Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 24.

☞ MUCH interesting matter will be found on our first and fourth pages this morning.

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE will meet at the office of S. SCHOYER, Jr., Esq., No. 139 Fourth st., on Saturday, May 24th, 1862, at ten o'clock, a. m. Punctual and full attendance is requested.

The Great Issue.

Mr. SUMNER, in his late speech in the Senate, uses the following pregnant language:

In declaring the slaves free, you will at once do more than in any other way, whether to conquer, to pacify, to punish, or to bless. You will take from the rebellion its main spring of activity and strength; you will stop its chief source of provisions and supplies; you will remove a motive and temptation to prolonged resistence, and you will destroy forever that disturbing influence which, so long as it is allowed to exist, will keep this land a volcano ever ready to break forth anew.

Here is the great issue now before the country in a nut-shell. Mr. SUMNER, and those who think with him, whom it is the fashion now-a-days to term "radicals," believe that the safety, peace and future welfare of the country require us to go to the root of the matter now when it is in our power to do so, with the least injury to the country. Those who oppose this war, and who style themselves "conservatives," are in favor of leaving everything in relation to slavery at loose ends. If it can maintain its existence in the midst of our internal convulsions, and remain hereafter to trouble us, and become as in the past the source of endless jarrings and struggles, fomenting strifes and keeping up bad blood between the free and the slave States, they are content.

Their object, as they tell us, is to restore the Constitution and laws over the rebellious territory, but an impartial looker-on would infer from their speeches and writings, that slavery was the main thing that the Constitution established, and that what was meant by sustaining the Constitution and laws, was the conservation of slavery.

It used to be the doctrine of our people, that the Constitution was established in behalf of liberty, and that it merely tolerated slavery in those States which desired to have it—that it, in fact, gave it no being, status, or support whatever, nothing but a grudging toleration as a *State* institution. We like the old-fashioned doctrine the best, and believe it to be the true interpretation of our fundamental law; and we think those who are continually pleading the Constitution in defence of slavery do great wrong to the noble work of our forefathers.

Slavery in the States, we admit, is tolerated by the Constitution—nothing more. But slavery has assailed the life of the nation, and it has become necessary in order to save the country, to destroy it, or at least to put it out of the power of slavery ever to do us harm again.

Slavery has impoverished the South, and is now involving it in one general ruin. It would be a mercy to the slave States to remove from them a curse which has brought nothing but ignorance, vice and wretchedness upon them. This the radicals seek. As patriots they desire to use this great occasion—an occasion not of their own seeking—to rid the country forever from an evil almost too intolerable to be borne, and which no wise nation would suffer to exist an hour longer than was possible. Had slavery been content with its position in the country, it might have lasted for many years; but it raised its hand in violence against the life of the nation, and it cannot complain if it perishes in an awful quarrel of its own seeking.

For our part we believe that slavery will not survive the issue of the conflict, and on that score we have no further anxietics, but for the sake of the country, and its future repose and prosperity, we desire the conflict to come to a speedy end. That end we have no doubt can be the soonest and most effectually reached by assailing the great criminal, and putting him to death. That criminal is slavery.

SOMEBODY in Philadelphia sends us a copy of the *Inquirer* with a long article, marked, protesting against the New York scheme of getting the National government to enlarge the Erie canal so as to permit the passage of gun-boats from the Hudson to the Lakes, and invoking the aid of Pittsburgh in defeating it. Philadelphia never thinks of Pittsburgh except when our help is needed to get her out of a scrape.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL A LAW.—The President has approved the Homestead bill, and it is, therefore, a law.

The Prussian Election.

The election for deputies to the Prussian lower House took place on the 8th instant. The result is a complete triumph of the Liberals, and a signal rebuke given to the King, as well as the Von der Heydt Ministry. The exact complexion of the new house was not known at the latest dates; but no doubt existed that the Opposition had secured an almost overwhelming majority, obliging the Ministry to abandon its reactionary policy or resign, unless the King is willing to encounter the risks of a revolution.

The number of electors in Prussia, out of a population of eighteen millions, is ninety-nine thousand six hundred and thirty, of which number fully five thousand are in the army. The number who voted was about sixty-three thousand. It is believed those who refrained from so doing belonged to the Ministerial interest, as the Progressista party were exceedingly active. Nearly all the members of the Cabinet were defeated. At Tilsit, Von der Heydt had only twenty-five votes against three hundred and eighty-six for his opponent. The nine members from Berlin are all Liberals.

