LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

Important War Orders.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Aug. 15, 1862.

General Orders No. 107.—1st. Officers of the regular army will, as a general rule, receive leaves of absence to accept the rank of Colonel in volunteer regiments, but not lower grades. Non-commissioned officers and privates will be discharged on receiving commissions in volunteer regiments.

2d. The oath of allegiance will not be administered to any person against his own will. It must, in all cases, be a voluntary act on his part, nor will any compulsory parole of honor be received, but oaths taken and paroles given to avoid arrest, detention, imprisonment or expulsion are volunteer or free acts, and cannot be regarded as compulsory. All persons guilty of violating such oaths or paroles will be punished according to the laws and usages of war.

3d. The laws of the United States, and the general laws of war, authorize, in certain cases, the seizure and convertion of private property for the assistance of transportation and other uses of the army; but this must be distinguished from pillage. The taking of property for public purposes is very different from its convertion to private uses. All property lawfully taken from the enemy, or from the inhabitants in an enemy's country, instantly becomes public property, and must be used and accounted for as such. The 52d article of war authorizes the penalty of death for pillage or plundering, and other articles authorize severe punishments for any officer or soldier who shall sell, embezzle, misapply, or waste military stores, or who shall permit the waste or misapplication of any such public property. The penalty is the same whether the offence be committed in our own or in an enemy's territory.

4th. All property, public or private, taken from alleged enemies, must be inventoried and duly accounted for. If the property taken be claimed as private, receipts must be given to such claimants or their agents. Officers will be held strictly accountable for all property taken by them or by their authority, and it must be returned for the same as any other public property.

5th. When foraging parties are sent out for provisions or other stores, the commanding officer of such party will be held accountable for the conduct of his command, and will make a true report of all property taken.

6th. No officer or soldier will, without authority, leave his colors or ranks to take private property, or to enter a private house for that purpose. All such acts are punishable with death, and an officer who permits them is equally as guilty as the actual pillager.

7th. Commanding officers of armies and corps will be held responsible for the execution of these orders in their respective commands.

By command of
MAJOR GENERAL HALLECK,
General-in-Chief of the Army.
(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, Aug. 14, 1862.

General Orders No. 105.—The inspection of all cavalry forces preparatory to their being mustered into the service shall hereafter comprise, in addition to the usual personal examination, a test of horsemanship, to be made under the direction of the mustering officer, and no person shall be mustered into the cavalry service who does not exhibit good horsemanship, and a practical knowledge of the ordinary care of horses.

By order of the Secretary of War.
(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington August 14, 1862.

General Orders No. 106.—Capt. Lyman M. Kellogg, of the 18th Infantry, having tendered his resignation, while under charges for drunkenness on duty, for disobedience of orders, and conduct prejudicial to the good order and military discipline, by direction of the President of the United States, is hereby dismissed from the service, to take effect August 11, 1862.

By order of the Secretary of War:
(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 18.—The bridge across Hampton Creek was rebuilt to-day, and a pontoon bridge was laid across the bar to it.

A force of cavalry arrived at Hampton about noon to-day. A large number of troops are in camp two miles this side of Newport News to-night.

A large baggage train is now at Hamptou.

Gen. Burnside is now at Fortress Monroe, and there is some talk of his taking command of the army now under Gen. McClellan.

That a portion of this army must remain on the Peninsula, especially between Hampton and Yorktown, is evident, as there are twenty acres of land covered by hospitals at Hampton, and a railroad is now being completed between that point and Fortress Monroe.

Affairs in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 20.—The rumored evacuation of Chattanooga, and the movement of the rebels towards Knoxville and Richmond, causes great activity here in military circles. Troops are arriving fast.

There have been no mails North for several days.

A dispatch from Adjutant General Thomas to Gov. Johnson, says that the Union East Tennesseans are held in confinement as prisoners of the State Government. Gov. Johnson has a corresponding number of traitors for exchange.

Arrival of Released Union Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Capts. Downey, Irving and Griffin, and Lieuts. Bagley, Gannon and other officers, amounting to 160 in all, who have been confined in the Charleston jail, arrived here this morning. They are all well.

For the Seat of War.

