LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

The Government Stock Yard--Immense Collection of Live Stock.

A good deal has been said about "the government stock yard,"—now fitting up on the old Fair Grounds, in the Ninth Ward. It will be remembered that an application was made to Councils, through Major Montgomery, asking permission to construct a side track from the Fair Grounds to the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, for the purpose of facilitating the shipment of live stock, and other government property. Certain members of Councils saw (or thought they saw) a moderately sized "snake" in the proposition of the Major. In plain words, they believed that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had a much deeper interest in the proposed lateral track than the Government, and that it was mainly for their behalf that the privilege to construct it was asked. Some members of Council, we know, still have to be satisfied that there is really no double dealing in the matter, before they will vote for the right of way, notwithstanding the intimations that the track may be put down as a "military necessity." We take it for granted, of course, that the proposition of Major Montgomery, as an officer of the government, was *bona fide*, nor have we the slightest evidence of anything to the contrary.

The pressure upon the Pennsylvania Railroad is very great, and this seems to be the source of all the troubles. There are now no less than *seven hundred car loads of stock* at this point, awaiting shipment east, a large amount of which is for the government. The great Central line, with all its facilities, is unequal to the task of carrying the stock concentrated here from the various western lines. The derangement of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has contributed largely to the present state of affairs, as the heavy fall shipments of stock usually made over that line now come by way of Pittsburgh. As soon as the Baltimore line is repaired, (which will be in the course of a week or ten days), it will serve to relieve the Pennsylvania line of the pressure. Owing to the immense gorge in the channel of shipment, cattle and hogs are selling here at minor prices, and the lots remaining over have to be fed at a very heavy expenditure—corn costing $1 per bushel at the yards, and hay $1,25 per hundred.

Information direct from the cattle yards in Allegheny, advises us that during the past week 25,000 hogs had been received, of which number 15,000 head remained in the yards, which were very much crowded. Of the whole number of cattle received, 2,000 remained in the yards. The stock owned by the government, and the lots being shipped for sale in the East, are not included in the above, because not offered for sale in this market.

Cattle, hogs and sheep are selling at ruinously low prices, and the cry is "still they come." While the result is not very gratifying to stock raisers and drovers, there is much consolation in the fact that even the poorer classes can afford to buy, and lay in a plentiful supply for the winter.

Important Trial.

Judge Hampton, of the District Court, is engaged in the trial of another important cause, involving over $15,000. The case may be briefly stated as follows:

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank vs. Robert Watson. Action against Robert Watson, as the endorser of A. & A. Woods, of Pittsburgh, on drafts made by them on parties in St. Louis, in 1854-'55, amounting in the aggregate, principal and interest, to $15,375 84. The defendant pleads the statute of limitation. In 1855, a number of executions were issued against A. & A. Woods—plaintiffs in this case, (the M. and M. Bank) becoming the holders of the judgments given by A. & A. Woods to Robert Watson, to indemnify him for endorsements already made and to be made. The execution creditors, with a view to realize the largest possible amount out of the property of A. & A. Woods, on the 19th of February, 1855, agreed to the appointment of a Trustee to close up the affairs of said defendants. Payments were made from time to time, by the Trustee, but on closing up the trust the bank had not realized the amount of their claims against the Woods—consequently they seek by this action to recover from the endorser, Robert Watson. As against the plea of the statute of limitation, they allege that Watson consented to the creation of the trust, and that subsequently, within six years, he paid to the bank the sum of $608 on account of his liability. The proof, however, was, that this payment, although made by Watson, was passed by the bank, as a payment made by A. Woods & Co., of St. Louis, the firm upon which the drafts were drawn by A. & A. Woods, of Pittsburgh. There are other questions arising out of this case, such as the construction of the deed of trust, which will be determined by the Court. C. B. M. Smith and John Mellon, Esq., for plaintiff; and Bruce and Negley for defendant. On trial.

The Late Shooting Affray--Condition of Young Fowler.

Oliver Fowler, the young man who was accidentally shot on Sixth street, on Wednesday night, during the fight between Sims and McCleary, still lies in a very precarious condition at the residence of his father on Virgin alley. Dr. Walter probed the wound thoroughly, and found that the ball, after entering the breast below the nipple, passed obliquely down through the lung, and lodged about the pit of the stomach. On making an incision over the superficial wound, a considerable quantity of blood flowed therefrom, and air issued from the lung, through the wound, at every respiration. It is the opinion of the surgeon that no danger need be apprehended from the ball, as at present located, but the utmost care will be necessary to save the boy's life—as the wound in the lung is very serious.

