Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. H. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	80	68
12 " M.	124	88
6 " P. M.		80
Barometer	29	1-10

The Enrollment--Number of Men in Service.

The returns from all the districts throughout the county have not yet been received by the Marshal, but he expects to have the work finished up to-day. We give below the number of men enlisted in Pennsylvania regiments, and in other organizations, as appears by these returns, so far as made:

Pittsburgh.	*Pa. Regiments.*	*Other Org'ns.*
Second Ward	86	24
Third Ward (unofficial)	329	—
Fifth Ward (unofficial)	435	—
Sixth Ward	543	69
Eighth Ward	252	35
Ninth Ward	199	15
Allegheny.		
Second Ward	245	38
Third Ward	380	47
Fourth Ward (unofficial)	550	—
Boroughs.		
Monongahela	85	6
South Pittsburgh	142	49
Elizabeth	104	28
Temperanceville	121	6
McKeesport	168	7
West Pittsburgh	74	6
Manchester	169	38
Lawrenceville	139	22
East Birmingham	162	30
Sharpsburg	66	16
Sewickley	63	7
West Elizabeth	50	17
Tarentum	90	5
Township.		
Baldwin	69	9
Collins	96	19
Chartiers	51	4
Penn	98	3
South Fayette	57	3
Indiana	95	2
East Deer	57	6
Snowden	30	5
Wilkins	163	11
Pine	22	8
Ohio	56	15
Moon	39	1
Jefferson	102	10
McClure	71	16
West Deer	61	2
Union	123	6
Scott	82	4
Peebles	164	7
Fawn	96	5
Crescent	5	2
Richland	50	1
Patton	62	—
Shaler	48	5
Reserve	151	16
Hampton	29	—
Sewickley	39	2
Versailles	148	12
North Fayette	27	11
Upper St. Clair	52	—
Neville	17	—
McCandless	17	3
Findley	39	—
Franklin	20	2
Pitt	153	7
Plum	96	1
Total	6715	658

There are thirteen districts yet to be summed up—the First, Fourth and Seventh wards, Pittsburgh; First Ward, Allegheny; Birmingham and Duquesne boroughs, and Elizabeth, Mifflin, Robinson, Ross and Lower St. Clair townships.

The thirty-five townships reported give an aggregate of 2,483; thirteen boroughs, 1,413; and nine wards, 2,819. In the same proportion, the remaining five townships would give 355; two boroughs, 218; and four wards, 672. Supposing these figures to be correct, the total number in Pennsylvania organizations would be as follows:

Wards	4,071
Boroughs	1,631
Townships	2,838
Total	8,540

The quota of Allegheny county is 10,593, so that if the actual result shows no better than the approximate, we will be in debt to the government 2,053 men. The returns will be complete in a day or two, when the exact figures will be given. The 655 enlisted in organizations outside the State are not credited on the draft.

We believe the returns of the enrolling officers, so far as the rural districts are concerned, are accurate enough for all practical purposes, but we are convinced that in the wards and boroughs we have lost fully 1,500 men not accounted for. The Deputies have no doubt done their whole duty, but it was simply impossible for them to ascertain the name of *all* who have enlisted. The muster rolls will tell a very different tale, but it is said that the government will hold us to the enrollment as a basis for the draft.

Then to sum up. One week remains in which to enlist, and those new organizations, such as the Corcoran Regiment, the Stanton Cavalry, the Stanton Artillery and the Corcoran Battery, should be speedily filled up. If this is done the draft will be very light, and will fall only upon those districts in arrears.

Enrollment in the Western Counties --Where the Draft will Fall.

Marshal Murdock, of this city, has received returns from the Deputies appointed in the following Western counties. In some instances the whole number enrolled has been forwarded, while in others this is omitted—the number in service only having been sent. We also add, in a separate column, the quota required of the several counties named:

Counties.	Enrolled.	In service.	Quota.
Washington	5289	2093	2783
Erie	—	1392	2923
Blair	5924	1776	1634
Monteur	2565	456	731
Bradford	—	2439	2944
Beaver	—	1356	1720
Clarion	4367	1551	1250
Clinton	3598	1058	1045
Centre	5661	1945	1593
Fayette	6517	1740	2363
Forest	174	73	52
Greene	4458	704	1435
Huntingdon	—	1707	1650
Indiana	—	1690	1993
Jefferson	3489	1107	1083
Juniata	—	699	950
Wyoming	—	570	744
Lawrence	4231	1352	1366
M'Kin	—	1884	963
McKean	1447	490	250
Northumberland	—	1272	1709
Venango	—	1153	1482
Somerset	—	1122	1583
Union	—	806	837
Warren	—	871	1113

It can be seen, at a glance, what counties have furnished their quotas, and what have not. Three or four have furnished an excess. Some are close up to the mark, while the majority will have to be "brought up to the scratch" by a draft.

