Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 20, 1862.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth street,—corrected daily:

	IN SUN	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	34
12 " M.	00	46
6 " P. M.	00	46
Barometer,		29 9-20

Arrests for Passing Counterfeit Money.

On Saturday evening, officers Long and Bowden arrested a man named Emus Murray, charged with passing a new counterfeit five dollar bill on the Blue Hill Bank, Massachusetts. He entered the millinery store of Mrs. S. Grubbs, and offered the bill in payment for a head dress. The note was regarded as suspicious, and was sent to the store of J. M. Carr for inspection. It was pronounced a counterfeit, and Mr. Carr dispatched a messenger for an officer. When Murray was taken into custody he stated that he had received the note from Joseph Knively, who asked him to purchase a head dress for his (Knively's) wife. Knively was standing outside the door at the time, and made off when the officers appeared. Murray is employed at a saw mill in Duquesne borough, and occupies a portion of the house in which Knively resides. These facts were subsequently ascertained, and on Sunday morning officer Bowden arrested Knively at his own dwelling. He stated that he owed Murray five dollars, and handed him the bill on Saturday, thinking it was good. He denied having asked Murray to buy a head dress, and thus the stories of the accused were not consistent. It seems that Knively had remained all night in the house, without saying a word to Mrs. Murray about her husband's arrest, and his conduct was very singular if they were innocent of an attempt to pass a spurious bill. Murray gave bail for a further hearing on Tuesday, but Knively was committed to jail in default of bail, for a hearing at the same time.

A Letter from E. M. Stanton to Gen. William Robinson.

The N. Y. *Tribune*, of Saturday, gives the following letter and commentary thereupon:

One year ago Edwin M. Stanton was called into the Cabinet of Mr. Buchanan, to fill a vacancy caused by atrocious treason. An old personal friend, but political opponent, wrote him a letter thereupon, to which Mr. Stanton responded as follows:

"WASHINGTON, Jan. 16, 1861.

"DEAR SIR: Your kind letter was received this morning, and I thank you for the confidence and regard it expresses for myself. You are right in supposing it to be my determination to do everything in my power to preserve and maintain this Government, and the Constitution under which the United States have been so prosperous. The means you indicate, I agree with you, are the proper ones for this emergency; and, so far as it is possible, they will be exerted. I have an undoubting faith that this Government *cannot be overthrown*—that it was ordained of God, and that the powers of hell cannot prevail against it. We have trouble; the City of Washington may be captured; but every effort will be made to prevent that catastrophe, and even if it does happen, the revolutionists will be as far as ever from accomplishing the destruction of the Government—but much nearer to their own destruction. So far from being indifferent, to your advice, any suggestion of your wisdom and experience will be thankfully received. My aim is to *perform my duty* in the post to which I am called, and I shall be happy of any light to guide me in the true path.

"With confidence and hope of the future, I remain yours, truly,

EDWIN M. STANTON.

"Gen. WILLIAM ROBINSON."

—Is not this the sort of man to whom the safety of the Nation may wisely be committed even in such a time as this?

Another Old Citizen Gone.

We observe in our obituary column a notice of the death of Joseph Long, Esq., at the ripe age of seventy-three. Thus another link that bound the present to the past, in the history of our city, has been broken, and thus one venerable relics of our "olden time" pass away, one by one. Mr. Long was a native of Washington county, Pa., and came to Pittsburgh about the year 1802, where he has constantly resided ever since, until recently, in active business—maintaining through a long and industrious career, a character of spotless integrity, and identifying himself with the progress of the community in its transition from town and borough to city.

In the war of 1812, full of the patriotic spirit of our fathers, he shouldered his musket, and marched to the defence of the capital in one of our Pittsburgh companies; passed through the financial crisis that succeeded the war, and from that time to this, has been a business man of unquestionable reliability, a citizen of unblemished reputation, and leaves to a large circle of relatives and acquaintances the legacy of a good name, and reminiscences that will embalm his memory in their heart of hearts.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.—A sad accident happened near Columbus, Ohio, last week. Two little boys, named Lowd and McNary, hitched up a Newfoundland dog in a sled, and went to take a ride on the Sciota river. The ice unfortunately broke and both the little fellows went under. When the boys fell in the dog made most frantic efforts to save them. In the struggle he tore himself loose from his toy harness, and crushed a perfect channel through the ice to reach the bodies of his little masters. Efforts were made to resuscitate them, but all availed nothing.

ARRIVAL OF CAPT. SAHL'S REMAINS.—The remains of Capt. Leopold Sahl, Jr., reached this city on Saturday night, in charge of Capt. H. C. Hagan, of the Third Virginia Regiment, Capt. W. B. Slaughter, of the Thirty-ninth Illinois, and six privates, as an escort. The remains were forthwith removed to the residence of his father, corner of Second and Market streets. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock. The deceased had not yet completed his twenty-sixth year. He leaves a wife and three children.

