Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 21.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	58
12 " M.	100	80
6 " P. M.		69
Barometer		29 7-20

Stonewall Jackson.

This famous rebel General, we have heard it many times asserted, was formerly stationed in this city, as Mustering Officer for the Regular Army, and a very clever gentleman he is said to have been. Others dispute this, and say that it was another Jackson. It is not of much consequence whether this dispute is ever settled or not; but there is another, in reference to his birth-place, which appears to be settled in the following note, addressed to the Wheeling *Intelligencer*, by an old citizen of Clarksburg, Va.:

I notice in your paper, of the 16th instant, that you express a doubt as to the place where Stonewall (Thomas J.) Jackson was born. I suppose it is of little consequence where he was born, but the fact is he was born in Clarksburg, Va. I knew him well in 1826, when he was a little boy some four or five years of age. He is the son of Jonathan Jackson, who died in this place about 1837. He had a brother, Thomas, now dead, and a sister, Laura, now Mrs. Mrs. Arnold, of Beverly, Randolph county. His mother married B. B. Woodson about 1830 or '31. I was at the wedding. Upon the formation of Fayette county, Capt. Woodson was appointed clerk of the Circuit Court of that county, and shortly after moving there to enter upon the duties of his office his wife died. By her he had one son, named Wirt, who now lives in one of the Western States.

Stonewall Jackson was taken in charge by some of his relatives in Lewis county when quite young, and afterwards, through the influence of Samuel L. Hays, then representative in Congress of this district, he obtained a situation in the military academy at West Point, where he received his education.

Rebels Abandoning the Kanawha Valley.

The latest intelligence from the Kanawha Valley, is to the effect there are no rebel troops in Charleston, except Jenkins' cavalry, who were still prowling about stealing horses, etc. The body of the army had left for parts unknown. They had taken several days' rations with them, together with their sick and wounded, and all their effects and had hurriedly retreated up the Valley, toward Gauley, leaving the impression that they were going into the Valley of Virginia, to reinforce Gen. Lee at Winchester. Prominent rebel citizens, who have taken an active part with them were also leaving in the same direction. Whether they were *retreating* from the Valley, after collecting all the available horses, and property, or whether, relying upon the uniform slowness of Federal operations—they were going to aid in some important operations of Lee's expecting to get back in time to meet any advance up the Kanawha; or whether they had become alarmed for their safety in the rear, are conjectures, of the truth of which nobody could learn.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says: "The most reasonable conjecture is, that certain indications in other quarters have had an influence in inducing their retrograde movement. It is not lawful to specify at present, but we trust the quiet of camp life in this department will are long give place to scenes of activity.

"Desertion was common in the rebel army. At least five hundred rebel troops were left behind as deserters."

Troops for Col. Stockton's Regiment.

The steamboat Gallatin brought down from Brownsville, Pa., to this city, last Saturday, nearly a hundred young men of Greene county, who have volunteered for three years service in the army as a portion of a troop of cavalry. They looked like fine material for soldiers—young, lively, active and strong. They have evidently been accustomed to hard work, and they all know how to handle a horse. On the way down, Major Stockton collected all these young men, (and all the passengers joined them,) in the large saloon of the steamer, and requested the Rev. Dr. Baird, of New York, who had been paying a visit to his friends in Fayette county, to address them. This request the Doctor cheerfully complied with, and for half an hour held their attention, whilst he stated many incidents relating to wars in Europe in modern times, and anecdotes of distinguished Generals whom he had seen. He concluded by imparting some excellent advice to these men, in regard to their duties as soldiers and as Christians.

Colonel Stockton is making fine progress in organising his regiment, and we would by all means recommend drafted men, who wish to enlist, to join this fine organization.

Drafting.

Our exchanges from various parts of the State come to us with long lists of names of persons who have been drafted. In the western counties, not the slightest disturbance was created, but all seemed to regard the draft as a necessary consequence, and made up their minds accordingly. Those drafted from the neighboring counties, Beaver, Mercer, Westmoreland, Greene, Fayette, Washington, Crawford, etc., will soon be concentrating at Camp Howe, near this city. Already there is a brisk demand here for substitutes, and high figures are offered. Several gentlemen are here from Washington, Pa., anxious to secure a few "subs," and it is said that as high as $1,000 have been offered. This is a nice sum for nine months' service, but we think men can be got at a much lower figure. The Government will accept drafted men as volunteers *for the war*, and this will induce many who intend to enlist, to avail themselves of the high prices offered for substitutes, after pocketing which they can volunteer for the war.

