Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 3.

The Message.

This important document, which we give in full this morning, was transmitted by telegraph to the papers of the eastern cities. We copied it from a New York paper, and we regret to find that it is far from being accurate, but our reprint is, we think, rather more correct than the copy we had.

Mr. Lincoln takes a very hopeful view of the state of the country; and upon the expediency of removing the cause of the rebellion his trumpet gives no uncertain sound. His suggestions upon the subject of gradual emancipation, through the medium of a constitutional amendment, will attract much attention. The scheme is novel, yet the argument shows that it has been very maturely considered; and although it may strike many minds unfavorably at first, it will be very likely to grow in favor the more it is studied.

Perhaps it may strike some minds that Mr. Lincoln is vacillating as to the policy of emancipation set forth in his Proclamation of September 22; but his own emphatic declaration is sufficient to remove any such impression. He says:

"The plan, consisting of these articles is recommended, not but that a restoration of the national authority would be accepted without its adoption; nor will the war, *nor proceedings under the Proclamation of September 22d, 1862, be stayed because of the recommendation of this plan.* Its *timely* adoption, I doubt not, would bring restoration, and thereby stay both."

These are very significant words, and afford the key to a proper understanding of the whole matter. It is perfectly clear that the President relies more upon the overthrow of Slavery than upon any other agency. "Other means may succeed," he says—"This cannot fail."

From Tennessee.

Parson Brownlow, in a letter from Nashville, of the 24th inst., to the Philadelphia *Press*, reports the following:

First, then, the rebels of Middle Tennessee are running off their negroes in great numbers, going South, and in the direction of Chattanooga. A rebel force, under Breckinridge, Pillow, Bragg, and others, is strung along the country, from Murfreesboro to Tullahoma and Stephenson, *pretending* to be massing themselves for a battle, but really guarding their trains, whilst they run out all the hogs, cattle, horses, wheat, and other supplies. The intention of the enemy is, to get out all they can, and make their stand south of the Tennessee river. The enemy know they can't afford to lose East Tennessee. Through Chattanooga is furnished *all*, absolutely all the coal used in the South.

The arsenal at Rome, Ga., is enabled to do its immense work, which is being done. Mobile, Savannah, Charleston, Atlanta, Montgomery, and all their principal towns are supplied. Chattanooga is the only outlet for grain, meat and other supplies to the South. The capture of that city, and of its railroad depots and steamboat landings, would not only bring suffering upon the rebels, but put an end to their supply of coal for their foundries and arsenals, doing, most effectually, the housework of the Confederate Government. Our generals heretofore in command in this quarter, either did not see the importance of Chattanooga in a geological sense, or they did not care to avail themselves of its advantages.

I consider Tennessee virtually back in the Union, for I consider that the rebels are preparing to leave the State and go South. They are taking their property and especially their negroes. They are going South by thousands. The loyal Tennesseans are wishing that they may all go, and I hear no complaints made against the emancipation proclamation—not half of the opposition that there is in Kentucky. Indeed, Tennessee is a more loyal State to-day than Kentucky, the opinion of Kentuckians to the contrary notwithstanding. And for the holding of Tennessee, Gov. Johnston alone deserves all the credit. Gen. Buell wanted to surrender Nashville three months ago, and but for Gov. Johnston would have done it.

No man here can hear all the facts concerning the past, without arriving at the conclusion that Gen. Buell feared his own personal safety, and kept the whole army about him, as a body guard, to defend him. In other words, he was so fearful of being whipped, that he would not engage in a battle at all. Another very bad sign is, that Gen. Buell is the most popular man with the rebels that is in the United States army. They regard him as favoring a Southern Confederacy, and wishing to make the Ohio river the line. How that is God only knows, but such is the opinion entertained by Union men.

Hundreds of Union men are arriving from East Tennessee, a genteel thing crossing the mountain into Kentucky, and coming round here to join the army. They represent all the upper portion of East Tennessee as being without rebel troops, and all their forces falling down upon Chattanooga. The opinion prevails there, that if they are defeated at Chattanooga they will all fall back into the next State, south, which will be Georgia, or Alabama.

