Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 8.

George P. Hamilton.

The "Democracy" held a meeting in Birmingham, on last Saturday evening, which was addressed by George P. Hamilton, their candidate for Congress in the 22d District. The attendance was not large, and of those present we are told one half were Republicans. An intelligent and reliable gentleman who heard the whole of Mr. Hamilton's speech, has given us the leading points and features of what must have been a very extraordinary performance. Our informant says that Mr. Hamilton spoke for about two hours, but his long speech was very well epitomyzed by William Linn, the candidate for District Attorney on the same ticket, in these words: "We are for the constitution as it is, the Union as it was, the Niggers where they are, and McClellan at the head of the army."

It may astonish Mr. Hamilton's friends (personal of course) to learn that he has become an ardent admirer of Gen. McClellan. His admiration dates from the day of his nomination. Not three months since this frothy demagogue was in the habit of savagely denouncing Gen. McClellan's military management, and, we are told, of even questioning his patriotism. But a democratic nomination to Congress has given him a keener insight into the General's character, and he has taken his cue from that *spotless patriot*, Frank Hughes, who wanted Pennsylvania "*switched*" out of the Union like Virginia and Tennessee.

Mr. Hamilton is an adept in the art of vituperation. He wanted to be very severe upon Gen. Moorhead, but succeeded only in being vulgarly abusive. He is quite familiar with the vocabularly of the fish market and the bear-garden. "Now who's this fellow, Moorhead?" quoth Mr. H. "Why, he says himself that he has not much talent, and but little learning, but he is a *hell* of a fellow at rolling a big log." Whether Gen. Moorhead ever said anything like this we are ignorant. We think it quite improbable, and are inclined to consider it "a weak invention of the enemy." Of one thing we are sure, the word associated with the idea of brimstone is not Gen. Moorhead's. He has none such in his vocabulary. The "hell" is peculiarly Hamiltonian. Fiery language is his *forte*, and the bold and alarming attitude and manner of Bombastes Furioso.

Becoming portentously savage, he demands: "What is the history of this man Moorhead? It is the history of a vulture who preys upon the public treasury." There is a sublimation of effrontery about this to which we confess our inability to do justice. In billingsgate Mr. H. is peerless, and Bombastes No. 2 has even improved upon the original character. No matter that this blatant demagogue *knows* that he is giving utterance to the foulest calumny which the seething caldron of Locofoco vituperation ever raised to the surface. Truth is no element in the political character of our new Bombastes.

But without intending too violent a transition, we must turn to other characteristics that have marked Mr. Hamilton's career. It will be with the result of writing a little natural history concerning this same vulture-species, with a full-grown live specimen in hand.

Our democratic candidate is the favorite lawyer of the bondholders, and he has served them well. He has brought, we are informed, over fifty suits against our county and the city, obtained judgments, issued injunction executions, and closed the public Treasury. He has clutched the proceeds of our taxes levied to defray the ordinary expenses of the county, and stopped the wheels of the county government. Our Commissioners and Treasurer have been plied with interogatories to be answered under oath, and, not satisfied with fair, full and complete answers, they are plied with other interrogatories as to whether they have entered into *conspiracies to cause outstanding warrants to be received in payment of the taxes of the citizens.* He threatens these county officials with arrest and imprisonment. He has descended like a harpy on the public Treasury, and is devouring the life-blood of our people. He has never raised his voice for compromise, although in a better position to effect one than any man in the county. He has neither sympathy with nor knowledge of the people. Doubtless, after his defeat on the second Tuesday of October, he will return to the work of the bondholders with an energy and zeal sharpened by political disappointment, a "vulture that feeds upon the public Treasury!"

IN THE MONEY ARTICLE of the New York *Times*, of Saturday, we find the following paragraph:

We understand that the advertising patronage of the Bank Department of the State of New York in this city—worth about $8,000 per annum—has been transferred to the New York *Tribune* from the *World*. The change is not unexpected. The persistent war, for months past, of the *World* upon the public credit and national currency of the country, no less than its more recent abandonment of the supports of the Government, rendered the paper utterly unworthy the countenance of so important an officer as the Superintendent of the Bank Department. It would be well if the aid afforded the *World*, in its daily attacks upon the public credit, by certain parties in and around the Bank Clearing House, should also be divested of its official importance.

