Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 19.

Another Brilliant Victory.

Gen. Burnsides marches from conquering to conquest. Newbern, on the river Neuse, one of the principal sea-ports of North Carolina has fallen after a hard fought battle and a heavy loss of life. The glory of this victory is due altogether to the land forces, the fleet not taking part in the contest. Battery after battery was stormed by our gallant soldiers, until the enemy were driven into their stronghold, where they rallied and made a desperate stand. Our brave men fought until their ammunition was all gone, and then charged with fixed bayonet. The cold steel was too much for the southerners. The glistening bayonets made them scamper in double quick. However much they may fancy the Bowie-knife it is certain they have no fancy for the bayonet. In every instance where the bayonet has been tried they have fled.

The fight lasted some four or five hours. The fog prevented the gunboats from taking part in it, until near the close. Our loss is about one hundred killed, and four hundred wounded. The loss is nearly all in the New England regiments. Among the killed are several valuable officers. The loss of the rebels was heavy. Our troops captured several battories of light artillery, forty-six heavy siege guns, large stores of fixed ammunition, three thousand small arms, and two hundred prisoners, including one Colonel, three Captains and four Lieutenants.

The rebels, on their flight through the city, set it on fire, but the flames were subdued without doing much harm. They pushed on to Goldsborough, breaking down the railroad bridges in their flight.

The enemy had about eight thousand men, behind strong intrenchments, mounted with heavy siege guns. Our force was about ten thousand strong, just landed from the ships, and they were disapponted in the expected aid of the gunboats. These intrenchments were probably stronger than any at Centreville or Manassas, and yet our gallant soldiers walked over them, and gained a glorious victory. Is it not absolute certain that our equally brave troops on the Potomac would have walked over the rebel intrenchments which have so long been magnified into a Gibraltar, if they had the opportunity.

Another Victory in the West.

Two victories in one day! We shall soon breakfast and sup on victories. Our brave soldiers everywhere, but in one noted quarter, are all alive, pressing on and on, and fighting and always gaining victories, until we feel disappointed if we do not read of some gallant deed of arms between each rising and setting sun. Col. Wood was sent by Gen. HALLECK to root out a nest of secessionists. The traitors had absconded, but Col. Wood was not to be baulked of a fight, and he pushed on until he found the rebels in superior force. Nothing daunted, he pitches in and wins a glorious victory.

We actually pity the splendid army under McCLELLAN. All the laurels will be won by troops under the fighting Generals, and the rebellion will be over before they actively take the field, unless some spirit can induce the young Napoleon to move. Strategy may add to the laurels of the General, but the poor soldier has none of the honors.

Rebellion in its Agonies.

It is instructive to look over the southern news at this time, and witness the ill-concealed dismay, anxiety and terror exhibited. The steady, solid, irresistible march of the free soldiers of the North, seems to appal those whose boasting have filled the world. Like Balshazzar in the presence of the mysterious hand writing on the wall, they see their doom written on all the Northern heavens, and hear the sound of the advancing march on every Northern breeze; and their knees smite together for fear. "John Brown's soul marching on," has a terror for them which is indescribable. Like some awful night-mare, it sits with stifling weight upon their hearts, destroying courage and manhood.

There is almost a universal complaint of Davis' cabinet, but the traitor President holds on to them. Probably he cannot do better. They are among his earliest and most tried friends, and he thinks they might as well *hang* together.

Great alarm exists at Memphis, and not without reason. Braxton Bragg has taken command there, and proclaimed martial law. The people of Mobile were in ecstacies of fear when they found the redoubtable General was leaving them. The Mobile *Register* tries to pacify them as follows:

To stop the mouths of all mischief-makers, who ought to be too contemptible in the eyes of the women to be able to frighten them, we are authorized to say that Gen. Bragg has gone on an important service to the cause of which he is one of the most able and devoted defenders. He has gone upon the invitation of Gen. Beauregard to consult upon the plan of campaign for the *defense of the Mississippi Valley*. He will be within a few hours reach of the city, and steam and electricity can bring him back before the enemy could make his first dispositions for a land or sea attack. Meantime, he has left the city with a complete plan of defense matured, and the defenses in the hands of accomplished officers. Gen. Jones, now chief of the army at Pensacola, will assume command here, and will be ably seconded by Col. Villipigue, the hero of Fort McRae.