McCleary has not yet been arrested, but efforts are making to that end. He had the pistol at Sims' face, and unquestionably intended to kill him, but the latter knocked the weapon aside, and the ball passed into the body of young Fowler. Although McCleary did not intend to kill Fowler, yet in the event of his death he would be liable to severe punishment.

The Destruction of the Orphans' Home.

The Butler *American* states that the Orphans' Home, at Zelienople, was discovered to be on fire at ten o'clock Saturday morning—the fire having communicated to the rafters, from a defective flue. The alarm was rapidly spread, and the citizens of the neighborhood hastened to the scene. It was at once apparent that without the aid of fire apparatus it was was utterly impossible to save the beautiful edifice, and attention was promptly directed to saving the contents of the building. Most of the furniture, bedding, &c., was saved, and although there were a very large number of children in the building, all escaped unhurt. The destruction of this institution is indeed a public calamity, dedicated as it was to the noblest mission of humanity—the nurture and education of the poor, friendless orphan. The institution was under the direct charge of the Rev. Gottlieb Bassler, who had in his care nearly one hundred destitute orphan children, of both sexes, from all parts of the country. The children have been temporarily provided for at the hotels and private houses in Zelienople and Harmony, and are made as comfortable as circumstances will permit.

Slightly Exaggerated.

The *Post*, in alluding to the accumulation of live stock at this point, says:

"On Tuesday there had collected here 26,000 hogs and 5,000 cattle. One half West Common, Allegheny, has been converted into an immense stock yard and all the vacant lots in the vicinity have been occupied in a similar manner."

The figures are perhaps far below the mark, but the assertion that "one half the West Common has been converted into an immense stock yard," is altogether imaginative. Not a foot of the West Common is so used, nor would the authorities permit it. Neither is it true that "all the vacant lots in the vicinity" have been similarly occupied. The cattle yards are very much crowded, but there is still breathing room in that vicinity, and the good people of the Second Ward, Allegheny, have not yet been compelled to vacate!

SCHOOL VACATION.—It has been determined to give the pupils in our public schools a holiday from Wednesday, December 24th until Monday, January 5th, thus giving them all of the holiday week.

Another Verdict for the Woodwards.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Judge Stowe presiding, the jury in the case of Louis B. Woodward, for use of his wife, *vs.* Daniel Root and wife, found for the plaintiff in the sum of $475. This ends these trials, and the Woodward family have thoroughly vindicated themselves from the infamous charges preferred by Root and wife, who have fled from the city in utter disgrace. The verdicts in these three cases are as follows: For Mr. Woodward, $400; Miss Woodward, $450; Mrs. Woodward, $475—total, $1,325. In a pecuniary sense, these verdicts do not amount to much, as Root is without means, and his bail is only $450. As a vindication of character, however, the judgment of the jury is invaluable.

MAN KILLED.—On Tuesday of last week, a colored man named John Williams, who had been working in Altoona, got upon a westward bound freight train, with the intention of riding to Pittsburgh, and being intoxicated, he was unable to keep his position on the bumpers, and fell from them to the track, in the vicinity of Kittanning Point, and was horribly mangled, several cars passing over him. He was taken back to Altoona, and entered the next day. He was a young man, about twenty-two years of age, and his home was at Harrisburg.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—At a meeting of the Democratic County Executive Committee, held yesterday morning at the St. Charles Hotel, it was determined to hold the Convention for electing delegates to the State Convention on Tuesday, Dec. 30th. The delegate meetings will be held on Saturday, Dec. 27th, between the usual hours. The State Convention to which delegates are to be chosen is to place in nomination candidates for Governor, and the Supreme Bench.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE FOR JANUARY.—J. W. Pittock, Fifth street, opposite the Post-office, has received the January number of *Ballou's Dollar Monthly*,—one of the cheapest and most popular magazines in the country. Each number contains about one hundred large octavo pages, and a great many illustrations—the price being only 10 cents per month, or one dollar per annum. The beginning of the New Year, and a new volume, is a good time to subscribe.

CHANGED HANDS.—The Arthurs Oil Refinery, situated in Reserve township, was purchased to-day by Mr. John Black, Sr., and Capt. A. D. Miller. This refinery is complete in every respect, and has facilities for producing one hundred and fifty barrels of refined oil per week. The new firm, Messrs. Black and Miller, we understand, intend to commence operations immediately.

