Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 3, 1862.

Republican City Ticket.

FOR MAYOR,

B. C. SAWYER, Jr.

FOR CONTROLLER,

JOHN McCARGO.

FOR TREASURER,

WILLIAM EICHBAUM.

The City Election.

We recur to this theme because we fear our political friends in the city do not realize as fully as they should the necessity of sustaining their nominees.

The lapse of two years, in politics, is apt to dull many political recollections. It will not be amiss, therefore, to remind our readers of the state of things two years ago, and recall to their remembrance some of the facts which then transpired.

The Republican primary elections resulted, at that time, in the choice of delegates from four wards in favor of Mr. SAWYER, our present nominee, four in favor of Mr. WILSON, our present Mayor, and *two* sets of rival delegates from the other ward of the nine into which the city is divided. The result, when the Convention met, was a split. Two Conventions organized, one of which nominated Mr. WILSON, and the other presented Mr. SAWYER. Things remained in this way for a week or two, the party being hopelessly divided.

In the meantime, those Democrats who are now so loudly clamoring for a "no-party" organization, oblivious to the arguments which now control them, called a Democratic Convention and nominated a Democratic candidate. There was a splendid chance, as they thought, for a purely Democratic victory, and with a keen scent for the spoils they rushed forward to what seemed a certain political triumph. To hear these fellows talk, now, you would hardly suppose that, only two years since, they were vigorously supporting party candidates. But then, you see, there was a chance to succeed, which does not now exist.

In this emergency, when the defeat of our party seemed certain, Mr. SAWYER, looking only to the interests of the organization with which he was politically connected, and which was then just upon the eve of entering upon the Presidential campaign, and forgetting all his personal claims, magnanimously withdrew, leaving the field clear to Mayor WILSON, who was triumphantly elected. It was a noble and manly act, and the party in this city would do an ignoble thing to forget or disregard it.

We know that, at the time, there was a grateful acknowledgment of this disinterested course of Mr. SAWYER, and hundreds of those who had opposed his nomination, expressed a determination to stand firmly by him when it came his turn to be supported. That time has now come, and it behoves those men to redeem their promise with a will. It would be a burning shame if he who sacrificed all his own claims to save the party should now, when he has been honorably nominated, fail to be sustained. He deserves the support of every Republican in the city, and we trust he will receive it.

The Port Royal Sherman.

This General is severely criticized in various quarters. Writing to a United States Senator, it is said, he declares the time has not arrived for inviting South Carolina slaves within our lines. A proclamation to that effect would have brought in 25,000 in three days. Two months hence, he says, such a course may be proper. Probably he hopes that he will never be under the necessity of doing it. We incline to the opinion that he will lack the opportunity if he waits two months.

Mr. RUSSELL, the correspondent of the *London Times*, in a late letter utters the following criticism:

To my mind there has been by no means such a display of energy as might have been expected from regularly trained officers of ordinary ability in connexion with the attack on the works. I do not speak of the neglect to occupy Beaufort, which is a place of little importance in a strategic point of view, but of the extraordinary apathy which seized on the naval and military commanders as soon as the fire of the forts was silenced.

With a little dash and promptitude on their part not one of the enemy ought to have got away. Where were the gun-boats? where were the armed launches and boats of the fleet? Allowing some risk in the operation, why did they not make an attempt to cut in on the flying carriages as they were retreating over the deep water passages which separate the islands they occupied from other islands adjacent to the main land? Something must be risked to gain success. Why up to this moment are the bridges of the railway between Charleston and Savannah untouched and in the hands of the enemy?

The Combahee and the Coosawatchee, sluggish streams, are spanned a few miles above Beaufort by long, trestle bridges, easily destroyed; but the enemy have been allowed, to use the immense facilities a railroad between these impassionated points affords, to concentrate a force in the main with which to defeat the public, unquestionably, in the comparative infancy of their forces.

