Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 13.

The French Press on the President's Proclamation.

With the exception of the *Pays*, and a few other journals like it, of limited circulation and influence, we do not find that any of the French journals have raised objections to the President's Emancipation Proclamation. On the contrary, the general tone of those who have noticed it, is not only favorable, but something more—it is cordially friendly and hopeful of great and successful results. The Paris correspondent of the New York *Times* says that the *Siecle*, the leading Republican paper, with a circulation nearly double that of any other paper in Paris, after referring to the savage outbursts of fury in the Richmond Congress, when the President's proclamation reached there, remarks: "And this extraordinary manifestation of sentiment takes place the day that Mr. Lincoln, entering at last into the heart of the question, decides to pronounce, under certain reserves, the abolition of Slavery! These are the paroxyms of fury shown by the leaders of the insurrection in order to preserve their horrible privilege."

The *Presse* and *Temps*, Liberal papers, and the *Journal des Debats*, Orleanist organ, speak in the same terms of the Emancipation Proclamation, and its effect in the South. They accept it as a just and proper measure, and maintain that its utility is proven by the wrath and violence it has provoked in those who have to combat its effects.

The *Opinion Nationale*, a paper having a large circulation among the enlightened liberal classes, says that the Proclamation of Mr. Lincoln is the death blow of the rebellion, and that the wrath exhibited in the Confederate Congress proves the fact. The *Opinion* declares that Mr. Lincoln has now put himself upon the platform which will secure him the sympathies of all the Liberals of Europe, and render intervention an impossibility.

The Democracy Rampant.

The pro-secession democracy of New York, headed by ex-Mayor Wood, John Van Buren, James Brooks, and kindred spirits, had an immense jollification over their victory in that city, (for the State, outside of the city, gave more than 20,000 majority against them.) A full confession of faith in the doctrines of the Secessionists and rebels was made. Mayor Wood, in his speech, said:

The sovereignty of the great State of New York would rest in the hands of their chosen agents, and it would depend upon whether that power should be properly exercised, whether the attacks upon State rights continued to withstood. He did not understand the governor elect, if he would not *stand up for his State against any Federal usurpation.*

Mark the use he makes of the word "sovereignty"—precisely the same as the Charleston interpretation. Here is his plan for conducting the war:

Force alone, he contended, would not do, for we must go *with the sword in one hand, and the Constitution and olive branch in the other.* [Applause.] With such a policy animating the war, he believed the Union could be restored again to a condition of happiness and prosperity. [Applause.]

John Van Buren was the next speaker. He asked, "what reason could be assigned for this removal of M'Clellan when he was in *active pursuit of the enemy?*" (A voice—"Because he is a Democrat.") Mr. Van Buren said he believed that was so. He then went on at some length, when he came to the richest part of the whole affair. He wants the President to suspend the war, so as to give the States now at war against the government time to elect members to the National Congress. But, as a sort of after thought, he added:

"The Southern members had no cause for leaving their seats, and the best thing they could do was to go back and take their seats. [Applause.] But what would they do when they got back? Two-thirds of the members could call a Convention for the purpose of proposing amendments to the Constitution. His life upon it, *such a Convention would restore the unity of the thirty-four States.* [Applause.] He would alter the tenure of the Presidential office, making the President elect for six years, and not eligible for re-election. [Applause.] The Convention could continue in office the present President, or could say that another one should be elected. [Applause.] The people of the South would no doubt want a new election. For himself, he concurred in that desire. [Applause.] Mr. Van Buren reviewed the position of Mr. Lincoln, assuming that Mr. Lincoln might naturally suppose himself popular from the statements of those around him. But he thought that was a mistake.

A Voice—I wish you were in his place.

He had a conviction that the Convention would support Geo. B. McClellan for President. [Great applause and prolonged rousing cheers for McClellan.]

There's the use to which the Democracy are going to put their victory—let Jeff. Davis, Mason, Slidel, Toombs and all the rest back into their seats in Congress, then vote a Convention, which shall determine whether Abraham Lincoln or Jeff. Davis shall be President—and then George B. McClellan shall be put in nomination for the succession. It is a nice programme, and worthy of a careful study.

The removal of General McClellan will have the effect of greatly strengthening the confidence of the country in the firmness and determination of the President to push the war with renewed vigor, and to maintain his policy as indicated in his Proclamation of Emancipation. And the manner in which that act has been received by the country—the unanimous approbation of all who really and truly oppose the Rebellion and stand by the Union—will give renewed confidence to the President that the country will stand by him in the most vigorous measures he can adopt. But more than all, the howl of rage which has gone up from the ranks of those who are in undisguised sympathy with the rebels at the removal of Gen. McClellan, together with their loud laudations of that gentleman, will satisfy both the country and the President that that important step was not taken one moment too soon. Every thing, indeed, looks cheering and hopeful; and we may now draw together in that unity which hope only can impart, and cheer on the President, and all under his authority, in their great and glorious work.

