Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 9.

CITY AFFAIRS.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	98	86
12 " M.	130	95
6 " P. M.		90
Barometer		29 6-10

Riotous.

We regret the necessity of again alluding to an evidently increasing prejudice against "persons of African descent," in Allegheny City and elsewhere in our vicinity. Ever since the bad blood engendered by a few "persons of the baser sort," who got into a fight at the celebration by the colored folks at Iron City Park, we have seen and heard painful evidence of an unreasonable and unnecessary ill-feeling between certain of the two races. Yesterday evening, a crowd of young men attacked some colored men in the Allegheny Diamond, and abused two of them very considerably; one of the latter took refuge in cellar on Ohio street, when followed by an excited crowd of persons who seemed to threaten his life.

We have been unable to find any cause for this recent crusade against our barbers, cooks and waiters. There are, doubtless, dissipated, reckless, and loose-tongued colored people in the city, as there are people without so much color. If either of these transgress against the peace and order of the city, we have laws to punish them. But we beg to remind all law-living and law-abiding citizens that it is their duty to exert their influence to suppress any tendency to mobs and riots. Those who, through an unreasoning prejudice, give any countenance or toleration to these miniature roars of caste or color, are cultivating a dangerous spirit of anarchy, destructive of law and peace and order.

This manifestation is peculiarly alarming, when it is remembered that the city is now in the height of the military excitement. Numbers of young men, from the cities and surrounding country, have abandoned their business, and are about to abandon home and friends, in order to go forth to battle for their country. If, in the excitement attending the transition from the citizen to the patriot soldier, some of these young men should forget the obligations of the citizen, certainly it is the duty of all good citizens to remember that we have magistrates and laws, and that this is the only safe mode of punishing the transgressor.

We hope that all good citizens will frown upon any attempt at mob violence, and remember that it is our boast that in the midst of all the excitement attending the war, the safety of life and property, and the fair fame of these cities, have been well maintained. Let it still be our pride that we have never found it necessary to invoke the aid of a provost marshal.

Military News--Recruiting--Movement of Troops, &c.

The military excitement continues to run high in both cities and the surrounding boroughs, and the work of recruiting goes bravely on. Several companies were sworn into the service yesterday, and quite a number will be ready to-day. In Allegheny particularly recruiting is remarkably brisk, and it is estimated that fully one-half of the single men of that city have enlisted.

There was, an immense crowd at the Allegheny Diamond last night, and the various recruiting stands seemed to be thronged with applicants, anxious to get into the service. The Union Infantry, Capt. Isaac Wright, is about full, and will be sworn in to-day. The Clarke Infantry, which is to be commanded by Mayor Drum, is filling up rapidly, and will, in all probability, have the full complement by this evening. Company B, of the Butcher's Infantry, Capt. Henry Maxwell, is nearly full, and will probably be mustered in the service to-day.

A meeting was organized at one of the stands and speeches were made by Hon. Robt. McKnight, Jesse Whitesell, Esq., and Rev. Mr. Ramsey, of Lawrence. The remarks of all these gentlemen were exceedingly appropriate for the occasion, and were received with frequent demonstrations of applause.

We understand that in addition to the three companies which arrived from Butler last evening, that county has two other companies about full, and ready to move at a moment's notice.

A company, raised in the vicinity of Harlansburg, Mercer county, and commanded by Capt. McClure, was expected to arrive last night en route for Harrisburg.

Another company from Lawrence county was expected to arrive last night.

Hurrah for Butler!--Arrival of 300 Men.

Great excitement was created in the city last evening, by the arrival of three full companies from the honest yeomanry of Butler county. They left the county-seat, "old Butler," at five o'clock in the morning, and arrived about the same time in the evening, in a train of about *forty wagons*, forming an immense and imposing cavalcade. The companies are commanded by Captains Breckinridge, Anderson and Riddle, and, in the language of one of their number, each company was "full to overflowing."

They were marched to the Subsistence Rooms, at City Hall, where a substantial meal was served up by the Pittsburgh Subsistence Committee. We are not advised as to where this large number of men will be quartered, but we presume our steamboat men will "do the handsome," and give them the use of their boats until the camp is in readiness for their occupation.

This is only the first instalment from Butler county. One hundred and fifty men were left behind, and two or three companies may be expected from that quarter in a few days.

"No drafting in Butler county" was the motto displayed, and the spontaneous uprising of the people is a sure indication that no compulsory means will be needed there.

All honor to the loyal and patriotic sons of Butler!

Good for Beaver.

A full company of 100 men arrived here yesterday from Beaver, under command of Captain John A. Vera, of Sharon. The company is composed of the right material—strong, vigorous, active men—men who are inured to toil, and who will make excellent soldiers. They took supper at the Subsistence Rooms, City Hall, and were quartered among the various hotels of the city.

