# Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 15.


## THE RESULT.

We have carefully footed up the majorities received up to three o'clock this morning. These include both cities complete, with twenty-one districts outside the city. The summary of these returns exhibit the following result:

Moorhead's majority over Hamilton.....1,519
Williams' majority over Zeigler.....1,349

Majority in the cities and 21 districts..2,868

The majority in the county will probably reach 6,000.

## The Future.

While we write the people are voting, and be the result what it may, we shall have the consolation that arises from having earnestly labored to save our country from the grasp of men who would lay it prostrate and dishonored at the feet of armed traitors.

The election being over, if victory has perched upon our banner, let us not settle down as if our work was done; for it is not done. Let us cheer on our gallant lads who are laboring, fighting, bleeding, dying in our defense. Let us make them as comfortable as we we can by gifts and letters, attesting the love and gratitude of both kindred and country. Let us stand by the President in his arduous and anxious labors, and let him feel that every step he takes forward puts him upon firmer ground and adds to his strength. Let us cheer on our *fighting* generals, whatever they may have been in the past. Let us labor to make the truly loyal States, which have borne the heat and burden of the day, the ruling States in the government, and crush out that half-hearted, conditional Unionism which has really done us more injury than the same volume of open treason would have done. Let us give all the moral support we can to the President's Proclamation of Emancipation, which is the heaviest blow that has yet fallen on the head of rebellion, "our enemies themselves being judges." We have hard, but hopeful, glorious work before us, and plenty of it. Let us try to cultivate a deeper, purer and more intense love of country, and to keep alive those lofty and ennobling sentiments without which a nation, however great, and powerful, and rich, and populous, has no real life, and, above every thing else, let us as a whole people, "do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly before our God."

Is the condition of the United States more hopeful, and in every way better, than it was when Mr. BUCHANAN was inaugurated? Unquestionably it is. We were retrograding then; we are now progressing. We were asleep then; we are awake now. We knew not our danger then; now we do. A dull, cold selfishness had got the mastery of all parties and all classes then; now a generous patriotism glows in millions of hearts, overpowering all other passions—enabling the hard-fisted gatherer of pelf to part with his money, and the fond mother to yield, with tears of mingled anguish and joy, her darling boy to go and die for his country. Yes, dear friends, our condition is better, far better, than it was then, great as our perils are, and vast as have been the sufferings and sacrifices of the past two years. We are in the throes and agonies of a second national birth, not of death.

It is not possible for such a nation as this to perish. It has too many elements of health and permanency, too much life and vigor, too much intelligence and piety, to warrant us in the indulgence of any such gloomy foreboding. We may suffer much and long; but amidst it all we are advancing rapidly towards a higher scale of political and moral being, a better appreciation of that great idea of which we have so loudly vaunted, but so poorly exemplified—Human Freedom.

## Train at Home.

TRAIN is at home in Boston; but he is one of those men who do not shine at home. In London—any where in fact far away—he was brilliant;—in Boston, they cannot see it. In this, however, there is nothing wonderful—for humbugs, as well as prophets, are often without honor in their own country. When he made his first speech in Boston, it seemed to the Boston *Commonwealth* that England's greatest crime and offence against this country is henceforth to be charged "in that she maliciously and with malice aforethought let loose this fellow TRAIN." At the close of two caustic columns it says:

"P. S.—Since writing the above, we learn that a learned chemist has pronounced the address to consist, by close analysis, of: Kid gloves, ½; handkerchief, ½; train oil, ½; Jorkorge Behe Macie Helian, ½; the whole dissolved in gas.

"LATER.—We learn that Barnum has secured G. F. T. for the Aquarial Gardens, where the evolutions of this creature will be exhibited in future. Barnum wished to call it the What is it, but high zoological authority has already labeled it: *Genus, Bos; Species,* HUM.

