Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 8.

The President's Emancipation Message.

The Message of Mr. LINCOLN, sent to Congress on Thursday, brings us to another mile-post in the settlement of the great questions connected with the rebellion. He seems to have arrived at the conclusion to which many have come long ago, that slavery has something to do with the rebellion, and that the time has come when something must be done to break the back of secession by weakening the cause of its existence. His remedy is, the offer of pecuniary assistance to such States as choose to accept it, as an inducement to initiate some plan of gradual emancipation. He does not expect that any of the planting States will listen to the proposition, but hopes that some of the border States might, and they would thus be detached from the secession Confederacy forever. He hopes thus so to weaken the secession party that they will see the futility of continuing the struggle.

There are many and strong objections to this plan, one of which is that the people of the free States will not like to be taxed to pay for slaves which the slaveholders' rebellion has made comparatively worthless. They will willingly pay a tax for war purposes to put down the rebellion, but will not submit with a good grace to be taxed for the benefit of slave owners. This is one objection, and there are others, but we do not feel disposed to discuss them now. We are glad to see a disposition on the part of the President to look this fearful question of slavery in the face. We doubt very much, if Congress should adopt the resolution recommended, that it would amount to anything. If the offer was entertained by any of the slave States it would most likely lead to long negotiation between such States and the General Government as to the amount of the compensation and the length of time the gradual emancipation was to go on. None of them would object to the Government paying for the old and decrepit, provided they could sell the young slave progency down south. As a practical measure, for the closing of the war, it is too tedious. We cannot afford to go on spending two millions a day while the Border States and Government might be arranging this scheme. Even admitting its wisdom, it is not a practical war measure, or rather a peace compelling measure.

The President says that the Union must be preserved, and that all indispensable means for its preservation must be employed. War is carried on to that end, and is still indispensible. If resistence continues, he says, *war must continue*, and it is impossible to forsee all the "INCIDENTS" which may follow. "Such as may *seem indispensible* towards ending the struggle *must and will come*." He further says that this proposition of compensation "is made as an *offer* only," and, therefore, the inference is, that it does not prevent the Government from adopting more vigorous measures if necessary. What the President means by the "incidents which may follow," we do not certainly know, but the inference is, that he meant that slavery might fall, as an incident of the war, to preserve the Union, if some offer of compromise for its gradual emancipation was not accepted.

Whatever may be thought of the merits of the President's scheme, there can be no doubt that he is actuated by the most patriotic motives, and that he feels the tremendous responsibility, which, in the providence of God, has fallen upon his shoulders. Everything emanating from him on this momentous question, should be received with the greatest respect, and given a careful examination. We hope he will soon see that a remedy more immediate, more practical, more grand, more eminently just, has become a necessity, as one of the incidents of the war.

A Fair Southern Traitoress.

A young man belonging to one of the Tennessee regiments—he held the rank of first lieutenant in his company—was very dangerously wounded in Saturday morning's strife, and was not expected to live when I left Dover, where he lay in much pain and in more remorse.

The young man told me he was a native of Harrisburg, Pa., and had resided there until the autumn of 1859, when he went to Columbia, Tennessee, and there engaged in the practice of the law with considerable success. While in that State, he became acquainted with and enamored of a young woman of culture and fortune, a distant relative, I understand, of Gen. Pillow, and was soon engaged to marry her.

The love-stream of the young couple flowed smoothly enough until the fall of Sumter and the Secession of Tennessee, when the affianced husband, a strong advocate for the Union, returned home, designing to wed after the troubles were over.

The betrothed pair corresponded regularly; but, some weeks after the lover had gone to Harrisburg, the girl, who had suddenly grown a violent Secessionist, informed him that she would not become his wife unless he would enlist in the rebel service and fight for the independence of the South.

The young man was exceeding loth to take such a course, and remonstrated with his beloved to no purpose, and at last, in the blindness of his attachment and in the absorbing selfishness of passion, he informed his parents of his intention to win his mistress on the tented field.

In vain they endeavored to dissuade him from his resolution. He went to Tennessee, raised a company, received the congratulations of his traitorous friends, and the copious caresses of his charming tempter.