BOSTON, Aug. 20.—The 16th Maine regiment, which left here yesterday, will be followed to-morrow by the 17th, on Monday by the 18th, on Wednesday by the 19th, and on the Saturday following by the 20th.

Sick and Wounded Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The steamer Atlantic arrived from Fortress Monroe this morning with 516 sick and wounded soldiers.

Gen. Corcoran in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 20.—Gen. Corcoran will arrive here at 1 o'clock. He is to address his Irish fellow-citizens this evening.

WAR FEELING IN ILLINOIS.—The Adjutant General, having received a dispatch asking permission to recruit a company, sent back the following reply:

"Hold on—we are overrun with applications—the whole State is going into camp." Thirty thousand volunteers are now ready on the first call, and twenty thousand are already offered on the second call, and he has permission to accept them all for three years—and no drafting will be necessary in that State.

GEN. FREMONT SPEAKING AT A CAMP MEETING.—Gen. John C. Fremont has been for several days a guest of Major Haskell, one of his aids, at Gloucester, Massachusetts. On Friday last he attended the Methodist camp meeting at Hamilton, and was requested to speak. He complied, and addressed the audience on the affairs of the country, the officers of the government, and the duties of citizens. His remarks were enthusiastically received.

A SECESSIONIST IN IOWA ROUGHLY HANDLED.—At Burlington, Iowa, a man named Landabaugh attempted to disturb a war meeting by cheering for Jeff. Davis and using disloyal language. He was badly beaten, but the rebel sympathizers rescued him when the Home Guards turned out and arrested five of the rescuers and sent them under the charge of the Sheriff to Davenport.

THE Grenada *Appeal*, in an editorial, indulges in lugubrious comments upon the policy of subsidizing our armies upon the rebels. Among other depredations noticed by the *Appeal* is the loss within the last three weeks of $1,000,000 worth of negroes enticed from the counties of Tunica and Coahoma, Mississippi.

RUMORS IN WASHINGTON.—*Washington City, Aug. 19th.*—Rumors are current to-day that the rebel Gen. Jackson is coming up the Shenandoah Valley to outflank Pope and attack Washington. There is probably no foundation for the report.

IOWA.—Iowa, the quota of which, under the last call for volunteers, was five regiments, has already raised under the new call twelve regiments. There will be no need of a draft in that State.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-seventh Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 109.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and additional appropriations for the year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three:

For the recruiting service of the army, namely: For the enlistment of recruits, for quarters, fuel, stationery, straw, postage, bunks, compensation to citizen surgeons for medical attendance, transportation from rendezvous to depots, and all other expenses until put in march to join regiments, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For purchase of books of tactics and instructions for volunteers, fifty thousand dollars.

For pay of the army, eight million nine hundred and five thousand three hundred and eighteen dollars.

For commutation of officers subsistence, one million five hundred and seventy-four thousand one hundred and eighty-six dollars and fifty cents.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, two hundred and eighty-three thousand four hundred and fourteen dollars.

For payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, seventy-one thousand six hundred and thirty dollars.

For pay of volunteers under acts of twenty-second and twenty-fifth of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, two hundred and twenty-six millions two hundred and eighty-three thousand two hundred and eighty-two dollars: *Provided*, That the President shall not be authorized to appoint more than forty major generals, nor more than two hundred brigadier generals. And all acts and parts of acts authorizing a greater number of major and brigadier generals than are above provided for are hereby repealed.

For subsistence in kind for regulars and volunteers, seventy-eight millions three hundred and eighty-six thousand six hundred and forty dollars and eighty cents.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel for officers, enlisted men, guard, hospitals, storehouses, and offices of forage in kind for the horses mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department at the several posts and stations, and with the armies in the field; for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, batteries of artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses when serving in the field and at the outposts, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including blank books for the quartermaster's department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments; and for the printing of division and department orders and reports, thirty-six million nine hundred and twelve thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers of the army on public service; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation of judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed, under the direction of the quartermaster's department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals; in the construction of roads, and on other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and August fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, including those employed as clerks at division and department headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers and to trains where military escorts cannot be furnished; expense of the interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at posts on the frontiers, or at other posts and places when ordered by the Secretary of War, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, guides for the army; compensation of clerks of the officers of the quartermaster's department; compensation of forage and wagon masters authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, viz: the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmiths' and shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes and nails, iron and steel, for shoeing, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, picket ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named; also, generally, the proper and authorized expenses for the movements and operations of an army not expressly assigned to any other department, twenty million eight hundred and thirty-six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of cavalry and artillery horses, five million four hundred thousand dollars.

