Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 5.

People's State Convention.

THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION in its patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desire to support, by every power of the Government, one hundred thousand heroic brethren in arms, braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the Union of our Fathers, are requested to select the number of Delegates equal to the Legislative Representation of the State, at such times and in such manner as will best respond to the spirit of this call, to meet in State Convention at HARRISBURG, on THURSDAY, the 17th day of July next, at 11 o'clock on said day, to nominate candidates for the offices of AUDITOR GENERAL and SURVEYOR GENERAL, and to take such measures as may be deemed necessary to strengthen the Government in this season of common peril to a common country.

A. K. McCLURE,
Chairman People's State Committee.

GEO. W. HAMMERLY, JOHN M. SULLIVAN, } Secretaries. my3

☞ MUCH interesting matter will be found on our first and fourth pages this morning.

Arming Negroes.

What a terrible hue and cry was raised last winter against Mr. CAMERON, and every one else, for proposing to arm the slaves of the South to assist in putting down the rebellion. Now, when the measure has been resolved on by the Government, as a necessity, to save the lives of our white soldiers, there is hardly a whisper of dissent. It would have been much better done at that time than now, as by this time, when we need them, they would have been disciplined. It is better late than never, but the general acquiescence in it now shows the steady and powerful words of public sentiment. There are always some men ahead of the times—pioneers in all great and good movements—who have to endure for a time the sneers and abuse of a public which cannot brook that any one should move faster than itself. The public comes floundering on, but only to find the pioneer still ahead. The idea of a general emancipation is now under the ban, but if this war lasts until next winter, immediate emancipation will be the universal cry, and the term "abolitionist" will cease to be an epithet of reproach.

Confiscation in the House.

A special Confiscation Committee was appointed in the House, and it has already had two or three meetings, and it is said are much nearer unanimity on the confiscation question than it was supposed they would be. A large majority of the committee favor a confiscation bill. Mr. Noell, of Missouri, openly avows his position on the subject, which is in favor of the passage of a stringent bill. To meet the views of some of the members of the committee it is probable that two bills will be reported, one a confiscation bill and the other an emancipation act. A number of southern members will vote for a confiscation bill who will not interfere with slavery. The committee will report at an early day.

There can be no confiscation bill pass Congress which will not confiscate slaves as well as other southern property. Slavery has got to take its chances in the war which it brought on, and if it is ruined it is bad for slavery but good for the slaves, and a benefit to the country.

Over-Laxity in Nashville.

A letter to the New York *Tribune* has the following statement:

The rigorous measures that were expected and necessary were not adopted in the Capital of Tennessee. John Overton, the wealthiest man in the State, Gen. Washington Barrow, and ex-Governor Neal S. Brown, who had been most energetic in the cause of secession, and done everything in their power to advance it, were permitted, and are still, I believe, to vent their offensive opinions without let or hindrance. I recently heard Emerson Etheridge complaining bitterly that the very men who had threatened to tar and feather, shoot and hang him, and would have done so had they had an opportunity, are treated with far more forbearance and deference than he himself would be if he were in Nashville.

A number of persons are dissatisfied with Gov. Andrew Johnson's administration of affairs. No one doubts his uncompromising Unionism, but they fear his disposition to gain popularity with a class who have always hated and abused him has warped his sense of justice and modified his course of action.

It is astonishing how long it takes our Government and its officers to rise to the mark of putting forth a little wholesome severity. Treason is open, blatant, does not seek to disguise itself, and yet no punishment is meted to it, except it comes with a gun on its shoulder, and uses it—then the Government fires back. These traitors walk the streets of Nashville, and of other cities, and flaunt their treason in the face of the Government, and pass on unpunished. How long is this to last?

CONTRABANDS IN THE NAVY.—Mr. Welles, the Secretary of the Navy, has issued a very sensible order in relation to contrabands. They are to be shipped aboard our vessels to perform such duties of common sailors as would endanger the lives of white sailors in the summer months. They are to be hired and paid by the Government, and thus treated as free, responsible human beings who have a large stake in the country and in the war. Sensible at last.

