LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

War Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, August 11, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER No. 100.

First—So much of General Order No. 51, current series, as relates to the extension of sick leave of absence is hereby revoked, and no applications for such extensions need hereafter be made. The order of the President, dated July 31, General Order No. 92, fully explains what may be considered as a good cause for absence. The Surgeon's certificate of disability is required by the existing orders, and regulation must be forwarded, not only to the Adjutant-General of the army, but also to the commander of the regiment, or in case of a staff officer, to his commanding General.

Second—Officers absent from duty without leave, or beyond the time of their leave, will not be allowed to draw pay until a Court of Commission, which will be ordered on their return to their proper command, shall determine whether there was sufficient cause for their absence. They will accordingly provide themselves with a full description of the nature and cause of their disability, certified by the proper medical authority, as required by existing orders and regulations.

Third—Officers of Volunteers, who are absent from duty on account of disease contracted before they entered the service, will be immediately mustered out. Those who have been absent more than sixty days on account of wounds or diseases contracted in the line of their duty will be reported to the Adjutant General of the Army for discharge, in order that their places may be filled by others fit for field service. For this class of officers Congress has provided pensions.

Fourth—Applications for pensions must be made to the Commissioner of Pensions, who is the judge of the sufficiency of evidence in support of such claims, and who furnishes the forms and regulation relating thereto.

Fifth—When an officer returns to his command after having overstaid his leave of absence, he may be tried by a court-martial for this, as a military offence; or a Commission may be appointed by the commanding officer of his division army corps, or army, as the case may be, to investigate his case, and determine whether or not he was absent from proper cause, and if there should be found to be such proper cause he will be entitled to pay during such absence. The proceedings of such Commission shall be sent to the Adjutant General of the army for the approval of the Secretary of War. Such Commissions will consist of not less than three nor over five commissioned officers.

Sixth—Where troops are serving in an army corps or an army, no leave of absence will be granted on the certificate of a regimental surgeon till the same has been approved by the Medical Director of such army corps or army, and no Medical Director will endorse any certificate until he has made a personal examination of the applicant or received a favorable report from a medical officer appointed by him to make such personal examination, and if upon such personal examination it be found that the certificate of disability was given without proper cause, the name of the officer giving it will be reported to the Adjutant General of the army, and be dismissed from the service.

Seventh—When officers are not serving in a division army corps, or separate army, application for leave may be made to the Adjt Gen. of the army, but, except in any extraordinary case, no leave of absence will be granted, unless the application be accompanied by a certificate of the same character as that prescribed in General Order, No. 61.

Eighth—All cases of personal application for leave of absence made to the War Department, will be examined by a medical officer assigned to that duty in this city.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Ass't Adj't Gen.

The Battle on the Rapidan.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—Accounts from Culpepper, dated yesterday, speaking of the fight on Saturday, say that so heavy was the fire to which our comparatively small number was exposed that the only wonder is that the entire command was not completely annihilated at the end of half an hour, instead of being half so large a proportion at the expiration of an hour and a half.

The rebel prisoners taken report that their own troops were mowed down by our fire like grass. Three times were they reinforced by fresh regiments and brigades, and when our troops retired they were too much crippled to pursue them in an open ground.

The prisoners also report that the heavy guns used by the enemy were of English manufacture, with English fixed ammunition.

We lost but one gun, which was left after being spiked in a ditch. Several of the horses having been killed, it was deemed expedient to leave the gun, and it was spiked under the fire of the enemy's sharpshooters.

Col. Chapman, of the 5th Massachusetts, was shot in the breast, and is probably dead.

Lieut. Col. Stone fell with many wounds.

Major Blake also fell, and, if alive, is a prisoner.

Adjutant Smith is either wounded or dead.

Major Savage, of the 2d Massachusetts, is believed to have been killed, as well as many of the captains and lieutenants.

The Bucktail Brigade, etc.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The following correspondence relates to an ingenious device of parties from a neighboring State to raise recruits in Pennsylvania.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Aug. 11, 1862.

Brig. Gen. Buckingham, War Department:

GENERAL.—Has any authority been given by your Department to raise a Bucktail Brigade of Pennsylvania troops.

