FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 12.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

Proclamation of the Rebel General Lee to the People of Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 11.—On occupying the town of Frederick, General Lee issued the following proclamation:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTH VIRGINIA, NEAR FREDERICK, Sept. 8, 1862.

To the People of Maryland.—It is right that you should know the purpose that has brought the army, under my command, within the limits of your State, so far as that purpose concerns yourselves. The people of the Confederate States have long watched with the deepest sympathy the wrongs and outrages that have been inflicted upon the citizens of a commonwealth allied to the States of the South, by the strongest, social, political and commercial ties. They have seen with profound indignation their sister State deprived of every right, and reduced to the condition of a conquered province, under the pretence of supporting the Constitution, but in violation of its most valuable provisions. Your citizens have been arrested and imprisoned upon no charge, and contrary to all forms of law. A fitting and manly protest against this outrage, made by a venerable and illustrious Marylander, to whom in better days no citizen appealed for right in vain, was treated with scorn and contempt. The government of your chief city has been usurped by armed strangers; your legislature has been dissolved by the unlawful arrest of its members; freedom of the press and of speech have been declared offences by an arbitrary decree of the Federal Executive, and citizens ordered to be tried by military commission for what they may dare to speak. Believing that the people of Maryland possessed a spirit too lofty to submit to such a government, the people of the South have long wished to aid you in throwing off this foreign yoke; to enable you again to enjoy the inalienable rights of freemen, and restore independence and sovereignty to your State. In obedience to this wish our army has come among you and is prepared to assist you with the power of its arms in regaining the rights of which you have been despoiled.

This, citizens of Maryland, is our mission, so far as you are concerned. No restraint upon your free will is intended. No internal intimidation will be allowed within the lines of this army at least. Marylanders shall once more enjoy their ancient freedom of thought and speech. We know no enemies among you, and will protect all of every opinion. It is for you to decide your destiny freely and without restraint. This army will respect your choice whatever it may be, and while the Southern people will rejoice to welcome you to your natural position among them, they will duly welcome you when you come of your own free will.

R. E. LEE,
General Commanding.

Interesting from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—On and after to-morrow, papers will be required from all vessels, boats, etc., navigating the Potomac river. These will be issued by the commanding officers of the flotilla, and may be obtained from the naval vessels stationed at Alexandria, or at the mouth of the river.

John Ross, accompanied by his brother, Lewis Ross, his nephew, William Ross, and his brother-in-law, Stabler, paid a visit of ceremony to the Secretary of the Interior today, and afterwards had an interview with the President.

No mails are sent hence westward further than Ellicott's Mills, nor are any forwarded beyond that point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Other routes are selected to insure safety.

Letters were received from New York and Pennsylvania to-day, which fact shows that there is no interruption of facilities in that direction.

Brigadier General Bayard, it is confidently said by his friends, is to be made a Major General and Chief of Cavalry, and Lieut. Col. Kilpatrick is to be promoted to a Brigadier Generalship, and to command Bayard's Cavalry Brigade. Gen. Bayard is now in Washington on duty, and Col. Kilpatrick has been placed in command in front.

Major General Banks is rapidly recovering from the injuries heretofore received, and is stopping with Gov. Boutwell. He is at headquarters to-day, attending to business.

Hagerstown Occupied by the Rebels.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—*The Inquirer* has received information that Hagerstown has been occupied by the rebels with a force of twenty thousand and forty-eight pieces of artillery. The telegraph operator had left previously.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
Sewing Machines,
NO. 17 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Awarded the First Premium at the
UNITED STATES FAIR
For the Years 1858, 1859 and 1860.
UPWARDS OF 50,000 MACHINES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES.
MORE THAN 20,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR.

We offer to the public WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE, at REDUCED PRICES, with increased confidence of its merits as the best and most reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It does equally well on the thickest and thinnest fabrics, makes the lock-stitch impossible to unravel, alike on both sides; is simple in construction, more speedy in movement, and more durable than any other machine.

Circulars, giving prices and description of Machines, furnished gratis, on application in person or by letter.