COLLECTOR OF NEW ORLEANS.—The President has appointed, and the Senate has unanimously confirmed, CHARLES C. LOTHROP, collector for the port of New Orleans. This, of course, evinces a determination to raise the blockade at the mouth of the Mississippi. It is contended that, as the blockade was partially put in force at different times, it can be raised in part.

Mr. LOTHROP is a Republican in politics, and was compelled to leave New Orleans on the commencement of the outbreak.

WE are indebted to Hon. J. K. MOORHEAD, Chairman of the Select Committee of the House on National Armories, for a copy of the interesting and valuable report lately prepared and presented by them on that subject.

Overflow of the Mississippi.

A letter from Commodore Foote's fleet says:

Great damage has been, and more will be done in the Mississippi river regions, by the swell of waters, and a man now on the fleet, who left New Orleans 8 or 9 days ago, says the lower country along the vast stream is almost entirely overflowed, and the people are suffering greatly from the submersion. Dwellings and outhouses are under water; grain and provisions have been destroyed; hogs, and cattle, and horses drowned, and immense amounts of property lost. This, with the sad consequences of the war, have reduced a great portion of Dixie to a lamentable and pitiable state, and must largely assist to disgust the South with rebellion and its bitter results.

Nigger-Lovers and Abolitionists--Extract from a Speech of a Kentuckian.

Col. LEONIDAS MERCALF, of Kentucky, lately made a speech to the Union men of Carlisle, Nicholas county, in that State, in which he paid his respects to those negro-loving secessionists which abound in the North as well as in the South, who are constantly proclaiming that they are not Abolitionists, and who, when hard run for an argument, will cry "Abolitionist," "Abolitionist," as if it was only necessary to fix the stigma of abolitionism upon a man to ruin him forever. This out-spoken Kentuckian draws the portraits of these cringing dastards with the pencil of a Limner. We take an extract for the edification of these puny-souled creatures:

I had started to pay my respects to the nigger-lovers of the South. There has been no election since I can remember but the cry of nigger was raised. A constable, coroner, judge or president could not be nominated but the same old tune was grouted. Law after law was passed to tighten the tenure by which we held them. State laws, fugitive laws, territorial legislatures might legislate a man to the devil if they chose, if he had no *nigger*; but laws were passed to prevent them from legislating on the subject of niggers. A Republican Congress passed laws to prevent themselves from legislating on negroes in the territories, still the cry was more security, more concessions, until they require all to kneel to Gesler's cap, or else they are not the Simon pure, or else they are not the Simon Buckner pure. They swear that it is God's institution, and that in his sublime wisdom he instigated the trader to the pious calling of catching and chaining the wild African in the hold of some gloomy ship to transport him from his native hills where his soul is in danger, to the cotton fields of America, all for the glory of God and the increase of his kingdom; that their pursuits and pleasure in Africa are loathsome to God; but when they are transported to the cotton fields and learned to raise six bales to the hand, great is his reward, for he now pleaseth the Lord and shall have a seat in Heaven; while traitors who have so long been protected in making black angels, quietly pocket the proceeds of the cotton. To all this you must solemnly promise and swear or you are an Abolitionist. And some of these traitors are helping to populate Heaven with angels only half black. This is no joke; all this has been preached from the pulpit by the said sooty-winged nigger satellites. They do not stop at insulting man, but blaspheme God with their obsequious dallying and pandering to a set of corrupt, fly-blown jackasses, who cannot see any other aim or object on earth through which pleasure or happiness can be secured but nigger; no other road to Heaven but on a nigger's back. They must have the Missouri Compromise, or they will break up the government. Then the Missouri Compromise must be repealed; it ain't fair, or they will knock all the underpinnings from under Uncle Samuel. * * * * *

The cry of Abolitionist is the whip that is continually held up to scare the ignorant into the Democratic, and out of the Secession ranks. If you look at things with common sense, you are an Abolitionist. If you are for country, and for the majority ruling, you are an Abolitionist. It is time we put a stop to these insults. They cannot listen to reason. The only thing you can beat common sense into them with is a green sycamore club that will not bounce, or a bullet. A few wholesome truths may be bitter, but nevertheless true. The accusation is very common that the North favors amalgamation. Now, to tell the truth, and shame old Nick, it is practised to a fearful extent throughout the South and Kentucky. Go into any of our towns and see the different shades, and colors.