Very respectfully,

THOS. M. VINCENT, A. A. G.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Aug. 11, 1862.

Major: Authorities to individuals to raise troops have for a long time been refused, and I may safely say, that no authority of the kind referred to has been granted, certainly not to my knowledge.

C. P. BUCKINGHAM, Brig. Gen.

A strong feeling prevails in the old regiments against officers who are absent from their regiments, and employed in making arrangements to promote themselves above their more meritorious comrades remaining in the field.

Battle in East Tennessee--Morgan's Movements--Steamer Sunk.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 12.—The Nashville *Dispatch* has news from Gen. Morgan, at Cumberland Gap, stating that General De Courcey's brigade and the 14th Kentucky, on the 5th or 6th inst., had several engagements with Gen. Stevenson's division in force, the rebels outnumbering us four to one. The rebels lost 225 killed and wounded, and Lieut. Col. Gordon, 11th Tennessee, taken prisoner. Our loss was three killed, fifteen wounded and fifty prisoners. Two companies of the 10th Ohio were surrounded by two rebel regiments, but cut their way out. We captured a lot of forage, tobacco, horses and mules.

John Morgan left Knoxville on the 2d, with two thousand cavalry, en route to Kingston. Kentucky is to be invaded.

Reports, not confirmed at headquarters, indicate guerrilla raids upon Calhoun and Ramsey counties, on Green river, creating considerable excitement along the border of Indiana.

The steamer Venango, hence for Cumberland river, with fotters and stores, sunk at Scuffletown.

Sick and Wounded Soldiers--Cowards Arrested.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 11.—The steamer Knickerbocker, with 500 sick wounded soldiers, arrived here to-day.

Twelve young men, who fled from this city to avoid draft, were arrested at Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa., and brought back here to-day and sent to Fort McHenry.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT 89 MARKET STREET.—LOOK AT THE PRICES.—

Ladies Eng. Lasting Heel Gaiters	$1,00,	worth	$1,25
" " " Cong "	1,25	"	2,75
" " " " "	1,50	"	2,00
" Fine Fr. Morocco Heel Boots	1,37	"	1,62
" " Goat Congress "	1,37	"	1,75
" " Morocco Slippers	50	"	75
" " Kid "	75	"	1,12

ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

JAMES ROBB, No. 89 MARKET STREET.

my27

A CARD.—We would respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have just received, and are now opening, one of the largest and best selected stocks of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, PERFUMERY and FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c., to be found in the city, which we are prepared to sell in quantities to suit customers, at low figures, our entire stock being bought for cash from first hands.

WOODSIDE & WALLACE, 308 Liberty street.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-seventh Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 166.]