CONSOLIDATED.—The Butcher's Infantry, Capt. Henry Maxwell, and the John Watt Infantry, Capt. Thomas Maxwell, have been consolidated, and will be mustered in and receive their bounty money to-day. We are acquainted with the above gentlemen and can say for them that they are men competent to the task before them, and would advise any one who wishes to join a good company, to "go in." They will go into camp immediately. In looking for a company to enroll your names, don't fail to give them a call.

JONES' LIGHT INFANTRY.—This is the rallying word of another volunteer organization, under the auspices of Capt. J. H. McIlwain, a soldier who has had thirteen months experience in the field, who hangs out his banner at Messrs. J. R. Reed & Co's, Fifth street. Will. T. Wylie, well known as being connected in a business capacity with the establishment, is one of the Lieutenants. The company is named in honor of one of our well-known Water street merchants, Geo. S. Jones, Esq., has competent officers, and will doubtless rapidly fill up.

STILL ANOTHER.—We are gratified to learn that Capt. James L. Ferson has opened a recruiting office at Messrs. Brown & Kirkpatrick's, No. 191 and 193 Liberty street. This is an excellent opportunity for young men to enlist, as we can vouch for the competency of the officers. He also has an office in the Diamond, Allegheny. The name of this company is to be called the Liberty Guards. We hope to see it full in a few days.

ILLUSTRATED WEEKLIES.—Mr. John W. Pittock, Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice, has received the *New York Illustrated News*, *Harper's Weekly* and *Panama Pheilon*—in all which will be found "the grave and gay, the lively and severe"—or the life of the week in its manifold lights and shadows. Mr. Pittock's counter will be found always well supplied with the various newspapers and other periodicals up to the latest dates.

FROM YESTERDAY'S EVENING GAZETTE.

Military Movements of the Second United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny.

On Tuesday evening, the 5th inst., the young men of the Second United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, together with some others, headed by their pastor, Rev. J. B. Clark, held a meeting in their lecture room, to confer together as to the duty and expediency of organizing themselves into a military company, with their pastor as their Captain. It was soon apparent that the sentiment in favor of the movement was unanimous and enthusiastic. Men too old to take part gave their voices in its favor, and it soon became evident that something would grow out of it. After discussion, the Rev. Mr. Clark put his name at the head of the roll, and was immediately followed by many of the young men present.

On Wednesday the company filled up quickly, and still they came, when it was determined to organize a second company. On Thursday evening there were about seventy names on the roll of the second company, the first being full, and this morning, (Friday) it is filled up, and the members of both will be sworn in, receive their bounty, and be ready to start to Harrisburg in the evening.

Last evening there was a very full meeting of the congregation at the church. Addresses were made by the Rev. Mr. McCleon, Rev. Dr. McLaren, and the Rev. Mr. Clark, the pastor, all breathing a spirit of ardent and hopeful patriotism. At the conclusion of the addresses, Mr. R. G. Martin was called to the chair, and a Committee appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the congregation on the novel and extraordinary matter before them. During the absence of the Committee other addresses were made.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in his good providence to place the American people under most extraordinary responsibilities, and to call them to the performance of strange duties. A rebellion of fearful magnitude—unprovoked, uncalled for, and utterly unjustifiable—threatens our very existence as a nation, and which, if not suppressed, will whelm our country in remediless ruin, and quench all civil and religious liberty in the land. Our rebel enemies have taken the sword, and by the sword alone can they be met and vanquished. This great necessity sanctifies its use; and we verily believe that good men are not only justified in taking it, but that to do so is their highest duty as citizens, patriots and christians. Therefore,

Resolved, That the act of our beloved pastor, the Rev. J. B. CLARK, in laying aside for a time the sacred duties of his office, and going forth to the defense of his imperiled country, as leader of a band of young Christian men, has our entire and cordial approbation.

Resolved, That we deeply feel the sacrifice which we, as a congregation, are making in parting with him, and in being deprived for a time of his ministrations and instructions; but that we cheerfully acquiesce in the great necessity which demand the sacrifice.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to follow our patriotic pastor and his brave companions in arms with our fervent prayers, their health of body and spirit, and that God would bless them and cause his face to shine upon them, have them in His holy keeping, give them success, and in His own good time restore them to us; and also that we will do all in our power to cheer them in their arduous labors by deeds of kindness to themselves, and to their loved ones at home.

Resolved, That in view of the great personal sacrifice made by our beloved pastor, we will continue his salary the same as if he were laboring as usual in our midst.

[Signed] JAS. M. MCCANDLESS,
GEORGE LEWIS,
JAMES CALDWELL,
JOHN CRAWFORD,
Committee.