EXPLOSION OF A SHELL—KILLING OF ONE MAN AND WOUNDING OF ANOTHER.—Two young men, Daniel McPherren and Adam Wolf, living in the vicinity of New Franklin, Franklin county, were trying to open a percussion shell, last Sunday, when it exploded, killing McPherren and wounding Wolf in the thigh and left hand. He is doing well. McPherron's left hand was blown off, but the fatal wound was in the abdomen. He lived about eight hours after the accident. The shell was brought from the battle-field of Antietam. The deceased was aged 20 years, 5 months and 2 days.

THEATRE.—A fashionable audience attended the Theatre last night, to witness the tricks of the educated horse, Minnehaha, in the drama of Rockwood. Mr. Miles, who personates Dick Turpin, has Minnehaha completely under his control, and the manner in which the animal obeys the commands of his master, is surprising. Rockwood will be repeated to night and the performance will conclude with a "Kiss in the Dark."

EXPLOSION OF A LOCOMOTIVE—TWO MEN KILLED.—Messrs. William and Levi Curfman, residents of Steubenville, and engineers on the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad, were both killed on Friday evening, near Coshocton, by the explosion of a locomotive.

M. CUTHBERT, House Carpenter and Jobbing Shop, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. All kinds of House Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner. Charges moderate. Leave your orders. All orders promptly attended to

SUBURBAN LOTS.—We would direct attention to the advertisement of lots for sale in McClure Township. The situation is a delightful one, well worthy the attention of those desiring suburban homes sufficiently near the city to enjoy all its advantages.

THE abdication of Queen Victoria is again seriously talked of abroad. The *Patrie* says that the discussion of the measure with her German relatives is the cause of the Queen's visit to Germany. The act of abdication—of course, in favor of the Prince of Wales—will, it is said, take place next spring, immediately after the marriage of the Prince with the Princess Alexandria of Denmark.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246, Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CHATONY, General Agent, No. 18, Fifth street.

NO PERSON should purchase a *Sewing Machine*' without first calling at *No. 27 Fifth street*, and examining *Wheeler & Wilson's*, as it is now offered, with new improvements. The *Scientific American*, in alluding to the different machines now in use, says: "We use the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, and can say in regard to it that it is without a rival. *No other machine exceeds it in its adaptation to all purposes of domestic use.*" Every machine warranted three years. Send for a circular. WM. SUMNER & Co., Agents, oct5:2w 27 Fifth street.

WE would call attention to the superb stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, for gentlemen and boys' wear, to be found at Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond square. It has been selected under the supervision of the proprietors, and it covers every description of goods for gentlemens' dress or business suits. Gentlemen's furnishing goods, such as white shirts and flannel undershirts, drawers, gloves, cravats, &c., will also be found in the establishment, in a very select and large assortment.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, merchant tailor, would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has returned from the East with his new stock of fall and winter goods. His stock consists of the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, selected from the latest importations. Gentlemen desiring a neat fitting garment, and at prices lower than at any other tailoring establishment in the city, would do well to give him an early call. Samuel Graham, merchant tailor, No. 54 Market street, one door from Third.

IRVING W. COMBS, House Carpenter and Jobbing Shop Virgin alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. All kinds of House Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner. Charges moderate. Leave your orders. All orders promptly attended to.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS! PROTECT YOUR HEALTH!—No sensible man will leave the city without a supply of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For wounds, bruises, fevers and dysentery, these medicines are the best in the world. Every English and French soldier uses them. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 225

OMNIBUS CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m

DIED:

SHEPARD—On Sunday, October 19th, JENNIE, youngest daughter of John A. and Mary A. Shepard, aged 1 year, 7 months and 23 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on TUESDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, from the residence of her parents, adjoining Rev. Beck's Lutheran Church, Birmingham.

TAAFFE—On Monday morning, October 20th, at 2½ o'clock, LUKE TAAFFE, Esq., in the 61st year of his age.

The funeral services will take place at St. Paul's Cathedral, WEDNESDAY MORNING, October 22d, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are requested to attend without further notice.

McKEE—On Monday morning, October 20th, at 5 o'clock, CATHARINE BELL, daughter of Eliza and Robt. B. McKee, aged 1 year and 7 months.

WANTS.

WANTED—
CIDER APPLES.
A. BALLOU,
oc21:3tdaltwT 146 Water street, Pittsburgh.

MILITIA.—FIVE SUBSTITUTES WANTED.—From $300 to $400 paid. Men not liable to draft preferred. Apply early to-day, at corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.
oct21:1t M. K. NOLAN.