A PHENOMENON.—Last week, during a thunder storm, a large tree on the farm of Mr. Isaac Crawford, in Sinking Valley, Blair county, was struck with lightning, running down the tree, and passing for some rods through the ground, ploughing it up, and running into a fence near by. Large pieces of the trunk were thrown a hundred yards. The same night, a tree was struck on Chimney Ridge, near Hollidaysburg, and was burnt.

FIRE ALARM.—Considerable excitement was created among the firemen yesterday afternoon in consequence of an alarm of fire raised by the burning of some rubbish near the corner of Second and Wood streets. It is said that a jar of phosphorus ignited in one of the cellars on Wood street, and being thrown into a back alley, with other rubbish, created considerable smoke, and attracted near all the fire apparatus to the spot.

FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.—The funeral of A. B. Smith, of Manchester, who was mortally wounded in the battle of Drainesville, took place on Saturday afternoon, and was largely attended. The First Ward Home Guard, and the Rifles, of Allegheny, turned out in the [illegible] headed by a brass band. The procession was [illegible] and impressive, and was a occasion was [illegible] the memory of one who had fitting tribute to [illegible] country's cause. nobly fallen in his

DEATH OF A SOLDIER.—[illegible] W. McClelland, a private in Co. B, Eighth Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, Col. George S. [illegible], died at Camp Pierpont, Va., on Sunday, the 12th inst. The deceased enlisted in the "Jackson Rifles," Capt. R. E. Johnston, in June last. He was twenty-one years of age, was a native of this city, and was a farmer by occupation.

ANOTHER CONCERT BY MADAME BISHOP.—A large audience greeted Madame Bishop Saturday evening, at Concert Hall, and the highest satisfaction was expressed by those in attendance. She will give another concert, at the same place, this evening, with a rich and entirely programme. Seats can be secured at Mellor's, Wood street.

BIBLE ANNIVERSARY.—The Forty-Fourth Anniversary of the Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh will be held in the Liberty Street M. E. Church, Monday evening, 20th inst—services commencing at 7 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. A. G. Williams and A. C. McClelland, and Judge Sterrett, recently appointed Judge in the place of Judge McClure, deceased. The public are invited to attend.

TICKETS FOR EVERETT'S LECTURE.—There was a great rush on Saturday morning for reserved seats for Mr. Everett's lecture. We are informed there are still some unsold, and when all the seats are taken according to the plan of the hall, if necessary, extra seats will be provided. Call at the Library Rooms, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, early this morning, and secure seats.

LATEST FROM ROMNEY.—The latest intelligence from Romney is to the effect that there are now about fifteen hundred rebels at that place. There are also small predatory bands all through the country, stealing everything they can get. Several Union men have been taken prisoners, and large numbers of horses stolen.

MISS DORA SHAW.—This charming actress makes her first appearance before a Pittsburgh audience this evening, at the Theatre, in the character of "Camille," in which she is said to be unrivalled. Mr. Henderson takes the part of "Armand."

BURNT TO DEATH.—A few days since, a little son of John Pettigrew, aged seven years, residing near Cambridge, Ohio, fell into a cooking stove, where an intense heat was glowing. He was snatched out in an instant, but death ensued in three hours.

PEAK'S FAMILY CONCERT POSTPONED.—The Peak Family Bell Ringer's Concert will be postponed until further notice, on account of sudden sickness of some of the performers.

MINER'S UNION PENS are flexible, and good for business writing. The price is very low—only 15 cents per dozen. Try them.

THE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION will meet this evening, at their room, City Building.

FROM SATURDAY'S EVENING GAZETTE.

From Gen. Buell's Command.

We are in receipt of a private letter from an officer in Gen. Negley's Brigade, dated Munfordsville, Ky., Jan. 14th, from which we take a few interesting extracts.

He speaks in the highest terms of the discipline and gentlemanly conduct of the soldiers of this Brigade. In proof of this, it is asserted that no quarrel has taken place among the 4,000 men of this Brigade since they entered Kentucky,—there has been no court martial, and there is but one soldier and one officer under arrest, and this for offences which might have been overlooked in a Brigade where discipline was less strict than under General Negley.

