Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 17.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. H. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.		52
12 " M.	64	58
3 " P. M.		53
Barometer	29	

New Advertising Rates.

The following rates of Advertising have been agreed upon by the Publishers of the Pittsburgh Daily Press, to take effect on and after the 10th day of November, 1862, on all new contracts:

FOR STANDING MATTER.

PER SINGLE SQUARE, EVERY DAY.

One insertion	$ 60	Two months	39 00
Two insertions	1 00	Three months	11 00
Three insertions	1 25	Four months	13 00
One week	2 00	Five months	14 00
Two weeks	3 50	Six months	15 00
Three weeks	5 00	Nine months	20 00
One month	6 00	One year	25 00

FOR CHANGEABLE MATTER,

Which allows the privilege of a weekly change of matter, to be inserted among new advertisements.

PER SINGLE SQUARE, EVERY DAY.

Six months	$18 00
Twelve months	30 00
Administrators' notices	2 25
Marriage Notices	75
Death notices, each insertion	50

All advertisements ordered in for one month or less time, to be cash at the time of ordering.

CHARLES McKNIGHT, Eve. Chronicle.
FOSTER & FLEESON, Pitts. Dispatch.
JAS. P. BAER, Pittsburgh Post.
S. RIDDLE & CO., Pittsburgh Gazette.

Arrival and Departure of Western Mails.

DEPARTURES.

Express train, Fort Wayne and Chicago, will take way mails from Crestline to Chicago at 2 a. m.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, 2 a. m. Closes at midnight.

Mail train, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 8:10 a. m. Closes at 7 a. m. This train will carry all way mails between Pittsburgh and Crestline, O.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, 6:50 a. m. Closes at midnight. This train takes way mails between Rochester, Pa., and Bellair, O.

Express, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chica, 1:50 p. m. Closes at 12:50 p. m.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, 1:50 a. m. Closes at 12:50 p. m.

ARRIVALS.

Cincinnati Express, 2:30 p. m.

Mail train, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 3:55 p. m.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, 4:20 p. m.

" " " " 8:35 p. m.

The mails arriving from the West on 3:55 p. m. and 4:20 p. m., trains will be ready for delivery at 5:30 p. m.

Arrival and Departure of the Eastern Mails.

DEPARTURES.

The Mail train for the East departs at 5:50 a. m. Closes at midnight. This train will also take the way mails between Pittsburgh and Harrisburg.

The Through Express train for the East departs at 4:20 p. m. Closes at 3:20 p. m.

The Fast train for the East departs at 11:20 p. m. Closes at 10:20 p. m.

ARRIVALS.

The Mail train designated as the Baltimore Express arrives at 12:45 p. m.

The Philadelphia Express arrives at 1:15 p. m.

Both of the above will be delivered at 2:30 p. m.

The Fast train arrives at 1:30 a. m.

Sermons on Education.

The Superintendent of Common Schools of our State has issued the following circular to the clergy, which explains itself. The subject is one of great importance) and could not be confided to better hands:

DEPARTMENT COMMON SCHOOLS,
Harrisburg, Nov. 11, 1862.

To the Reverend Clergy of the State:

GENTLEMEN—The Educational State Convention, which was in session in Harrisburg last August, unanimously adopted a resolution, "That ministers of the Gospel throughout the State be requested to preach, on the first Sunday in December, 1862, a sermon on popular education."

As the Convention adopted no means to make its wishes on the subject known to you, other than the publication of the minutes of its proceedings, I have taken the liberty, in this manner, to invite your attention to it.

At all times the due training of the young is of great importance, and the relation to it of the Christian ministers is plain and intimate. In the present unhappy juncture of our National affairs, regarding the future through the uncertain light of the present, this importance is vastly increased, and the relations of your body to it seems to become in the same proportion nearer.

The wishes of the Convention are therefore cordially commended to your favorable consideration, with the hope that you will simultaneously add your prayer to the Father of Light that He will at this time especially bless the cause of general education, and so guide the efforts of all entrusted with its care, that the youths of the land may become Christian citizens of a united and prosperous Republic.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS H. BURROWES,
Superintendent of Common Schools.

Rumored Movements of Stonewall Jackson.

The whereabouts and intentions of Stonewall Jackson are just now matters of much speculation. News from Cumberland, received at Wheeling on Friday night last, represented that Jackson with a large force was moving westward from Winchester towards Romney. We have the comfortable assurance however that all needful preparations are in hand to meet him, and that there is no danger of a surprise. He will find himself appropriately attended to if he moves in that direction.