Demonstration of the English People in Favor of the North.

An American in London writes to the Boston *Bulletin* as follows:

"A true and brave friend of our cause here, an Englishman, confidently asserted that *the people* were true to the principles for which the Federal Government was contending, and that *they* at least had not been hoodwinked by the falsities and sophistries of the *Times* and other organs. He was challenged to the proof, and a meeting was called 'to express sympathy with the North' in the Cleveland Institution, a large hall in the north of London. Several powerful addresses were delivered to a large and enthusiastic audience. When the testing resolution was put, only *four* hands were held up against the strong expression of sympathy which it conveyed to the Loyal States in the present struggle. Beyond the expectation of the most sanguine, the meeting was a success, so that on the spot it was resolved to hold another in the same place next week, and then take possession of Exeter Hall, or a larger place yet, if it can be found. The same thing will be done in other parts, and the enemies of the United States will be now challenged to discussion. All the speakers were and are to be Englishmen, and all opponents will be heard. For myself I must confess that I was not prepared for what my eyes saw and my ears heard at the Cleveland Institution, but I feel confident now that soon *you may look for very warm and affectionate greetings from the people of England to the citizens of the United States.*

I may mention another fact of the same nature. A committee of clergymen has been formed with the object of disseminating correct information on matters at issue between the two sections of your country, and especially of exposing the dishonorable acts resorted to here to mislead public opinion.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH OF AMERICAN ENGINEERING SKILL.—The success of the experiments made with the Stafford projectile at the Washington Navy Yard on Monday last gives the ascendency once more to artillery over iron or steel plating, and demonstrates that there is nothing impossible to the inventive genius *of our* engineers and mechanics. It is now ascertained that we have a projectile which the plating of none of the iron monsters in the English or French navy can resist. It will riddle ten inches of iron and twenty odd inches of solid oak with as much ease as an inch board. For obvious reasons it has not been thought proper to give publicity to the means by which these results have been arrived at. It is sufficient for our people to know that, in the event of any attempt by an English or French fleet to enter our harbors and bombard our seaboard cities, we possess a projectile which will penetrate and sink the most impregnable iron frigates of which they make such boast.

Democracy in New York.

The "party" had another pow-wow at the Cooper Institute the other evening. They had many speakers. "The Union as it was," was the key note. James T. Brady said,

"That though in the early part of the war he saw the National troops go forward to the war with feelings of exhilaration, he could now scarcely repress his tears when he heard the tramp of martial men."

Hon. Thos. C. Fields was the next speaker. In the course of his remarks he said:

"The Democracy promised the country that the doors to Fort Lafayette should be opened, and yesterday he had had the good fortune to congratulate Pierre Soule on his liberty. They had forced this release upon the Administration. And they would within a year force Mr. Lincoln to release the country from the present Cabinet."

Dr. R. B. Bradford got out the following:

"Had not this Administration been elected, our hosts would now be united, taking possession of the beautiful key of the Gulf, Cuba, and if Perfidious Albion was not respectful, punishing her by depriving her of Canada. [Loud applause.] The people of the South were no more to blame than those of the North."

Last of all G. F. Train was introduced:

"He said that he passed over the cheers given him to his friend Geo. B. McClellan. When he came home to Massachusetts the other day, he found that the niggers were in the dress-circle and the white men in the pit. There were nigger insurance companies, nigger Harvards, nigger poetry, nigger essays, nigger histories, nigger pulpits, a nigger Webster, a nigger Atlantic Monthly, open only to nigger business. He (Mr. Train) had discovered a great plot to put the foot of the nigger on the neck of the white man. He was going over the whole country to expose it. The pulpit was ruining this empire. Men's wives and daughters went there. They had no right to pay their preachers money. They must begin by stopping the blowing of the Bellowses and Beechers.

Those fellows have gone stark mad over their "Five Points" victory and their bad whiskey. The President of the Liquor League presided, hence we may guess whence the chief inspiration came.