A letter from Osage, Mo., giving an account of an engagement between the Kansas negro regiment and a large force of rebels, says:

"It is useless any more to talk of negro courage. The men fought like tigers, each and every one of them, and the main diffi-

The Press on the Removal of Gen. McClellan.

This subject continues to be warmly and earnestly discussed by the press; but the case is so strong, so overwhelming, that not a sentence which rises to the dignity of argument in condemnation of the act has yet met our eye. The New York *Commercial*, one of the most respectable papers of the country, of rather conservative leanings, and which has been to the last a staunch and steadfast friend of the General, in its issue of Monday, says:

"We confess ourselves somewhat staggered by this act of the President. To remove Gen. McClellan from his command, and at this time, too, indicates a strength of nerve and a resoluteness of purpose, be it for good or ill, that we almost thought President Lincoln did not possess. * *

"With pain we write of a general whom we have been wont to admire and have always found pleasure in defending from what we deemed unjust criticism, that in this disobedience of orders is abundant reason for his removal from his command. There is reason to fear that this is not the first instance of such misconduct;—*of like misconduct, under like circumstances, with like result.* We cannot, now that General McClellan is thus deliberately and officially charged with refusing to march upon the enemy when so ordered to do, and with postponing his movement until the enemy could no longer be hurt by it, deny that grave misgivings that we have been mistaken in the man have found an unwelcome lodgment in our mind, and that there is serious room to doubt of his capacity, at least, for the position that has been assigned to him."

The Providence *Journal*, a paper published in the city where Gen. Burnside resided when the war broke out, and whence he marched at the head of the First Rhode Island regiment, remarks: "If any of the Democrats complain of the removal of the Democratic McClellan, they will please bear in mind that Burnside was a Democrat when the war began, and that he was one of the most intimate personal friends of his predecessor." Yet this is the sole ground of complaint by those who complain at all.

—The *National Intelligencer*, of Tuesday, makes the following remarks on the removal of McClellan. Its reasonings, going to show that there is something more behind than the facts in Gen. Halleck's letter, is doubtless correct. Indeed, this is clearly implied in the semi-official preparatory sentence introducing the correspondence, when it first appeared in print, namely, in the Washington *Daily Chronicle*, which says: "*The following correspondence doubtless contains some of the reasons why the President has concurred with his military advisers in making the recent important change in the command of the Army of the Potomac.*" Of course "some" means "not all." The *Intelligencer* quotes this sentence, and thus proceeds:

It will be observed from the date of the letter of Gen. Halleck, that it gives reasons which might have been urged in explanation of the removal of Gen. McClellan some two or three weeks ago, if that step had *then* been taken by the Administration. As he was retained in command after these representations by Gen. Halleck, we are left to infer that these charges against him were satisfactorily explained, and that he is now relieved for reasons other than those which are assigned in this communication, or that his removal, if previously resolved upon by the President, (as has been intimated by several journals supposed to be in the confidence of the Administration,) was held in suspense for some undesignated reason of State policy. The former of these suppositions is strengthened by the statement made in the *Morning Chronicle*, from which we copy the letter, and which says, in introducing the communication, that the removal of Gen. McClellan was made for reasons which appeared "conclusive" to the Administration; and it adds that "these reasons will doubtless be made public, *should the interests of the country demand their disclosure.*" The "conclusive reasons," therefore, are something other than those contained in the subjoined letter, and have not yet been "disclosed."

As we have confined our quotations, to-day, to the class of journals that eschew extremes, and rejoice in what they regard as the "safe middle way," we shall just add one more, which is eminently of this type, and which, moreover, has been one of the most influential supporters of Gen. McClellan—we mean the Baltimore *American*. Hear what it says:

The whole country has shared with Gen. Halleck the anxiety expressed for a forward movement; and for ourselves, none have been more anxious than we have been that with the splendid opportunity afforded Gen. McClellan, he should once and for all have silenced all who have complained of his slowness—of his backwardness to engage the rebel army. Victorious at South Mountain and Antietam, the country certainly expected him to follow up his successes; and that patience, manifested by the people at the long delay that has since intervened, with little or nothing accomplished, has been little less than miraculous. He, like Gen. Buell, has certainly had a fair chance; and if he is made to give place to another, it is because the country can no longer sustain the agonizing suspense created by what seem needless delays. The order to "advance" was imperative; the neglect to do so plain; and unless good and sufficient reasons—better than seem now to be presented—justify the five weeks inaction which has enabled the bulk of the rebel army to run away in safety once more, all must agree that the Government ought to have commanders who will move forward, *if it is to be held responsible for results.*