AN ACT to amend the act calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, approved February twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, and the acts amendatory thereof, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the President of the United States shall call forth the militia of the States, to be employed in the service of the United States, he may specify in his call the period for which such service will be required, not exceeding nine months; and the militia so called shall be mustered in and continue to serve for and during the term so specified, unless sooner discharged by command of the President. If by reason of defects in existing laws, or in the execution of them, in the several States, or, any of them, it shall be found necessary to provide for enrolling the militia and otherwise putting this act into execution, the President is authorized in such cases to make all necessary rules and regulations; and the enrolment of the militia shall in all cases include all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, and shall be apportioned among the States according to representative population.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the militia, when so called into service, shall be organized in the mode prescribed by law for volunteers.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be and he is hereby authorized, in addition to the volunteer forces which he is now authorized by law to raise, to accept the services of any number of volunteers, not exceeding one hundred thousand, as infantry, for a period of nine months, unless sooner discharged. And every soldier who shall enlist under the provisions of this section shall receive his first month's pay, and also twenty-five dollars as bounty, upon the mustering of his company or regiment into the service of the United States. And all provisions of law relating to volunteers enlisted in the service of the United States for three years, or during the war, except in relation to bounty, shall be and the same are extended to, and are hereby declared to embrace, the volunteers to be raised under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That, for the purpose of filling up the regiments of infantry now in the United States service, the President be and he hereby is, authorized to accept the services of volunteers in such numbers as may be presented for that purpose for twelve months, if not sooner discharged. And such volunteers, when mustered into the service, shall be in respects upon a footing with similar troops in the United States service, as to service bounty, which shall be fifty dollars, one half of which to be paid upon their joining their regiments, and the other half at the expiration of their enlistment.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a judge advocate general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of a colonel of cavalry, to whose office shall be returned, for revision, the records and proceedings of all courts-martial and military commissions, and where a record shall be kept of all proceedings had thereupon. And no sentence of death, or imprisonment in the penitentiary, shall be carried into execution until the same shall have been approved by the President.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That there may be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for each army in the field, a judge advocate, with the rank, pay, and emoluments, each, of a major of cavalry, who shall perform the duties of judge advocate for the army to which they respectively belong, under the direction of the judge advocate general.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That hereafter all offenders in the army charged with offences now punishable by a regimental or garrison court-martial shall be brought before a field officer of his regiment, who shall be detailed for that purpose, and who shall hear and determine the offence, and order the punishment that shall be inflicted; and shall also make a record of his proceedings, and submit the same to the brigade commander, who, upon the approval of the proceedings of such field officer shall order the same to be executed: Provided, That the punishment in such cases be limited to that authorized to be inflicted by a regimental or garrison court-martial: *And provided further*, That, in the event of there being no brigade commander, the proceedings as aforesaid shall be submitted for approval to the commanding officer of the post.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That all officers who have been mustered into the service of the United States as adjutants, quartermasters of cavalry under the orders of the War Department, exceeding the number authorized by law, shall be paid as such for the time they were actually employed in the service of the United States, and that all such officers now in the service, exceeding the number as aforesaid, shall be immediately mustered out of the service of the United States.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be and he is hereby authorized to establish and organize army corps according to his discretion.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That each army corps shall have the following officers and no more attached thereto, who shall constitute the staff of the commander thereof; one assistant adjutant general, one quartermaster, one commissary of subsistence, and one assistant inspector general, who shall bear, respectively, the rank of lieutenant colonel, and who shall be assigned from the army or volunteer force by the President. Also three aids-de-camp, one to bear the rank of major, and two to bear the rank of captain, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, upon the recommendation of the commander of the army corps. The senior officer of artillery in each army corps shall, in addition to his other duties, act as chief of artillery and ordnance at the headquarters of the corps.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That the cavalry force, in the service of the United States shall hereafter be organized as follows: Each regiment of cavalry shall have one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, three majors, one surgeon, one assistant surgeon, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster, one regimental commissary, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, two hospital stewards, one saddler sergeant, one chief trumpeter, and one chief farrier or blacksmith, and each regiment shall consist of twelve companies or troops, and each company of troop shall have one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, and one supernumerary second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, five sergeants, eight corporals, two teamsters, two farriers or blacksmiths, one saddler, one wagoner, and seventy-eight privates; the regimental adjutants, the regimental quartermasters, and the regimental commissaries to be taken from their respective regiments: *Provided*, That vacancies caused by this organization shall not be considered as original, but shall be filled by regular promotion.

Sec. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be and he is hereby authorized to receive into the service of the United States, for the purpose of constructing entrenchments, or performing camp service, or any other labor or any military or naval service for which they may be found competent, persons of African descent, and such persons shall be enrolled and organized under such regulations, not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws, as the President may prescribe.

Sec. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That when any man or boy of African descent, who, by laws of any State, shall owe service or labor to any person, who, during the present rebellion, has levied war or has borne arms against the United States, or adhered to their enemies by giving them aid and comfort, shall render any such service as is provided for in this act, he, his mother, and his wife and children, shall forever thereafter be free, any law, usage, or custom whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding; *Provided*, That the mother, wife and children of such man or boy of African descent shall not be made free by the operation of this act except where such mother, wife, or children owe service or labor to some person, who, during the present rebellion, has borne arms against the United States, or adhered to their enemies by giving them aid and comfort.

Sec. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That the expenses incurred to carry this act into effect shall be paid out of the general appropriation for the army of volunteers.