Gen. Buell is earnest, active and confident, although he does not underrate the task before him. If you place your left hand on the map of Kentucky, with your finger pointing to Bowling Green, you will realize the disposition of the several columns advancing against the enemy's front. Where these several columns will converge, must depend upon the position assumed, and the defense afforded by the enemy. Our officers have ceased to expect the enemy to advance; they have destroyed the railroad for twelve miles, blown up the tunnel at Bell's, burned Cave City Hotel, destroyed and obstructed the roads, and burned or carried off all the forage along the roads. They have also killed animals and placed the carcasses in the ponds of water, which, in this cavernous limestone region, are the only sources of supply, and threaten to kill the owners of the animals and ponds, if they should remove the putrid masses therefrom.

At Bell's, the enemy's force is about 3,000. This is sixteen miles from Munfordsville. At Oakland, about the same number. At Glasgow, about 4,000. They evidently do not intend to make a stand this side of Barren river.

They have a long military front, of which Columbus and Bowling Green are the flanks. Having the inside lines, they can speedily concentrate two-thirds of their force (which is believed to be upwards of 80,000,) at any point. Their armament at Bowling Green and Columbus is very complete, and devised with judgment and skill. But both these positions can and may be turned.

Thus, if will be seen, we have a great task; 80,000 well posted and well armed men, in a chosen position, well fortified, to be attacked by our columns. But our informant breathes no doubt of the successful issue of the trial. The enemy, in all his strength, has been carefully estimated, and our brave troops are thought equal to the task of driving them speedily from the soil of Kentucky.

Sentences in the Criminal Court.

This morning, in the Court of Quarter Sessions, sentence was passed upon the following offenders:

George Mountjoy, who was caught in the act of stealing $75 from the store of L. H. Voigt & Co., and who plead guilty to the charge, was sentenced to one year and three months in the penitentiary. The sentence was lighter than it would otherwise have been, in consequence of letters having been received from Philadelphia, from respectable parties, and also from his wife, tending to show that his past career had been upright and honorable.

Wm. A. Anderson, who recently plead guilty to six charges of forgery, was brought into Court this morning, and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Sentence was passed only upon one charge—the Court remarking that the others would be left for the future. It seems we were in error in stating that Anderson was a member of the bar. He had read law for a time, but had not been admitted to practice.

Henry Miner, convicted of the larceny of goods from the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad depot, was sentenced to two years and two months in the penitentiary.

John Clark, colored, convicted of false pretenses, was sentenced to three months in the county jail.

Regiments at Camp Curtin.

The following regiments are in Camp Curtin, a majority of them having recruiting officers in different sections in the State, gathering up men: The Fifty-fourth, J. M. Campbell; the Fifty-sixth, Col. S. A. Meredith; Sixty-eighth, Col. W. H. Gray; One hundred and first, Col. Jos. D. Wilson; One hundred and fourteenth, Col. C. B. Curtis; and the One hundred and eighth, Colonel Longnecker. These regiments contain about 4,000 men, and three of them are nearly ready to march. Within the next ten days three of them will be filled up, either by recruits or consolidation of companies, and moved off. Arrangements have been made for consolidating Col. Jones' and Col. Curtis' men into a regiment to be commanded by the former gentleman, with Curtis as Lieutenant Colonel. An order will also be immediately executed for consolidating the fragments of the remaining regiments in the camp.

Killed on the Railroad.

Thomas J. Himes, residing near Shippensburg, Cumberland county, was instantly killed, a few days since, by a freight train, while walking along the railroad track. His head was severed from his body. The deceased was a graduate of Jefferson College, Canonsburg. Intelligent, companionable and upright, he was universally esteemed. It is but a few months since he was married, and at the time of the occurrence, his youthful companion was absent on a visit to her parents, residing at New Oxford, Adams county.

Benjamin Barge, watch-tender on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Columbia, was killed a few nights since by falling from a bridge over which he had to pass. Strange as it may seem, this is the fourth or fifth accident of the kind reported at that place.

Improvement on the Congreve Rocket

Lieut. John Wallace, of Zanesville, Ohio, has invented an improvement on the Congreve Rocket. The invention consists in attaching two smaller rockets or balls to the head of the main rocket, which being exploded, fires the other two in opposite directions. They never leave the ground, but continue flying about, doing destruction to everything they come in contact with, and finally ending in the explosion of the shell. The improvement has been examined by a number of military gentlemen, who consider it of great utility. Lieut. Wallace designs placing his invention before the authorities at Washington.

OBJECTED TO BEING BURIED.—On Thursday last an unusual occurrence transpired at the camp of the Wisconsin 4th regiment, now encamped at Patterson Park, in the city of Baltimore. Peter Moore, one of the privates, had been ill for several weeks. He, to all appearances, died. A certificate of his death was handed to Major Bulger, who ordered a coffin for the defunct. On Thursday morning, Moore was placed in a coffin, and just as the lid was being laid down, he greatly frightened the bystanders by sitting up in his coffin, and exclaiming that it was a shame to bury a man before he was dead. Of course he was removed from the box, and once more placed under the care of the doctor. Moore laid one day and a night as if dead, and came very near being buried before his time. His companions declared that, as he refused to be buried when the Colonel ordered the funeral, he has disobeyed orders, and that when he recovers he shall be court martialed.