Slavery in Louisiana.

In a letter from New Orleans, dated Sept. 28, Brig. Gen. Neal Dow thus speaks of the condition of slavery in Louisiana:

As to the institution of slavery, it is virtually overthrown already—indeed it is literally so, every where within our military lines. The slaves think themselves free, and will not work for their masters unless they choose to do so, and unless they are paid. Many masters now pay their slaves, some ten dollars, some twelve dollars a month, and some stipulate to give them one-third of their entire crop for their labor in saving it. The slaves leave their masters as they please, and go away without fear; nor have they the least fear for the old despotism. I have now about six hundred of them at these forts, constantly employed in the government service, and they have no fear at any time to go back to the plantation to get their things. They have no fear of their masters, nor of the laws of Louisiana. They rightly judge that these latter are no longer of any account.

Some time ago I went into a large village, and hearing that a loyal man was confined in the jail, I went to it, and saw the keeper exhibit his list of prisoners. Among them were many negroes, who were committed to 'safe keeping,' and three whites on a charge of murder. I demanded to see the slaves, and was taken into a large airy room occupied by the alleged murderers. On the floor of this apartment was a trap-door, which the keeper raised, bidding the slaves to come up, which they did.

The effluvium coming up from the den below was so offensive that my officers could not endure it. After a little time I looked down in the hole and found it was a wretched place, with only two small heavily-grated windows for light and air. They were in confinement under the laws of Louisiana, but I bade them go, and they went. This was trampling those laws under foot, and the slaves all understood since that time that they are no longer in bondage by the law, for the slave laws are null. Many plantations are abandoned by their owners, and I am taking possession of them. Yesterday I sent an officer to a great establishment, the crops of which, now upon the ground, are one thousand hogsheads of sugar, besides great quantities of other produce, worth in all one hundred thousand dollars. All the whites are gone, leaving one hundred negroes behind, and my officer is to superintend the estate and secure the crops, and this week I shall take possession of two other great plantations, in the same way and for the same purpose. In Louisiana, before the war, negroes sold for more money than in any other State, because the sugar planters were making immense profits, and were continually extending the cultivation of the cane.

At present slaves are without value here, and there is no market for them whatever. The entire business of the State is destroyed, and vast numbers of men, of princely fortune before the war, are beggars now. Their trade entirely stopped, and their last year's crop destroyed or seized, and appropriated by the rebel government, they are left without resource.

A Change in Baltimore--Marshal Kane and Tom Gorman.

The Philadelphia *North American* has the following:

An intelligent police officer from Baltimore, in the city on police business yesterday, gave us some idea of matters and things in Baltimore. Marshal Kane, he predicts, will not stay in Baltimore a month. The Union feeling in Baltimore is stronger at this moment than it is in Philadelphia. The general jail delivery from Fort Lafayette included Kane. Tom Gorman, an ex-policeman in Baltimore, was one of the most prominent bridge-burners of Baltimore, and was the man who tore down the Union flag on Federal Hill when no other member of the police would do it. This man has come back from parts unknown, in consequence of this jail delivery. He now considers himself safe. He passed through the city on Saturday night. He was run out of a restaurant on the wharf. He tried another restaurant, at Fifth and Spruce streets, kept by an honest man named Charles Burns. Gorman tendered in payment for what he ate a counterfeit dollar note. Burns followed him, and made him redeem it. At another place he was recognized, and kicked into the street. The officer above referred to declares that at this moment, in Baltimore, Gorman's life will be of little use to him.

Where he is at this moment our informant cannot say. When the secessionists held the government of Baltimore its police were principally made up of this class of men. Now things are different, and the Secessionists hide their heads. Public sentiment there is undergoing rapid changes. Men who were once favoring the rebel cause can now see their folly and are Union men to the backbone.

POLITICAL classification among the Missouri Rebels is somewhat amusing. In St. Louis they ignore the old terms of Republican and Democrat, and even the accommodating designation of Unionists. Instead of these, they have "Claybank" for Republican-Unionists; "Charcoal" for Emancipationists, and "Chocolate" for Democrats.