Sec. 15. *And be it further enacted*, That all persons who have been or shall hereafter enrolled in the service of the United States under this act shall receive the pay and rations now allowed by law to soldiers, according to their respective grades: *Provided*, That persons of African descent, who under this law shall be employed, shall receive ten dollars per month and one ration, three dollars of which monthly pay may be in clothing.

Sec. 16. *And be it further enacted*, That medical purveyors and storekeepers shall give bonds in such sums as the Secretary of War may require, with security to be approved by him.

Approved, July 17, 1862.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

TUESDAY, Aug. 12.—Business continues exceedingly dull and inactive, and an improvement is not anticipated until military matters assume a more definite shape. No person feels disposed to enter in any project at present for the reason above stated, and the future, we regret to say, does not look very encouraging. The prospect of a draft is a very serious drawback to trade, and our business men, generally, prefer to confine their transactions to the wants of the local trade.

FLOUR—The flour market continues quiet though prices are firm and fully maintained. Sale of 250 bbls Family at $5,10@5,20; 50 do do at $5@5,20; and 50 do do at $5,25. Extra is held at $4,50@4,60, and $2,87@3,00 for Rye.

GROCERIES—dull and depressed, without, however, any change in rates. Sugar may be quoted at 10@11c, Coffee 22½ to 24c, and Molasses 53@55c. Sale of 10 hds prime Coffee at 24c; and 12 bbls prime N. O. Molasses at 55c.

BACON—There is but little doing in bacon, the demand being entirely local. We quote at 4@4½c for Shoulders, 7¼@7½c for Plain Hams, 7¾@8c for Sugar cured, and 10c for Sugar cured. Sale of 1,000 lbs Shoulders at 4c, and 1,000 lbs Plain Hams at 7½c. There is a slight improvement in bulk meat and prices have advanced. We note a sale of 30,000 lbs bulk Shoulders at 3¾c per pound.

OATS—firm; with a good demand and a light supply in market. Sale of 250 bush from store at 35c.

WHISKY—unchanged; Sale of 10 bbls at 30c; and 10 do do at 31c.

FREIGHTS—are steady at $2,25 to $2,75 per bbl, and Peaches $2,50 to $3,00 per bushel, according to quality.

BOSTON DRY GOODS MARKET.—The Shipping List, of the 9th inst., says: There is no active price for Cotton Goods, and, so far as first hands are concerned, trade is completely stagnant. Jobbers and speculators are selling heavy sheetings at 16@16½c, while the agents decline offers under 22c. There is no disposition to force sales at present, as supplies are moderate, and with the present limited demand, but the market will evidently be unsettled for the present. Print Cloths are without change, and the limited stock of these goods will entail a high range of prices. Prints are more uniform than any other cotton goods. The Merrimacks are selling at 15c; Hamilton at 16½c; Manchester at 16c; City Mills at 15½c; Gingham at 13c; and Excelsior at 14½c. In other descriptions no transactions or material change to notice.

There has been considerable activity in army and navy Woolens. Light and dark blue Kerseys, Blue Cloths and Blankets are held firmer and higher. Almost all desirable Woolen Goods, for general sales, are scarce and high.

CHICAGO MARKET, August 9.—The principal markets to-day were dull and easier, owing to the unfavorable advices by the steamer. Wheat was quiet and prices declined 3c per bushel. The sales were comparatively light at $1,02 for No. 2 white winter; $1,01@1,01 for No. 1 red; 99½@99½c for No. 2 red; 94@96c for No. 1 spring, and 87@88c for No. 2 spring. At the close the market ruled steady at 92c for No. 1 and 90c for No. 2. The inquiry for Flour was limited, and prices declined 5@10c per barrel on yesterday's quotations.

Corn was in fair demand for shipment, at a decline of 2½@5c per bushel. About 140,000 bushels changed hands at 33c for River mixed afloat, 30½@31½c for Railroad mixed, and 25½@26c for rejected in store. Oats were in active request, and the market advanced ½@½c per bushel, sales being made at 25½@26c. Rye easier. Sales at 49c for No. 1. Barley quiet.