Last December the Lieutenant proceeded to Donelson, and, a few days before the fight, heard his betrothed was the wife of another.

His heart had never been in the cause, though it was in another's keeping; and, stung by remorse, and crushed by the perfidy of his mistress, he had no desire to live.

Unwilling to desert on the eve of battle the cause he had embraced, lest he might be charged with cowardice, he resolved to lose the existence that had become unbearable to him; and in the thickest of the fight, while seeking death without endeavoring to inflict it, he received a mortal wound.

Before this, the misguided and betrayed lover has ceased to think of her who so cruelly deceived him; for the Lethean stream of Death is flowing around the Eternity-bound island of his soul.

The double traitress will soon learn all; for her lover dictated a letter to her upon his couch of pain.

Will she be happy; can she be happy, in the rosy hours of her early marriage, when the thought of the dead adorer, slain by her hand, rises like a portentous cloud, upon the fair horizon of her life? Will not his pale corpse with its bleeding wounds glide between her and her husband's arms, and banish Contentment forever from the profaned sanctuary of her Spirit?—*Fort Donelson Correspondence.*

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—A counterfeit bill on the Mechanics' Bank of Philadelphia, made its appearance last Thursday, and is of the denomination of two dollars. The Bank issues no notes of a denomination less than five dollars.

Counterfeit 1's on the Stroudsburg (Penna.) Bank, are in circulation, described as an altered bill—vignette, a hunter fighting a bear; a male head on right; female and grain on left.

GENERAL BANKS' ADVANCE.

OUR OCCUPATION OF CHARLESTOWN.

The March from Harper's Ferry to Charlestown.

CHARLESTOWN, Va., March 1.

Yesterday morning we left Harper's Ferry. The town is half burned, scorched and blackened by the hand of secession, and is almost deserted by its inhabitants. Before General Banks came it was said that there were but six families in the town. With the return of Union troops, and safety for life and property, others will slowly come in. If you would see the blasting effects of secession, go to Harper's Ferry, and compare the busy, neat and prosperous town of February, 1861, with that of February, 1862. Even our men, who spent some time here last year, could hardly recognize it as the same place. We spent the night in the deserted houses, forcing open the doors, and sleeping on the bare floors. All the furniture, down to the smallest articles, had been removed by the inhabitants, or carried off by rebel plunderers. So we washed in the brooks, dried our faces by the fire, ate our rations, and though it all poetry.

THE START.

Early on Friday morning an order came to be ready to start at day-break, without baggage or knap-sacks. At roll-call, every man was in his place, ready and eager to "see the fun," as they call it. Two men from each company were left as a guard for the baggage, and one whole company to form part of the provost guard. When an expedition of this kind is to be made, every man wants to go. No hardship seems so great as to have to be left behind. Accordingly, as only the strongest and toughest were to go, every sick man was sure he was perfectly well. The column was in motion by 8 o'clock. The day was windy and cold, but to stand in, but excellent for marching. The column consisted of cavalry, several pieces of artillery, and companies of the Massachusetts troops, as an advance guard; and for flankers, more artillery and the rest of the Massachusetts boys, with some Wisconsin regiments for the reserve.

ON THE ROAD.

The scenery along the road is very beautiful; the valley of the Shenandoah, with its lofty hills lying in the back ground. On both sides of the turnpike are good farms, with large and commodious houses, set well back from the road, indicating better farming and greater prosperity than any thing we had seen in Maryland. The road was familiar to the men. They had passed over it last July, parched with thirst. "From that puddle," said one, pointing to a muddy pool by the side of the road, "we drove out the pigs, and drank it dry." "In that house a rebel Colonel had his headquarters, and came near being taken too." And so on. Scarcely a house or shed but excited some reminiscences of last summer's campaign.