Let us remember the assaults upon the Government, for months past, on account of *its* slowness, *its* neglect to crush the rebellion. Is it just that the inaction of its subordinates should be saddled upon it, if it can be shown that it has done all in its power to enable the subordinate to move? And what avail in this particular case is conceded ability, real generalship, if it is so qualified by inaction or caution, as to render great armies little else than permanent garrisons for a frontier when they are depended upon for an advance; for *offensive* movements to put down other armies *always in motion?*

What Gen. Halleck asserts in his letter, all know to be true, viz: that the Army of the Potomac has been *better* supplied than the armies of the West, which have achieved over a vast extent of country so much greater results. And if this even were not so, we have only to recur to the real condition of the rebel forces, the immediate antagonists of the Army of the Potomac, to feel assured that the condition of the latter has always been infinitely superior in every supply that can be named. To those who have *seen* the ragged, starved, shoeless, unhealthy crew, or portions of them who have, under Lee, held our splendid troops so long in check, the conclusion is mortifying to the last degree; and the country must have better reasons furnished it than have yet appeared why our own has hesitated to *fight*, when the nation has been in agony lest "winter quarters" should be the cry once more, whilst army contractors alone were to fatten upon these endless delays.

We have referred to the destitution, want, which must cause inefficiency in the rebel army, as compared with our own. Here is what the Richmond *Whig* of last Saturday, just come to hand, says of it:

"It is terrible to think that hundreds-

nay thousands of our brave troops, our sons and brothers and friends, who are suffering that we may be comfortable, are in this bitter weather (the snow storm recently) *without the comforts of negroes, of paupers, or even of convicts in the penitentiary—are literally barefooted in the snow.* * * * This is no false alarm, no sensation paragraph. *The condition of the army is heartrending.*"

On reading this declaration revealing the miserable condition of the rebel army, would it not be the conclusion of all that *then* was the time to move upon it, to crush it, to annihilate it? Can the people be made to believe that an army in such miserable plight, decimated more and more by sickness for almost every single day's march, whose track is strewn with hospitals crowded with men literally *worn out*, is in a condition to hold its own against vigorous pursuit—bold movements of our own? Can a man stand guard, perform picket duty, "barefooted in the snow," and in the flight towards Richmond, ought our men to be distanced?

Our Soldiers in Kentucky Forced to Become Negro-Catchers.—The Chicago *Tribune* says: "Enforced negro-hunting is still made the loathsome work of Northwestern troops in Kentucky. We have recently published orders to precisely this effect. We have before us a private letter written by one of our finest Illinois officers, who says he has orders to return all fugitives. He says "my superior commanders order me to give up the niggers." He adds that he will fall back on the superior authority of the President's Proclamation of Sept. 2d, and will not "turn Illinois soldiers into slave hounds for Kentucky masters." This matter needs looking into. Who is there in Kentucky that is daring to flout the authority of the President.

How the Army Votes.

A dispatch from Warrenton, Va., says:

By the military suffrage some of the Wisconsin Regiments voted on the 4th inst. The following is the vote so far as known:

	Rep.	Dem.
Second Regiment	86	35
Sixth Regiment	132	38
Seventh Regiment	181	20

Full returns have not been received from the 5th, but it voted nearly unanimously Republican.

A soldier of the 106th New York Regiment writes to the N. Y. *Evening Post*, from their camp at New Creek, Va., that the vote taken as a test on election day was as follows: Wadsworth, 868; Seymour, 108; whole number of votes cast, 976.

A New Business.—Sealed proposals are invited by Col. Beckwith, Commissary of Subsistence, till the 25th inst., for purchasing all the hides, tallow, hoofs and horns of the cattle killed by the Army of the Potomac, in the territory embraced by the Rappahannock and Potomac Rivers and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

The contractor will be required to follow the army and collect, at his own risk, the several articles, paying therefor a certain sum per animal. He will also be charged with the articles in each case, unless he can clearly show that he was prevented from obtaining them by proper authority. A bond, with good security, will be required for the fulfillment of the contract.

Colorado Territory.—Contrary to previous reports, Bennet, regular Republican, and the present delegate to Congress from Colorado, is re-elected. His plurality over Francisco, tory, is about 1,000, and over Gilpin, irregular Republican, about 1,400.

It is stated, with every evidence of reliability, that the amount of army supplies in the clothing department alone, shipped from Cincinnati, since July 1st, 1862, will exceed in value the sum of *fifty millions of dollars!*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lake Superior Copper Mill and Smelting Works, Pittsburgh.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO., Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER; also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 149 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my29:dawlyT

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid. Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y. mh11:lydawT

WM. C. ROBINSON ... F. H. MILLER. WITHROW DOUGLAS ... WILSON MILLER.

ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER, Founders and Machinists, Washington Works, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. Office, No. 21 Market Street. Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK. JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28:dly

BURKE & BARNES, FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER SAFE, BANK VAULT IRON VAULT DOOR, AND STEEL-LINED BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE MANUFACTURERS. Nos. 129 and 131 *Third street, between Wood and Smithfield streets—North side.* BANK LOCKS always on hand. mh25

CORNWELL & KERR, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, At the old established Coach Factory, DUQUESNE WAY, (near St. Clair Street.) Repairing done as usual. ju7:tf

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ISAAC JONES ... JOHN L. BOYD ... W. M'CULLOUGH.

JONES, BOYD & CO., Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; also, SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES, corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. oc19

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 Second street and 85 Third street, between Wood and Market. Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9

S. B. & C. P. MARKLE, Paper Manufacturers and dealers in BOOK, PRINT, CAP, LETTER AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER. Have removed from No. 27 Wood street to No. 33 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. CASH OR TRADE FOR RAGS. my4

J. C. KIRKPATRICK ... S. M. KIER.

J. C. KIRKPATRICK & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c. Wholesale Agents for KIER'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 39 Wood Street, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja18:lyd

N. HOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ay23

HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1

DIVIDENDS.

Citizens Bank, Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the past six months payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 14th inst. The Bank assumes the payment of the Government Tax on the above dividend. GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier. no8:2w

Office of the Allegheny Gas Works, Allegheny City, Nov 3d, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend out of the earnings of the last six months of FOUR PER CENT., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 13th instant. J. C. McPHERSON, Treasurer. no5:td

DIVIDEND. Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

The Western Insurance Company of Pittsburgh has this day declared a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS PER SHARE on its Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 11th instant. F. M. GORDON, Secretary. no5:twd

Iron City Bank of Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 14th inst. J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier. no5:10t

Mechanics Bank, Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THE MECHANICS BANK has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, (exclusive of Government Tax,) payable to Stockholders on or after the 14th instant. GEO. D. McGREW, Cashier. no5:td

Allegheny Bank, Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 14th inst., free of Government Tax. J. W. COOK, Cashier. no5:td

Merchants and Manufacturers Bank, Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THIS BANK has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits for the last six months, free of all Taxes, payable on or after the 14th instant. W. H. DENNY, Cashier. no4:2w

Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1862.

THE Directors of this Bank have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 14th inst. The United States duties will be assumed by the Bank. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier. no4:2w

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (THURSDAY) MORNING, at 11 o'clock: MONEY OF ACCOUNT.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Jones' Building, Fourth street, City of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY (1st day) OF DECEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year. W. O. HUGHART, Secretary. Office of the P. & C. R. R. Co., November 12, 1862. no13:lawd3w

ELECTION FOR PLANK ROAD DIRECTORS.—An Election will be held at Girty's Run Plank Road Toll House, for the election of Directors, President and Treasurer for the ensuing year. The election will take place on MONDAY, Nov. 17th, 1862, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m. By order of WADE HAMPTON, President. no5:dtd

Mechanics' Bank, Pittsburgh, Oct. 17, 1862.

AN ELECTION for President and Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 17th of November, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m. A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 4th, at 10 o'clock a. m. GEO. D. McGREW, Cashier. oc17:1m

Pittsburgh, October 16th, 1862.

AN ELECTION for thirteen Directors of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 17th, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. The general annual meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, November 4th, at 11 a. m. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier. oc17:1m

Iron City Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa., October 16th, 1862.

AN ELECTION for thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, November 17th proximo, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, November 4th prox., at 11 a. m. J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier. oc17:1m

Allegheny Bank, October 15, 1862.

AN ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on the 17th day of NOVEMBER NEXT, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock. A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held on the 4th day of NOVEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock a. m. J. W. COOK, Cashier. oc15:lmd

Citizens Bank, Pittsburgh, Oct. 17, 1862.

AN ELECTION for thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, Nov. 17th, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. The regular annual meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 4th, at 11 o'clock a. m. GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier. oc17:1m

POCKET BOOKS, For the new Postage Currency; DIARIES, 4 to 8 vo. and 12 mo.; LAWYERS NEW TIE ENVELOPE; SLOCOMB'S INKSTANDS; PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS; For sale by W. S. HAVEN, WOOD AND THIRD STREETS. oc20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOLD AND OLD DEMAND UNITED STATES NOTES.—I will purchase GOLD AND DEMAND NOTES at the highest market price. JAMES O'CONNOR, Office, Fegaley's Building, corner Market and Water streets. no13:3t