Ever since the *World* passed into the hands of its present Democratic mangers, it has been engaged at the wicked and unprofitable work that has issued in the above result to itself. As to injuring the Public Credit and the National Currency—though like all the other journals of the sham-democracy from the city of New York to the city of Pittsburgh, it tried its best to excite disaffection and distrust—the result in that direction has not been very great. During so great a war, what country can boast that its credit has stood so high as this? What country has seen its securities so little affected by the evil influence of adverse fortune in war, and that still more malign influence of a lying, ubiquitous press, made the tool of disloyal and malignant factions, whose rancor of hatred, and poison of disaffection, it has industriously disseminated among the people from the very outset? During so great a war, what Government ever before tolerated the opposition of such factions? and left such a press to the mere indignation of the people, and the uncertain visitation of such penalties as that indignation might prepare for the more flagrant offenders?

They but adhere to Old Friends!

The Democratic candidates for Congress, for the State Legislature and for State offices—in a word, all the leaders and engineers of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania are committed, by the platform adopted at their State Convention, to opposition to the Government. That platform pledges them against emancipation—in favor of which the President and the Government have declared. To do these gentlemen justice, they have very consistently adhered to their old principles and old friends—the principles of Judge TANEY and the Dred Scott Decision, which would establish the "rights of the slaveholders" in every territory, and, ultimately, in every State, from the northern Lakes to the southern Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast—and the old friends, JEFF. DAVIS, BRECKINRIDGE, TOOMBS, SOULE, YANCY, FLOYD, THOMPSON & Co., with whom in so many election contests they triumphed over all their political opponents; with whom, during so long an ascendency of Slavery and Democracy, they divided the spoils of successive victories, and held the high and low places of honor and profit with diligent unvarying tenacity; and with whom they hope and earnestly desire again to unite their rallied forces, and re-establish a *regime* of that degraded Democracy ruled by the Slave Power which flourished in corruption and ripened into treason under "poor" PIERCE and "imbecile" BUCHANAN.

Yes! these gentlemen are consistently and steadfastly adhering both to their old friends, now rebels in arms against the Government, and to their old principles, which nurtured and fed those passions and that ambition which were the incentives to rebellion, and which damed forth at Sumter. They, in their platform, their presses, their speeches, persistently oppose the policy of the Government in the conduct of the war, and throw every obstacle they can in its way. They oppose taxation, vilify the draft, and do all in their power to thwart the efforts of the Government to suppress the rebellion, and thus render direct aid and encouragement to its enemies. Such men are far more injurious than they would be were they to enroll themselves openly under the rebel flag.

Our Slaves.

A venerable patriarch of this city, a Democrat—one who has been honored by that party while there was honor left to it, —but who, since the breaking out of this war, has known no party but that one which stands up for the Government, remarked, recently, in reference to the President's emancipation proclamation, that the latter had taken the true ground, and placed the vexatious negro question where it should meet the cordial approbation of all lovers of their country. "It is purely a war measure. Our steam engines and machinery are our slaves. They perform our work, and have made us what we are, a great manufacturing people. Take away these, our slaves, and you paralyze our industry, and destroy our power. Do you suppose that if one of the rebel generals should be able to make a raid into our sooty vicinage he would have any compunctions of conscience about destroying these creatures of our genius and our will? Or if he failed to render useless these engines of power and means of wealth, do you suppose that he would be held guiltless by his superiors, or by an intelligent world?"

These are our slaves. Our public enemies have been notified by the President that, if they do not within the current ninety days lay down their arms, and forsake the rebellion in which they have been so active participants, we will treat them as all civilized nations have ever treated a public enemy,—we will destroy their means of industry, by inviting *their slaves* to become freemen. And this as a war measure: not, primarily, to free the slaves—to do which the President could find no warrant of law, perhaps; but to weaken the public enemy. If the whites of the rebellious States are nearly all in arms against the Government, it is because the Government has permitted their slaves to remain peacefully and industriously on the plantations, cultivating the crops and feeding the cattle which are so necessary to maintain an army in the field; and even performing the drudgery of the camp and the barracks for their rebel masters, if not actually compelled to take up arms against us.

Our wonder is that the President did not issue this proclamation as one of the first acts of the war. But better now than not at all.

The Address.