A NAVAL OFFICER, who has just returned to Washington from a captivity in Richmond, states that the New York papers were regularly received there. They were rarely more than three or four days old, and to regular subscribers there, were sold for ten cents in rebel shinplasters.

A STRONG minded lady (a very light "blue") was asked what an "Education Minute" was like? when she replied, "I have not the smallest, notion, my dear, but I conjecture that every 'Hour of Progress' must be composed of 'Education Minutes.'"

THE APPROACHING BATTLE.—Gen. Burnside, yesterday, told an officer of high rank, who was about visiting Washington, on official business, to return by Monday, without fail, as he meant to fight during the coming week.

It was reported at Memphis on Nov. 24, that Gen. Hurlbert was to command the National column soon to start from that point to co-operate with Gen. Grant.

THERE are now eleven thousand Massachusetts troops at Newbern, N. C., and regiments are constantly arriving.

LECTURES.

LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, at 11 o'clock: ACCEPTANCE OF BILLS.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20th, 1862.

The Monongahela Insurance Company of Pittsburgh has this day declared a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS PER SHARE on its Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable forthwith. The Company assumes the payment of the Government Tax on the above dividend. HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary.

no21:2w

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, Nov. 20th, 1862.

AN ELECTION for fifteen Directors of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 98 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 2d day of December, 1862, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

no21:td HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary.

POCKET BOOKS, for the now Postage Currency; DIARIES, 4 to 8 vo. and 12 mo.; LAWYERS NEW TIE ENVELOPE; SLOCOMB'S INKSTANDS; PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS; for sale by W. S. HAVEN,

oc20 corner Wood and Third streets.

BANK STATEMENTS.

CITIZENS' BANK.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 1, 1862.

Loans and Discounts	$540,633 79
Coin	170,011 78
Notes and Checks of other Banks	94,050 66
Treasury Notes and U. S. Bonds	401,000 00
United States Loan	200,000 00
Due from Banks and Bankers	252,172 83
Capital Stock	500,000 00
Circulation	513,100 00
Depositors	350,979 26
Due to Banks and Bankers	13,322 63

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

Affirmed before me this 1st day of Dec., 1862.

W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GET THE BEST.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES,

No 27 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The HOLIDAYS are coming, and nothing can be more appropriate, economical or acceptable for a CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR'S GIFT, than an improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine,

Awarded the first premium over fourteen competitors, at the UNITED STATES FAIRS, for the years 1858, 1859 and 1860; over 97,000 now in use in the United States, giving unqualified satisfaction.

This Machine makes the lock stitch impossible to unravel, with the essential advantage of being alike on both sides, forming no ridge or chain. It will quilt, stitch, hem, fell, gather, bind, cord, tuck and braid.

THE BRAIDER IS OF A NEW IMPROVEMENT, *being an attachment for sewing Braid or Cord,* upon any kind of fabric, in the most elaborate designs without any previous basting.

The elegance, speed and simplicity of this Machine, the beauty and strength of stitch, and adaptability to the thickest or thinnest fabric render it the most SUCCESSFUL AND POPULAR SEWING MACHINE now offered to the public.

Call and examine them, at No. 29 FIFTH STREET.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

de3-MEWF Western Agents.

DIAMOND OIL WORKS.

TAYLOR & SMITH,

Refiners and dealers in CARBON OIL, unsurpassed by any in the market.

Orders left at their office, No. 61 MARKET STREET, or at their works in Lawrenceville, will be promptly attended to.

Buyers of CRUDE OIL. d3

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Sarah Carpenter, dec'd, late of Versailles township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present the same, properly authenticated for settlement.

de3-10d&wtf W. A. SHAW, Adm'r.

WANTED.—A qualified TEACHER, to take charge of a District School in Sewickley Township, to commence immediately. Salary, $25 per month. Term nine months.

Apply to the Board.

de3:3t ROBT. STEVENSON, President.