Jet black, buff, and brown
Mongrel, puppy, whelp and hound.

But we will not speak loud on this. Somebody might be listening. You can know every traitor in the land as plainly as you can your hogs, by the ear marks. They have a pass word, by which you can know them as well in the night as in the day time—that word is, Abolitionist. That is the sum total of all their arguments.

Confederate Scrip in Virginia.

A letter from Gen. Banks' army says:

The secessionists are often made to suffer severely for their devotion to the C. S. A., and in this way: The notes issued by Jeff. Davis have had a very general circulation, and are to be found in abundance in Winchester and other places recently occupied by the rebels. But as soon as good money is introduced with our troops their value disappears like mist before the morning sun, and they become mere shinplasters—not worth the paper they are printed on. But Virginia pride will never admit that "payable five years after the acknowledgment of the Southern Confederacy" dosen't mean in 1867; and although it is a sore trial to their pockets, the F. F. V.'s take the notes at par. Now, at Winchester you can buy them at fifty, sixty and even seventy per cent. discount, then purchase whatever you want and pay in shinplasters, and so make tolerably good bargains.

A shrewd fellow (I need not tell you he is a Yankee) bought in this way $160 of scrip for $40 of Federal Treasury notes. He then found a stout secessionist who owned a good horse, which, after some bargaining, he agreed to sell for $160. The horse was produced, and with a wry face $160 in shinplasters accepted in exchange. To question the value of the money was to doubt the strength of the government that issued it and be upheld, and that his pride would not permit, whereas to take it at par when it wasn't worth a quarter of its nominal value was ruinous to his wealth. Perhaps his pride would have yielded had not the C. S. A. imposed a heavy penalty upon any one who should refuse to take their scrip; so he took the paper and parted with the horse. Such a lesson as this is very instructive, and the Yankees will not be slow to teach such when they are so well paid for their services.

LAUNCH OF THE GOVERNMENT SUBMARINE VESSEL.—The launch of the little submarine vessel Kensington took place on Wednesday afternoon. When fairly in the water she lay half submerged, her iron guards being almost level with the surface. Two men went into the interior and tried the effect of the oars or paddles. Although but two or three were moved at once the vessel obeyed them readily, and when the whole sixteen or eighteen are put in motion it is believed that she can be propelled with considerable velocity. She will be entirely submerged, when necessary, by means, of lead or other ballasting; and it is believed that when this is accomplished, a very slight variation in weight will suffice to lower her to the bottom or raise her to the surface. When entirely submerged the glazed aperture in her roof will keep her lighted. With her Gothic arched back and conical bow she looks not unlike a big sturgeon.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

THE rebel organs denounce President Lincoln for suggesting that the United States Government, if any State wishes to get rid of its slaves, shall purchase them. And yet all those organs, we have no doubt, approve the course of the rebel commissioners in London, who are said in the English papers to have proposed that if Great Britain would acknowledge the independence of the Southern Confederacy, children of slave parents, after the recognition, should be free.—*Louisville Journal.*

CONSTITUTIONAL.—The two interests that *pretend* the most love for the Constitution, are, in the Nation, the Vallandigham Democrats; in the State, the keepers of the free concert brothels in New York. Both are standing up for the constitutional rights of crime.—*Buffalo Express.*

POOR OLD BELL.—Old John Bell was at Huntsville, Alabama, when the Federal troops entered that place and made his escape on foot, leaving the town "by a by-path." So say the Atlanta papers.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

POST OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., May 24, 1862.

☞ THE ATTENTION OF ALL PERSONS interested is respectfully directed to the following notice from the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C. In all cases of persons offending, the Postal Laws will be rigidly enforced.