For mileage, or the allowance made to officers of the army for the transportation of themselves and their baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, escorts, or supplies, one million two hundred and ninety-one thousand six hundred dollars.

For transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops when moving, either by land or water; of clothing, camp equipage, from the depots at Philadelphia and New York to the several posts and army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; and subsistence from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery under contract, to such places as circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from founderies and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; for the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships, and other sea-going vessels, and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; and for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require that it be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads, and removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers, to the extent of which may be required for the actual operations of the troops in the field, forty million dollars.

For hire or commutation of quarters for officers on military duty; hire of quarters for troops; of storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores; of grounds for summer cantonments; for the construction of temporary huts, hospitals, and stables; and for repairing public buildings at established posts, four million two hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars.

For heating and cooking stoves, ninety thousand dollars.

—For maintenance of gunboat fleet proper, two million one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For maintenance of steam rams, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the army, five hundred thousand dollars.

For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage, and for expenses of offices and arsenals, thirty nine million three hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and thirteen dollars and twenty-five cents.

For constructing and extending the telegraph for military purposes, and for expenses in operating the same, five hundred thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, including pay of private physicians, purchase and repair of surgical instruments, purchase of extra hospital bedding, clothing, ice, pay of male citizens as hospital attendants; the maintenance of sick and wounded soldiers, placed in private houses or hospitals; and other necessary comforts for the sick and convalescing in the various military hospitals, five millions seven hundred and five thousand nine hundred and eighty four dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the adjutant general's department at department headquarters, two thousand dollars.

For supplies, transportation, and care of prisoners of war, three million three hundred and seventy-three thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For armament of fortifications, one million sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the current expenses of the ordnance service, seven hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred dollars.

For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, including horse equipments for all mounted troops, seven million three hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For the manufacture of arms at the national armory, one million eight hundred thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements and new machinery at the national armory at Springfield, Massachusetts, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of gunpowder and lead, one million one hundred thousand dollars.

For additions to and extension of shop room, machinery, tools, and fixtures at arsenals, five hundred thousand dollars.

For the purchase and manufacture of arms, for volunteers and regulars, and ordnance and ordnance stores, thirteen million dollars.

For surveys of military defences, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For purchase and repair of instruments, ten thousand dollars.

For printing charts of lake surveys, ten thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the Northern and North-western lakes, including Lake Superior, one hundred and five thousand dollars.

For completion of Fort Clinch, Amelia Island, Florida, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For secret service fund, and to reimburse the contingent fund of the army, five hundred thousand dollars.

For payment of bounty to volunteers, and to the widows and legal heirs of such as may die or be killed in the service of the United States, authorized by the fifth and sixth sections of an act entitled "An act to authorize the employment of volunteers to aid in enforcing the laws and protecting public property," approved July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty one, twenty millions of dollars, or so much thereof as may be found necessary.

For collecting, organizing, and drilling volunteers, in addition to any sums heretofore appropriated for that purpose, five millions of dollars.

For pay and rations for the comfort of discharged soldiers who may arrive in the principal cities of the United States so disabled by disease or by wounds received in the service as to be unable to proceed to their homes, and for forwarding destitute soldiers to their homes, two millions of dollars, to be applied and expended under the direction of the President of the United States.

For enlarging, repairing, and furnishing the northwest executive building, twenty thousand dollars.