DRUMMERS WANTED.—Two good Drummers are required to complete one of the finest Drum Corps in General McClellan's Army. No boys need apply; must be eighteen years of age. One hundred and sixty dollars bounty will be paid them, and one month's pay in advance. Apply from 9 to 11 o'clock a. m. to A BIRGFIELD, Band-Master, 319 South Seventh street, corner of Walnut, Philadelphia. oct7:3t

WANTED—Two or more good Turners and Fitters. The highest wages paid for good hands. Inquire of HUGH M. BOLE, near the Point.
oct20

WANTED—A Bond and Mortgage for $6,000, having 3 years to run, on improved city property, which we will cash at the rate of 8% per cent. per year. Apply to
B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth st.
oc7

PIANOS.

CHEAP PIANOS.—FOUR SEVEN SECOND-HAND PIANOS FOR SALE.—An excellent Rosewood Chickering Piano, 6 octave. Price..... $125
A Rosewood Gale & Co. Piano, elegant case, 6 octave. Price..... 100
A Rosewood Stodert Piano, in but little worn, 6 octave. Price..... 150
A Rosewood Bamford Piano, very fine tone, 6½ octave. Price..... 130
A Rosewood, Gravesteen & Hale, new and richly carved, 7 octave. Price..... 170
A Rosewood, Hayes & Co. Piano, three years old, 7 octave. Price..... 180
A Rosewood, Gilbert, Upright Piano, 6½ octave. Price..... 125
A Mahogany T. Lond Piano, large size, 6 octave. Price..... 75
A Rosewood German Piano, large size, 6 octave. Price..... 70
A Rosewood Chickering Piano, very old but good, 6 octave. Price..... 50 00
A Mahogany, Lond & Bro., old, but in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 45 00
A Mahogany, Astor & Co., old London Piano, 6½ octave. Price..... 20 00
A Walnut Lease Piano, in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
A Mahogany, Gibson Piano, New York, very good, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00

NEW PIANOS.

A splendid stock of new Pianos, from the best New York and Boston makers, on hand, and constantly receiving new supplies. Prices invariably the same as the manufacturers, and every instrument warranted.

For sale by JOHN H. HELLER,
sel0 81 Wood street.

NEW AND CHEAP PIANOS.

Just received, a lot of
FIRST CLASS CHEAP PIANOS,
Personally selected at the factories by H. KLEBER, and warranted *the best and cheapest Piano, for the quality*, ever offered for sale here.
H. KLEBER & BRO., 83 Fifth street,
oc4 Sole Agents for Steinway's Pianos.

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, DRUMS, and all Musical Instruments, carefully repaired, by the best workman in the city, at 49 Fifth st.
CHARLOTTE BLUME.
oc15

MELODEONS TO RENT.—Eight good new MELODEONS for rent. If purchased at the end of six months, the rent will be deducted.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
oc15 43 Fifth street.

THE WESTCHESTER ACADEMY AND MILITARY INSTITUTE, AT WESTCHESTER, PENNSYLVANIA, will commence the winter term of five calendar months on the 1st of NOVEMBER NEXT. The course of instruction is *thorough* and *extensive*, designed and arranged to prepare boys and young men for business or college. The Principal, who devotes all his time to the interests of his school and its pupils, is assisted by *eight* gentlemen of ability and experience. The *German, French* and *Spanish* languages are taught by native resident teachers, an advantage which will be readily appreciated by the patrons of the Institution.

The *Military Department* is under the charge of Major G. Eckendorff, of Philadelphia, whose qualifications for the position are extensively known. Its duties and requirements do not, in any way, interfere with the Literary Departments, while enrollment among the cadet corps is left optional.

For catalogue, &c., apply to
WM. F. WIELS, A. M., Principal.
sel3:2moed

S. SCHOYER, JR., SAMUEL C. SCHOYER.
S. & S. C. SCHOYER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office, 139 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
Will also attend to the collection of BACK PAY, BOUNTY MONEY, PENSIONS, &c., through Messrs. MAGRAW & WILLS, Counsellors and Claim Agents, Washington, D. C. oc17

TWO ARRIVE ON MONDAY NEXT—
116 bbls. choice eating Apples,
100 bush. prime Albert Peaches,
and for sale by L. H VOIGT & CO.

INDIA RUBBER HAVELOCKS—Another supply just received at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

SOLDIERS' INDIA RUBBER BLANKETS, of the best quality, for sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING—A large supply, of all sizes, on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
oc17 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

INDIA RUBBER COATS, PANTS, LEGGINGS, GLOVES and BOOTS, for sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

LEATHER BELTING.—A superior article of Oak Tanned Leather Belting, for sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
oc15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

LACE LEATHER AND BELT HOOKS, for sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
oc15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20, 1862.