"—We dismiss this harlequin, to whom we have perhaps devoted too much space. But not so England. The depth of hate to which the heart of that nation must have gone before it could let loose this fellow on our shores amid our present distresses, is absolutely unimaginable. The Mason and Slidell affair we can forgive; the *Times* we can forgive; but to permit Train to come here was simply diabolical and unpardonable. Perfidious Albion! You had Train; you might have held him; we should have waived all questions of international law, if you had not only nabbed him, but sent him to Australia. You had many colonies spare to you; but, deliberately, you let him come here to this afflicted people. Is this what we reap from the grain sent to Ireland in her famine? Is this what those who who petted your Prince had a right to expect? Oh, Albion, how could you?"

## They Know their Friends.

The Memphis *Appeal*, a very rabid secession sheet, now issued in a little town in Mississippi, has received the President's Proclamation of Emancipation. The editor reviews it, and comes to the conclusion that it is *unconstitutional*. His views are in perfect agreement with those of his sympathizing democratic brethren in the North, and like them he consoles himself with the thought that it can have no effect except where the Union armies have possession; *and that there they run away any how.* But his greatest comfort is found in the hope that the Democracy of the loyal States will resist the policy of emancipation. Of course he means the democracy of the Hughes and Vallandigham stripe. He says:

It will not be unproductive of important results in the North. We have, of course, received but few expressions of opinion from that section since the publication of this edict. It was unexpected, and has taken the Northern press by surprise. *But we have seen enough to lead us to believe that the Democracy will rally against its principles.* They will, it is true, be overpowered, but a divided people will be the consequence, with a minority so large as to leave the majority in the North only a faction of the whole of the old Union. Its effect upon the army has yet to be tested.

Those who voted the ticket of that sympathizing faction yesterday, under the delusion that they were voting as loyal men ought to vote, can ponder at their leisure the consequences of that vote in the light of the foregoing paragraph. They have given as much "aid and comfort" to the enemies of their country as they could.

WE ask attention to the sadly eloquent tribute of a father—Mr. Prentice of the Louisville *Journal*—to the memory of a son who fell fighting against his country's flag. No man can read it without having his hatred of that abominable institution which has occasioned such pride and depravity, such lamentation and woe, greatly intensified.

## The New Heaven and the New Earth.

The destiny of Liberty on this continent is now decided. The struggle now begun can never, never end until every great principle which is involved in it is triumphant. Let any one read the law abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia, and in all the territories; let him read the confiscation acts of last Congress; above all this great Proclamation—and he must be blind indeed who does not recognize in these the mighty constellations of a new heaven, the signs and tokens of a new earth. Can you, friend of justice, imagine that the cannon now battering the bulwarks of slavery are fired by the same authority which a few years ago were committing highway robbery, to extend the area of slavery? Can you see a single one of the baleful dog-stars which were in the ascendant four years ago?

Though through the storm-swept sky, we catch only gleams, every gleam reports up there a heavenly host of new aims and ideas and up to their fashion this New World is sure to be brought. Those who are trying to hold back this land from its response to the new heaven are madmen grasping the spokes of God's own chariot-wheel to retard it; and beneath it they shall be ground to powder!

In this war the victory is already won. It was won in the moment that Freedom was enscribed in even faint characters upon our banner. Under the fires of war those characters can only be brought out the plainer; they cannot be obliterated. May God bless the President who was the first to stretch forth the hand of the nation with its issue of blood, to touch the pulsing Messiah: though it was but a touch and upon the merest hem of his vesture, we shall by it be made every whit whole.—*Boston Commonwealth.*

## The War.

Whatever may be the genius or energy of our Generals in the field, it is manifest that the Rebel leaders don't see it. The parade of Bragg's army from South-eastern Tennessee to the Ohio river, stopping by the way to capture five thousand Union soldiers at Munfordsville, was made as gayly and carelessly as if he were on a pleasure excursion, though Gen. Buell with an army of at least equal strength was close on his flank all the time, and had to stop three days by the way to permit him to take Munfordsville without interruption. We do not know that Buell is either a fool or a traitor, but it is clear that Bragg acts on the presumption that he is one or the other. At length, having plundered the rich Blue-Grass region to his heart's content, Bragg starts on his backward march, and, in order to make things easy, falls with nearly his whole force on a portion of Buell's near Perryville, and handles it pretty roughly. Of course, he retreats when our reinforcements come up, and our folks raise a shout of victory. Where are its trophies? What arms, baggage, prisoners, have we taken? They tell us that Bragg's army is surrounded and cannot escape. We shall see. The fact that the indecisive though sanguinary affair at Perrysville occurred last Wednesday, and that no more serious fighting had occurred, no prisoners been taken, up to Saturday night, does not justify very sanguine expectations. If Bragg gets away with the bulk of his force from a Union army of nearly or quite twice his numbers, and if Nashville shall be captured by the Rebels, involving a Union loss scarcely less than that at Harper's Ferry, we shall have our own opinions as to the strategy of our General. And so with regard to Stuart's impudent raid into Pennsylvania.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