S. F. VON BONHORST, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

An act of Congress approved March 3d, 1845, declares "mailable matter" to be all letters and newspapers, and all magazines and pamphlets published in a regular series, and *all other w. ilten or p rinted matter*, whereof each copy shall not exceed eight ounces in weight; *thus embracing all Insurance Policies, whether blank or filled, and all circulars, Handbills, and written or printed notices whatever.*

It forbids the conveyance out of the mail by private expresses making stated or regular trips from one place to another, between which the United States mail is transported, of *any "mailable matter" whatever*, except newspapers for sale or distribution to subscribers, and except, also, pamphlets, magazines and periodicals, *when not marked or directed, nor intended for immediate distribution to subscribers or others*, but intended for sale as merchandise, and sent or consigned to some *bona fide dealer* or agent for the sale thereof; and subjects *every person thus sending, or aiding and assisting therein*, to a penalty of $1.0 for each offence.

It subjects the owners of any vehicle or vessel by which, with the knowledge or connivance of the owner, driver, conductor, or person having charge thereof, is conveyed any person acting as a private express, and actually in possession of forbidden "mailable matter," to a penalty of $ 50 for each offence.

It subjects the owner of any vehicle or vessel making stated trips, and conveying as aforesaid any forbidden mailable matter otherwise than in the mail, to a fine of $100, and the driver, conductor, captain, or other person in charge, to a fine of $50 for each offence. It permits the conveyance by such vehicle or vessel, out of the mail, of letters or other mailable matter relating to *accompanying cargo* or freight; but *orders for goods, whether sealed or unsealed*, are not embraced in such permission.

It subjects all persons whatsoever, *who shall send, or cause to be sent*, by private express or other unlawful means, any forbidden mailable matter, to a penalty of $50 for each offence.

☞ *See Regulations of Post Office Department, chap. 40, edition of 1852.*

By authority of an act of Congress, approved Aug. 31, 1852, letters enclosed in *stamped envelopes* furnished by this Department, may be lawfully carried by private expresses or otherwise, out of the mails; *but letters prepaid by stamps cannot be so carried.*

I am directed, by the Postmaster General to give public notice that every person who shall violate any of the foregoing provisions of law, after having been served with this Circular, or after it has been brought to his attention, will be prosecuted for the penalties incurred. mw5:3td

☞ POST OFFICE NOTICE.—On and after MONDAY, May 5th, 1862, the hours for closing the mails will be as follows, viz:

EASTERN MAILS.

The mails by the Through Mail Train for the East will close at midnight, (except Saturday night,) and depart at 2:30 a. m. This Train will carry the way mails between Altoona and Harrisburg.

The mails by the Through Express Train will close at 2:30 p. m. and depart at 3:30 p. m. This Train will carry the way mails between Pittsburgh and Altoona.

The mails by Fast Line will close at 7:20 p. m. and depart at 8:20 p. m.

WESTERN MAILS.

Mails by Fast Line on Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad will close at 12 m., (except Saturday night,) and depart at 1:10 a. m.

Mails by Mail Train close at midnight and depart at 7:20 a. m. This Train carries the way mails between Pittsburgh and Crestline.

Mails by Express Train close at 12 m., and depart at 3 p. m.

Mails on Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad close at at midnight, and depart at 6:20 a. m. This Train carries the way mails.

Mails by afternoon Express close at 12:50 a. m. and depart at 12:50 p. m.

Mail by Train on Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad closes at midnight, and departs at 8 a. m.

Mail by Allegheny Valley Railroad closes at midnight, and departs at 6 a. m. my3:3td

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., May 3, 1862.

☞ POST OFFICE NOTICE.—On and after MONDAY, May 5th, the mails will close, arrive and depart from this office as follows:

EASTERN MAILS—Close.

Way Mail	2:20 p. m.
Through Mail	9:00 p. m.

EASTERN MAILS—Arrive.

Through and Way Mail	7:00 a. m.
Through Express	3:00 p. m.

WESTERN MAILS—by P. F. W. & C. R. R.—Close.

Through and Way Mail	2:30 p. m.
Through Express "	11:30 a. m.

WESTERN MAILS—Arrive.

Through Express, P. F. W. & C. R.	2:00 a. m.
Through Mail Train, "	3:10 p. m.