The address of the National Union State Committee upon the astounding issue presented by the Breckinridge Democracy, as embodied in Hughes' resolution, which we publish to-day, is a sound and able document. It puts the question as we put it—simply as one between Union and Secession, Loyalty and Treason. It is on this issue that parties will really divide this fall. There is no escape from this alternative. Men may delude themselves with the notion that they are voting a *Democratic* ticket; but there is no Democratic ticket in the field, unless democracy and treason are convertible terms. It is idle for any man who follows the lead of Messrs. Hughes, Slenker, Barr, Hamilton, or anybody who belongs to that fraternity, to pretend to be a loyal man. As well might a volunteer in the service of Jeff. Davis profess to be loyal to the flag of the Union.

COL. J. W. SHAFER, now in service at New Orleans, sends to Freeport a leading editorial from the New Orleans *Delta*, in favor of arming slaves when practicable to fight for the Union. The *Delta* says:

"This is a movement in the right direction. It is time this prejudice should be put to the test of experience: It has never existed in the South."

Col. Shafer says:

"This was written by the editor, John Clark, heretofore a pro-slavery Democrat, recently editor of the conservative Boston *Courier*. He published Gov. Yates' Chicago speech in this paper; it was endorsed by our entire army. Entire and complete Emancipation is the watch-word of this army."

In *Harper's Weekly* we notice a caricature which goes to the heart of the matter. Mr. Davis, as a shrewd racoon, is snugly perched among the branches of a tree marked slavery. Mr. Lincoln, axe in hand, stands at the foot and cries out: "Now, then, if you don't come down at once, I'll cut down the tree from under you." The threat to free their slaves is in fact a threat to cut away their only support, and they grin like drowning wretches as they thought.

Address of the National Union State Central Committee.

To the Loyal People of Pennsylvania:

The recent and formal admission of the Chairman of the Breckinridge State Central Committee that he prepared, and was ready to present to a State Convention of his own friends, a resolution contemplating the dismemberment of these States at a period when the cotton States had seceded, and when all American patriots were agonized between doubt and fear, impose upon the National Union Central Committee an imperative duty. We do not address our fellow-citizens as alarmists—we make to them no partisan appeal—when we declare that this admission, immediately before an election for members of Congress and for other representatives, judical, and municipal officers, demands not only rebuke and repudiation, but such measures of precaution and prevention as will defeat the design now fully disclosed to tear our great old State from that national family circle of which she has been the strongest stay and the most beautiful adornment. The Breckinridge organization in Pennsylvania cannot escape the solemn accusation of being entirely commited to this design. The terrible alternative coolly contemplated by their chairman had been previously suggested as a so-called Democratic meeting, held in the city of Philadelphia, at National Hall, on the 16th of January, 1861: The resolution there adopted was as follows:

"*Resolved*, That, in the deliberate judgment of the Democracy of Philadelphia, and, so far as we know it, of Pennsylvania, the dissolution of the Union by the separation of the whole south—a result we shall most sincerely lament—*may release this Commonwealth, to a large extent from the bonds which now connect her with the Confederacy, except so far as, for temporary convenience she chooses to submit to them*, and would authorize and require her citizens, through a Convention to be assembled for that purpose, to determine *with whom her lot shall be cast—whether with the North and East, whose fanaticism has precipitated this misery upon us*, or with our brethren of the South, *whose wrongs we feel as our own*; or whether Pennsylvania should stand by herself, *as a distinct community*, ready, when occasion offers to bind together a broken Union, and resume her place of loyalty and devotion."

In order to prove the treasonable purposes of the leaders of the party of which Mr. Hughes is the representative, it is only necessary to state that nearly all their acts and words from January and February, 1861, down to the present time, have been so many proofs of their conviction of the justice of the views contained alike in the resolution adopted at National Hall, Philadelphia, in January, 1861, and in that prepared and purposed to be offered by Mr. Hughes to a Democratic State Convention in February of the same year. They may not, in express terms, have endorsed the suggestion to drag Pennsylvania out of the Union, but in nearly every county convention they adopted resolutions and proclaimed sentiments, the object and effect of which were to embarrass the General Administration, which is always the embodiment of the Government, and never more so than in these dark and trying hours; and so to prepare the way for that devastation and ruin which must result from the separation of the Republic, so earnestly desired both by the armed and unarmed foes of our common country.