APPREHENSION OF A SLAVE REVOLT.

This morning's *Republican* contains the following:

A refugee, who recently came into Sigel's headquarters, gives information of a highly important character. He escaped from Amesville, Culpepper county, Virginia, and states that the greatest consternation imaginable exists among the white people of that whole section of country in consequence of an apprehended slave revolt. Seventeen negroes, most of them free, had been arrested on suspicion of being engaged in plotting the uprising of the entire colored population. Copies of late newspapers, which published President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation, were found in their possession. The fact that such a proclamation has been made is well known among the negroes, and it produces the most startling results. The terror of the whites is beyond description. Apprehensions of a re-enactment of the Nat. Turner horrors are felt to an alarming degree. The seventeen negroes were promptly taken out at Amesville, and hung. It is said that the negroes of the different counties around Culpepper are all engaged in the conspiracy for a general insurrection.

We have information from Fredericksburg, of a late date. The conscription law of the Jeff. Davis government is being rigidly enforced; every man, coming within range of its operations, is forced in its army. Some have demurred, and to these little mercy is shown, and they are thrust into jails at once. A party, confined in jail at Fredericksburg, broke out, and the most of them escaped. Some of these have found their way to this city, while others went to Prince William county. A rumor was stated, not long since, that the Federals were about to retake the city. In anticipation of such a movement, all the goods and stores in the city were packed into cars, ready to move South. The rebels say that, while the Union army occupied that city, shoes sufficient to keep up a supply for the whole Southern army, passed through for Richmond. All goods thus smuggled through the lines, were turned over to the rebel government.

THE BALTIMORE AMERICAN AND M'CLELLAN.

The Baltimore *American*, hitherto one of McClellan's most devoted advocates, this morning, cries out for an advance, and says if the army of the Potomac still delays, the impatience of the nation will no longer be controlled, and some one also will be made to assume a dread responsibility.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The Richmond papers of the 17th inst., claim a battle, in which Buell allowed the whole rebel army to overwhelm one division, as a great victory, the trophies of which are 5,000 prisoners, a large number of small arms, and much other booty.

SUBSTITUTES WANTED.

In Prince George's county some of the wealthy drafted offer one hundred and sixty acres of their best land and two thousand dollars for a substitute. Many of the young men have "skedaddled" since the draft. The Adjutant General of the State, as if to give an opportunity for more to go, has extended the time in which they must present themselves ten days.

A PHOTOGRAPH OF THE REBEL PRIVATEER.

The Navy Department has received from England a photograph of the rebel privateer, 290 copies of which are furnished to the war vessels that are likely to meet her.

SMUGGLING GOODS TO THE REBELS.

An immense contraband trade has been going on via Norfolk, although permits, furnished only upon certificates that the cargoes were army and sutler supplies, as an excuse. Much of this illicit trade is furnishing additional proof of the mistake of Congress in not abolishing the sutlership altogether. A large mercantile house, doing business at Norfolk, with branches at Yorktown and Suffolk, had vessels loaded with smuggled articles, which find their way through the canal to the rebels, and some loaded with shoes have been captured in North Carolina Sound.

THE NEGRO INSURRECTION DENIED.

The *Star* editor has intelligence direct from Culpepper up to Wednesday last, denying the *Republican's* insurrection story.

The *Star* mentions a rumor current at Aldie and Middleburg that the rebels have evacuated Winchester. The Government has no confirmation of this.

RECONNOITERING PARTY ATTACKED.

A small reconnoitering party sent out by Gen. Sigel, last night, to Bristow Station, was attacked by twice their number at Catlett's Station, and driven back.

A WAR DEMOCRAT NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Col. McLeod Murphy has been nominated to be an independent candidate for Congress, in New York, and in reply, says he is a war Democrat; that he has pledged, and pledges anew, his life, fortune, and sacred honor to support the Government in its efforts to crush this unholy rebellion.

A BATTLE TO BE FOUGHT SOON NEAR WINCHESTER.

The New York *Tribune*, of to-day, editorially says there will soon be a battle near Winchester, and urges the sending of every available man to re-inforce McClellan.

RECOGNITION OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

In the same article, the *Tribune* says the last European advices render it morally certain that France and England will recognize the Southern Confederacy by the first of January, provided there be no change in the situation before that time.

DIED IN HOSPITAL.

