Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 24.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	92	74
12 " " M.	100	84
6 " " P. M.		82
Barometer	29 4-10	

The Grand Mass Meeting To-day--List of Speakers--Order of Proceedings, etc.

The Committee of Arrangements, appointed to prepare for the grand war meeting to be held to-day, have almost perfected their arrangements, and deserve the warmest thanks of the community for their labors in this behalf.

We are indebted to the Chairman, Hon. Thomas M. Howe, for the following order of proceedings:

The Mass-Meeting will assemble on the West Common, Allegheny, at one o'clock, when the organization will be announced by the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements.

Hon. Wm. Wilkins will preside, assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents.

Prayer will be offered by Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D.

The Chairman of the Committee will then introduce the venerable President of the meeting, who will deliver an appropriate address.

The "Star Spangled Banner" will be sung by Prof. J. T. Wamelink and Choir.

His Excellency, Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, Governor, will then be introduced by the President, and deliver a speech.

"Hail! Columbia," to be followed by an ode written for the occasion, by Rev. J. F. McLaren, D. D., and to be sung by Prof. Wm. H. Slack and Choir.

Prof. Eaton will then recite T. Buchanan Reid's poem, "Our Country's Defenders," to be followed by the "Red, White and Blue."

These proceedings will take place at the main stand, after which meetings will be organized at the side stands, three in number, two English and one German.

At stand No. 2—Gen. Wm. Robinson, Jr., will preside, assisted by Hon. Simon Drum, John Morrison, C. T. Ihmsen, J. McD. Crossan, and Thomas McKee.

The speakers at this stand are—Hon. Robert McKnight, Rev. D. R. Kerr, D. D., Rev. S. A. Purviance, Hon. P. C. Shannon, Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., M. Swartzwelder, Esq., and M. W. Atchison, Esq.

At stand No. 3—Thomas Bakewell, Esq., will preside, assisted by B. C. Sawyer, G. L. B. Fetterman, John Birmingham, John Sample and B. A. Mevay.

The speakers allotted here are—Hon. J. K. Moorhead, J. H. Hampton, Esq., R. B. Carnahan, Esq., F. H. Collier, Esq., N. P. Fetterman, Esq., T. J. Bigham, Esq., and E. P. Jones, Esq.

At the German stand—G. G. Backofen, Esq., will preside, assisted by N. Voeghtly, Franz Felix, Major D. Fickiesen, Dr. A. H. Gross and A. Holstein.

The German speakers are—J. J. Seibenick, Esq., J. L. Kosthen, Esq., Rev. Kindei, J. F. Sabitz, F. Felix and —— Hoffman.

In addition to the above, speeches will be continued at the main stand by Hon. Wm. F. Johnston, Hon. Wilson McCandless, Prof. S. Wilson, D. D., Col. R. Biddle Roberts, Hon. Thomas Williams, and Hon. A. W. Loomis.

Bands of music will be in attendance, and enliven the proceedings with appropriate airs.

Recruiting stands will be open for the reception of volunteers, and it is understood that the meeting will pledge $50 bounty, (independent of the government bounty) for every recruit as soon as mustered into the service.

The meeting will be one of the largest ever held in the county, and we trust it may aid the grand object in view—the rapid filling up of our quota of troops under the new call.

An Inquiry.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Please inform me whether a box directed to the care of the Sanitary Commission at Washington, and intended for a soldier in the army before Richmond, would be likely to reach its destination. What would be the best direction to insure its going safely.

Yours truly,

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.

In answer to "A Subscriber," we may say that we know nothing of the "Sanitary Commission at Washington," but we have good reason to believe that if the box be addressed to "D. L. Eaton, Esq., Chairman of the Financial Committee of the Washington City Pennsylvania Soldiers' Relief Association," it will be forwarded to its destination, if the object is to relieve or aid a sick or disabled soldier. If the articles are mere luxuries, for a soldier in good health, the result might be different. In that case, the *Relief* Association might not regard it as within the scope of their operations. The Express Company forwards packages of all kinds, on private account, to Harrison's Landing, but to enable the party for whom they were intended, to get them, the precise directions (name, company, regiment, brigade, etc.) must be given, else the box may lie at that point for an indefinite period.

A Worthy Appointment.

Our esteemed friend and neighbor, Stephen Little, Esq., who has been connected with the *Presbyterian Banner* since its first establishment, and for years one of the proprietors, has been appointed Auditor of the Northern Central Railway Company, his office to be in Baltimore. No better appointment could have been made. Mr. Little is a man of superior business habits, a rapid and exquisite penman, and a splendid accountant. His numerous friends will regret to part with him, but rejoice, nevertheless, that he has obtained a situation worthy of his abilities as an accountant—and his address as a gentleman. Our business intercourse with Mr. Little has always been very pleasant.