The Washington *Republican*, of Saturday, says: "Gen. Jackson is in the Valley, prepared for mischief generally, to strike through the Blue Ridge gaps upon the flanks of Gen. Burnside's army, or to make raids into or towards Pennsylvania as occasion may offer. He will find his position in the Valley an uncomfortable one, after his communication with Richmond, by the Virginia Central railroad, is cut off."

KILLED BY THE INDIANS.—James G. Baily, formerly a resident of Hollidaysburg, but for some years past residing in Kansas, was killed by the Indians on the 15th of August last, while on his way to the Salmon river gold mines. The company to which Bailey was attached had encamped on Green river, eighty miles north of Salt Lake city, when the Indians attempted to stampede the cattle and mules belonging to the train. They were driven off by the guard, but unfortunately Bailey was some distance from Camp, fishing, when the Indians came across him and shot him with arrows—one going through his heart. He leaves a large family near Lecompton Kansas. His wife is a dughter of Robert Wallace, Esq., of Clearfield, Pa.

A HEROIC WIFE.—A miller named Coleman, fled from Virginia over a year ago, on account of his loyalty, and reached Wheeling after a very fatiguing journey, leaving his wife and children behind. He could hear nothing from her until a day or two ago, when much to his astonishment she also reached Wheeling. Mrs. Coleman has been endeavoring to obtain a pass through the rebel lines, but as she was regarded as disloyal to the State she could not be accommodated. At last, however, she succeeded, and started on her perilous journey. She walked a distance of thirty miles, carrying an infant in her arms, with three little children trudging behind her on the high road.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS AND OWNERS OF HORSES.—Many a fine horse is almost reduced to half his value, by having a splent, curb, spavin, ringbone, thickening of the integuments, hard tumors, or some other abnormal growth. The owners of such animals will find a thorough cure in Dr. Birch's "Nonpareil Ointment," which only costs one dollar and a half, and will often add fifty dollars to the value of a horse. It also cures farcy and ulcers, and is invaluable. You can buy it at Dr. Keyser's, No. 140 Wood street.

A DARING HORSE THIEF.—Jacob Yecker was arrested at Lancaster, on Thursday last, having in his possession a horse, buggy, harness and a lot of corn and bugs, which he had stolen from the premises of Mr. Abraham Lane, residing in Manheim township. The stolen property was valued at about $225. Yecker, it appears, had formerly been in the employ of Mr. Lane, and was consequently well acquainted with the premises. He was committed for trial.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Thomas Barrington, Esq., of Smith township, Washington county, died suddenly on Wednesday, the 5th inst. Mr. B. had gone to the house of a neighbor, to assist with a threshing machine, and was sitting in the barn, when he suddenly complained of being sick, and started to walk but fell. Those present carried him into a house, where he died in a few minutes.

CAMP DESTROYED BY FIRE.—On Wednesday last, while the 113th Regiment Ohio Infantry were on drill at Camp Zanesville, a fire broke out in one of the newly built quarters, and in spite of every exertion, fifty-six commodious and nearly new barracks were, in less than one hour's time, with much of their valuable contents, laid in ashes. The fire is supposed to have caught from a stove-pipe.

ALTERED NOTES.—Altered two dollar notes on the Union Bank of Wilmington, Delaware, are being circulated. Description as follows: On upper right side, two females seated by an open chest, steamboat in the distance, figure 2 below. On lower left side, girl and boy with sheaves of grain, figure 2 above.

WM. MCKEEVER, a youth, has been convicted at York, Pa., of manslaughter, in killing F. Pentz, and sentenced to the House of Refuge.

IT is stated that the Sons of Temperance in North America now number 175,000.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CHATONY, General Agent,
No. 18, Fifth street.