GODEY, FOR JANUARY.—J. W. Pittock has received the New Year's number of Godey's Lady's Book. Two beautiful steel-plate engravings, the usual double-page colored fashion plate, and a great number of other illustrations, forms some of the attractions which it presents to its readers.

BOHEMIAN GLASS, &c., in very great variety, comprising a beautiful and elaborate collection, for utility and ornament, will be sold at Davis' Auction, Fifth street, this evening, at 7 o'clock. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to attend.

SHINGLESVERS have been issued by the Venango County Commissioners, and they are now selling at a premium. The time will come, however, when they will not prove so very acceptable.

HOW IT HAPPENED.—The *Dispatch*, in noticing the destruction of the Orphans' Home, says: "The fire is supposed to have originated from a *deficit* in one of the chimneys."

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

Fredericksburg Bombarded!

THE CANNONADING TERRIFIC.

THE CITY ON FIRE.

GEN. FRANKLIN CROSSING THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

The Gunboats Shelling the Enemy.

THE REBEL INFANTRY DRIVEN BACK.

Attempt to Flush the Bridges.

AN ORDER TO CONCENTRATE EVERY AVAILABLE GUN ON THE CITY.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

&c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—From the Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, Dec. 11:

HEADQUARTERS, THURSDAY, Dec. 11—9 a. m.

Everything last night was bustle and activity, as to-day was the time fixed for the crossing of the river.

During the night the pontoons were conveyed to the river, and the artillery of 143 pieces placed in position opposite the city.

At five o'clock this morning the rebels fired two signal guns, while during the later part of the night rockets were frequently seen within their lines.

At five o'clock the construction of three bridges in front of the city was commenced. When about half completed the enemy opened a murderous fire of infantry from the houses on the river bank.

Up to this time not a shot had been fired from our side.

The engineers were driven from the bridges and several killed and wounded.

At six o'clock Gen. Burnside ordered all the guns to be opened on the city.

The cannonade, which has continued without intermission up to the present time, is terrible. The city is on fire and its destruction appears to be certain.

The enemy, about seven o'clock, opened with their heavy guns from their works, but so far have done no serious injury.

Gen. Franklin constructed his bridges about three miles below the city, meeting with but slight opposition. His troops are now crossing.

The gunboats are now shelling the enemy about fifteen miles down the river, where they have been concentrating their forces during the past two days.

The concentrated fire of our batteries on the city has had the effect of driving back the enemy's infantry, and the work on the bridges has again been commenced.

The troops are all under arms near the river, prepared to rush over as soon as the bridges are completed.

Headquarters, Thursday, Noon.—On the attempt being made to finish the bridges in front of the city the rebel infantry again opened their fire.

The artillery in position again opened on the city, the result being that it was fired in several new places.

The enemy had used very little artillery up to this time, as it would endanger their own men who are holding the river front.

Gen. Burnside has just issued an order to concentrate every available gun upon the city, under cover of the fire of which, it is believed, the bridges can be finished.

The killed and wounded, so far, do not amount to more than fifty men.

Horses for Banks' Expedition.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The transport ship Jennie Beale sailed yesterday, with horses for Gen. Banks' expedition.

For Key West.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The United States bark Houghton sailed yesterday for Key West.

EXCITING FROM NASHVILLE!

ADVANCE OF THE REBELS IN GREAT FORCE.

Our Pickets Driven in at Every Point.

A BATTLE MOMENTARILY EXPECTED.

Reinforcements Pouring Forward.

GEN. NEGLEY IN THE FIELD.

Clarksville in Possession of the Rebels.

&c., &c., &c.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—The correspondence of Forney's *Press* says:

NASHVILLE, Dec. 10—P. M.

The rebels, under Gens. Joe Johnson, Bragg, Cheatham, Forrest and Morgan, have advanced and appeared in our front in great force this morning, driving in our pickets at every point.

A battle is momentarily expected near Hartsville.

Reinforcements are being hurried forward, and every point will be strengthened.

The recent rebel victory at Hartsville has greatly emboldened the rebels.

In view of this, Gen. Negley takes the field to-morrow in person.

Gen. Mitchell will command the post of Nashville, and is rapidly organizing the new troops, under the orders of Gen. Rosecrans, to form a reserve force to move at any moment.