The Agricultural College.

The election for Trustees of the Pennsylvania Farm High School, took place on the 3rd inst., at the College, in Centre county. A delegation from the Allegheny County Agricultural Society attended the election, and were conveyed in carriages from Spruce Creek Station to the College grounds. They were very hospitably entertained, as were all those in attendance.

The election resulted in the choice of the following named gentlemen: Judge Helster, of Dauphin, and Judge Hale, of Centre county, were re-elected. Moses Chew, Esq., of Allegheny county, was elected in place of Major Snodgrass.

THEATRE.—This evening, for the first time in this city, will be presented the wonderful and startling German legendary drama in three acts, entitled the "Gold Fiend, or the Demon Gambler," with new scenery and mechanical effects placed upon the stage, under the immediate direction of Mr. Henderson, Miss Amy Frost appearing in the character of the Zingaro Boy, and Mr. G. D. Chaplin as Robert Von Brenet, the Demon Gambler, who sells his soul for gold to old Asmodmas.

COL. COLLIER'S REGIMENT.—The 139th Regiment went into camp Chase, near Washington, Sept. 3, and were the same day ordered off to Bull's Run.

Mass Meeting in Allegheny--The People Moving.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings which we have attended for some time, took place in the Diamond Square, Allegheny, on Saturday evening, in pursuance of the call of Mayor Alexander, "to take action in reference to the proclamation of Governor Curtin."

The people began to assemble at five o'clock—the hour mentioned in the call—but it was deemed prudent to adjourn the meeting until half past seven o'clock, so as to permit the attendance of the working men. Mayor Alexander accordingly took the stand, and, on motion, appointed Messrs. R. Ashworth, James Park, Jr., Capt. Wm. Dawson, Wm. Semple and S. Riddle a Committee to report business to the meeting, at the hour last named; whereupon, the meeting then adjourned.

At half past seven o'clock, James Park, Jr., in the absence of the Mayor, called the meeting to order, when the following organization was effected:

President—Felix R. Brunot.

Vice-Presidents—Henry Irwin, William A. Reed, John Blair, Wm. Owens, R. B. Francis and John Megraw.

Secretaries—S. Riddle and J. Robinson.

The Chairman of the Committee on resolutions was then called upon, and submitted the following report:

WHEREAS, The patriotic sons of Pennsylvania—and especially the citizens from our own brave old county of Allegheny—have ever been amongst the first to respond to the call for volunteers to defend our government from the assaults of its enemies; and

WHEREAS, The recent movements of the rebel hordes, towards the Upper Potomac, and into Northern Kentucky admonish us to lay aside our dreams of fancied security, and prepare for war—earnest, vigorous, desolating war—and

WHEREAS, The Governor of this Commonwealth has earnestly requested the citizens to organize and prepare themselves for military duty, under the laws of the State, therefore,

1. *Resolved*, That we, the citizens of Allegheny City and vicinity, in Mass Meeting assembled, do hereby pledge ourselves to the performance of that, and every other duty devolving upon us as true and loyal citizens of this great Commonwealth.

2. That it is the duty of all male citizens between the ages of 18 and 45, and all others capable of bearing arms, to organize themselves according to the militia laws of this State, in response to the Proclamation of the Governor, and by frequent drills to accustom themselves to the use of arms, and such military movements as might render them manageable, in case of necessity.

3. That it is the duty of all good citizens to cheerfully yield whatever sacrifice of time, labor and money may be necessary, and to promote the organization, arming and drilling of the people, by every lawful means. And we consider that man as a traitor to the suspicion of doubt upon the fidelity, who, by word or deed, would discourage or prevent any one from so doing.

4. That the Executive Committee of the Committee of Safety for Allegheny county be requested to act as our Executive Committee. And that we also appoint a Sub-Committee of five for the city of Allegheny, to act in connection with the Committee of Organization of that Committee, which Committee of five shall be composed of Thomas H. Howe, James Park, Jr., and three persons to be appointed by this meeting.

5. That the people of each election precinct of this city are urged to organize at least one company, of one hundred men, said companies, when full, to be formed into a regiment, or regiments.

6. That it is the opinion of this meeting that the Governor should, by proclamation, render it compulsory on all citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 to carry themselves for drill in the local organizations for that purpose.

