THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE
AND COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1862. VOLUME LXXV---NO. 219

COMMISSION, &c.

SOLAR OIL WORKS COMPANY, OF PENNSYLVANIA. Office, St. Clair Street, near the Bridge. Buy and sell CARBON OILS on commission—cash or time. CRUDE OILS, of all descriptions, wanted. Address J. WEAVER, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer. my16:6m

J. S. LIGGETT.....JOHN LINDSAY.
J. S. LIGGETT & CO., (successors to Bell & Liggett,) FLOUR FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, for the sale of GRAIN, SEEDS, CHEESE, PRODUCE, &c., Nos. 75 Water and 92 Front streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. my6

ANDREW MACKEOWN.....WILKINS LINHART.
MACKEOWN & LINHART, FLOUR AND GRAIN FACTORS, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, for the sale of Flour, Grain, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Beans, Tallow, Grease, Feathers, Potatoes, Pot and Pearl Ashes, Saleratus, Linseed and Lard Oils, Dried and Green Fruits, Timothy, Clover, Flax and Grass Seeds. Cash advances made on Consignments. ap1:ly No. 277 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.

JOHN B. CANFIELD, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, PORK, BACON, FLOUR, FISH, POT AND PEARL ASHES, SALERATUS, LINSEED AND LARD OILS, DRIED FRUIT and Produce generally, Nos. 141 and 143 Front street, Pittsburgh.

WM. CULP.....OTIS SHEPARD.
CULP & SHEPARD, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE, No. 243 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Choice brands of Flour for Bakers and Family use constantly on hand. Particular attention paid to filling orders for Merchandize generally. oc6:dly

FRANK VAN GORDER, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, dealer in FLOUR, BUTTER, BROOMS, SEEDS, LARD, CHEESE, PORK, DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS and Produce generally. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. Warehouse, No. 114 Second street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES C. McVAY, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, for the sale of FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, EGGS, and Western Produce generally, No. 10 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders and consignments solicited. ja22:lyd

JAMES A. FETZER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, for the sale of FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, SEEDS, DRIED FRUIT, and Produce generally, No. 16 Market st., corner of First, Pittsburgh. oc6:dly

W. SCHOMAKER.....WM. F. LANG.
SCHOMAKER & LANG, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and wholesale dealers in GROCERIES, FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c., No. 329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se13:dly

JAMES DALZELL & SON, MANUFACTURERS OF LARD OIL, and COMMISSION MERCHANTS for the purchase and sale of CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM, Nos. 68 and 70 Water st., Pittsburgh. Advances made on consignments.

HOLLAND RIDDLE, successor to Jno. M'Gill & Son, No. 183 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, GENERAL PRODUCE, GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. Consignments respectfully solicited. fe26:dly

WM. WHITE.....JNO. WHITE.....JOS. WHITE.
WHITE BROTHERS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in PROVISIONS AND PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 295 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. my27

A. SCHOYER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, dealer in CRUDE AND REFINED CARBON OILS, GLASS, IRON, NAILS, &c., No. 183 Liberty street. mh27:dly

WILLIAM MEANS, CHAS. A. COFFIN, Gen'l Part's. DAVID M'CANDLESS, Special Partner.
MEANS & COFFIN, successors to M'Candless, Means & Co., WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner of Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. jy3:dly

DANIEL SHUPE.....L. H. VOIGT.
L. H. VOIGT & CO., successor to L. G. Graff, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 247 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. au5

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDWARD HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy7

EDGERTON & STEWART, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 107 Wood street, Pittsburgh. je2:dly

J. KIRKPATRICK.....M. E. BROWN.....WM. KIRKPATRICK.
BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS, WHOLESALE GROCERS and dealers in FLOUR AND SEEDS, Nos. 191 and 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ja2:dly

DRUGGISTS.

THOMAS WOODSIDE.....JAMES L. WALLACE.
WOODSIDE & WALLACE, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 365 LIBERTY STREET, je21:ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

SIMON JOHNSTON, DEALER IN PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, BURNING FLUID, OILS, FAMILY MEDICINES, &c., of strictly prime quality, which he offers at lowest prices. Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGIST and Manufacturer of WHITE LEAD AND LITHARGE, corner of Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh. mh2

JOHN P. SCOTT, WHOLESALE DEALER IN DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND DYE STUFFS, No. 296 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. All orders will receive prompt attention. mh24

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, DRUGGIST, 140 Wood street, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ATTORNEYS.

JAS. VEECH, (late of Fayette county, Pa.) ATTORNEY, &c., PITTSBURGH, PA. Office—S. E. corner Fourth and Grant streets. my22:6m

JOHN G. MacCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE, second story Kuhn's Law Building, No. 93 Diamond street. Will attend to the settlement, securing and collection of claims, bounties, &c., in Washington, District of Columbia. no19:6m

JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.....JOHN MELLON.
KIRKPATRICK & MELLON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, No. 133 Fourth street, five doors above Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa. my17:dtf

THOMAS EWING, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. OFFICE, No. 150 Fourth street, corner of Cherry alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. au11:dawlyT

C. B. M. SMITH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, has removed to KUHN'S LAW BUILDINGS, No. 12 Diamond street, next door to St. Peter's Church. my16:dly

S. SCHOYER, JR.....SAMUEL C. SCHOYER.
S. & S. C. SCHOYER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office, 129 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. je3

PRODUCE.