THE REBELLION RECORD.—Among the compilations which will transmit to posterity the momentous and memorable events of the present time, no one can compare, for thoroughness and comprehensiveness, with *The Rebellion Record*. It comprises a complete Diary of Events and such a collection of Documents, as will supply the firmest and broadest foundation for any dimensions of historical superstructure. Part XI, with illustrations, (portraits of General McDowell and Mansfield,) is now ready and may be had at any periodical depot. The New York publisher is J. P. Putnam, 532 Broadway.

THE POLICE APPOINTMENTS.—Mayor Sawyer, we are informed, has not yet completed his appointments, and the statement published some days ago, that they would be officially announced to-day, seems to have been unauthorized. It may be several days yet before they are given to the public. David Mercer, lately of Allegheny, is to be Mayor's Clerk, and it is generally conceded that Robert Hague will be Chief of Police.

IDENTIFIED.—The body of the soldier found drowned near Shoob's mill, on the Susquehanna, the latter part of December, has been ascertained to have been that of Thomas Conely, a private in Col. William's cavalry, now in service in Kentucky. He had a furlough for the purpose of visiting his family, residing near Columbia, and, after remaining a few days, left for the purpose of rejoining his regiment.

UNRECOGNIZED BODY OF A SOLDIER.—For several days there has been at the Adams' Express office, in Lancaster, a box containing the body of a soldier, whose name, judging from circumstances, is Leishy. No person appearing to claim the body it was found necessary to dispose of it, as decomposition had commenced. The body was deposited in the receiving vault of the Lutheran Cemetery.

ADMITTED.—On motion of E. P. Jones, Esq., Alfred Pierson, Esq., was this morning duly admitted to practice in the Courts over which Judge Mellon presides, and also in the District Court. Mr. Pierson is a young man of more than ordinary ability, and we learn that his examination before the Committee was highly creditable and satisfactory.

HOME ON A VISIT.—Mr. James T. Sample of Allegheny, who was a sutler in one of the regiments at Port Royal, has arrived home on a visit to his family. He brings a large number of trophies, which can be seen at Jenkins' news depot, Federal street, Allegheny. Conspicuous among the lot is a genuine slave driver's whip!

DEAD.—Joseph Maxwell, a private in Capt. Dysart's company, Col. Hambright's Regiment, died recently at the hospital in Louisville, Ky. He leaves a wife and children at Lancaster, in destitute circumstances.

J. J. EAST, Federal street, Allegheny, has received the February number of *Godey's Lady's Book*, which, as usual, contains all manner of *seasonable* information interesting to the ladies.

J. J. EAST, Federal street, Allegheny, has received the *Tribune Almanac* for 1862. It contains facts and figures which ought to be generally known. The price is only 15 cents.

THE greatest bargains ever offered in this city in the way of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver Ware and Fancy Goods, are now to be had at the Jewelry Store of J. M. Roberts, No. 16 Fifth street, as in consequence of the present depression in trade he is closing out his entire stock at cost, and many articles at much less than cost. Also, pays particular attention to the repairing of fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, in which he employs none but the best workmen. Charges moderate.

NOW IS THE TIME to purchase winter clothing, and to our readers who desire to do so, we would commend the establishment of Messrs. Wm. H. M'Gee & Co., corner of Federal street and the Diamond, Allegheny City. They have now on hand a full stock of ready-made clothing, and having an experienced cutter and a large selection of suitable goods, they are also prepared to make men's and boy's clothing to order in any desired style, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms

SOLDIERS, see to your own health, do not trust to the army supplies; Cholera, Fever and Bowel Complaint will follow your slightest indiscretion. Holloway's Pills and Ointment should be in every man's knapsack. The British and French troops use no other medicines. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 216

WM. FORREST, Carpenter and Joiner, Jobbing Shop Virgin alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. All kinds of House Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner. Charges moderate. Leave your orders. All orders promptly attended to. ‡

DOCTOR C. BEALS, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. Corner of Penn and Wayne streets. ‡

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession. ‡

DIED:

LONG—On Friday evening, 17th inst., at a quarter past six o'clock, JOSEPH LONG, Esq., in the 73d year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 39 Ferry street, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock. Religious services at one and a half o'clock precisely. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

A Dirge for a Young Girl.

BY MISS DORA SHAW.

Oh, gently lay her in the earth,
The joy-beam of our hearts and hearth,
The innocent, light hearted;
Press softly down the velvet sod
O'er one that scented a smile from God!
That blest and then departed.