THE TRIUMPHS OF SCIENCE.—"Eureka! Eureka!" shouted Archimedes as he ran naked through the thronging thoroughfares of ancient Syracuse on his discovery of a great philosophical principle. At the dawn of the present century the world was similarly startled by the announcement that the stomach and blood were the two great empires of disease, and science has since endorsed it with her signature. Coupled with the above fact, Dr. Holloway stated that he had also discovered two preparations, Pills and Ointment which exercised a powerful influence overall diseases emanating from these sources. In all bilious disorders and complaints of the liver, we are enabled to trace the primary symptoms to the unhealthy condition of the stomach, or the depraved state of the blood, so that the mischievous consequences resulting from the free use of mercury must be obvious to every man of common sense. Dr. Holloway emphatically asserts that calomel is not only unnecessary, but highly pernicious in liver complaint, and disorders of the liver generally, and facts bear him out in this assertion. He confidently points to the thousands of certificates in his possession attesting the cures effected by his Pills and Ointment, which contain not a particle of mercury. Dropsy generally arises from improper action of the liver, and it is to that organ we must direct our attention in the treatment of this disease. The combined use of the Pills and Ointment is marvellously efficacious; for it means the inflammation of the liver is reduced, the biliary secretions corrected, the stomach cleansed and the bowels regulated. The action of the Pills on the blood, bile, and liver is speedy, searching and active, effectually eradicating every vestige of disease from the system, whatever form it may assume. This fact is so well established, that these medicines are admitted into countries where no other proprietary medicines are allowed to be sold. France, Russia, Prussia, Austria, Spain, and even proscriptive China, sanction their unrestricted sale throughout their respective dominions; in fact there is no country in which they are not to be found—a convincing proof that the whole civilized world proclaim without a dissentient voice the extraordinary virtues of these two marvellous medicines.—*Medical Review.*

1862 AND 1863.—*Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Wheeling Railroad, and Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Line.—Change of Time—Winter Arrangement*—On and after Monday, Nov. 17th, 1862, trains will depart from the Passenger Station at Pittsburgh daily, except Sundays:

AT 1:50 A. M.—Through Express for St. Louis, Cairo, Louisville, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus, Wheeling, Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo and Cleveland, stopping at the principal stations.

AT 1:40 P. M.—Fast Line for the above named points, and stopping at the principal stations.

AT 6:40 A. M.—Local mail for Bellair and intermediate points.

AT 3:00 P. M.—Wellsville Accommodation stopping at all stations between Rochester and Wellsville.

Returning, arrive as follows: Express at 4:10 p. m. Fast line at 11 p. m. Local at 8:45 p. m. Wellsville Accommodation at 9:20 a. m.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Monday, November 17th, 1862, trains on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway will leave the Union Passenger Station, Liberty street, for Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis, at 1:50 a. m. and 1:40 p. m.

Way Mail, for Crestline at 8:00 a. m.

New Brighton Accommodation Trains will leave Allegheny Station at 9:40 a. m. and 4:30 p. m., and leave New Brighton for Allegheny at 6:45 a. m. and 12:30 p. m.

Economy Accommodation Trains leave Allegheny at 12:00 m. and 5:50 p. m. Leave French Point for Allegheny at 6:00 a. m. and 2:40 p. m.

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.—The winter is upon us, and we must provide ourselves with the material to keep us comfortable. A good and well-made overcoat is the very article, and we don't know of any place where our readers can get one that will look as well, and at the same time withstand the most severe weather, as at W. H. McGee & Co.'s, corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Alleghany. Their stock of overcoatings, business and dress clothing, pantaloons of all descriptions, are well assorted, and of the latest style. The gentlemen's furnishing goods department is all that a purchaser would wish. Call on McGee & Co. if you desire a nice suit.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, merchant tailor, would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has returned from the East with his new stock of fall and winter goods. His stock consists of the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, selected from the latest importations. Gentlemen desiring a neat fitting garment, and at prices lower than at any other tailoring establishment in the city, would do well to give him an early call. Samuel Graham, merchant tailor, No. 54 Market street, one door from Third.

THE greatest bargains ever offered in this city in the way of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver Ware and Fancy Goods, are now to be had at the Jewelry Store of J. M. Roberts, No. 16 Fifth street, as in consequence of the present depression in trade he is closing out his entire stock at cost, and many articles at much less than cost. Also, pays particular attention to the repairing of fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, in which he employs none but the best workmen. Charges moderate.

WE call the attention of our lady readers to the grand opening of Ladies' Furs at J. Finch's, corner of Grant and Fifth streets. Mr. F. having just returned from the Eastern cities, where he attended the large auction and trade sales held there a few days since, he is now prepared to give great bargains in the above named goods. Ladies should call, by all means, before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, corner of Fifth and Grant streets, opposite the Court House.

GIFT BOOK STORE.—Our readers, visiting the city, should not fail to call at the Branch of the New York Gift Book Store, No. 116 Wood street, Pittsburgh, where they are giving gifts, with each book, worth from fifty cents to one hundred dollars.

NOTICE to the property owners of this city is hereby given, that any repairs needed about their houses will be done promptly, if they leave their order at Cuthbert's Carpenter and Joining Shop, on Virginia alley, just above Smithfield street.