For grading and improving that part of Judiciary square, in the city of Washington, upon which the general hospital of the United States is located, four thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Surgeon General.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the seventh section of the act approved 3rd March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, entitled "An act to provide a military asylum for the relief and support of invalid and disabled soldiers of the United States," as requires that "all moneys, not exceeding two-thirds of the balance on hand, of hospital fund and of the post fund of each military station, after deducting the necessary expenses," shall be set apart for the support of the military asylum, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the enlisted men of the Ordnance Department now designated as master-workmen shall hereafter be designated and mustered as sergeants; those now designated as armorers, carriage-makers, and blacksmiths shall be designated and mustered as corporals; those now designated as artificers shall be designated and mustered as privates of the first class, and those now designated as laborers shall be designated and mustered as privates of the second class: *Provided*, That the pay, rations, and clothing now authorized by law to the respective grades of enlisted ordnance men shall not be changed.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where recruiting officers have in good faith paid the two dollars for bringing accepted recruits to the rendezvous, before receiving notice of the repeal of the regulation allowing the same, the accounts of such officers shall be allowed in settlement by the Treasury Department.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be added to the clerical force of the Surgeon General's office one clerk of class one and one clerk of class two, and there shall be added to the clerical force of the Paymaster General's office twenty clerks of class two and twenty clerks of class one; and there shall be added to the clerical and other force of the Adjutant General's office four clerks of class two, six clerks of class one, and ten other clerks at a monthly compensation of sixty dollars each; and the Adjutant General may detail ten more non-commissioned officers of the army as clerks in his office; and the sum of fifty-one thousand two hundred dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the salaries of the clerks hereby authorized.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That section five of the act "to authorize the employment of volunteers to aid in enforcing the laws and protecting public property," approved July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and section five of the act "to increase the present military establishment of the United States," approved July twenty-nine, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall be so construed as to allow twenty-five dollars of the bounty of one hundred dollars therein provided to be paid immediately after enlistment to every soldier of the regular and volunteer forces hereafter enlisted during the continuance of the existing war, and the sum of seven millions five hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for such payment.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That all the aids-de-camp appointed by authority of the act approved fifth August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to increase the present military establishment of the United States," approved July twenty-nine, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall be nominated to the Senate for its advice and consent.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States be and he hereby is authorized, by and with the consent of the Senate, to appoint as many military storekeepers in the Quartermaster's department of the army as the exigencies of the service may require; provided the whole number of military storekeepers in that department shall not exceed twelve.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the following sums be and the same are hereby, in like manner, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the service of the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two:

For the construction and maintenance of the gunboat fleet proper, four hundred thousand dollars.

For purchasing, construction, and maintenance of steam rams, four hundred thousand dollars.

For pay of private physicians, purchase and repair of surgical instruments, purchase of extra hospital bedding, clothing, ice, and other necessary comforts for the sick and convalescing in the various military hospitals, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of chaplains of hospitals, from the date of the commencement of their service to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, twelve thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the Paymaster General's office for the year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, one thousand dollars.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be authorized to commute the army ration of coffee and sugar, for the extract of coffee, combined with milk and sugar, to be procured in the same manner and under like restrictions and guarantees as preserved meats, pickles, butter, and desiccated vegetables are procured for the navy; if he shall believe it will be conducive to the health and comfort of the army, and not more expensive to the Government than the present ration, and if it shall be acceptable to the men.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That the restriction or limitation contained in the proviso to the joint resolution, approved April sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, transferring the superintendency of the Capitol extension from the War Department to the Department of the Interior, shall not be so construed or applied as to prevent the completion of and the payment for the painting now in progress on the wall over the stairway on the western side of the south wing agreeably to the terms of contract made between General M. C. Meigs, on behalf of the Government, and E. Leutze, the artist, on the ninth day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Approved, July 5, 1862.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WEDNESDAY, August 20.—The general market remains quiet with but few changes to note. There is an improved demand for flour, which together with limited receipts and a light stock, has created an advance. Bacon also is firmer, and prices are tending upward. In groceries there is not much doing, though the market is firm.

FLOUR—continues firm with an exceedingly light supply in market. Sales of 550 bbls Extra Family at $5, to $5,30; 75 do at $5, to $5,25; 125 do do at $5 $5,10 and $5,30; and 100 do do at $5,35. Extra is held at $4,50@4,60 and Rye Flour $3,12.

BACON—Shoulders have advanced to 4½c with sales of 5,500 lbs at this figure. Hams steady with sales of 3 tcs common sugar cured at 10c and 7 do do at 10½@11c. Sides have advanced to 8c and plain canvassed 8¼@8½c.