The citizens are much excited over the many rumors that are being circulated on the streets, but the greatest confidence is expressed in our Generals and troops, as it is now generally understood that the troops who surrendered at Hartsville, were perfectly new, and became panic stricken when they found themselves surrounded by the rebel cavalry.

No train came through from Gallatin and Bowling Green to-night, and it is feared that the rebels have possession of some part of the road.

Forrest has reached Clarksville and holds that place with a considerable force.

Should a battle occur, I will apprise you promptly and send details by telegraph.

The Battle in Arkansas--Further Particulars.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The following dispatch has been received at the Headquarters of the Army:

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 11, 1862.

To Maj. Gen. Halleck, General-in-Chief:

Further dates are received from Gen. Blunt and Herron, from the battle ground of Prairie Grove, near Fayetteville, Ark.

Our loss in killed and wounded is now estimated at a thousand, and that of the enemy over two thousand.

The rebels left many of their dead and most of their wounded for us to care for.

Extensive hospitals will be improvised in Fayetteville.

Persons who have returned from the battle field report that the enemy was 28,000 strong.

Their artillery was much crippled. We took four caissons filled with ammunition, and a large number of small arms.

Gen. Blunt moves forward to-day on Cane Hill, Gen. Herron remaining at Prairie Grove, burying the dead and providing for the wounded.

The enemy mulled their wheels and moved off in the night, continuing their retreat to Van Buren, probably crossing the Arkansas river.

Col. McFarland, of the 19th Iowa, is killed; Colonel Black, of the 37th Illinois; Major Thomas, of the 20th Iowa; and a large number of subaltern officers are wounded.

It was a hard fought battle and complete victory.

[Signed] S. R. CURTIS, Major General.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 11.—Gen. Blunt telegraphs to Gen. Curtis that the rebels, with whom he fought the battle at Prairie Grove, have probably crossed the Arkansas river.

The enemy left all his wounded on the field and most of his dead uncared for.

One hundred of their wounded died since the battle, and a large number of the remainder are wounded mortally.

Their total loss is estimated by Gen. Blunt at nearly two thousand.

Our loss was two hundred killed and five hundred wounded. Most of the latter will recover.

Gen. Herron puts the enemy's loss at five to seven hundred killed and twenty-five hundred wounded, and estimates our own loss higher than Blunt.

Col. Black, of the 37th Illinois, was killed. Major Thompson, of the 20th Iowa, was wounded.

The enemy lost five Colonels.

Important from Mexico--An American Courier Fired Upon--Critical Position of the French--Puebla and the City of Mexico Fortified--Three Captains Murdered, etc.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—*Midnight.*—The steamer Eagle, from Havana, to the 6th inst., arrived to night.

Vera Cruz dates of the 1st inst., had been received, but there was no mail, owing to the stringent enforcement of the prohibition of any communication with Vera Cruz.

The last American courier was fired on, and his two attendants killed. He was himself wounded, but succeeded in making his escape.

The dispatches for Washington have gone via Acapulco, and will reach their destination by way of Panama.

The minister to Washington, from Ohili, was unable to get farther than Jalapa.

Mr. Russell, bearer of American dispatches, and a Mexican Colonel, arrived from Vera Cruz, and are passengers by the steamer Eagle.

The position of the French forces at Vera Cruz and Orizaba is represented as very critical, having no fodder for their cattle and no fresh food for the troops, who suffer from the dysentery.

The force at Jalapa was cut off from supplies from Vera Cruz by the Mexicans retaking Puenteinational, a part of which has been destroyed.

The Mexicans are actively fortifying Puebla and the city of Mexico and the roads between them, and announce their determination to block the whole valley by opening the sluices and taking down the walls of the lakes, rendering the city of Mexico impossible to be reached except by the turnpike, which will be defended.

The mate and steward of the bark Betty Williams are on board the Eagle, in irons, charged with poisoning three Captains of that vessel, via: Capts. Coffin, Hood and Bunty.

The Captain General of Cuba was daily expected at Havana.

Six of the crew of the rebel steamer California, which was wrecked near Sisal, have arrived at Havana.

The gunboats Octorare and Sonora, with Admiral Wilkes, were at Havana. The Washusetts was at Matanzas.

The Admission of Western Virginia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The bill which has passed both Houses for the admission of the State of Western Virginia into the Union is not likely to be immediately and definitely acted upon by the President, owing to all the circumstances attending the erection of the new State being of such importance in connection with the constitutional question, as to require profound consideration.

