THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE
AND COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1862. VOLUME LXXV---NO. 161.

NEW BOOKS.

BOOKS! BOOKS!
Medical Uses of Electricity—Garrett;
Recreations of a Country Parson;
Queens of Society;
Spare Hours, by J. Brown, M. D;
Men, Women and Books, by L. Hunt;
Titcomb's Books;
A Good Fight, by C. Reade;
Personal History of Lord Bacon;
Life of Sir Philip Sidney;
Songs in Many Keys—O. W. Holmes;
Poems, by Rose Terry;
Liberty and Slavery—Bledsoe;
Lectures on Apocalypse—Butler;
Life and Speeches of Douglas;
Histo y of all Religions, etc., etc.
J. L. READ, 73 Fourth street.
mh6

THREE NEW BOOKS.—THE CITY OF THE SAINTS, and Across the Rocky Mountains to California. By Richard F. Burton, author of Lake Regions of Africa.
MILLON REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT.
THE LAST OF THE MORTIMERS. A story in Two Voices, by the author of Margaret Maitland.
Just received and for sale by
my12 R. S. DAVIS, 85 Wood st.

BURTON'S CYCLOPEDIA OF WIT AND HUMOR, containing choice and characteristic selections from the writings of the most eminent humorists of America, Ireland, Scotland and England; illustrated with twenty-four portraits on steel and several hundred wood engravings. Edited by William E. Burton. In 2 vols.
my12 KAY & CO., 65 Wood st.

BARTLETT'S DICTIONARY OF AMERICANISMS—A glossary of words and phrases usually regarded as peculiar to America. By John Russell Bartlett.
my12 KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

A. L. WEBB & BRO.,
Corner Pratt and Commerce Sts., Baltimore,
General Commission Merchants & Agents
for the sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER AND SAFETY FUSE.
Receive on consignment all kinds of WESTERN PRODUCE, and make advances thereon.
P. S.—Railroad track in front of Warehouse.
REFER TO
William H. Smith & Co., Miller & Bickerton, George W. Smith & Co., Spencer & Gerrard, Culp & Shepard, Merchants' Bank, B. De Ford & Sons; } Pittsburgh,
} Baltimore.
ap10:6m

MURPHY & KOONS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in MACKEREL, SALMON, SHAD, HERRING, CODFISH, &c., No. 146 North Wharves, between Race and Arch streets, PHILADELPHIA.
3000 barrels Mass Mackerel—large, and medium size Nos. 1, 2 and 3, in assorted packages.
50 barrels prime No. 1 Halifax Salmon.
1000 do Economy Mess Shad.
4000 do superior No 1 Herring.
Consisting of different brands, Labrador, Halifax, Bay of Island and Kentport, &c.
5000 boxes Scaled and No. 1 Smoked Herrings.
1500 quintals George's and Grand Bank Codfish,
Which we now offer at the lowest cash prices, and solicit a call before buying.
MURPHY & KOONS,
de4:6mo No. 146 North Wharves, Phil'a.

FURNITURE AND CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS SELLING OFF AT REDUCED PRICES, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
JAS. W. WOODWELL,
97 and 99 Third street, opposite R. Edmondson & Co., and 111 Fourth street.
mh10

PATENTED OCT. 8, 1861.
Dithridge's Patent
OVAL LAMP CHIMNIES,
Manufactured of
XX FLINT GLASS.
These Chimnies are intended for the flat flame, which heating all parts of the glass equally, does not expose it to cracking.
E. D. DITHRIDGE,
Fort Pitt Glass Works
Washington street,
ap19 Pittsburgh, Pa.

VULCAN FORGE.
W. P. PORTER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, PITMAN JAWS, WRIETS, LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR AXLES, ANCHORS, And all kinds of Heavy Forging.
TEMPERANCEVILLE, near Pittsburgh,
my8:1yr ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.