NOTICE TO BREWERS AND OIL DISTILLERS.—The forms of Books and Blanks required under the National Tax Law, for sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood st. no13

APPLES—100 bbls. choice Russetts, just received and for sale by J. C. McVAY, No 10 Smithfield st. no13

COAL AND LIME, At the EXCELSIOR COAL YARD, MARION AVENUE, in front of the Penitentiary, Allegheny City. JAMES REHO. my26:3m

144 RUBIA MILLS, 144 — 144 GREENE STREET, NEW YORK CITY. GOVERNMENT COFFEE, Put up in tin foil pound papers, 48 in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 20 cents. We put up the following kinds: JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE. We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 183 Chambers street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLARD & DOANE, 189 and 191 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention. TABER & PLACE. se23:3m

ROBT. S. DAVIS, Bookseller, No. 93 Wood street, has just returned from the Eastern cities, where he has largely replenished his stock of BOOKS—Theological, Classical, Scientific and Miscellaneous—and laid in a fine assortment of Stationery of all kinds. He invites particular attention to his stock of School Books, and to the fresh supply of Photograph Albums and Card Portraits, which he has received. no6

FOR 1863. POCKET AND COUNTING HOUSE DIARIES; PHYSICIANS' VISITING LISTS; ENGLISH AND GERMAN ALMANACS; For sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

THREE OIL CANS, substantial and in complete order, capacity about 90 gallons, with brass faucets, pump and drainers, for sale for want of use, cheap, on commission, by SOLAR OIL WORKS CO., St. Clair street, near the bridge. no12

SPICED MINCED MEAT.—A large supply of Spiced Minced Meat, prepared and ready for baking, just received and put up in five pound jars; also for sale by the pound, by JNO. A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets. no11

MALTBY'S CAN OYSTERS.—We are now receiving daily Maltby's Fresh Oysters, in cans and half cans. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets. no11

FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN WALL PAPER for sale by W. P. MARSHALL. no8

COOPERS' AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. no8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.

EATON, MACRUM & CO., Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street, Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS, ZEPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOL; 6,000 lbs KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive. Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again. N. B.—A choice assortment of Staple Dry Goods, At wholesale only. se27:tf

OPENING— On THURSDAY, 13th inst., We will open one of the finest lots of Goods brought to market this season, consisting of SILKS, plain and figured; DRESS GOODS, in many new varieties, EMPRESS CLOTH, REPS, CASHMERES, MERINOS, BARATHEAS, POPLINS, EPINGLINE, CHINTZES, VELOURS, VELONTE REPS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOMBAZINES, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, MERINO UNDERWEAR, together with a full stock of Domestics, Muslin Shirtings and Sheetings, FLANNELS, Welsh, Shaker, Colored, Barred and Striped, for SHIRTING, BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, IRISH LINENS. A splendid stock of WOOL AND FRENCH CASHMERE SHAWLS. We will also have on the same day a Cloak Opening. At which will be exhibited a full assortment of Plush Cloaks, in Black and Colors, at all prices, and an assortment of BLACK AND COLORED CLOTH CLOAKS, to which we invite the special attention of our friends and the public generally. WHITE, ORR & CO., (successors to Geo. R. White & Co.,) No. 25 FIFTH STREET. nov12-3t

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 11th, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER.—The undersigned has been assigned to the command and to the duty of organizing the drafted men from the counties of Pennsylvania whose quotas rendezvous at the Camp near this city.

The organization of the draft will be by companies and regiments conforming to the maximum organization prescribed by War Department General Orders No. 126, of September 6, 1862. Volunteers from the drafted men for the old regiments will be accepted for the period of the draft, and for the new organizations for the period of three years or during the war. Recruits who wish to join any particular regiment or company in the field, will indicate their preference to the Mustering Officer at Camp Howe. [See War Department General Orders No. 68, of July 25th, 1862.]

Substitutes that are presented before the organization of a regiment is completed will be examined and, if accepted, mustered into the service.

The Commissioners in the several counties in this district are requested to send to the rendezvous, (Camp Howe,) with as little delay as practicable, the men required to complete the quotas of their respective counties. It is important, for the interests of the service and for the interests and comforts of the men, that the organization should be completed and the troops prepared for the field at the earliest possible moment.

The offices for the transaction of business connected with the organization will be at Camp Howe, and at the Girard House in this city. Communications may be addressed to the Commandant at the Camp, or to Capt. G. CHAPINS, Acting Adj't. General, at the office in this city.

Officers of the old regiments, ordered to this city for the purpose of receiving drafts for their regiments, will report in person at the office in the city, where they will receive instructions to return to their respective commands.