City Mortality.

The number of deaths in this city, from July 14th, to July 21st, as reported by Dr. A. G. McCandless, physician to the Board of Health, is as follows:

Males .....15 | Adults..... 9 | Total.....24
Females ... 9 | Children...15 |

The diseases were: Consumption, 3; congestion of the brain, 2; enteritis, 1; puerperal fever, 1; scarlet fever, 3; dyptheria, 2; still born, 1; cholera infantum, 1; dysentery, 1; false mesentrica, 1; premature birth, 1; bronchitis, 1; diarrhoea, 1, indigestion, 1.

PROMOTIONS BY GOV. CURTIN IN THE 101ST REGIMENT.—Lieut. Col. David B. Morris, to be Colonel. Major Joseph S. Hoard, to be Lieut. Colonel. Colonels Morris and Hoard were both in the fight at Fair Oaks, when the 101st suffered so severely and behaved with great gallantry. Col. Morris is quite ill at his home in this city, from the effects of a wound. Lieut. Colonel Hoard, our readers will remember, was erroneously reported as killed, and mourned by his friends for several weeks. He passed through Harrisburg yesterday, en route for the army of the Potomac, having in charge a party of recruits.

DON'T WAIT TO BE DRAFTED.—It may not be put of place at this time to state that, should the Government find it necessary to resort to a draft to raise the new levy called for by the President, the men enrolled under it will not receive a dollar of the bounty offered to volunteers. There is, indeed, a wide difference between the volunteer and the drafted soldier. The former receives the full bounty, being $27 advance bounty, one month's advance pay, $13, and $75 at the end of his term of service, and, if he chooses, he can have the one hundred and sixty acres of bounty land.

ANOTHER NEW COMPANY.—We are glad to learn that our young friend Richard O. Dale has returned to this city, for the purpose of raising a company, to serve for nine months, under the late proclamation of the Governor. Mr. Dale has been in the Army of the Potomac for a year, and has served throughout the entire campaign upon the Peninsula, and from the peculiar position occupied by him, has acquired a knowledge of the duties and wants of both officers and men, which will be invaluable in the commander of a company. We would call attention to his card, headed "Allegheny Infantry," in another column.

—DR. VAN BUREN, from Canada, can be consulted daily in his room in the Bank Block, Fifth street.

Appointments of Erie Annual Conference, for the Year 1862.

CLEVELAND DISTRICT—W. F. WILSON, P. E.

Cleveland City—St. Clair street	W. P. Bignell
" " Erie street	E. A. Johnson
" " Scoville avenue	W. H. Wilson
City Mission	(To be supplied)
East Cleveland	S. Gregg
Willoughby	G. W. Chesbrough
Mentor	A. M. Brown
Painesville	G. W. Maltby
Perry	D. Smith
Genova and Saybrook	J. Graham
Grand River	S. L. Wilkinson
Montville	H. M. Chamberlain
Clarkion	A. Norton
Chardon	E. C. Lattimer
Thompson	E. Napp
Chgarin Falls	T. Stubbs
Bainbridge	H. D. Cole
Troy	H. Kellogg
Mantua	(To be supplied)
Mayfield	B. J. Kennedy

RAVENNA DISTRICT—MOSES HILL, P. E.

Ravenna	W. F. Day
Akron	J. Peale
Talmadge	C. Wilson
Cuyahoga Falls	E. S. Gillett
Franklin and Hudson	J. B. Hammond
Twinsburg	C. T. Kingsbury
Bedford	M. Williams
Warrensville	(Sup.)
New Gorg	D. Prosser
Northampton	S. S. Nye
Charlesten	B. C. Warner
Windham	(Sup.)
Rootstown	M. Colegrove
Braceville	H. P. Henderson
Edinburgh and Atwater	J. F. Brown
Deerfield	L. Clark
Jackson	J. B. Grover
Etsworth	A. R. Hammond

ERIE DISTRICT—J. H. WILLSON, D. D., P. E.

Erie First Church	D. C. Osborn
Simpson Chapel	R. M. Warren
North East	J. Leslie
Quincy	J. Akers
Clymer	B. F. Keeler
Wattsburg	J. Crum, A. Barris
Union	W. Hollister, G. W. Staples
Waterford	F. R. Hallock
Girard	J. Robinson
Fairview	J. H. Vance
McKean	S. S. Burton
Wesleyville	T. B. Tait, L. E. Beardsley
Edenboro	J. W. Wilson
Springfield	A. Hall
Albion	E. M. Nowlen, S. Wilkinson
Ashtabula	T. Guy

SHENANGO DISTRICT—N. NORTON, P. E.