A VERY erroneous idea is indulged in by many people in relation to the largest city in the world; many confidently asserting that London, or, as it is frequently termed, the Great Metropolis, is far superior, both in size and the number of its inhabitants. But such is not the case. Jeddo, the capital of Japan, is, without exception, the largest and most populous city in the world. It contains the vast number of 1,500,000 dwellings and 5,000,000 of human souls. Many of the streets are nineteen Japanese rics in length, which is equivalent to 22 English miles.

The commerce of Jeddo far exceeds that of any other city in the world, and the sea along its coast is constantly white with the sails of ships. Their vessels sail to the southern portion of the empire, where they are laden with rice, tea, sea coal, tobacco, silk, cotton and tropical fruits, all of which find a ready market in the north; and then return freighted with salt, oil, isinglass, and various other productions of the north, which have a market in the south.

Necessity of Confiscation--No Union Sentiment.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]

SLATERSVILLE, Four miles South of New Kent C. H., May 16, 1862.

I wish I had had the privilege of a horse-back ride, before this war broke out, through the region whence the rebel army was recruited and drafted. Of their dead and wounded and prisoners, I saw at Williamsburg about 2,000. I am uncertain if the remarkable characteristics of these men are at all to be ascribed to their military life, or if, unadulterated in their brutality and pure in their savagery, they are the same now as when lying in their lairs under the thick shadows which landed-aristocracy and slave-proprietorship have forever cast upon them—lying there, glaring through their tangled frontlets of coarse hair, they felt of the edges of their bowie-knives as a pastime, and meditated upon the throats of their enemies. The presumption is that discipline improved these men—that they were more civilized as soldiers than as recruits—for of discipline unquestionably their armies had more or less. The discipline of merely mounting guard and of doing things on compulsion was an improvement to them, and the Mississippi Tiger of May 5, 1862, was a tamer animal than the military rebellion caught in May, 1861. But in other respects I conclude, after much study, that the two Tigers are identical.

Citizens of the State of New York whose residence, or whose commercial anxietics have made them familiar with the towpaths of the Erie Canal in the last week of November, have a general outline of the rebel soldier, in a ragged, dirty, defiant figure that, slouching his old sumburnt tile against the evening sleet, tramps through the mud behind his team, and with wrathful face covered with rain, hair, and blasphemy, and with the crust of the summer's bad passions fully hardened upon it, earns money for the wants of the coming night and the next day, more painfully than any other man in the Canal State and uniformly leaves behind him the impression that he was abandoned by his parents when he was young, and has been almost abandoned by God ever since. But this man signs his name to the monthly pay roll, and this man can read. And this man takes good care of his horses, and has strong good sense, and is altogether a person susceptible of being indefinitely built upon by any skillful architect of civilization. Only in his costume, and his November dirt, and his neglect, and his quarrel with the universe at the beginning of his night's wading upon the tow-path, does he at all drop the level of these rebel ruffians. Ignorance, stupidity, suspicion, hate, ferocity, laziness and twin pride, and twin servility have been effacedly stamped with the social mint-machinery of the South upon the faces of all the rank and file in her armies. We have no such people in the North. They can be grown and ripened only under the shadow of slavery.

I should be sorry to have communicated the impression that the dirtiness and raggedness of the rebels characterize them to our troops. These may be accidental to the best of armies, and may be the results of poverty. But in this case they were harmonies in a whole. The Yorktown ruffians were unshorn, and greasy, and ragged, and nasty, because they were the "poor whites" of the slave States, and they were repulsively brutal in feature, and sly and sullen, and vindictive and mean, because they were socially oppressed and injured by the huge system of Negro Slavery in which they had no share. A regiment of Massachusetts troops uniformed out of rag-bags, and bedded in Broadway mud for a wreck, would inevitably be honored everywhere from the *Tribune* rooms to Faneuil Hall. A rebel regiment marched out a bath, and uniformed by Cullen in his best and newest, would be fallen on by the whole police force of New York city, and hustled off in squads to Blackwell's Island. And in this difference between the two breeds of men lies the germ of a political trouble which had better receive present consideration in Washington. The confiscation of the soil of the rebel States will be found to be a necessity, as well as an act of justice. And a provision for the utter extinction of slavery must precede any scheme of civilization or political concordance, which will enable us to live in peace and quiet with the soldier material of the Southern States.