GROCERIES—quiet but unchanged; sales of 10 hhds sugar at 10c for Porto Rico, and 11c for N. O., 10 hhds do N. O. at 10¼c; 20 bgs medium coffee at 22½c and 25 bgs prime do at 23@23½c and 15 bbls Molasses at 55c.

WHISKY—unchanged; sale of 20 bbls common at 20@21c.

DRIED BEEF—firm with sales of 500 lbs sugar cured at 11@11½c.

CHEESE—Prime W R is firm at 7½c and Hamburg at 8c.

PEACHES—a shade lower; sale of 30 boxes at $2,50 to $3,00 per bushel.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

August 18.—The arrivals and sales of Beef cattle are large this week, reaching about 1700 head. The market continues very dull, and prices 25c the 100 lbs lower than last quoted.

The receipts and sales of cows reached about 120 head this week, selling at from $18 to $28 for springers, and $20@35 ⅌ head for cow and calf.

The arrivals of sheep are large this week, reaching about 7000 head, and selling at from $2,50 to $4,25 ⅌ head, as to quality. Lambs are quoted at $3@4 ⅌ head.

The receipts and sales of fat hogs at H. G. Imhoff's Union Drove Yard reached 1325 head, this week, selling at from $4,50@5 for still-fed, and $5@5,50 ⅌ 100 lbs net for corn fed hogs, according to quality.

FOREIGN COMMERCIAL.—[FOR EUROPE.]—The weekly cotton market was received per the Anglo Saxon via Fariher Point.

The quotations of Fair and Middling Mobile and Uplands are respectively 19¼d for fair and 19d for Middlings.

TRADE REPORT.—Manchester advices are favorable the market for cotton goods and yarns still having an advancing tendency, with small sales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—The market is quiet and steady. Wakefield, Nash & Co., Bigland, Athya & Co., and others report: Flour steady at 24s 6d@28s for American. Wheat dull but steady—Red southern and western, 9s 10d@11s 5d; white western and southern 11s@12s 6d. Corn quiet and steady; yellow mixed 29s@30s 3d; white 29s@30s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.—The provision market is dull. Bigland, Athya & Co., and others report: beef inactive. Pork nominal; bacon firm at 30s; lard steady at 41s 6d@44s; tallow steady at 47s@48s.

LONDON MARKETS—(Baring) flour quiet at a decline of 6d per barrel; iron steady; sugar quiet and steady; coffee easier; rice steady; teas quiet at 1s 1d per pound for common Congou; spirits turpentine have an upward tendency, and are quoted at 110s; tallow dull at 47s 6d; linseed cakes active at £10½@£11; linseed oil steady at 41s@41s 3d; sperm oil no sales; cod oil steady at 42s@44s.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, Aug. 19.—294 sks wheat, B Y Kennedy & bros; 60 do do, A Wilmarth; 45 do do Jno Herbert; 62 bdls paper, Foster & Fleason; 35 pkgs ale, Wm Edmunds; 16 bbls pearls, Culp & Shepherd; 18 kegs cheese, Wm Sangster; 294 sks wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 25 sks rags, S B & O P Markle; 52 coppers, T H Howe; 1 car iron ore, Minick & co; 1 do do, E F Beal.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 20—15 bbls fruit, F Boxmeyer; 133 oil bbls, B Patterson; 30 doz pails, S Cooper & co; 6 cks pearls J B Canfield & co; 100 hides, Hays & Stewart; 20 bbls oil, W Smith; 28 bbls whisky, Elias Bryan; 21 pkgs rivets and wire, R Townsend & co; 30 doz pails, Shoemaker & Lang; 15 do do J A Quigley; 10 do do W H Kirkpatrick; 13 sks rags, R B Godfrey; 50 bbls flour, Jones & Laughlins.

STEAMBOATS.

ALLEGHENY RIVER PACKETS.
The DUDLEY, Capt. Hugh McLean, will receive freight for Oil City THIS DAY.
aug15 R. J. COYLE, Agent.