## From Texas.

Five Texas Union refugees, recently examined in the Provost Marshal's at St. Joseph, Mo., make some interesting statements regarding affairs in Texas. They represent a very strong Union feeling as existing all through Texas, and think a Union army of 10,000 men could march through the entire length and breadth of the State, and have their numbers doubled. Gen. Sam Houston still lives, and remains true to the old flag. All of the Houston influence is strongly in favor of the old Government, and what they have done to oppose it has been extorted at the point of the bayonet. The refugees report that it is a very difficult matter to leave Texas.—There are thousands there who would leave at a moment's warning, were they permitted to do so. All the refugees were single men, with but one exception, and he left his family behind. They declare their intention to join the National force that is fitted out for an expedition to the State. There has been an unprecedented drought in Texas the past season, and as a consequence the crops are almost a failure.—There will, doubtless, be much suffering, unless relief is speedily offered.

## Illinois Cotton.

We have seen a sample of cotton grown in Illinois, about fifteen miles north of the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad, from seed procured in Tennessee, and planted last May. It is of fine quality, equal to the best Tennessee, and we are told that the yield of a patch of five acres will amount to fifteen hundred pounds. At the present price this will be a very profitable crop, much more so than wheat or corn. There are in Illinois more than two million acres of superior lands, situated south of the place where this sample was grown, and from the experiments in its culture made this year, in almost every instance satisfactory, we are led to believe that cotton is to become a staple article of the produce of Illinois. One planter alone is preparing his ground with the view to planting twelve hundred acres, and many others will engage in the business more or less extensively.—*Exchange.*

## Who Pioneered the Rebels into Pennsylvania?

The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, of yesterday morning, says:

In conversation with a gentleman, yesterday morning, who had just arrived from Adams county, and who is a respectable physician in Gettysburg, he informed us and a large crowd at the railroad depot, that the rebels were conducted into Franklin county, by *three Breckinridge Democrats*, by the name of, respectively, Wilson, Logan and Simes. He asserted that these traitors knew every by-road, cow-path, and private lane in Franklin county, and that it was to them that the rebels were indebted for their success in reaching Chambersburg. Comment on this horrible development is useless.

## NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, 1862.

*Messrs. Editors:* You may say what you please—and I trust you will do so—in reference to the exploits of the secession cavalry—in making a complete detour of the Army of the Potomac, but I shall not here repeat all one hears everywhere here, in reference to our "vigilant, active, brave and gallant McClellan." It would not look well in print. But many deductions, it was just such an operation that preceded the attack upon our army at Mechanicsville on the peninsula; just such a "ride" in the rear of Pope that preluded his disgraceful rout and retreat. Now that the enemy have made an outline of their path and find our forces very weak, and incapable of coping with their great "strength" let us trust they will not push the whole weight of their army into M'Clellan's rear. When one takes a map and traces out the course of this roving band; sees how they rode within thirty-five miles of this city, viewed the whole rear of our army, and at their leisure returned again into Virginia unmolested, he may well exclaim "what can they not do in presence of the inertia which everywhere reigns at the headquarters of McClellan." For it is criminal longer to deny the fact that he waits when successful men move, and hesitates where genius seizes the golden hour and sweeps on to triumph. Here the government lavishes upon him every warlike implement, every appliance of art, and how many men we do not even dare to state, and the result is ever the same. Halting inefficiency and lame impotence. He has balloons that go as high as one could desire; he has a signal corps, which the reporters say is very efficient, stationed on all peaks, hills and summits, talking back and forward with their flags, and giving information to all points of our army on all subjects, and yet the enemy was in Chambersburg before our commander knew it—at least we judge so—and having ridden *entirely round* his army, went back before he could intercept or molest him. What can a body say but the truth? Where was the day after the last battle, that it was not improved? Why there four weeks of waiting among the cold mountains of Maryland, with men weary of exposure and camp life? Why did he not amuse the enemy, at least, so that they could not take their own way and time to ride about him, cut him up, dash upon his outposts and laugh us to scorn?