Meadville	James E. Chapin
Saegertown	P. W. Sherwood
Steuben	Robert Gray
Cochranton	J. C. Sullivan, Wm. A. Clark
Sonville	Geo. M. Ebeman
Franklin	J. Whiteley
Greenville	A. J. Merchant
Salem	J. W. Hill
Shackleyville	S. S. Stutz
Evansburg	Samuel Hollen
Conneautville	J. Bain
Hermansburg	J. Wrigleworth
Rockville	J. Flower
Edgeville	Wm. H. Moseman
Linesville	N. C. Brown
New Lebanon	A. R. Bowers
Delware Grove	

L. D. Williams, Chaplain in the Army.

NEW CASTLE DIST—G. W. CLARK, P. E.

New Castle	J. D. Norton
Mount Jackson	T. Radcliff
Greenwood	B. Marteiler, J. W. Shaddock
Wilmington	J. B. Orwig
Shenango	N. M. Shurick
Harrisville	J. G. Thompson
Mercer	Jas. Greer
Hendersonville	R. Beaty, S. K. Faden
Washington	R. B. Boyd, E. Bennett
Poland	Peterson, Sr., presided, and stirring
Middlesex	E. B. Lane
Pine Grove	J. Abbott
Sharon	P. P. Pinney
Hubbard	Wm. Hays
Clarksville	T. G. McCrary
Canfield	J. V. Lake

CLARION DISTRICT—R. A. CARUTHERS, P. E.

Clarion	J. J. Bentley
Brookville	A. N. Coons
Curlsville	F. Perry
Reimersburgh	A. D. Davis
West Freedom	O. G. McIntire
Shippenville	J. Howe
Rockland	C. W. Bear
Brady's Bend	(To be supplied)
Washington	J. Shields
Tionesta	R. R. Roberts
Troy and Corsica	G. Dunmire
Punxutawney	C. M. Hurd
Perrysville	(To be supplied)
Warren	N. Coon
Lutterburgh	J. W. Wilson
Brockwayville	G. Moore
Ridgway	J. H. Sterrett
New Bethlehem	T. Wilson
President	J. McCombs

We omit the districts of Warren, Or, Jamestown, and Fredonia, N. Y.

Commencement Exercises of the Mt. Union College.

The recent anniversary exercises of this college, which is located at Mt. Union, Stark county, Ohio, elicited a deep interest from the citizens of the vicinity and the numerous visitors. The examination of the classes was thorough and pointed, and evinced on the part of the student, as well as professor, a critical knowledge of the various branches studied. The annual contest and other performances of the two literary societies afforded a rich treat to those present. On Thursday, addresses were delivered by the graduating class, which consisted of eight persons, viz: Louis Payne, Limaville; C. W. Swartz, Marlboro; J. B. Uber, Greensburgh, Pa.; Josiah Williams, Wooster; Mattie Zimmerman, Knoxville, Ill., in the classical course; and Hattie Clark, Edinburg; Louisa K. Swarts, Marlboro; E. J. Wood, Alliance, in the scientific course. The first five received the degree of Batchelor of Arts, and the other three the degree of Batchelor of Science.

The following, who graduated in the classical course, in 1859, received the degree of Master of Arts, viz: J. M. Carr, Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. H. Craton, Sigurney, Ill.; S. F. Deford, Lardstown, Ohio; W. J. Hahn, Greensburg, Ohio; G. W. Henning, Paris, Ohio. W. T. Robinson, Paris, Ill; J. H. Tressel, Malvern, Ohio; A. E. Ward, Alliance, Ohio. Then followed the Baccalaureate address by the Rev. O. N. Hartshorn, L. L. D., President of the Faculty. His theme involved the laws of interpreting history, and their bearing on the present crisis of our country.

The remarks were pertinent and searching, and were listened to with a deep interest by the large assembly.

The College is in a very prosperous condition; though many of its students have been enrolled in the army. Both sexes are admitted on the same terms, and may recite in the same classes until graduation, with equal honors. The government of the Institution is salutary, and the facilities for boarding and for acquiring a thorough knowledge of natural science, mathematics, languages, ancient and modern, literature, useful and ornamental, are ample and the rates cheap—within the reach of the humblest. The late catalogue shows that during the year just closed there were 198 students in the collegiate departments, after deducting the students in the preparatory.

The Normal Department, conducted much like a protracted Teachers' Institute, is made a valuable feature to those desiring to teach. The sessions commence on the first Tuesday of August, November and March, so as to suit those employed part of the year in teaching.