R. HUTCHINSON.....C. S. LEECH.
LEECH & HUTCHINSON, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, dealers in WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, FLOUR, FISH, BACON, BUTTER, LINSEED OIL, POTS AND PEARL ASHES, SEEDS, GRAIN, DRIED FRUIT and Produce generally. Best brands Family Flour always on hand. Agent for the sale of Madison & Co.'s celebrated Patented Pearl Starch. Nos. 116 Second and 145 First sts., between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap2:dly

CHEESE WAREHOUSE.—HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, FISH and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, above Water, Pittsburgh. my12

JAMES HOLMES & CO., PORK PACKERS and dealers in PROVISIONS, corner of Market and Front streets. ja4:dly

INSURANCE AGENTS.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, AGENT FOR FRANKLIN, PHILADELPHIA AND RELIANCE INSURANCE COMPANIES, North-east corner Wood and Third streets.

W. P. JONES, AGENT NORTH AMERICAN, State of Pennsylvania and Hartford Insurance Companies, 87 Water street.

SAMUEL REA, SECRETARY CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY, corner Market and Water streets.

F. M. GORDON, SECRETARY WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, 92 Water street.

D. M. BOOK, SECRETARY ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY, 37 Fifth street.

DRY GOODS.

JOHN WILSON.....JESSE W. CARR.....DAVID M'CANDLESS.
WILSON, CARR & CO., (Late Wilson, Payne & Co.) WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 94 Wood street, third house above Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. ap10:dtf

J. M. BURCHFIELD, successor to J. Burchfield & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

J. W. BARKER & CO., DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, No. 59 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh.

C. HANSON LOVE, DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, sign of the original Bee Hive, No. 74 Market street, Pittsburgh.

BEESWAX AND DRY HIDES.—2 barrels Beeswax; 10 Dry Hides; On steamer May Duke, to arrive and for sale by ja30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

GROCERS.

SHRIVER & LAZEAR, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Nos. 27 and 29 Smithfield Street, Corner Second, ja9:lyd PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. M. GORMLY, WHOLESALE GROCER, No. 271 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Having purchased the interest of his late partners, will continue the business at the old stand, and will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old friends and customers. my15:dtf

WM. H. KIRKPATRICK.....JNO. P. KIRKPATRICK.
WM. H. KIRKPATRICK & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN COUNTRY PRODUCE, No. 253 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap7

THOS. LITTLE, JR.....JAMES TRIMBLE.
LITTLE & TRIMBLE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, dealers in PRODUCE, FLOUR, BACON, CHEESE, FISH, CARBON AND LARD OIL, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, COTTON YARNS, and Pittsburgh manufactures generally, 112 Second street, Pittsburgh.

DUNCAN M'DONALD.....J. ARBUCKLE, JR.....C. ARBUCKLE.
McDONALD & ARBUCKLE, WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Jobbers in N. O. SUGARS and MOLASSES, REFINED SUGARS and SYRUPS, FLOUR, BACON, RICE, CHEESE, SEEDS, &c., No. 253 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. no14:ly

P. REYMER.....J. A. REYMER.....WM. D. REYMER.
REYMER & BROTHERS, successors to Reymer & Anderson, Wholesale dealers in FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS AND SPICES, CONFECTIONERY, SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c., Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street, above Fifth, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. jy29:dly

GEORGE S. HEAD.....GEORGE METZGAR.
HEAD & METZGAR, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and dealers in all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE AND PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES, No. 249 Liberty street, opposite head of Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap3:ly

ROBT. ROBISON.....SAMUEL D. ROBISON.
R. ROBISON & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in all kinds of PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, and Pittsburgh manufactures, No. 255 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. my2

J. A. M'GEAGH, WHOLESALE GROCER, COMMISSION MERCHANT and dealer in FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS, No. 270 Liberty street, opposite Hand, Pittsburgh, Pa. Liberal advances made on consignments. mh13:lym

GEO. B. JONES, WHOLESALE DEALER IN GROCERIES, MANILLA ROPE, OAKUM, OILS, PITCH and Pittsburgh manufactured articles, No. 141 Water street, above the Monongahela Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROBERT DALZELL.....J. F. DALZELL.
ROBERT DALZELL & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and dealers in PRODUCE and Pittsburgh manufactures, Pittsburgh.

HENRY LAMBERT.....JOHN SHIPTON.
LAMBERT & SHIPTON, WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. oc14:ly

JOHN WATT.....JOHN WILSON.
WATT & WILSON, WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh manufactures, No. 158 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. n25

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and dealers in PRODUCE, No. 80 Water street, and 65 Front street, Pittsburgh.

GEO. W. DILWORTH.....JOHN S. DILWORTH.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, Nos. 130 and 132 Second street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. no1

JOHN FLOYD.....WILLIAM FLOYD.
JOHN FLOYD & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 172 Wood and 228 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. je15

WILLIAM BAGALEY, WHOLESALE GROCER, Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. fu24:dtf

ALEXANDER KING, WHOLESALE GROCER, Importer of Soda Ash, No. 273 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh6

MANUFACTURERS.

DANIEL BENNETT & SON, MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE STONE CHINA AND CREAM COLORED WARE. Office and Warehouse at No. 74 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh15:lyism

W. S. MACKINTOSH.....J. HEMPHILL.....N. F. HAY.
MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO., corner Pike and O'Hara streets, near the City Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa., Manufacturers of MACKINTOSH AND HEMPHILL'S IMPROVED PATENT OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINES AND SLIDE VALVES, of all sizes and best style. Having put up machinery of large capacity and of the best quality, we are prepared to do heavy jobbing and solicit work in this line, trusting that by promptness, and the character of our work, to merit public patronage. We invite special attention to our BALANCED VALVE OSCILLATING ENGINES, as combining advantages heretofore unattained in this class of Engines. ja26:lyd

JOSEPH F. HAMILTON & CO., Corner of First and Liberty streets, PITTSBURGH, Pa., MANUFACTURERS OF SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES, MACHINERY, &c. &c. my16:tf