WAGONS, &c., FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
FARM WAGONS, OIL WAGONS and SPRING WAGONS, GARDENER'S CARTS AND GOAT CARTS; TIMBER WHEELS, CANAL, GARDENERS, BRICK AND STONE MASON'S WHEELBARROWS, all made of the best every timber; also all kinds of repairing attended to promptly. Apply to
ROBT. HARE, WAGON MAKER,
Backet Federal street Station, Allegheny.
mh11:1yr

LYON ARNSTHAL, IMPORTER AND DEALER in the most select brands of GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS, and all kinds of SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, SNUFF, FANCY MEERSCHAUM PIPES, TUBES, &c., &c., in great variety, UNDER THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N.B.—The Trade supplied on liberal terms.
my11:dly

W. W. YOUNG, successor to Cartwright & Young, No. 97 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley, dealer in all kinds of CUTLERY, RAZORS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS, KNIVES, SCISSORS, GUNS, &c., &c. A large assortment of the above goods constantly on hand.
mh1

JACKSON & TOWNSEND, PORK PACKERS AND DEALERS IN BACON, DRIED BEEF, LARD, MESS AND RUMP PORK, No. 12 Fourth street, near Liberty, Pittsburgh.

W. P. MARSHALL, DEALER IN WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., No. 87 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
ja7

R. H. PALMER, No. — Wood St., the Dealer in BONNETS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS, and STRAW GOODS generally.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JOHN CAMPBELL, MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS AND SHOES of every description, No. 24 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct21:dly

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES, &c., corner Fourth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

MUSIC, &c.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN PIANO-FORTES, and Importer of Music and Musical Instruments. Sole agent for the HAMBURG PIANOS. Also for HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S BOSTON PIANOS, with and without Boleian Attachment. No. 81 Fifth street.
my8

JOHN H. MELLOR, DEALER IN PIANOS, Harmoniums, &c., No. 81 Wood street, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

EDUCATIONAL.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—H. WILLIAMS has opened a NORMAL SCHOOL at No. 27 St. Clair street, Third story.
Testimony of Teachers:
He is the counsellor of the Teacher, the man to whom all of us look for advice and instruction.
JOHN J. WOLCOTT.
I can, for most heartily with the above.
LEONARD H. EATON.
I cheerfully concur in the opinion expressed above.
W. D. FREW.
I take pleasure in giving it as my opinion that the foregoing recommendation is fully merited.
A. BURTT.
I know of no one who deserves higher testimony in his favor.
H. N. AVERY.
I fully concur in the above recommendation.
D. DENNISON.
He can prepare pupils for the High School quicker than any other teacher in this city.
A. T. DOUTHETT.
TERMS—$1 per week in advance.
aug3:1ywd

HAPPINESS OR MISERY! THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The Proprietors of the "ITALIAN CABINET OF WONDERS, ANATOMY AND MEDICINE" have determined, regardless of expense to furnish free (for the benefit of suffering humanity) FOUR of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its Disqualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy, and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and those Maladies which result from Youthful Follies, Excesses of Maturity, or Ignorance of Physiology, and Nature's Law. These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving Thousands, and will be forwarded Free on receipt of Four Stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, Italian Cabinet of Anatomy and Medicine, 563 Broadway, New York.
jan31:1ywd

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
Sewing Machines,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Awarded the First Premium at the
UNITED STATES FAIR
For the Years 1858, 1859 and 1860.
UPWARDS OF 50,000 MACHINES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES.
MORE THAN 20,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR.
We offer to the public WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE, at REDUCED PRICES, with increased confidence of its merits as the best and most reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It does equally well on the thickest and thinnest fabrics, makes the lock-stitch impossible to unravel, alike on both sides; is simple in construction, more speedy in movement, and more durable than any other machine.
Circulars, giving prices and description of Machines, furnished gratis, on application in person or by letter.
Every Machine warranted for three years.
ap8:ly WM. SUMNER & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HYDRANT HOSE,
OF A
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
For sale by
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
PLUMBERS,
GAS, AND
STEAM FITTERS,
my19 NO. 129 FOURTH STREET.

CINCINNATI LEAD WORKS.
McCORMICK, GIBSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead And Bar Lead.
ALSO DEALERS IN
Pig Lead, Patent Shot and Block Tin.
NINTH STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND SYCAMORE.
Being exclusively in the Lead Trade, we can furnish the above to better advantage to DEALERS, and on better terms, than can be had elsewhere.
ap26:m

JOHN P. KELLOGG & CO.,
No. 44 Water Street, New York,
OFFER FOR SALE, FROM UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSES, OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION,
COGNAC BRANDIES—Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pinet Castillon & Co., and other brands of various vintages, dark and pale, in halves, quarters and eighths.
ROCHELLE BRANDIES—Vellevoisin, A. Seignette, and other brands, dark and pale, in the usual packages.
HOLLAND GIN—J. P. Kellogg & Co.'s Schiedam, and Wee Drop, 4 pipes, three-qr. pipes and cases.
RUM—St. Croix and Jamaica—selected brands.
WHISKYS—Mahan's Irish and Ramsey's Scotch.
WINES—Port, Sherry, Madeira, Bordeaux, Hock, and others, of various grades.
Oil—Pine Bordeaux Table, in cases and baskets.
ap7:tf