Here bring the modest violet,
With dew tear in its blue eye set,
As tho' it wept for her!
Aye, violets bring to deck her grave;
Here let no cypress sadly wave,
Or dark funereal fir.

The lily of the valley twine
With the sweet-blushing Eglantine,
Fit offerings at the tomb;
Of one whose life was like the flowers,
Made up of bright and sunny hours,
Of blushes and of bloom.

And weep not that in early spring,
When bright buds blow and glad birds sing,
To earth her fair form's given;
For oft she said, 't were bliss to sleep
Where the violets dew-tears weep—
To sleep and wake in heaven.

Here, maidens, here four blossoms fling;
Here, little birds your requiems sing,
To stars your vigils keep,
And let no rude unwelcome sound
E'er echo 'bove the hallowed ground,
Where Lillites lie—asleep.

WANTS.

WANTED FORTHWITH—Bonds and Mortgages for $500, $1,000 and $1,500, having from two to four years to run. Apply at PETTY'S, jal1 No. 13 St. Clair street.

WANTED—Bonds and Mortgages to amount of $23,000 on improved city or property in the county, in sums ranging from $500 to $3,000. Time from 1 to 7 years. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO. de7

PRODUCE—20 bbls. Ex. Fam. Flour, 5 sacks Flax Seed, 10 kegs Lard, Just received by J. S. DILWORTH & CO., ja14 Wholesale Grocers, Second street.

ORANGES AND LEMONS—Fresh, just received by REYNER & BROS., ja17 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

LIME—200 bbls. fresh Lime for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. ja17

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Important from the Army of the West.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The following is a special dispatch received by the *Times* of this city:

TWELVE MILES FROM COLUMBUS, January 16—9 P. M.

A heavy reconnoissance was made this afternoon by Gen. Grant and staff, with Ostrand's cavalry, resulting in the obtaining of reliable information of all the routes leading out of Columbus towards Blandville and other towns. A distance of over forty miles was made in six hours. No rebels were discovered, although at one time the reconnoitering party were within five miles of Columbus.

A gentleman formerly of Lynn, Massachusetts, reached here from New Orleans last night. He had passes from Georgia to pass the rebel lines at New Madrid and New Orleans. On Saturday the rebels were in the greatest perturbation on account of the movements of the federal troops. The general opinion was that the troops were bound for the Tennessee river. The people in this section expect the direct calamities to fall on them in the coming struggle, but, as far as possible, take no sides since the federal troops have been in their midst.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—A special dispatch to the *Times*, dated Cairo, the 18th, says: Four deserters from Columbus arrived here last night. They report that there are 40,000 rebel troops encamped at Columbus.

Mr. Collins, of New Orleans, from which place he left eight days ago, states that he escaped by representing himself as a bearer of dispatches from the Belgian Consul, but was detained two days at Columbus. He says the feeling at the South is becoming worse and more bitter every day.

[Special to the Chicago Tribune.]

A gentleman from Columbus reports that a United States war steamer fired into a French war steamer which was trying to run the blockade at New Orleans. Our steamer fired twelve shots into the French vessel. The affair created great excitement at Memphis and other places.

CAIRO, Jan. 18.—Captains Murdock and Webster returned last night from an expedition to Bloomfield. It was a complete success, capturing forty of the enemy, among them a Lieutenant Colonel, two Surgeons, one Adjutant and three Captains.

Captain Phelps, with the gunboat Conestoga, made a reconnoissance up Tennessee river to-day, and shelled a point just below Fort Henry, where a masked battery is supposed to be. He did not succeed in drawing its fire.

There is nothing from below of importance.

Important from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Navy Department has received dispatches from Commander Glasson, of the U. S. steamer Mount Vernon, dated off Wilmington, N. C., giving an interesting account of the burning of a light-ship. Having heard the rebels made use of it as a beacon for guiding vessels in and out of the harbor, and for the purpose of annoying our vessels by hoisting lights at night, he determined to take advantage of a hazy night with the wind off shore to effect her destruction. Accordingly he despatched a cutter, under command of acting master Alick Allen, with John P. Foote, coast-pilot, and a crew of five men, and a gig under command of acting master Sturgis and crews of six men. The boats soon got within a short distance of the light vessel on off side of Fort Caswell.

The two officers, a Boatswain's Mate and a Quartermaster, climbed on board by a rope which was hanging at the side. The light boat was quite deserted. Carpenters had been at work, and the vessel was being pierced for eight guns. No attempt was made to molest the expedition until they had kindled the fire, which effectually destroyed the light ship. The fort did not open on our boats until they were clearly out of harm's way.