The report of the Committee was accepted and adopted with entire unanimity, when, on motion, it was resolved that the editors of the several daily papers of Pittsburgh be respectfully requested to publish these proceedings.

Adjourned with prayer by the Rev. Dr. McLaren.

Last evening Co. A was organized by the unanimous choice of Rev. J. B. Clark as Captain; First Lieutenant, Bell; Second Lieutenant, Stewart.

At an early hour this morning, the members of Co. B, (the McCandless Infantry, so named in honor of James McCandless, Esq., a well known dry goods merchant of Wood street,) assembled and elected Mr. Daniel Bell, of Allegheny, Captain; Richard C. Dale, son of Dr. Dale, First Lieutenant; B. H. Woodburn, Second Lieutenant.

A considerable number of names are down for a third company. The spirit of our young men of the churches seems to be fully aroused. A finer body of men than these two companies never left this city. If further time could be given, a regiment could be raised without difficulty.

Sword and Pistol Presentations in Manchester Borough--Interesting Proceedings.

Yesterday evening, the borough of Manchester was enlivened by a beautiful and touching scene. The Howe Engineers, a company under the command of Capt. Adams, turned out in full force, being now completed and ready for the field. After a short parade through the principal streets, it was halted in front of the office of Messrs. Poor, Wegley & Co., on Beaver street, where Capt. Adams was to be presented with a beautiful sword, the donation of Thomas Harper, Esq., and Messrs. James Stedaford and John Walker, both privates of the same company, were to be made the recipient of two beautiful pistols, donation of Messrs. Poor, Wegley & Co., being their late employers.

The meeting being called to order, and an immense crowd being gathered, Mr. Thomas Harper was chosen Chairman, and Mr. Thomas Costanzo, Secretary.

John B. Kennedy Esq., on behalf of the friends and neighbors, presented the sword to Mr. George Reynolds, who received it on behalf of Capt. Adams, and presenting it made a neat and patriotic speech, narrated the cause of this great rebellion; the ingratitude of the rebels, who after being fostered under the paternal care of this, the best government on the face of the earth, made a cowardly attack upon a half famished garrison, and our glorious flag was for the first time trailed in the dust; but, a mighty north raised itself in full power and we behold now the same glorious flag waving over all the states of the Union. He thought it to be the duty of every man to go forth and lend a helping hand to crush the rebellion speedily. He trusted to God that the recipient of that sword might lead his men to honor and watch over them with paternal care, and that he should never sheath it until the last of his foes would bite the dust. He hoped to see him return home environed by his gallant band, if God willed otherwise, his death would be envied by all men as the death of a brave man and a patriot and when peace and harmony would be restored in this now distracted country it would be sweet, the remembrance of having saved her from the enemy's grasp. The speaker retired amidst applause.

Mr. George W. Reynolds, on receiving the sword in behalf of Capt. Williams, made a few well-timed and patriotic remarks. He vouched for the Captain's gallant behavior on the battle-field, and he rested assured that the now glittering blade would deal death blows to his country's enemies, and it would never be sheathed until bathed with their blood.

Capt. Adams thanked the donor and the inhabitants of Manchester for the aid given him in raising his company, and as it was now fully completed he was ready to start. He spoke very feelingly about family ties and friends left behind, but in all this he had the sweet consolation to serve his country, and if God would so willed, he was ready to make a voluntary sacrifice of his life for his country's good.

Mr. Joshua Robinson was next called upon, and in presenting the pistols spoke at some length and in a truly patriotic strain. He concluded his speech with a very patriotic invocation to our flag, retiring amidst the applause of an enthusiastic audience.

John B. Kennedy, Esq., received the pistols in behalf of Messrs. Stedaford and Walker, and closed the meeting with a few well timed remarks. On motion, adjourned.

SWORD PRESENTATION.—Last evening, on the passage through this city of the Lawrence county volunteers, the friends of Captain B. O'Brien, who commanded one of the companies, presented him with a regulation sword and belt, as a testimonial of their appreciation of his worth as a man and a soldier. Owing to the short time that elapsed between the arrival and departure of the troops, the ceremonies were necessarily brief. The presentation was made on behalf of the Captain's friends by Col. S. M. Wickersham, to whose eloquent and patriotic speech the Captain replied in a few earnest and stirring words, befitting a true and tried soldier.

The Rush to Arms--Intense Excitement--Nine Months Men Ordered Into Camp Here.

The military fever continues unabated throughout the county, and enlistments are going on as rapidly as ever. Companies are formed faster than they can be mustered in by the officer appointed for that purpose, and the excitement and enthusiasm exceeds anything yet developed during the progress of the war.

This forenoon the Walker Infantry, Capt. Tyler, was mustered in, and received their bounty money.