But remember, Messrs. Editors, it is the duty of your correspondent to report sayings and doings in Washington, as far as they fall under his notice, and the above are put forward as a fair sample of some remarks (not all) any one might have heard, and what your correspondent did hear this morning in places where men "meet do congregate" in this city. The remarks fell not from "men of the programme" like Major Key, but from those who watch with eager interest and a desire for our success. Let us drop the subject. What good to talk of it or about it? Sad spectacle indeed do we present. Suppose this cavalry had ridden into Baltimore instead of Chambersburg!

OBITUARY.

And still the silent reaper, Death, gathers his trophies from the bloody fields of War. William McClurg, of Pittsburgh, died in the Capitol, on yesterday morning, from the effects of a wound received in the knee at the battle of South Mountain, on the 14th of September. Much exposed to discomforts and the inclemency of the weather, he did not arrive in this city until the 21st, one week after the battle. He was then very cheerful and hopeful, and did not complain of his pain or doubt as to a favorable result. But day by day his wound became more and more painful, gradually sapping his strength, until fever and lassitude supervened, and to those who have seen so many sink away, the fore-tokens of the Angel of Death were seen. His parents watched by his last couch. He died in the peace of God. He was ready for the last summons, as he had been at the call of the trumpet that foretold the strife in which he fell. Thus the dead of that grand regiment and company return to their peaceful repose in Allegheny Cemetery. Darlington and McClurg in the same day gone to the patriot's reward and repose. Pittsburgh may well hang garlands on the tombs of her youthful sons, where a nation might worthily drop a tear to their memory.

PRISONERS.

Last night Gen. Sigel sent to this city a company of eleven melancholy and lousy subjects of Jeff. Davis, caught prowling around near Fairfax Court House. They were, most of them conveyed to the Old Capitol. Two or three of them who were or professed to be conscripts and unwilling to serve in Jeff's army, took the oath and were left to their own ways. They say that the rebel army under Lee are in high glee; that the soldiers are well provided with food; that they find no difficulty in going into Maryland when they please, and taking whatever is necessary for their immediate wants in the way of forage and plunder. They announce an undoubted confidence in the success of the reaction in favor of their sworn friends in the free States, who are represented by Hughes, and who call themselves the "Democracy" in Pennsylvania.

DR. KING.

Everybody in Pittsburgh will instantly recognize the exceeding fitness of such an appointment as that of Dr. King to be Surgeon General of Pennsylvania, whether one considers his eminent professional ability, his scientific attainments, his high moral character, or his social position. What more can be asked or needed? It is an appointment eminently fit and appropriate.

BOOKS.

Kennedy has just got ready for distribution the Compend of the Census for 1860. There is much good reading in the book aside from its formidable rows of figures. The introductory articles appear to me to be well written, and the book altogether well gotten up.

I also have seen the report of the Smithsonian Institution for 1861, which is just now out. The 13th volume of "Smithsonian Contributions" is announced to appear early in the coming winter. Its table of contents fortells a work of interest. VISITOR.

## Fruit as a Medicine.

Ripe fruit is the medicine of nature.—Nothing could be more wholesome for man or child; and although green fruit is, of course, almost as fatal as so much poison, the ripe fruit is fully as thorough a health restorative and health preserver. Strawberries are favorites with all classes, and constitute a popular luxury. But who can compute the amount of general health promoted by this relish for strawberries? Who can imagine how many pills that relish throws out of the market; or, in other words, to what extent those pills prepared by Mother Nature, and sugar coated, as it were to render them more palatable, crowd out of use those prepared by the chemist and the apothecary? Who can tell the number of disordered livers, deranged stomachs, and afflictive digestive apparatus generally, the grateful acid of that delicious fruit gradually restored to a sound condition, mocking at all the skill of the ablest physician; vindicating the simple law of Hygiea by their radical action, and teaching us how often a panacea for some of the most painful of human maladies lie directly at our feet, and is contemned because it is so unassuming.