There is a most true saying in military matters, to wit: "Something ventured, something gained to gain success." There is danger in taking responsibility, but there is a thing—very detrimental to success—and that is not very flattering to our military pride. If had its origin in Bull's Run, and was rather a shameful mismanagement of affairs. We hope this lack of enterprise and want of energy and decision will soon give place to enterprise and deeds of heroism. Let us have a fleet, and our soldiers, pining in the dullness of camps, will be inspired with emulation to emulate great deeds. The people generally are growing at times impatient.

The Chicago *Tribune* says:

Naturally enough Sherman and Dupont disagree. The latter is a bold, prompt, energetic officer, who believes with Macaulay that "Liberal wrath do nothing which negotiation or submission could not do better." Hence he is for hitting right and left, and following up victories without giving the enemy time to recover. If the Sherman command had been in Com. Dupont's hands, Savannah would have been in our possession long ago.

The New York Evening *Post* says the Sherman expedition seems likely to turn out one of the most wretched failures of the war. It says:

The gallant attack of the navy on the forts is, for all that appears, to stand alone, unsupported by any corresponding deed of the land forces. It is now seven weeks since Commodore Dupont cleared the way for General Sherman and his troops; there have been reports of projected movements by almost every steamer which has arrived from Hilton Head since, but hitherto no operations of importance have even been begun. It is very certain now that a thousand men might have taken Charleston by a rapid advance from Port Royal within a week after the capture of the rebel forts. The panic of the South Carolinians ought to have been of use to us; but they have had time to recover from their fright, and, indeed, in the seven weeks Sherman has now given them they have had time to arm and drill the whites and the blacks to oppose our march; they have had time to destroy supplies we ought to have captured, and roads we ought to have secured, and strengthen the defenses of all important points.

No cause can afford to throw away the fruits of a brilliant victory in this way. Our generals must learn to follow up their successes, or else we shall find the most glorious efforts of our army and navy as barren and fruitless as the Port Royal affair has been so far. We have stopped up Charleston harbor; we may even possess ourselves of Charleston and Savannah in a few days; but the moral effect of these deeds will be almost nothing compared with that of a blow prompt and swift, such as an able general had it in his power to strike, in the middle of last month.

The public has been very patient towards General Sherman and his aids. He has not been hurried and worried, as some commanders have been, by either press or people. But there is a growing conviction in the public mind that he is incapable, and that by his incapacity he has failed to obtain results which would have had an important bearing upon the general aspect of the campaign. What we have a right to demand of our generals is that they shall show energy and skill; that they shall lose no advantage the enemy's condition or their own success may promise them. Caution is a good quality, but if Commodore Dupont had been as cautious as Sherman he would not have pushed the Wabash, our finest frigate, over the bar of Port Royal, in order to ensure the victory over the forts; and if Sherman had had a little of the energy and audacity of Dupont, the real object of the southern expedition—a diversion of the enemy's force from the Potomac—would have been gained. We are not friendly to frequent changes in commanders; but, if one man does nothing, it is but right that a better should be put in his place.

Affairs in Kentucky.

General BUELL and Staff left Louisville on Monday for the seat of war, and the impression has been generally received that a battle in Kentucky was imminent. The fact of the departure of the Commanding General was not the only one which led to the conclusion that a battle was approaching; before setting out himself, Gen. BUELL had issued such orders in reference to the movement of troops to Green river, as made it evident that he was preparing for some thing in that quarter. Nor was this all. It was known that Buckner's cavalry were within a short distance of our pickets, and the indications were that an attack on Col. McCook's force was intended, with the view of destroying the nearly completed bridge over Green river, to delay the advance of our army, and thus at least gain some time. Such were the ascertained facts up to Tuesday, and on that day the following paragraph appeared in the Louisville *Journal*:

"We have the very best authority upon which to base the opinion that a battle will take place in the vicinity of Green river, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, within a day or two, if indeed a collision has not already occurred. General McCook was perfectly aware on Sunday that the rebel forces were advancing from the direction of Bowling Green, and a force of one thousand regular troops had been thrown forward on Sunday night to meet General Buckner's advance. We may, therefore, anticipate exciting news from Green river to-day."