Our march was made in silence. Very few persons came down to the roadside to see us pass, and still fewer seemed at all glad to see us. Occasionally from a solitary shanty a few women and children waved their handkerchiefs to show their joy. Only when the John Brown chorus broke the steady tramp of the column was the prevailing quiet interrupted. As we passed the hill near the town some half a dozen rebel cavalry, who were out reconnoitering, caught sight of us, and throwing away their carbines and putting spurs to their horses, fled towards Winchester. They were better mounted than our cavalry and escaped.

ARRIVAL AT CHARLESTOWN.

We passed the field in which poor John Brown was executed; the jail where he was confined and the court-house in which his farce of a trial was held, and with the men singing the "Hallelujah chorus" we marched down the principal street. We saw no friendly faces; no Union flags save our own waved in the town. Those who dared scowled, but most of the inhabitants looked on in silent fear from the corners of the streets, or peered out at us from behind the blinds. One of the inhabitants told me they all expected we would burn the town, and that if we didn't do that they didn't care what else we did; and indeed this town deserves burning, if any does. It is a perfect hotbed of secessionr It has sent a company and many recruits to the Confederate army, and has done a great deal towards furnishing them with provisions and supplies. And when our troops marched through here last summer half-starved, the people would give them nothing to eat for love or money. But burning villages is not our style of making war, and the people are fast learning how erroneous was their opinion of us.

GENERAL M'CLELLAN.

Passing through the town we halted on a small hill, pointed our Parrott guns, and rested. Soon a clattering of hoofs was heard, and Generals McClellan and Banks, with their staffs, were seen approaching. Quickly the line was formed, the customary salute given as McClellan passed, and a thousand eager faces looked closely at their commander. He, in his turn, as he rode slowly by, seemed to look right through them with his keen glance, and to be estimating how far he could rely on them. Few of our men had ever seen him before, and now had but a passing glimpse of him.

AN ALARM.

In the afternoon word came from some of the artillery officers stationed on one of the by-roads, that they were about to be attacked, and needed the support of infantry. Immediately one company was sent at the "double quick" to their assistance, and the whole column formed in line of march. But the alarm proved to have little foundation. Somebody's fears had magnified a funeral and two wagons into a formidable column. The wagons contained flour on its way to Winchester, and were therefore confiscated, and the flour served out as rations for our men. Our cooking apparatus not having arrived, the stoves of the town were put in requisition for baking, and very nice bread they produced. The funeral procession, not being contraband, was allowed to go on its way.

A CONTRABAND.

Our patrols, towards evening, brought in an intelligent looking negro, who had just escaped from Leesburg. He, with two of his brothers, had been forced to work on the intrenchments at that place, but had managed to escape across the country and had just got in. He had heard one of the principal men in the country say that the Confederates could not raise more than four thousand men at Winchester; that they must have reinforcements or they would have to retreat; and that they were making hurried preparations to send forward as many troops as could be spared when he left. He said the recent federal victories had had the effect of making the troops very much dispirited, and they were trying to get away.

DESTITUTION IN CHARLESTOWN.

The people here in Charlestown have suffered many privations. Coffee, tea, sugar and salt are not now to be had at all, and there has been no supply of these articles in the town for a long time. Salt was sold, as long as the stock lasted, at $9 a bushel; sugar at 37 cents a pound, and coffee at 75 cents a pound. Instead of coffee they have used rye roasted and ground, and it is now liked better than coffee. They say it has none of the injurious effects of coffee, and is palatable. Coal, which was almost exclusively used for fuel, cannot now be had at all, and wood can be obtained only with difficulty, because the teams have all gone to the rebel army. But they still have made their gas, using pitch-pine wood, which is full of tar and makes a good though not bright gas.

MEMORIALS OF JOHN BROWN.

The troops are distributed through the town in halls and empty houses. A part of the Massachusetts Second occupy the court house where John Brown was tried. On the walls where secession has drawn an eagle only to deface it and inscribe "death before dishonor," are written the names of the present occupants from Lynn and Salem and Boston. A Lynn shoemaker sits in the seat of the Judge. The jury-box is filled with Salem sailors, and men from all Massachusetts form the audience. We have men on guard who will not alarm the country if a cow approaches. What citizen of Virginia would ever have imagined this two years ago; and who shall say that this is not a righteous retribution upon the rebels for their treatment of John Brown. *Cor. N. Y. Post.*

A JUDGE FINED.—A good joke was perpetrated last week at Clarion, at the expense of Judge Campbell, who had been summoned as a witness in a pending case, but being absent when called on, Judge Derrickson promptly inflicted a fine of $5.