Every Machine warranted for three years.
sp6:tf WM. SUMNER & CO.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILLIAMS & ORVIS' unequalled double thread
$25 FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
Salesroom, No. 12 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

These Machines will do all kinds of work, and are warranted and kept in repair one year without any charge.

LILLEY, STRAIN & CO., Agents.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Let the public be perfectly assured that they may buy and use WILLIAMS & ORVIS' MACHINE with as much impunity as any in market, notwithstanding the gross misstatements purporting to emanate from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co. and others. The idea of stopping persons from using those machines, when they cannot stop us from selling them, is preposterous. This Machine was patented Feb. 12, 1861. *We promise to reward any person with a Sewing Machine* who can point out one single case where a person to whom we have sold a Machine have been legally stopped from using it, or have had to pay to any party. AGENTS WANTED.
my24 LILLEY, STRAIN & CO.

DISSOLUTIONS, &C.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership lately existing between CHAS. B. LEECH and R. HUTCHINSON of Pittsburgh, under the firm of LEECH & HUTCHINSON, was dissolved on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1862, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by either of the partners, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to either for payment.

CHARLES B. LEECH,
R. HUTCHINSON.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 2, 1862.—2-1f

NEW CARPETS,

A large assortment.

No. 87 FOURTH STREET,

M'CALLUM'S,

Bought previous to the general advance in prices of July 1st. We are enabled to sell our present stock at very favorable rates. au5

1862. McCORD & CO. 1862.
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS.
BONNETS AND SHAKER HOODS.
Wholesale and retail,
131 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

We are now receiving a LARGE ADDITION to our already IMMENSE STOCK of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS and PALM LEAF HATS.

Merchants visiting our city can buy from us at lower prices than in Philadelphia or New York.
sp25 McCORD & CO.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

THURSDAY, September 11.—Business continues dull and inactive with no new feature to notice in any of the leading articles. The transactions, as a general thing are of a local character.

FLOUR—The supply in market continues light and the receipts limited, but the demand is mostly local. Sale of 40 bbls Family at $5,25@5,50; 40 do at $5,50, and 650 do do at $5,30@5,50. There is no Extraor Rye Flour in market.

GROCERIES—continue quiet and inactive, though quotations remain unchanged. Sugar is held at 8½ @10c. Coffee 22½@23½c and Molasses 55@56c for prime old.

BACON—is firm with a fair local demand at 5 to 5¾c shoulders; 6¾c for sides, 9c for plain hams and 11¾@11¾c for sugar cured.

CHEESE—is steady with a fair demand for shipment at 8 to 8½c for prime to choice W. R., and 9c for Hamburg.

OATS—continue very scarce and the market is firm at 46 to 48c per bushel from first hands, for prime old.

WHEAT—is unchanged. We note small sales from wagon at $1,00 to $1,02 for red and $1,06 to $1,10 for Penna. and Ohio white.

BUTTER—Sale of 6 kegs packed at 10c. Prime roll is firm at 15@16c.

EGGS—Fresh packed have advanced to 7½c per dozen.

HAY—We note sales from scales at $10,50 to $13 00 per ton, according to quality.

Allegheny Cattle Market.

THURSDAY, September 11.—We have again this week a very large supply of cattle in the pens on sale, but of a much better class than for many weeks before. Although there are many inferior cattle on sale, the greater proportion are fair, to good, and some extra lots which were as good beef as was ever offered in any market, and we have no doubt John Bull would call them prime, if he would not we know that a certain little "Yank" would. But such cattle as these, weighing about 1600, could not be sold at over 4c. The bulk of the cattle were sold higher this week than for some time past, but we do not think that they were sold as high according to their real value as they could have been almost any week since the 1st of July, as there has been a short supply of good cattle, and men have been holding back their best stock for better prices, which many of them have come to the conclusion they are not to get this fall. No one need suppose that the supply will be short. It is the wrong time of year for this and if the government does not use more cattle than it has done for the last few months, cattle must go still lower, and the next contracts which are let will be low. Let the wise ones say what they will, these contracts will govern the beef market. There is no demand for stock cattle even at very low prices. We saw some lots of 800 lb steers, selling from $8 to $10, per head, about half what any farmer in Ohio would ask for them. We would advise men who have such stock to keep it at home were they have plenty of food, instead of bringing them here where they are not wanted, and then selling for about what will pay for their hides and expenses.