During the day, Rev. Capt. Boyd, of Tarentum, arrived from that place, with 158 stalwart men, for the purpose of having them mustered in. The men were marched to Wilkins Hall, and at noon they were subsisted at City Hall, by the Pittsburgh Subsistence Committee. They then returned to Wilkins Hall, and are now being sworn in. It is expected that the number will be swelled to two full companies before they are ordered to leave the city.

The Centre Section of the Hampton Battery has enlisted 56 men, under Lieut. Reuben Miller, and they hope to be mustered in this evening.

Rev. Captain J. B. Clark was out on parade with his splendid host of two hundred men, but they have not yet been mustered in.

Dr. Marchard, of Irwin Station, Westmoreland county, arrived to-day with 33 men, which, by mutual understanding, were added to Capt. T. M. Bayne's Keystone Infantry, filling it up to the maximum standard. Dr. Marchard has been chosen First Lieutenant. The company is now ready for mustering.

Several of the companies recruited for nine months, had arranged to leave to-day and to-morrow, but it is now uncertain when they will be ordered to report at Harrisburg.

The Executive Committee have received a dispatch from Adjutant General Russell, ordering the companies and squads formed here, into camp at this place. A great many of the men are delighted with this arrangement, as it will afford them an opportunity to arrange their business affairs, so hastily abandoned. Others prefer leaving at once, and the Adjutant General has been telegraphed, to ascertain whether such companies as desire to report at Harrisburg forthwith can do so. An answer has not yet been received.

Capt. Smith, of the old Pittsburgh Rifles, and a competent and gentlemanly officer, has been assigned to the command of the camp at Oakland, and Quartermaster Montgomery will at once set about furnishing the necessary supplies, camp equipage, etc. Men cannot be accommodated at the new camp for several days, perhaps not till Tuesday next. In the meantime, our citizen soldiers will have to remain with their friends at home, and those coming here from a distant part of the county will be subsisted by our excellent Subsistence Committee.

The only soldiers from adjoining counties which have yet arrived here, were a battalion of 230 from New Castle, who reached this city last evening, and passed east on the next train.

Several companies are expected from Butler, and other counties in the vicinity.

Volunteers from Natrona.

Upwards of two-thirds of the members of the company that left Tarentum this morning, under Capt. Boyd, for Harrisburg, have enlisted from the town of Natrona (belonging to the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company) and its immediate vicinity. Of the total number nearly one *half* of the company were in the employ of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company at the time of their enlistment, and many of their names were already enrolled before the news of the contemplated draft was received. The employees of the Company presented, last night, to First Lieutenant Michael Bair, their former associate, a handsome revolver and sword, as a token of their remembrance and esteem. From thirty to forty applicants for enlistment were refused, the total number allowed by law having already been sworn in. This company, we believe, will form part of the 128th regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Another New Company--Mayor Drum in the Field.

We notice elsewhere the formation of a third company under the auspicious movement of Rev. J. B. Clark, pastor of the Second United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny. When Company A was filled, there were so many still anxious to enlist, that Company B was at once formed, and now that it has been filled up, Company C has been formed, of which Hon. Simon Drum, Mayor of Allegheny, is to take command, with S. Long, High Constable, as First Lieutenant. We understand that some forty names are already enrolled, and the company may be filled up by this evening. Muster rolls are now open at the Mayor's office, Ohio street, and at Caldwell's store, Federal street. Here is a rare chance to enlist under competent and worthy officers. Those who desire to join must do so speedily.

REBELLION RECORD.—Part XX. brings down the Diary, with its accompaniment of Documents, etc., to March 1, of the present year. The portraits in this part are—Major General David Hunter, and the redoubtable and wordy Henry A. Wise, Ex-Governor, Ex-General, and Fire-eat-Orator generally. We have so often commended this valuable work as the only complete historical collection of the *memorabilia* of the Southern Rebellion, that we need not say more, now, but we will continue to exhibit the same painstaking and skill on the part of the Editor, and steadily realized every anticipation we formed of it when first announced, and when we had only the high character of the Publisher and the already tested ability of the Editor to rely upon for guarantees for the work. The Rebellion Record may be ordered from any bookseller or periodical dealer.

IN FOR THE WAR.—The Park Engineers, the D. A. Smith Guards, the McAuley Guards, the Robinson Rifles, Painter Guards, Park Zouaves, Vigilant Guards, Russel Rifles, and the company being recruited by Lieut. Gotta, forming the battalion recruiting by Ed. Jay Allen, to serve under Sigel, have all altered their time of enlistment from nine months to three years. Those of the companies who desire to go at nine months volunteers will be sent forward to Harrisburg in squads. The companies will retain their organization and fill up a complement of men in for the whole term. This is a good move, and renders them effective men not for a few months, but until the rebellion is crushed.