We assure the women and children that there is no cause of present alarm. We need not say to the men that the times call for coolness and determination. Both belligerents are mustering their armies for a great conflict in Tennessee, the prize being the command of the Mississippi Valley. Our Government and Generals are fully aroused to the importance of the issue, and an army of heroes will represent the South in the coming fight with a determination and courage worthy of the cause. Be of good cheer! *We feel that we shall win the battle, break the back bone of the northern invader, drive him with our victorious troops out of Tennessee, follow him to Louisville, and, by God's help, "save the south."*

Braxton Bragg cannot save Memphis. It will be in the hands of the Federal troops probably within ten days. The editor of the Memphis *Avalanche*, who has written so boastingly of Southern prowess, begins to show signs that the terror has at last reached him. In his paper of March 7th, he says:

It does not become us to write all that comes to our knowledge in relation to the number and position of our forces on the river above. But we can advise our people *not to be lulled into any false security by injudicious and ignorant statements of either men or newspapers*. We were shown on yesterday a private letter from an intelligent army officer, giving us an idea of the situation, which shows that we are *not so well prepared as we should be*. He writes that they need a large force to man our artillery, heavy and light. Capt. Bankhead's splendid company alone can accommodate fifty fresh recruits, who should report themselves immediately. The heavy guns, too, require an additional force, and *officers are now in the city authorized to give as much as one hundred dollars bounty for them so soon as they are sworn into service. Has the time come, we ask, when men shall be called for in vain to defend their liberties and property?* The fate of Memphis and the Mississippi Valley depends on our power to hold our position above. If the fearful tale of disaster is ever told, it must not be said that it was for want of men. Let patriots rush forth, therefore, and fill up the vacant ranks before it becomes too late.

The position above has fallen. There is nothing now between Memphis and a capture but Randolph, and after the losses at New Madrid and Island No. 10, there will not be much stand made there. At Memphis we do not apprehend there will be any fight at all. There has been some talk of burning the town, but the property owners are opposed to that, and will prevent it if they can. The Mayor, JOHN PARK, has issued the following:

PROCLAMATION.

Much has been said in regard to the burning of our city. I have, as John Park, not as the Mayor of the city, to say this to our citizens: That I will, under any and all circumstances, protect the city from incendiaries, and he who attempts to fire his neighbor's house or even his own, whereby it endangers his neighbor, regardless of judge, jury, or the benefit of clergy, *I will have him hanged to the first lamp post, tree, or awning.* I have the means under my control to carry out this proclamation.

JOHN PARK.

In the meantime, the Legislature cannot be got together. The Memphis *Appeal* says:

The results of the great fright at Nashville are yet acting as a dead weight upon the Tennessee Legislature. The members have been going through the highly interesting and instructive pastime of meeting and adjourning here day after day, in the hope of at last obtaining a quorum for business. Several days must still elapse before this result is accomplished, and in the interim the question presents itself: Where are the absentees? Let strict lookouts be kept on the Southern coast.

FLOYD is in a bad fix. He has been suspended by President Davis, and is denounced for cowardice. The Memphis *Evening Argus* says:

Floyd ran like a moral coward from the field, and by his disgraceful weakness caused the capitulation and surrender he lacked the honesty to share, and by his example sullied forever the reputation of Pillow, by inducing him to forget duty and remember but "number one." We had intended never to touch this disgraceful subject, but we cannot see the noble Buckner villified, and moral cowards excused and unpunished, merely because Floyd is a *Virginia* politician.

Evans blunders into a victory, and spoils one of the finest planned campaigns we ever heard of, and passes unflinched. Crittenden is proven unfit for command, and is continued in it, Floyd deserts his command in the hour of disaster, and public opinion is sought to be diverted from his crime. Pillow follows Floyd's example, publishes *his* statement in utter disregard of the Department and Congress, and there an end! *It is not thus the Unionists have found and made good officers for their armies. Punishment has waited on wrong: and, as a natural consequence, efficiency and courage have taken the place of fatuity and cowardice.* We should profit by their example, and enforce the military law of the land, which would mete to all due punishment for evil.

The rebels at Memphis seem determined to get ready to escape when the time of their fall comes. The *Argus* has the following:

The landing is crowded with boats, but *owing to circumstances over which they have no control*, they have to stay where they are. A few of these, however, will go out this evening, as will be seen by our advertising columns.