D. DeHAVEN & SON,
No. 47 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY,
Manufacturers of every variety of
COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,
Of the best patterns, for either coal or wood.
GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, of the latest styles and best finish.
We would call the attention of builders to our NEW RANGE, which is considered by those who have them in use as being unsurpassed.
CAST IRON HOUSE FRONTS, IRON RAILING, and all kinds of CASTINGS made to order.
my16

BOOTS AND SHOES.—
GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO., No. 71 Wood street, corner of Fourth, have just received a fresh assortment of
LADIES' GAITERS AND BALMORAL BOOTS;
MISSES do do do;
CHILDREN'S do AND FANCY SHOES;
GENT'S BROAD BUCKSKIN SEWED SHOES;
Do. do CALF CONGRESS GAITERS;
BOYS' do do do;
Do. do OXFORD TIES;
All made to our special order, and warranted to be the best that can be found ready made in any place.
my13.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.,
96 AND 98 THIRD STREET,
Have just received an immense stock of
WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, &c.,
UPHOLSTERING GOODS,
SATIN DE LAINES,
DAMASKS,
LACE CURTAINS.
BEDDING, &c.,
And every other article in our line which we are offering at exceedingly low figures.
Remember, 96 and 98 THIRD STREET, opposite J. W. WOODWELL'S.
mh21

ISAAC CRAIG, OUTLET SAW MILLS, ALLEGHENY CITY, invites the attention of builders and rivermen to his large stock of thoroughly seasoned LUMBER, WINDOW FRAME STUFF, JOISTS, DECKING, BOTTOM PLANK, LATHS, PALINGS, &c., &c.
He will fill orders for sawed stuff with promptness and at fair rates. Persons wanting long timber are particularly invited to examine his stock.
Office on CRAIG STREET, near Robinson.
my15:6tif

ROGERS' CITRATE OF MAGNESIA, Ready in 6 oz. bottles, in the form of powder. It is entitled to *special preference* over the liquid Citrate of Magnesia, Saratoga, and most Mineral Waters, Seidlitz Powders, and other similar articles. When taken in the morning, regularly, it has an admirable effect on the general system, removes constipation, correcting acidities, and cooling off all febrile complaints. For sale by Messrs. FAHNESTOCKS, and *most Druggists*, and at the manufactory, No. 183 Spring street, New York. Price 25 cents.
ap24:lm

BOOTS AND SHOES AT 89 MARKET STREET.—LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Ladies Eng. Leating Heel Gaiters		$1,00, worth	$1,25
" "	Cong "	1,25 "	1,75
" "	" "	1,50 "	2,00
" Fine Fr. Morocco Heel Boots		1,37 "	1,62
" " Goat Congress "		1,37 "	1,75
" " Morocco Slippers		50 "	75
" " Kid		70 "	1,12

ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.
JAMES ROBB,
my15 NO. 89 MARKET STREET.

TORREY'S ARCTIC FREEZER, warranted to freeze Cream in four minutes or less. It will freeze cream to a consistency fit for immediate use in less than half the time of any other freezer in the market. Directions for using, with a number of recipes for making Ice Cream and Water Ices, accompany each freezer. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. BENSHAW,
my8 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

SUNDRIES—400 bbls. Mess Pork;
250 do and tcs. Leaf Lard;
100 kegs do;
50 bbls. No. 1 Lard Oil—Cincy;
25 " No. 3 Large Mackerel;
25 tcs. canvassed and uncanvassed S. C. Hams;
20 tierces S. C. Dried Beef;
100,000 pounds Bulk Side;
50,000 " " Hams;
40,000 " " Shoulders;
60,000 " Bacon do
20,000 " " Hams;
50,000 " " Sides;
In store and for sale by WM. B. HAYS & CO.,
my19 No. 225 Liberty street.

STONE WATER PIPE—3,000 yards, from 2 to 6 inch calibre, just received by
my16 HENRY H. COLLINS.

CRUDE OIL, CRUDE OIL, of different gravities, on hand and for sale by
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
my21 69 and 70 Water street.