John Rodt, Corporal, Co. B, Second Wisconsin, died in one of the hospitals to-day.

GEN. MARTINDALE'S TRIAL.

General Fitz John Porter testified to-day in the Martindale Court of Inquiry to the effect that Gen. Martindale was found in the camp of the 18th Massachusetts some hours before his brigade. Gen. Martindale claims that the 18th Massachusetts is a part of his command, which Gen. Porter denies. Gen. Morrill is yet to be examined.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20, 1862.

A special dispatch to the *Press* says it is generally reported here that Gen. McClellan's army has returned to Harper's Ferry.

The late forward movement to Charlestown was merely a reconnoissance in force, and was not intended to bring on an engagement.

The indications now are that the rebels will attack us, and hence a battle is hourly expected.

The *Press*, of this morning, says nothing but a battle, and that right speedily, will save the army of the Potomac from the alternative of winter quarters.

It is said that Gen. McClellan was opposed to making any advance until spring, and that nothing but the advice of the President and the urgent demand of the American people, has induced him to arrange his plans for moving on the enemy. D.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 19.—The steamer John A. Mainer, with a flag of truce from Aiken's Landing, arrived last evening just before the Baltimore boat left.

Five hundred and sixty Union prisoners came down in charge of Major R. W. Shook, of the 135th Pennsylvania. They were delayed nearly one day by running aground above City Point.

This morning the Baltimore boat brought in from Fort McHenry, 56 rebel prisoners. The flag of truce boat Matamora, left to-day to convey them to Aiken's Landing. They are privates and mostly wounded.

The storm has entirely subsided, and the fleet which had taken shelter in this harbor, left at an early hour this morning.

The Petersburg *Express*, of the 15th inst., says two thousand Yankee prisoners are daily expected to arrive in Petersburg for the North.

Wild geese and wild ducks are very plenty on the James river, but there are no sportsmen to shoot them.

Wheat has declined considerably, being now held at $3,72 per bushel. We bear much trouble and vast suffering from the scarcity of coal.

Stephen Conkling, a member of the 53d N. York regiment, captured near Black Water, was brought here yesterday and lodged in jail.

The Richmond *Dispatch*, of the 16th, says: We infer that the Unionists will soon make a desperate effort to force their iron clads past Drury's Bluff. Forewarned, let us be forearmed.

A battle occurred in Perryville on the 14th inst., which Kentucky will mourn for many years. The Federal loss was heavy. Prisoners say it was a drawn battle. The rebel force fell back six miles.

Wm. T. Shoemaker, Geo. Welsh, Peter H. Mills and Charles S. Baker, members of Co. A, 1st Maryland cavalry, a Yankee organization, were received at the Confederate prison yesterday, to be tried for murder committed in the valley of Virginia.

Forty-three deserters were sent away from Richmond yesterday, under guard, to their respective regiments, near Winchester, Va.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of the 17th, says that the good people of Charleston, S. C., have had a celebration in their city, baptizing a marine ram built there.

As Congress has failed to make any enactments in regard to martial law, it follows that it has no longer any existence in this Confederacy, and any attempt to continue martial law in any form or disguise, is in derogation of the law-making power of the Government, and in defiance of the Constitution.

Our Southern Confederacy is sadly afflicted with dishonest postmasters, especially in North Carolina. The cause of this complaint is the non-receipt of subscriptions, said to be forwarded by mail, to newspapers.

The *Examiner*, of the 17th, claims the victory at Perryville, and says that the Federal loss, in killed, wounded, and captured, was over 20,000, and the Confederate loss at 5,000.

Important Decisions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The following decisions have been made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

Decision in regard to "Silver Ware." The phrase kept for use is employed in reference to silver plate, and is construed to, except silver plate or ware, (except for sale, and also that which is in possession of a family or its members as souvinirs or keepsakes. The plate properly taxable is that which has been purchased for the use of the family, or has been purchased for the family as part of their household furniture, and as such is kept for use, whether for ornament or actual service.

In the execution of the law, Assessors are directed to allow owners of silver ware to have the same weighed, and to make report thereof.

Decision in regard to the use of stamps upon certificates: Stamps will be required upon every certificate which has or may have a legal tender value in any court of law or equity.

Decision in reference to manufacturing: When a manufactory has new goods on hand at the place of manufacture, but has not taken out license, nor kept his mill in operation since Sept. 1st, such goods are subject to duty whenever sold or removed from the place of manufacture.

Decision in regard to stamps upon instruments requiring stamps: In stamping promissory notes or other instruments requiring, under the provisions of the Excise law, stamps of a smaller denomination than sufficient to amount to the sum of the stamp required, can be used, provided they are of the kind denominated for the particular instrument drawn.