River mail to Wheeling, &c., closes at 9:30 p. m. Arrives at 3:2? p. m. SAM'L RIDDLE, P. M. my3:3td

☞ HAMBRIGHT RIFLES.—A regular monthly meeting of the Company will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, May 5th, at 7½ o'clock, at Washington Hall, Rebecca street, Allegheny City. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be presented.

By order of S. S. BROWN, President.
my5:1td

☞ CORPORATORS' MEETING.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Female College will be held in the TRUSTEES' ROOM, on MONDAY, May 5th, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing Six Trustees.

A full attendance is de ired.
my2:1t W. VAN KIRK, Secretary.

☞ LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., THIS (Monday) MORNING, at 11 o'clock:

NEGOTIABLE PAPER.

☞ NOTICE.—An Election for one President and eight Managers of the Allegheny Gas Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 25 Diamond, Allegheny, on MONDAY, May 12th, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. J. C. PORTER, Treasurer.
ap28:3td

☞ DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—W. M. MOFFATT will be a candidate for nomination to the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ap19:tc

☞ DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—ALEX. M. WATSON, of Allegheney city, will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, in the Convention to be called by the Republican Executive Committee. mh25:tc

☞ DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—The undersigned will be a candidate for the above office before the Republican Nominating Convention.

MARSHALL SWARTZWELDER.
mh13:dawtc

☞ DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—JNO. M. KIRKPATRICK will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, before the next Nominating Republican County Convention. ap12:dawtc

☞ COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—JONATHAN NEELY, of Lower St. Clair, will be supported for County Commissioner before the Republican County Convention. ap7:dawtc

☞ STATE SENATE.—K. D. GAZZAM is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the State Senate. ap3:tc

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ To Horse Owners.—Dr. Sweet's INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any; in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises, or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents, corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh. ap27:1ydawF

☞ Lake Superior Copper Mill and SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER; also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.

WAREHOUSE, No. 149 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn's.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. ap22:dawly T

☞ The Confessions and Experience OF AN INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mh11:1ydawT

WM. C. ROBINSON.....F. H. MILLER.
WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.

☞ ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penn's.

OFFICE, No. 21 MARKET STREET.

Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28:dly

J. C. KIRKPATRICK.....A. M. KIRKPATRICK, A. L. BURNAP.

☞ KIRKPATRICK, BURNAP & CO., (Successors to J. C. KIRKPATRICK & Co.,) Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c.

☞ Wholesale Agents for KIER'S PETROLEUM, OR ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 355 WOOD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja18:1yd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

R. C. LOOMIS,

NO. 59 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1862:

1. Capital Stock		$1,000,000 00	
2 Number of Shares of Stock subscribed for	10,000		
3. Amount of Assessments on Instalments on stock paid in, in Cash	$1,000,000		
THE PROPERTY OR ASSETS HELD BY THE COMPANY.			
1. The value, or as nearly as may be, of the Real Estate held by the Company		$50,000 00	
2. Amount of Cash on hand.		.....	
3. Amount of Cash deposited in Banks, specifying in what Banks the same is deposited		124,474 14	
Continental Bank, of New York			
4 Account of Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission		58,183 88	
5. Amount of Loans secured by Bonds and Mortgages, constituting the first lien on the Real Estate, on which there is less than one year's Interest due and owing		392,219 53	
6. Amount of Loans on which Interest has not been paid within one year		17,000 00	
7. Amount due Company on which Judgments have been obtained		None.	
8 Amount of Stocks owned by the Company, whether of any State or of the United States, or of any incorporated City of the United States, or of any other description, specifying the number of shares and the par and market value of the same			

No. of Shares.	Par value.	Market value.	
100 Bank of Commerce	20,00	15,600	
150 Importers' & Traders' Bank	15,000	13,500	
100 Continental Bank	10,000	7,300	
100 Corn Exchange Bank	10,000	8,400	
100 Metropolitan Bank	10,000	8,400	
50 Park Bank	6,000	4,600	
50 Saint Nicholas Bank	5,000	3,625	
200 People's Bank	5,000	3,600	
United States Registered Stocks, 1861	10,000	8,800	
United States Treasury Notes 7 3 10 per Cent	75,000	75,000	
Missouri State Bonds, Six per Cent	20,000	8,500	
Tenn. State Bonds, Six per Cent	20,000	8,000	
South Carolina State Bonds, six per Cent	10,000	5,950	
Illinois State Bonds	10,000	8,000	
Ohio State Bonds	5,300	4,611	
Brooklyn City Water Bonds	10,000	9,650	
	$240,300	$194,336	194,336 00