CANDIDATES.

FOR COMMISSIONER.—ROBERT MCCLARN, of Findley township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
my22:dawtc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—JONATHAN NEELY, of Lower St. Clair, will be supported for County Commissioner before the Republican County Convention.
ap7:dawtcF

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—W. M. MORTETT will be a candidate for nomination to the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ap19:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—ALEX. M. WATSON, of Allegheny city, will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, in the Convention to be called by the Republican Executive Committee.
mh25:tc

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—The undersigned will be a candidate for the above office before the Republican Nominating Convention.
MARSHALL SWARTZWELDER.
mh13:dawtcF

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—JNO. M. KIRKPATRICK will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, before the next Nominating Republican County Convention.
ap5:dawtc

STATE SENATE.—E. D. GAZZAM is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the State Senate.
ap3:tc

MERCHANT TAILORS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
HENRY G. HALE & CO.,
(Successors to James C. Watt,)
Are now receiving their Spring Stock, comprising every variety of goods adapted to men and boy's wear, which, in extent, choice taste and prices will compare favorably with any in the trade.
French, American and West of England Cloths, of the best makes, of every shade and quality—a very large assortment; Cassimeres and Doeskins; Super Black French Doeskins; Super Black French Cassimeres; Fancy Cassimeres in every variety; Ribbed, Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Silk Mixed Cassimeres of every shade and color.
VESTINGS—Fancy Silk and Satin Vestings, new styles; Super Black Satin and Silk Vestings; Mattlasa and Fancy Silk Vestings; White Figured Silk and Satin Vestings.
Also, every variety of goods for Business Coats; likewise a very choice selection of Furnishing Goods adapted to gentlemen's wear.
Soliciting an early call from our friends and the public, any orders entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention and punctuality in all cases.
HENRY G. HALE & CO., Merchant Tailors,
mh12 Cor. Penn and St. Clair streets.

HOTELS.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
356 AND 367 BROADWAY,
CORNER OF FRANKLIN, ST., NEW YORK.
This first-class house—the most quiet, home-like, and pleasant hotel in the city—offers superior inducements to those visiting NEW YORK for business or pleasure. It is central in its location, and kept on the EUROPEAN PLAN, in connection with TAYLOR'S SALOON, where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern conveniences attached.
mh8:3md

FRENCH'S HOTEL,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
SINGLE ROOMS FIFTY CENTS PER DAY
City Hall Square, corner Frankfort Street.
(Opposite City Hall.)
Meals as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory.
There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel.
Beware of RUNNERS and HACKMEN who say we are full.
no23:dlyn R. FRENCH, PROPRIETOR.

POWERS' HOTEL,
(FORMERLY EARLE'S,)
17 AND 19 PARK ROW,
Opposite the Astor House and Park,
NEW YORK.
PRICE OF BOARD $1,50 PER DAY.
This long established and popular House has recently been rebuilt and greatly enlarged by the addition of over 100 rooms, and now has accommodations for over 300 persons. It has also been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and is
HEATED BY STEAM AND LIGHTED WITH GAS THROUGHOUT.
This Hotel has one of the best locations in the city, it easy of access from all the Steamboats and Railroads leading to the city, and is convenient to all the city conveyances. It has now all the requisites of a
FIRST CLASS HOTEL,
ensuring the comfort of its inmates.
The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.
TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.
fe28:3dmw H. L. POWERS, Proprietor.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, is the largest and best arranged Hotel in the New England States; is centrally located, and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It contains all the modern improvements, and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the travelling public. The sleeping rooms are large and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged, and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first class hotel in every respect.
ja21:1yd LEWIS RICE, Proprietor.

WESTERN HOTEL,
Nos. 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 Cortlandt St,
NEAR BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.
This old established and favorite resort of the Business Community, has been recently refitted, and is complete in every thing that can minister to the comfort of its patrons. Ladies and families are specially and carefully provided for.
It is centrally located in the business part of the city, and in continuous to the principal lines of steamboats, cars, omnibuses, ferries, &c.
In consequence of the pressure caused by the rebellion, prices have been reduced to ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER DAY.
The table is amply supplied with all the luxuries of the season, and is equal to that of any other hotel in the country. Ample accommodations are offered for upward of 400 guests.
Do not believe runners, hackmen, and others, who say "the Western Hotel is full."
D. D. WINCHESTER, Proprietor.
THOS. D. WINCHESTER. f14:3m