The following decisions concern the liability of iron castings to taxation:

First—All castings which are not generally known as have a commercial value, must be taxed as manufactures when sold or removed from the manufactory.

Second—Castings of any given iron specimen of a machine, which do not, on not being to the trade as manufactures in themselves, and are designed for sutlers subject to taxation in an advanced state as stoves, and being manufactured in the contemplation of the law. The assessor's judgment of the best judgment will be required. As an example cast wheels belong to the first class. The following regulations have been issued in regard to the tax upon manufactures produced since Aug. 31st, and delivered under contracts of or sale made prior to the 1st of July last:

First—The manufacturer will pay the duty upon such goods without regard to the fact of such contract.

Second—The manufacturer will be authorized to collect of the purchaser the amount of the taxes so paid, whenever satisfactory proof shall be furnished to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that the contract was made prior to the 1st day of July last, and in good faith between the parties and toward the government, and that the taxes, properly assessed upon such goods or manufactures as have been actually paid by the seller.

Affairs in Missouri.

ST LOUIS, Oct. 20.—The coach which crossed the Missouri river and seized the steamer Emily at Portland, were under Porter, and were afterwards intercepted at the California House, near Maysville, by Lieut. Col. Sigel, and scattered. No particulars of the affair have been received.

More rebels are said to have gathered at Portland, and measures have been taken to attack or intercept them.

All the rebel bands remaining in Missouri seem to be endeavoring to make their way out of the State in the shortest time practicable.

Gen. Schofield, with his advance, has reached Elkhorn Tavern, in Arkansas, and established his headquarters there. Telegraphic communication is complete from Gen. Curtis' headquarters to Elkhorn Tavern. General Schofield sends intelligence that the enemy are making for Boston Mountains.

Generals Steel and Osterhaus, with their divisions, are at Pilot Knob, advancing against the enemy, under McBride, Stein and Parsons. An advance of two regiments of rebels was at West Plains three days ago.

Brigadier General Warren is at Salem, watching them.

Acting Rear Admiral Porter being yesterday requested to co-operate with Gen. Curtis in certain matters down the Mississippi, replied from Cairo, and in twenty minutes his movement was commenced.

Recent orders from Washington extend the command of Gen. Curtis over Arkansas, Missouri, Alton City, Kansas, Nebraska, and Colorado.

Gov. Evans, of Colorado, in an interview with Gen. Curtis, states that the alarm which was felt in Colorado in reference to the Indian depredations was passing away. The tribes in that Territory do not seem interested in the uprising of the Minnesota savages. To make things sure, Gen. Curtis has consented that two regiments raised in Colorado, one mounted, shall remain at home to preserve the peace.

Gen. Fremont arrived here yesterday. He comes as a witness in the McKinstry case, and may be detained several days.

Arrival of the Steamer Bavaria.

CAPE RACE, Oct. 20.—The steamer Bavaria, from Southampton on the 8th inst., passed off this point on Sunday afternoon, and was intercepted by the news yacht of the Associated Press.

In the Liverpool Cotton market prices had advanced ⅛@¼d; sa[illegible]. For two days the market was buoyant.

Breadstuffs were quiet.

Provisions dull.

Consols, 94½ for money.

The rebel steamer Jona, heavily laden, was sunk in the Clyde, by coming in collision with a steamer.

The London *Times* styles the Emancipation proclamation of the President an empty waste paper.

Letters from Mexico say that Juarez will contest, inch by inch, the French invasion.

Victor Emmanuel has granted his amnesty to Garibaldi and his followers.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 20.—In a recent rebel raid upon Lexington, we killed from five to ten rebels and wounded fifteen, among whom was Major Samuel Morgan, of Nashville, a cousin to John, who was shot through the neck and will die. We also captured and paroled one hundred and eighty.

John Morgan left Lawrenceburg yesterday morning, with about 1200 men, closely pursued by Dumont's forces, who had captured from 50 to 100.

At 3 o'clock this morning, 300 or 400 of Morgan's men, at Corn Creek, six and a half miles this side of Bardstown, captured and burned a fifteen wagon train of eighty one wagons, fifty-one of which were loaded. They carried off the teamsters, and those having charge of the train, except Lieut. Barr, of the 24th Ohio, in command, who escaped. The wagons belonged to Woods' Division, thirty being empty, and coming towards Louisville.