OMNIBUS CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m

FANCY SHOW CARDS.—A large assortment of these beautiful cards constantly on hand, and written to order for any business. Lyons & Handlin, No. 7, Fifth street, below market.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246, Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14—10:55 p. m.

THE CASE OF GENERAL BUELL.

It is said that Generals Schoepff and Tyler, of Connecticut, and possibly also General Lew. Wallace, will be members of the military commission which will be empowered to pronounce upon the guilt or innocence of Gen. Buell, as well as to investigate the charges against him.

COL. TOM KEY SERIOUSLY ILL.

Col. Tom Key, of Gen. M'Clellan's staff, is here, seriously ill of camp fever.

INTERVIEW BETWEEN STANTON AND HALLECK.

Stanton and Halleck were closeted for three hours to-day.

DEFENCE OF COLONEL FORD.

Col. Ford's counsel will soon publish a long defence of his conduct at Harper's Ferry.

OFFICER OF GENERAL HILL'S STAFF TAKEN.

An officer of Gen. Hill's staff was brought in a prisoner from Leesburg to-night.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15, 1862.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Reclamations here have been made upon England for the reimbursement of the damage suffered by our commerce from the rebel vessel of war Alabama, which sailed under the British papers.

It is not believed that England will allow the rebel iron clads, building in her port, to sail, unless she means war. They won't be finished for three months.

The belief here is, in spite of sensation paragraphs, that there will be no serious difficulty with France or Spain. The Government is disposed to pay the former the money she asks, as a reparation for the acts of Butler toward French citizens, in spite of the somewhat haughty tone of the demand.

If the facts about Blanche are as represented, doubtless an apology will be made to Spain.

THE BEAUFORT LIBRARIES.

The order directing the sale of the Beaufort libraries, against which the New York journals generally protested, was revoked to-day.

APPOINTMENT.

Dr. Robert Rogers, of Springfield, Ohio, has been appointed Medical Examiner by the Commissioner of Pensions.

BRIGADIER GENERAL WHITE.

General Julius White will soon be exchanged, and may be assigned a command under Gen. Hunter, who has asked for him. This is a high compliment from the President of the Military Commission which had his conduct at Winchester and at Harper's Ferry under consideration. The favorable report of his conduct at the latter place has already been published; the following is the report touching his course at Winchester, which was assailed at the time in the newspapers:

"That on September the 2nd, 1862, General Julius White received from the General-in-Chief, Maj. Gen. Halleck, the following telegram: 'You will immediately abandon the fortifications at Winchester, sending the heavy guns, under escort, by rail to Harper's Ferry. If this cannot be done, they should be rendered unserviceable. Having sent off your artillery, you will withdraw your whole force to Harper's Ferry.'

"That Brig. Gen. White, having no cavalry with which to make the necessary reconnoissance, and find, if possible, the military exigencies of the move, telegraphed to the Commander-in-Chief for an explanatory order; but the lines being down, he could receive no response, and accordingly put in requisition all the means, by rail and otherwise, of transportation he possessed, having been advised in response to his telegram to Harper's Ferry that no more cars could be had, and after destroying what stores he could not carry away, the stores not amounting to any considerable sum, and rendering unserviceable the four heavy guns that could not be removed, he fell back with his forces in good order to Harper's Ferry. The Commission, therefore, holds that Brigadier General White acted in accordance with the order given him by the General-in-Chief, and is absolved from all blame in evacuating, and in the manner of the evacuation of the fort at Winchester, it appearing from the evidence that he conducted the move as a cool and capable officer."

[Signed,] D. HUNTER, Maj. Gen., Prest.
J. HOLT, Judge Advocate General.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16, 1862.

NO FIGHTING IN FRONT.

The sole foundation for the prevalent rumors about fighting in front is the movement of ambulances, bringing from Warrenton two hundred and fifty wounded in skirmishes during the last two or three weeks, eleven hundred sick, and five hundred from Leesburg. Nine hundred more, expected to-morrow, will complete the tale, and leave Gen. Burnside's army unincumbered.

OFFICERS CAPTURED.

It is reported that a Massachusetts Colonel and Adjutant were captured while breakfasting with a fair friend at a house a few miles from Warrenton.

GEN. BUELL'S LAST ORDER.

Guthrie, Speed, and others of their political faith, have been here endeavoring to compass the reversion of Gen. Buell's last order banishing rebel sympathizers. They were making an impression, when Cassiday, Miller, Bullett, and other unconditional Union men, arrived. They waited upon the President, who referred them to Gen. Halleck. That officer said that the order should stand if he had his way, but they must keep such men as Guthrie.