CRANBERRIES—24 boxes prime received and for sale by

de3 75 Water and 72 Front street.

50 BUSH. DRIED PEACHES, halves;
50 do do Apples, bright;
2 bbls. Sorghum Molasses;
40 do choice Russet Apples;
Just received and for sale by J. C. McVAY,
de3 No. 10 Smithfield street.

LARD OIL—8 bbls. to arrive and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PENN'A. STATE REPORTS,

WRIGHT'S CASES, vol. 4.

For sale by KAY & CO.,

de2 No. 55 Wood street.

LOST.—A Pocket Book, with about one hundred dollars in money, and some papers, (useless to any person but the owner.) The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the EAGLE COTTON MILL or at No. 29 WOOD ST.

d2:1w O. BROWN.

GROCERIES.—

75 bbls. good to choice N. O. Sugar;
50 do prime Porto Rico do;
50 do do St. Jago do;
200 bbls. crushed, granulated & coffee Sugar;
600 bags good to prime Rio Coffee;
50 mats Java do;
200 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
200 do assorted brands Syrup, good to choice;
150 boxes assorted brands Tobacco;
40 kegs 6 twist Tobacco;
200 half chests Y. H., G. P. and Black Teas;

Also a full stock of goods usually kept in our line, in store and for sale by SHRIVER & LAZEAR,

de1 27 and 29 Smithfield street.

SUNDRIES.—

FLOUR—200 bbls. Extra Family;
DRY APPLES—100 bush bright Apples;
DRY PEACHES—50 do halves;
ONIONS—20 bush. large;
FLAXSEED—50 bush. Flaxseed;

For sale at 185 Liberty street, by

W. E. J. BECK & CO.,

de1 Wholesale Grocers.

JOHN SHEATS,

Builder of

BARGES, COAL AND OIL FLATS,

At the Saw Mills of Isaac Oraig, CRAIG STREET, First Ward, Allegheny City, Pa.

Specifications of work and by mail to Allegheny City P. O., or left at the Hardware Store of B. Weld, Jr., corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, will receive prompt attention. au8:6m

RECEIVED THIS DAY, IN STORE

10 bbls. Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
1 car load Peach Blow Potatoes;
2 car loads York State Apples;
20 bbls. Flint Hominy;
5 do Roll Butter;
2 do Maple Sugar;
150 bush. Walnuts;
10 do Shellbarks;
75 do Onions;

And for sale by

L. H. VOIGT & CO.

E. C. KNIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

S. E. corner Water and Chestnut streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Agents for the sale of the products of SOUTHWARK SUGAR REFINERY and the GROCERS' SUGAR HOUSE, of Philadelphia. au22:1m

NEW LEAF LARD, in barrels and firkins—the latter for family use—for sale by

G. J. TOWNSEND,

(successor to Jackson & Townsend,)

no22 No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty.

CORDAGE—25 coils, assorted sizes, Cable, for sale by W. M. GORMLY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO ALL THE

MAGAZINES,

PAPERS,

And all other periodicals, received at

HUNT'S,

MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET,

At the very lowest rates, to mail or city subscribers.

JOHN P. HUNT,

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller, Stationer and Newsdealer,

MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

de2

JOHN W. PITTOCK,

JOHN W. PITTOCK,
JOHN W. PITTOCK,
JOHN W. PITTOCK,
JOHN W. PITTOCK,

BOOKSELLER,
BOOKSELLER,
BOOKSELLER,
BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER,
STATIONER,
STATIONER,
STATIONER.

AND

NEWSDEALER,
NEWSDEALER,
NEWSDEALER,
NEWSDEALER,

No. 78 FIFTH STREET,
No. 78 FIFTH STREET,
No. 78 FIFTH STREET,
No. 78 FIFTH STREET,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

de1:tf

AN ORDINANCE apportioning the members of the Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, for the years 1863, 1864 and 1865, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly passed the 13th day of March, 1847.