Andrew Johnson's Mission to Tennessee.

Colonel Forney writes to the Philadelphia *Press:*

The mission of Andrew Johnson, who goes forward as the military Governor of the State of Tennessee, is at least one way of cutting the Gordian knot of complications which have resulted from the conquest of the rebels in that State, and will certainly follow their overthrow in other quarters. It will prove to be most effective. He will enter the State, of which he is the proud and fearless Senator, not only as a Brigadier General at the head of an overwhelming force, but as the deliverer of his own people, long held in chains by their oppressors. His first step will be to seize upon the machinery of the State Government, to carry out the idea that no act of secession can annihilate a State of this Union, and to prepare the way for the election of a Legislature, chosen by the loyal people of Tennessee, who will co-operate with him in the great purpose of constitutional obligation and obedience to the laws passed in pursuance of the constitution. All this has been done by the government, you will perceive, without the aid of Congress, and it is a significant evidence of the justice and expediency of this policy, that no portion of the Representatives and Senators in Congress are found to object to it.

AMONG the various queer things in Senator Cowan's speech against punishing the rebels too much, was his elaborate denunciation of the slaves for not having risen in insurrection against their owners. According to Mr. Cowan, this would seem to be a conclusive reason why they should be held in bondage forever. He appears not only to forget that there is such a thing as justice, but also to overlook the pictures of horror which the adorers of slavery so freely paint as inevitable concomitants of such insurrections. Does Mr. Cowan really mean that he would have liked the American negroes better if they had resorted to general murder, arson, rape and all the catalogue of violent and bloody acts against their owners and their families?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Horse Owners.—Dr. Sweet's INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any; in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises, or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of lameness will effectually prevent these formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

R. R. SELLERS & CO., Agents, corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh. ap27:1ydawF

Be Wise by Times!—Do not trifle with your Health, Constitution and Character If you are suffering with any Disease for which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is recommended,

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will Cure you, Save Long Suffering, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and will restore you to — HEALTH AND PURITY.

At Little Expense, And No Exposure.

Cut out the Advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Ask for Helmbold's. Take No Other.

CURES GUARANTEED.

fs26wsdawT

Lake Superior Copper Mill and SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO., Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER; also Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.

WAREHOUSE, No. 149 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my26:2dawlyT

WM. C. ROBINSON.....P. H. MILLER.
WITHROW DOUGLASS.....WILSON MILLER.

ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER, FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, WASHINGTON WORKS, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

OFFICE, No. 21 MARKET STREET.

Manufacture all kinds of STEAM ENGINES AND MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, RAILROAD WORK, STEAM BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK.

JOBBING AND REPAIRING done on short notice. mh28:d1y

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 Second street and 56 Third street, between Wood and Market.

Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. nh9

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ISAAC JONES.....JOHN L. ROYD.....W. M'CULLOUGH.

JONES, BOYD & CO., Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; also, SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES, corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Penn's. oc19

J. C. KIRKPATRICK.....S. M. KIER.....S. L. BURNAP.

KIRKPATRICK, BURNAP & CO., (Successors to J. C. KIRKPATRICK & Co.,) Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, CHANDELIERS, &c.

Wholesale Agents for KIER'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING CARBON OILS, No. 39 WOOD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja18:1yd

S. H. & C. P. MARKLE, Paper MANUFACTURERS and dealers in BOOK, PRINT, CAP, LETTER AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPER.

Have removed from No. 27 Wood street to No. 33 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CASH OR TRADE FOR RAGS. my4

N. HOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. ap22

HENRY H. COLLINS, For WASHING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1

J. M. LITTLE, Merchant Tailor, LOIL, No. 64 St. CLAIR STREET, Dr. Irish's Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap30

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES meets statedly at APOLLO HALL, Fourth street, between Market and Wood. Preaching every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ o'clock a. m., and 7 p. m. WEDNESDAY EVENING, lecture at 7 o'clock. The public are respectfully invited to attend. mh8

MANCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 27th, 1862.