What gave additional importance to this was the fact that Mr. Prentice had just returned from a visit to the army at Green river, where he had been invited to present a flag from Brigadier Gen. Negley's brigade to that of Brigadier Gen. Rousseau. Such are the facts, such the antecedent probabilities of an engagement between our advance on Green river and the rebel force in that quarter.

—Another point of almost equal interest is Paducah, where, it was said, an engagement was actually going forward, but the authorities would not permit the telegraphic reporter to send forward any account of the affair to the press. We await further intelligence from both points—which may now be hourly expected.

Gen. Jim Lane in the Field.

Gen. LANE has been assigned a command in Kansas and Western Missouri. It is understood that he will, with the approbation of the Government, make the experiment of employing slaves of rebels, in his military operations in the West, using them in the transportation and commissary departments mainly. By taking hand-mills, it is thought that slaves can grind corn enough daily to subsist the army anywhere in Arkansas or Texas.

CHAMPION VAUGHAN will be on Gen. LANE's staff, with the rank of Colonel. He is a South Carolinian, but for many years a noted Anti-Slavery man. When LANE was confirmed a Brigadier General by the Senate, the other day, VAUGHAN sent a dispatch to Leavenworth in these words: "LANE is confirmed. Glory to God! Let the rebels hunt their holes!"

If Gen. LANE does not clean out secession in his military district in a short time, we have mistaken the man. When he has finished there, a higher command awaits him.

From Missouri.

A special dispatch from St. Louis to the Chicago *Tribune*, dated December 31, says:

An officer attached to Birge's Sharp Shooters, arrived tonight, having come in a buggy from Sturgeon to Herman. He was dressed in citizen's clothes, and was arrested three times by the secesh. He had dispatches for General Halleck from General Prentiss concealed in the lining of his buggy, and narrowly escaped detection. He reports that in the Mount Zion fight, all the secesh dead were killed by Minie balls going through their bodies. In a majority of instances, the balls passed all the way through the forehead and out of the back of the head.

The Milford prisoners have been registered. They number seven hundred and eighty-eight. The list will not be published. There are three hundred other secesh prisoners in McDowell's College.

A man in military uniform was arrested to-day for cheering for Jeff. Davis.

Gen. Curtiss has been assigned the command of the district south of the Osage and west of the Meriac.

No further news from Rolla to-night.

By the arrival of the steamboat City of Alton, last night, further particulars are received of the attempted seizure of that boat while passing Commerce. Several shot holes are visible on the boat, and she has been visited by large crowds. Captain Barnes learned that the rebel band consisted of fifty men, and it is believed Jeff. Thompson was present in person. The boat was warned off repeatedly by a woman named Eversol, who said Jeff. Thompson was present. The boat went to an island below, where muskets and rifles were obtained, and then the boat returned, but the rebels had fled, and the Unionists of the town gave the boat three cheers.

THE surrender of Slidell and Mason is undoubtedly a "bitter pill" to the people of the loyal States; but they have the consolation of knowing that it is far more bitter to the rebels. If the announcement that these eminent traitors were to be given up struck painfully on the ear of the North, it crashed like a knell on the ear of the South. If New York was something sorrowful on Saturday evening, Richmond was the prey of stormy rage. We venture to say there has not been so much "weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth" in Secessia since the bombardment of Hilton Head, as there was when the news that the Trent affair had been settled was flashed over the wires.—*Albany Evening Journal.*

Reports by a Rebel Deserter.

Last week an intelligent Irish deserter from Fort Pulaski reached the Union camp on Tybee Island. He says that the rebels have 500 troops, commanded by Maj. Ormstead, at Pulaski, and 9,000 at and near Savannah, around which city earthworks are erecting. The troops there are armed with Enfield and other improved guns, but those at the fort have only smooth bores. They have plently of powder and ball to supply their cannon for ten days. The troops are paid in Confederate shinplasters, which pass freely. In no quarter was there talk of yielding to the Government, but the support of England and France was confidently counted upon.