GROCERIES, FISH, &c.—
78 bags prime and choice Coffee;
16 hhds. prime P. R. Sugar
9 do choice Cuba do;
60 bbls. crushed, powdered and gran. Sugars;
70 do yellow and A, B and C coffee do;
60 do Maryland Bel'g Co. Golden Syrup;
15 do do extra do;
40 do New York "No plus ultra" do;
20 half chests Y. H. and G. P. Teas;
25 do black do;
7 boxes Old Virginia Tobacco;
24 catty boxes do; ½ lbs. lump do;
175 pkgs. Nos. 1, 2 & 3 large and med. Mackerel;
40 bbls. Rhy Island and Labrador Herring;
20 half bbls. White Fish;
40 do Lake Herring;
100 boxes scaled Herring;
50 kegs imported Bi. Caro. Soda;
40 do do Sal. Soda;
18 half bbls. and bbls. No. 1 Lard Oil;
For sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG,
my12 320 Liberty street.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR HEALTH
BUY MULFORD'S CREAM SALERATUS,
Made from common salt: It is perfectly healthy and pure, and will make better, lighter and more healthy cooking than any other Saleratus in the world. It is perfectly free from all impurities, and imparts a cream-like flavor to the food. Please give it one trial. If your grocer has not got it tell him to get it for you. For sale wholesale and retail at
ROBERT H. JACK'S,
ap30:6tmwa Nos. 1 and 3 Diamond.

SUNDRIES—
75 bags prime Rio Coffee;
100 bbls. Golden Syrup;
75 do Crushed and Powdered Sugars;
25 do "A" Coffee do;
30 hhds. choice P. R. do;
50 do do Cuba do;
25 bbls. Bank Oil;
15 do B. W. Whale Oil;
In store and for sale by WATT & WILSON,
my20 258 Liberty street.

FISH—50 bbls. No. 1 bulk Herring;
50 do " 3 large Mackerel;
50 do " 3 do do;
50 do " 3 med. do;
50 do " 2 do;
50 kitts " 1 family do;
200 bf. bbls. " 1 White Fish;
In store and for sale by WATT & WILSON,
my20 No. 258 Liberty street.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.—We have in store a large stock of all widths, from ¾ to 6 yards wide, which will be cut to suit all sizes of rooms or halls. Styles and quality as good, and prices as low, if not lower, than any house in the city.
my21 J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 St. Clair street.

CLOTHES WRINGERS.—Just received, another supply of Haley, Morse & Boyden's self-adjusting WRINGERS, the best in the market, for sale at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
[my21] J. & H. PHILLIPS.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,
Publication Office No. 84 Fifth Street.
MORNING AND EVENING EDITIONS, DAILY, CONTAINING THE LATEST NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF PUBLICATION.

TERMS:

MORNING EDITION—$8 per annum in advance, or 12 cents per week from carriers.
EVENING EDITION—$3 per annum in advance, or 6 cents per week from carriers.
WEEKLY EDITION—Single copies, $2 per annum; Five or more, $1,75; Ten or upwards, $1 per annum, invariably in advance.
ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 24.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, May 20, 1862.

There is little here now but expectation, and not much of that as respects an immediate advance of the Peninsula army. The great subject of comment for a day or two has been

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

I intimated to you in a former letter, that Mr. Lincoln would probably do what he has done. He does not deny that he has the power, as a war power, to free the slaves. He says the Generals under him have not. Those of us who have no faith in this sparing policy, have at least this comforting assurance, coming from all the signs of the times, that slavery is past salvation by proclamations. The great tide sweeps on and on. The "logic" of events" is much more than a mere phrase. Many are, however, deeply disappointed, that there should be any drawing back by the President at a time like this. I am sure, however, that he has done what he believes to be right and for the best. Even if he were not half so well up in the matter as he is, it would be the duty of every patriot to stand by him, for what else have we now? and only consider him side by side with the last one that occupied the executive chair,

NORFOLK.

I have conversed with several gentlemen, members of Congress and others, who have been in Norfolk within the week. I am assured that the talk about Union sentiment there is the merest idle "chaff." There is not a Union man or woman in that city as far as known. A Postmaster had to be imported. Subjugation is the only true policy. The opinion gains ground daily among Union men here, that there are three things to be done, kept on the EUROPEAN PLAN, in connection with TAYLOR'S SALOON, where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern conveniences attached.
mh8:3md

emancipation, confiscation. If that won't do the work, then permit our Union soldiers to locate land warrants on the unoccupied rebel land, and raise up a loyal race.