S. SEVERANCE, No. 50 WATER ST., Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, COMMON AND RAILROAD, of every description. Particular sized or shaped SPIKES and RIVETS, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand. my2:6m

J. A. WOLFE.....T. T. PLUNKETT.....T. CAMPBELL.
EXCELSIOR GLASS WORKS.—WOLFE, PLUNKETT & CO., GLASS MANUFACTURERS. Warehouse, No. 12 Wood street, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. se5:lyd

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO., No. 215 Liberty street, opposite Sixth, Pittsburgh, manufacturers of WHIPS, LASHES AND SWITCHES, and every description of LEATHER BRAIDED WORK. Orders solicited from the trade, and goods promptly shipped as per instructions. fe5:dawlyT

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, BY THE USE OF AN APPARATUS WHEREBY NO DRUGS or GALVANIC BATTERY ARE USED. Medical gentlemen and their families have had their teeth extracted by my process, and are ready to testify as to the safety and painlessness of the operation—whatever has been said by persons interested in asserting the contrary, having no knowledge of my process. ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style, and charges very low; warranted in all cases to be of the best material. E. OUDRY, DENTIST, 134 Smithfield st.

JOSEPH ADAMS, DENTIST, Connelly's Building, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES—Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Hallock, Theodore Robbins, Russell Errett. my3:dly

BOOKSELLERS, &c.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS, AND JOB PRINTERS, No. 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh. se30

KAY & CO., BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, No. 55 Wood Street, next door to the corner of Third, Pittsburgh, Pa. SCHOOL and LAW BOOKS constantly on hand.

J. L. READ, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, No. 78 Fourth street, Apollo Buildings.

TRIMMINGS, &c.

JOSEPH HORNE, DEALER IN TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES AND STRAW GOODS, No. 77 Market street, Pittsburgh.

EATON, MACRUM & CO., DEALERS IN EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, etc., Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. ap16

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

WILLIAM WARD, DEALER IN PROMISSORY NOTES, BONDS, MORTGAGES, and all securities for money. Persons can procure LOANS through my agency on reasonable terms. Those wishing to invest their money to good advantage, can always find first and second class paper at my office, for sale. All communications and interviews strictly confidential. Office, Grant street, opposite St. Paul's Cathedral. ja1:dtf

ARTIFICIAL LEGS AND ARMS. Selpho's celebrated Patent ANGLESEA LEG and ARTIFICIAL HANDS. 516 BROADWAY, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New York. Send for a Circular. my24:3m

NEW BOOKS.

A GREAT BOOK.—AMERICA BEFORE EUROPE—Principles and Interests. By Count Agenor De Gasparin, author of "Uprising of a Great People." 1 vol. 12 mo. Price, $1.25.
Major Winthrop's new book—EDWIN BROTHERTOFT. By Major Winthrop, author of "Cecil Dreeme," "John Brent."
AMONG THE PINES. A new book of startling interest. By Edmund Kirke.
Just rec'd by ja22 H. S. DAVIS, No. 93 Wood street.

STANDARD SCIENTIFIC WORKS. Hugh Miller's Works, 7 vols; Ure's Dictionary of Arts, Manufactures and Mines; Lardner's Philosophy, 3 vols; Youman's Hand Book of Household Science; Johnston's Chemistry of Common Life; Gray's Manual of Botany; Gray's Structural Botany; Woods' Class-Book of Botany; Mitchell's Popular Astronomy; Smith's Natural History of Man; Martin's Natural History, 2 vols; Guyot's Earth and Man; Lyell's Manual of Geology; " Elementary Geology; De La Beeches' Geological Observer; Ewbanks' Hydraulics and Mechanics; D'Aubisson's Hydraulics. je24 KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.

BOOKS! BOOKS! Medical Uses of Electricity—Garrett; Recreations of a Country Parson; Queens of Society; Spare Hours, by J. Brown, M. D.; Men, Women and Books, by L. Hunt; Titcomb's Books; A Good Fight, by C. Reade; Personal History of Lord Bacon; Life of Sir Philip Sidney; Songs in Many Keys—O. W. Holmes; Poems, by Rose Terry; Liberty and Slavery—Bledsoe; Lectures on Apocalypse—Butler; Life and Speeches of Douglas; History of all Religions, etc., etc. mh6 J. L. READ, 78 Fourth street.

JUST PUBLISHED.—PURDON'S DIGEST, Ninth edition. (from 1700 to 1861.) Edited by F. C. Brightly, Esq. Price $5. jul KAY & CO., No. 55 Wood street.

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

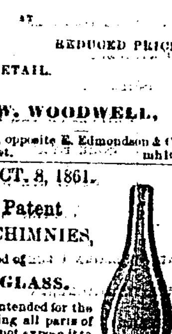
A. L. WEBB & BRO., Corner Pratt and Commerce Sts., Baltimore, General Commission Merchants & Agents for the sale of DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER AND SAFETY FUSE. Receive on consignment all kinds of WESTERN PRODUCE, and make advances thereon. P. S.—Railroad track in front of Warehouse.
REFER TO
William H. Smith & Co., Miller & Rickétson, George W. Smith & Co., Spencer & Garrard, Culp & Shepard — Pittsburgh.
Merchants' Bank, B. De Ford & Sons — Baltimore. fe16:6m

WILLIAM A. GWYER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, for the sale of CRUDE PETROLEUM, REFINED OILS, KEROSENE, NAPHTHA, &c. No. 139 WATER STREET, NEW YORK. Liberal cash advances made on consignments and prompt personal attention given to all business. my21:3md

NEW CARPETS, Oil Cloths, &c., AT M'CALLUM'S, No. 87 Fourth Street, Bought previous to the late advance in prices, of which the fullest advantage is offered to purchasers FOR CASH. de12