There is now well advanced in process of erection, a large, elegant and first-class College edifice, the funds having been donated by the citizens of Mt. Union and Alliance. The corner stone was laid on the 4th inst., in connection with a grand celebration of our national independence, a free pic-nic dinner having been prepared of which some 6,000 persons joyfully partook. Rev. D. W. Clark, D. D., editor of the *Ladies' Repository*, Cincinnati, delivered the oration connected with the ceremonies of laying the corner stone. His address showed the importance of an inseperable union of true patriotism and a liberal education of the masses. While it seems to have been the policy of the States now in rebellion to give little or no attention to popular education, and whose schools of every grade are now utterly neglected, it is a significant fact that the most loyal, free and prosperous States always have, and are still doing nobly for the diffusion of a liberal education to all classes, and the result is that our country is now reaping from its numerous schools, primary, academic and university, its richest harvests of golden fruit. A. E. WARD.

Alliance, July 23, 1862.

Fifty Thousand Dollars Bounty Money Donated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

A telegraph dispatch, received last evening by Governor Curtin, from his private Secretary, announces the gratifying fact that the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at a meeting held in Philadelphia yesterday, resolved to donate $50,000 to encourage enlistments in the State. This is a most liberal donation, and we hope to see the example followed by other wealthy corporations throughout the State. The dispatch is as follows:

HARRISBURG, July 23, 1862.

To Hon. A. G. CURTIN, Governor:—The Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at their meeting to-day, placed $50,000 at your disposal to pay bounty to volunteers.

M. S. QUAY, Private Secretary.

THE OFFICES in the Court House will be closed to-day at 12 o'clock, and not reopened until the following morning.

Rally, Freemen!

The following ode, written by Rev. J. F. McLaren, D. D., will be sung at the Mass Meeting to-day:

Beat the drum! sound the bugle! to arms!
Raise the flag! let the Stars and Stripes wave!
From your offices, shops, stores, and farms,
To the field and the battle, ye brave.

Leave the yard-stick, plow, hammer, and pen!
Sterner work must by freemen be done;
Seize the tools now befitting brave men,
Seize the rifle, the sword, and the gun

Hear we tamely our dear country calls
Freedom's sons their bright weapons to wield,
See we calmly our brave brothers fall,
And not rush to their side on the field.

Called by those who in gory beds sleep,
Called by God to resist freedom's foes,
Rebel hosts from our country to sweep;
Can we linely sit still in repose!

No, we hear you, ye martyrs of rights!
God, we hear who strength his slain,
And as soldiers and brothers unite
Our fame and our flag to maintain.

Beat the drum! sound the bugle! to arms!
Raise the flag, let the Stars and Stripes wave!
Rally freemen, from work shops and farms,
For your country, the home of the brave.

A Rallying Cry.

BY A LADY.

Brave men of the North,
From your homes now arise;
Your country is calling—
Go now, or she dies!
Your brothers how bleeding,
Already gone forth,
Are looking for succor
To men of the North.

Their hopes disappointed—
Ah! who can tell what
The news from the battle
Which next shall be fought!
Would you have them all routed
For want of more aid?—
"The rebels outnumber us,"
Every where said?

Would you see our dear flag,
Our red, white and blue,
Torn down and trampled,
Because men were few?
Would you see foes, emboldened,
Advance on the North?
No! brave men of Freedom,
Arise and go forth!

You go now for conflict,
And not as a guard
To watch o'er the White House,
Nor slaves to retard
Not tracking the pathway
The fugitive trod;
But to fight for your country,
For Freedom, for God.

Be the gaze of the world,
Be the pride of our nation;
In its hour of peril,
Go give it salvation;
Nor ever give over
This conflict for right,
Till o'er our whole country,
Our flag floats in light.

War Meeting at Tarentum.

A spirited war meeting was held at Tarentum, on Tuesday evening, in the Presbyterian Church. The house was crowded, and much enthusiasm prevailed.

Hon. Peterson, Sr., presided, and stirring addresses were delivered by Rev. J. E. McGaw, Richard C. Dale, (of the army,) Mr. Boyd, of the 63d Regiment, and Rev. Mr. Ramsey, after which the meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening next.

Strong efforts are being made to get up a company in the borough, and a nucleus has already been formed.

DEATH OF DR. GEO. WHITESELL.—We are pained to announce the death of Dr. George Whitesell, a volunteer surgeon, who left this city a short time since in robust health, on an errand of mercy in behalf of our sick and wounded soldiers. A telegraphic dispatch received yesterday announced that he died at Harrison's Landing, of fever. His body will arrive here to-day at noon, in charge of Dr. James B. Herron, of Allegheny. Dr. Whitesell resided at Turtle Creek, and was a most worthy and highly esteemed citizen. He has fallen a martyr to the cause of his country, and his death will be deeply regretted.

Alleged Abduction.