Below will be found a report of the different sales and amount offered.

Whole amount of cattle offered	2233
Amount sold	1276

UNION YARDS—J. BLAIR, PROPRIETOR.

C Dudgin, sold 18 head small Ohio cattle, at $23,00 per head.

J Bigbee, sold 40 head mixed lot retailed at 2@3¼.

J B Parnel, sold 22 head of fair 900 lb, Ohio cattle, at $22 per head.

C Steel, 20 cows and heifers, western reserve stock, light and thin at 2@2½.

S Furman, 3 head of very good Ohio stock, 3@3¼.

S R Christ, sold 21 head of scalawags, suitable to feed men on who despise the cattle market, and curse every man here because they cannot sell such inferior stock as they bring at top prices, at 1¼@2.

W Webb, sold 9 head, some quite good, at 2½@3¼.

S Warren, sold 20 head of Beaver county, Pa., stock, at 2½@3¼.

Holmes & Phifer, sold 20 Illinois steers, middling quality, wholesale at 3.

Jos Myers & Bros., sold 140 head of all kinds from the old and decreped down to the infant, at 1½@3½.

W Dugan, sold 20 head of small Belmont County, Ohio, stock at 2@2¾.

C McFadden, sold 19 head small cattle, at 2½@3¼.

J Graham, sold 12 head at 3.

Greenawalt & Co., sold 40 head some very good, retailed at 2½@3¼.

J Sherman, sold 19 head inferior small stock, at 2@2¼.

S Castarline sold 21 cattle from the rich pastures of Northern Ohio, almost fat enough to make good stock cattle at 2@3.

F Hartman, sold 12 head of Washington Co., Pa., stock at 2½@3¼.

D Brogan, sold 15 head small cattle at 2¼.

W Bardon, sold 32, retailed at 2@2¼.

H B Hunter, sold 20 head of fair Ohio cattle, by Merrick at 2@3¼.

E Whitley, sold 20 head of fair cows and heifers, at 2@3¼.

Wm J Lafferty, sold 34 good Ohio steers, weighed about 1200 lbs, wholesaled at 3,35.

H A Merrick, sold 80 head cattle for different parties at 2@3¼.

MORGAN YARDS,—D. SHAFER PROPRIETOR.

J Workman, sold 22 head of Knox county, Ohio, stock, at 2@2¾.

J Boyce, sold 18 head small stock, at 2¾.

M Jordon, sold 18 head small stock at 2¼.

Harks & co, sold 80 head—50 very good Washington county, Pa., cattle at about 3 per cwt, 2@3¼.

J Hanly, sold, 28 very small cattle at $10@20 per head.

T Robertson, sold 17 head 800 lbs cattle at 3¼.

H D Evans, sold 20 head of good Ohio, 1200 lb steers at 3,30.

J Corbet, sold 34 head of Seneca county, Ohio, steers, weighing about 1100, have been here in pasture three weeks waiting for better markets, could have been sold at 3c for cash, or 3¼ for $28 $ head.

J B Elliott, sold 38 head of Logan Co., Ohio, cows and heifers, by Merrick at 2@3¼.

T Robertson, sold 60 head Clark Co., Ohio, ponies, some very poor at $10@20 per head.

T Glass, sold 23 head of very fine Ohio cattle to McAllister at 4c.

J N Bine, sold 18 head of good cattle at $35,00 per head.

T Hitchis, sold 16 head of very fine Indiana cows, at $48,00 per head, or about $3,60 per hundred.

Crouse & co., sold 50 head mixed lot at 2@3.

J S Hall, sold 40 head, some good, at 2½@2¾.

Wm Murdoch, sold 20 head lot of stock and corn Ohio stock, weighing about 900 lbs to 2 Davis at $26 per head.

SHEEP.

There is very little change in the sheep market. Sheep were not plenty—and all good retailing qualities would sell readily at 3@3¼. There were about 1500 offered and some 1100 sold at 3¼@3¾. The high price of wool tends to keep sheep out of the market, and as we do not see how sheep are to get any lower this fall, as the supply is small, and the demand large.