FURNITURE AND CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS SELLING OFF AT REDUCED PRICES. WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. JAS. W. WOODWELL, 97 and 99 Third street, opposite E. Edmondson & Co., and 111 Fourth street. mh10

PATENTED OCT. 8, 1861. Dithridge's Patent OVAL LAMP CHIMNIES, Manufactured of XX FLINT GLASS. These Chimnies are intended for the flat flame, which heating all parts of the glass equally, does not expose it to cracking. E. D. DITHRIDGE, Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap17



WAGONS, &c., FOR SALE VERY CHEAP. FARM WAGONS, OIL WAGONS and SPRING WAGONS, GARDENER'S CARTS AND COAL CARTS; TIMBER WHEELS, CANAL, GARDENER'S, BRICK AND STONE MASON'S WHEELBARROWS, all made of the best dry timber; also all kinds of repairing attended to promptly. Apply to ROBT. HARE, Wagon Maker, Back of Federal street Station, Allegheny. ja11:lyd

NOTICE TO OIL REFINERS AND OTHERS.—The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co., having completed their arrangements for the manufacture of CONCENTRATED OIL OF VITRIOL, are now prepared to supply the trade therewith. Their Platinum still having a capacity of 12,000 lbs. per day, they will be enabled to fill orders in large quantities without delay. Address, GEORGE COLHOUN, Agent, ja19:3m Office, 24 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

LYON ARNSTHAL, IMPORTER AND DEALER in the most select brands of GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS, and all kinds of SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, SNUFF, FANCY MEERSCHAUM PIPES, TUBES, &c., &c., in great variety, UNDER THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, Pittsburgh, Pa. N. B.—The Trade supplied on liberal terms. my11:dly

W. W. YOUNG, successor to Cartwright & Young, No. 97 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley, dealer in all kinds of CUTLERY, RAZORS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS, KNIVES, SCISSORS, GUNS, &c., &c. A large assortment of the above goods constantly on hand. mh1

JACKSON & TOWNSEND, PORK PACKERS AND DEALERS IN BACON, DRIED BEEF, LARD, MESS AND RUMP PORK; No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty, Pittsburgh.

W. P. MARSHALL, DEALER IN WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., No. 87 Wood street, Pittsburgh. ja7

R. H. PALMER, No. — WOOD ST., Dealer in BONNETS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS, and STRAW GOODS generally.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JOHN CAMPBELL, MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS AND SHOES of every description, No. 34 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. oc21:dly

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES, &c., corner Fourth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. CHARLES H. STOWE, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office, No. 56 FEDERAL STREET, (Opposite Colonnade Row, near Suspension Bridge,) jy16:ly ALLEGHENY CITY.

MACKEREL.—100 quarter bbls. No. 2 Mackerel, just received from Boston and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jul2 corner Market and First streets.

CHEESE.—200 bxs. Cream Cheese; 50 do Hamburg; 50 do Goshen; For sale by (jul1) J. B. CANFIELD.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,
Publication Office No. 84 Fifth Street.
MORNING AND EVENING EDITIONS, DAILY, CONTAINING THE LATEST NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF PUBLICATION.

TERMS:

MORNING EDITION—$6 per annum in advance, or 12 cents per week from carriers.

EVENING EDITION—$3 per annum in advance, or 6 cents per week from carriers.

WEEKLY EDITION—Single copies, $2 per annum; Five or more, $1,15; Ten or upwards, $1 per annum, invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 1.

Requirements of the Day.

The following article, from the Chicago *Tribune*, does not alone speak the sentiments of the Northwest. It suits the feelings of the loyal people of this latitude exactly, and we cordially endorse it, as will nine-tenths of the loyal people throughout the country.

It is marvelous that the Administration at Washington cannot be made to understand the wishes of the people. The cry has gone up to Washington long and loud from those States from which men, money and provisions come to carry on the war, for the inauguration—firmly, decisively and vigorously—of the new policy of crushing out the rebellion. Will the voice of the united people be heard in vain?

The authorities at Washington need be under no misapprehension as to what the people of the Northwest demand in the future conduct of the war; because there is hardly a journal in the half-dozen Northwestern States, no matter what its political antecedents or present affiliations, that does not, every issue, enforce these demands with whatever ability it possesses. Attentive readers of the public papers and close observers of the currents of popular opinion, we have no hesitation in putting down in black and white the ultimatum with which the people of the West will be content. The people ask,

I. A more vigorous prosecution of hostilities, the leadership of commanders who are not afraid to strike a rebel head whenever they see it, and the degradation of such animals as Don Carlos Buell and others of his stripe, whose ideas of conquering the rebellion extend no further than the doing of pleasant things at rebel bidding.

II. The employment of slave labor wherever the tasks of our loyal troops may be lessened thereby—its employment in the non-military offices of the field and camp, in ditch-digging, road-making, train-driving, in nursing the sick, in cooking and washing, and in whatever else the emancipated slaves may profitably do.

III. Some system of procedure—some definite instructions to quartermasters and commissaries—by which our loyal boys in the enemy's country may live as well as the niggers of the secessionists, and that, too, at rebel expense. We mean not that the soldiers of the loyal army shall be allowed to enter any house or field and take what their cupidity or their hunger craves; but that when in service their commanders shall seize for their use what their physical health requires, settling with the disloyal owners as they may.