The taking of all the boats here for Government service will be the means of many of them having unnecessary repairs done. Every boat at the levee, with but one or two exceptions, is out of fix—something the matter with boilers, rudders, wheels, etc. That game don't seem to win every time.

It is said that five thousand Unionists were driven out of Memphis in May last, and others were horribly abused and maltreated, and some lost their lives. Well may the cruelites of that place who committed these outrages tremble and prepare for their escape. It is true, as a correspondent says:

Of all cities in the south, Richmond and Charleston not excepted, Memphis was the most maligunant, unscrupulous and cruel. It is well, no doubt, to treat the citizens of Nashville with that scrupulous regard for persons and property which characterizes Gen. Buell's army; but when we acquire Memphis, for Heaven's sake let us have no rose-water policy there. If the city which has scourged the backs, shaved the heads, and drank the blood of so many inoffensive men, simply because they are loyal, and made so many women and children beggars and outcasts from their homes, is to escape unscathed, the war may as well cease at once, and the White House be given up to Jeff. Davis.

We might continue these extracts, all to the same purport. All self-reliance, all confidence, almost all hope is gone. The doom of secession is sealed, and that of slavery will swiftly follow.

The Financial Ruin of the South.

The financial ruin of the South is inevitable. Their whole circulation has been made up of Treasury and State, and corporate notes and shinplasters, and the notes of the Banks. While the rebel power lasts, these pass well enough, but as our army advances, they become worthless, and thus some two hundred millions of a circulating medium will finally, and within a few months, fall dead in the hands of the people. So great and sudden a depreciation in values was hardly ever known, and must prostrate the South into complete financial ruin.

Buell's Army.

A letter from Nashville, says:

All of the divisions of Gen. Buell's army, respectively commanded by Gens. Thomas, Nelson, Mitchell, McCook, Wood, and Crittenden, are now concentrating about Nashville. Those of Gens. Thomas, Nelson, Mitchell, McCook, and Crittenden are all encamped on the east side of the river, while that of Gen. Wood only arrived on yesterday in the vicinity of Edgefield, after marching overland from Munfordville via Bowling Green. The vast army thus united at this point consists of about 70,000 infantry, 6,000 cavalry, and 30 batteries of artillery. The divisions on this side of the river are spread fan-like over the various turnpikes leading southward, at distances ranging from two to four miles from the center of the city. Our outposts are only about eight miles from the suburbs, although mounted scouting parties have made more extended excursions.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 17.—The water is not yet smooth enough for repairing the telegraph. All is quiet here.

The State of Georgia arrived from New York this afternoon.

Much anxiety is felt for Col. Corcoran and the Union prisoners.

The Battle of Valverde, New Mexico --Our Loss Two Hundred Killed and Wounded.

The New Mexican correspondent of the Missouri *Republican* gives the particulars of the battle near Fort Craig:

THE REBEL ADVANCE.

Since my last, the Texans have made various significant movements in the vicinity of Fort Craig. On the 18th of February they advanced a column of infantry, one thousand strong, in line of battle in front of the fort; they also moved a column of eight hundred cavalry to the west of our defenses. They advanced to within a mile and a half of the works, halted with a secession flag floating in the breeze, remained there some time, and then commenced a retrograde movement. During the time of the advance Col. Canby had prudently concealed the greater part of his forces in the rear of the fort. When the enemy commenced retreating, and the infantry was separated from the cavalry, Col. Canby ordered Major Duncan to charge the cavalry of the enemy with a squadron of dragoons and mounted men, which they did in gallant style, the enemy retreating before them until they arrived at a deep ravine. The Texan infantry in the meantime advanced to the relief of the cavalry, and a skirmish took place at the ravine. Several shots were exchanged, with the result of one Texan reported killed, and one of our troops wounded in the thigh with a Minie ball, one horse killed and one wounded. Major Duncan, late in the evening, was recalled, and the Texans continued to fall back.

CROSSING THE RIO GRANDE.

On the 19th and 20th the Texans, crossed to the east bank of the Rio Grande, in order, as it is supposed, to take possession of the heights opposite Fort Craig and the *mesa* of the *costadero*, just above and immediately below Valverde bottom. Colonel Canby crossed and pursued them in force, when the Texans on the heights fired some fifty cannon shots, without damage to our forces. Colonel Canby fired but two shots, deeming it imprudent to *waste* his ammunition. On the morning of the 21st two hundred Texan mules were captured, with their wagon-master. The Texans were on the highlands, destitute of water. Colonel Canby had the pass to the water guarded by a battery and two thousand men, and all other outlets guarded in force.