Regarding, therefore, the resolution now admitted and affirmed by the Chairman of the Breckinridge State Convention as the real platform of the Breckinridge leaders, it is our right and our duty to discuss its remedies for our national difficulties. This resolution offers to Pennsylvania no inducement to remain with the free States, but attempts to bribe her to join the revolting and slaveholding Confederacy. It contains few words that appeal to the immortal memories which have sanctified the Union to the hearts of all our people, but it designs to present strong commercial and sectional, and disloyal reasons, as so many temptations to sway our people from their hereditary and religious patriotism. We are told in this resolution of the Chairman of the Breckinridge State Committee, that in the event of a separation, Pennsylvania "must either take her place in some northern fragment of a once glorious Union, and rest content to be shorn of a greater part of her manufacturing industry, and of her export and import trade." * * * "or she may, if a member of the new Confederacy, become the great manufacturing workshop for a people now consuming annually three hundred millions' worth of products and manufactures from, and imported through the Northern States; her cities become the great commercial depots and distributing points for this Confederacy, and her wealth, population and glory be promoted in a degree unparalleled in the history and prosperity of any people." And then Mr. Hughes, the chairman of the Breckinridge State Committee, says "that it will be the right and duty of her citizens" (that is, the people of Pennsylvania) "to consult their own best interests in a position so momentous, and decide between the LAWFUL ALTERNATIVES."

Loyal men of Pennsylvania, these alternatives are now presented to you; it is for you to decide at the election, on the 14th of October, whether you will go for the old Union and the old Constitution, or whether you will accept the bribe offered by the sympathizers with Secession, and commit your destiny to the infamous experiment of a slaveholding Confederacy. This great issue has not been presented by the National Union Committee, but by the representative of the opposition to the Administration and the war. We submit to our fellow-citizens, and trust their verdict at the ballot-boxes will show that they are not unmindful of this pregnant and suggestive admonition.

CYRUS P. MARKLE,
Chairman Union State Central Committee.
GEO. W. HAMMERSLEY,
W. J. HOWARD, } Secretaries.

What Would Come of Separation?

The London *Morning Star* discusses the probable effect of a separation between the North and South, were such an event possible, and clinches an argument in favor of the Union with the following vaticination:

Washington is the centre of a continent —Richmond would be but the capital of a second rate republic. The greater commonwealth, with its ever increasing population, would dwarf its "unwholesome brother. *The world would continue to regard the states north of the Potomac and the Ohio as the transatlantic home of the Anglo Saxon race*, while the states south of that line would either shrink by comparison into political insignificance, or provoke mingled alarm and abhorrence by their lawless devotion to aggressive wars and piratical commerce. Such a severance of races and of communities would be indefinitely more to the disadvantage of the South than of the North. We believe that the disadvantage is perfectly foreseen, and that Jefferson Davis would vastly prefer to be the successor of Abraham Lincoln than the founder of a new line of Presidents.

A DEMOCRAT ON THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.—Mr. J. H. Stallo, a prominent Democrat of Ohio, in a letter to the Hon. Mr. Arnold, of Chicago, expresses regret at his inability to attend a war meeting, said: "At last ten face of the President is set towards Freedom, and we fight for the true destinies of the Republic. It will now become to the world, as it has become clear to our consciences, what is the real issue of this conflict."

THE NEPHEW OF HIS UNCLE.—John Hughes, a nephew of Francis W. Hughes, the leader of the Breckinridge democrats in Pennsylvania, commanded a rebel battery at the battle of Antietam. The uncle and nephew are of similar political sentiments.—*N. Y. Ev. Post.*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, at 11 o'clock:
[ACCEPTANCE OF BILLS.

PUBLIC MEETING IN PITT TP.—The citizens of Pitt Township will meet at the PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, in Oakland, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 8th, at 7 o'clock, to make arrangements to have our quota filled without drafting. Any persons having knowledge of volunteers since the enrollment, will bring their names, companies and regiments to which they are attached.
PITT TOWNSHIP.
oc7:td

STANTON HEAVY ARTILLERY.—There are a few choice Battery (C, 3d Pennsylvania Artillery) is now in Camp Roff, Linden, N. J. A few more able-bodied men will be accepted to fill up the 4th section. Apply to
JOHN J. HAY,
A. J. GIBSON,
oc Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lake Superior Copper Mill and SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH.
PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER; also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.
WAREHOUSE, No. 149 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn's.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.
my22:dawly