An Important Jury Trial.

A trial, involving over a million of dollars, has just taken place before a jury at Kingston, C. W. The action was brought by the Commercial Bank of that city against the Great Western Railway Company to recover $942,000 (with interest) lent to the managers of the latter at various dates during 1858 and 1859. The circumstances are briefly these: An active competition has long existed between the Great Western and the Grand Trunk lines, the termini of both being nearly opposite Detroit. In 1857 the Detroit and Milwaukie Railroad, then in course of construction, became involved, and the managers of the Great Western conceived the idea of assisting it in order to draw traffic to their own line. Messrs. Brydges & Reynolds, the managing and financial directors of the Great Western, were elected President and Vice President respectively of the Detroit and Milwaukie road. Application was made to the English shareholders of the Great Western, who voted one loan of £100,000 to complete the road in Michigan. Mr. Reynolds, subsequently, had an interview with the managers of the Bank to obtain an advance of the money, which was to be repaid by December, 1858. There was some disputing about the form in which the credit should be extended. Mr. Ross, of the Commercial Bank, refused to lend the money to the Detroit and Milwaukie road, on account of its alleged insolvency; Mr. Reynolds objected to opening an account styled "Great Western No. 2," as proposed by Mr. Ross. It was finally arranged that it should take the firm of "Great Western, Detroit and Milwaukie." But the agreement made was merely verbal, and so continued until nearly three-quarters of a million had been drawn. Suspicion began to be entertained at the Bank that everything was not going right, and some correspondence was had with Mr. Reynolds, who assured them that the Great Western interest would be responsible. On the faith of this $200,000 more were lent, during 1858 and the early part of 1859. Since then, neither principal nor interest having been paid, an action was brought to recover the money.

On behalf of the defendants, it was maintained that they had no right, as officers of the Great Western, to contract such a loan to be expended on another road; that the letters, &c., addressed to them by the bank officers were as managers of the Detroit and Milwaukee, not the Great Western Railway; that, therefore, the former (still insolvent) should be held answerable, not the latter which is in a flourishing condition. The jury thought differently and rendered a verdict in favor of the Bank. The case has since been appealed.

Important Decision--The Army Vote Declared Unconstitutional.

Judge Woodward, of the Supreme Court, rendered an important decision this morning, in declaring the entire army vote cast at the last election unconstitutional. The following cases were before the Court, on which decisions were rendered, viz:

The Commonwealth vs. Joseph Kunzman. Error to Philadelphia vs. opinion by Woodward, concurring opinion by Read. Judgment affirmed.

In the case of Chase, from Luzerne county, the "army vote" is pronounced unconstitutional—and a decree made giving to Chase the office of Disirict Attorney. Opinion by Woodward, Thompson dissenting.

In the first case above quoted, in which a decision is given, a person was prosecuted in Philadelphia city for illegal voting at the late election, while he was in the service of the country as a private soldier. The defendant's counsel argued before the trial was had, that the indictment should be quashed for reasons that the whole army vote was unconstitutional. This view of the case was sustained by the Judges of that court, and the indictment quashed. The Supreme Court sustains this decision.

The second case came before them from Luzerne county, in which county the candidate for District Attorney, Mr. Chase, who had a majority in the county but was defeated by the army vote, took an appeal. His opponent was declared elected by the return judges, and the Judge for that district sustained that decision. The Supreme Court, however, decides the army vote unconstitutional, and thereby declares Mr. Chase elected.

This decision will make some important changes in several officers elected at the last election. Robert Ewing, who is now in office in Philadelphia city, as sheriff, will be obliged to vacate the same for his opponent, Mr. Thompson, who had a majority of several hundred in the city. It makes no changes in the result in this county.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

The Woman Major--Trouble in the Camp.

The Pittsburgh Landing correspondent of the Cincinnati *Times* writes:

I am sorry to inform you that there is at present some apprehension of a domestic difficulty, originating out of the late commission of a female to the rank of Major in the United States army. This worthy lady, whose bravery and Samaritan kindness to our wounded soldiers on the battle field of Shiloh has won her the love and esteem of an appreciating public, and who has been promoted to rank by a grateful government, is, I fear, about to fall a victim to that most dreaded of delusions—jealousy. This lady is at present holding her headquarters on board of one of the hospital steamers now lying at Pittsburgh Landing, anxiously awaiting the expected battle, to again render that comfort and aid known only to exist in the presence of angels and the attentions of lovely woman.