THE BATTLE OF VALVERDE.

As I had written thus far, the military express, just arrived from Fort Craig, with news of a series of conflicts between our forces and the Texans, which lasted from 9 o'clock a. m., of the 21st, until sundown of the same day. The fight commenced in the morning, between a portion of our troops, under the command of Col. Roberts, and the enemy across the Rio Grande, with varied success, until toward 1 or 2 o'clock of that day. Col. Canby then crossed the river in force, with a battery of six pieces, under Capt. McRea of the cavalry, but detailed in command of the battery; also, a small battery of two howitzers. The enemy were supposed to have seven or eight pieces. The battle commenced by the artillery and skirmishers, and soon became general. Towards evening the most of the enemy's guns were silenced. They, however, made a desperate charge on the howitzer battery, but were repulsed with great loss. Capt. McRea's battery was defended by Capt. Plympton's company of United States infantry and a portion of Col. Pino's regiment of New Mexican volunteers.

The Texans now charged desperately and furiously, with picked men, about six hundred strong. They were armed with carbines, revolvers and long seven-pound bowie-knives. After discharging their carbines at close distance, they drew their revolvers and rushed on the battery in a storm of grape and canister. The Mexicans of Pino's regiment were panic-stricken and most ingloriously fled. Capt. Plympton and his infantry stood their ground and fought nobly, till more than one half were numbered with the dead. With his artillerymen cut down, his support either killed, wounded or flying from the field, Capt. McRae sat down calmly and quietly on one of his guns, and, with revolver in hand, refusing to fly or desert his post, he fought to the last, and gloriously died the death of a hero, the last man by his guns. The Texans suffered terribly in this charge.

Many officers distinguished themselves on this day. Major Donaldson, who was the chief Aid of Colonel Canby, acted bravely, and was conspicuous on every part of the field. His horse was wounded in several places, but the Major was, fortunately for the service, not injured. The celebrated Kit Carson, in command of a regiment of volunteers, who were deployed as skirmishers, did good service during the action, and behaved well. We have, however, to name the loss of Lieutenants Michler and Stone, who, like Captain McRae, nobly and bravely maintained the honor of our flag to the last, and gloriously died the death of patriots. Many other officers were wounded. Our loss was *about two hundred killed and wounded*; that of the enemy is believed to be much greater. We will know all the particulars by next mail.

RESULTS.

Notwithstanding this appears like a reverse to our arms, there need be no fear entertained about the safety of Fort Craig or New Mexico. The fort is in a strong position, garrisoned by near six thousand troops, and thanks to our Chief Commissary of Subsistence, is provisioned for forty days. There are also forces at Albuquerque, who are on the eve of marching below, and there is abundance of troops in the different posts to defend any point of attack.

The tone of all the letters from below is hopeful and full of confidence. The greatest confidence is reposed in Colonel Canby, and if the volunteers will do their duty the Texans will be ignominiously driven from the country.

In Albuquerque there are some four hundred volunteers. This is the depot for the South, and there are here some two months' supplies for six thousand men. There is also a small force, about one hundred men, at Camp Connelly, Colero. At Fort Garland there is one company of regulars, Major Whiting in command. At Hatch's rancho there are one hundred volunteers, and other small bodies at different posts. At the various storehouses in the department there is abundance of supplies of stores for six thousand men until the first of June next.

[Valverde is a small village situated on the left bank of the Rio del Norte, or Rio Grande, near the border of New Mexico and Arizona. Fort Craig is ten miles north of this point on the same river.

The Advance upon Richmond--Preparations for the Grand Movement.

WASHINGTON, March 16, 1862.—There will be no pause in the advance of our armies upon Richmond, and within a month it is hoped that the rebel capital will be in our hands. As the *Chronicle* to-day notices the fact, it can do no harm to say that very many of our regiments were yesterday evidently preparing for a grand movement somewhere—whether to push on against the enemy, down upon Gordonsville, or to some other point, is not known, General McCall's division has been very busy opening the Hampshire and London Railroad to Leesburg. It is expected that the trains will be running by the end of this week. As the track has been laid across Long Bridge, cars can run from Baltimore to Manassas or Leesburg. Now that the Potomac is open, supplies for the army will come up the river to Alexandria, and there be transported to Manassas or Leesburg. General McClellan's address to his Potomac army excites considerable attention here, and is considered to indicate a purpose to push on against the enemy with the least possible delay. It is said that the General is confident of a speedy battle or the immediate evacuation of Virginia by the rebel troops.