Here are the requirements which, if we are not mistaken the people of the West who have sons and brothers in the army, will not forget. They are the out-croppings of experience of common sense, not the policy dictated by "nigger fanaticism" or a revengeful spirit; and the necessity for making them instantly operative seems to us to be imperative. The soldiers are crying out in every letter that comes from the camp that their toil comes to naught; that they are led by men who dare not or will not meet the foe; that they are wearied to death with ditch digging, marching and counter-marching, guarding rebel potato-patches and keeping the slaves of rebels out of their lines; that they are without relief in their most disagreeable tasks, though thousands stand ready to aid them: that they are sick nigh unto death of camp fare; that, cut off from all vegetables, milk and soft bread, it is more than human to expect that they will not encroach upon rebel inclosures; that it is too bad, in this, a season of abundance, to see loyal men dying of scurvy in the midst of the means of cure, that they are not allowed to touch.

These are a few of the soldiers' complaints. One order at Washington will remove the cause of them all, infuse new life into the army, strike terror into the rebels, and push the Union cause ahead more than a great victory. Will it be issued?

THINK OF THAT!—The Louisville *Journal*, a paper which would be likely to know, says there has been many an instance in which a rebel guerrilla has aided in the murder of loyal troops, stationed for the protection of his own property.

Is not such folly on the part of our Generals almost incomprehensible on any other ground than that they have strong sympathies for the South, and hope to see the war closed by some compromise with the rebels, which will place the South in the vantage ground she has occupied for so many years. These old army officers have hitherto found that promotion has only come by cringing to the South, and they cannot lay aside their respect for Southern power.

MAGOFFIN.—Beriah Magoffin, Governor of Kentucky, who has always been a traitor at heart, differing from Breckinridge only in lack of courage to take up arms against his country, has called a special session of the Legislature of that State to give *him* soldiers and money to protect citizens—against what? The particular thing specified in his message is the mild emancipation scheme commended by the President to the Border States. This looks very much like an attempt to levy war against the United States. Fort Lafayette holds scores of better men than Magoffin, and he ought to have been there a full year ago.

GEN. LUCIUS DESHA, ex-mayor Sam. January, M. Garnet, and Rev. Mr. Smiley, and two other prominent citizens of Cynthiana, Kentucky, were brought as prisoners to Newport barracks, opposite Cincinnati, on Saturday night. These rebels have all before been arrested and released on parole, but were all engaged in aiding the brigan Morgan in his recent raid. For thus violating their parole they will probably be made acquainted with the suffocating qualities of Kentucky hemp.

A TEST PLATE.—The Nashau Iron Company have just finished for the Government a test plate fifteen feet long, forty inches wide, four and a half inches thick, and weighing ten thousand pounds. This plate is considered ball proof, and will put to test some of the new projectiles which have recently been invented.

RESIGNATION OF POSTMASTER KASSON.—The Hon. John A. Kasson, First Assistant Postmaster General, having been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fifth District (Iowa,) has tendered his resignation as First Assistant Postmaster General.

MICHIGAN.—Recruiting is going on gloriously in this state. It is expected that the whole new quota will be ready to take the field in a shorter time than the first four regiments were made up.

Drafting.

We select the following articles from different sources, to show how the public mind is drifting. The first extract is from a letter from Harrison's Landing, dated July 27th, urging the absolute necessity of immediately filling up the shrunken regiments:

There remains the rub—how to do it. I say by drafting. This whole army say by drafting. It isn't likely it can be done by bounty-coaxing, and *it must be* done. Drafting is the alternative.

Crash together your new organizations up there in the States so soon as half a dozen of them will make a regiment fit for garrison duty in Baltimore. Use the ambition of your little great men so long as their personal influence shall recruit lively, so long as extravagant bounties will buy patriotism, and thus —except where their "Legions," and their "Guards," and their "Rifles," and their "Zouaves," and their "Chasseurs," shall count up to the maximum—why, smash them together! And then order drafting. Better if volunteering had not been tried, since drafting will surely come.

I write again and again the word "drafting," with peculiar pleasure, with savage pleasure, like the man who has made up his mind to a severe measure, and delights in it—"drafting."

I inclose a copy of a letter lately addressed to the Adjutant-General of New York on the subject of skeleton regiments. New York has 60 regiments in this army—not far from 25,000 men.

The salaries of the officers of a single regiment for one month amount to $52,000. For a year to $624,000.

In these 60 regiments there are men to fill not more than half that number, so that the officering of the remaining 30 is unnecessary expense. Say 30 regiments one year $1,872,000.

On the score of economy alone those regiments should be crowded to the full extent of their muster-rolls.

Of course the same statements hold good, and the same course should be pursued with regiments from other States.

The letter appended recommends consolidation as the remedy, but the facts and arguments show with equal, and perhaps more force, the necessity of filling up the old organizations.

The New York *World*, in an article on the slowness of recruiting, says:

We join in the universal loyal cry for a more vigorous prosecution of the war. The only manifestation of vigor that will *tell*, that will carry an abiding conviction to every Northern home that the Government is at last fully aroused and thoroughly in earnest, is an immediate draft. Drafting would not necessarily displace the system of voluntary enlistments. It would give us men for immediate service, while a continuance of enlistments would keep up and supplement the volunteer force in the field. A draft would probably give a needed impulse to voluntary enlistments. As all men of the military age are subject to draft, and, if drafted, would receive no bounty, many would enlist partly to avoid the shame of waiting to be drafted, and partly to secure the heavy bounties offered for voluntary recruits. The President has no power to draft except for nine months. Let him call out, by this method, an adequate force of the militia for manning all our numerous scattered defensive positions, and we shall immediately have experienced troops enough to resume a vigorous offensive. Recruiting of volunteers would then go on without that painful sense of its inefficiency and tardiness which now weighs on the spirits of all loyal men.