A Miss Johnston, of this city, is alleged to have been abducted by a young man belonging to the army, was arrested at Wheeling on Tuesday, on complaint of her cousin, and brought back. She was found at a disreputable house in Wheeling, where she had been for several weeks. She is claimed by some to belong to a very respectable family here, while others assert that she was a very willing captive, and that the abduction story is a mere sham. She is said to be very pretty, and was flashily dressed.

SERENADE TO GOV. CURTIN.—Gov. Curtin was serenaded at the Monongahela House last evening, by the Frohsinn Society and Young's Brass Band. He responded from the Water street balcony, in a brief but patriotic speech, and was warmly applauded. The large crowd, not satisfied with what they had heard, called loudly for Judge Shannon, who made an eloquent and patriotic response, after which the crowd dispersed.

THE YOUNG GUARD.—Lieut. Calvin Holmes, having been commissioned by the Governor, has opened an office in Wilkins Hall to recruit a company under the above title, which, when full, will be attached to the Battalion of Engineers now being recruited by Edward Jay Allen, for service under the gallant General Sigel. Twenty-five dollars and one month's pay in advance. Here is a rare chance for those desiring to enlist.

PARK ENGINEERS.—This company will have a recruiting stand at the Mass Meeting in Allegheny City to-morrow, and the friends of the county will have the opportunity of enlisting. This is one of two companies being filled out by James Park, jr., and will form part of the battalion. Recruiting for Ed. Jay Allen, to serve under Major General Sigel, in the Shenandoah valley.

DEATH OF SOLDIERS.—A letter from Lieut. George Pierce, of this city, to his wife, announces the death of F. W. Karns and R. J. Dougherty, of Co. C, 9th Pennsylvania Reserves. They died of swamp fever, after a illness of two days, and were interred with the honors of war.

FROM YESTERDAY'S EVENING GAZETTE.

Important to Owners of Real Estate in Allegheny County.

We call the careful attention of every owner of real estate in this county to the notice given in this paper by the County Controller. They will see, by that notice, that by the operations of a new law, real estate can be sold for taxes within one year after the tax is entered for delinquency, and that the sale carries an absolute title, and the property is lost beyond redemption. It should also be known, that as soon as a *scire facias* is issued, costs will commence to accumulate, so that a tax of a couple of dollars, by the day of sale will have twenty dollars cost accumulated. The safest plan is, for all concerned, to pay up promptly, and thus save costs, and run no risks.

PENNSYLVANIANS BURIED AT NEW YORK.—A New York correspondent writes that the following unclaimed bodies of volunteers belonging to Pennsylvania regiments, have been buried by the Government undertaker, Mr. Cass, of Grand street, in Cypress Hill Cemetery, from July 6th to July 16th:

J. J. Shields, Co. H, 105th Regiment; Hugh McClarner, Co. D, 50th; Parmenus Culver, Co. D, 57th; John M. Pugh, Co. G, 10th; Patrick McBride, Co. G, 103d; Wm. Hamilton, Co. E, 82d; Wm. Snowman, Co. H, 101st; Thomas Shields, Co. C, 81st; Joseph M. Bowmen, Co. C, 10th; Daniel B. Creager, 1st; Walter Felcks, 103d; Henry Mellack, 6th Cavalry.

DEATH IN THE JAIL.—A man named Hans Thompson, committed to jail on Saturday last, for drunkenness, died in the prison this morning at one o'clock, from the effects of *mania potu*. The deceased was about thirty-five years of age, and had been working in Cincinnati until recently. His people live near Uniontown, Fayette county. Coroner McCling held an inquest, and the jury found a verdict of death from intemperance.

AN EXPLANATION.—From our notice of the death of Mr. Sample, near Brinton's Station, it might be inferred that he obtained liquor at the store of Mr. Blair. That gentleman, naturally feeling anxious on this point, called upon us to-day, and requested us to explain that the liquor was obtained at one of the taverns in that vicinity. Mr. Blair does not sell any liquor at all.

HONORARY DEGREES.—At the late commencement of the Miami University, the honorary degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. R. D. Harper, of Xenia, Ohio, and Rev. Robert Patterson, of Chicago. These are well known and able ministers of the United Presbyterian Church.

More "Confiscation" at the Mayor's Office.

A young man named Frank Williams called upon us to-day, and made a statement relative to his treatment by Mayor Sawyer, which, if true, (and we have no reason to doubt it,) exhibits a tyranny and oppression on the part of the "Star Chamber" positively startling. We give the substance of Williams' statement, as follows:

On Saturday evening last, in company with two companions named Kinney and O'Neill, Williams visited a beer house on Third street, kept by a man named Karl. In paying for beer, they allegé that they got a counterfeit half dollar in change, and on Monday evening O'Neill and Kinney went back to get a good half dollar for the bad one. Williams stood on the pavement, while the others went into the bar room. While they were in there, a number of police came to the house (it was then about nine o'clock) and arrested all the inmates—an information for keeping a disorderly house having been made.