7. That any and all efforts of demagogues or partisans to divert the people from the sole object of this movement—to organize and drill for the defense of our State—should be met by the indignant protest of every loyal and patriotic citizen.

8. That Allegheny City should speedily report an organization of one thousand men, in response to the Governor's proclamation, and that such men should be enrolled as the "First Regiment of Allegheny City Reserves."

9. That the President of this meeting be authorized to appoint a Vigilance Committee of eight—two from each ward—with the Mayor of the city, whose duty it shall be to report to the U. S. Marshal for the Western District of Pennsylvania all persons who shall be charged with the utterance of treasonable language, or who shall give any other evidence of disloyalty to the government.

After the reading of the report of the Committee, Mr. Park requested the Chairman to explain to the meeting why the names of two members of the Committee on Organization were inserted in the report—those of James Park, Jr. and T. M. Howe. It was explained that the Committee had endeavored to so arrange the organization in Allegheny city as to be a district, and yet co-operative movement; and it therefore had recommended the appointment of Messrs. Park and Howe, because both those gentlemen were already members of the County Committee.

The Chair designated Messrs. R. Ashworth, Wm. Semple and Samuel Riddle, as the other members of the Committee on Organization.

After the unanimous adoption of the preamble and resolutions by the meeting, James L. Graham, Esq., was called upon to address the meeting, which he proceeded to do, at some length. Messrs. Johns Robinson, John Meyer, James Park, Jr., and the President, also spoke briefly.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted, after which the meeting adjourned:

Resolved, That all able bodied male citizens of Allegheny meet at their respective places of holding election on Monday evening at five o'clock, for the purpose of organising for drill, according to the proclamation of the Governor.

Meeting in Manchester.

An adjourned meeting was held in the Market House, Manchester, on Saturday evening. The meeting was organized as previously. The Committee appointed to prepare a roll reported favorably. A book of enrollment was opened, and several names were entered.

On motion, it was decided that the members of the old companies should serve as a nucleus for the new enrollments.

A Committee was appointed to confer with the Executive Committee of Allegheny county, in reference to the act of 1858, for enrolling the militia. Adjourned.

The remaining members of the old Company, after adjournment, met at the shop of Thomas Harper, Esq., electing him as Chairman, and Mr. J. L. Cornwell, Secretary. On motion, a meeting was called for this evening, at 7 o'clock, at the Market House, in order to hear the report of the Committee.

The State Fair.

The next State Fair will take place at Norristown, Montgomery county, Pa., on September 30th, and October 1st, 2d and 3d, 1862. The most liberal arrangements are being made with Railroad Companies—the most important roads having agreed to carry freight free. Excursion tickets will also be issued at reduced rates. Railroad rates will be published in the next issue of this paper. The premium list is very heavy, and the locality accessible by the Norristown and Philadelphia Railroad, and also by the Reading Railroad. Quite a number of exhibitors have already made entries of articles. From present indications the Fair will be one of the largest ever held in this State. For premium list and particulars, address A. B. Longaker, Secretary, Norristown, Penna.

The Arms Used by the Home Guards.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee, held on Saturday, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the President be instructed to order the return, to the Rooms of the Board of Trade, on Fourth street, Pittsburgh, of the accoutrements, distributed last year, to the Home Guards. Also, all arms held by those companies. Arms and equipments not returned within the week will subject the holders to legal process for their recovery.

All persons interested are urgently requested to take notice of this resolution, as a failure will be followed by the penalty of suits and costs.

WM. F. JOHNSTON,
Chairman Ex. Committee.

CLARK'S REGIMENT.—We learn from a private letter, received from a member, of this Regiment, dated on the 5th inst., that it is encamped at Fairfax Seminary, about four miles from Washington. The men were all well, in good spirits, and progressing rapidly in drill. The letter states that thirty men from each company had been detailed to throw up breast works.

DROWNED.—A boy aged nine years, son of Mr. Minas Tindle, of the Second Ward, was drowned in the Monongahela river, near the first dam, on Saturday afternoon, while fishing. Two or three other boys were present, but they were so confused that they could render no assistance. The body was not recovered.

We are indebted to Thos. F. Wilson, Esq., U. S. Consul at Bahia, Brazil, for a file of Brazilian papers. We perceive from one, dated June 5th, 1862, that Mr. Wilson was officially declared, by his Majesty, the Emperor of Brazil, as Consul of the United States for the city and province of Bahia.

FUNDS EXHAUSTED.—We understand that the funds of the Subsistence Committee are now almost exhausted, and the committee will be obliged to call on our citizens for contributions. We hope for the credit of our city our people will respond promptly and liberally to this noble institution.