Sec. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That at the City Elections to be held in the City of Pittsburgh on the first Tuesday in January, in the years eighteen hundred and sixty-three, eighteen hundred and sixty-four and eighteen hundred and sixty-five, the several wards of the said city shall be entitled respectively to the following number of members in the Common Council, viz:

The First Ward shall have two members.
The Second Ward shall have two members.
The Third Ward shall have six members.
The Fourth Ward shall have two members.
The Fifth Ward shall have six members.
The Sixth Ward shall have three members.
The Seventh Ward shall have two members.
The Eighth Ward shall have three members.
The Ninth Ward shall have three members.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of November, A. D. 1862.

JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.

A. G. McCANDLESS, President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. de1:3t

A CARD.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. On the 22d January, 1863, I purchased from Dr. J. M. Lindsey, Hollidaysburg, Pa., the sole and exclusive right to sell the BLOOD SEARCHER in the State of Pennsylvania of the Allegheny Mountains, for the term or ten years, by which he (Lindsey) bound himself, his heirs, &c., in articles of agreement of same date, as follows, which those interested will please notice:

"And also that he, the party of the first part, (Lindsey) shall not sell, commission, or in any way dispose of said medicine within the limits of the above named territory, (all territory west of the Allegheny Railroad, above Lawrenceville, which I am fitting up as an Oil Yard, for the exclusive purpose of barreling, forwarding and storing Crude Oil. This party or parties with a knowledge of their taking it within the said limits for the aforesaid term of ten years; and also that he, the party of the first part, (Lindsey) shall not sell, assign, transfer, furnish recipes, or in any way impair the interest of said party, in barrel, and with fire-proof tight steam pumps to store bulk oil any length of time. Or I will lease ground to parties wishing to have their own tanks, and will build tanks on contract or supervise their construction.

Office at the yard, on the Chicago Passenger Railway. All communications addressed to DAVID KIER, Box 902, Pittsburgh Pa., will receive prompt attention. no18:1y

PETROLITE OIL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REESE & GRAFF, Proprietors.

Capacity two thousand barrels per week.

Office, MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

no25

144 RUBIA MILLS, 144

144 GREENE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GOVERNMENT COFFEE,

Put up in fifs full pound papers, 43 in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:

JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE.

We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 183 Chambers street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLARD & DOANE, 189 and 191 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention.

TABER & PLACE.

no22:3m&s

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—For sale or to lease, the property formerly belonging to the BROOKLYN FLINT GLASS CO., situated in the city of Brooklyn, near the Atlantic Ferry. The works are new, in perfect order, and in operation, and possess all the facilities for making every description of Glass which was formerly made by the Brooklyn Flint Glass Company, and which gave that Company the high reputation it so long sustained.

To a person who has a knowledge of the business and can command some capital, this would offer a great inducement, as the balance of the capital required could be furnished by the present owners.

For further particulars apply to

E. A. PACKER & CO.,

No. 50 Trinity Buildings, New York.

no27 1w&eSawtf

MEDICAL CARD.—W. BODENHAMER, M. D., of New York, contemplates being in Pittsburgh on the 8TH OF DECEMBER NEXT, where he will devote, as usual, his EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION to the Medical and Surgical treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES, especially those of the Lower Bowel, such as Constipation, Piles, Stricture of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel, &c. Also the various Chronic Diseases of the Womb, the Kidneys, the Bladder, &c. His residence will be at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, where he may be seen and consulted from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. daily. He will visit patients in any part of the city, if desired. no20:3w

WALL PAPER, CHEAP.—Will be sold during the remainder of the year without advance in price, at the old stand, 87 Wood street.

W. P. MARSHALL.

BAGS WANTED. no18

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

IN PHILADELPHIA.

Miss MARY E. THROPP has a first class Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, in Philadelphia, at 1941 Chestnut street.

Price to Boarders, (including board, washing and tuition in the English branches and in French,) $300 a year.

Circulars, containing full particulars, may be had on application.