The Confessions and Experience OF A SUICIDE.—Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
jn18:dawly

WM. G. NORRISON.....P. H. MILLER
WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.
ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.
OFFICE, No. 71 MARKET STREET.
Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK.
JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28dly

BURKE & BARNES,
FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER SAFE,
BANK VAULT IRON VAULT DOOR, AND STEEL-LINED BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE MANUFACTURERS.
Nos. 122 and 124 Third street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh.
BANK LOCKS always on hand. mh25

CORNWELL & KERR,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
At the old established Coach Factory,
DUQUESNE WAY, (NEAR ST. CLAIR STREET.)
Repairing done as usual. jn7:tf

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ISAAC JONES.....JOHN L. HOYD.....W. M'CULLOUGH.
JONES, HOYD & CO.,
Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; also, SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES, corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Penn's. oc19

P. C. KIRKPATRICK.....S. M. KIER.
J. C. KIRKPATRICK & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c.
Wholesale Agents for KIER'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 39 WOOD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja18:1yd

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.
Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 Second street and 86 Third street, between Wood and Market.
Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots Jobbing done at short notice. nh9

S. B. & C. P. MARKLE, Paper MANUFACTURERS and dealers in BOOK, PRINT, CAP, LETTER AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER.
Have removed from No. 27 Wood street to No. 33 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CASH OR TRADE FOR RAGS. my4

N. HOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ap22

HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and commission merchant and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAYED.—Three Hogs were found trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, in Scott township, Allegheny county, about the 25th of September last. They are white Hogs, in good condition, and are supposed to have been drafted out of a drove. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property and take them away, or they will be disposed of as the law directs.
oc8:3td WM. ESPY.

STOLEN.—From the subscriber, on the night of the 5th inst., one set of Wagon Harness, including Brichband, Leader, Leather, Collar, Hame, Housing and Bridle. Brichband about half worn; the inches in breadth, and was last mended with a thong. Ten Dollars reward will be given for the thief and harness, or Five Dollars for the harness when the harness may be had.
oc8:3td WM. ESPY.

BACON,
SHOULDERS,
SIDES,
HAMS, plain;
Do. canvassed;
Do. S. C. canvassed;
In store and for sale by WM. B. HAYS & CO., oc8 235 Liberty street.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY & BACK PAY
H. C. MACKRELL,
Attorney at Law and Claim Agent,
No. 114 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.,
Prosecutes Soldiers' Claims of every description. PENSIONS for disabled officers, soldiers, seamen and marines. BOUNTIES and PENSIONS for the widows, parents, orphan children, brothers and sisters, or other legal representative of those who have died or been killed in the service; or have died after discharge, from disease contracted in service.
No charge until claim collected and no letter will be answered unless a stamp is enclosed. se16:3m

VOLUNTEER ENLISTMENT BLANKS,
With Certificate of Surgeon and Recruiting Officer,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
Stationer and Printer,
au7 CORNER WOOD AND THIRD STS.

CARD.—JOHN MORGAN, of Pine Run, having withdrawn his suit against me for slander, and the same being settled, I take this means to make known that I do not charge said Morgan with taking any sum of money from me, and that I consider him an honest man.
JOHN WERTENBACH.
McKeesport, October 6th, 1862:oc7:3td

FRUIT TREES.—We offer every large stock this fall of extra, large sized, 2 out FRUIT TREES, of the most valuable varieties, selected with great care. Fruit growers and tree dealers, buying by the quantity, will be dealt with liberally. We respectfully invite an examination of our trees and prices by the public.
JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.
oc3:3mdawF

1862. McCORD & CO. 1862.
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS.
BONNETS AND SHAKER HOODS.
Wholesale and retail,
121 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
We are now receiving a large addition to our already immense stock of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS and PALM LEAF HATS.
Merchants visiting our city can buy from us at lower prices than in Philadelphia or New York.
McCORD & CO.
ap26

CEDAR STAVES.—6,000 in store and for sale by TRAVER, DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the issue of Bonds to be exchanged for Bonds issued in payment of subscriptions to Railroad Companies.
WHEREAS, By an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to authorize the City of Pittsburgh to compromise with the holders of Bonds of said City, issued in payment of subscriptions to the capital stock of certain Railroad Companies," approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1862, the Councils of said city are authorized to negotiate a compromise with the holders of said Bonds, and issue new Bonds to be exchanged for the old ones; now, therefore, in accordance with said Act of Assembly, and for the purpose of effecting said compromise—

Sec. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Bonds of the city be issued, in the manner prescribed in said Act, to an amount not exceeding eighteen hundred thousand dollars, each in the sum of one thousand dollars, dated January 1st, A. D. 1863, and payable in fifty years, bearing four per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, on the first days of July and January of each year, and having coupons annexed, to cover said interest, signed by the Controller of the city, said Bonds and coupons to be made payable in the city of New York.