After strawberries, we do homage especially to peaches and apples. They are the kind of drugs that cost comparative little, when the patient is not too far gone for the use of such pleasant medicaments. We knew a person once who believing himself in a decline and having been completely worn out in patience by the experiments of his doctors, determined to eat from four to six ripe apples every day and note the result. In three months he was well? We know of another person who, without being afflicted with any particular disorder, was never in good health, and for twenty-five years could scarcely be said to enjoy a single week's exemption from suffering. He then commenced the habit of drinking a glass of plain cider every morning, and for the next twenty-five years never had a single day's illness. Such remedies are simple enough?

THE CAP OF LIBERTY.—The explanation of the cap of liberty is this: "After the death of Cæsar, the conspirators, who had secured his death, marched out with a cap, as an ensign of liberty, carried before them on a spear—the cap without a head indicating that the tyrant had lost his power. From that fact, and for this reason, it has ever since been an emblem of liberty."

## "Our Own" at Home.

Dr. Mackay, the traducer of this country, is getting handsomely rapped over the knuckles for his gross perversion of facts and sympathy with the rebels. The Belfast Northern *Whig* shows up his misquotation of the language of President Lincoln to Mr. Greeley—a blunder which the Doctor gravely says originated with the Canuckian! The character and trustworthiness of the two are not far apart. The London liberal papers are after him, contrasting his former anti-slavery professions with the spirit of his letters to the *Times*. We quote a single stanza

Onward, while a wrong remains
To be conquered by the right;
While an error clouds the reason,
Or a sorrow gnaws the heart,
*Or a slave awaits his freedom,*
*Action is the wise man's part.*

Low as Mr. Russell had sunk in public estimation by his American correspondence, he never evinced one half of the partiality or even the malignancy of his successor. Before many months elapse he will, we predict, also find his occupation gone, and ask for a furlough to recover his health in the atmosphere of London. The old phrase, "poetic license," is likely to receive a new and not very enviable significance through the Mackay correspondence of the *Times*.


## PUBLIC NOTICES.

LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, at 11 o'clock
FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

PLANK ROAD ELECTION.—The Stockholders of the Allegheny & Perrysville Plank Road Co. will hold their annual election at the house of G. O. Lightcap, in Ross township, on MONDAY, the 3d day of november next, to elect Officers for the ensuing year.
By order of the President.
NELSON CAMPBELL, Secretary.
Allegheny, Oct. 14, 1862:3t

AN ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on the 3d MONDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock. Also a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same place, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock a. m.
W. H. DENNY, Cashier.
oct4:td

OFFICE OF PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, October 11, 1862.
THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that the annual meeting for election of Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 85 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on MONDAY, the 3d day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m.
I. GRIER SPROUL, Secretary.
oct13:td

NOTICE TO RECRUITING OFFICERS.—The Executive Committee of Allegheny county hereby notify all persons engaged in recruiting volunteers for the military service of the United States, in Allegheny county, that no payment of County Bounty will be made by the Committee to Volunteers recruited after the 15th of October, instant. By order of the Committee.
THOMAS M. HOWE, President Committee.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 10, 1862.—oct

PLANK ROAD ELECTION.—The Saw Mill Valley Plank Road Company will hold their Annual Election on the FIRST MONDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, being the 3d day of that month, at the office of W. & H. Walker, in the Third Ward, City of Allegheny, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at which there will be elected one President, five Directors and one Treasurer, to serve during the ensuing year.
By order. ALEX. M. WATSON, Sec'y.
Allegheny City, Oct. 8, 1862:td

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lake Superior Copper Mill and SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH.
PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER; also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.
WAREHOUSE, No. 149 First and 150 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my22:dawly

The Confessions and Experience OF AN INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mh11:ydawly