It was intimated in a debate in the House recently that the creation of this new State was the inauguration of the policy of the administration in regard to such a formation from States partly in rebellion, but this from recently obtained information is known to be untrue, nor was it advised by the Executive Department.

Vessel Wrecked.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The bark Acme reports that on the 9th inst., in lat. 38° 0', long. 85° 58', she saw a large number of wine boxes and part of a deck house. She sent out a boat, and picked a head board up with the name of "Empire" inscribed thereon in gilt letters.

The brig Webster Kell picked up on the 7th inst. packages of navy stores from apparently the same vessel.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARBITRATIVE COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF TRADE—FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

WM. M. SHINN, V. P., | JAMES I BENNETT,
JOHN S. DILWORTH, | WM. MCCARRY,
DAVID MCCANDLESS.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Dec. 11, 1862.

There has been no change to-day in Coin, and our bankers continue to pay 21 per cent premium for Silver, and 29c for Gold. Demand Notes are firm at 23 per cent. premium. Eastern Exchange is unchanged at ¼ per cent premium selling.

GRAIN—There is a regular demand for Wheat and we quote from first hands at $1,15 for Red and $1,20@1,22 for White. There is an active inquiry for Corn with sales on track of 1200 bush prime at 75c and 300 do do, at 80c. Rye is unchanged at 75c. Barley is quiet and the receipts limited; we continue to quote from first hands at $1,15 for Spring, and $1,20@1,22 for Fall. There is but little doing in Oats and no change in quotations.

FLOUR—The demand continues fair and with a limited supply in market, prices are firm and fully maintained. Sale of 80 bbls and 100 bbls Extra Family at $6,50@6,65. Rye Flour is dull at $5,00. Buckwheat is quiet with small sales at $3,75@4,00 ₩ cwt in bulk and sacks.

GROCERIES—The market is quiet and the demand is limited while prices are unchanged. We quote Sugar at 11 to 11½c; Coffee 33½@33c and Molasses 55@56c.

SEEDS—Sale of 60 bush Flax at $2,50 per bushel. Clover is firm at $5,75@5,87 from first hands. Timothy is quiet at $1,85.

OILS—There is but little doing in Refined Oil, though the market is steady at 70@75c for outside brands, and 80c for standard brands, including package. There has been no transactions in Crude that we could hear of, and we quote the market quiet at 58 to 30c in bulk and 32@33c in bbls. Some are asking 25c for barreled oil.

SALT—Is quiet and rather dull; we quote No. 1 Extra from first hands at $3,00 and $3,25 per bbl from store. Liverpool is selling at from $2,40 to $2,87 for coarse and fine.

CHEESE—There is a regular demand for prime W. R. at 12c.

BUTTER & EGGS—There is a good demand for Packed Butter at 18@18½c; Common Roll 15@16c, prime Roll 19@20c. Eggs are scarce and may be quoted firm at 20c per dozen.

Allegheny Live Stock Market.

It is next to impossible to give any correct idea of the market this week, for everything was in such confusion that nothing moved along in the usual way. Nor will we attempt to give our readers a report of the different sales for the reason that but few lots were sold entire, and many lots which have been here for a week, are as likely to remain for a week longer, and then be glad to find a buyer at any price. Our oldest drovers have never before seen times like the present. As it is now, it is hard to get an offer at any price. An occasional buyer will offer about one half what the cattle cost in the west. Some of our best salesmen have stood over their cattle for two days and then could not realize prices they were willing to sell at. The supply would not have been too large had there been the usual demand; but there is very little local demand and next to none for shipment, and with over 2,000 cattle in the yards it is no wonder the market dragged. We saw some lots of 900 lb steers sold at 3½c ₩ lb, and many lots were sold still lower, but if less weight. There were very few good cattle in market, and what were in sold slow at 3@3½c—the latter figure for prime, which last week would have brought 4c. We quote small cattle at 1½@2½c. Why people will continue to crowd the market when there is no outlet from here, we are at a loss to conceive. At the present writing there are over 700 cars of cattle, horses and hogs waiting shipment, and in the face of all this who could expect a different state of affairs. Every pen and field that can be had in and about the city is occupied, and still they come. And now all we have to say to our country readers is, if they want to feed corn in the meal at $1,00 ₩ bushel, and hay at $1,25 ₩ cwt, here is the place to do it, and it will not take one half the time to spend $100, here, as at home. Our advice would be to keep the stock where it can be kept cheapest until there is a prospect of realizing as much as the hides are worth.