Firing down the Potomac was heard last night between 11 and 12 o'clock. It has since been ascertained that the rebel batteries had opened on Hooker's command on the Maryland shore, but without damage.

Secretary of War Stanton will enter upon his duties on Monday.

Gen. Cameron will remain in Washington some days, and visit his home before departing for Russia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—An order has just been issued from the army headquarters containing the following instructions relative to furloughs: The exigencies of the service demand that every officer and soldier of the army, able to do duty, should be at his post. The Commanding General, therefore, deems it necessary to direct that, unless by reason of sickness, upon a medical certificate, no leaves of absence on furlough shall be granted at the present time, except in urgent and exceptionable cases, when the necessity for the indulgence must be clearly set forth in the application. It is proper to remark that many of the reasons for which leaves of absence and furloughs have heretofore been granted, cannot now be allowed.

Paymaster Andrews, of New York, broke his leg near the thigh, last night, by falling while stepping on the slippery pavement from a carriage.

Mrs. Greenhow, who, for the last five months, has been under surveillance in her own house, was, together with Mrs. Baxter, who recently arrived from Richmond with a military commission for Dr. Brown, of Baltimore, to-day removed to the old capital building. Miss Poole, who had been their companion, yesterday took her parole, and will probably soon be sent to Richmond under a flag of truce.

Lieut. Trenchard, commanding the United States gunboat Rhode Island, just from the South, reports to the Navy Department that early on the morning of the 1st instant, an expedition under Commander Smith, composed of the steamers New London, Water Witch and the captured steamer Lewis, with a detachment of seamen, left Ship Island for Mississippi Sound, with the view of cutting out some schooners, anchored at Biloxi. As one of the steamers was seen returning with two or three schooners in tow when the Rhode Island was leaving, the impression on board was that the expedition had proved successful. The Rhode Island reports having left at Key West the U. S. gunboat Itasca, from Philadelphia, via Fortress Monroe. Soon after leaving the fort, a portion of the machinery of the Itasca was damaged, and she was twenty-one days in reaching Key West, where she was being repaired.

The Rhode Island has been ordered to Boston.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Richmond papers of Thursday contains the following dispatch:

Nashville, Jan. 14.—It has been ascertained that a considerable quantity of cotton and sugar has recently been sent in wagons through Kentucky to the Ohio river, for the north. It is supposed that the goods were sent from Clarksville.

Two of the Yankee prisoners confined in Richmond made their escape on Monday. One of them was subsequently captured.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs have for several weeks past been engaged in the examination of the 1,300 or 1,400 army appointments, of all grades, made by the President during the recess, and which have been submitted by him for confirmation. Early this week, that body will consider, in executive session, such of them as have received the favorable action of the Committee. The number of Brigadier Generals is nearly 70, including the recent appointments of N. J. T. Dane, of Minnesota, and James Shields, of California. All the Brigadier Generals will now be recommended for confirmation, with the exception of 12 or fourteen, and these will be reserved for further consideration by the Committee. It is believed that good habits and morals, as much as competency and bravery, have not been overlooked in the examination of all the appointments. In some cases of doubt the Committee have been voluntarily supplied with documents in order to aid them in coming to a favorable conclusion.

Complaints have been made relative to the jail regulations of Col. Lamon, Marshal for the District of Columbia, who acts under the advice of high legal authority. It appears that the reasons for the regulations have either been misunderstood or his motives not known, in requiring members of Congress to procure passes from the President of the Senate, or Speaker of the House. It was to facilitate rather than obstruct their entrance into that heretofore unattractive institution by their making known to the prison guards the official standing of the visitors, and securing their prompt admission.

An official report from Major General Halleck, of Missouri, has been received, which says that Major Hubbard's cavalry attacked a rebel force of 900 men at Silver creek, in Howard county, under Col. Poindexter, on the 15th inst., and routed them. The enemy's loss was 40 killed and 60 wounded. Our loss was 6 killed and 19 wounded. We captured 100 horses, 60 wagons, 105 tents, 80 kegs of powder and 28 prisoners.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE—Via *Baltimore, Jan. 26.*—It is confidently asserted to-day that Gen. Wool sent notice to Gen. Huger, of Norfolk, to remove all the women and children from that city.

The Minnesota, to-day, took down her top masts and spars, and will, it is said, proceed to Elizabeth river, to-night, with the frigate Cumberland.

The Pensacola is also lying here, and every evidence of active naval operations are apparent.

A flag of truce took to Norfolk, to-day, the following rebel prisoners: Colonel Pegram, Captain Sutton, Lieutenant A. E. Bell, Captain Tansill, Lieutenant John W. Pool, Lieut. J. C. Lassell, Dr. R. W. Jeffreys, Captain T. J. Johnson and several ladies. The body of Lieut. J. W. Kinsey, who died at Fort Warren, was also taken.