HOGS.

There were some 4000 hogs offered, and about 1800 sold from 2¾ to 3,30. There is very little demand for any but the best corn-fed of good size, and on the whole, we do not think the sale of hogs is as good as one week ago—at least there was less animation among buyers. There might be some cause for this, as some were unwilling to buy for the Baltimore market, not knowing whether they could get through there or not, as rumors came here daily that communication might be cut off at any time.

SMITH'S FERRY LUBRICATING OIL;
Mecca Lubricating Oil;
Duck Creek do do;
Kanawha Crude do;
Solar Machine Oil No. 1;
Do do do ½;
Solar Burning Oil No. 1;
Do do do ½;
For sale by SOLAR OIL WORKS CO

RAISINS—200 boxes M. R. Raisins;
150 do Layer do;
100 hf. boxes M. R. do;
100 do Layer do;
50 kegs Seedless do;
25 drums Sultana do;
Just received and for sale by REYMER & BROS.,
se10 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

CHEESE! CHEESE!!
25 boxes Hamburg Cheese;
150 do do W. R. Cheese;
Just received and for sale by FRANK VAN GORDER,
se5 114 Second street.

CHEESE—
25 boxes prime Flat Apple Cheese;
10 do English Dairy do;
Just received and for sale by REYMER & BROS.,
se6 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

SUGAR.—
150 bbls. "A" Refined Sugar;
20 do Crushed do;
90 do Powdered do;
20 do coarse Pulv'd do;
In store and to arrive and for sale by REYMER & BROS.,
se8 126 and 128 Wood street.

NEW O. SUGAR & MOLASSES—Just received from New Orleans, via New York:
300 bbls. N. O. Molasses, new crop;
150 hf. do. do;
200 bbls. prime N. O. Sugar;
In store and for sale by JOHN L. HOUSE & CO.
se5

BULK MEAT.—8,000 pieces Shoulders on hand and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
se3 112 Second street.

REMOVAL.—L. H. VOIGT & Co. have removed to Warehouse 257 Liberty street, where they will be pleased to serve their patrons and customers, having ample room for storage of produce and Merchandize.
se6

PUMPS.—A large assortment on hand, suitable for farm purposes, oil refineries, &c., which will be sold on reasonable terms.
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
se1 No. 129 Fourth street.

APPLES! APPLES!—10 bbls. prime Apples, just received and for sale at 114 Second street. FRANK VAN GORDER.

CEMENT—50 bbls. Hydraulic Cement this day received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
se10

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-seventh Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 130.]

AN ACT to provide for the payment of fines and penalties collected by or paid to the justices of the peace of the District of Columbia under the acts of Congress approved the third and fifth of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the several justices of the peace of the District of Columbia who have imposed fines under the acts of Congress approved the third and fifth days of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, on or before the fifteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, make a full and faithful report of their doings in that behalf, stating the name of the party, the amount of fine imposed; and the name of the witnesses examined in each case, to the Superintendent of Metropolitan Police, and shall pay over all moneys in their hands arising from such fines to the said superintendent; and such of said justices as shall fail by the time specified to make such report, and comply with the other provisions of law, shall be liable to a fine of not less than three hundred nor more than five hundred dollars, to be collected from said justices by prosecution in the criminal court in the said District of Columbia; and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Metropolitan Police to inspect the dockets kept by the said justices of the peace, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount so collected as aforesaid by them; and the said justices shall submit their dockets to the inspection of the said superintendent; and, failing to do so, shall pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, to be collected as above.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That said justices of the peace shall, on or before the fifteenth day of July in each and every year, make a full and faithful report of their doings as aforesaid, for the preceding year, to the Superintendent of Metropolitan Police, and shall pay over all moneys in their hands arising from such fines to the said superintendent; and if any justice of the peace of the District of Columbia shall fail to comply with the provisions of this law, he shall be liable to a fine of not less than three hundred nor more than five hundred dollars, to be collected as provided in the first section of this act.

Approved, July 12, 1862.

[PUBLIC—No. 131.]