Live stock of all kinds is dull and heavy. Cattle sell at a range of $1,75@2,60 for common to medium grades. Choice shipping lots are nominal. Hogs range from $3,10@3,40 per cwt gross.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, Aug. 12—15 bbls pearls, H H Collins; 73 bbls flour J A Fetzer; 15 pcs lumber, Fackiner & Irwin; 4 hhds hams J S Liggett & co; 18 pkgs wire and rivets, S Town send & co; 1 bbl berries, J H Voigt & co; 4 bbls apples, Wm Cooper & co; 22 sls bols, Rhodes & Verner.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, Aug. 11.—5 bbls pears, Jno Herbert; 8 bbls soap, 20 cases matches, Shriver & Lassen; 17 bdls bows and west arms, McWhinny, Hare & co; 2 rolls leather, G Grossinger; 182 sks oats, Jas A Fetzer; 156 oil bbls, Is. Ish Dickey; 4 rolls leather, Wm Flaccus; 24 bbls lime, J A Evans; 8 cars iron ore, John Moonhead; 141 bars iron, H H Collins; 56 oil bbls, J C Hostetter; 19 cords, E F Beal.

CANDIDATES.

CONGRESS.—JOSIAH COPLEY, of Allegheny City, (formerly of Armstrong Co., and now the Republican nominee of that county,) will be a candidate for Congress for the 23d District, composed of the counties of Armstrong, Butler and that portion of Allegheny lying west of the Allegheny and north of the Ohio rivers, before the Convention of Delegates from that part of Allegheny county. jel4:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—W. M. MOFFETT will be a candidate for nomination to the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap18:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—ALEX. M. WATSON, of Allegheny city, will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, in the Convention to be called by the Republican Executive Committee. mh25:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—The undersigned will be a candidate for nomination to the above office before the Republican Nominating Convention. MARSHALL SCHWARTZWALDER. mh1:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—JNO. M. KIRKPATRICK will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, before the next Nominating Republican County Convention. ap16:tc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—JONATHAN BRAUFF, of South Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. jn18:tc

FOR COMMISSIONER.—ROBERT MCCLURE, of Ridge township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my22:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—JONATHAN NEELY, of Lower St. Clair, will be supported for County Commissioner, before the Republican County Convention. ap7:tc

FOR STATE SENATE.—JAMES L. GRAHAM, of Allegheny City. The friends of JAMES L. GRAHAM will press his nomination for State Senator. au8:tc

FOR STATE SENATE.—ROBERT ARTHURS, Esq., of Pitt township, will be a candidate for the State Senate, before the next Republican Convention. my26:tc

STATE SENATE.—The friends of Hon. E. H. IRWIN will present his name as a candidate for re-nomination to the State Senate, at the next Republican Convention. au8:tc

STATE SENATE.—E. D. GAZZAM is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the State Senate. au8:tc

STEAMBOATS.

ALLEGHENY RIVER PACKETS.

The RETURN: No. 3, Capt. John Conner, will receive freight for Oil City THIS DAY.

au11 H. J. COYLE, Agent.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.—All those who have neglected to pay the fourth installment of their Grading and Paving Assessments, are hereby notified that if they wish to avoid costs upon said assessment, they will call immediately and liquidate all arrears that may be standing unpaid at this date, April 22, 1862. WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

ap22:tf

INDIA RUBBER CAMP BLANKETS, for Soldiers' use; a superior quality at low price, another supply just received at the India Rubber Depot, 20 and 22 St. Clair street.

au7 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MEDICAL.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE MEDICINES.—For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, which has received the endorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States. Is now offered to an afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptoms originating from disease and abuse of the Urinary or Sexual Organs: General Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Imbecility, Deterioration of Blood to the Head, Confused Ideas, Hysteria, General Irritability, Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night, Absence of Muscular Efficiency, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, Low Spirits, Pain, Constriction or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation, Palpitation of the Heart, and in fact all the concomitants of a nervous and debilitated state of the system.

To insure the genuine, cut this out. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cures guaranteed.