Address of the Executive Committee of Public Safety.

ROOMS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF PUBLIC SAFETY, September 6th, 1862.

To the People of Allegheny County:

The Governor of the Commonwealth has requested the citizens to form military organizations, in order to perfect themselves in drill and other military instruction, so that they who are not required for service against the wicked and devilish rebels and traitors now massed and in arms, designing the destruction of Constitutional liberty, may be ready as minute men, well disciplined, armed and organized to go *when* and *where* needed, in order to prevent invasion of the soil of Pennsylvania, and to secure the hearthstones and domestic altars of the citizens from outrage and spoliation. Duty, patriotism, and the great law of self-preservation, demand a cheerful compliance with the Governor's recommendation.

Whilst thousands of fathers, brothers and sons are in the national army to save the Government, its Constitution and its glorious Union from the ruthless assassin who assails those monuments of our peace, safety and greatness as a people, let none of us prove so recreant as to refuse to them aid and countenance, and especially efficient protection to those whom they have left behind them, helpless by the withdrawal of their strong arms and big, brave hearts.

We urge our fellow-citizens to organize, form companies, arm with all such weapons as may be within their control, and report to this committee, that the necessary arrangements may be made for supplying arms, &c., to those without them.

Let us be in haste—*prudent, wise* haste. Let us resolve that a foeman's footprints on the sacred soil of our good old State, shall be blotted out forever by the blood of the aggressor; let us be in earnest; let us appeal to God to arouse within our hearts and souls the spirit of terrible and determined earnestness.

We advise that each election district in the several wards, boroughs and townships in the county organize one or more companies. Let the work be done faithfully and thoroughly. In the present crisis, all who are not willingly with the country may be safely charged with being against it. Liberty and Union, one and inseparable, now and *forever*. Let us so organize, that we may now preserve our institutions, and that we leave a ready means for our children to perform their great duty. Our people need to be aroused, disciplined, and organized, so that rebellion, now and hereafter, may be crushed, treason punished, and that the best government vouchsafed by a kind Providence to man may be preserved for all time to come. By order of Committee.

WM. F. JOHNSTON, Chairman.

Thos. M. Howe,	Isaac Jones,
Jas. Park, jr.,	M. Swartsweldor,
Geo. P. Hamilton	Wm. Coleman,
Thos. S. Blair,	Geo. McCook, sr.,
Jas. H. Sewell,	P. C. Shannon,
Jas. McAuley,	E. H. Stone,
Jas. B. Murray,	Wm. Wilkins,
Wm. M. Lyon,	Jas. P. Barr,
Thos. Steele,	B. C. Sawyer,
Wm. R. Brown,	A. C. Alexander,
Jas. Hardman,	John Harper,
J. R. McGuire,	Wm. Robinson, jr.,
Chas. W. Batchelor,	Wm. K. Nimick,
Wm. M. Shinn,	Jas. M. Cooper,
Wm. Phillips,	Francis Felix,
Thos. Bakewell,	Francis Seliers,
Jas. A. Hutchison,	Felix R. Brunot,
Henry McCullough,	B. F. Jones,
J. E. Parke,	T. J. Bigham,
Reuben Miller, jr.,	John Myler,
Edward Gregg,	Jas. P. Tanner,
Geo. W. Cass,	S. M. Wickersham,
William S. Morrison,	Jos. French.

GEO. H. THURSTON, Secretary.

Homicide on Mount Washington.

On Saturday night, about eleven o'clock, an affray occurred at a beer house on Mount Washington, between two men named Henry Haney and Anthony Weil, which has resulted in the death of the former. The circumstances are these: Haney had been engaged to watch a peach orchard in the vicinity, having in his possession a double barrelled gun and double barrelled pistol. At eleven o'clock he started towards home, and stopped at a beer hall to get a drink. Two or three men took up his gun to examine it, Weil being among them. Haney told them to be careful, as the gun was charged. Weil exhibited a disposition to hold on to it, when Haney went to take it from him. Weil did not let go the gun, when Haney said he had another weapon, drawing the pistol. Weil exclaimed, "you would not draw that on me, would you?" and at the same time seized hold of it. In the scuffle, the barrels separated from the stock, and Weil dealt Haney a very severe blow over the head with the barrels, which fractured the skull. The injured man was conveyed to his residence near by, where he expired at eleven o'clock Sunday morning. Weil was arrested and committed to jail on a charge of murder. He has a wife and four children, while the deceased was unmarried.

An Infamous Outrage.