Sec. 2. That the Controller of the city be and is hereby authorized to compromise with any holder or holders of Bonds, issued by the city authorities, in payment of subscriptions to the capital stock of any railroad company, by giving in exchange for said Bonds new Bonds of the issue authorized by this ordinance, on the following terms and conditions, viz: The new Bonds, bearing four per cent. interest, to be in the same amount as the old ones for which they are exchanged, and the coupons, due and unpaid, of the old Bonds, to be paid and cancelled by transferring stock of the railroad company to which said old Bonds were issued, at its nominal value, to an amount equal to said coupons.

The above ordinance was reported to Councils, and read once in both the Select and Common Council, October 6th, A. D., 1862, and ordered to be published three times, in three successive weeks, in the papers authorized to do the city printing.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
A. G. M'CANDLESS,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc7:1awd3w

AN ORDINANCE relative to the Public Sewer on Ann street.
Sec. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the levy and assessment made on the property benefited by the construction of the public sewer in and along a portion of Ann street, in the Eighth ward, be and the same is hereby approved.

A copy of said levy and assessment is as follows:

Jacob Roesner, 1 lot on Ann street			$ 25 48
C. Wall,	2 do	do	50 96
Koehler & White,	1 lot	do	25 48
Wm. Kuler,	1 do	do	25 48
Valentine Cappel,	1 do	do	25 48
Francis Friedrech,	1 do	do	25 48
Louis Moecke',	1 do	do	8 29
Michael Fass,	1 do	do	8 29
Jacob Rousman,	1 do	do	8 29
John Herron,	4 lots on continuation of Ann street, easterly		31 16
John Laughlin,	1 lot	do do	8 29
Adam Baker,	1 lot	do do	8 29
Michael Stoehr,	2 lots on Penna avenue		14 54
Valentine Sectanus,	1 lot	do do	8 29
Reis & Berger,	5 lots, continuation of Ann st.		41 45
Koehler & White,	5 lots,	do do	41 45
U. P. Church,	6 lots	do do	49 74
Eighth Ward Public School,	3 lots on Ann st.		76 44
Thos. Wightman,	2 do	do	50 96
James Hamilton,	1 do	do	25 48
— Howler,	1 S. W. lot cor. Ann & Magee sts.		76 44
Cost of sewer			$624 61
Do. assessment			15 19— 639 80

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 6th day of October, A. D. 1862.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
A. G. M'CANDLESS,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. oc7:3td

AGENTS WANTED,
CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED
ON
THE GREAT REBELLION;
OR,
THE CIVIL WAR IN THE UNITED STATES.
BY J. T. HEADLEY.
A superb work, to be sold only by subscription.
Intelligent, energetic, persevering men, who are desirous of lucrative employment please call or address,
JOHN P. HUNT,
MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET,
oc8 *PITTSBURGH PA.*