See advertisement in another column. my21:dew

HAPPINESS OR MISERY? THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The Proprietors of the "ITALIAN CASINET OF WONDERS, ANATOMY and MEDICINE" have determined, regardless of expense, to issue, free, (for the benefit of suffering humanity,) for all, their most instructive and interesting Lectures on Marriage and its Disqualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Powers, the Great Social Evils, and those Maladies which result from youthful follies, Excesses at Maturity, or Ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws. These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free on the receipt of four stamps by addressing "*Secretary Peristian Cabinet of Anatomy and Medicine*, 563 *Broadway, N. Y.*" mh19:ydaw

MANHOOD; HOW LOST; HOW RESTORED.—*Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents.*

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

"A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS."

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,

127 Broadway, N. Y., Post-Office Box 4586.

au7:3mdawf

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Sewing Machines, NO. 27 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Awarded the First Premium at the

UNITED STATES FAIR

For the Years 1858, 1859 and 1860.

UPWARDS OF 20,000 MACHINES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES.

MORE THAN 20,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR.

We offer to the public WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE, at REDUCED PRICES, with increased confidence of its merits as the best and most reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It does equally well on the thickest and thinnest fabrics, makes the lock-stitch impossible to unravel, alike on both sides; is simple in construction, more speedy in movement, and more durable than any other machine.

Circulars, giving prices and description of Machines, furnished gratis, on application in person or by letter.

Every Machine warranted for three years.

ap26:tf WM. SIMPSON & CO.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILLIAMS & ORVIS' unequalled double thread $25 FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Salesroom, No. 13 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

These Machines will do all kinds of work, and are warranted and kept in repair one year without any charge.

LILLEY, STRAIN & CO., Agents

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Let the public be perfectly assured that they may buy and use WILLIAMS & ORVIS' MACHINE with as much impunity as any in market, notwithstanding the gross misstatements purporting to emanate from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co. and others. The idea of stopping persons from using these machines, when they cannot show us from selling them, is preposterous. This Machine was patented Feb. 12, 1861. *We promise to reveal any person with a Sewing Machine* who can point out one single case where a person to whom we have sold a Machine have been legally stopped from using it, or have had to pay to any party. AGENTS WANTED.

my24 LILLEY, STRAIN & CO.

FOR SALE.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Washington county, the undersigned, Executor of the will of Marcus Black, deceased, late of Carroll township, near Monongahela City, Washington county, Pa., will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, on THURSDAY, August 14th, 1862, the following described real estate to wit:

A certain tract of land situate in Carroll township, on the Monongahela river, adjoining lands of the heirs of Henry Graff, Geo. V. Lawrence, Dr. R. P. Biddle and E. W. Tower, containing 100 ACRES OF SURFACE LAND. This tract is situated on the river, about a quarter of a mile below Monongahela City, and consists principally of first class river bottom. The trace may be divided into two or more parcels, and the undersigned is authorized by Court to offer and sell the same together or in separate tracts or parcels, as may seem expedient or desirable.

Also, 100 ACRES *for Oil or Gas*, adjoining the tract above described, and lands of heirs of Henry Graff, Geo. V. Lawrence, Dr. J. P. Biddle and E. W. Tower. The coal is of superior quality, and very valuable for mining, and may also be sold together with the surface land above described, or separately, in distinct tracts or parcels.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest from the date of said confirmation.

J. S. MORRISON, Executor,

au7:3t 131 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUPERIOR BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale on reasonable terms, some of the choicest spots for building purposes that are to be found around Pittsburgh. They are situated within one hundred yards of the terminus of the Centre Avenue Horse Railway, and are beautiful locations for private dwellings. The scenery and everything else about them render them desirable for any one wanting to locate outside of the city limits, and is the same time so near are they that communication can be had with the city at all hours. Lots from one-fourth of an acre upwards.

Also, some Western Lands, situated in Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Also, several small lots in Mineville, 50 x 250 feet. The above property will be sold on accommodating terms. Inquire of

JOHN BENON, corner Sixth and Wood streets, Or, WM. A. HERRON, Sheriff's Office, Court House.

au2:6md

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two two-story brick dwellings, supplied with water and gas; lots each 30 by 150 feet, situated on South avenue, Allegheny city.