REFERENCES:

Hon. J. K. MORKHEAD, Pittsburgh;
JOHN T. LOGAN, Esq., "
GEORGE W. CASS, Esq., "
A. J. DOUGLASS, Esq., Philadelphia;
Col. J. B. MOORHEAD, "
Prof. JOHN S. HART, Trenton, N. J.;
Judge GRIER, U. S. Supreme Court. no22:2w

NORMAL SCHOOL.—H. WILLIAMS has opened a NORMAL SCHOOL at No. 27 St. Clair street, Third story.

Testimony of Teachers:

He is the counsellor of the Teachers, the man to whom all of us look for advice and instruction.

JOHN J. WOLCOTT.

I concur most heartily with the above.

LEONARD H. EATON.

I cheerfully concur in the opinion expressed above.

W. D. FREW.

I take pleasure in giving it as my opinion that the foregoing recommendation is fully merited.

A. BURTT.

I know of no one who deserves higher testimony in his favor. R. N. AVERY.

I fully concur in the above recommendation.

D. DENNISON.

He can prepare pupils for the High School quicker than any other teacher in this city.

A. D. DOUTHETT.

TERMS—$1 per week, in advance. no8:2aw4

DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS,

AT

J. M. Burchfield's,

JUST RECEIVED.

HANDSOME SCOTCH LONG SHAWLS;
Do do SQUARE do;
MISSES LONG AND SQUARE do;
LONG BLACK CASSIMERE do;
BROCHA SHAWLS;
BLACK CLOTH SHAWLS;
BLACK THIBET SHAWLS;
HANDSOME CLOAKS;
SACQUES;
CLOAKING CLOTHS;

With a large assortment of new

Dress Goods and Domestics,

JUST RECEIVED.

de1

NOS. 77 AND 79.

Still another arrival of NEW GOODS at

HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,

Nos. 77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

We are now receiving large additions to our stock, to which we desire to call the special attention of wholesale buyers.

Our assortment of

Germantown Woolen Goods

Is now much larger than it has been this season, consisting of HOODS, NUBIAS, SONTAGS, SKATING CAPS, SCARFS, &c.; GREY WOOL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, at the very lowest prices to cash buyers; BALMORAL SKIRTS, for Ladies and Misses, in great variety, and very cheap for cash; HOSIERY, GLOVES and GAUNTLETS, in every size and quality; BUCK MITTLETS, in every size and quality; BUCK MITTLETS, in every size and quality; FULTON'S COUGH SYRUP.

Splitting of Blood, Asthma, Croup, Pain in the Breast, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Inflamation of the Liver and Dipthería, in all its stages, FULTON'S COUGH SYRUP will cure sooner than any cough mixture in use.

We do not say that in all cases it will cure Consumption. No medicine can be relied on to do that. But we do allege, and stand ready to prove, that by the aid of this medicine, coupled with proper sanitary regulations, such as regular hours for sleep, restraint upon appetite, and avoid exposure, some desperate cases have been cured. Do not neglect this timely admonition. The Cough Syrup will cure your cold; keep a bottle in your house constantly, and take a dose on the first symptom of a cold.

$1 00 will save a heavy Doctor's bill, if not your life. Don't fail to give it a trial.

Use a remedy in time. Never cease trying until your cold is better. Prepared and sold at $1 per bottle, by

J. M. FULTON, Druggist,

no25 FIFTH STREET.

IMPORTANT TO OIL SHIPPERS AND REFINERS.—I have purchased five acres of desirable ground, situated on the Allegheny River and Allegheny Valley Railroad, above Lawrenceville, which I am fitting up as an Oil Yard, for the exclusive purpose of barreling, forwarding and storing Crude Oil. This party or parties with a knowledge of their taking it within the said limits for the aforesaid term of ten years; and also that he, the party of the first part, (Lindsey) shall not sell, assign, transfer, furnish recipes, or in any way impair the interest of said party, in barrel, and with fire-proof tight steam pumps to store bulk oil any length of time. Or I will lease ground to parties wishing to have their own tanks, and will build tanks on contract or supervise their construction.