O'Neill and Kinney were arrested just as they had left the bar room, and Williams was also taken into custody. They were arrested without a warrant, and no information had been made against them—no prosecutor appearing to charge them with any offence. On reaching the watch house, these men were required by the acting Captain of the Watch to pledge a sum of money, as security for their appearance, or be locked up till morning. Williams sent to his boarding house, on Wood street, and got $3, which secured his release. Kinney and O'Neill pledged $5, and were discharged on condition that they appear before the Mayor on the following morning.

The three young men appeared on Tuesday morning, when the "disorderly house case" was disposed of, by fining a number of those taken from the house, male and female, but nothing was done in this case. The men then demanded a hearing, and were told to come at seven o'clock in the evening, when their case would be attended to. They came at the hour designated, but a *hearing was flatly refused them*. The Mayor handed Williams fifty cents (keeping the two dollars and a half) and telling him and his companions that the *case was disposed of!* They had been fined $2,50 each!

Williams became highly indignant at this, and told the Mayor that he might as well steal so much money from his pocket, as he was guilty of no offense, and was refused a hearing. The Mayor, in a very emphatic manner, informed him that the case was disposed of—that he *had the money*—and if Williams did not clear out he would lock him up. The Mayor's Clerk also threatened to lock him up if he did not stop his talk.

Williams, failing to get any redress from the Mayor, called upon us, with the request that his statement be published. He intends to enter suit against the Mayor, and we believe has already consulted a lawyer.

The above is not the first case of oppression, on the part of our "money loving Mayor," which has been laid before us by outraged citizens, but henceforth we intend to publish all such cases, when satisfied that wrong has actually been done. The men in this case are working men, without means and influence, but this only makes the oppression more heinous in its character. They were arrested without warrant; money was extorted from them by threats of a disgraceful imprisonment; they were fined without a hearing, and finally driven from this "temple of justice" under terror of the lock-up!

We leave the case without further comment, but may have occasion to recur to it hereafter.

The Great War Meeting To-Morrow.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Everything indicates that we have arrived at the crisis of the present struggle. How shall we act? Shall we with folded arms gaze listlessly around while the boom of cannon and the outcry of combatants tell us that freedom and tyranny are struggling for the mastery? Is it possible that an American citizen can be unbelieve the contest now waging, when the life of the nation, and the welfare of humanity are so greatly dependent upon the issue?

The cry for succor has reached us from the blood stained banks of the Potomac—the mountains of Tennessee and the land of the Texan desperado; and shall there not be a fitting response to these entreaties? Nero made merry while Rome was being destoyed, and his name became a scorn and execration to the nations; and shall it be said in after ages that brought back. She was found at a disreputable house in Wheeling, where she had been for several weeks. She is claimed by some to belong to a very respectable family here, while others assert that she was a very willing captive, and that the abduction story is a mere sham. She is said to be very pretty, and was flashily dressed.

SERENADE TO GOV. CURTIN.—Gov. Curtin was serenaded at the Monongahela House last evening, by the Frohsinn Society and Young's Brass Band. He responded from the Water street balcony, in a brief but patriotic speech, and was warmly applauded. The large crowd, not satisfied with what they had heard, called loudly for Judge Shannon, who made an eloquent and patriotic response, after which the crowd dispersed.

THE YOUNG GUARD.—Lieut. Calvin Holmes, having been commissioned by the Governor, has opened an office in Wilkins Hall to recruit a company under the above title, which, when full, will be attached to the Battalion of Engineers now being recruited by Edward Jay Allen, for service under the gallant General Sigel. Twenty-five dollars and one month's pay in advance. Here is a rare chance for those desiring to enlist.

PARK ENGINEERS.—This company will have a recruiting stand at the Mass Meeting in Allegheny City to-morrow, and the friends of the county will have the opportunity of enlisting. This is one of two companies being filled out by James Park, jr., and will form part of the battalion. Recruiting for Ed. Jay Allen, to serve under Major General Sigel, in the Shenandoah valley.

DEATH OF SOLDIERS.—A letter from Lieut. George Pierce, of this city, to his wife, announces the death of F. W. Karns and R. J. Dougherty, of Co. C, 9th Pennsylvania Reserves. They died of swamp fever, after a illness of two days, and were interred with the honors of war.

Our Book Table.