The Chicago *Tribune*, in an article on the subject of bounties, says:

Every reasonable man sees that drafting must be resorted to at last. Far better would it have been had the rule become a general one from the first. It will be a disadvantage to the service to have in the same regiments, and shoulder to shoulder, two different classes of men, those who have come forward under the spur of bounties and those who were drafted. The war has become an actual fact. The doubt that any may have entertained that the rebellion was simply a temporary disturbance to be put down by police, has given way to a sounder and more sensible conception of the fact that we have in the field against us a determined and dangerous enemy, who will yield to no less material appeals than ball and bayonet, and with whom artillery will be the best argument.

The President should have called for a draft of one million men, in two classes, one of five hundred thousand to take the field at once, the other to be put under drill and constitute a reserve. There should have been no bounties offered, for if men go into the ranks for patriotism, they need no such added reason, and if they go for hire, the sum is far too inadequate. We would not that a single dollar raised by private subscriptions or public appropriation should be withheld, but rather that the sum be increased ten-fold and become a sacred trust for the families of those who must go. The draft is near at hand, and there will be many cases where the care for the soldier's family must be a sacred duty. This is better than bounties. We must look to nothing else than the draft to keep our army full, and the public must come forward generously in behalf of those who go.

Activity of Maryland Rebels.

The rebels in Maryland have within a few days manifested a reviving life, have held secret meetings, made boastful prophecies, and threatened Union men. Some of the newspapers in the lower counties publish notices of recruiting rendezvous in Virginia for rebel regiments, and advertise convenient routes northward for deserters from the National army. An organized underground railroad carries deserters through Prince George's county by way of Fair Haven. Gen. Wadsworth followed up the track of this railroad to the houses of two large planters belonging to the most aristocratic families in Maryland, and arrested the proprietors, Wm. Hill, brother of Clement Hill, of Baltimore, and one of the Bowles.

Measures of precaution have been taken in other directions, and stringent punishment will be promptly dealt out, if the rebel tendencies of the slaveholders dare to take the form of more open action. It is believed that if Gen. Wadsworth and Wool had been allowed energetically to follow the dictates of their own judgments in all respects, before now axes would have been laid at more than one rebel tree in Maryland, and estates belonging to leading rebels, which it is made the duty of the President by the Confiscation act to seize, would have passed into the possession of the Government.

Lieut. Shearer, of the 1st rebel Maryland regiment, was arrested last week at Hancock and taken to Hagerstown. He was finely mounted and had been recruiting in Washington and Frederick counties for three weeks with indifferent success, as he said. The Provost Marshal of Hagerstown has arrested several prominent citizens of the county who refused to take the oath of allegiance. It has been administered to a large number of persons, suspected of rebel tendencies, many of whom, hither among the loudest in denouncing the government, took it rather than go to jail.

Washington Items.

The following items are from the specials to the New York *Times*:

A VIGOROUS WAR POLICY.

You may rely upon it that a vigor never before known in the conduct of the war is henceforth to mark the policy of the Government. Organization is perfect and material abundant, and soldiers are pushed rapidly to their places in the field.

SECRETARY STANTON AWAY FROM HOME.

Gen. Halleck and Secretary Stanton attracted considerable attention at Willard's to-night, by appearing together in the lobby. The Secretary is not often seen so far from the War Office.

LORD LYONS AND THE BOGUS CONFEDERACY.

The statement that Lord Lyons has written to a member of the Legation that England would recognize the bogus Confederacy, is, of course, without foundation.

CARS ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

The cars commenced running regularly to-day on the street railroad in Pennsylvania Avenue. The track is in order from the Capitol to the State Department.

FROM MEMPHIS AND CAIRO.

Humboldt not Captured by the Rebels -- Railroad Communication still Open to Corinth--An Infamous Traitor Hanged by General Dodge.

CAIRO, July 29.—I have just arrived from Columbus. Two trains have arrived—one on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, at 7 o'clock. The accounts previously received of rebel raids were greatly exaggerated. From official information I derive the following account:

Two hundred of Jackson's cavalry came to the house of a wealthy man named Beadle, residing near Humboldt, early yesterday morning, and as he was about starting to pilot them to the bridge inside of our lines, he discovered a party of six or seven federal scouts riding towards them; concealing himself behind a fence, Beadle directed the rebels to an ambush from whence, upon the arrival of our men, they could pounce upon and capture them. This plan, however, was frustrated *by a young slave of Beadle, who, at the risk of his own life, started across a cornfield and warned the federals of their peril*, who at once turned back, hotly pursued by the rebels. Only three of our men succeeded in reaching Humboldt safely. One received a ball in the breast, with which he rode six miles, dying soon after he reached the town. The other two were probably captured, as they have not been seen. A portion of the rebels then proceeded to the bridge, six miles from Humboldt, driving off the small force stationed there, and set fire to it. Our men being reinforced by a small party, drove the rebels back to the river, where they in time were reinforced, and the federals again driven back, and it was not until our troops were reinforced from Humboldt that the rebels were put to flight. Our men succeeded in extinguishing the fire after about sixty feet of the bridge had been burned. Col. Bissell's engineer regiment was immediately set at work, and at 10 o'clock this morning the bridge was repaired. In the meantime large scouting parties were sent out in every direction. Beadle and four others supposed to have been connected with the rebels were arrested in the afternoon and eight others during the night. Beadle was at once tried and sentenced to be hung this afternoon. He had taken the oath of allegiance, which was found upon his person. His house was also burned, as well as the houses of the four others taken with him. On their retreat the rebels burned a bridge on the Mississippi Central Road, eight miles from Memphis.

Active preparations were made at Humboldt last night to meet the rebels, an attack being expected, and Gen. Logan threatened to set fire to the town upon the first alarm. Heavy forces will now guard the line of the Mobile and Ohio road all the way to Corinth, and no more trouble is anticipated.

The following is a copy of a dispatch received by Gen. Quimby, at Columbus, at five o'clock this evening:

"*To Gen. J. T. Quimby:*

"TRENTON, Tenn, July 29, 1862.