Trade, in a small way, is carried on now between that Sodom among cities—Baltimore, and Norfolk. From the latter they send peas and the like, and get in return some of the necessaries of life. But Norfolk merchants, the few there are left, prefer Confederate to United States money.

THE NAVAL SCHOOL.

A regular set-to was made in the House, yesterday, by the Maryland "Union" members, to have the naval school restored to Annapolis. The Rhode Island member from Newport, Mr. Sheffield, gave the "Union" men an elegant scouring, which they will not soon forget, recalling to their minds the circumstances under which that school was removed to where it now is. It is only one year since the very buildings at the contemptible "secesh" village, at Annapolis, was guarded from the torch of the incendiaries there by Rhode Island and Massachusetts troops, while the old frigate Constitution was barely saved from the clutches of a piratical crew, cheered on by many of the new Union men of Maryland. I don't think the school will very soon be returned.

A SECESSION CROWD.

Yesterday, four or five car loads of the unkempt slave drivers of the neighboring counties of Maryland were here, elbowing and crowding their way about the passages in the capitol, getting up petitions and remonstrances about the delivery of fugitive slaves escaping into the District. There is a good deal of doubt whether the law of 1850 is operative in this District. The Constitution says "persons held to labor, etc., in one State, *escaping into another!*" This is not a State. General Wadsworth, I am happy to say, is not inclined to "fash his beard" about the matter. Out of the two or three hundreds which are said to have escaped hither, I am credibly informed but ten or a dozen could be identified. All that come work very diligently, and find employment as teamsters, etc. No great pains is taken to advertise them by the Government. I am inclined to think the crowd would be traitors if not a great amount of satisfaction from the President. He would "take the matter into consideration and see what could be done," and "sich."

A "UNION" MAN.

I do not know when the diabolical influence of secession was ever brought more forcibly to my mind than by the relation of the following authentic incident. A good sound "*Union*" man, living near Fredericksburg, had a guard placed by Gen. McDowell around his house, garden and out-houses. On last Saturday night, one of this guard—a member of the 8th Pennsylvania Reserve, a young man from Armstrong county, whose name I could not learn—was shot in the side by some one in this "Union" man's garden. Others of the patrol rushed in, and caught the assassin with his gun yet smoking in his hand. Would you believe it? It was the "Union" man himself! The poor soldier died on Sunday morning, and his murderer is under arrest. Had it not been for the interference of the officers, the men who caught the dastardly assassin would have hung him on the spot—the best thing that could have been done.

"SAVING HIS BACON."

You have doubtless observed that an officer of a New York Regiment has recently been put under arrest by the young Napoleon, now commanding in the Peninsula, for permitting his men to take some hogs, flour, etc., which the *starving* rebel soldiers had left in their road as they fled. The officer thus arrested is said to be no other than Col. Van Wyck, of the 50th, Member of Congress from the Newburg, N. Y., District. It is time that this sort of thing were stopped. Piscing guards before the houses of these Thugs, to be shot by them, and disgracing men whose *hearts* are in this work for making these enemies to mankind feel the smart of their own fiendish acts should cease. The people should demand at once a stringent confiscation act that would make these dancing devils pay the fiddler. By the way, where is Mr. Cowan? and his trial by a South Carolina "jury of the vicinage," expecting a verdict in favor of confiscation!

GEN. HEINTZELMAN'S CASE.

It is understood here that Gen. Heintzelman, to whom whatever credit there may be for the hard fought and barely won field of Williamsburg is said to be due, does not rest quiet under the dispatches of the Commander of the army. It is noticeable that Gen. H.'s name is not mentioned therein. He had a personal interview with Gen. McClellan as to this omission, which was not cordial. The fight was won before Hancock took the flanking position, which rendered it politic for the enemy to abandon their works in the night. This brave old veteran was in the service while McClellan was in his short frocks, and may perhaps feel that some notice is due to him on this account as well as for his brave and daring onslaught upon the foe in his intrenched position, whence nothing but the most dogged resolution could have dislodged him. I have no doubt, however, that impartial history will adjust the account of all these men.

VISITOR.