A building partly finished, with large stone basement, an acre and a quarter of ground, situated on Woods' Run, a short distance from the Manchester Passenger and Ft. W. & C. Railroads, being suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Also, a farm of 100 acres, six and a half miles from the city, and one and a quarter miles from Centreville Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., with a young Orchard of 800 trees, a water power saw Mill, two Houses, and other improvements; fifty acres cleared, balance timber.

For further particulars inquire of

SAM'L LYON, 61 Federal st., Allegheny, or 335 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

ENGINE FOR SALE, ABOUT EIGHT HORSE POWER IN GOOD ORDER. WILL BE SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.

Enquire at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

Fifth street, above Smithfield.

RESIDENCE ON PENN STREET FOR SALE.—A three-story brick dwelling, with ten rooms, lot 22x150, in one of the best squares in Penn street, all in good order. Price only $4,000—$1,000 cash and balance in five equal annual payments. Possession at any time.

Inquire of B. McLAIN & CO.

my21:tf Also, 102 Fourth street.

TO LET.

TO LET.—A large, well finished and comfortably furnished Store on Market, between Third and Fourth streets.

A long Room, fitted up for a school, and heretofore occupied by Mr. Avery's Academy for young ladies.

Also, Nelson's Apothecary Rooms, corner of Third and Market streets.

Also, several Rooms suitable for offices.

Rent very low, to suit the times.

E. D. GAZZAM, Corner Third and Market streets.

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FOR RENT OR SALE.—A HOUSE containing nine rooms and cellar, together with THIRTY-THREE ACRES OF LAND, within one-fourth of a mile of Haysville Station, for $140 per annum.

Also, A NEW HOUSE, containing five rooms, cellar and garret, on Charlotte street, First Ward, Allegheny, for $10 per month.

For further particulars, enquire of

ABM PATTERSON, Or, of Capt. HAYS, my6:tf at Haysville Station.

FOR SALE OR RENT—AN OIL Refinery, in complete order. Apply to

ROBT. ARTHURS, Att'y at Law, No. 135 Fourth st.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES, NEW CROP.

20 hhds prime to ch low N. O. sugar,
150 do Porto Rico and Cuba do,
250 bbls N. O. Molasses, new crop;
100 do refined yellow sugar;
100 bags prime Rio;
500 do Rio Coffee;

Received and receiving and for sale by

jn29 JOHN I. HOGAN & CO.

EDUCATIONAL.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—H. WILLIAMS has opened a NORMAL SCHOOL at No. 27 St. Clair street, Third story.

Testimony of Teachers.

He is the counsellor of the Teachers, the man to whom all of us look for advice and instruction.

JOHN J. WOLCOTT.

I concur most heartily with the above.

LEONARD H. EATON.

I cheerfully concur in the opinion expressed above.

J. W. B. FREW.

I take pleasure in giving it as my opinion that the foregoing recommendation is fully merited.

A. BURTT.

I know of no one who deserves higher testimony to his favor.

B. N. AVERY.

I fully concur in the above recommendation.

D. DENNISON.

He can prepare pupils for the High School quicker than any other teacher in this city.

A. T. BOUTHETT.

TERMS—$1 per week, in advance. au8:2tdwd

HOTELS.

FRENCH'S HOTEL, *ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,* CITY OF NEW YORK.

SINGLE ROOMS FIFTY CENTS PER DAY.

City Hall Square, corner Frankfort Street.

(Opposite City Hall.)

☞ Meals as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory.

There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel

☞ Beware of RUNNERS and HACKMEN who say we are full.

no28:dlyr B. FRENCH, PROPRIETOR.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, is the largest and best arranged Hotel in the New England States; is centrally located, and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It contains all the modern improvements, and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the traveling public. The sleeping rooms are large and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged, and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first class hotel in every respect.

jel:tf LEWIS RICE, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTHERN MISSOURI.