On Thursday, a negro named Sylvester Weber, employed by a man named Allen, at the Four Mile Run, entered the house of a volunteer's wife, Mrs. Sullivan, and attempted a gross outrage. He was foiled in his attempt, and then turned upon the defenseless woman and beat her severely. About fifty citizens, hearing of the outrage, turned out with clubs in pursuit of the villain, and would have killed him on the spot if he could have been found. They made a most thorough search of the neighborhood, but failed to find the scoundrel. The men are terribly enraged, and it is said they had every thing ready to hang Weber.

EDS. GAZETTE:—In your paper of the 5th inst., you state, in an article concerning the "McAuley Guards," that each of the commissioned officers were furnished with a sword and belt by Mr. McAuley. We do not wish to detract from the patriotic efforts of that gentleman, but simply to state that the sword of Lieut. Kilgore was purchased and presented to him by his friends and associates of the Fifth Ward. That's all. FIFTH WARD.

NOTE—We regret that we have been led into error through information received from a member of the company. We were informed that the commissioned officers had each been presented with a sword by Mr. McAuley, but now learn that other friends had anticipated Mr. McA. in the matter of swords for the two Lieutenants, restricting that gentleman's liberality to the present of a fine war horse to Col. Allen; uniform, sword, sash and belt, to Capt. Hall, and uniforms to each of his Lieutenants. Our informant, it seems, had named *swords*, instead of *uniforms*.

FELL DEAD.—A man named Edward Stone, a resident of Philadelphia, fell dead on Saturday evening, while walking along Chestnut street, in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny. He was here on a visit, and was in company with a friend, to whom he complained of dizziness, and immediately fell and expired.

ENROLLMENT RETURNS.—In the Fifth Ward the whole number of names enrolled in 1,933, enlisted, 435; subject to draft, 1,498. The Third Ward, Allegheny, feots up a total of 1,638; enlisted, 467; subject to draft, 1,171.

CORRECTION.—*Dennis* McCollum, of Washington county, (and not *Dennis* McOllum, of Washington borough,) was the party arrested and held to bail for discouraging enlistments. Dennis McCollum is patriotic and loyal to the backbone.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING AND WHERE TO GET THEM.—We would say that Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, have just received their summer goods, and their patterns are all of the latest styles. Any person desiring a well-made and neatly fitting suit of clothes, their establishment is the right place. All their clothing is made under their own supervision, and they are always ready to sell cheap to cash buyers.

IRVING W. COMBS, Carpenter and Joiner, Jobbing Shop Virgin alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. All kinds of House Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner. Charges moderate. Leave your orders. All orders promptly attended to.

Two good hands wanted immediately.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246, Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

MARRIED:

FORD—WATSON—September 5th, by the Rev. I. C. Pershing, D. D., Mr. J. P. FORD, formerly of Clarion, now of Manchester, and Miss MAGGIE H. WATSON, of the latter place.

[Clarion papers please copy.]

WANTS.

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a young man with good character and references, in a wholesale or manufacturing establishment, as Clerk or Salesman. Writes a good hand and has a good knowledge of business. Address "J. G. F.," care of J. S. Duworth & Co.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7, 1862.

GEN. TURCHIN'S LATE BRIGADE.

An effort is being made to have Gen. Turchin's late brigade, now broken up and scattered along railroad lines by Buell, in punishment for their alleged misconduct, recruited and removed from Gen. Buell's command, to be put in the new division, which, it is hoped, will be organized for Gen. Turchin. There is little prospect, however, that the effort will succeed. The whole regular army influence, which is overwhelmingly predominant now, is against Gen. Turchin in this matter.

PERSONAL.

Col. Devilliers is here from Chicago.

Major General Banks is in town.

GEN. M'CLELLAN'S NEW COMMAND.

It is currently stated that Gen. McClellan's command has been again extended, and that he now has control of the forces in the field, as well as those concentrated for the defence of Washington.

SENATOR LANE.

Senator Jim Lane is here from Kansas, looking after the arrangement for arming his new recruits. He wants arms for double the number he has yet raised, and promises speedily to find men to use them.

CASSIUS M. CLAY

Has been here for a couple of days past. He had an interview with Secretary Stanton yesterday, but it is understood that no decision had yet been reached as to his future position. He still desires to enter the military service, but can only do so on certain conditions, which the Government is hardly prepared for. It is still expected that he will ultimately return to Russia, whether he performs any military service here previously or not.

SENATOR FESSENDEN

Has been successful in recovering the body of his son who was killed in the recent engagement at Bull Run.

AFFAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Senator Henry S. Lane is here. It is stated that he, Garrett Davis, and some other prominent Kentuckians and Indianians, have been making representations with regard to the management of affairs in the Kentucky campaign, and requested certain arrangements in Kentucky which, Lane says, have been long desired for promoting the efficiency of the service there. There is little prospect, however, of their succeeding in securing what is wanted.

CONDUCT OF OFFICERS.

It is understood that any investigations of the conduct of officers in the late engagement that may have been begun, or contemplated, have been temporarily suspended, Gen. McClellan having represented to the President that their services in the field are absolutely necessary in this emergency.

AFFAIRS AT FREDERICK.

We have information from Frederick down to Saturday afternoon, generally confirming the accounts already sent. Only a locomotive was left there, and it was afterwards brought off and nothing was lost, excepting medical stores, which had been fired the previous night. When the rebels took possession of that station they posted a sentry at the door of the restaurant, with orders to shoot any one furnishing soldiers with liquor.

We had a report last night that the railroad bridge across the Monocacy had been destroyed, but the rumor lacked confirmation. At last advices the railroad company had received no such intelligence.

The rebels are jubilant and highly elated at their success. They threaten Baltimore, Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Washington. The only safe termination of the enterprise it would seem to be a detour to the West, looking to the gathering of supplies and making a speedy return to Virginia, west of Blue Ridge, unless they seize and hold the fortresses of the Alleghenies, and thence depredating on the free border States.

Rumors are not wanting that another force of rebels have crossed the Potomac west of Harper's Ferry.

ANOTHER CONFIRMATION.

One of the volunteer nurses, who was taken prisoner, just returned this evening to Washington, having left Ridgeville this morning. He confirms the report of Frederick being in the possession of the rebels. Their cavalry rode into the place on Saturday morning, and demanded a surrender of the hospital. Their pickets are thrown out as far as New Market. Johnson's holds this position with a heavy force. Jackson was said to be fifteen miles this side of Point of Rocks.

Later accounts from Poolesville state that their cavalry are scouring the whole country for horses, cattle and provisions.

The rebels have no infantry this side of Poolesville. They are drawn up in line of battle across the road, and rest upon their arms, ready for the attack. They are in high spirits, and feel sure of taking Washington, but say they are going north first to procure supplies.

EVACUATION OF ACQUIA CREEK.

We have advices that at noon yesterday the railroad depot at Acquia Creek, together with fifty cars, and a small amount of stores, were destroyed by the Federal troops. The arms and engines were all saved.

Our forces held Fredericksburg till Saturday morning. The people there, as soon as they heard of the evacuation of Acquia Creek, seized seven or eight men belonging to the railroad company, and to the number of about two hundred marched triumphantly about town.

GENERAL POPE.

The fact of Gen. Pope's assignment to a new and important command is regarded here as evidence that the Government's confidence in him it unabated, and that only the alleged loss of confidence in him by the soldiers required any change.

GENERAL M'DOWELL.

It is rumored that General McDowell is, for the present, to take command of the Military Academy at West Point.

GENS. POPE AND MCDOWELL.

Gens. Pope and McDowell started to New York to-night. It is understood that the latter officer has applied for a Board of Inquiry to investigate his conduct in recent battles. A member of the Cabinet stated on last Saturday that Government had nothing to convince it that McDowell had in any way failed of doing his whole duty, or had done anything to destroy confidence in him, and Government would not therefore order any investigation, but that McDowell would probably demand one.

LATEST FROM THE UPPER POTOMAC.

Latest advices from the Upper Potomac state that a rebel force is in the neighborhood of Darnestown and Clarksburg, composed entirely of cavalry, and limited at about three thousand. About two thousand five hundred rebels crossed the Potomac last night at White's Ferry, above Edward's Ferry and are supposed to have moved towards Frederick. Our forces held the bridge across Seneca, which were not interposed with by the rebels on their return from Darnestown. Rebel pickets reported near Clarksburg, to-day, say Jackson's force is forty-five thousand. Jackson is understood to have moved along the North bank of Monocracy, towards Frederick.

LATEST FROM CINCINNATI.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 7, 1862.

The most reliable information we have is that the rebels are in force at Williamstown, thirty miles from this city, on the Lexington pike. At this point two dirt roads diverge to the Ohio river, one striking at Warsaw below and the other at Augusta above this city. The Ohio river is fordable, even for infantry, at or near these places, but the points are strongly guarded. This advance to Williamstown would indicate an attack on Cincinnati.

The work on the fortifications has progressed rapidly, and they are now very strong.