JUDGE DAVIS,
Of the Supreme Court, is here.

AMBULANCES.

Some hundred ambulances were sent to Warrenton to-day.

PAROLED PRISONERS PAID.

All the paroled prisoners at Alexandria have been paid.

GENERAL FREMONT.

General Fremont had a long interview with General Halleck and Secretary Stanton to-day. He leaves for St. Louis to-morrow.

THE BLANCH CASE.

The papers in the Blanch case have been referred to Madrid. Farragut has been ordered to investigate. Tassara, the Spanish Minister, thinks that Hunter should at once be ordered home, and reparation made.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 16, 1862.

The current rumors about the rebels being in Hancock and Cumberland, Maryland, proves untrue.

New York City and Gen. McClellan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The Board of Aldermen to-day adopted a resolution tendering General McClellan the hospitalities of the city.

Albert Horn has been sentenced to five years imprisonment in the State prison for fitting out the slaver, City of Norfolk.

A young woman, in Hackensack, N. J., was outraged yesterday, by a negro named Anderson, who stole his employers horse and escaped to New York. He has not since been heard of.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

Advices from the N. Y. *Times'* correspondent at Warrenton give encouraging accounts of the condition and temper of the army.

One general officer, however, noted for intemperate habits, brilliant oratorical powers, lack of military qualities, and devotion to Gen. McClellan, has used insulting language to Gen. Burnside, for which he has, as yet, not been punished.

Gen. McClellan is expected in Philadelphia on next Monday, where he will remain for a few days.

A Washington letter to the New York *Times* says: At Burnside's headquarters all is activity. A large amount of the pomp, circumstance and state, which marked the old *regime*, have disappeared. Fighting will be the order of the day under the new rule, and political intrigues and denunciation of the civil authorities must be postponed to more peaceful times, by those who surround the new commander.

Intelligence from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The *Star* says that the mail brings intelligence to-day of the arrest of Lieut. Colonels Colburn and Duane, members of General McClellan's staff, which took place there yesterday. After due inquiry, we are satisfied the act was caused by the fact that they accompanied General McClellan from the front. They are not recognized here as being members of his personal staff who were ordered to accompany him to Trenton. His technical personal staff are said, in official circles, to be his two aids, Lieut. Colonel Sweitzer and Lieut. Colonel Duane, or his additional aid, A. A. G. Lieut. Colonel Colburn, under this reading, of his personal staff, and three or four officers are absent with him from the field without orders to that effect. It is believed here that the arrests, referred to above, meant little more than the peremptory orders, to the two officers in question, to return at once to their positions in the army.

The *Star* also says, it is believed around us, that the gallant and able Heintzleman is about to be ordered to take the field.

Gen. Wadsworth is to have a command in the army.

This afternoon in accordance with the custom, the refuse of the workshops of the district armory, which is about a fourth of a mile from Pennsylvania Avenue in a direct line, where fixed ammunition is prepared, was destroyed by fire on the grounds belonging to that building. It happened that some packages of cartridges were among the refuse, and consequently this explosion was of such a character as to frightfully alarm those in the immediate neighborhood. The cry at once spread through the city that the building had blown up. For a time there was an apprehension of loss of life, but there was nothing more serious involved than the extensive breaking of window glass by the concussion, both of the armory buildings and the hospitals on the same public reservations. The shock was distinctly felt in Pennsylvania Avenue, and several panes of plate glass were shattered.

The Navy Department received voluminous dispatches from the Gulf to-day, stating, among other things, that the United States gunboat Sagamore, on the 28th, captured the English schooner Tristan, from Nassau, with a cargo of 100 bags of salt and miscellaneous articles. On the 23d, the same gunboat captured the English schooner Francis, of and from Nassau, with salt, powder, guns, &c. The U. S. schooner Rachel Seaman, on the 6th ult., captured off Sabine Pass the English schooner Dart. The steamer Kensington recently captured the English schooner Adventure while attempting to run the blockade off the coast of Texas.

The Savannah *Republican*, of the 8th, says: It has generally been resolved on, both in the army and by our citizens, to defend this city and to yield possession to the invader only when its walls shall have been shattered down, and nobody left to dispute his entrance.

Two men were brought to Savannah from Columbus, Ga., charged with altering and passing counterfeit money of the Confederate States.