PITTSBURGH INFANTRY.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Samuel Harper and John J. Case, well known members of the bar, are recruiting the above named company for the war. Their recruiting station is No. 73 Grant street, near the Court House, where they have received a large number of recruits, and require but a few more to complete their company. They offer an additional private bounty, which should enable them to fill their company in a very short time.

WAR MEETING AT BRIDGEVILLE.—A military meeting will be held at Bridgeville, on Monday evening, at half-past four o'clock, at the hotel of Mr. Boyd. A rousing meeting is expected, as everybody is awake to the present demand made of them. The meeting will be addressed by Rev. Marshall, Jeggery, Braddock and Bayne.

DOMESTICS by the package, piece or yard. An immense stock at Barker & Co's, 59 Market street. Prints at 12½ cents; sheetings, shirtings, &c., at the same prices as before the late rise.

MARRIED:

McKINNEY—HAGE—On Thursday evening, August 8th, 1862, at the residence of the bride's brother, in Allegheny City, by the Rev. John Douglas, D. D., Mr. JOHN McKINNEY, of Ellsworth, Ohio, and Miss MARTHA HAGE, of the former place.

McCLELLAND—SPROAT—On Friday, 8th inst., by Rev. D. G. Bradford, Mr. WM. W. McCLELLAND, of Capt. Clark's Company, and Miss MARIA T. SPROAT.

DIED:

SMITH—On Friday morning, 8th instant, at 7 o'clock, JANE, wife of Mr. Thomas Smith, of South Avenue, Allegheny City.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this afternoon, at half past 4 o'clock, from the residence of her husband, South avenue, Allegheny City.

MORROW—On Friday, August 8th, at 1 o'clock, P. M., ROBERT Morrow, of the Eighth Ward, Pittsburgh.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, corner Marion and Bluff streets, on Sabbath, at 3½ o'clock, P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

INDIA RUBBER CAMP BLANKETS, for Soldiers' use; a superior quality at low prices; another supply just received at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

aug7 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

HAVELOCKS, of India Rubber and Oil Cloth, just received at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

aug7 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6, 1862.

THE WAR MEETING.

I suppose the war meeting held here to-day, and of all the main features of which the telegraph has informed you, ought to be looked upon as one of great significance. I did not hear all the speeches on the occasion, but if what I did hear foreshadow the policy of the Government henceforth, then we have come to the beginning of the end.

The surroundings of the meeting were noticeable. The vast crowd flocked at the foot of the great stairway to the east of the Capitol. There the President took his oath of office, and there he delivered his inaugural address. Through what an era of moral progress has the country passed since that 4th of March! To-day Mr. Lincoln stood there under the shadow of that stately dome, and platforms festooned with flags—flags representing the glory of the nation, for a year and a quarter trampled under foot of traitors. On his left wrestled the group in marble, typifying the struggle between barbarism and civilization. On how many a bloody field is the struggle going on to-day—slavery and freedom in death grapple. In front of the President is a vast crowd—all voice, all cheer, all waving of banners and handkerchiefs, while the band breathes upon the air "Hail to the Chief," and the thunder of cannon echoes and re-echoes from dome and column of the great marble pile of the Capitol. The Statue of Liberty stands in front waiting for its place upon the dome to be prepared for it. Shall it go up at length with the shouts of a redeemed people, and that mighty figure of bronze extend its emblematic shield over a nation in which there shall be no slave? Let the President say the word, and the people will echo it back from their million voices. The hour is ripe for action. The tide of time, dear sir, sets in that direction, and "taken at its flood leads on to fortune." What a name to go down to posterity—"he freed his nation from the relic of barbarism; he washed from her escutcheon the damned spot; he cleansed her of the foul leprosy; he plucked from her vitals the carrioding cancer; he throttled the hell-fiend, and with the might of a christain Hercules quenched its malignant life." What marble or bronze would be worthy to record the name of that man who, rising to the height of the great occasion, should smite the galling fetter from four millions of men and women and forever remove all cause of treason from our land! But I forgot I was speaking of the war meeting.

The resolutions, which you have published, are very well, and come nearly up to the demands of the times. Those relating to treason in the district were rapturously applauded and repeated with a demand from the audience that they be made practical.

Parts of the speech of Mr. Chittenden will be read with some astonishment by loyal men abroad. He knows of a traitor to-day in a position in the Government who all the movements of our armies are known to him! You may imagine with what a shout of "*name him*" that announcement was greeted. You may well inquire how long Mr. C. intends to sleep on that information! When does he intend to denounce the traitor to those who will take care of him?