"The man who guided the rebels to the bridge that was burned, was hung to-day. He had taken the oath. The houses of four others who aided have been burned to the ground.

(Signed) "G. M. DODGE,
"Brigadier General."

Emerson Etheredge delivered a rousing speech yesterday, to a large gathering of citizens and soldiers, at Trenton.—*Dispatch to Chicago Tribune.*

How King David Used a Slave of the Enemy as a Scout.

There is another book of wars which our Generals would do well to study along with Hardee's Tactics. Some of them, who have so nearly apotheosized the slave that they dare not use the sacred thing in warfare, might be relieved in their consciences by an example from Holy Writ. The Amalekites had invaded Judah, burned the city of Ziklag, and carried the women and children away captive, among them David's two wives. The King inquired of the Lord and gained permission to pursue the invaders with his army. While on the march he found an Egyptian slave, who had fain three days and three nights upon the field, having been left sick by his master, one of the retreating Amalekites. But so far from turning this deserted slave out of the lines and proclaiming an "Order No. 3," David gave him bread and water, and figs and raisins, to revive his famished spirit; and then questioned him:

"Can'st thou bring me down to this company?" And he said, "Swear unto me by God, that thou wilt neither kill me, *nor deliver me into the hands of my master*, and I will bring thee down to this company." David took the oath; and the slave led him down to the camp of the enemy, who were eating and drinking, and dancing over their victory and their spoils. And David smote them from morning till night, and not one escaped except four hundred who fled on camels. The captives and all the spoil were regained, and the flocks and herds of the enemy were driven off. All of this will be found in the thirtieth chapter of first Samuel, from which let us learn that the slaves will not join our side in the great civil war until we swear unto them that we will not return them to their masters.—*Chicago Tribune.*

North Carolina Unionism--Governor Stanley's Mission a Failure.

Rev. Horace James, Chaplain of one of the Massachusetts regiments at Newbern, writes to the Boston *Congregationalist*:

It is, in my own view, the hight of folly to shape our national policy with reference to a Union feeling in the seceded States. I do not see the evidence of it in North Carolina; and if not here, much less elsewhere. The Newbern *Progress* has given the people of the North too strong statements upon this subject. With a laudable desire of *manufacturing* Union feeling in this State, it has introduced everything that could be found favoring this side of the question. But there is not a neighborhood in the whole North State in which the Stars and Stripes would be permitted to float ten minutes, should the covering Federal force be withdrawn. Attempts have been made to raise a Union regiment at Washington; but after two or three months' hard work, about fifty men have enlisted in it, and there it hangs fire.

The owners of real estate in Newbern have not returned to the city, and probably will not; and not a few who remain here openly avow themselves sympathizers with the Confederacy. Governor Stanley's mission is a futile one. The people will not be appeased. They despise conciliation. They can be reduced by force alone; force acting directly upon and against their pet institutions; force compelling them to respect Democratic ideas and universal truths; force bringing liberty to their slaves, education to their ignorant people, buyers for their unimproved lands, and mechanism and skill to develop their hidden resources. It seems evident to me that it is impossible to re-establish firmly the American Union except by re-organizing society at the South, and that the military policy of the Government should be based upon this truth.

The Riches of Egypt.

A letter from Southern Illinois says:

Cotton and tobacco have been planted in Southern Illinois to a considerable extent this year, and the cultivation of these articles will be largely increased, as year after year proves the profitableness of their production. There are some fine cotton fields within six miles of this place, and, after considerable inquiry, I am led to believe that this part of the State (Southern Illinois) will send 5,000 bales to market this year. I have heard the crop estimated as high as 20,000 bales. It would have been much larger than that; even, could seed have been procured at the planting season. We think we have as good cotton lands as any in Mississippi or Tennessee, and, if we are successful this year, you need not be surprised if the crop of 1863 comes up to 100,000 bales.

GEN. JAS. H. LANE.—Gen. Jas. H. Lane arrived in this city yesterday morning, and expected to leave this morning for Kansas. Gen. Lane has ample powers from the War Department to raise and equip, and to use an army; and that he will do it in the least possible time, and with convincing, crushing effect upon the rebels, his past history gives the best possible assurance. The public will watch his movements with deep interest.—*Chicago Tribune.*

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

ASTOUNDING INTELLIGENCE!

Arrival of Ten Rebel Iron-Clad Gunboats from England!

THREE MORE COMING.

MOBILE OPEN TO THE WORLD.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The *Times'* special from Memphis, of the 27th, says the late advices from the South, by rebel sources, is important.

Ten iron-clad gunboats, built in England, and fully equipped, have arrived off Mobile Harbor. Three more are on their way. These constitute the fleet ordered by the Southern Confederacy, to be purchased in Europe. They mount from ten to thirty guns each, and said to be mailed with six inch iron.

The blockade was run openly, by dint of superior strength and weight of metal.

Mobile is now considered open to the world, with the support of her newly acquired power.

Army Surgeons Wanted--Treaty with the Ottawa Indians--Chaplains--Gen. Hatch Relieved.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—There are now 40 vacancies in the grade of surgeons, and 120 in that of assistant surgeons. Medical boards for examination are in session here, and at St. Louis. Applications must be made to the Adjutant General of the army, accompanied by one or more testimonials from respectable persons, in regard to moral character.

The treaty with the Ottowas, of Kansas, is officially proclaimed. Their relations with the United States as an Indian tribe is to terminate at the expiration of five years, and all of them be deemed and declared full citizens of the United States. Ample provision will be made for their improvement in all that pertains to civilized life, and as far as possible for the settlement of their reservation by industrious whites, the lands to be sold to actual settlers at not less than $1,25 per acre.