THE POTOMAC BATTERIES.

The news which came up yesterday, that so late as Friday night the rebels had not abandoned their batteries on the Potomac line at Aquia Creek and Potomac Creek, somewhat surprises our military authorities. Some of the officers of the Yankee and Anacostia, which shelled Aquia Creek, are of the opinion that the rebels were engaged in the work of transporting their provisions from that point to Fredericksburg, as the cars were continually running to and fro on the road. Others think the rebels mean to hold their position at Aquia Creek—not to interfere with the navigation of the Potomac in the least, but to meet an attempt to move on Richmond by the Fredericksburg Railroad. As there is a good road running, and the Rappahanock is but an hour's ride distant, at least until they are seriously attacked by our gunboats.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Letters from Key West state that the frigate Niagara was going in at that port on the 10th inst.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—Mr. JOHN B. GOUGH will deliver a Second and last Lecture before the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association and the public generally, on

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 19TH,

AT

CONCERT HALL.

SUBJECT—TEMPERANCE.

Tickets 25 cents—to be had at Music and Book Stores, Library Rooms and at the door.

Doors open at 7 o'clock.—Lecture to begin at 8 o'clock.

W. H. KENCAID, F. H. BRUNOT, JOSEPH AIKEN, W. D. MCGOWAN, J. B. HURLEY. } Lec. Com.

mh19

NOTICE.—I will be in Nashville by the 20th of this month. Any business entrusted to my care will be promptly attended to.

Address (mh15:1wd) JACOB GLOSSER.

MANCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 27th, 1862.

AN ELECTION for President and six Directors of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK will be held at the Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 29th of March, 1862, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock.

Amendments to the Constitution of the Bank will be submitted to the Stockholders at the same meeting. 6:27:1mws THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cash'r.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—The undersigned will be a candidate for the above office before the Republican Nominating Convention.

MARSHALL SWARTZWELDER.

mh13:dawtoF

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—Teachers holding No. 1 Provisional Certificates, or having No. 1 for teaching, will meet for Professional Examination, in the First Ward Public School House, Allegheny City, on the 29th inst., at 9 o'clock a. m. By order of

A. T. DOUTHETT, County Sup't.

ma18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAUVE INK,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

DIARIES FOR 1862.

FOR SALE BY

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an Act of Assembly relating thereto, and the Charter of Incorporation, approved March 17th, 1862, Books to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, will be opened at the Merchants' Exchange, Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, the 22d of April next, to remain open for five days (unless the stock be sooner subscribed) from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

George R. White,	John I House,
John K. Parke,	John Phillips,
Edward House,	C. Hanson Love,
Samuel F. Shriver,	Wm. B. Haslett,
A. W. Loomis,	Frank Van Gorder,
D. Hostetter,	James Rees,
D. H. Chambers,	James Gardiner,
W. S. Haven,	Thos. B. Hamilton,
Daniel Wallace,	John S. Lee,
James Robb,	Wm. H. Kirkpatrick,
Wm. F. Gardner,	James W. Baxter,
J. J. Robinson,	

mh19:4d *Commissioners.*

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing, between the undersigned in the Drying business, under the name and style of McKIBBIN & HENRY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JAMES McKIBBIN. HUDSON HENRY.

March 1, 1862.

HAVING PURCHASED the interest of James McKibbin, in the firm of McKibbin & Henry, we are prepared to deliver goods from any of the Depots at any part of the city with promptness and dispatch, and solicit a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon the late firm.

HUDSON HENRY. JOHN R. SLENTZ.

Pittsburgh, March 17th, 1862.—mh19:3d

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

PUMPS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

FITTED UP AND FOR SALE BY

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

NO. 129 FOURTH STREET. mh13

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY.

No. 30 Wood Street,

CORNER SECOND, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturer and wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

In our sample room may be found the

CELEBRATED GAS BURNING COOK STOVES,

EUREKA AND TROPIC,

the merits of which have been fully tested by thousands, and the Stoves pronounced unequaled by any in the market, together with a great many other desirable patterns.