THE REBELS AT WEST POINT—MORE ATROCITIES.—Mr. De Witt Simonton, a private in one of the New Jersey regiments at the battle of West Point, writes to the Patterson *Register* that the advance of the rebels was four regiments of negroes, who killed most of our men. We lost in killed, wounded and missing, three hundred. It was an awful sight, as we advanced next day, to see our dead that we were unable to get the day before. Every one had been bayonetted after being shot. One had his head nearly cut off, and all of them had their pockets cut out.

From Fredericksburg--How Hunter's Proclamation was Received by the Army.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., May 19, 1862.

Gen. Hunter's Proclamation has been the chief topic of conversation to-day among all classes, from the Brigadier General commanding a division down to the intelligent black brushing his coat. While a few of the Generals observe a dignified caution in expressing their opinion, the great majority of the officers and common soldiers are bold and outspoken, and rejoice, not that the blacks are to be emancipated, for that is simply a question of time, but that the rebels are to be punished, and that without mercy. No one can mingle free with the army of the Rappahannock without being convinced that there is great dissatisfaction at the leniency observed toward the leading rebels. Says a Brigadier General, "this rebellion will not be crushed until these pompous, strutting planters are made to feel the rod; they now walk into our tents, demand protection for their property, talk about their constitutional rights, and, in the same breath, swear that Lincoln and the whole damned tribe will never be able to make them take the oath of allegiance.

One of the wealthiest planters in this valley, a leading politician, called a man of talent, who has two sons in the rebel army, and expressed the wish that he had ten more, upon discovering one morning that he had nothing but four-legged chattels to till his land with, and growing fearful that the Summer would pass before his corn was planted, hastened to the headquarters of one of the most rigorous Brigadier Generals in the army, and demanded that his slaves be returned and his rights under the Constitution recognized. The planter received an answer to his demands which he will not soon forget, and has not since been heard to utter a rebellious sentence. He left for his mansion upon a "double-quick" in order to be assured that he had a house to cover his head, or a foot of ground to raise a hill of corn upon. When he talks again to that General, of his Constitutional rights, may we all be there to hear.

FREDERICKSBURG, May 20.—The number of loyal blacks who have left their rebel masters, and sought protection within the Department of the Rappahannock, and who are now provided for by the Government, is, according to the statement of the officers who have immediate charge of them, about 1,000. All the able-bodied men, from the ages of 18 to 60, are immediately furnished with employment; the women and children are sent to Washington. The men and boys, when kindly treated, work with much energy, and prove beyond question that, like their white brothers, when well paid, they are able to accomplish almost anything. It is to be regretted that there have been instances of harsh treatment on the part of those who direct their work, and of course the natural consequence has followed—negligence and surliness; but when they have been cheered on by kind words and an earnest desire to instruct them and ameliorate their condition, they accomplish all that is required of them.

Gen. Halleck's Army.

The following interesting extracts are from a letter of "Agate," from Halleck's army, to the Cincinnati *Gazette*:

HOT WEATHER AND WATER GETTING SCARCE.

The heat is becoming intense, though the nights are still pleasantly cool. Our Northern lads growl about August suns in May, but "it's nothin', I tell ye," as an old farmer said to me the other day, when I stood by his shady well, wiping the sweat from my brow, "it's nothin," I tell ye, to what it's goin' to be ina few weeks. This is cool yet." Strangely enough, in spite of the late rains, water is already becoming scarce. The little water courses dry up very rapidly, and in a few days the rear Divisions will be put to great inconvenience in securing a sufficient supply, especially for our immense stock—horses, and mules and beef cattle.

WHEN IT MAY COME.

When the battle will come now, if it comes at all, is just as uncertain as ever. Three hours' easy marching will throw the most remote of our troops under the enemy's fortifications. Give the word *March!* and the deed is done. Still it is pretty certain some things will be done first. Our whole front line, running from Pope's on the left to Thomas' on the right, rests on or near a swamp, which forms a perfect line of defence. The swamp is barely penetrable by skirmishers, and utterly impassable to artillery or large bodies of infantry. By some strange oversight the rebels have permitted our skirmishers and picketts to gain possession of the high grounds extending along the other side of the swamp, and thus we have had opportunity to construct bridges through it at leisure. One part of the line will not cross this swamp till all three armies are prepared to do it simultaneously. When that may be, of course, depends on the Commanding General. The moment we advance beyond it, a portion, at least, of the line comes under the guns of the enemy, and it is hardly probable that we will then fail to move with more rapidity.