NEW CARPETS.
A large assortment.
No. 87 FOURTH STREET,
M'CALLUM'S.
Bought previous to the general advance in prices of July 1st. We are enabled to sell our present stock at very favorable rates. aug5

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, at WESTCHESTER, (for Boarders only.)
This Academy will be opened SEPTEMBER 6th, 1862. It was chartered by the Legislature at its last session, with full collegiate powers. Its fine capacious buildings, which were erected and furnished at a cost of over sixty thousand dollars, are arrangements of the highest order for the comfortable quartering and subsisting of one hundred and fifty cadets.
A corps of competent and experienced instructors will give their undivided attention to the Educational Department, and aim to make their instruction thorough and practical. The department of studies embraces the following courses: Primary, Commercial and Scientific, Collegiate and Military. The moral training of cadets will be carefully attended to.
Circulars may be obtained of JAMES H. COOPER, Bank Block, or of Col. THEO. HYATT, President P. M. A. aug15:2w

NEW HYDRAULIC COOKING RANGE.
We are making two sizes of our new RANGES, No. 1, 5 feet wide, and No. 2, 4 feet 6 inches. They give the most *perfect satisfaction*, and are very economical in fuel.
Also, GRATE FRONTS, of the latest styles and best finish, and COOKING STOVES, of every description, for sale at the lowest prices.
CAST IRON HOUSE FRONTS, IRON RAILING, and all kinds of CASTINGS made to order.
D. DEHAVEN & SON,
aug5 No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny.

PROPOSALS.

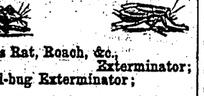
ORDNANCE OFFICE.
WAR DEPARTMENT.
Washington, August 8th, 1862.
Proposals will be received by this Department until 5 p. m. on the 25th of AUGUST, 1862, for the delivery, at the following Arsenals, of horse equipments, U. S. Cavalry pattern, as hereinafter specified:
At the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Massachusetts, 3,000 sets;
At the Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, New York, 3,000 sets;
At the New York Arsenal, Governor's Island, New York, 10,000 sets;
At the Frankford Arsenal, Bridesburg, Pennsylvania, 6,000 sets;
At the Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 10,000 sets;
At the St. Louis Arsenal, St Louis, Missouri, 10,000 sets.
These sets of horse equipments are to be furnished complete, except the horse brush, curry comb, lariat picket pin, tent and blanket. Samples can be examined at each of the above named Arsenals. They are to be subject to inspection at the Arsenals where delivered, before being received by the Government; none to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved upon such inspection.
Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than fifty sets per week, for all contracts of 500 sets of under; one hundred sets per week for all contracts of from five hundred up to one thousand sets; two hundred sets per week for all contracts of from one thousand to two thousand sets; five hundred sets per week for all contracts of from two thousand to six thousand sets; and eight hundred sets per week for all contracts of from six thousand to ten thousand sets.
Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the quantity to be delivered at that time. The equipments are to be boxed, five sets in a box, in the customary manner—bits and saddles of assorted numbers; and the contents to be distinctly marked on the upper ends of the box. The boxes to be charged at cost, to be determined by the inspector.
Bidders will state, explicitly, in their proposals, the time, quantity and place of each delivery. Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with proper sureties, for the faithful fulfilment of the same.
Bids of persons who are not manufacturers, or regular dealers in leather work, will not be considered; and the Department reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids which may be made.
Upon the award being made, successful bidders only will be notified, and they will be furnished with forms of the contract and of the bond required of them.
Proposals will be addressed to "Geo. J. W. Ripley, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be endorsed "Proposals for Horse Equipments."
JAS. W. RIPLEY,
aug2:eod1d Brig. Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

IRON VESSELS FOR RIVER AND HARBOR DEFENCE.—The Navy Department will receive proposals for the construction and completion in every respect, except gun, ordnance stores, provisions, fuel, and nautical instruments, for vessels of iron for river and harbor defence, similar to those building in New York, having a single revolving turret. The draft of water not to exceed ten feet, and the vessels to be provided with a surface condenser for supplying the officers with pure water. On personal application to the Department, persons intending to offer can see the plans and specifications, which will be furnished to the contractor by the Department.
No offer will be considered unless from parties who are fully prepared to execute work of this kind, having in their own name at the present time suitable shops and tools.
The act of Congress approved July 17th, 1862, prohibits the transfer of any contract, or order, or interest therein.
The bidders will state the price and the least time in which they will agree to complete the vessel, and the reduced price for each succeeding month. Propositions will be received until Sept. 1 AUGUST, but will be extended to the 25th of August for parties offering from west of the mountains.
The proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Iron Vessels for River and Harbor Defence," to distinguish them from other business letters. aug5:4t