ED. R. S. CANBY, Brig. Gen. no11:3t

LINDSEY'S GENUINE BLOOD SEARCHER, A sure cure for CANCER, CANCEROUS FORMATIONS, SCROFULA, CUTANEOUS SORES, ERYSIPELAS, BOILS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, SORE EYES, TETTER AFFECTIONS, SCALD HEAD, DYSPEPSIA, COSTIVENESS, OLD AND STUBBORN ULCERS, RHEUMATIC DISORDERS, JAUNDICE, SALT RHEUM, MERCURIAL DISEASES, GENERAL DEBILITY, LIVER COMPLAINT, LOSS OF APPETITE, LOW SPIRITS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, EPILEPSY OR FITS, PARALYSIS OR PALSY, SYPHILITIC DISEASES, and CARIES OF THE BONES, Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system. The only genuine preparation made by Dr. J. M. LINDSEY, for sale at J. M. FULTON'S Drug Store, FIFTH STREET. no6

FULTON'S COUGH SYRUP.

Fulton's Cough Syrup cures COUGHS;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures COLDS;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures BRONCHITIS;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures HOARSENESS;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures DIPTHERIA;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures INFLUENZA;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures CROUP;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures QUINCY;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures PHTHISIC;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures MINISTERS' SORE THROAT;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures WEAKNESS IN THE CHEST;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures SPITTING OF BLOOD;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures ASTHMA;
Fulton's Cough Syrup cures WHOOPING COUGH.

Soldiers and citizens—every one afflicted with a cold—try it. Cost 25 cents a bottle, at J. M. FULTON'S DRUG STORE, FIFTH STREET. oc29

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, all styles; DIARIES, 1863, all styles; UNION STATIONERY PORTFOLIOS; POSTAGE CURRENCY HOLDERS; All new and popular BOOKS; All late PAPERS and MAGAZINES; PORTMONAIES; WALLETS, &c.; STATIONERY, all kinds; BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.; A large assortment always on hand, at JOHN P. HUNT'S, Masonic Hall, Fifth Street. no6

GAME.—10 saddles Venison; 12 Wild Turkeys; For sale by FRANK VAN GORDER, 112 Second street. no8

DRY GOODS.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS, AT MACRUM & GLYDE'S. FRENCH EMBROIDERIES AND LACES; New style BONNET RIBBONS; Fancy VELVET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS; HEAD DRESSES, WOOL HOODS, &c.; GLOVES, GAUNTLETS AND HOSIERY; BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS; NOTIONS AND SMALL ARTICLES; Just received and selling at the lowest cash prices, by MACRUM & GLYDE, 78 Market st., bet'n 4th and Diamond. no12

THE NEW PARIS TRIMMING.—This Beautiful article, designed for DRESS, CLOAK and MANTILLA TRIMMING, is now offered to the public. It is also adapted for BONNET TRIMMINGS, and the Flutes being all firmly held by a double line of stitching, will not open out, and can be split in the centre and used either double or single. A full line of colors just received and for sale at wholesale and retail by MACRUM & GLYDE, 78 Market st., bet. 4th and Diamond. no12

AT BARKER & CO.'S, 59 Market Street, SILKS, From 50 cents to $3 50—LAST YEAR'S PRICES. CLOAKS, From $3 to $50—LAST YEAR'S PRICES. SHAWLS, For Ladies and Misses—LAST YEAR'S PRICES. Dress Goods, From 12½ cents to $2—LAST YEAR'S PRICES. no10

DRY GOODS AT J. M. Burchfield's. WOOL PLAIDS, PLAID FLANNELS, GREY TWILLED FLANNELS, COUNTRY BLANKETS, SATINETTS, KENTUCKY JEANS, BLACK CASSIMERES, CLOAKS, SACQUES, SHAWLS, long and square; BROCHA SHAWLS; MOURNING GOODS. A full assortment of NEW GOODS. no10

NEW SHAWLS JUST OPENED, AT W. & D. HUGUS'. LONG WOOL SHAWLS; SQUARE WOOL SHAWLS—new style; STRIPED BROCHA SHAWLS—long and square; Misses LONG WOOL SHAWLS; Misses SQUARE WOOL SHAWLS; Children's LONG AND SQ. WOOL SHAWLS. Newest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, For LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN. no4

1862. FIFTH ARRIVAL. 1862. MORE NEW GOODS, Just received for FALL AND WINTER, comprising in part— BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS; WHITE do do; RED do; YELLOW do; GREY do; BLUE do; BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS; ALSO, PRINTS, CHECKS, TICKINGS, CASINETS, KENTUCKY JEANS, TABLE LINENS AND COTTON DIAPERS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, VELVET RIBBONS, CORSETS, UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS, LADIES' MERINO VESTS, &c. N. B.—A beautiful stock of Shawls and Cloaks, VERY CHEAP. C. HANSON LOVE & CO., (Bee Hive,) 74 MARKET STREET. no7