BURKE & BARNES,
FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER SAFE,
BANK VAULT IRON VAULT DOOR, AND STEEL-LINED BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE MANUFACTURERS.
Nos. 129 and 131 *Third street*, between Wood and *Smithfield street*—*North side.*
BANK LOCKS always on hand. mh25

CORNWELL & KERR,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
At the old established Coach Factory,
DUQUESNE WAY, (NEAR ST. CLAIR STREET.)
Repairing done as usual. ja7:tf

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ISAAC JONES.....JOHN L. BOYD.....W. M'CULLOUGH.
JONES, BOYD & CO.,
Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; also, SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES, corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Penn's. oct9

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 Second street and 85 Third street, between Wood and Market.
Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9
WM. C. ROBINSON.....F. H. MILLER
WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.
ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.
OFFICE, No. 21 MARKET STREET.
Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK.
JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28:dly

P. C. KIRKPATRICK.....P. M. KIRK.
J. C. KIRKPATRICK & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c.
Wholesale Agents for KIER'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 39 WOOD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. jel8:1yd

S. B. & C. P. MARKLE, Paper MANUFACTURERS and dealers in BOOK, PRINT, CAP, LETTER AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER.
Have removed from No. 27 Wood street to No. 33 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CASH OR TRADE FOR RAGS. my4

N. HOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ap23

HENRY H. COLLINS, For WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1

VOLUNTEER ENLISTMENT BLANKS,
With Certificates of Surgeon and Recruiting Officer, For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
Stationer and Printer,
sep7 CORNER WOOD AND THIRD STS.

JERSEY SWEET POTATOES.—A prime lot of Jersey Sweet Potatoes just received and for sale by the barrel or retail, by
JOHN A. SENSHAW,
oct8 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CHIMNEY TOPS—150 Gothic and Common, for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
oct8

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MELODEONS TO RENT.—Eight good new MELODEONS for rent. If purchased at the end of six months, the rent will be deducted. CHARLOTTE BLUME,
oct8. 43 Fifth street.

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, DRUMS, and all Musical Instruments, carefully repaired, by the best workman in the city, at 43 Fifth st
oct8 CHARLOTTE BLUME.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE, situated on Water street, between Market and Ferry, having a front of seventy-five feet on Water street—the same through to First street. Terms easy. Enquire at 88 FIRST STREET.
oct14:2wood

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of William Dyer, late of Allegheny City, deceased, will offer at Public Sale at the MARKET HOUSE, in the borough of Johnstown, in the county of Cambria, at 3 o'clock p. m., on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of October, all that valuable property known as SOMERSET FURNACE, containing seventy-five acres, more or less, situated about twelve miles from Johnstown and sixteen from Somerset, in Jenner township, Somerset county, laying on the public road leading from Johnstown to Somerset, and adjoining lands of Samuel Benson, Christian Thomas, ——— Hershberger, Henry Liebentry, John Letter, and others. On which are erected one Furnace Stack, Coal House, Bridge House, Casting House, Wheel House, and also one Stone House, eight one Dwelling Houses, two large Stables, (accommodate 42 head of horses,) one Blacksmith Shop and one Carpenter Shop. The lands belonging to said Furnace are cleared, on which is an Orchard of Fruit Trees, &c.
Also, All the Iron Ore, and Stone or Mineral Coal, on, in and upon that tract of land in said township, containing 308 acres, with all the rights and privileges conveyed by deed of Alexander Johnson, dated 26th February, 1853, and recorded in vol. 2?, page 451, in Recorder's Office for Somerset county.
Also, All the right, title and interest of said William Dyer, of, in and to the ore rights and privileges appurtenant to said Furnace, which were purchased by Huber & Myers for the supply of ore to said Furnace, and are claimed to have passed as an appurtenant therete by virtue of a Sheriff's sale of said premises as the property of Huber & Myers.
Also, That certain tract of land, containing 49 acres, 45 perches, in Jenner township, county aforesaid, being about three miles from said Furnace, mostly covered with timber; bounded by lands of George Blak, Abraham Keyser, and others.
Terms make known on day of sale.
For further information apply to S. DYER, No. 61 Federal street, Allegheny City, or to the undersigned, at Pittsburgh Foundry, Birmingham.
oct4:td JOHN GANARD, Administrator.