HOGS.

There is no better feeling among buyers of hogs, and they sell very slow at a small decline below last week's prices. There have been received since our last report at the different yards, about 25,000 head, and about 15,000 are still in the pens waiting for buyers or shipment. So great is the difficulty in getting places to put them, that they are often left in the cars until others are sold or shipped. It would be advisable for those coming here with hogs to bring their corn and pens with them, as we can see no way to keep them here if they continue to arrive as fast as they have been during the past week. We quote best prime hogs at $4,12 ₩ cwt gross; good to fair $3,75@4,00, and inferior $3,50@3,60.

SHEEP AND LAMB.

There were very few sheep offered, and these few generally of an inferior quality. Good Sheep weighing 100 pounds and upwards, will sell at 4 to 4½c ₩ lb, while inferior grades are not wanted only at very low figures—so low that the pelts will pay for one-half of them. Mutton sells very slow in market as does all butchered meats, there being scarcely any; in the case, at this season of the year a large supply of poultry which is very acceptable as a change when it does not cost more than other meat. There cannot be any material advance on Sheep before spring. They are too high now for the butchers to realize any profit, and for the next three months there will be less mutton used than in any other three months in the year.

New York Cattle Market.

December 9.—The current prices for the week, at all the markets, were as follows:

Beef Cattle—Flint quality, ₩ cwt, $9,50@10,00; ordinary quality, $9,00; common quality, $8,00@8,50; inferior quality, $6,00@7,50.

Sheep and Lambs—Extra quality, $6,50@7,50 per head; prime quality, $5,50@6,50; ordinary quality, $4,50@5,00; common quality, $3,50@4,50; inferior quality, $3,00@3,25.

Swine—Corn fed ₩ lb, 4¾@5¼c; poor, 4¼@4½c; still-fed, 3¾@3½c.

Contrary to expectation, the supply of Beef Cattle was not excessive, and the market was one of the best for the butchers and drovers that they have had for a long time. Prices ruled higher than last week by nearly ½c ₩ lb, with but few sales at and below 7c.

Milch Cows quiet, and prices nominally the same. Veal stock steady at former quotations.

Sheep and Lambs active and higher.

Swine less plenty, more active, and rather higher.

The total receipts at all the yards at Allegheny for the week were as follows: 5,320 Beeves, 64 Cows, 316 Veal Calves, 10,749 Sheep and Lambs, and 49,380 Swine.

NEW YORK GOLD MARKET, Dec. 9.—A renewal of speculative excitement in Petroleum, alluded to yesterday has again carried up prices. The extent of sales has not transpired, and various estimates are made. We quote at the close: 42¾@55c, for Crude; 70@72c for Refined in bond; and 80@85c for Refined by way of Panama.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, Dec 11—30 oil bbls, W P Logan; 3 bbls cider, 10 doz brooms, H Gerwig & co; 34 hides, J H Ralston; 9 pkgs poultry, 1 bx butter, Jno Mitchell; 3 dressed hogs, John Heidman, 6 do do, R H Jack.

PITTSBURGH & CLEVELAND RAILROAD, Dec 10—200 bbls flour, J B Canfield; 60 bgs corn, Knox & Simpson; 30 bbls hominy, L H Voigt & co; 60 bbls crude oil, M Miller; 105 bbls flour, Jas McNulty & co; 83 bxs coffee, H Day; 34 grindstones, P H Lauman; 159 hides, Chas Keefer; 167 sks wheat, 97 bags rye, R T Kennedy & bro; 457 bbls apples, J Aiken; 45 oil bbls, J S Liggett & co.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—Finding the demand for DITHRIDGE'S XX FLINT GLASS PATENT OVAL LAMP CHIMNEYS much greater than our present capacity to supply, and wishing the public to be fully supplied with these UNRIVALLED CHIMNEYS, we have concluded to grant the privilege to manufacture them to houses of respectability.

This course has been rendered necessary since our present production is but FIVE THOUSAND DOZEN PER WEEK, while the demand is almost wholly for the Patent Oval.

Those of our own manufacture will be distinguished by our trade-mark of

XX FLINT GLASS,

Which all others are cautioned from using.