But what is most unhappy in the case of this lady-Major is that her once adoring and loving husband, who now holds the rank of lieutenant, insists on being made a Colonel, and gives as a reason that his wife now commands him, from the virtue of her rank—being a Major—and that this is directly contrary to the original understanding existing between them at the day of their nuptials. From this protest of the lieutenant I fear that all law-abiding wives will hold up their hands and exclaim, "Oh! the brute."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

☞ LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., MONDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock: THE SCIENCE OF DOUBLE ENTRY.

☞ HAMBRIGHT RIFLES.—A meeting will be held THIS (Saturday) EVENING, 24th inst., at 7½ o'clock, at Washington Hall, Becca street, to make arrangements to attend a Target Excursion, on Thursday next. A full attendance is requested. By order

JNO. T. LOGAN, O. S.

my24:1t

☞ THE FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES meets statedly at APOLLO HALL, Fourth street, between Market and Wood. Preaching every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ o'clock a. m., and 7 p. m. WEDNESDAY EVENING, Lecture at 7 o'clock. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

my24

☞ ALLEGHENY BARGE CLUB.—The members of the Allegheny Barge Club are requested to meet at the Boat House, on SATURDAY EVENING, May 24th, at 7½ o'clock. Punctual attendance is desired.

my22:1d WM. McKEE, President.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ Lake Superior Copper Mill and SMELTING WORKS, Pittsburgh.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER, also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.

WAREHOUSE, No. 149 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my22:dawly

☞ The Confessions and Experience OF AN INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIN, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mh11:1ydawT

☞ JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 Second street and 86 Third street, between Wood and Market.

Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh3

WM. C. ROBINSON.....P. H. MILLER, WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.

☞ ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

OFFICE, No. 21 MARKET STREET.

Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28:dly

☞ Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ISAAC JONES.....JOHN L. BOYD.....W. M'CULLOUGH.

JONES, BOYD & CO.,

Manufacturers of CAST STEEL, also, SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES, corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. oc19

J. C. KIRKPATRICK.....S. M. KIER.....S. L. BURNAP.

☞ KIRKPATRICK, BURNAP & CO., (Successors to J. C. KIRKPATRICK & Co.,) Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c.

☞ Wholesale Agents for KIER'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 39 WOOD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja18:1yd

☞ BURKE & HARNES,

FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER SAFE,

BANK VAULT IRON VAULT DOOR, AND STEEL-LINED BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE MANUFACTURERS.

Nos. 129 and 131 *Third street, between Wood and Smithfield streets—North side.*

☞ BANK LOCKS always on hand. mh25

☞ S. B. & C. P. MARKLE, Paper MANUFACTURERS and dealers in BOOK, PRINT, CAP, LETTER AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER.

☞ Have removed from No. 27 Wood street to No. 53 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ CASH OR TRADE FOR RAGS. my4

☞ N. HOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ap22

☞ HENRY H. COLLINS, For WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN—From one to three acres of land, with or without buildings, including a beautiful site for a dwelling. There is on the place a young orchard of choice fruit trees, in bearing order; also, grapes and small fruits. It is located in a fine neighborhood, and possesses better means of transit to and from the cities than any other point in the county. Terms easy. Inquire at the GAZETTE OFFICE. my23:3t

LOST POCKET BOOK.—While in the Adams Express Office on Tuesday afternoon, the 20th inst., I left on the marble stand a MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, with a small amount of money in small bills, and one Due Bill in favor of the undersigned, with other papers. A liberal reward will be paid to any person returning it to either myself or at the office of the *Gazette*. D. H. LEWIS, my22:1t No. 14 Market street.

OATS—6,000 bush. prime Pennsylvania, in store and for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO., my22 75 Water and 72 Front street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEND TO A BROTHER, OR FRIEND, IN THE ARMY,

ONE OF THE PATENT WRITING CASES.