We have also a very large assortment of

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

Embracing some of the BEST PATTERNS now offered to the public.

FANCY ENAMELED GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, of the newest styles.

COMMON KITCHEN ROW AND JAM GRATES all of which are offered at very low prices.

Special inducements offered to builders in want of GRATE FRONTS. mh12-3md

WALL PAPER—

EVERY VARIETY,

STYLE, QUALITY AND PRICE.

NEW PATTERNS,

From the most celebrated manufacturers of Philadelphia, New York and Boston, comprising a very extensive and complete assortment for sale by

THOMAS PALMER,

NO. 91 WOOD ST., BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH,

Second door below Diamond alley.

mh17:1md

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

HENRY G. HALE & CO.,

(Successors to James C. Watt,)

Are now receiving their Spring Stock, comprising every variety of goods adapted to men and boy's wear, which, in extent, choice taste and prices will compare favorably with any in the trade.

French, American and West of England Cloths, of the best makes, of every shade and quality—a very large assortment; Cassimeres and Doeskins; Super Black French Doeskins; Super Black French Cassimeres; Fancy Cassimeres in every variety; Ribbed, Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Silk Mixed Cassimeres of every shade and color.

VESTINGS—Fancy Silk and Satin Vestings, new styles; Super Black Satin and Silk Vestings; Marseas and Fancy Silk Vestings; White Figured Silk and Satin Vestings.

Also, every variety of goods for Business Coats; likewise a very choice selection of Furnishing Goods adapted to gentlemen's wear.

Soliciting an early call from our friends and the public, any orders entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention and punctuality in all cases.

HENRY G. HALE & CO., Merchant Tailors, mh12 Cor Penn and St. Clair streets.

FRUIT TREES.—INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS.—A very large stock of choice TREES, of selected varieties to choose from, with every possible care taken to have every variety true to name.

Of Apple alone we have 175,000—50,000 of which are three year olds, 10,000 four year olds. Pear, 10,000 two to three years old. Peach, Plum, &c., a fine stock.

EVERGREENS—the Trees in the Nursery. Call and examine them.

EVERGREENS from 1 to 8 feet, by the hundred, they also, SHADE TREES AND SHRUBBERY, wholesale and retail.

Address PITTSBURGH AND DARLAND NURSERIES, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mh15:3m MINER STRADDEN, Jr.

KNABE'S PIANOS—New stock now arriving at 43 Fifth street. mh13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET—A two story Brick House and 20 acres of ground at Hulton Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad; a good Orchard and choice fruit, together with a small tenant house on the premises. Enquire of

Mrs. REBECCA HAZLETT, Allegheny City, or ROBB & McCONNELL, Kuhn's Law Building.

mh19:1wd

NOTICE.—Taken up on the 17th day of March, 1862, running at large, four HOGS, contrary to an ordinance made and approved the 3d day of March, 1843. If no person shall come forward and claim said hogs and pay all costs, fine and charges attending the seizing and keeping the same, after four days from date they will be sold at public sale, for the benefit of the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of the city of Pittsburgh. ROBERT HAGUE, Chief of Police.

Pittsburgh, March 17th, 1862.—mh18:3td

IN THE MATTER OF THE WIDENING of Virgin alley, in the city of Pittsburgh, No. 40 January Term, 1861.

Notice is hereby given that the viewers in the above case will hold a public meeting on WEDNESDAY, March 19th, 1862, (pursuant to adjournment) at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the Supreme Court Room in the Court House of Allegheny county, for the purpose of hearing all parties interested in the above matter.

L. WILCOX, Secretary of Board of Viewers.

mh18:2td

SPLENDID NEW ENGLISH BOOKS.—SELLING OFF LOW BEFORE REMOVING FROM THE CITY.

Scotland Illustrated, very elegant,	$6 50
Burns' Works, elegantly illustrated	
The Ladies of the Reformation, illustrated	3 25
Memorable Women of the Puritan Times, two volumes	3 00
The Book of Scottish Songs	2 25
The Book of Scottish Ballads	2 25
Henry's Commentary, 9 vols., calf, elegant	25 00
Wardlaw on Proverbs, 3 vols.	3 75
do do Romans, 3 vols.	3 75

&c., &c., &c. WM. S. RENTOUL, mh18:3td 20 St. Clair street.