AN ACT for the relief of the register of the land office at Vincennes, Indiana, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be and he is hereby authorized to make such allowance for office rent during the temporary continuance of the land office at Vincennes, Indiana, as may, in his opinion, be just and proper.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the said Secretary be authorized to adjust the account of John Moore, postmaster at Vincennes, Indiana, and allow him, at the usual rates for such services, compensation for the custody of the books papers, and so forth of the land office at Vincennes, Indiana, during the time the same were in his charge, under instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, dated September third, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight; these allowances to be paid out of the appropriation for incidental expenses of said district land offices: *Provided*, That the total sum paid under this act shall not exceed five hundred dollars.

Approved, July 12, 1862.

[PUBLIC—No. 132.]

AN ACT confirming a land claim in the State of Iowa, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the grant of lands to the then Territory of Iowa for the improvement of the Des Moines river, made by the act of August eight, eighteen hundred and forty-six, is hereby extended so as to include the alternate sections (designated by odd numbers) lying within five miles of said river, between the Racoon fork and the northern boundary of said grant; such lands are to be held and applied in accordance with the provisions of the original grant, except that the consent of Congress is hereby given to the application of a portion thereof to aid in the construction of the Keokuk, Fort Des Moines, and Minnesota railroad, in accordance with the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, approved March twenty-two eighteen hundred and fifty-eight. And if any of said lands shall have been sold or otherwise disposed of by the United States before the passage of this act, excepting those released by the United States to the grantees of the State of Iowa under the joint resolution of March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to set apart an equal amount of lands within said State to be certified in lieu thereof: *Provided*, That the said State shall have sold and conveyed such portion of the lands lying within the limits of this grant the title of which has proved invalid, any lands which shall be certified to said State in lieu thereof by virtue of the provisions of this act shall inure to and be held as a trust fund for the benefit of the person or persons respectively whose titles shall have failed as aforesaid.

Approved, July 12, 1862.

[PUBLIC—No. 133.]

AN ACT to establish certain post roads.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be, and the same are hereby declared to be post roads:

From Steubenville, in the State of Ohio, to Wellsburg, in the State of Virginia;

From Wellsburg to Charleston, in the State of Virginia;

From Charleston to Point Pleasant, in the State of Virginia;

From Point Pleasant to Gallipolis, in the State of Ohio;

From Gallipolis to Pomeroy, in the State of Ohio;

From Pomeroy to Middleport, in the State of Ohio;

From Middleport to Athens, in the State of Ohio;

From Athens to Nelsonville, in the State of Ohio;

From Nelsonville to Logan, in the State of Ohio;

From Logan to Lancaster, in the State of Ohio;

From Lancaster to Somerset, in the State of Ohio;

From Somerset to Zanesville, in the State of Ohio;

From Zanesville to Cambridge, in the State of Ohio;

From Cambridge to Old Washington, in the State of Ohio;

From Old Washington to Barnesville, in the State of Ohio;

From Barnesville to St. Clairsville, in the State of Ohio;

From St. Clairsville to Wheeling, in the State of Virginia;

From Wheeling to Moundsville, in the State of Virginia;

From Moundsville to Fairmont, in the State of Virginia;

From Fairmont to Clarksburg, in the State of Virginia;

From Clarksburg to Weston, in the State of Virginia;

From Weston to Buckhannon, in the State of Virginia;

From Buckhannon to Beverly, in the State of Virginia;

From Beverly to Huttonsville, in the State of Virginia;

From Huttonsville to Monterey, in the State of Virginia;

From Monterey to McDowell, in the State of Virginia;

From McDowell to Franklin, in the State of Virginia;

From Franklin to Petersburg, in the State of Virginia;

From Petersburg to Romney, in the State of Virginia;

From Romney to Hancock, in the State of Maryland;

From Hancock to Cumberland, in the State of Maryland;

From Cumberland to Frostburg, in the State of Maryland;

From Frostburg to Piedmont, in the State of Virginia;

From Piedmont to Harrisonburg, in the State of Virginia;

From Harrisonburg to Staunton, in the State of Virginia;

From Staunton to Lexington, in the State of Virginia;

From Lexington to Buchanan, in the State of Virginia;