America Before Europe. Principles and Interests. By Count Agenor De Gasparin. Translated from Advance Sheets, by Mary L. Booth. New York: Charles Scribner, 124 Grand Street. 1862. Pittsburgh: For Sale by R. S. Davis, 93 Wood street.

Count de Gasparin's former work, "The Uprising of a Great People," has been so widely read in these United States within the past year, that it would almost appear like a work of supererogation to introduce the present volume with any remarks pointing out its passages of just and forcible reasoning, clear and unprejudiced statement of facts, earnest and dignified exposition of principles, and, pervading all, its generous tone, its noble morality, its catholic spirit, its fervid and dignified eloquence—for all these high qualities and characteristics will be confidently looked for in any work of this accomplished and gifted writer. We will therefore forbear any special commendations of the work before us, beyond this one word—that it is a worthy successor of the work we all read with such profit and admiration a year ago. We should like to give a general summary of the contents of a volume so rich in every part of it, and so felicitious in the disposition and arrangement of all its parts, as the present; but our space forbids a more extended notice today. This, however, may be unnecessary, as the book itself will soon be in the hands of a multitude of readers in all parts of the country—and no book in this crisis of our fate could be found more worthy to be read and pondered by every patriotic citizen.

Bank Note Quotations,

Corrected especially for the *Gazette* by Messrs. Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter*. Rates uncertain at present.

PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1862.

	Discount.		Discount.
New England States	½	Virginia: Wheeling	½
New-York State	½	Wheeling branches	1
New-York City	par	Virginia, interior	10@60
New Jersey	½	North Carolina	50
Penna. Phila.	par	South Carolina	50
Penna. Pittsburgh, ex. specie paying	par	Georgia	50
Bk. Pittsb'gh. prem.	10	Alabama	50
Iron City Bk. "	10	Kentucky	50
Mechanics' Bk. "	10	Tennessee	50
Country Banks ex-cept specie paying	½@5	Ohio	par
Bk. of Beaver co. prem.	5	Indiana, free	3
Bk. of Fayette co. "	5	Indiana, b'k state	par
Franklin Bk., Wash. "	5	Illinois	3@50
Mon. Bk. Browner's "	5	Wisconsin	3@50
Delaware	par	Iowa	1
Dist. of Columbia	2	Michigan	1
Maryland, Baltimore	par	Missouri	3@50
Maryland, Interior	2	Canada	prem. 5

Exchanges—Selling rates on New-York and Philadelphia ¼ ⅜ cent. over bankable funds.

Gold—Selling at 18@19 and Silver at 10@12 over bankable funds.

At the mass meeting to-morrow there will be a stand occupied as a recruiting office, to enable persons who desire to volunteer in the Battalion of Engineer Soldiers, being recruited by Edward Jay Allen, to serve under Major General Sigel.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 23, 1862.

The New Orleans portion of the squadron lately besieging Vicksburg, has been ordered down the Mississippi. It is rumored that the squadron is to join Commodore Wilke's flotilla in the James river. The hopeful see in this an indication of a speedy and overwhelming advance on Richmond, under a new regime, with all the disposable force, land and naval, as telegraphed last night.

The seige of Vicksburg is practically abandoned.

Wm. Cullen Bryant is in town.

THE CHARGES AGAINST GEN. MITCHEL.

The *Republican* repeats its declarations about the nature of the charges against Gen. Mitchel, and says Col. Morton, who is preferring them, was arrested at one time by Gen. Mitchel for some breach of discipline, and is taking the present course in revenge. The charges have not been preferred in formal manner either at the War Department or before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

THE PRESIDENT'S EXECUTIVE ORDER DENOUNCED.

To-day's New York *Tribune* denounces the President's Executive Order, forwarded yesterday, as a wet blanket, because negroes are not to be freed after being used in the army, and says, if this is all that is to be done by the Government in obedience to the confiscation bill, then the Union cause will have been fatally wounded in the heart of its friends.

IMMEDIATE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

The *Star* announces, and says it does so by authority, that Generals Dix and Hill have agreed on an immediate and general exchange of prisoners, and that, though details have not yet been received here, Government is disposed to ratify the agreement at once. The statement is made very positively, but it is not yet freely credited. It is doubtful whether Dix had authority to agree to give up Buckner, and it is known that the rebels make that an indispensable condition.

POPE'S ORDERS.

Another order from Gen. Pope, which is more stringent on the rebels than any preceding it, is out to-day. These orders are regarded as evidence that the President's new war policy is to be quite as vigorous as has been expected, if commanders of departments make it so themselves. It is believed that a large discretion is still left to the departments generals, and fear that some of them may avail themselves of it, and not continue present limits.

THE POSTAGE STAMP CURRENCY.