9. Amount of Stock held by the Company as Collateral security for Loans with the amount loaned on each kind of Stock, its par and market value			

No. of Shares.	Par value.	Market value.	Amount loaned.	
10 Oriental bk.	2,000	1,400	1,600	
15 Nassau Bk., Brooklyn	1,500	1,500	4,000	
50 Hanover Bk	5,000	3,300		
40 Ameri'n Exchange Bank	4,000	3,110	2,800	
23 Central Bank Cherry Valley	2,300	2,250	2,000	
55 Ameri'n Exchange B'k	5,500	4,235	3,600	
12 Pacific Mail Steam ship Company	1,200	1,128	1,300	
3100 U S 7 3-10 Treasury Notes	400	400		
5 Metropolitan Bank	500	420	400	
80 Citizens' Bk.	2,000	1,840	1,600	
20 Bank State of New York	2,000	1,540	1,250	
25 Tradesmen's Bank	1,000	950	1,100	
25 Citizens' Gas Company	500	375		
50 Shoe and Leather Bk.	5,000	4,250		
35 St. Nicholas Bank	3,500	2,537	8,000	
5 Lamar Insurance Co.	500	425		
20 Nassau Bk Brooklyn	2,000	2,000		
10 Ocean Bank	500	350	300	
50 Metropolit'n Bank	5,000	4,200	3,500	
100 Harlem Gas Company	5,000	5,500	3,750	
229 Broadway Bank	5,725	6,370	8,500	
201 Butchers' & Drovers' Bk	5,025	5,275		
256 Brooklyn Gas Light Com'y	6,400	7,296	6,000	
5 Bank State of New York	500	781	350	
300 Brook'lyCity Railroad Co.	3,000	3,300	3,000	
13 Merchants' Exchange Bk	900	720	400	
75 Phoenix Bk.	1,500	1,370		
40 Metropolit'n Bank	4,000	3,360		
45 Bank of Republic	4,500	4,050	11,000	
15 Importers' & Traders' Bk	1,500	1,350		
10 North River Bank	500	375		
75 Citizens' Bk	1,875	1,725		
3 $1,000 First Mort. Bonds Buffalo, N Y. & E. R. R. Co	3,000	2,250	1,800	
5 $1,000 Missouri Bonds	5,000	2,125	1,500	
40 Phoenix Bk	800	720	650	
61 City Bank	6,100	6,710	6,100	
67 N. York Corn Exchange	1,675	418		
80 International Bank	8,000	6,400	11,000	
22 Farmers' and Mechs' Bank Rochester	2,200	1,980		
55 Atlantic Bk.	5,500	3,575		
10 Hanover Bk.	1,000	660	640	
$5,070 of 1860 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Scrip	5,070	4,816	4,300	
20 Hanover Bk	2,000	1,300		
800 Broadway Bk	20,000	24,000		
106 Importers' & Traders' Bk.	10,600	9,540		
2 Bonds, $1,200 each. First Mort. Bonds Buffalo, New York & E. R.	3,000		30,000	
1 Bond, $1,000 Importers' & Traders' Bk.	1,000	1,500		
60 Pacific Mail Steamship Company	6,000	5,640	3,200	
11 Continental Bank	1,100	803	2,000	
12 Broadway Bk	1,550	1,860		
	$168,090	$153,653	$126,200	126,200 00

10. Amount of Assessments on the Stock of the Company called in due and unpaid	None	
11. Amount of Premium Notes		22,711 99
12. Amount of Interest on Investments made by the Company, due and unpaid and accrued but not due		29,948 85
13. Due for Premiums uncollected on Policies, issued at office		1,643 53
14. Miscellaneous items		5,085 16
		$1,521,288 06

☞ Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted by R. C. LOOMIS, Agent, No. 59 Wood street.
ap24:2wecd

ORPHANS' COURT, No. 68, March Term, 1862.