The flag steamer then proceeded up James river, about nine miles above Newport News, and met the steamer from Richmond with one hundred and fifty released prisoners, two of whom escaped from prison last night, got aboard the boat and were concealed by their comrades. One evaded examination by jumping the guards, whilst the other was detected and taken back. All of the prisoners were convalescents from the hospitals. About twenty had crutches, and about a dozen had to be carried on board, some on cots. All had been wounded. Dr. Higgenbotham accompanied them, and the men were loud in commendation of his uniform kindness to them, and after cordially grasping hands, gave him three cheers. They then saluted the old Stars and Stripes with a burst of enthusiasm that brought tears to the eyes, many waving crutches over their heads. On the way back, the wharves and embankments at Newport News were thronged, greeting them with cheers; also the Cumberland and Congress.

Information has been received that the rebels have abandoned Roanoke Island, in Pamlico Sound; and it is also said to-day that they are preparing to evacuate Yorktown, but the latter is not generally credited.

The Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal*, of Wednesday, says that nothing had been heard there of the Burnside expedition, and thinks it singular, if it left Old Point on Saturday night, as reported, that its appearance on the coast had not, up to that time, been announced.

The Raleigh *Register*, of Wednesday, says that some gentlemen in that city say that they heard, on Tuesday evening, reports of heavy cannonading towards the coast, but the editor thinks that they were mistaken, as the distance is too great.

The Norfolk *Day Book*, of Friday, says that nothing has been heard there of the expedition since it left Old Point, and professes to be at a loss to know what may be its destination.

The same paper announces that thirteen large steamers loaded with troops, left Old Point on Thursday, and presumes that they are intended for another expedition, to some other point. The editor has been hoaxed, as no steamers, except two delayed by storm, containing the Espinal Zouaves, left on that day.

Prisoners from Richmond also say, up to the time they left, on Friday morning at 8 o'clock, nothing had been heard from it there. The Richmond papers of Friday contain nothing in relation to the expedition.

The French frigate which arrived yesterday was the Pomone. Notice having been given a salute of twenty-one guns was fired this morning and the Fortress immediately replied with an equal number. The Pomone is the Flag-ship of Admiral C. Marquise De Montaignac. The Admiral came ashore this forenoon, accompanied by his Flag Captain and an Aid-de-Camp, and was received by Gen. Wool with military honor.

After the visit, it was announced that the Admiral would, to-morrow, visit Norfolk to consult with the French Consul.

Companies F, G and H, of the 29th Massachusetts Regiment, arrived this morning from Baltimore, with Col. E. W. Pierce and staff. The seven other companies, which have been heretofore known as the Massachusetts battalion, are at Newport News.

The rebels are building a new battery this side of Sewall's Point. The battery at Rip Raps threw a few shells among them yesterday afternoon, which caused a temporary suspension of operations.

The Constitution remains in the Roads, waiting orders. She will probably proceed to her original destination, Ship Island.

Gen. Butler is expected here.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 18.—About 150 men, prisoners captured at the battle of Bull Run and released by the rebels, have arrived here by the boat from Old Point.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 18.—Intelligence was received at Old Point last evening, that heavy cannonading was heard at Norfolk in the direction of Albemarle Sound, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 18.—Two rebels were taken prisoners last night by Company F, of the Sixteenth Massachusetts Regiment. The first is a man who had a pass from Gen. Wool admitting him within our lines. He has for some time past supplied himself with shoes, &c., which he has disposed of to the enemy, and with gold and silver, which he has sold at a premium. He was taken at his house from under two beds. He will be sent to the Rip Raps. The other was a private, who, from papers upon his person, appeared to be on a visit to his home on furlough.

Seven companies of the New York Second Regiment, on a reconnoissance last night from Newport News, drove in the enemy's pickets, discovered their position at a distance of twelve miles from Camp Butler. They brought in a lame man who has hitherto enjoyed the protection of our troops, in consequence of his infirmity. There is reason to believe that he has lately had treasonable correspondence with the rebels.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 19.—A special to the *Commercial*, from Indianapolis, says that four Indiana regiments, in the Green river column, have advanced to South Carrollton, and will soon occupy Rochester. This is directly in front of Bowling Green. Gen. Buell is concentrating a powerful force at Green river, and, it is said, he is now ready for a forward movement. The rebels at and about Bowling Green, are destroying the railroad, felling trees across the track, and are doing everything to retard the progress of our army. It is said that they are making every preparation to evacuate that place upon the approach of our forces.

From Missouri.