"STRATEGY" TO TAKE CORINTH—NOT FIGHTING.

Meantime, Gen. Halleck is reported to have said that he confidently expects to take Corinth without losing over a hundred and fifty men. Evidently he is not waiting merely for an opportunity for battle. That he could have had any time within the past week, if he wants to do something more than merely defeat Beauregard, or allow him to evacuate and slip away farther into the Gulf States. Before him lies, or is still supposed to lie, the only rebel army of magnitude in the Mississippi Valley, or west of the sea-board slave States. In short, they have swarmed here, and the General proposes to hive them.

The *capture* of an entire army of a hundred thousand men is an enterprise of some pith and moment. Day by day it becomes evident that the General and the Assistant Secretary of War (who is personally representing the War office on the ground) have set before them no other object. We may well, therefore, afford to await, if success so brilliant as the clearing of the Mississippi valley and the Gulf States of rebel armies shall crown our tedious delays.

RUMORS ABOUT THE IMPENDING BATTLES.—Washington is filled with rumors touching the impending battles at Richmond and Corinth, the general prevailing impression that there will be hard fighting at both these places, and that very shortly. Reports from the Peninsula are favorable, and many think that McClellan will be in the rebel Capital within twenty four hours. The fact that he has passed the swamps, and is in the region of dry land and good roads, is accepted as a good sign; and indeed there are few who question his success. There is also great confidence in Halleck's position at Corinth. Yet news is anxiously looked for from that quarter, where the hostile armies have now for some time been in close proximity to each other.

THE ARMOR OF THE GALENA.—The armor of the Galena, which was pierced by the projectiles of the rebel battery below Richmond, was but three inches thick. The gunboats on the Western waters are all thinly plated and but partially clad. Hence the necessity of the six-inch plates that have been ordered for the three new gunboats of the Monitor style that are now in process of erection in New York. The Monitor has thus far stood the fire with her five-inch plates; but as guns of enormous calibre and projectiles of great momentum are in vogue, it is safe to increase the thickness of the armor.

DR. HILL NOMINATED PRESIDENT OF HARVARD COLLEGE.—The Boston *Transcript* states that the nomination first made by the corporation for the Presidency of Harvard College, has been withdrawn on account of the opposition to the gentleman named. Rev. Thomas Hill, D. D., President of Antioch College, has now been nominated, and the subject has been referred to a committee of the Board of Overseers. This selection is not entirely satisfactory to the overseers, many of whom would prefer Prof. Lovering, or Rev. Dr. Peabody, the present acting President of the College.

REBELS IN ARMS ON THE YORK PENINSULA.—The Washington *Star* has information that the rebels from the different counties in Eastern Virginia have impressed every able-bodied man in that portion of the State. All on whom they could lay hands were driven like sheep to the peninsula. This fact accounts for the large nominal army believed to be opposed to that of Gen. McClellan, as well as for the state of utter disorganization and demoralization. The more such troops [illegible] the worse it will and their presence for him when the grand battle comes off.

The Rebel Army at Corinth.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* writes from Pulaski, Tennessee, that Beauregard's cavalry are waging a general predatory warfare—as a subsistence measure—in that region. Unable to find forage, at Corinth, for the large cavalry force with which he was more encumbered than helped, he has disposed of his horsemen by ordering them to disperse through Middle Tennessee and make guerrilla demonstrations.

This is probably reliable information; indeed it is corroborated by other statements derived from deserters and intercepted letters. From all the most recent accounts we have seen and collated on this subject, it would appear that the scarcity of provisions and forage threatens the rebel army under Beauregard, with consequences as dire as any they may have to dread from the superior force of Halleck's army, now steadily closing its coils around them. So evidently has the Union army the advantage of position, with open, unassailable lines of communication and abundance of supplies, that no one aware of the fact receives with any distrust or incredulity the statement which General Halleck is just reported to have made—that he expected to take Corinth without losing more than 150 men.

The sure but cautious advances of Gen. Halleck are leaving the rebels without even the *dernier resort*—at least, from the silent progress within and without, we shall not be surprised to hear that they can neither fight nor run away. It is probable that, before this, a flank movement of Mitchell's division has cut off the Ohio and Mississippi Road, south of Corinth, over which their army have hitherto received their main reinforcements and supplies, and Gen. Grant's division, on the extreme right, must be about ready to cut off the Memphis and