H. W. Mercer, Brigadier General Commanding, issues an address to the planters of Georgia, saying that he has received from several counties in the State requests and demands that he should return their negroes now working upon the fortifications of Savannah. It is his sincere and earnest desire to do so, but he thinks it an injustice to those who have sent their negroes at his first call that they should be compelled to bear the whole burden and heat of the day while others, who are among the wealthiest of the land, look calmly on the danger of the city and State without contributing a single laborer from their hundreds or thousands to their defense. Let Union citizens, whose vital interests are at stake, and who have done their share towards the common weal, rise up and compel these backsliders, and especially the rich among them, to do their part. As soon as those who have not contributed send him a sufficient number to fill their places, he pledges himself to send back to their masters the negroes who are now at work. Until this be done, necessity compels him to retain them.

Gov. Brown renews the call for negroes to complete the fortifications around Savannah. If they are not furnished promptly, they will be impressed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has made the following decision in regard to the term "money earned by officers in the service of the Government," namely: Payments made to officers in the service of the Government by way of reimbursement for actual expenses, of which an account is rendered, are not subject to a reduction of the three per cent. tax; but when the moneys are received by such officers by way of commutation and no account of actual expenses is rendered, the tax must be assessed upon the amount so received.

General Sherburne, Acting Assistant Adjutant General on General Wadsworth's staff, left this afternoon, per steamer, for Fortress Monroe, having in charge between 75 and 200 rebel prisoners of war to be exchanged this morning. They were all permitted to purchase such necessaries and comforts for their own use as their several means would allow. Several of their late companions refused to go South to be exchanged, preferring to get their discharge by taking the oath of allegiance to the United States.

Brig. Gen. Augur, of New York, was today appointed a Major General of Volunteers.

Lieut. Commander Haxtan, of the United States steamer Connecticut, reports to the Navy Department that on the afternoon of the 30th of October he captured the English schooner Hermosa, of Nassau, 15 miles to the eastward of Sabine river, and close to the land. She was put under the charge of a prize crew and dispatched to Key West.

James R. Dean, of Freedom, Maine, has been appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon in the Navy, and ordered to the ship guard.

Acting Assistant Paymaster J. H. Buckley has been ordered to the ship guard.

Acting Assistant Paymaster John B. Hasteton has been ordered to the steamer J. C. Kahn.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The following General Order has been issued respecting the observance of the Sabbath day in the army and navy.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16, 1862.

The President, Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, desires and enjoins the orderly observance of the Sabbath, by the officers and men in the military and naval service. The importance for man and beast of the prescribed weekly rest, the sacred rights of christian soldiers and sailors, a becoming deference to the best sentiments of a christian people, and a due regard for the divine will, demand that Sunday labor in the army and navy be reduced to the measure of strict necessity. The discipline and character of the national forces should not suffer, nor the cause defended imperilled by the profanition of the name and day of the Most High. At this time of public distress, adopting the words of Washington in 1776, men may find enough to do in the service of God and their country, without abandoning themselves to vice and immorality. The first general order issued by the Father of his Country after the Declaration of Independence, indicates the spirit in which our institutions were founded, and should ever be defended. The General hopes and trusts that every officer and man, will endeavor and act as becomes a christian soldier, defending the dearest rights and liberties of his country.

(Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Navy Department dispatches contain an account of valuable services rendered by Acting Masters Mate, James J. Russell, of the bark Restless. He left Bull's Island on the 5th inst., in a small boat with two contrabands armed for Jeweys' landing, Palmetto river, South Carolina, for the purpose of intercepting the mail between Charleston and Georgetown. He and his friends secreted themselves and waited for the carrier, who approached in a sulky. Suddenly coming from his concealment, he commanded him to halt, by authority of the United States Government. Two mail bags were secured. The carrier said he was glad to be captured, as he had long been wishing for an opportunity to escape. The party barely escaped the enemy's pickets, and the returned in safety to the ship.

From the Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Nov. 15.—The following order was published to-day:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Near Warrenton, Va., Nov. 14, 1862.

General Order, No. 184: First—The organization of a portion of this army into general divisions is hereby announced. The grand divisions will be formed and commanded as follows:

The Second and Ninth Corps will form the Right Grand Division, and will be commanded by Maj. Gen. E. V. Sumner.

The First and Sixth Corps will form the Left Grand Division, and will be commanded by Maj. Gen. W. B. Franklin.

The Third and Fifth Corps will form the Centre Grand Division, and will be commanded by Maj. Gen. Joseph Hooker.

The Eleventh Corps, with such other troops as may hereafter be assigned to it, will constitute a reserve force, under the command of Major General F. Sigel.