All persons interested are notified that said Court will, on SATURDAY, June 7th, 1862, discharge J. H. Walter and Margaret Gibson, Administrator and Administratrix of Jas. M. Gibson, dec'd, from their said duties, offices and appointment.

W. A. HERRON, Clerk.
my5:3td

2,000 LBS. CLEAR SIDES; 200 bush. Dried Apples; 1 bbl. fresh Roll Butter; 5 half bbls. do do; 2 tubs do do;

Received this day and for sale by
my5 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

STONE WATER PIPE—5,000 yards, from 2 to 6 inch caliber, just received by
my5 HENRY H. COLLINS.

LEAD—200 bds. Bar Lead; 300 Pipe Lead;

Received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

BASKET WILLOWS—50 bundles to arrive on steamer Mariner, for sale by
my5 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CEMENT—50 bbls. Hydraulic Cement just received by HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW CHEESE.—30 boxes prime Cutting Cheese; 1 box fresh Eggs; 1 " " Butter;

Received and for sale by [my1] H. RIDDLE.

COLT'S NEW MODEL POCKET AND NAVY REVOLVERS, for sale by
my5 BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st.

SHEARS—Harber's, Tailor's and Paper Hangers, for sale by
my5 BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st.

COOPER'S TOOLS, Carpenter's Tools, Stone Cutter's Tools, for sale by
my5 BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st.

FINE PAPER HANGINGS in Grimes, Brown and Green for sale by
ap28 W. P. MARSHALL.

CATAWBA WINE—20 bbls. pure, on consignment, and for sale by
my1 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR SMALL ARMS FOR THE UNITED STATES SERVICE.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, Washington, D. C., April 29, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received by this Department until 2 p. m. on the evening of the 15th of MAY, 1862, for manufacturing, for the United States, for the Government, within one year from that date, the following description of arms, viz:

Springfield Rifled Muskets, model 1855.
Harper's Ferry Rifles, with sword bayonets and steel scabbards, model 1855.
Breech-loading Carbines, for cavalry.
Revolver Pistols, army size.
Sabres for light cavalry.
Non-commissioned Officers' Swords, steel scabbards.
Musicians' Swords, steel scabbards.
Steel Scabbards for rifled musket bayonets.

Proposals will state—

For *muskets and rifles*, the price for 20,000 of either, and the reduction proposed, per gun, for each additional 10,000 to 20,000.

For *revolvers* and *cavalry sabres*, the kind proposed, and the price for 5,000, and reduction, per pistol or carbine, for each additional 5,000 to 20,000.

For *sabres, swords and scabbards*, the price of each of the prescribed patterns to the number of 5,000 each, and also for each additional 5,000 to 20,000.

All the fire-arms are to be furnished with the regular appendages. The rifled muskets are to be in all respects identical with that manufactured at the U. S. Armory, Springfield, Massachusetts, and are to interchange with it, and with each other, in all its parts. Each of the other kind of fire-arms must also interchange with one another in the same manner.

The materials for these arms must be of the very best quality, and no malleable iron parts will be allowed to be used. All the articles must be subject to the inspection prescribed by the Ordnance Regulations, and must be boxed, ready for transportation, at the expense of the contractors, in such manner as may be directed. Inspections will be made at the factories in lots of not less than 1,000 each.

Proposals will state the name of the establishment making the offer, the number and date of the first delivery, and rate of delivery monthly thereafter. Failure to make a delivery at a specified time, or any attempt to introduce malleable iron or other inferior material into the work, will subject the whole number of arms contracted for to forfeiture, at the option of the Department.

The Department reserves to itself the right to reject any bid, and will consider none made through any agent, broker, or party other than the regular manufacturers.

Proposals will be addressed as follows: "General J. W. RIPLEY, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.;" and will be endorsed "Proposals for Muskets," or rifles, sabres, &c., as the case may be.
my2:ddceod.