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED AT EATON, MACRUM & CO'S, Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street. We invite special attention to a choice selection of NEW GOODS, just received. All the new and desirable styles of DRESS TRIMMINGS, FRENCH EMBROIDERIES, LACE AND TISSUE VEILS, REAL LACE COLLARS AND SETS, TRIMMINGS AND BONNET RIBBONS, HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS, LADIES' & MISSES BALMORAL SKIRTS, BOSTON RIBBED HOSE, GLOVES, GAUNTLETS AND MITTENS, ZEPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOLS, KNIT HOODS AND SONTAGS, HEAD DRESSES AND HAIR NETS, LADIES' WOOL UNDER GARMENTS, GENTS' SHIRTS AND COLLARS, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS, HANDK'FS, MERINO, SILK AND WOOL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS. CASH BUYERS supplied in quantity at lowest prices. EATON, MACRUM & CO., Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street. oc31

MILLINERY GOODS FROM New York Auctions. Wholesale buyers are invited to examine our new stock of BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS, BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, OSTRICH FEATHERS, HERON PLUMES, BONNET SILKS AND VELVETS, RUCHES, ENGLISH CRAPES, BOMBAZINE, and all other kinds of Millinery Goods. JOS. HORNE, 77 and 79 Market street. WHOLESALE ROOMS up stairs. no8

AT LESS THAN N. Y. PRICES. 50 dozen BALMORAL SKIRTS, elegant colors and fine quality, just received and for sale at wholesale and retail, at HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE, 77 and 79 Market street. no8

FOR COLD WEATHER—All kinds of WOOLEN GOODS, at HORNE'S, 77 and 79 Market street. WHOLESALE ROOMS up stairs.

GREY WOOL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.—A large supply just received and for sale to wholesale buyers, at New York prices, at HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE, Nos. 77 and 79 Market street. no8

DRY GOODS.

TO THE TRADE. JOSEPH HORNE, Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street, Is now receiving his third large stock of goods suitable to the season, to which he invites the special attention of city and country Merchants and Milliners. New supplies of DRESS TRIMMINGS AND EMBROIDERIES, WOOL HOODS NUBIAS, SONTAGS, SCARFS, MITTS, SLEEVES, &c.; UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS; KNITTING YARNS AND ZEPHYR WORSTED; BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RUCHES, BONNET RIBBONS, VELVET RIBBONS, FEATHERS, BONNET MATERIALS, &c., &c.; FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Prices as low as any Eastern Jobbing House. no1:tf

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE. Lessee and Manager ... Wm. Henderson. Treasurer ... E. Lane. Fourth night of the engagement of the celebrated American actor, Mr. E. EDDY. First appearance of Miss CLARA BERGER. THIS (Thursday) EVENING, NOV. 13th, 1862, First night of the great sensation Drama of the DEAD HEART. ROBERT LANDRY ... Mr. EDDY. ABBE LATOUR ... Mr. CHAPLIN. CATHARINE DUVAL ... Mrs. MYRON. FANCY DANCE ... Miss CLARA BERGER. To conclude with KISS IN THE DARK.

MILITARY NOTICES.

A CHANCE TO GET IN THE STANTON CAVALRY. BOUNTY $177.

War Department, Washington City, D. C., Oct. 3, 1862.

Major Joseph A. Stockton, Pittsburgh, Pa.: *Sir:* You are hereby authorized to raise a Regiment of Cavalry in the State of Pennsylvania, for three years or during the war, to be organized in accordance with General Order No. 126, from this Department. The Field and Staff Officers can be mustered upon completion of the organization of the Regiment. Enlisted men will be mustered as enrolled. Supplies of clothing, arms, horses and equipments will be furnished by the proper Department. By order of the Secretary of War. C. P. BUCKINGHAM, Brigadier General and A. A. G.

Headquarters Pennsylvania Militia, Harrisburg, Oct. 7, 1862.

The foregoing authority of the War Department is approved, and ordered that the Regiment of Cavalry thus authorized to be raised agreeably to the terms and organization indicated by the War Department. By order of the Governor. A. L. RUSSELL, Adjutant General Pennsylvania.

From the above it will be seen that the undersigned has been duly authorized to raise this Regiment. It will be attached, as far as possible, to the Stanton Cavalry, and Col. James M. Schoonmaker will assist in completing the Regiment. The First Stanton Regiment is now at Camp Howe, mustered, and will be mounted here. Five Companies of this Regiment are now in Camp, and is fast filling up. Companies, parts of companies, and squads, not already accepted, have now the last and undoubtedly the finest opportunity for entering the service. All the Bounties from the United States will be given to such men, and the Allegheny County Bounty to such men as may be enlisted from Allegheny county. This Battalion has been called for special service by the Secretary of War, and will be armed, equipped and horsed with the least possible delay. The Colonel can be found at Headquarters, BANK BLOCK, Fifth street, above General Howe's Office. oc10:dtf

AUCTION SALES.