AN ELECTION for President and Six Directors of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK will be held at the Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 29th of March, 1862, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock.

Amendments to the Constitution of the Bank will be submitted to the Stockholders at the same meeting. fs27:1mws THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cash'r.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH INSURANCE CO., CORNER MARKET AND WATER STREETS, PITTSBURGH, February 19, 1862.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a dividend in CASH of TWO DOLLARS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, forthwith.

F. A. RINEHART, Secretary. fs21:2ws

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL MINING COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, February, 10th, 1862.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of the NATIONAL MINING COMPANY have THIS DAY declared a DIVIDEND OF TWO DOLLARS ($2.00) PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after TUESDAY, the 18th inst., to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, appearing as such at the close of business on SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

Eastern Stockholders will be paid by Messrs. J. W. CLARK & Co., at the Transfer Office of the Company, No. 22 State street, Boston. By order of the Board of Directors. JAMES M. COOPER, fs13:1m Sec'y and Treas'r Nat. Mining Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the City Ordinances in regard to obstructing the streets and sidewalks by OIL BARRELS, or other obstructions, will be rigidly enforced from this date. JOHN OWENS, S. B. COOPER, fs7 Street Commissioners.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAUVE INK,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

DIARIES FOR 1862,

FOR SALE BY

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

No. 129 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Penna.,

Have on hand a full assortment of all kinds of goods for WATER, GAS OR STEAM, which are for sale on exceedingly low terms.

Special attention given to the FITTING UP OF OIL REFINERINS AND TANKS for the purpose of refining Oil, lined with lead without the use of solder.

We have also on hand a large assortment of GAS FIXTURES of new patterns. mh8

HAPPINESS OR MISERY! THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The Proprietors of the "PARISIAN CABINET OF WONDERS, ANATOMY AND MEDICINE" have determined, regardless of expense, to issue free (for the benefit of suffering humanity) FOUR of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its Disqualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy, and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and Diseases of Maturity, or Ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Law. These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving Thousands, and will be forwarded Free on receipt of Four Stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, Parisian Cabinet of Anatomy and Medicine, 568 Broadway, New York. mh8:1md

OAKLAND PROPERTY TO LET—Being 20 acres of Gardening Land, on the East Liberty Passenger Railroad, one-fourth of a mile from the Oakland Station. There is a House, Stable, and about three hundred Fruit Trees on the premises. The place is finely watered. Possession given on the first of April. Enquire at the office of J. SCHOYER, Jr., Esq., Fourth street, between Smithfield, between the house of 8 and 9, a. m., and 4 to 5, p. m. mh8,d2w

ISAAC TAYLOR'S NEW BOOK—THE SPIRIT OF HEBREW POETRY, by Isaac Taylor, author of "Saturday Evening."

DR. MCCOSH'S NEW BOOK—THE SUPERNATURAL IN RELATION TO THE NATURAL, by Dr. James McCosh, LL. D.

HEALTH, by Dr. John Brown, M. D., author of "Spare Hours."

OLD FRIENDS, by Agnes Strickland.

HISTORY OF ENGLISH LITERATURE, by W. F. Collier, LL. D.

THE BREATH OF LIFE, by Geo. Catlin.

For sale by mh8 B. S DAVIS, 63 Wood st.

BROCKEDON'S BICARBONATE OF SODA PILLS,

The most wholesome and efficient remedy for ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH ever yet discovered. Many of our well-known citizens, after having given them a trial, were so delighted with their effects, that if they were designed as a "Patent Medicine," we One pill will generally produce immediate relief, and may be taken at any time, on a journey, in moments of business, or in bed. To travellers and those subject to hasty meals and irregular hours, they are invaluable.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, And Dealer in choice Family Medicines, mh7 Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

MORRISON'S PATENT WASHING MACHINE.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST MACHINE IN USE.