Fat places in army and navy are getting filled constantly with men who think "*Jeff. should be hanged and the other end of the rope be balanced by Henry Ward Beecher.*" It is this sneaking style of treason that galls. These men in good places who believe the Union is a good thing, provided slavery be in the ascendant. There is a perfect swarm of treasury vermin of this sort living in this District, not one in ten of whom is sound to-day. Young Gordon, who was arrested on his way to Richmond, is the son of a man high in office here. I know a man appointed to office in the last six months who sent his slaves off to Maryland at the time the emancipation act went into effect. One Brawley, from your vicinity—the name must be familiar—denounced the Administration here, and the Black Republicans, and all that for a week or so, after which, partly, as I am informed, through "Black Republican" influence, he received an appointment to a position in the new Department. Let Cottenden speak out. It is high time. Let each community demand that all traitors shall leave; the higher or more influential the position the more the times demand their going at once. Let not even the polish of the deacorated sacrados of gart protect them.

The President seems at rest in his speech, the foul slanders of secession upon Mr. Stanton. That noble gentleman stands higher to-day than he ever did before. The words of the President touching him were received with every mark of approbation and he himself wears every ticket of confidence and respect.

Mr. Boutwell, the head of the Internal Tax Bureau, gave the speech of the occasion. He made some grimaces and grins among the semi-secesh, but every earnest Union man, whose creed is to hate slavery as the sum of all villainies, was delighted to hear such words of truth uttered under the shadow of the Capitol, where slavery's conspiracy has been so many years maturing. He gave the true watch-word of the war "*Death to Slavery.*" Where there is no slavery, there is no traitor. *Cuckdoo! deluda est.* Boutwell's speech you will publish entire, I know. It will speak for itself.

The ear of common sense was offended for a few moments by the usual obsolete blab of pro-slavery—"the Abolitionists are as much to blame as the Secessionists"—from "Dick" Thompson, known to fame. A select crowd, who would like to be in Richmond if it was safe going thither, thought what he said was grand and beautiful. In their lonesome little night they applauded fairly. Thompson thinks, however, the war ought to go on strong, but with what object doth not appear clearly appear. Other speeches, good and indifferent, were made, and the meeting continued till near 11 o'clock. As a voice from the Capital it was important. Its practical fruits do not at first appear.

MR. BRUNOT.

I hope this gentleman will soon be able to return home. I heard of him on Monday last, at Fortress Monroe, *en route* for Richmond, his parole having expired. I do not fully understand the reason why he was permitted to go back, but learn from rumor that by some mistake the man for whom he was to have been exchanged was released for somebody else. I cannot doubt Mr. Brunot will soon return.

MOVEMENTS.

The public will in due time be advised of the recent move of Gen. Burnside. He will make his own report, whether from Richmond or from Fortress Monroe. I believe he will be successful, because he moves, and acts, and attacks, and drives his foe, leaving them to do the trenching and digging, while his own men do the fighting.

THE DRAFT.

As you may judge, there is at last an earnest determination to have such a force in the field as shall roll down with ponderous effect upon the traitors. A new army of three hundred thousand, and a corps de reserve of the same number, will speak louder to foreign interveners than all the silvery periods and well turned rhetoric of Secretary Seward, though that is eloquent and powerful. The news of rallying to the standard comes up now from all directions, and speaks anew of vigor and force now first drawn upon. VISITOR.

NEW HYDRAULIC COOKING RANGE.

We are making two sizes of our new RANGES, No. 1, 5 feet wide, and No 2, 4 feet 6 inches. They give the most *perfect satisfaction*, and are very *economical* in fuel.

Also, GRATE FRONTS, of the latest styles and best finish, and COOKING STOVES, of every description, for sale at the lowest prices.

CAST IRON HOUSE FRONTS, IRON RAILING, and all kinds of CASTINGS made to order.

D. DEHAVEN & SON,
No 47 Federal street, Allegheny.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—We challenge the world; we defy competition; we invite a fair comparison with any other Wringer, and will show by positive proof and actual demonstration that the "Universal Clothes Wringer" will *fulfill* work that "Self Adjusting" Machines and other cheap apologies for Wringers have left undone, and will easily press water from articles on which they have done their best. If you don't believe it, try it; we ask none to buy without a thorough test, for which abundant opportunity will be given to all, by calling at J. & H. PHILLIPS',
aug5 Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

NEW CLOVER HONEY—A choice lot in small drawers and glass boxes, recd. and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
aug5 corner Liberty and Sand streets.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[Special Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, 1862.

STANTON'S ORDERS.