All packages of Chimneys made under our license will be marked with the name of patentee and date of issue of patent.

For particulars apply at Fort Pitt Glass Works.
no10:1m E. D. DITHRIDGE.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—For sale or to lease, the property formerly belonging to the BROOKLYN FLINT GLASS CO., situated in the city of Brooklyn, near the Atlantic Ferry. Tee works are new, in perfect order, and in operation, and possess all the facilities for making every description of Glass which was formerly made by the Brooklyn Flint Glass Company, and which gave that Company the high reputation it so long sustained.

To a person who has a knowledge of the business and can command some capital, this would offer a great inducement, as the balance of the capital required could be furnished by the present owners.

For further particulars apply to

E. A. PACKER & CO.,
No. 50 Trinity Buildings, New York.
no27 1w*aSawtf

BROOMS.—150 dozen Brooms just received and for sale by
W. M. GORMLY, 271 Liberty street.

COLED DRAY COVERS, large sizes, on heavy drilling, a good article; al o, Horse Covers of same material, just rec'ved at 5 and 25 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

COTTON TWINE.—500 lbs. Cotton Twine, just received and for sale by
W. M. GORMLY, 271 Liberty street

WALL PAPERS, at old prices, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

LARD OIL—8 bbls. to arrive and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between WILLIAM and JOHN DOUGLASS, in the Mill Business, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, is this day dissolved. WILLIAM DOUGLASS.
December 1, 1862 1wdaltwT

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Co-Partnership lately existing between GEO W. JACKSON and G. J. TOWNSEND, in the Pork Packing and Provision Business was dissolved on the 20th of September last, by the death of GEO. W. JACKSON. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, who will also continue the business.
G. J. TOWNSEND,
no2:3tw Surviving partner.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of JAMES WARD & CO. was dissolved on the 4th day of November, 1862, by the retirement of GEO. C. REIS and ANDREW B. BERGER therefrom. The interest of REIS & BERGER passes into the hands of JAMES WARD, and the business of said firm passes into the hands of the remaining members thereof, who are to settle all debts and collect all demands, and continue said business, to whom the patronage of the old friends of said firm is recommended. (Signed,) JAMES WARD,
WM. WARD,
REIS & BERGER.
November 1, 1862. 19-1m

FRENZY STEAM BREWERY,
Pittsburgh, September 10, 1862.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between JOS. SPENCER and W. H. GARRARD was dissolved on the 20th of August, 1862, W. H. GARRARD being authorized to settle up the business of the late firm at his office in the Brewery. The Brewing Business will be continued by SPENCER & MCKAY, who intend to have always on hand a superior article of ALE, PORTER, and BROWN STOUT. The undersigned will be thankful to the friends of the late firm for a continuation of their patronage, and promise to make it their aim to give satisfaction to all who may purchase from them.

Mr. ROBERT WATSON, of Liberty street, so long known to the business community, will have the management of our business, with the full control in the Brewery.

Address all orders to SPENCER & MCKAY, Phœnix Brewery, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOSEPH SPENCER,
no12 JAMES MCKAY.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WM. J. HOWARD and ROBERT RODGERS, under the name and style of HOWARD & RODGERS, Copper and Tin Ware manufacturers, was dissolved on the 15th October, 1862, by the death of William J. Howard. The business of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, Robert Rodgers. All those knowing themselves to be indebted, will please call and settle.

ROBERT RODGERS, having purchased the entire interest of William J. Howard, late of the firm of Howard & Rodgers, will continue to manufacture BREWERS' KETTLES, STILLS, of all sizes, WORMS, for OIL REFINERIES, and all kinds of work in his line, at the old stand, 139 Front street, Pittsburgh
oct13:3m ROBERT RODGERS.

POINT MALT HOUSE,
17 *WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.*
W. H. GARRARD, Malster.
Dealer in BARLEY and RYE MALT; also, for sale, BARLEY, RYE, OATS and CORN. se4:3m

MILITARY CLAIMS, &c.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, BACK PAY, and all other *JUST CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT*, promptly procured at reasonable rates.
Apply to D. H. HAZEN,
103 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and
oc30:3m CHARLES O. TUCKER, Washington, D. C.