Is now manufactured and for sale exclusively by

W. J. KANE,

21 *DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.*

Can be purchased by the single Machine, by Township, County or State Rights, on application at 21 Diamond, as above. mh7:2wd

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JOHN P. HUNT'S, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, Pittsburgh, and N. E. corner South Common and Federal street, Allegheny City.

N. B.—Initials and Crests stamped on Envelopes and Paper. Call and see specimens. mh7

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership between JOHN A. JAMESON and JAMES A. IRWIN, in the Salt Manufacturing business, under the style of JAMESON & IRWIN was dissolved on the 15th day of February, 1862. The interest of James A. Irwin in the said firm having been levied on and sold by the Sheriff of Allegheny county and purchased by the undersigned, the other partner, on that day, who will attend to settling the business of the late firm.

JOHN A. JAMESON. mh7:3tws

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.—To COAL MERCHANTS.—Proposals will be received at the office of the Water Works, up to MARCH 10TH, for furnishing the Works with COAL FOR ONE YEAR from the first day of April, 1862. The bids to state the price per bushel for each house. The one-fourth of the amount furnished at the lower house to be Nut with all Lump Coal. For further particulars, enquire at the office of the Water Works.

By order of the Committee.

mh8:3td JOSEPH FRENCH, Sup't.

PROPOSALS FOR CASTINGS.—To FOUNDRYMEN.—Proposals will be received at the office of the Water Works up to MARCH 10TH, 1862, for furnishing the Works with MISCELLANEOUS CASTINGS that may be required at the Works for one year from the first day of April, 1862. Also, for furnishing 674 feet of PIPE. For further particulars, enquire at the office of the Water Works.

By order of the Committee.

mh8:3td JOSEPH FRENCH, Sup't.

GROCERIES—

50 hhds. P. R. Sugar;	30 bbls. A Coffee Sugar;
25 bbls. Crushed do	25 do Penna. Syrup;
150 do N. O. Molasses;	20 do Continental do
200 bags Coffee;	
100 half chests G. P. and Imperial Tea,	
50 do do Black do	
20 cattles G. P. do	
50 boxes German and Olene Soap;	
100 do Rosin do	

In store and for sale by

mh6 BROWN & KIRKPATRICK.

BUTTER NOW RECEIVING.

6 bbls. Fresh Table Butter.
4 boxes " " "
3 bbls. Fresh Eggs.
4 boxes " "
50 New Oil Barrels, causeted inside.
34 " Flour "
3 boxes Poultry.

To arrive this day per express. For sale by fs24:ms H. RIDDLE, No. 182 Liberty st.

NEW PAPER HANGING, now receiving at

No. 107 Market Street,

Embracing all grades of Paper for HALLS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS, OFFICES, STORES, &c.

CALL AND SEE.

fs26 JOS. R. HUGHES.

PRODUCE—1000 bbls. Extra Flour; 100 bbls. Extra Family Flour; 17 sacks Dried Peaches; 25 bbls. Dried Apples; 4 bbls. Hominy; 10 do do Pearls; 200 bus. Clover Seed; 150 bus. Timothy Seed. In store and for sale by mh8 BROWN & KIRKPATRICKS.

SODA ASH, &c.—

300 casks Soda Ash;
200 bags Mirgin Soda;
50 kegs Arsenic;
200 boxes Clay.

On hand and for sale by ALEXANDER KING.

PEARL HOMINY—8 bbls. choice kiln dried Hominy just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, mh8 Corner Market and First sts.

CHEAP WALL PAPER arriving and for sale by W. P. MARSHALL, mh8 57 Wood street.