NOTICE,—BONDHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO, THE OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA, THE OHIO AND INDIANA AND THE FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANIES.—Holders of First Mortgage Bonds of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company, and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, who have not heretofore deposited their bonds with John Ferguson, No. 35 Pine street, under the plan of reorganization, are again notified to do so on or before the 1st day of April next, or they will be excluded from its benefit.

Holders of Second Mortgage Bonds of the same Companies, or Construction Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, who have not already deposited their bonds as above, are notified to make application to the Purchasing Committee, at my office, 52 Wall street, to be admitted to the benefits of said reorganization, on or before the same day, or be excluded therefrom.

J. F. D. LANIER, Chairman Purchasing Committee.

Holders of any of the Bonds referred to in the above Notice can deposit them at the office of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, No. 23 Fifth street, in this city.

March 18, 1862.—td G. W. CASS.

Iron City College

CORNER PENN AND ST CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

CONTINUED SESSION—OPEN DAY & EVENING.

Students can enter at any time, and receive private or class instruction in all branches of a Practical Business Education, including Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic and Mathematics generally.

Young men fitted in the shortest possible time as Book-keepers for every department of business.

For particulars call at the College, or address the Principals. JENKINS & SMITH.

mh18:1tme

MUSIC BOOKS.

MUSIC INSTRUCTORS

AND

SHEET MUSIC.

A large assortment now ready at

HUNT'S,

MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET,

AND

N. E. corner of South Common and Federal street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

mh17

WALL PAPER, BORDERS, FIRE BOARD PRINTS, DECORATIONS, &c., &c.

UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SATIN DE LAINES, DAMASKS, FRINGES, TASSELS, CORDS, SHADES, &c.

BEDDING OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER,

E. E. EDMUNDSON & CO.,

OPPOSITE J. W. WOODWELL'S,

mh14:3m 96 and 98 THIRD STREET.

JOHN P. KELLOGG & CO.,

No. 44 Water Street, New York,

OFFER, FOR SALE, FROM UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSES, OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION,

COGNAC BRANDIES—Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pinet Castillon & Co., and other brands of various vintages, dark and pale, in halves, quarters and eighths.

ROCHELLE BRANDIES—Pellevoisin, A. Seignette, and other brands, dark and pale, in the usual packages.

HOLLAND GIN—J. P. Kellogg & Co.'s Schiedam, and Wee Drop, in pipes, three-qr. pipes and cases.

RUM—St. Croix and Jamaica—selected brands.

WHISKYS—Mahan's Irish and Ramsey's Scotch.

WINES—Port, Sherry, Madeira, Bordeaux, Hock, and others, of various grades.

OIL—Fine Bordeaux Table, in cases and baskets. fe7:3m

BROCKEDON'S

BICARBONATE OF SODA PILLS.

The greatest remedy for acidity of the stomach ever yet introduced. One Pill will generally afford immediate relief. To travelers and those subject to hasty meals and irregular hours they are invaluable.

Imported and sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, And Dealer in choice Family Medicines, Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

mh15

WAGONS, &c., FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

FARM WAGONS, OIL WAGONS and SPRING WAGONS, GARDENER'S CARTS AND COAL CARTS; TIMBER WHEELS, CANAL, GARDENER'S, BRICK AND STONE MASON'S WHEELBARROWS, all made of the best dry timber; also all kinds of repairing attended to promptly. Apply to

ROBT. HARE, Wagon Maker, Back of Federal street Station, Allegheny.

mh11:1yd

PRODUCE NOW ARRIVING—

2 bbls. and 1 box fresh Butter;
3 do fresh Eggs;
30 bush. small White Beans;
30 do bright Dried Apples;
10 bbls. choice Rambo Apples.

Received and for sale by

H. RIDDLE, mh18 No. 163 Liberty street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The sum of $2,500, and also of $1,500 will be loaned on good bonds and mortgages for three or four years. No less sum than $400 will be invested. Apply at

PETTIT'S, 13 St. Clair street. mh15

KNABE'S PIANOS—Now stock now arriving at 43 Fifth street. mh18

RAZORS—Wade & Butcher's hollow ground, for barbers' use, for sale by

BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

FIRE BOARD PRINTS AND TESTERS for sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

CAMP KNIVES just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st.