Soon after Com. Dupont occupied Tybee Island, a plan was formed for its recapture. Fifteen hundred men were to be landed at the south-west end of the island and 500 more at King's Landing, opposite Pulaski. Part of the troops had embarked on the transports, when Gen. Lee, fearing the gunboats, which lay in suspicious proximity, countermanded his orders. Tatnall has three steamers and one flat-boat, mounted with three heavy guns, one of which is rifled. Two more are building and were expected to be finished in a week. A tight craft, three hundred feet long, covered with combustible materials, and intended for the destruction of Union vessels, was lying near Fort Jackson. Another the deserter cast loose, after assisting to tow it to its place. It consisted of 101 logs, each of which cost $10.

English Opinion.

A London correspondent of the New York *Times* describes the excitement in England as apparently undiminished, but says the ground-current is still toward peace. This feeling is especially strong in religious circles. In nearly every church in London, on the Sunday previous, peace was ardently prayed for. Business men were generally of the opinion that there would be no war, and the Tory organs were beginning to assume a more cautious tone, warning Lord Palmerston that the matter in dispute was a grave one, and that there must be no needless trouble. It is also asserted on pretty responsible authority that Queen Victoria, urged partly by her own womanly feelings and partly by her uncle Leopold, King of Belgium, who has been visiting her, looks with great aversion and dread at the prospect of war, and has earnestly endeavored to prevent it by every means in her power.

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION LECTURES.—BAYARD TAYLOR will deliver the fifth lecture of the course of the Mercantile Library Association, at LAFAYETTE HALL, on MONDAY EVENING, January 6th, 1862.

Subject—THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, SOCIALLY AND POLITICALLY.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Book and Music Stores and, Library Rooms, and at the door.

W. H. KINCAID, J. B. HEALEY,
F. R. BAYWOOD, W. D. M'GWIN,
JOS. ALBERS, *Lecture Committee.*

BANK STATEMENTS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1862.

MEANS.	
Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,038,942 64
Real Estate and Ground Rent	48,138 39
Stocks and Miscellanies	19,094 99
Due by other Banks	100,131 46
Bank Notes, Checks & Tree'y Notes	23,155 43
Specie	328,037 27
	$2,058,100 18
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	$1,142,500 00
Profits and Earnings	206,273 83
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Ac't	6,401 13
Due to other Banks	69,879 77
Circulation	199,736 00
Deposits	1,033,059 55
	$2,658,150 18

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed this 24 day of Jan., 1862.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.

CITIZENS' BANK.

PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1862.

Loans and Discounts	$673,393 84
Notes and Checks of other Banks	179,686 11
Treasury Notes and State Loan	23,459 83
Due from Banks and Bankers	98,884 34
Capital Stock	500,000 00
Circulation	319,120 00
Depositors	130,090 74
Due to Banks and Bankers	5,925 02

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.
Affirmed before me this 31 day of Jan., 1862.
SAM'L HARPER, Notary Public.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBGH.

PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1862.

Loans and Discounts	$1,075,059 96
Real Estate	50,000 00
Specie in Vault	330,023 19
United States Treasury Notes	125,677 00
Pennsylvania Loan	82,500 00
Checks, and Notes of other Banks	52,039 86
Due by other Banks	129,952 97
	$2,365,052 98
Capital Stock	902,250 00
Circulation	956,255 00
Deposits	387,853 60
Due to other Banks	16,778 98
Contingent Funds and Profits	221,835 02
	$2,365,052 98

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 24 day of Jan., 1862.
C. H. ISRAEL, Notary Public.

ALLEGHENY BANK.

PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1862.

Capital Stock	$500,000 00
Loans and Discounts	745,110 30
Due by other Banks	10,190 22
Notes and Checks of other Banks	38,670 78
Specie	292,172 76
Circulation	371,985 00
Due to other Banks	9,755 69
Due to Depositors	133,403 28

The above statement is correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. W. COOK, Cashier.
Sworn unto before me this day.
W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK.

PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1862.