From Buchanan to Fincastle, in the State of Virginia;

From Fincastle to Salem, in the State of Virginia;

From Salem to Wytheville, in the State of Virginia;

From Wytheville to Jonesville, in the State of Virginia;

From Jonesville to Cumberland Gap, in the State of Tennessee;

From Cumberland Gap to Knoxville, in the State of Tennessee;

From Knoxville to Kingston, in the State of Tennessee;

From Kingston to Cleveland, in the State of Tennessee;

From Cleveland to Dalton, in the State of Georgia;

From Dalton to Atlanta, in the State of Georgia;

From Atlanta to Macon, in the State of Georgia;

From Macon to Hawkinsville, in the State of Georgia;

From Hawkinsville to Thomasville, in the State of Georgia;

From Thomasville to Tallahassee, in the State of Florida;

From Tallahassee to St. Marks, in the State of Florida;

From St. Marks to Newport, in the State of Florida;

From Newport to Madison, in the State of Florida;

From Madison to Jacksonville, in the State of Florida;

From Jacksonville to St. Augustine, in the State of Florida;

From Jacksonville to Fernandina, in the State of Florida;

From Fernandina to Cedar Keys, in the State of Florida;

From Cedar Keys to Tampa, in the State of Florida;

From Tampa to Fort Brooke, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Brooke to Fort Myers, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Myers to Fort Pierce, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Pierce to Fort Capron, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Capron to Fort Lauderdale, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Lauderdale to Miami, in the State of Florida;

From Miami to Key West, in the State of Florida;

From Key West to Tortugas, in the State of Florida;

From Tortugas to Cape Sable, in the State of Florida;

From Cape Sable to Punta Rassa, in the State of Florida;

From Punta Rassa to Fort Myers, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Myers to Manatee, in the State of Florida;

From Manatee to Tampa, in the State of Florida;

From Tampa to Fort Dade, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Dade to Cedar Keys, in the State of Florida;

From Cedar Keys to Fernandina, in the State of Florida;

From Fernandina to Jacksonville, in the State of Florida;

From Jacksonville to Tallahassee, in the State of Florida;

From Tallahassee to Quincy, in the State of Florida;

From Quincy to Marianna, in the State of Florida;

From Marianna to Pensacola, in the State of Florida;

From Pensacola to Mobile, in the State of Alabama;

From Mobile to Montgomery, in the State of Alabama;

From Montgomery to Wetumpka, in the State of Alabama;

From Wetumpka to Talladega, in the State of Alabama;

From Talladega to Jacksonville, in the State of Alabama;

From Jacksonville to Gadsden, in the State of Alabama;

From Gadsden to Rome, in the State of Georgia;

From Rome to Kingston, in the State of Georgia;

From Kingston to Cassville, in the State of Georgia;

From Cassville to Cartersville, in the State of Georgia;

From Cartersville to Marietta, in the State of Georgia;

From Marietta to Atlanta, in the State of Georgia;

From Atlanta to Covington, in the State of Georgia;

From Covington to Madison, in the State of Georgia;

From Madison to Milledgeville, in the State of Georgia;

From Milledgeville to Gordon, in the State of Georgia;

From Gordon to Macon, in the State of Georgia;

From Macon to Fort Valley, in the State of Georgia;

From Fort Valley to Perry, in the State of Georgia;

From Perry to Hawkinsville, in the State of Georgia;

From Hawkinsville to Abbeville, in the State of Georgia;

From Abbeville to Albany, in the State of Georgia;

From Albany to Thomasville, in the State of Georgia;

From Thomasville to Monticello, in the State of Florida;

From Monticello to Madison, in the State of Florida;

From Madison to Live Oak, in the State of Florida;

From Live Oak to Jacksonville, in the State of Florida;

From Jacksonville to Palatka, in the State of Florida;

From Palatka to Enterprise, in the State of Florida;

From Enterprise to Sanford, in the State of Florida;

From Sanford to Orlando, in the State of Florida;

From Orlando to Kissimmee City, in the State of Florida;

From Kissimmee City to Fort Capron, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Capron to Fort Pierce, in the State of Florida;

From Fort Pierce