PRUNING KNIVES AND SHEARS just received and for sale by

BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

ODD FORKS of all styles for sale by

BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh5

KNABE'S PIANOS—New stock now arriving at 43 Fifth street. mh18

MESS MACKEREL—Extra fat No. 1 and Mess Mackerel, put up in kitts for family use; also No. 1 Salmon of superior quality, just rec'd from Boston and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. KENSHAW, mh18 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

KNABE'S PIANOS—New stock now arriving at 43 Fifth street. mh18

BREAKFAST HOMINY.—A fresh supply of Breakfast Hominy or Corn Grits just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. KENSHAW, mh16 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER—8 bbls. fresh Roll Butter just received and for sale by

FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second st.

KNABE'S PIANOS—New stock now arriving at 43 Fifth street. mh18

BACON—Sides, Hams and Shoulders. 10,000 lbs. just out of smoke house for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 119 Second st. mh17

N. O. MOLASSES—40 bbls. prime on hand and for sale to close consignment, by

JAMES DALZELL & SON, mh17 Nos. 69 and 70 Water street.

CLOVER SEED—3 bbls. received and for sale by MEANS & COFFIN, mh17 Corner Wood and Water streets.

BROOMS—100 dozen received and for sale by MEANS & COFFIN, mh17 Corner Wood and Water streets.

HOTELS.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

365 AND 367 BROADWAY,

CORNER OF FRANKLIN, ST., NEW YORK.

This first-class house—the most quiet, home-like, and pleasant hotel in the city—offers superior inducements to those visiting NEW YORK for business or pleasure. It is central in its location, and kept on the EUROPEAN PLAN, in connection with TAYLOR'S SALOON, where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern conveniences attached. mh8:3md

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,

CITY OF NEW YORK.

SINGLE ROOMS FIFTY CENTS PER DAY.

City Hall Square, corner Frankfort Street.

(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory.

There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel

Beware of RUNNERS and HACKMEN who say we are full.

no28:d1ym R. FRENCH, PROPRIETOR.

POWERS' HOTEL,

(FORMERLY EARLE'S,)

17 *AND* 19 *PARK ROW,*

Opposite the Astor House and Park,

NEW YORK.

PRICE OF BOARD $1,50 PER DAY.

This long established and popular House has recently been rebuilt and greatly enlarged by the addition of over 100 rooms, and now has accommodations for over 300 persons. It has also been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and is

HEATED BY STEAM AND LIGHTED WITH GAS THROUGHOUT.

This Hotel has one of the best locations in the city, it easy of access from all the Steamboats and Railroads tending to the city, and is convenient to all the city conveyances. It has now all the requisites of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, ensuring the comfort of its inmates.

The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY,

fe28:3mm H. L. POWERS, Proprietor.

WESTERN HOTEL,

Nos. 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 Cortlandt St.,

NEAR BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

This old established and favorite resort of the Business Community, has been recently refitted, and is complete in every thing that can minister to the comforts of its patrons. Ladies and families are specially and carefully provided for.

It is centrally located in the business part of the city, and is contiguous to the principal lines of steamboats, cars, omnibuses, ferries, &c.

In consequence of the pressure caused by the rebellion, prices have been reduced to ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER DAY.

The table is amply supplied with all the luxuries of the season, and is equal to that of any other hotel in the country. Ample accommodations are offered for upward of 400 guests.

Do not believe runners, hackmen, and others, who say "the Western Hotel is full."

D. D. WINCHESTER, Proprietor.

THOS. D. WINCHESTER. fe14:3m

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, is the largest and best arranged Hotel in the New England States; is centrally located, and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It contains all the modern improvements, and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the travelling public. The sleeping rooms are large and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged, and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first class hotel in every respect.

ja21:1yd LEWIS RICE, Proprietor.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. CHARLES H. STOWE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, No. 36 FEDERAL STREET,

(Opposite Colonnade Row, near Suspension Bridge,)

fy16:1y ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. M. O. JONES,

103 WYLIE STREET,

my21:ms PITTSBURGH.

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Young and able-bodied MEN for the Pennsylvania Volunteer Corps now in the field. Apply at Headquarters, Town Hall, corner of Federal and Ohio streets, Allegheny City. Lieut. W. H. CRAWFORD, 6:25:1md 61st Reg. Penna. Vols.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers & Singers *will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, G. H. KEYSER B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., R. K. SELLERS & CO. R. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., B. F. V