Assignments of cavalry and futher details will be announced in future orders.

Second—In accordance with instructions from the War Department, the commanders of these Grand Divisions will have power to decide such questions relating to the interior management of their commands as are now forwarded to these headquarters for final action.

Major General Sigel will exercise all the powers in respect to his command, above assigned, as the commander of a Grand Division. Those cases which can only be decided by the Departments at Washington, they will forward directly to those Departments, without reference to these headquarters.

All matters relating to the movements of troops, together with returns, reports, &c., will be forwarded to these headquarters as usual.

Third—The commanders of these Grand Divisions will retain with them their respotive staffs.

Fourth—The senior officers of the 2d, 3d, 5th and 6th corps will take command of these corps, and will forward to these headquarters a list of the recommendations of officers to fill their staffs.

Fifth—Brig. Gen. Williams, A. A. G., is appointed Inspector General of the Adjutant General's Department in this army. Lieut. Col. James A. Hardie, A. D. C., acting Assistant Adjutant General, will act as Assistant Inspector General in the same department.

Sixth—The headquarters of the various staff departments at these headquarters other than the Adjutant General's Department, will remain as heretofore, until further orders.

Seventh—Lieut. Col. Richmond, Assistant Adjutant General, is announced as Assistant Adjutant General at these headquarters.

Eighth—All orders conflicting with this, are hereby rescinded.

By command of Maj. Gen. Burnside.

[Signed,] S. WILLIAMS, A. A. G.

Gen. Sigel visited Gen. Burnside at his headquarters to-day.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Etna.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., 15.—The steamship Etna, from Liverpool on the 5th, via Queenstown on the 6th inst., passed Cape Race enroute for New York at one o'clock this afternoon.

The steamer City of New York arrived out on the 4th, and the Hibernian on the 5th instant.

The political news is unimportant.

A slight collision had occurred between the Austrian and Italian soldiers on the frontier, but the difficulty was soon quieted.

The London *Times* again adverts to the action of the New York Chamber of Commerce, touching the rebel steamer Alabama. It denies that blame can be attached to England.

The London *Daily News* takes altogether a different view of the matter.

Mr. Bright had written a letter applauding President Lincoln's proclamation to liberate the slaves of the Southern States.

Commercial Intelligence.—Liverpool, Nov. 5.—Cotton: The sales of two days amount to 15,000 bales at an advance of 2@3d since Friday. The market closed buoyant.

Breadstuffs are dull.

Wheat has a declining tendency.

Provisions very dull.

London consols are quoted at 93½ for money.

Flour has a downward tendency. Wheat is very dull at a decline of 1@2d. Corn dull.

Provisions dull. Beef is quiet and steady. Pork dull, with an upward tendency. Bacon easier. Lard quiet and steady. Sugar steady. Coffee is inactive.

Rosin without sale and unchanged. Spirits of turpentine nominal.

Liverpool, Nov. 6.—Sales of cotton for two days were 2,250 bales, closing dull and with a downward tendency, there being but little inquiry. The prices are weak; sales to speculators and importers 1,000 bales.

Breadstuffs quiet and steady.

Provisions are quiet.

London, Nov. 6.—Consols for money 93¾@93½, and Illinois Central Railroad 43@43¾.

The London *Times* commences the publication of a special correspondence from Richmond, dated Oct. 8th, in which the writer, who is strongly imbued with the spirit of secessionism, says: "They suffer terrible desolation, but the spirit of resistance is as high as ever."

At a crowded meeting of the Metropolitan Institution of London, resolutions expressing sympathy with the North were adopted.

Mr. Brougham; in a letter, expresses the hope that the Northern Government will refrain from any attempt at making a servile insurrection in the South.

It is reported that Lord Elgin has retired from the Governorship of India, owing to the effects of the climate. The Duke of Argyle will succeed him.

It is reported that Garibaldi has been sounded as to his acceptance of the Crown of Greece.

Latest from Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 16.—The Nashville *Dispatch* of yesterday contains accounts of five murders—two of saloon keepers, who refused to sell liquor to soldiers; two of soldiers, cause unknown, and one of a negro. The city Marshal was also assailed and badly beaten.

Gen. Sill's Division moved this morning on the Murfreesboro road.

Gen. Crittenden's Division is at Silver Springs, twelve miles from Lebanon.

A part of Morgan's force is at Lebanon.

Supplies from the country for the city are greatly increased.