If the rebels push forward, we must have a fight here in a day or two.

Maj. Gen. Wallace has been assigned to command the troops at Covington, and has moved his headquarters to that place.

Maj. Gen. Wright permits business to go on as usual, except that the stores are to be closed at 4 o'clock p. m.

The people here are preparing for the shock of battle, but there is not as much excitement as on last Monday. A deep feeling, however, prevails.

We have reports that the rebels are getting a large number of recruits in Kentucky. This is probably true, though all reports from there are greatly exaggerated.

There are startling reports of evacuation in Tennessee.

Great movements are on foot.

The Secessionists, who are usually well posted, claim that the rebels will invade Ohio *via* Maysville. S.

FROM BALTIMORE.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7.

All accounts concur in saying that the rebels are in Frederick City, this State, supposed to be five thousand strong. General Wool told Gov. Bradford and the Committee of Baltimoreans, this afternoon, that there was no real cause of alarm. The news comes from numerous refugees, who left Frederick yesterday. The rebels were coming in as they went out. These parties, however, were much alarmed, and incapable of telling reliable stories. The railroad is interrupted to Frederick. J. M.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 6—8 P. M.—The *Evening Times* has information that Stevenson, Alabama, was attacked, but the enemy was repulsed with great loss.

Athens, Alabama, has been burned by our troops.

Bragg has left Chattanooga, advancing on Nashville.

The city is greatly excited this afternoon over rumors in circulation as to the near approach of the enemy.

Telegraphic communication is open as far as Springfield.

To-night, the rebels are reported in force at Williamstown, about thirty miles distant, on the Georgetown turnpike.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 7.—General Order, No. 2, issued by Maj. Gen. Wright, to-day, says Maj. Gen. Wallace, relieved from duty in Cincinnati, will repair to Covington, where he will make his headquarters for the present, proceed to organize into Brigades troops mustered into service and concentrated at and in the vicinity of Newport and Covington. Maj. Jas. H. Simpson, U. S. Topographical Engineer, charged with the construction of such field works deemed necessary for defensive purposes in the vicinity of Newport and Covington, will proceed to examine and repair entrenchments already thrown up, and will extend them should it be deemed advisable. Lieut. Col. S. Burkank, 13th U. S. Infantry, will continue to discharge the duties of military commander of Cincinnati. From him all ward organizations for military purposes, and independent military companies, will receive instructions. Resumption of all lawful business, in the city of Cincinnati, except the sale of liquors, is hereby authorized until 4 P. M., daily. Druggists, Manufacturers of Breadstuffs, Provision Dealers, Railroad, Express and Transfer Companies, persons connected with the public Press, and all persons doing business for Government, will be allowed to pursue their vocations without interruption. At 4 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted, all military organizations in the city of Cincinnati will assemble for drill. Members of such organization will hold themselves in readiness to rally at their places of rendezvous at a moment's warning, the signal for which will be the tolling of the city bells. Organization of all able bodied citizens into working corps will be perfected with the aid of the city authorities, and details made from day to day, as may be necessary, so as to equalize the burden and require from each man the proper amount of labor. The *Daily Press*, of last evening, announced its temporary suspension. The city is quiet to-day. Gen. Heath is reported to be at Williamstown, with fifteen thousand men.

Exciting from Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Sept 7.—We understand arrangements are being made to forward to the entrance of Cumberland Valley all the troops in the neighborhood. The men, and other regiments from New York and the East, that have arrived and are detained here for that purpose. If an attempt should be made to invade Pennsylvania, a warm reception will await them. Citizens organizing themselves into companies under the Governor's proclamation are not required to clothe or equip themselves. Arms will be promptly furnished upon application to Adjutant-General Russell, by the regularly elected Captain, and not necessarily the Captain as the Brigade Inspector. Captains will be required to give bond or some good security for their safe keeping. Companies can be organized to number from 32 to 98, rank and file. Companies and regiments thus organizing, should drill constantly, and hold themselves in readiness to march to the defence of our border, upon short notice. The employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad shop, at this place, numbering over two hundred, marched in a body, yesterday, to the capitol grounds for drill, and were addressed by the Governor. The Superintendent of the Middle Division of the Road, was in the ranks as a private. Companies and squads are drilling to-day in all our streets and public places.

The Governor has messengers extended all along the border of our State, and is in constant communication. He has received intelligence that the rebels crossed the Potomac in force at or near Point of Rocks, and now occupy Frederick, Md. Their pickets extend seven miles towards Hagerstown. They possessed themselves of all the shoes, clothing, &c., in the stores at Frederick, paying for the same in Confederate scrip. The rebels say they are going to Baltimore.