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—U.S.
To Joseph Fisher, Administrator of the estate of Frederick Harnick, deceased, and Margaret Harnick, widow of said decedent, You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Register's Court of Allegheny County, to be held in the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY the 23d day of August, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock a. m., then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the Letters of Administration upon the estate of said Frederick Harnick, dec'd, shall not be revoked. Herein fail not, under the penalty that may ensue.
Given under my hand and seal of office, at Pittsburgh, this 14th day of August, A. D. 1862.
aug14:td WM. J. RICHARDSON, Register.

SELLING OUT.—The undersigned, executors of the late Col. Leopold Sahl, offer the stock of choice WINES and LIQUORS of his estate (in store at the corner of Market and Second streets, Pittsburgh) to the public, at private sale, and at prices so low as to make it an inducement to purchasers to give them an early call. The former friends of the establishment are especially invited, and expected to favor the estate with their custom, as they had the best opportunity to know the superior qualities of the stock kept by the deceased.
C. SAHL,
G. KRETZ, } Executors.
H. P. HUELLER,
aug13:2m

DESTROY YOUR—Rats, Roaches, &c.
Destroy your—Mice, Moles and Ants.
Destroy your—Bed Bugs.
Destroy your—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
Destroy your—Musquitoes and Fleas.
Destroy your—Insects on Plants and Fowls.
Destroy your—Insects on Animals, &c.



Costar's Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator;
Bed-bug Exterminator;
Electric Powder for Insects.
THE
"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats do not die on the premises."
"They come out of their holes to die."
Sold everywhere—by all *Wholesale Druggists* in the large cities, and by *Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers*, and *Retailers* generally, in all country towns and villages in the United States.
B. F. SELLERS & CO. and B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., principal wholesale and retail agents in Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Chemist, Druggist,
jul9:2mdawT No. 482 Broadway, New York.

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Sewing Machines,
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For the Years 1858, 1859 and 1860.
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MORE THAN 20,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR.
We offer to the public WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE at REDUCED PRICES, with increased confidence of its merits as the best and most reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It does equally well on the thickest and thinnest fabrics, makes the lock-stitch impossible to unravel, alike on both sides; is simple in construction, more speedy in movement, and more durable than any other machine.
Circulars, giving prices and description of Machines, furnished gratis, on application in person or by letter.
Every Machine warranted for three years.
aug6:eod WM. SUMNER & CO.,

SEWING MACHINES.
WILLIAMS & ORVIS' unequalled double thread $20 FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
Salesroom, No. 13 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
These Machines will do all kinds of work, and are warranted and kept in repair one year without any charge.
LILLEY, STRAIN & CO., Agents.
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Let the public be perfectly assured that they may buy and use WILLIAMS & ORVIS' MACHINE with as much impunity as any in market, notwithstanding the gross misstatements purporting to emanate from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co. and others. The idea of stopping persons from using these machines, when they cannot stop us from selling them, is preposterous. This Machine was patented Feb. 13, 1861. *We promise to reward any person with a Sewing Machine* who can point out one single case where a person to whom we have sold a Machine have been legally stopped from using it, or have had to pay to any party. AGENTS WANTED.
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500 do single extra do do;
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75 do XX Derwent do;
120 do White Rose XXX do;
50 do Premium Mills do;
120 do Falls of Ohio do;
100 do Gaff & Marshall do;
120 do Dale Mill do;
100 do Home Mills do;
100 do Madison Mills do;
75 do Schultz & Trows, St. Louis do;
150 do various brands family do;
57 do pure Rye Flour.
The above are all choice brands of gold wheat Flour, in store and for sale by
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FAR. DALZELL & SON,
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See advertisement in another column. sp29:dawF

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jun:1:ly

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