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY,

No. 80 Wood Street,

CORNER SECOND, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacture and wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

In our sample room may be found the

CELEBRATED GAS BURNING COOK STOVES,

EUREKA AND TROPIC,

the merits of which have been fully tested by thousands, and the Stoves pronounced unequaled by any in the market, together with a great many other desirable patterns.

We have also a very large assortment of

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

Embracing some of the BEST PATTERNS now offered to the public.

☞ FANCY ENAMELED GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, of the newest styles.

☞ COMMON KITCHEN BOW AND JAM GRATES all of which are offered at very low prices.

☞ Special inducements offered to builders in want of GRATES FRONTS.

1862. McCORD & CO. 1862.

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS.

BONNETS AND SHAKER HOODS.

Wholesale and retail,

131 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

We are now receiving a LARGE ADDITION to our already extensive stock of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS and PALM LEAF HATS.

Merchants visiting our city can buy from us at *lower* prices than in Philadelphia or New York.
ap29 McCORD & CO.

LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER, tested for 19 years and proves in favor. It kills and exterminates Roaches, Bed Bugs, Ants, Fleas, Moths in Cloths, Furs and Furniture, Garden Insects, &c. All genuine bears the signature of R. Lyon, *and is not poisonous to persons or domestic animals.* Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

Lyon's Powder kills all insects in a trice.

Lyon's Pills are death to rats and mice.

Sold everywhere. D. S. BARNES,
my1:3mdw 292 Broadway, New York.

S.—T. 1860—X.—DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. Exhausted nature's great restorer. They invigorate, strengthen and purify the system, cure Dyspepsia, Acidity of the Stomach, Diarrhoea, &c. A perfect appetizer and tonic. They invigorate the body, without stimulating the brain. They are compound of pure St. Croix Rum, Roots and Herbs, and are recommended by all who use them. Adapted to old or young, but particularly recommended to the weak and languid. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
my1:3mdw 202 Broadway, New York.

CONSIGNMENTS—
30 boxes mammoth Cheese;
3 bbls prime Roll Butter;
20 crocks " Apple Butter;
75 bbls. Rye Flour;
25 boxes new W. R. Cheese;
8 bbls. green Apples;
50 bushels prime Peaches, (halves;)
100 " " Potatoes;
100 boxes Woods' Starch;
200 dozen Brooms;

Just received and for sale by
my1 FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second street.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT 89 MARKET STREET.—LOOK AT THE PRICES.—Ladies Eng. Lasting Heel Gaiters $1,00, worth $1,25
" " " Cong " " 1,25 " 1,75
" " Fine Fr. Morocco Heel Boots 1,37 " 1,62
" " Goat Congress " " 1,37 " 1,75
" " Morocco Slippers 50 " 75
" " Kid " 75 " 1,12

ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

JAMES ROBB,
ap24 NO. 89 MARKET STREET.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER.—Those desiring the genuine article, should be careful from whom they purchase. Dr. Lindsey has sufficiently, for the public, exposed the existence of a *bogus* article, bearing his name, which article can of course be sold to dealers at low figures, and which some may palm off for the genuine; but to avoid any further imposition ask for that manufactured by Dr. LINDSEY, and *take no other*. It is for sale by such respectable houses as B. A. Fahnestock & Co., R. E. Sellers & Co., John M. Fulton, Jos. Park, Dr. Lange, M. Craig, &c.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Sole Agent,
my2 corner Smithfield and 4th sts.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to those indebted to the late firm of J. L. CARNAHAN & CO. that their accounts have been left for settlement in the hands of JAMES MILLER, Alderman, Ohio street, Allegheny. By this course we do not desire to add cost to any account, but our present business engagements are such as to render it impossible for either of us to attend personally to making collections, and we trust that those interested may find it convenient to give prompt attention to our claims. J. L. CARNAHAN,
B. B. NORRIS,
my1:2wawtf (formerly J. L. Carnahan & Co.)

LUBRICATING OIL.—Pure Mecca Lubricating Oil, warranted free from water, grit, or sediment, and superior to any other Petroleum Lubricator in the market.

Orders for