Capital Stock	$ 600,000 00
Circulation	602,011 00
Due Depositors	274,343 04
Due other Banks	38,611 53
Loans and Discounts	896,623 60
Coin	245,182 20
Notes and Checks of other Banks	114,970 21
Due by other Banks	116,203 57
Commonwealth of Penn'a Loan	50,000 00
United States Treasury Notes	126,000 00

The above statement is correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. H. DENNY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me this 24 day of Jan., 1862.
W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAUVE INK.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

DIARIES FOR 1862.

FOR SALE BY

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY AND MANCHESTER PASSENGER RAILWAY CO. NOTICE.—The stockholders of the above Company are hereby notified that an election for FIVE Managers of the same, to serve for one year from Monday, the 20th day of January, 1862, will be held at the office of A. S. Bell, Treasurer, No. 103 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on MONDAY, the 20th day of January, 1862, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
ja2td A. S. BELL, Secretary.

DRY PEACHES—56 sacks and 23 bbls., prime new halves, now landing from steamer Denmark for sale by
ja3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MISSOURI SAND—150 bbls. & No. 1 article, in large barrels, to arrive and for sale by
ja3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

OIL BARRELS—200 empty Oil Barrels, second hand, for sale by
ja3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BROOM CORN BRUSH—33 bales No. 1 Ohio Brush for sale by
ja3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

APPLES, APPLES—250 barrels, in a prime order, for sale by
ja3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REED'S MAGNETIC OIL.

The radical cure for

RHEUMATISM, PAINS, BRUISES, &c.

J. A. Morron, an old and respectable merchant of New Lisbon, O., in ordering a supply says, "I have now been selling it for five or six years and find the demand increasing, many of my customers taking as high as six bottles at a time. In fact, we never had such a remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Swellings, Burns and Pains."

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
SIMON JOHNSTON, Sole Agent,
de30 corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

TO HORSE OWNERS.—DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any; in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises, or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may easily be prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,
Corner of the Diamond and Market streets.

PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &c., &c.

French, English and American
HANDKERCHIEF EXTRACTS
TOILET WATERS— Cologne, Orange, Florida, &c.
POMADES AND HAIR OILS
MAGNOLIA BALM, in great variety.
MILK OF ROSES, and
PARISIAN LOTION.
SOAPS—Honey, Musk, Glycerine, Jocky Club, &c., with a choice assortment of Fancy Goods.

For sale by
SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
And dealer in choice Family Medicines,
de23 Corner of Smithfield and Fourth streets.

BEFORE HAVING YOUR

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN,

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM.

This elegant preparation renders the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a marble purity.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
And Dealer in choice Family Medicines,
Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

A full assortment of Rouge (liquid and dry) Pearl Powders, Chalk Balls, Robin' Genuine Moon Pen, &c., always on hand. de16

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

Whereas a libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States of America for the Western District of Pennsylvania, on the twenty-sixth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, by Robert B. Carnahan, Esq., attorney of the United States, on behalf of the United States, alleging in substance that a certain Steamboat called the ISAAC HAMMETT, and of the following dimensions and description, to wit: In length 120 feet, in breadth 24 feet, in depth 5 feet; measures 146 50-95 tons; is a steamer; has a wheel stern, a cabin on deck and plain head, and is now lying at the port of Pittsburgh, in said district, and is owned in part by one Victor Wilson, a citizen resident and inhabitant of the State of Mississippi; that in pursuance of the Act of Congress, approved July 13th, 1861, the President of the United States issued his proclamation, dated August 16th, 1861, declaring *inter alia* that the inhabitants of the State of Mississippi are in a state of insurrection against the United States, and that from and after fifteen days from said August 16th, 1861, all ships and vessels belonging in whole or in part to any citizen or inhabitant of said State of Mississippi found in any part of the United States would be forfeited to the United States, and that said steamboat owned as aforesaid was so found in the port of Pittsburgh upon that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said vessel, her tackle, apparel and furniture, or any interest therein, or lien thereon, or in any manner interested in the same, that they be and appear before the said District Court, at the city of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of January next, (1862,) at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon of that day, if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

A. MURDOCH,
U. S. Marshal for the Western District of Penn'a.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 27th, 1861.—de30:did

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of LOUGHRIDGE & MAXWELL, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1861. The business will be continued by JAMES LOUGHRIDGE, at the old stand, No. 72 Wood street, Pittsburgh, where all debts due to the late firm are to be paid, and those due from the same discharged. JAMES LOUGHRIDGE.
January 1, 1861. WILLIAM M. MAXWELL.