Office at the yard, on the Chicago Passenger Railway. All communications addressed to DAVID KIER, Box 902, Pittsburgh Pa., will receive prompt attention. no18:1y

PETROLITE OIL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REESE & GRAFF, Proprietors.

Capacity two thousand barrels per week.

Office, MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

no25

144 RUBIA MILLS, 144

144 GREENE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GOVERNMENT COFFEE,

Put up in fifs full pound papers, 43 in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:

JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE.

We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 183 Chambers street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLARD & DOANE, 189 and 191 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention.

TABER & PLACE.

no22:3m&s

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—For sale or to lease, the property formerly belonging to the BROOKLYN FLINT GLASS CO., situated in the city of Brooklyn, near the Atlantic Ferry. The works are new, in perfect order, and in operation, and possess all the facilities for making every description of Glass which was formerly made by the Brooklyn Flint Glass Company, and which gave that Company the high reputation it so long sustained.

To a person who has a knowledge of the business and can command some capital, this would offer a great inducement, as the balance of the capital required could be furnished by the present owners.

For further particulars apply to

E. A. PACKER & CO.,

No. 50 Trinity Buildings, New York.

no27 1w&eSawtf

MEDICAL CARD.—W. BODENHAMER, M. D., of New York, contemplates being in Pittsburgh on the 8TH OF DECEMBER NEXT, where he will devote, as usual, his EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION to the Medical and Surgical treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES, especially those of the Lower Bowel, such as Constipation, Piles, Stricture of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel, &c. Also the various Chronic Diseases of the Womb, the Kidneys, the Bladder, &c. His residence will be at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, where he may be seen and consulted from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. daily. He will visit patients in any part of the city, if desired. no20:3w

WALL PAPER, CHEAP.—Will be sold during the remainder of the year without advance in price, at the old stand, 87 Wood street.

W. P. MARSHALL.

BAGS WANTED. no18

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

IN PHILADELPHIA.

Miss MARY E. THROPP has a first class Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, in Philadelphia, at 1941 Chestnut street.

Price to Boarders, (including board, washing and tuition in the English branches and in French,) $300 a year.

Circulars, containing full particulars, may be had on application.

REFERENCES:

Hon. J. K. MORKHEAD, Pittsburgh;
JOHN T. LOGAN, Esq., "
GEORGE W. CASS, Esq., "
A. J. DOUGLASS, Esq., Philadelphia;
Col. J. B. MOORHEAD, "
Prof. JOHN S. HART, Trenton, N. J.;
Judge GRIER, U. S. Supreme Court. no22:2w

NORMAL SCHOOL.—H. WILLIAMS has opened a NORMAL SCHOOL at No. 27 St. Clair street, Third story.

Testimony of Teachers:

He is the counsellor of the Teachers, the man to whom all of us look for advice and instruction.

JOHN J. WOLCOTT.

I concur most heartily with the above.

LEONARD H. EATON.

I cheerfully concur in the opinion expressed above.

W. D. FREW.

I take pleasure in giving it as my opinion that the foregoing recommendation is fully merited.

A. BURTT.

I know of no one who deserves higher testimony in his favor. R. N. AVERY.

I fully concur in the above recommendation.

D. DENNISON.

He can prepare pupils for the High School quicker than any other teacher in this city.

A. D. DOUTHETT.

TERMS—$1 per week, in advance. no8:2aw4

DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS,

AT

J. M. Burchfield's,

JUST RECEIVED.

HANDSOME SCOTCH LONG SHAWLS;
Do do SQUARE do;
MISSES LONG AND SQUARE do;
LONG BLACK CASSIMERE do;
BROCHA SHAWLS;
BLACK CLOTH SHAWLS;
BLACK THIBET SHAWLS;
HANDSOME CLOAKS;
SACQUES;
CLOAKING CLOTHS;

With a large assortment of new

Dress Goods and Domestics,

JUST RECEIVED.

de1

NOS. 77 AND 79.

Still another arrival of NEW GOODS at

HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,

Nos. 77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

We are now receiving large additions to our stock, to which we desire to call the special attention of wholesale buyers.

Our assortment of

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