The principle being recognized that chaplains should not be held as prisoners of war, it is hereby ordered by the War Department that all chaplains so held by the United States, shall be immediately and unconditionally discharged.

First Lieut. Lewis T. Morris, of the 19th Infantry, has been ordered to report to Col. Simonson, at Indianapolis, for duty, as mustering and disbursing officer.

Brigadier General Hatch is relieved from his present command in the army of Virginia, and will await orders from Major-General Pope.

Mutiny at Sea--The Captain, Second Mate and three of the Crew Murdered.

BOSTON, July 31.—A letter from the Captain of the ship Minstrel, at Malaga, dated the 13th inst., states that when 30 miles southeast of Malaga, his vessel fell in with the barque Reindeer, bound from Cette for New York, in distress. He boarded her, when he found that Capt. Hewitt, the second mate, and three of the men had been killed, four of the crew wounded, and the barque set on fire. This was the work of two of the crew, who had mutinied on the previous night. He took off the dead and wounded survivors and brought them to Malaga.

Another letter states that the mutineers were two Spanish sailors, who robbed the Captain of $400, and escaped in a boat. No mention is made of what became of the two mutineers.

Fight at Bollinger's Mills, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—A dispatch from Greenville, Mo., yesterday, says that on the 20th, Major Lazar, with 120 men of the 12th Missouri regiment, attacked Major Tooley and Capt. Paison, with 180 rebels, near Bollinger's Mills, Bollinger county, killing 10, and wounding many, and capturing a lot of horses, guns, etc. The brush was so thick it was impossible to find all their wounded. The rebels were well mounted, and well equipped. We did not lose a man.

Bounty for Volunteers.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad have appropriated $12,300, to be expended in various counties along the road, for the payment of bounty to volunteers.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[*Reported specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

THURSDAY, July 31.—There is no new feature to notice in the general market, the demand for most of the leading articles being light, while prices remain without any material change.

FLOUR—The demand continues light, but prices remain unchanged. Sale of 40 bbls Family at $5,10@5,15; 45 do do at $5@5,15; and 75 do do at $5,10@5,20. Extra is held at $4,40@4,50.

GROCERIES—steady, with sales of 5 hhds Cuba Sugar at 10c; and 5 hhds prime Porto Rico at 10½c; and 10 bgs prime Rio Coffee at 23½c. Molasses quiet at 53@55c.

BACON—unchanged; Sale of 1,300 lbs at 4c for Shoulders, and 7c for Plain Hams; 2 tcs Plain Canvassed at 7½c, and 3 tcs Sugar Cured at 9½c.

SALT—firm, with a sale of 300 bbls No. 1 Extra from wharf at $1,62. From store it is selling at $1,75.

CRUDE OIL—is in better demand, and prices give evidence of an upward tendency. Sale of 2,000 bbls, in bulk, at 5c per gallon—4 mos.

CHEESE—unchanged; sale of 20 bxs W R at 6½c.

EGGS—Sale of 3 bbls at 7c per dozen—an advance.

Allegheny Cattle Market.

July 30.—The only new feature to notice in the cattle market is a slight improvement in the demand. Prices remain about as before, ranging from $2,00 to $3,80 per cwt, gross, according to quality.

There is a little more activity in sheep, and prices are a shade firmer, ranging from $2 to $3,40. The sales reported were: 2,0 head sold by M & W Kidd at $3,43; 58 sold by J Turner at $3,00; 202 by J Messersmith at $2,62 and 55 by E H Davis at $2@2,50.

There is but little doing in hogs, though prices are a little better. Holmes & Phiefer sold 180 at $3,25 per cwt gross, and Wm Clarke 131 at $3,37.

Below is an accurate list of the sales of cattle for the Union and Morgan Yards during the week:

CATTLE SOLD.

W Scotland	17	$21,50	per head.
R Hasson	20	28,50	" "
C Thayer	21	2,50@3,50	per cwt.
E Whittlesey	21	2,50@3,50	" "
E H Davis	18	2,62@2,75	" "
J Sheppard	18	2,00@2,87	" "
J Jamison	20	2,50@3,50	" "
W Lynn	18	2,25@3,25	" "
J Adams	13	2,50@3,75	" "
J Barron	19	2,62	" "
S Warren	24	2,00@2,75	" "
L M Jones	13	2,87	" "
J Stull	20	2,37@3,12	" "
J B Huff	33	3,25@3,80	" "
H A Merrick	130	2,50@3,50	" "
Daniel Kennedy	17	2,73	" "
J L Dye	20	17,00	per head
J C Jones	18	24,00	" "
James Moore	17	22,00	" "
G W Montgomery	18	2,85@3,85	per cwt.
W Postlewaight	93	3,40	" "
J Myers & Bros	69	2,50@2,50	" "

River News.

The river remains about stationary at this point, with three feet reported on Glass House. The weather yesterday was clear and warm, and apparently settled......Business was almost entirely suspended at the levee yesterday. There was not a single arrival or departure, and the Belfast is the only boat attempting to do anything. The Hastings came up from the dock, where she has been thoroughly overhauled, repaired, and repainted, and will, we presume, commence business in a day or two. Capt. Robinson has had some important improvements made on the Hastings, which add materially to her strength and outward appearance......The St. Louis from Cincinnati, is due here to-day, unless detained by low water......Capt. Frank Marratta will probably make a trial trip to-day with his new steamer "Forest Rose."

FOR ST. LOUIS.—The staunch and light draught Belfast, Capt. Carlston, will positively leave for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi this evening.

FOR WHEELING—The Science, Capt. Muhleman, is the Wheeling packet for to-day, leaving at noon.

BACON.—2,000 lbs. Sides received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.