MILITARY CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, BACK PAY, and MILITARY CLAIMS of every description, collected by the subscriber, at the following rates, viz: Pensions, $10 00; all other claims, $3 00. C. O. TAYLOR,
Attorney at Law,
No. 73 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B. No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all information given gratis. se8:1y

PENSIONS, BOUNTY & BACK PAY.
H. C. MACKRELL,
Attorney at Law and Claim Agent,
No. 114 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.,
Prosecutes Soldiers' Claims of every description. PENSIONS for disabled officers, soldiers, seamen and marines. BOUNTIES and PENSIONS for the widows, parents, orphan children, brothers and sisters, or other legal representatives of those who have died or been killed in the service; or have died after discharge, from disease contracted in service

No charge until claim collected, and no letter will be answered unless a stamp is enclosed. se16:3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LOOK HERE.—Our friend JAMES ROBB, No. 79 *Market* street, has recently returned from the East with a large stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Comprising all the different varieties and styles now in vogue; and having selected it himself from the Eastern manufacturers, is now prepared to offer to the public goods which he can recommend for neatness and wear.

We advise all those in want of neat and substantial coverings for the feet to call on Mr. ROBB, feeling confident they will be suited as regards quality and price.

Remember the place, 89 MARKET STREET.
oc4

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO.,
No. 71, corner Wood and Fourth streets,
Have just received a general and fresh assortment of LADIES', MISSES and CHILDREN'S thick-soled
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Just opened, BOYS' and YOUTH'S kip and thick custom-made BOOTS, of all sizes, the best made in this country. de5

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, land. ing and embarking Passengers at QUEENSTOWN (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their fine-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:
CITY OF MANCHESTER.....Saturday, Dec. 13.
MANAGRAON.....Saturday, Dec. 20.
EDINBURGH.....Saturday, Dec. 27.
and every Saturday, at noon, from Pier 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FIRST CABIN	$100 00	STEERAGE	$40 00
do to London	105 00	do to London	45 00
do to Paris	115 00	do to Paris	48 00
do to Hamburg	110 00	do to Hamburg	45 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Notice.—The restrictions on travel having been removed by orders of the War Department, passengers about to visit Europe will no longer be required to provide themselves with passports.

Persons about to visit Europe can send their friends on to buy tickets here at the following rates to New York: From Liverpool or Queenstown: 1st Cabin, $35, $38 and $110. Steerage from Liverpool $46,00. From Queenstown $35,00.

These Steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced Surgeons. They are built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Annihilators on board.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
JOHN THORNPSON, Agent,
410 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
mh15:1y

THE PHILOSOPHIC BURNER.—HAYDEN'S NEW DOUBLE-ACTING PHILOSOPHIC BURNER, for CARBON OIL, is now ready. It possesses many advantages over the common Burner.

1. It makes a large or small light with perfect combustion.
2. It will burn any quality of oil with safety.
3. It can be used with a long or short chimney.
4. It can be used as a taper night lamp.
5. It can always be made to burn economically.
6. It is more easily wicked than any other burner.
7. It can be trimmed and lighted without removing the cone.
8. It throws all the white light above the cone.
9. The chimney can be removed or inserted without touching the glass.

These burners are the common No. 1 size, and can be put on any lamp now in use. Every person using Carbon Oil should have a Philosophic Burner. Price 25 cents. For dozen, $2. Sold at No. 80 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. P. HAYDEN.
jy26:3ytawsW

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.* The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings county, N. Y.
se18:2md

WRITING FLUID—as good as any, perhaps better. In our judgment, SMITH & BROWNELL'S WRITING FLUID has no superior. Prejudice aside, we hazard nothing in presenting this beautiful fluid to the community. We speak from experience. Why send $30,000 to Europe, annually, to gratify a prejudice in favor of a foreign article? Give it a trial and you will want no better fluid. Price and quality will commend it.

J. L. BEAD,
Sole agent for West ern Pennsylvania,
se17 78 Fourth street.

INDIA RUBBER CUSHIONS, PILLOWS AND BED-PANS for sale at the India Rubber Depot 23 and 25 St. Clair street.
de8 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW CROP N. O. MOLASSES—50 bbls, just arrived and for sale by
LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
112 Second street.

TIMOTHY SEED—5 bbls. for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

DISSOLUTIONS, &C.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Co-Partnership lately existing between GEO W. JACKSON and G. J. TOWNSEND, in the Pork Packing and Provision Business was dissolved on the 20th of September last, by the death of GEO. W. JACKSON. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, who will also continue the business.
G. J. TOWNSEND,
no2:3tw Surviving partner.

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