The telegraph operator remains at Hagerstown, but says he cannot hold the office much longer. Nearly all the Union men have left the town.

Our people should awaken to the fact that invasion is imminent, and though Gov. Curtin is doing all in his power, his hope for the future is based entirely upon the prompt response of our citizens when called on to march.

Companies are forming all over the State. Over 1,000 stand of arms were sent to Adams county to-day, and 1,500 were sent to Franklin county, in charge of Maj. Washabaugh, yesterday.

From Gallipolis, Ohio.

GALLIPOLIS, OHIO, Sept. 6.—Telegraphic communication in the Kanawha Valley has been suspended above Point Pleasant.

Jenkins encamped to-night at Buffalo, with fifteen hundred men. About two thousand more are expected to join him to-night. The enemy is stripping the country of horses. It is supposed that his object is to cut off communication with our Kanawha troops.

The militia of Gallia county assembled to-day to the number of twenty-seven hundred, and completed their organization.

Very little fear is felt of a raid on this place.

Bridge Burned.

SHEPHERDSVILLE, Sept. 7.—About five hundred rebel cavalry burned one section of Salt River Bridge, this morning, damaging but slightly the new iron portion recently erected.

General Dumont had his forces under arms all day at Lebanon Junction, expecting an attack by a rebel force.

All is quiet south of Lebanon Junction along the line of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

Three Bridges Burnt in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 6.—The rebels yesterday burned three bridges over Benson Creek, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, about sixty miles east of here. The train, this afternoon, went as further than Lagrange.

Important from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept 6.—The arrest of straggling officers continues daily and nightly. In the last forty-eight hours several hundred have been secured and brought before the Provost Marshal in disgrace, and sent to their respective regiments under arrest.

A person who has just arrived from Fredericksburg direct, states that on Monday after our evacuation, there were many of the inhabitants, who had purchased boots and shoes from our sutlers, ostensibly for their own use, packed them into wagons and sent them off to the rebel soldiers. It is believed they sent away large quantities of such needed supplies of this description, thus obtained, to the rebel army. A free colored man, a drayman, was arrested and summarily hung by the Confederates, in Fredericksburg, for carting articles for contraband.

Mr. H. M. Pierce, General Superintendent of the Hospital corps of male nurses, has ordered that no more nurses be enlisted for hospital purposes. The large number of citizen nurses who have generously offered their services to meet the late emergency, having proved sufficient to meet all immediate wants. When the train of wounded from the late battle-field reached Alexandria, last night, they were halted at the camp of the 36th Massachusetts Regiment, and were generously provided with hot coffee and bread, which was gratefully appreciated by the wounded, who had ridden through the hot sun a distance of over thirty miles. The Regiment that performed this act of generosity is among the new troops which have arrived.

General Orders, No. 125.—The following named officers are, by direction of the President dismissed from the service of the United States, for being absent without leave from their commands, while the armies to which they belonged were fighting the enemy in the field:

Capt. Thornton Smith, Assistant Quartermaster, Volunteers; Lieut. John Simpson, 99th P. V.; Lieut. J. Harrison, 20th N. Y.; Surgeon Edward Dalton, 36th N. Y. Volunteers; Capt. E. Valentine, A. D. C.; Lieut. S. L. Christie, A. D. C.; Capt. J. V. Patten, 2d Ohio Volunteers; Maj. J. C. Austin, 106th Pennsylvania; Captain John Sherry, 106th Pennsylvania; Lieut. Warren, 38th New York Volunteers; Lieut. P. C. Crawford, A. D. C.

By order of the Secretary of War.

L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.

The War Department has issued an order concerning supplies to the drafted militia. The camps of rendezvous in the different States will be supplied by the United States Quartermaster, as follows: Camp in Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts, by Capt. McKim, Assistant Quartermaster, Boston. In Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, and a part of New Jersey, by Col. Vinton, Deputy Quartermaster General, New York. In part of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Delaware, by Col. Crossman, Deputy Quartermaster General, Philadelphia. The camp near Harrisburg will be supplied requisitions upon Capt. E. C. Wilson, Assistant Quartermaster, at Harrisburg, and those near Pittsburgh by Major A. Montgomery, at Pittsburgh. In Ohio by Capt. J. Dickerson, Assistant Quartermaster, Cincinnati. In Indiana by Capt. Jos. A. Rhin, Assistant Quartermaster, Indianapolis. In Illinois and Wisconsin by Capt. John A. Potter, Assistant Quarterm