For sale by

W. S. HAVEN,

WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

It contains Pen, Ink, Paper, Pencil, Envelopes, Checkers and checker-board, and yet measures only 8¼ inches by 2 inches. my11

OFFICE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO., Pittsburgh, May 24, 1862.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS of this Company, held on the 14th of May, 1862, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That coupon bonds of this Company, bearing date the first day of July next, be issued to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, in sums of One Thousand Dollars each, payable in twenty five years after the date thereof, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable semi annually, in the city of New York, and that said bonds be secured by mortgage of the works and revenues of this Company, to be made to Thomas Bakewell, as trustee, for the holders of said bonds.

Resolved, That the President of this Company be authorized to procure, to be negotiated, of the mortgage bonds of this Company, this day ordered to be issued, the amount of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, for cash, or the outstanding bonds of this Company, maturing on the first day of January next, at par.

In accordance with the foregoing resolutions, SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received until three o'clock of the 24th DAY OF JUNE NEXT, for the above loan. Information with regard to the character of the Improvement may be obtained from Joshua Hanna, Esq., of Hanna, Hart & Co., Pittsburgh; Abraham Gibbons, Esq., Coatesville, Chester county, Pa.; and Messrs. Jay, Cooke & Co., Philadelphia, who are authorized to receive subscriptions for the loan.

The Capital Stock of the Company is.....$725,700
Funded debt, (bonds outstanding).....182,000

There is no floating or other debt existing. The works are in active operation and complete repair, and the receipts justify expectations of the usual or average dividend for the present year. The works, were so far completed, and the debts of the Company paid, as to enable the Managers to declare their first dividend, July 7th, 1853, since which time they have declared fourteen dividends up to July, 1861—eight years—amounting in the aggregate to fifty-four and one-half per cent, or six and eighty-one hundredths per cent. per annum. There are no bonds in the market better secured than those of this Company, and none that offer greater inducements for investment as to security and prompt payment of interest, which is well known by the holders of the present outstanding bonds. The object of this mortgage is to concentrate the bonds of the Company and secure the whole. A preference will be given to the present holders of the bonds maturing January 1st, 1863. The Company reserves the right to accept the whole or any portion of the amount subscribed.

my22:1d J. K. MOORHEAD, President.

FIFTEENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR SELLING LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's Office up to May 23d, 1862:

Altmeyer Geo., tavern, Mifflin township;
Bell Robt., other goods, 4th ward, Pittsburgh;
Boyd James, do 4th do;
Clayton Wm., do 3d do;
Davis Thomas, tavern, Richland township;
Duncan B. & A. C., other goods, 4th w'd, Pittsb'g;
Freiderich M., tavern, Sharpsburgh;
Faas Gotlelb, do, Lawrenceville;
Hughes John C., do, Lower St. Clair tp;
Hager Philamena, eating house, 3d ward, Pittsb'g;
Haslage Wm. & Co., other goods, 3d do;
Hartman Mary, tavern, McClure tow. ship;
Hulings Thos., do, 2d ward, Pittsburgh;
Hiles James H., do, North Fayette tp;
Kampf Aloise, do, 5th ward, Pittsburgh;
Kobrsen John A., do, 2d do; do;
Lang Michael, do, 5th do do
Lyth John, eating house, 4th ward, Allegheny;
Laverty Felix, tavern, 3d ward, Pittsburgh;
Ley Caesar, eating house, 3d ward, Allegheny;
Loughran Pat., other goods, Monongahela;
Ludwig Barbara, tavern, Manchester;
Meenah Dan., do, 4th ward, Pittsburgh;
McGraw G. W., do, Sewickley;
Morgan Edw., do, Versailles township;
Moon Joseph, do, McCandless do;
Meyer Henry, other goods, Wilkins do;
Meyer Philip J., eating house, 5th ward, Pittsb'g;
Nasser Philip, tavern, Lawrenceville;
Ober George, do, 4th ward, Allegheny;
Pinkerton Jesse, tavern, Pine township;
Patterson Thomas, do, Peebles do;
Power John, do, 9th ward, Pittsburgh;
Patton Samuel, eating house, 1st ward, Allegheny;
Patchel M., tavern, 3d ward, Pittsburgh;
Rittman Fred., tavern, Shaler town hip;
Sulis Hugh, do, 1st ward, Pittsburgh;
Savage John, do, 3d do; do;
Sweeny Winnifred, tavern, 4th ward, Allegheny;
Schmick F. G., eating house, 3d do, Pittsburgh;
Schulz John, Son & Co., other goods, 1st w'd, Al'y;
Schaaf Fred., other goods, Birmingham;
Thomas Geo. F., tavern, Indiana township;
Uhlman A., do, Pitt do;
Vantyne H., do, Tarentum;
Wacker Anton, eating house, Impoteno.