The weather is wet and likly to continue so.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 15.—Among the arrivals at the Galt House to-day, were Major-Gen. Schuyler Hamilton, Brig.-Gens. Burbridge and A. J. Smith, and their respective commands, Hon. Horatio Maynard and Parson Brownlow. There is no news from the south.

Destructive Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The Althouse Iron Works, corner Houston and Green streets, was destroyed by fire on last night. Loss, $120,000; insured for $97,000. The Associated Presbyterian church was also destroyed, and a large number of dwelling houses on Green and Houston streets were damaged. The building No. 140, Green street, was crushed by the falling walls of the Iron Works. Jas. Mangnin, an insurance patrolman, is believed to have lost his life. The total loss will be $150,000.

Union Victory in Louisiana.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Advices from New Orleans report that the expedition under Gen. Weitzel met the enemy at Labadierville, and defeated them after a brisk fight. Upwards of 200 of the enemy were killed, wounded, or taken prisoners, and one piece of artillery was captured. The rebels were pursued towards Berwick's bay, where Governor Moore was supposed to be. Our loss was 18 killed and 74 wounded. The rebels captured were paroled.

Gen. McClellan.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 16.—Major General McClellan will not visit Philadelphia on Monday, as stated in the Sunday papers. There is the best authority for making this statement.

Minnesota Election.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 15.—Windham, Republican, is elected to Congress by a majority of 25, and Donnelly, Republican, by 1,500.

The river above Hastin is closed by ice.

From Gen. Grant's Department.

CAIRO, Nov. 15.—All the partisan rangers who have been pillaging the country around Memphis were disbanded by Pemberton and attached to regiments. Cotton is reported coming forward again in consequence.

Passengers from Helena report Hernando occupied by the Federals.

More than half the people of Mississippi are said to be running their negroes into the interior, leaving only such property as they connot carry away.

The steamer Eugene, a Cairo and Memphis packet, struck a sunken wreck on Wednesday night, off Plum Point bend, and sank in 15 feet water. There were one hundred persons on board, fifteen of whom were drowned, belonging principally to the crew. The passengers remained on the wreck all night, and were brought off next morning by the steamer Tigress. The boat was valued at $18,000, and is probably a total loss. She was loaded with goods and stores, which were badly damaged.

The rebels are said to be fortifying Jackson, Miss. Large reinforcements are being brought there from Arkansas. It is believed that their entire army will fall back to that point before giving battle.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—A special from Lagrange, Tenn., on the 14th, says: Five regiments of rebel cavalry advanced last evening from Lumkins' Mills, within two miles of Holly Springs, skirmishing commenced and continued some time. The enemy lost six killed and seven commissioned officers captured.

The rebel General Villipigne died at Port Hudson a few days ago of pneumonia.

The Draft Difficulty in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Nov, 15.—In justice to the loyal people of Wisconsin, it is proper to state that the recent draft troubles were principally confined to a class of Germans called Luxumbergers. Over one hundred have been arrested in Ozaukee county, and the draft is being enforced promptly.

From Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—The Royal mail steamer Europa, from Liverpool via Halifax, arrived at this port to-night.

The prize schooner Louis and her cargo of 115 bales of cotton, was sold to-day by the United States Marshal. The cargo was bought by W. M. F. Milliet, of New York for $65,000.

Orders for the Redemption of Postage Stamps.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The Postmaster General has given orders for the redemption of postage stamps, which have been issued as currency.

The Gunboat Connecticut Arrived.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The United States gunboat Connecticut has arrived below.

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 15.—Evening—Flour very dull and prices lower. Superfine offered freely at $5,25; extra $5,30@5,35, and family $5,40@5,50. Wheat dull at $1@1,12 for red and white. Corn in active demand at 50@53 for shelled and ear, old, and 45@48 for new. Whisky 34½. Mess pork firm at $10,50@10,75. Lard dull and lower. Sales of 700 tierces at 5¾ on the spot, and 5¾ for December. Green meats quiet. Fifteen shoulders sold at 3¾. Groceries firm. Hogs unchanged at $4,25@4,65 for light to extra heavy. Receipts of 5,000 head. Gold unchanged at 130. Demand notes at 124. Exchange dull at par.

MARRIED:

DORRINGTON—EWAN—On Thursday morning, November 13th, 1862, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. William Stratton, Mr. JOSEPH DORRINGTON, Jr., of Pittsburgh, to Miss EMMALINE D. EWAN, of Mahoning county, Ohio.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Clerk at the Solar Oil Works Co. Apply to our Secretary, JACOB WEAVER, Jr., THIS DAY, between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m., Nov. 15th, or MONDAY, 17th, foreno