Secretary Stanton's orders to-day about dodging drafts produces great sensation. The general complaint is, that the order is hastily drawn, liable to misconstruction, and capable of great abuse. If literally enforced, it would put an end to all traveling for the present. It is believed that it is only intended to punish persons leaving the country or State under circumstances giving rise to suspicion of intention to evade the enrollment for drafting. It is known that, of course, the order forbidding the leaving of the country can't be rigidly enforced along the Canada frontier, where scores of places cannot be guarded unless a blockade is established, more rigid than we are now keeping along the rebel border; but it is believed that we will be satisfied with enforcing the law at the principal points of travel, and with the moral effect thus secured.

NO PASSPORTS FOR THE PRESENT.

Secretary Seward publishes an order refusing passports till the present drafts shall have been raised.

THE CLERKS IN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Had a meeting to-night to take steps for military organization, and tried to do their share of military by resolutions—quarreled about some of them, and broke up without doing anything.

RESUMING THEIR POSTS.

Commissioner Holloway will be at his post again to-morrow, and Secretary Smith is also expected back to-morrow.

URGING MORE GUNBOATS.

Miles Greenwood, of Cincinnati, is here urging the necessity of still more gunboats. It is thought that Rear Admiral Foote's appointment to the Bureau of construction in the Navy Department, will insure for the old field of his labors in the West every possible provision. He understands the urgent necessities there, and will give the heartiest co-operation to measures for supplying them.

ARMS FOR THE NEW TROOPS.

In view of the apprehensions of the difficulty of supplying arms for the new troops, it is proper to state that the Government has three sources of abundant supply: 1st. The national armories have been for months manufacturing the best of arms, at the rate of 40,000 per month. 2d. Arms captured at Fort Donelson, Island No. 10, and elsewhere in the West, are being repaired and converted into good weapons at St. Louis. Some will probably be sent to Cincinnati for the same purpose. The supply of old arms, also, at Pittsburgh are available in a similar way. 3d. The Government, in anticipation of the present emergency, kept heavy orders abroad for importations.

EDWARD FLINT.

It is reported that the Flint reported drowned in the late disaster of the steamer Golden Gate was Edward Flint, late of Cincinnati, and President of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad.

TAX COLLECTORSHIP.

A large number of Cincinnati liquor dealers have forwarded protests against the appointment of Gen. Samuel Carey to the Tax Collectorship, on account of his strong temperance views, which, they say, unfit him for treating them with official fairness.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

There are reports of fighting at Gordonsville, but they are not confirmed.

Private dispatches, received yesterday, said Sigel's corps was then moving from Woodville, but were not permitted to say where till the movement was accomplished.

Cassius M. Clay has arrived. The protests of his old Kentucky enemies prevent him from going to Cincinnati. There is talk of his being assigned to an important command west of the Mississippi.

Gov. Sprague is also here. It is thought his negro regiment will yet be allowed to be organized in some way.

Congressmen and others from all parts of the North represent volunteering as going on with wonderful rapidity. Some even say that a draft will not be necessary for the first three hundred thousand, and that ten days extra time may be given to see if the second call won't also be filled without draft.

APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE NEW TAX LAW.

The Department is progressing rapidly with the appointments for officers under the tax law in the Eastern States. The Western States will be reached by next week. In several of the appointments already made the recommendation of the district Congressmen has been over-ridden. Secretary Chase says that such recommendation also receives great consideration, but it is not final by any means, as some supposed.

THE CENSUS REPORT.

The compendium of the census report is passing through the printer's hand. The full report won't be out for six months yet.

Affairs in Missouri.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 7.—At daylight, on the morning of the 2d inst., Col. Lawther, with one hundred and twenty-five rebels, attacked Capt. Birch's command of seventy-five Federals at Ozark. Capt. Birch, having been apprised of the meditated attack, fired and abandoned his tents, and withdrew into the brush, soon after which the enemy rode into the skirts of the burning camp, and called upon the men to surrender. Birch responded with a volley of minnie balls, and emptied several saddles, when the rebels broke and ran, leaving most of their arms and portfolio, containing their muster rolls and correspondence. The enemy had two killed and several wounded. After retreating forty miles from Forsyth, on White river, Birch attacked them at daylight on the morning of the 4th, killing 3, wounding 7, capturing 25 horses, 20 guns, and most of the clothing and saddles of the men, and about 300 letters, and the original authority, from the War Department of the C. S. A., authorizing Colonel Lawther to organize a regiment of Partisan Rangers for the service in Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, and Illinois.

Coffee, Hughes and Tracy, are making strong efforts to get a footing in the the State, but the activity of our troops has so far prevented it.

Citizens are being rapidly enrolled in the State militia. Thirty-five companies have already been organized, fifteen of which are armed and are now chasing the guerrillas and assisting the troops to maintain quiet. There is an excited state of feeling, and death to guerrillas is the motto. Seven guerrillas were hung in one day by a party of citizens who joined together for a fox chase. The time for a resort to law has gone by, and loyal citizens are determined to take matters in their own hands and rid the country of lawless marauders and guerrillas.

From Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8.—Gen. Merrill, during active operations against the guerrillas in North East Missouri, will call all able bodied loyal citizens to his assistance, and subsist his command off the secessionists.

The Jurisdiction of the Provost Marshal General of this State has been extended over Illinois and Iowa.

Recruiting in this city is progressing very satisfactorily, and there is little doubt that the eight regiments called for, under the President's first proclamation, will soon be full. Recruits from the country are coming in rapidly, and the people are fast placing themselves on one side or the other.

Advices from Indiana state that Col. Cross with a rebel force retreated from Fort Davis towards Hogg's Depot and Fort Gibson, now held by the Federals.

Additional Particulars of the Burning of the Golden Gate.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8.—The steamer Golden Gate, Capt. Hudson, commander, was burned at sea. She sailed from hence, for Panama, on the 21st ult., having on board ninety-five cabin passengers, one hundred and forty-seven second cabin and steerage passengers, and ninety-five of a crew, and $1,400,000 of treasure, of which Kirby, Byrne & Co. had $10,000; McRader & Co., $10,000.

On the 27th ult., at 4:45 p. m., when 15 miles north of Manzanillo, while the passengers were dining, the alarm of fire was heard, and the steamer was promptly headed for the shore, three and a half miles distant, the flames making fearful headway. At 15 minutes after 5 o'clock the upper deck fell in. She soon after struck the beach, and the passengers and crew, who had not got into the boats, jumped overboard, and endeavored to swim ashore. About one hundred, including five children, swam or were washed ashore alive.

The ship burned to the water's edge, and soon disappeared. Those on shore made way to near Manzanillo on the 28th. Just as the steamer St. Louis arrived up from Panama, some few others escaped to Manzanillo in boats. One boat with thirty has not been heard from, and probably made shore south of Manzanillo.

The St. Louis arrived here to-night, bringing 78 of the Golden Gate's passengers—all that are known to be saved—and a portion of the crew.

Capt. Hudson, with a portion of the crew, remained at Manzanillo, looking after missing passengers.

LIST OF PASSENGERS AND CREW SAVED.

First Cabin.—Ben. Halliday, J. Whitney, Jr., Capt. R. H. Pearson, Abel Gay, A. J. Nichols, Miss W. T. Clough, J. O. Joughans and wife, Mrs Wallace, A. Chavanne, C. J. Fox, S. M. Murphy and wife, A. J. Gunnison, M. Mullen lost his wife and children; B. L. Schmidt, H. Turpolin, Miss A. A. Manchester, 8 years old, Miss E. C. Manchester, 5 years old, Frank Manchester, 3 years old, G. Given, a boy 2 years old, —— Given, 8 weeks old.

Second Cabin.—O. Bradley, T. F. Haywood, R. H. Dorsey, P. H. Moran, G. T. Berthantel, Mrs. O. J. Ross, George Fulton, seven years old; S. C. Todd, Master J. Jones, boy of four; Mrs. S. Frances, Felix Beason, W. R. Wilcox, C. C. Thomas, Gerba Walker, G. Malindo, John Jenkins, G. W. Chase, D. Sicher, J. P. Ball; Jane C. Forsyth, servant to Mrs. Green; John A. Booth, 13 years old; Wm. Hamilton, Ben Holliday's servant; Isaac L. Gear.

Steerage.—C. W. Follansbee, B. J. Haskall, J. Sowards, N. C. Morlen, R. Perry, B. Leslie, W. Hensian, W. Woodworth, Jno. Smith, J. Tisat, Wm. Henry, J. N. Beverlide, B. C. Banker, James Antoine, Philip Class, J. H. Mitchell, A. H. Bales, J. Spencer, P. N. Karney, Jno. Dillon, N. Walton, A. Fisbee, S. A. Mann, sergeant U. S. Army Corps, B. Cooper, B. C. Iveraca, H. Allen, J. C. Barbor, O. P. Darling, John Chart, J. T. Murphy.

Officers and Crew.—W. H. Hudson, Captain; Matthew Nolan, first mate; W. Waddell, chief engineer; J. K. Wood, purser; H. McKearney, 2d mate, and fifty-eight other names of lost as soon as procured. Mr. Flint, of the firm of Holliday & Flint, Dr. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin, of Baltimore, known to be lost; four children of the latter were saved.

A Gazette from the War Department.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The following is an order to prevent the evasion of military duty, and for the suppression of disloyal practises:

First—By direction of the President of the United States, it is hereby ordered that, until further order, no citizen, liable to be drafted into the militia, shall be allowed to go to a foreign country—and all marshals, deputy marshals, and military officers of the United States, are directed, and all police authorities especially, at the ports of the United States, on the seaboard and