A semi-official statement has appeared in the Washington papers, reminding the public that the new act about the use of postage stamps as small change, places the control of issuing the stamps for such purposes in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury, and not of the Postoffice Department; that when the Secretary of the Treasury issues stamps in such form that they cannot be attached to letters, the postoffices will then exchange them, and the officers of the Treasury will redeem them; but that common postage stamps, if gummed to pasteboard, or in any way rendered unfit for the payment of postage, will not be redeemed.

It seems there has been clashing between Secretary Blair and Secretary Chase, and that neither of them knows exactly what to do about the matter. Blair quietly sold stamps till nearly a million dollars had been taken in—two hundred thousand in New York alone. Then he as quietly announces that these won't be redeemed at post offices, and if pasted on paper or defaced, as they are sure to be by handling, they won't even be taken in payment of postage. This is a good thing for the Post Office Department, but hardly so agreeable to the people who have been buying stamps. The Treasury Department seems undecided about what to do. It is turning out a bigger thing than they expected, and practical difficulties seem almost insurmountable. There is great danger of counterfeiting and there seems to be no way to prevent it or to distinguish counterfeits from the genuine. The plan of printing on thick paper without gum has been decided upon, but nothing seems yet done to carry it out.

GEN. HALLECK'S POSITION.

The President's order announcing General Halleck as Commander of all the land forces causes but little surprise, though opinions in well informed circles had inclined rather to the belief that he was only to direct the campaign in Virginia. It is known that this was the main object in bringing him here, and making his duties more general is regarded as one of President Lincoln's shrewd ways of avoiding unpleasant feelings, by making arrangements to which nobody can object. The date of the President's order is significant. He returned from his visit to Gen. McClellan's army on the 10th, and the order was written on the 11th. Partizans of Gen. McClellan say it was at McClellan's request, to relieve him from control. Secretary Stanton and others say it was because of the President's disgust with the management on the Peninsula, and his determination to have somebody here who could practically take command of the Virginia campaign. A few are circulating rumors still that Gen. McClellan will resign, but they are not generally credited. There is no enthusiasm over the change, but a general feeling of relief at the comparative certainty that henceforth the different armies of Virginia will act on the common plan.

LATEST FROM GEN. M'CLELLAN'S ARMY.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT AT HAND.

EARLY SUCCESS ANTICIPATED.

Report of M'Clellan's Resignation Untrue.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—The *Press*, of this morning, says the time for another important movement of the army of the Potomac is now at hand. The plan has been arranged, and should no accident occur, early and fruitful successes may be looked for.

Then, we will know why Burnside's and Stevens' troops are stationed at Newport News, and city correspondents are not permitted to ascend James river, as at present.

Henceforth there will be harmony as well as strategy. We will all pull together.

The *Inquirer* pronounces the story of Gen. McClellan's resignation of his command as entirely groundless. D.

From Hilton Head.

New York, July 23.—The steamer Arago, from Hilton Head, and from Fortress Monroe on the 22d, arrived this evening. Among her passengers are T. C. Severance, Collector of Port Royal; Lieut. Stranger, 100th Pennsylvania; Major Kilburn, Adjutant Budding, Capt. Austin and Lieut. Ockley, of the 45th Pennsylvania, and the following of the 45th Pennsylvania: J. Lester, S. Woodmassey, O. H. Strawsder, S. M. Beckman, J. O. McKinley, B. F. Dirsit, J. C. Weston, Sergeant Jas. A. Cade.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Gen. Dix, acting for the United States, and Gen. Hill, acting for the rebels, have made arrangements for an immediate and general exchange of prisoners.

The Navy Department has received information that the United States steamer De Soto captured the schooner Wm. White while she was trying to get out of Sabine Pass. She was loaded with cotton.

The machinery erected in the Treasury Building is for stamping and not for printing notes of the United States, as was erroneously stated.

Com. Dahlgren has entered on his duties as Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance. Capt. Harwood, his predecessor, has succeeded him in command of the Washington Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Major Gen. Pope has issued orders to the different Generals commanding divisions in his army corps, requiring them to seize all horses and mules in their vicinity, especially in Culpepper county, not absolutely needed by the inhabitants of the surrounding country. They are also directed to seize all stores not absolutely needed for the maintenance and subsistence of the inhabitants.

The female portion of the contrabands recently removed from Capitol Hill to the late camp of the McClellan Guards, near the suburbs of this city, are to be made useful in the capacity of washerwomen.

A large number of officers from the army of the Potomac have been found riding about this city. They have been sent back to the Peninsula and made to rejoin their regiments.

There are now 145 prisoners confined in the old Capital Prison under desertion. They belong to a most every State in the South.

The Government contract for small notes is awarded to the National Bank Note Co.

From General Pope's Command.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF VIRGINIA, WASHINGTON,