RAZORS—Wade & Butcher's hollow ground, for barbers' use, for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

PRUNING KNIVES AND SHEARS just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

TAILORS' TINNERS' AND HARNESS SHEARS just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

ODD FORKS of all styles for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

TABLE CUTLERY—A fresh stock just received by BOWN & TETLEY 136 Wood street. mh8

CAMP KNIVES just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood st. mh8

FINE WALL PAPER arriving and for sale by W. P. MARSHALL. mh8

WINDOW CURTAINS arriving and for sale by W. P. MARSHALL. mh8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LAW SCHOOL OF HARVARD COLLEGE, 1862.—Two terms of nineteen weeks each commencing MARCH 3D, and SEPTEMBER 1ST. For catalogue and circular, address JOEL PARKER, Royall Professor. Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 1862. fs22:4tws

$5 REWARD will be paid for the arrest of the THIEF who daily STEALS the PAPER from the door of 31 Federal street, Pittsburgh. mh7:3td

LOST—On Second street, between the Gas Works and Wood street a DRAY BOOK. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at JOHN C. PERET'S FOUNDRY or at THIS OFFICE. mh8:1td

$30,000 WORTH OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.

Will be sold at Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of March, 1862, on Main street, between Seventh and Eighth, in front of Burge's, Iron Store Warehouse, St. Louis, the following brands of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, &c:

Holland's No. 1 Extra pounds,
Miller's do do do
Ion do do do
R. Burge's BBB Nectar do do
Do BB do do
Do BB ½ do do
Ivanhoe pound,
Do ½ do do
Do 5 lump,
McAvoy 5 lump Black and Sweet,
Miller's Union 10 lump Black and Sweet,
Union ½ lbs. in caddies,
Ivanhoe ½ lbs. do do do
R Burge's Extra ½ lbs. in caddies,
do BBB Nectar in caddies;
100,000 CIGARS.

All the above brands of Tobacco will be positively sold to the highest bidder for cash. Sale commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the day above named.

One of the largest and best FACTORIES, with all the Fixtures complete for Manufacturing Tobacco for sale.

S. C. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers. R. RUBOR. mh8:5td

SPRING GOODS.

1862.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS

We have now in store a complete stock of SPRING GOODS, all new and desirable styles, which have been carefully selected in New York with a desire to please the most fastidious, and comprising in all, the various NEW FABRICS and NOVELTIES of the season.

We would respectfully solicit an early call from our patrons and the public to test the merits of the same for themselves.

SAMUEL GRAY & SON,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 19 FIFTH STREET.

mh1:1wd

WILLIAMS & ORVIS'S UNEQUALED DOUBLE THREAD FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Price, $25 to $50, according to style of Cabinet.

Sale Room, No. 12 FIFTH STREET, corner of Market.

These Machines do not infringe on the Grover & Baker Machines, nor any other. Grover & Baker tried to get an injunction against Williams & Orvis, but was beaten, and the injunction was denied by the Hon. Judge Sprague, December 6, 1860. People can buy and use these machines with as much safety as any in market.

These Machines are unrivaled for the facility with which they execute all kinds of work required of a complete machine. They combine simplicity, durability, with noiseless action unattained by any other machine, while in cheapness they have no rival.

All Machines warranted and kept in repair one year free of charge.

LILLEY & STRAIN, Sole Agents for Western Penn'a, No. 12 Fifth street, corner of Market, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LILLEY & STRAIN, Manufacturers of and have for sale, Wholesale and Retail, all kinds of SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES. LILLEY & STRAIN,

No. 12 Fifth st., corner of Market.

AGENTS WANTED. mh5:2moed

JOHN P. KELLOGG & CO.,

No. 44 Water Street, New York,

OFFER FOR SALE, FROM UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSES, OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION,

COGNAC BRANDIES—Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pinet Castillon & Co., and other brands of various vintages, dark and pale, in halves, quarters and eighths.

ROCHELLE BRANDIES—Pellevoisin, A. Seignette, and other brands, dark and pale, in the usual packages.

HOLLAND GIN—J. P. Kellogg & Co.'s Schiedam, and Wee Drop, ¼ pipes, three-qr. pipes and cases.

RUM—St. Croix and Jamaica—selected brands.

WHISKYS—Mahan's Irish and Ramsey's Scotch.

WINES—Port, Sherry, Madeira, Bordeaux, Hock, and others, of various grades.

OIL—Fine Bordeaux Table, in cases and baskets.