Morgan, this morning about daylight, captured another Federal train—the number of wagons is unknown—two miles from Bardstown. Thence Morgan went to Boston with the supposed intention to burn the railroad bridge there.

The rebels shot Thomas Marlaw, of Nelson county, Ky., after capturing him.

Gen. Dumont, yesterday afternoon, was near Lawrenceburg, in pursuit of Morgan, and was only 40 minutes in his rear.

Nothing from Buell's or Bragg's forces.

From Cairo.

CAIRO, Oct. 20.—There is nothing new from Commerce to-day.

The officers of the steamer Pike, which arrived to-night, report seeing small bands of guerrillas at two different points between Smithland and Caseyville. Two thousand rebels are reported back of the latter place, and are only prevented from taking the town by the presence of two gunboats.

The steamer Hazel Dell struck a snag yesterday, and sunk on Smithland Bar.

The steamer Eugene brought from Memphis a regiment, with a battery, to Island "21," where they landed to punish the rebels who fired into the steamers Dickey and Continental, on Friday. They have instructions from Gen. Sherman to destroy everything in the neighborhood.

Twenty secesh families have been banished from Memphis as a punishment for guerrilla outrages on the river.

The Steamer Europa.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 20.—The steamer Europa was boarded off Cape Race at four o'clock on Sunday afternoon, and advices from New York to Saturday, put aboard by the news yacht.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—Noon.—There is very little shipping demand for Flour; sales of 1,000 bbls at $5 for superfine, $5 75@7 for extra, and $7 25@7 50 for extra family. Receipts and stocks light. Small sales of Rye Flour at $4 25, and Corn Meal at $3 25.

Wheat dull, and prices are drooping; 5,000 bush sold at $1 44@1 46 for Penna red, and $1 50 for Southern do. Rye selling in lots at 78@79c. Corn comes forward slowly, and yellow sells at 75c; nothing lower; sales of 3,000 bush at 74c for Delaware, and 73c for Pennsylvania. Oats lacking in offers; very firm; sales of 12m at 35@36c. Provisions less active, and sales of mess pork at $13 75. Bacon shoulders sold at 8¼c. Lard in bbls at 10@10½c, and 11@c for kegs. Whisky held at 38@40c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—Noon.—Flour declined 5@10c; sales of 9,000 bbls at $6 25@6 30 for State, and $7 20@7 35 for Ohio. Wheat declined 1@2c; sales of 45,000 bush at $1 16@1 21 for Chicago Spring; $1 20@1 27 for Milwaukee Club, and $1 34@1 37 for red western. Corn dull and 2@3c lower; 40,000 bush sold at 66@67c. Provisions dull. Whisky dull at 35@35½c.

Stocks are dull. Chicago and Rock Island 81¼; Cumberland Coal 41; Illinois Central Railroad 86½; Michigan Southern 81½; New York Central 100¼; Reading 78½; American Gold 125½. Demand Notes 104½; Treasury 7-30's 105½.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—Evening.—Cotton declining; sales at 58c. Flour has declined 10@15c; sales of 1,900 bbls; State sold at $5 25@5 35; Ohio at $7 25@7 35, and Southern at $6 80@7 50. Wheat has declined 2c; sales of 200,000 bush at $1 16@1 21 for Chicago Spring; $1 20@1 25 for Milwaukee Club, and $1 33@1 37 for Red Western. Corn has declined 1@2c; sales of 40,000 bush at 69@70c. Beef quiet. Pork heavy at $13 for mess. Lard is heavy at 10½@11c.

Stocks dull and lower. American Gold 27¼.

The Latest Market Reports by Mail.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 18.—The Flour market is wholly unsettled, and rates are nominal. Superfine was offered at $5 50, at the close, without buyers. Nobody wanted to buy the article after the news from New York was made public.

There is a fair demand for Whisky, and the market is firm. Sales of two bbls at 34c.

In Provisions it was easier to buy Mess Pork, and 200 bbls at choice Country packed sold at $13 50. City could not have been bought at $13. Nothing transpired in Bulk Meats or Bacon.

Groceries are firm, but the demand is moderate. Sugar sold at 11@12½c; Coffee at 24@25c, and Molasses at 45c for N. O., 40@42c for Sugar-house, and 37@40c for syrup.

The Wool market is very much unsettled, and the prices are irregular and nominal. Sales will range outside at from fair at $1 10 for prime Med. and $1 20@1 25 for Indiana and Kentucky Whole, but on the spot there is no such prices from New York it would have been much lower. Some small lots fetched at over $1, and at the latter at $1 10@1 15. The local manufacturers adjourned to-day, and the advance Last week by preliminary greeting towards the eastern markets, and most prices were left open.