The Hannibal and St. Joseph R. R. Co. have for sale OVER 500,000 ACRES of the best PRAIRIE AND TIMBER FARMING LAND IN THE WEST, at low prices, on ten years' credit, at five per cent. interest. Twenty per cent. is deducted for full payment in cash, or in the Land Bonds of the Company, taken at par. If payment is made within two years from date of purchase, with interest. At present, the market price of these bonds is from 70 to 80 per cent. below par, which affords an extraordinary opportunity to buy any of the Company's lands desired, very much below real value.

A FREE TRIP TICKET is given to Land Buyers, and they are charged only half freight on all building materials wanted from Hannibal for first improvements on land bought of the Railroad Company.

Inducements to emigrate to Northern Missouri, briefly stated, are as follows:

A mild, healthy climate, rich soil, cheap lands, the productions of which pay for their, expenses and improvements too, much within the limit of credit given; a larger variety of staple productions, embracing all cereals, hemp, tobacco, finest sugar cane in perfection, Irish and sweet potatoes, choicest fruit, including grapes for wine, and pasturage more than any other region further south or north; pure water, timber, wood, coal, lime, fine building rock, clay for brick, and fine sand for mortar, all abundant and conveniently distributed; the prairies are ready for the plow; a spring emigrant can plant "sod corn" in the latter part of June, and gather a valuable crop in the succeeding autumn for fattening great quantities of beeves and hogs; it is only necessary to buy land enough for buildings, yards, orchards, vineyards and crops to be enclosed, as prairies supply any quantity of excellent hay free of other cost than cutting and stacking, which is done with improved mowers and rakes at less than one dollar per ton, and as foddering is confined to three months and less, but little corn, comparatively, is needed; best of grass for pasture, costing nothing, neither interest nor taxes, enabling the stock-raiser or wool-grower to keep horses and mules by the score, herds of cattle and swine by the hundreds, and flocks of sheep by the thousands, all the markets are accessible by telegraph, rail and water, and the local cash demand for wool, hemp, tobacco, horses, mules, fat hogs, cattle and sheep, to export, is ample for the supply. All these advantages are within three days' travel of any Atlantic city, for less than $25 fare. Shall such immense resources remain unimproved?

Missouri is loyal! "Secession is played out!" It is now perfectly safe to emigrate to Northern Missouri, and the loyal are going. It will soon be a free State. Opposers concede it, and the highest controlling interest of the country demand it. Loyal men, therefore, unite with Union-loving citizens in boldly advocating emancipation, as advised by the President and approved by Congress.

COLONIZATION.

Emigrants settling in colonies, will contribute greatly to each other's advantage. Large and choice bodies of land offered, furnish them every facility. To colonize successfully, co-operation is necessary and practical by a little concerted action.

Now is the time for multitudes, with prudent forethought and action, to secure, with little money, rich farms and happy homes, which must rapidly increase in value, for themselves and their posterity.

CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS,

Can now, with the greatest security, and perfect security to themselves, assist their more destitute but industrious and capable friends to acquire, in a little time, valuable farms and pleasant homes. The time is all abundantly secure the requisite advance, and its profits productions will soon enable the emigrant to extend the loan and interest.

Pamphlets containing skeleton maps, showing geographical position, railroad connections, and giving full information, are sent gratis. Let all wishing to collect their friends to emigrate with them, apply for all they want to circulate. Co-operation in this way will be of mutual advantage to all.

Apply to, or address

GEORGE S. HARRIS, Land Agent Han. & St. Jos. Railroad Company, Office Missouri Pacific RAILWAY EXCHANGE, Boston, Mass.

Or, JOSEPH HUNT, Land Commissioner, Hannibal, Mo.

je14:2mdawT

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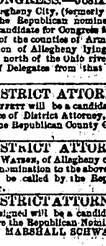
129 FOURTH STREET, NEAR SMITHFIELD.

TANKS AND AGITATORS, for Oil Refineries, lined in the most durable manner.



Houses fitted up with hot and cold water in the best style, with all the modern improvements. Also, BATHS, WASH STANDS, CLOSETS, SINKS, &c.

BANKS.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 65 FOURTH STREET, CHARTERED IN 1850.

Open daily from 9 to 2 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually, in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate, money will double in less than twelve years, making in the aggregate EIGHT AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. A YEAR