NEW! NEW!! NEW!!! NEW!!!!
A new article.
The Union Portfolio Writing Desk!
A useful and convenient article for
SOLDIERS OR FAMILIES,
Containing an assortment of PAPER, ENVELOPES, PENS, PENHOLDER, INK, &c.
ONLY 10 CENTS.
AGENTS WANTED to sell these desks.
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MASONIC HALL, Fifth street.
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Manufacturer of every description of
FURNITURE.
NO. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET,
*PITTSBURGH.*
A full assortment of *PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED FURNITURE* constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH.
jul6:ywmis

PENSIONS, BOUNTY & BACK PAY
H. C. MACKRELL,
*Attorney at Law and Claim Agent,*
*No. 114 FIFTH STREET,*
PITTSBURGH, Pa.,
Prosecutes Soldiers' Claims of every description. PENSIONS for disabled officers, soldiers, seamen and marines. BOUNTIES and PENSIONS for the widows, parents, orphan children, brothers and sisters, or other legal representatives of those who have died or been killed in the service; or have died after discharge, from disease contracted in service.
No charge until claim collected, and no letter will be answered unless a stamp is enclosed. ad16:3m

LOOK HERE.—Our friend JAMES ROBB, No. 89 Market street, has recently returned from the East with a large stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Comprising all the different varieties and styles now in vogue; and having selected it himself from the Eastern manufacturers, is now prepared to offer to the public goods which he can recommend for neatness and wear.
We advise all those in want of neat and substantial boots or shoes, to call on Mr. ROBB, feeling confident they will be suited as regards quality and price.
Remember the place, 89 MARKET STREET.
oct

144 RUBIA MILLS, 144
144 GREENE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
GOVERNMENT COFFEE,
Put up in tin foil pound papers, 4 in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:
*JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE.*
We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 183 Chambers street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLARD & DOANE, 189 and 191 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention.
TABER & PLACE.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,
General
Shipping and Commission Merchant,
Office up stairs,
No. 117 *WALL STREET, N. Y.*
And dealer in DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DYE STUFFS, &c., by the original package only.
TERMS—Cash on delivery.
Consignments of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise solicited.
Mr. E. has business connections in all parts of the United States, Europe, Cuba, South America, California, Sandwich Islands, Australia and China.

1862. McCORD & CO. 1862.
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS.
BONNETS AND SHAKER HOODS.
Wholesale and retail,
121 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
We are now receiving a LARGE ADDITION to our already LARGE STOCK of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS and PALM LEAF HATS.
Merchants visiting our city can buy from us at lower prices than in Philadelphia or New York.
McCORD & CO.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR HEALTH,
BUY MULFORD'S CREAM SALERATUS.
Made from common salt. It is perfectly healthy and pure, and will make better, lighter and more healthy cooking than any other Saleratus in the world. It is perfectly free from all impurities, and imparts a cream-like flavor to the food. Please give it one trial. If your grocer has not got it tell him to get it for you. For sale wholesale and retail at
ROBERT H. JACK'S,
ap6:6mMawtf Nos. 1 and 2 Diamond.

JOHN SHEATS,
Builder of
BARGES, COAL AND OIL FLATS,
At the Saw Mills of Isaac Craig, CRAIG STREET, First Ward, Allegheny City, Pa.
Specifications of work sent by mail to Allegheny City P. O., or left at the Hardware Store of H. Wolff, Jr., corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, will receive prompt attention. au2:tf

FRUIT TREES.—We offer every large stock this fall of extra, large sized, 1 out FRUIT TREES, of the most valuable varieties, selected with great care. Fruit growers and tree dealers, buying by the quantity, will be dealt with liberally. We respectfully invite an examination of our trees and prices by the public.
JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.
oct6:2wawtf

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., Oct. 11th, 1862.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, 20th inst., for Weatherboarding and Roofing the Bridge across Guardian Creek, at its mouth. Specifications can be seen on application.
By direction of County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.
oct11:2dtiw