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.
DR. DUPONCO'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from prescription of Doctor Duponco.
This well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will in a very short time bring on the monthly period with regularity. In all cases in Nervous and Spinal Affection, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system; these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.
These Pills have never been known to fail when the directions have been followed strictly.
ONE DOLLAR AND SIX CENTS, enclosed to the authorized Agent at Pittsburgh, Pa., will insure a Box.
DR. DUPONCO'S FEMALE PILLS,
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DR. DUPONCO'S FEMALE PILLS
DR. DUPONCO'S FEMALE PILLS
Are a Scientific Preparation.
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Are a Scientific Preparation.
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Are a Scientific Preparation.
They are safe, and never fail
They are safe, and never fail
They are safe, and never fail
They are safe, and never fail
To remove all obstructions,
To remove all obstructions,
To remove all obstructions,
To remove all obstructions,
And cure all Female Complaints
And cure all Female Complaints
And cure all Female Complaints
And cure all Female Complaints
When the directions are followed.
When the directions are followed.
When the directions are followed.
When the directions are followed.
They are a blessing and a cure.
They are a blessing and a cure.
They are a blessing and a cure.
They are a blessing and a cure.
And can be sent by mail to any part of the country.
Sold wholesale or retail by
JOHN M. FULTON,
Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity,
Nos. 67 AND 69 FIFTH STREET.
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LIQUID STOVE POLISH,
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.
It needs no mixing.
It has no smell whatever.
It produces no dirt or dust.
It stands the most intense heat.
It produces a jet black polish.
It preserves iron most.
It is not one fourth the labor.
Sold by SIMON JOHNSTON,
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R. K. BULLEN,
Manufacturer of every description of
FURNITURE,
NO. 46 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
A full assortment of *PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED FURNITURE* constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH.
se16:1ywmdw

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600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS to sell LLOYDS NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADAS AND NEW BRUNSWICK, from recent surveys, completed August 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it and one year's time.
Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 378,000 names are engraved on this map.
It is not only a County Map, but it is also a
COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP
of the United States and Canadas combined in one, giving *EVERY RAILROAD STATION* and distances between.
Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.
Send for $1 worth of the
Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.
WANTED—Wholesale Agents for our Maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.*
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The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Shepherdsville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, or money refunded.
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Of Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, is the only authority for Gen. West and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.
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From actual surveys by Capts. Bart and W. Bowen, Mississippi river pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,300 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 10 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets; $2 in pocket form, and $2 50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, Sept. 17, 1862.
J. T. LLOYD—*Sir*: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi Squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for one of that squadron.
GIDEON WELLS, Sec'y of Navy.
oc8:2td

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EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,
Jobbers and retailers of TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, RIBBONS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS, ZEPHYRS AND SHETLAND WOOL; 6,000 lbs. KNITTING YARNS, on hand and to arrive.
Our stock was purchased before the last great advance in prices, and we offer great inducements to CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS, MILLINERS, PEDDLERS, and all who buy to sell again.
N. B.—A choice assortment of
Staple Dry Goods,
At wholesale only. se27:1f

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BOOTS AND SHOES,
Comprising all the different varieties and styles now in vogue; and having selected it himself from the Eastern manufacturers, is now prepared to offer to the public goods which he can recommend for neatness and wear.
We advise all those in want of neat and substantial coverings for the feet to call on Mr. ROBB, feeling confident they will be suited as regards quality and price.
Remember the place, 89 MARKET STREET.
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GOVERNMENT COFFEE,
Put up in tin foil pound papers, 4's in a box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 8 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:
JAVA, MARACAIBO, SUP. RIO, RIO AND SUPERIOR COFFEE.
We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our Agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 163 Chambers street, corner Washington street, New York City, and Messrs. POLLOCK & DOLLAR, 139 and 141 South Water, 3 rect., Chicago, Illinois, will receive prompt attention.
se27:3mis TABER & PLACE.

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Shipping and Commission Merchant,
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And dealer in DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DYE STUFFS, &c., by the original package only.
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THE WESTCHESTER ACADEMY, AN AND MILITARY INSTITUTE, AT WEST CHESTER, PENNSYLVANIA, will commence the winter term of five calendar months on the 1st of NOVEMBER NEXT. The course of instruction is thorough and extensive, designed and arranged to prepare boys and young men for business or college. The Principal, who devotes all his time to the interests of his school and its pupils, is assisted by eight gentlemen of ability and experience. The German, French and Spanish languages are taught by native resident teachers, an advantage which will be readily appreciated by the patrons of the Institution.
The *Military Department* is under the charge of Major G. Eckandorff, of Philadelphia, whose qualifications for the position are extensively known. Its duties and requirements do not, in any way, interfere with the Literary Departments, while enrollment among the cadet corps is left optional.
For catalogue, &c., apply to
WM. F. WYERS, A. M., Principal.
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OIL REFINERS, DISTILLERS AND BREWERS.—In accordance with the National Tax Law, all persons engaged in any of the above occupations are required to keep such books as are specified in the law, and make tri-monthly and monthly returns also in such manner as is specified by law. The undersigned are preparing the various books with printed headings, bl