The Court will meet on MONDAY, June 2d, 1862, at 10 o'clock, to act on the above cases.

my24:3td W. A. HERRON, *Clerk.*

SEWING MACHINES.

WILLIAMS & ORVIS' unequalled double thread $25 FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Salesroom, No. 12 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

These Machines will do all kinds of work, and are warranted and kept in repair one year without any charge.

LILLEY, STRAIN & CO., Agents.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The following notice appeared in all the evening papers of Boston, on the day of the decision, December 5th, 1860:

"SEWING MACHINE—*Important Decision in the United States Court*—The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, by a suit in equity, have sought to obtain an injunction against Williams & Orvis, the manufacturers in Boston of a Sewing Machine of great merit, which is simple, cheap and noiseless, makes the same stitch as the Grover & Baker machine, and is its leading rival in the market.

"The case has occupied the Court since November 27. Judge Sprague, on Saturday, delivered an opinion in favor of Williams & Orvis, who were represented in Court by their counsel, Wm. Whiting and A. G. Washburn, and the injunction was refused."

my24

VALUABLE THEOLOGICAL AND RELIGIOUS BOOKS.

MINISTERS attending the meeting of the General Assembly of the U. P. Church, are invited to call and examine the large and valuable stock of standard THEOLOGICAL, RELIGIOUS and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, for sale by

ROBERT S. DAVIS, 63 Wood street.

A full supply of all the important new Books. my24

FOR SALE—DRUG FIXTURES.—A complete set of DRAWERS, SHELVING, CASES, COUNTERS AND BOTTLES, in the store now occupied by us on the corner of 4th and Wood streets. We purpose removing, in a few days, to our new Iron Front Building, Nos. 76 and 78 Wood st., the same being fitted up with extra new furniture; and having no further use for the fixtures now in use, we will sell them at a bargain, either in part or the whole; B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., my24:2wdawT cor. Wood and Fourth streets.

ARTIFICIAL LEGS AND ARMS.

Belpho's celebrated Patent ANGLESEA LEG and ARTIFICIAL HANDS.

516 BROADWAY, (opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,) New York.

☞ Send for a Circular. my24:3m

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 110 SMITHFIELD STREET, (opposite the Custom House.)

Open for Deposits THIS EVENING, from 6 to 8 o'clock. my24:1tnw

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE.

LETTER PAPERS, CAP PAPERS, NOTE PAPERS, BILL PAPERS, WRAPPING PAPERS, MANILLA PAPERS.

A large and well assorted stock of the best brands will be sold at low prices for Cash. Retailers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., my24 3tawood Paper Dealers, 57 Wood street.

STEAM JOB PRINTING HOUSE.—Cards, Circulars, Price Lists, Bill Heads, Posters, Bills Lading, Labels for Manufacturers, Labels for Druggists, and every kind of ornamental and plain Printing, executed neatly, with dispatch, by

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., my24:3tawood Steam Job Printers, 57 Wood st.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CARDS, a superior article, for the use of Photographers. For sale by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., my24:3tawood Stationers, 57 Wood st.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—A choice stock and large variety at low prices. For sale by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., my24:3tawood Stationers, 57 Wood street.

WEEDING FORKS, AMES' SPADES AND SHOVELS, LADIES' SPADES, DIGGING FORKS, HOES, GARDEN TROWELS, REELS, RAKES, SYRINGES, and a general assortment of Implements, at No. 29 Fifth street. my24:3t J. KNOX.

OLD TYPE METAL FOR SALE.—We have on hand a quantity of old type metal, which we will sell low for cash. FERGUSON & SNIDER, my22:1t Gazette Job Office.

200 BAGS PRIME RIO COFFEE;
50 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar;
25 do Cuba do;
20 do New Orleans do;
80 half chests Y. H. Tea;
75 do Black Tea;
50 do Imperial and G. P. Tea;
150 bbls. various brands N. Y. Syrup;
300 do New Orleans Molasses;
100 do Refined Sugar;

With a complete assortment of goods in our line, just receiving and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO., my22 130 and 132 Second street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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