand barrels per week.

☞Office, MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

no25

LADIES' FANCY FURS;

CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS;

GENT'S FUR CAPS, COLLARS & GLOVES;

HATS AND CAPS.

Every variety and style of the above goods on hand and for sale at

McCORD & CO.'S,

de15 No. 131 WOOD STREET.

144 RUBIA MILLS, 144

144 GREENE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GOVERNMENT COFFEE,

Put up in tin foil pound papers, 48 in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:

JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE.

We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 183 Chamber street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLARD & DEANE, 129 and 131 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention.

TABER & PLACE.

SAVE TEN PER CENT.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
23d Collection District, Pa.,
Allegheny, December 15th, 1862.

Notice is hereby given that the time for receiving the Tax on the Annual Assessment List for United States Internal Revenue, for that part of Allegheny county north of the Ohio and Allegheny rivers, will expire on WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF DECEMBER, when the law requires ten per centum to be added, and the increased tax, after a demand, to be summarily collected by *distress*. This List consists of the following items to be assessed will save money by attending to this notice.

☞Office, WATER STREET, next door to the City Treasury, Allegheny.

de15:tw DAVID H. WHITE,
Collector of the 23d District, Penn'a.

CHARLES L. CALDWELL,

(successor to James Holmes & Co.,)

PORK PACKER,

Dealer in BACON, LARD, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, SMOKED BEEF, &c.,

CORNER MARKET AND FIRST STREETS,

de11:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

BALMORAL SKIRTS!

AT GREAT BARGAINS!

500 new styles BALMORAL SKIRTS, at reduced prices, for the Holidays.

JOS. HORNE,

de10:6t 77 and 79 Market street.

FLOUR! FLOUR!—
500 bbls. White Eagle Flour;
200 do double extra Bartlett Flour;
300 do XX Rod's do;
200 do "Madison Mills" do;
150 do "West City" do;
75 do various brands Family do;
25 do choice Rye Flour;
For sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG.

POULTRY, JUST RECEIVED.—
277 large Turkeys;
780 " Chickens;
100 " Ducks, Geese, &c.,
Now ready and for sale by
H. HIDDLE,
de14 No. 183 Liberty street.

NOTICE TO PORK PACKERS AND GROCERS.—3000 half Barrels, suitable to pack Lard, Butter or anything else, will be sold low by
H. HIDDLE, 183 Liberty street.
de13

COOPERS' AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS for sale by
BOWN & TETLEY, 126 Wood st.
de13

COLT'S REVOLVERS, all kinds and sizes, for sale by
BOWN & TETLEY, 126 Wood st.
de13

DRY GOODS.

SKIRT BRAIDS.

One Case of Wide Skirt Braids,

Comprising

AZULINE BLUES,
SOLFERINOS,
MAGENTAS,
HUMBOLDTS,

With a full line of all the other leading colors, at wholesale and retail.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,

de18 No. 17 FIFTH STREET.

TO ARRIVE.

60 DOZEN BUCK GAUNTLETS,

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE, at a LOW PRICE.

To these we invite the *special attention* of CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,

de18 No. 17 FIFTH STREET.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S TOILET ARTICLES, a beautiful assortment, very suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. Also, a choice stock of PORTEMONNAIES, PURSES, RETICULES, BUCKLES, NEEDLE-BOOKS, JET AND CORAL BREASTPINS, NECKLACES, BRACELETS, &c., &c., at
MACRUM & CLYDE'S,
(between Fourth and Diamond.) 78 Market street.
de16

GENTLEMEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, FINE SHIRTS, TIES, SCARFS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, GAUNTLETS, HOSE, EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS, &c., of the best kinds and lowest prices, at
MACRUM & CLYDE'S,
de16 78 Market st., bet'n 4th and Diamond.

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS should call without delay and replenish their stock with HOLIDAY GOODS. We have a very attractive supply of NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS, &c., comprising many new and desirable articles. The trade will be supplied on very favorable terms.

MACRUM & CLYDE,
de16 78 Market street.

A LARGE STOCK OF

CLOAKS

AND

SHAWLS,

JUST RECIVED BY EXPRESS.

ALSO,

500 PIECES

Delaines,

AT 25 CENTS,

AT

W. & D. HUGUS',

Cor. Fifth & Market Sts.,

de15 PITTSBURGH.

DRESS GOODS,

FOR

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

AT

BARKER & CO.'S,

55 MARKET STREET.

Prices reduced for the present season.

GREAT BARGAINS! SEE THEM!

SHAWLS AND CLOAKS,

FOR

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

AT

BARKER & CO.'S,

59 MARKET STREET.

Every style that is most desirable at prices as low as those of last year.

SILKS,

FOR

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

AT

BARKER & CO.'S,

59 MARKET STREET.

At 62½c., 75c., $1, and upwards. An almost unlimited assortment.

de15

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

NEW GOODS

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS.

$3100 BALMORAL SKIRTS,

All colors, and four yards wide.

CLOAKS,

Of all kinds, some entirely new and embroidered.

SHAWLS

For Ladies, Misses, Children and Gent's—both long and square—VERY CHEAP.

ALSO,

LADIES' COLLARS, SETS, SLEEVES, LACE and GRENADINE VEILS, GENTLEMEN'S WOOLEN SCARFS, &c., &c.

A large lot of BLEACHED COTTON FLANNELS and BLANKETS just received.

☞Please give us a call before purchasing your Holiday presents, as we have a stock of all kinds of goods very cheap, which cannot fail to please.

C. HANSON LOVE & CO.,

78 MARKET STREET.

(SIGN OF THE ORIGINAL BEE HIVE.) de14

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Prices Marked Down.

The attention of the LADIES is called to the fact that we are now closing out our stock of

Embroideries,