The Bakery market is much as at last advice, and demand is $1 20@1 25 for Spring, and $1 30@1 40 for Fall, the outside rates for extreme prime. The offerings are light.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—The receipts of Cotton continue very heavy for the season, but the quality is superior, and it is in good demand, with further sales of 300 bales, including Uplands at 58@60c per lb, delivered on wagons at the Navy yard. There is no falling off in the demand for Timothy, with sales of 600 bushel at $1 87½@2 for Pennsylvania. Flaxseed is in demand, for crushing, at a further advance of 5c per bushel. Superfine sold at $2 10@2 12. Canary seed is well up, $2 25@2 50, according to the quality. White English Mustard Seed is held at $4, but no offer out sale. Five bags of Garlandes Seed sold at 16c. Cloverseed is again held at $5 for prime Maryland. We quote Sound Seed at 8½@9c, and Lobelia seed 42½@45c.

The Result of Last Tuesday.

The result of last Tuesday's election may be summed up in the election of fifteen Union members to the next Congress, counting Mr. Bailey as a friend of the Administration. He was supported on that principle by all Republicans in the district, and opposed by a regular Breckinridge candidate, Mr. Grossbrenner. Among those that are elected as Democrats in Republican districts are Messrs. McAllister, from the Blair district, and Dennison, from the Susquehanna, who are also pledged to render a cordial support to the Administration.

The Union men will certainly have a majority in the Legislature on joint ballot, thus securing a United States Senator, and we expect the Union State ticket is also safe, unless our strong Republican counties in the north and west have too many men in the army, and that their majorities are thereby too much reduced.

The loyal citizens at home and abroad can now see for themselves what party does the fighting. All the Locofoco counties poll more than their usual majorities, while our vote is reduced in Republican counties by the absence of the voters in the army. No wonder that the party is opposed to the soldier's vote.—*Harrisburgh Telegraph.*

Presidential Difficulties.

Republicans and War Democrats will read Gen. Scott's letter, with profound consideration for their bleeding country, and, if it affects them as it does us, they will lay it down with unaffected and greatly heightened admiration for Abraham Lincoln. That, with such a man at the head of the army, in such an awful emergency, he has succeeded in overriding the influences that favored not only the disruption of his administration, but the partition or degradation of the country, is an evidence of consummate ability and patriotism that shines like burnished gold. We know not how General Scott's views may have changed; but when that letter was written, he was indisputably in favor of the utter subjection of the North, or, as the alternative of that, the peaceable secession of the South. Yet he was Lieutenant General, and had, as few men ever had, the entire confidence of all loyal men. How every day proves all that the earnest war men have so constantly asserted—that our generals were not in earnest. But the President is at last master of the situation and we shall see what may be done.—*Chicago Tribune.*

NEW N. O. SUGAR & MOLASSES—Just received from New Orleans, via New York, 300 hds. N. O. Molasses, new crop; 150 hhd. do. do. do.; 200 bbls. prime N. O. Sugar; In store and for sale by
JOHN I. HOUSE & CO.
sep30

GROUND COKE AND COAL for foundry use, received and for sale by
DENRY H. COLLINS.
sel9

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER—The very best in use. Number 1 and 2 received and for sale at wholesale and retail.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
oc17

STONE WATER PIPE—3000 yards [illegible] for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
oc

MERCHANT TAILORS.

THE LATEST STYLES OF Fall and Winter Goods, JUST RECEIVED.

We have now received our complete stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising, in all the most elegant assortment of goods to be found in the Eastern Market, consisting of

CLOTHS, [illegible]
Fancy Coatings and Cassimeres,
The remainder of the season.

We have goods here that have been carefully selected, and we feel satisfied that they will meet the approbation of all who favor us with their patronage. They will be made up to order in the best and most fashionable manner, at the lowest prices.

We have also received a choice lot of BLUE CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, which have been specially selected for Officers' uniforms.

SAMUEL GRAY & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS.
sep3 No. 13 FIFTH STREET.

HENRY G. HALE & CO.,
(Successors to James G. Watt,)
Merchant Tailors,
Are now receiving their
FALL AND WINTER STOCK,
Which for extent, choice, taste and prices will compare favorably with anything in the trade, comprising all the newest and best makes of French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, and OVERCOATINGS.
Also, the largest and best selected stock of Goods for business suits ever brought to this market.
Likewise a very choice selection of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS always on hand.
Any orders intrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention and punctuality in all cases.
COR. OF PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS.
se10

MISCELL