RICE.—A large and fresh supply just received and for sale wholesale or retail, by
JOHN A. SENSHAW,
oct8 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

LAND PLASTER—75 bbls. received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,
Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS, ZEPHYR AND SHETLAND WOOL; 5,000 lbs. KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive.
Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, HILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again.
N. B.—A choice assortment of
Staple Dry Goods,
At wholesale only. se27:tf

TELEGRAPHING.—A class now forming in Telegraphing, at the PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE. Apply soon. oct11:1w

ORGAN MUSIC.—Ladies desiring instruction in Organ Music will apply at the PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE. oct11:1w

REFINED OIL FOR EXPORT.—The undersigned are now prepared to sell the best quality of Refined Carbon Oil, delivered on board of cars at Pittsburgh, on dock in Philadelphia, or at warehouse at Red Hook Point, New York. Will also deliver lots from 100 to 1,000 barrels free aboard ship, or sell Bills Lading of different sized lots on Liverpool, Glasgow, Frankfort-on-the-Main, and other European ports. REESE & GRAFF,
se27 Petrolite Oil Works, Pittsburgh, Pa

MILITARY CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, BACK PAY, and MILITARY CLAIMS of every description, collected by the subscriber, at the following rates, viz: Pensions, $10 00; all other claims, $3 00. C. U. TAYLOR,
Attorney at Law,
No. 73 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B. No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all information given gratis. se8:ly

BAGS! BAGS! BAGS!
20,000 Seamless Bags;
6,000 Gunny Bags;
1,000 Bombay Sacks;
2,500 large, heavy, Linen Sacks;
5,000 Army, Oats and Corn do;
500 salt Sacks;
For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.
se12:3mis

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS, INDIGO BLUE, ESSENCE OF COFFEE, STOVE POLISH, FLAVORING EXTRACTS, NUTMEGS, CINNAMON, MACE, CLOVES, ALLSPICE, WHOLE PEPPER, MUSTARD SEED, CASTOR OIL, SWEET OIL and essence of all kinds in dozens, all standard patent medicines, &c., &c., in store and for sale low by
WOODSIDE & WALLACE,
305 Liberty street.
P. S. Country merchants, before purchasing elsewhere, would do well to call and examine our stock.
WOODSIDE & WALLACE.

ISAAC CRAIG,
OUTLET SAW MILLS,
*ALLEGHENY CITY,*
Keeps constantly on hand a large and thoroughly seasoned stock of DECKING, BOAT AND BOTTOM PLANK, WINDOW FRAME STUFF, LINTLES, SUB-SILLS, JOISTS, SPOUTING, LATHS, PALINGS, &c., &c., &c.
He will fill orders for SAWED STUFF with promptness and at fair rates.
N. B. Persons wanting LONG TIMBER or POPLAR, are particularly invited to examine his stock.
Office on CRAIG STREET, near Robinson.
au20:tf

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 516, October Term, 1862. In the matter of the petition of Lewellen Barum, for leave to perpetuate testimony.
And now to wit, October 4th, 1862, George B. Cochrane, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony to perpetuate ret Samowum, as prayed for in petition filed upon ten days' notice.
BY THE COURT.
I will attend to the duties of my appointment, at the office of J. Charles Dicken, Esq., No. 91 Grant street, on SATURDAY, October 25th, 1862, at 2 o'clock p. m. GEO. R. COCHRAN,
oct8:3tdtwtaltnw Commissioner.

LIQUID STOVE POLISH.
*SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.*
It needs no mixing.
It has no smell whatever.
It produces no dirt or dust.
It stands the most intense heat.
It produces a jet black polish.
It prevents iron rust.
It is not one-fourth the labor.
Sold by SIMON JOHNSTON,
oc9 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

RECEIVED THIS DAY—
18 bbls. Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
30 bush. Onions;
6 kegs Lard;
40 bush. Beans;
10 kegs Butter;
25 bbls. Vinegar;
For sale by (oc10) L. H. VOIGT & CO.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the estate of Dr. William I. Unruch, deceased, have been duly granted to Mrs. Emma F. Church and Dr. J. P. Dake. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them to Dr. J. P. DAKE,
oct10:1md No