HENRY G. HALE & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO JAMES C. WATT,

Merchant Tailors,

CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

Would respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public generally that they have purchased the stock at a very low figure, and which they will make up at a small profit in order to close out the stock to make room for a full new stock of Goods in the spring. ja8

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,

BRASS FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

GAS FIXTURES,

PUMPS AND BRASS WORK

Of every description.

OIL WELL PUMPS of BRASS, COPPER or IRON, with the most approved Chambers or Valves, of all kinds, and warranted to give satisfaction.

MANUFACTORY,

110 Water and 104 Front streets,

fy22:1yeaF PITTSBURGH.

NEW CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, &c.,

AT

M'CALLUM'S,

No. 87 Fourth Street,

Bought previous to the late advance in prices, of which the fullest advantage is offered to purchasers FOR CASH. de12

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

McCORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

Are now receiving a very large addition to their stock of

LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDRENS' FURS,

Embracing every quality and style.

ALSO,

GENTLEMEN'S FUR GLOVES, CLLARS AND CAPS. de17

CONSIGNMENTS—

300 new Oil Barrels;
900 Flour do do
100 bushels Sifted Corn Meal;
22 barrels Nehasnock Potatoes;
15 do Dried Apples;
6 do do Peaches;
4 do Eggs.

In store and for sale by J. C. McVAY, mh7 No. 10 Smithfield street.

POTATOES—

500 bush. sound Pinkeye Potatoes;
64 bbls. do do do
All in shipping order and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, mh7 Corner Market and First streets.

FRESH TOMATOES—In cans hermetically sealed, for sale very low by the dozen, at the Family Grocery store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, mh5 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BEANS.—25 bush. prime Small White Beans received this day, and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, mh7 corner Market and First streets.

CORN MEAL—125 bush. fresh ground sifted Corn Meal in store and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, mh5 Corner Market and First sts.

BROOM HANDLES—4000 Broom Handles in store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, mh7 Corner Market and First streets.

PRAIRIE CHICKENS—140 pair this day received by Express and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. mh7

PEARL ASH—40 casks prime Pearls received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. mh8

BROOM CORN BRUSH—35 bales best quality received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. mh8

HOTELS.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

365 AND 367 BROADWAY,

CORNER OF FRANKLIN, ST., NEW YORK

This first-class house—the most quiet, home-like, and pleasant hotel in the city—offers superior inducements to those visiting NEW YORK, for business or pleasure. It is central in its location, and kept on the EUROPEAN PLAN, in connection with TAYLOR'S SALOON, where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern conveniences attached. mh8:3md

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,

CITY OF NEW YORK.

SINGLE ROOMS FIFTY CENTS PER DAY.

City Hall Square, corner Frankfort Street.

(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory.

There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel

Beware of RUNNERS and HACKMEN who say we are full. no23:d1ym R. FRENCH, PROPRIETOR.

POWERS' HOTEL,

(FORMERLY EARLE'S,)

17 *AND* 19 *PARK ROW,*

Opposite the Astor House and Park,

NEW YORK.

PRICE OF BOARD $1,50 PER DAY.

This long established and popular House has recently been thoroughly built and greatly enlarged by the addition of over 100 rooms, and now has accommodations for over 300 persons. It has also been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and is HEATED BY STEAM AND LIGHTED WITH GAS THROUGHOUT.

This Hotel has one of the best locations in the city, it easy of access from all the Steamboats and Railroads leading to the city, and is convenient to all the city conveyances. It has now all the requisites of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, ensuring the comfort of its inmates.

The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

H. L. POWERS, Proprietor. fs28:3mw

WESTERN HOTEL,

Nos. 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 Cortlandt St,

NEAR BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

This old established and favorite resort of the Business Community, has been recently refitted, and is complete in every thing that can minister to the comforts of its patrons. Ladies and families are specially and carefully provided for.

It is centrally located in the business part of the city, and is contiguous to the principal lines of steamboats, cars, omnibuses, ferries, &c.

In consequence of the pressure caused by the rebellion, prices have been reduced to ONE DOLLAR