ROLLA, Mo., Jan. 18.—The indications are that all the troops at this point will move Westward except one or two regiments to guard the post. The enemy's pickets extend fourteen miles from Springfield, and Price's force is estimated at about 12,000.

It was reported that Gen. McIntosh was coming up from Arkansas with large reinforcements, but the report is not wholly reliable.

Jackson's Force at Winchester.

HANCOCK, Md., Jan. 18.—Jackson has disappeared with his whole force. It is believed he has retired to Winchester.

No rebel force is known to be in Morgan county.

Weather inclement and variable. Whole river line quiet.

Steamers for Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The steamer Kangaroo, which sailed to-day for Liverpool, took 90 passengers and $339,000 in specie.

The steamer Bremen took 70 passengers and $80,000 in specie.

The steamer Australasian will sail on Sunday morning.

Reported Resignation of Gov. Gamble

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18—The report has gained much currency here that Gov. Gamble has resigned and gone to Washington, and will there await his appointment, by acting Governor Hall, to fill Polk's seat in the Senate.

The Steamer Arabia.

HALIFAX, Jan. 18.—The steamer Arabia was detained in consequence of landing of English troops, and did not leave for New York till 7 o'clock last night.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The *Commercial*, of this evening says a private dispatch has been received stating that the pirate Sumter has been sunk by a Federal gunboat near Cadiz.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18—Sterling Exchange is dull at 109½ @ 110 premium. Money is abundant. Stocks are better. Federal Registered 6's, 1881, 99; Oregon half yearly war loan 88; Minnesota 6's, 78.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The steamer Africa arrived at Liverpool on the 2d inst.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Evening—Cotton quiet at 33@34c. Flour quiet; sales 10,000 bbls. at $5@$5.35 for State; $5.35@5.60 for Ohio, and $5.30@5.10 for Southern. Wheat heavy; sales 23,000 bush. at $1.32½ @1.33 for Milwaukee Club, and $1.30 for red western. Corn dull; sales unimportant at 60@62c. Beef steady at $11.75@12.50. Lard dull at 7½@8c. Whisky 25½@26c.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—The wet weather to-day has completely suspended operations. Flour is dull; sales of 2000 bbls at $5 25 for superfine; $5 62½@5 75 for extra, and $5 75@6 00 for extra family. Rye flour is dull at $3 75, and corn meal at $2 60. Wheat has declined one cent per bushel; 5000 bush red sold at $1 35@1 36, and small lots of white at $1 45@1 50. 1000 bush Penna rye sold at 73c. Corn is in better demand; 4000 bush new yellow sold at 58@58½c. Oats are steady at 38½c. The stock of coffee is low and it is held firmly; sales of Rio at 19@20c, and Laguira at 22@23c. Sugar is fair. Provisions are dull; sales of 300 bbls of mess pork at $12 50, and 900 bbls lard at 8c. Whisky sells at 24@25c.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Flour quiet but steady; sales of 6000 bbls. Wheat dull and nominally unchanged. Corn dull and nominally at 64@65c. Provisions are steady and unchanged. Whisky sells at 26c.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondance of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 17, 1862.

On Monday next the two Houses meet in joint convention to elect a State Treasurer for the coming term. There appears to be no doubt that Henry D. Moore will be re-elected. The financial exhibit of our good old State for the past year has been so eminently wise and honest that a re-election is a matter of course. All the Republican members and most of the Union Democrats will heartily support Mr. Moore. I desire to bear my unhesitating testimony to the successful and honest financial exhibit of our State affairs for the year 1861. This is the more necessary in your locality for the reason that a strong prejudice has existed there. The egregious blunder of Gov. Curtin in sending out Charley Neal, and the notoriety given to the clothing contract and the power-of-attorney field case, has prepared your citizens for almost any thing. Fortunately for the State, the press at once exposed the bad features of that case. The Legislature at the extra session imposed all possible guards, and the incumbents of the Auditor General and State Treasurer's office have done their whole duty.

We are also glad to bear testimony to the industry, zeal and perseverance of Gov. Curtin, in the Executive chair. He has labored by day and by night to place Pennsylvania in the van in the suppression of this wicked and infamous rebellion. We are assured that Secretary Chase, whose position enables him to know exactly how different States have acted, unhesitatingly says that Pennsylvania is far ahead of all the other States of the Union. Her expenditure has only been a little over the one-half of the State of New York, and yet we have furnished more and better troops than the great Empire State. If these facts are true, and we have no doubt of them, your readers ought to know them.

Whatever blunders were committed in April and May, 1861, on the sudden breaking out of this rascally rebellion, eight months of earnest, active and true administration of our State military affairs has fully atoned for. This goes perhaps beyond the province of a newspaper correspondent, but you have asked for letters.

The two hou