TO THE LITERARY PUBLIC.—On TUESDAY EVENING, November 18th, at 7 o'clock, and continuing at the same hour every evening during the week, will be sold, by pamphlet catalogue, in the second floor sales rooms of Davis' Auction, 54 Fifth street, the entire Library of the late Dr Wm. Addison. This is such an opportunity to the literary public as seldom occurs in our city. The Library comprises choice, rare and valuable Books in the whole range of History, Travels, Biography, Fine Arts, Science, Natural History, Theology, Poetry, Belles Lettres and illustrated works. This critically select and extensive collection of nearly two thousand volumes has been chosen from the very best and most expensive editions of the authors, the greater part imported copies, and many of them book rarities. The catalogue, only, can give an adequate idea of the wealth of Literature in the collection. Catalogues are now ready for distribution at the Auction House, or will be sent by mail to any address received from abroad. Orders from those unable to attend the sale will be executed by the undersigned. J. G. DAVIS, Auct. no10

LINDEN MINING CO. STOCK.—On FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 21st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on account whom it may concern, in the second floor sales room of Davis' Auction, 54 Fifth street, 3673 shares Linden Mining Company Stock. J. G. DAVIS, Auct. no11

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LOOK HERE.—Our friend JAMES ROBB, No. 89 Market street, has recently returned from the East with a large stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, Comprising all the different varieties and styles now in vogue; and having selected it himself from the Eastern manufacturers, is now prepared to offer to the public goods which he can recommend for neatness and wear. We advise all those in want of neat and substantial coverings for the feet to call on Mr. ROBB, feeling confident they will be suited as regards quality and price. Remember the place, 89 MARKET STREET. oc6

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO., No. 71 WOOD STREET, corner of Fourth, Have received a large and complete stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, Purchased for cash, before the advance. Our stock comprises all articles in our line, of the best quality, and will be sold low *for cash*, wholesale or retail. au15

OIL REFINERS, DISTILLERS AND BREWERS.—In accordance with the National Tax Law, all persons engaged in any of the above occupations are required to keep such books as are specified in the law, and make tri-monthly and monthly returns, also in such manner as is specified by law. The undersigned are preparing the various books with printed heading, blanks for tri-monthly and monthly returns, invoices of exports, bonds, bills of lading, &c., and solicit early orders for the same, as but a limited supply will be made at first. WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Steam Job Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers and Stationers, 57 Wood street. se19:dawtf

GOOD CIDER, ALL THE YEAR ROUND. Sulphite of Lime will preserve Cider for any length of time. *Directions for its Use.*—Take one quarter of an ounce to every gallon of Cider, or ten ounces of the Sulphite to every barrel of forty gallons—first mixing it with some Cider or water. After a few days draw off the Cider carefully into another barrel. For sale in bottles containing a sufficient quantity for one barrel of Cider, by SIMON JOHNSTON, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets. oc1

TAKE CARE OF YOUR HEALTH, BUY MULFORD'S CREAM SALERATUS, Made from common salt. It is perfectly healthy and pure, and will make better, lighter and more healthy cooking than any other Saleratus in the world. It is perfectly free from all impurities, and imparts a cream-like flavor to the food. Please give it one trial. If your grocer has not got it tell him to get it for you. For sale wholesale and retail at ROBERT H. JACK'S, Nos. 1 and 2 Diamond. ap8:6m

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the estate of Dr. William L. Church, deceased, have been duly granted to Mrs. Emma E. Church and Dr. J. P. Dake. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them to DR. J. P. DAKE, No. 234 Penn street. no10:1md

SUNDRIES RECEIVED— 75 bushels good Red Potatoes; 100 bbls. choice Family Flour; 1600 lbs. Bacon Sides; 200 lbs. Country Soap; 8 bbls. extra large fancy Apples; 100 boxes prime Cream Cheese, to arrive; 5 bbls. fresh Roll Butter, 8 do do do; For sale by H. RIDDLE, No. 133 Liberty street. no10

CRUDE OIL FOR SALE—In lots of from 500 to 1500 barrels, that has been in tanks all summer, and stands at about 40° gravity. Inquire of NAYLOR & SMITH, Diamond Oil Works, or at the office of SMITH, PARK & CO. oc31:tfs

BOSTON BROWN BREAD.—Just received, a supply of genuine Boston Brown Bread, in loaves for family use, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets. no11

CARBON OIL.—200 bbls. Refined Oil for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.