I cheerfully recommend my late partner, Mr. JAMES LOUGHRIDGE, to the patronage of all the former friends and customers of the firm.
ja2:1wnd WILLIAM M. MAXWELL.

LOST, MISLAID OR STOLEN—One CERTIFICATE OF LOAN OF THE COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, State of Pennsylvania, signed by the County Commissioners, dated February 1st, 1856, for TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, bearing interest, payable semi-annually, principal due February 1st, 1866. Also, ONE CERTIFICATE OF LOAN FROM THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY, each of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, dated June 4th, 1847, bearing interest, payable semi-annually, principal due October 1st, 1862. The above described Bonds will be of no use to any person but to myself as I have stopped payment on them at the proper time.
de31:3td MARTIN VOEGTLY.

SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY.—These will be a meeting of the citizens of the Second Ward, Allegheny, at the SCHOOL HOUSE, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of putting into nomination a ticket for Ward Officers, subject to the decision of the Primary Meeting to be held on Saturday evening. ja2:1ts

TO LANDLORDS.—Any person having a SMALL DWELLING HOUSE to rent on the FIRST OF APRIL NEXT—say five or six rooms—at a moderate rent, within five minutes' walk from the Post-Office, can find a good tenant by applying to B. B. H., at THIS OFFICE.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership of DILWORTH & BIDWELL expired by limitation on the 1st inst. Either partner will settle the business, at their office, corner Water street and Cherry alley. JOSEPH DILWORTH.
D. W. C. BIDWELL.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1862.—ja2:2w*

STRAYED—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Union township, near the Little Saw-Mill Run Railroad, about three months since, a stray BULL; is three years old and is black. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away or he will be sold according to law. FRANCIS M. BEYDA.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Situated in the thriving village of Mansfield, four miles from the city. The lot has a front on Main street of 80 feet, and extending back 300 feet to an alley, on which are erected a two story dwelling, finished in good style, with double portico, a large stable and carriage house; good water, variety of fruit, choice selections, vegetable garden, &c. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Apply to
ja2 B. M'LAIN & CO.

1862 ALMANACS of all kinds for sale at HUNT'S.

DIARIES.—Another large supply has been received. HUNT'S.

HOLIDAY PRESENTATION BOOKS closing out at cost at HUNT'S.

INITIALS STAMPED ON PAPER AND ENVELOPES at HUNT'S.

NOTE, CAP, LETTER BILL, BILLET AND OTHER PAPERS for sale at HUNT'S.

MEMORANDUM BOOKS, PASS BOOKS, &c., for sale at HUNT'S.

Everything in the BOOK, STATIONERY, MAGAZINE AND PERIODICAL LINE, at Wholesale and Retail at J. P. HUNT'S,
Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

The demand for HUNT'S UNION STATIONERY PORTFOLIOS is so great as ever. They are the best things out. In them you get more Stationery of as good quality than in any other way for the money.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—WM. P. ALCOTT, A. B., of Boston, (up stairs,) on MONDAY, Jan. 6, 1862. Terms as in similar schools. For further information address Box 653, Allegheny P. O.

REFERENCES—Rev. Hopkins, D. D., LL. D., President of Williams' College; Hon. J. D. Philbrick, Supt. Boston Public Schools; S. H. Taylor, LL. D., Principal of Phillips' Academy, Andover, Mass.; A. T. Douthett, Supt. Allegheny Co. Schools; Rev. Drs. Elliott, Page, Plumner and Swift, Allegheny City.
de30:1wxs

THOS. J. HUNTER, having dissolved his connection with Jacob Weaver, Jr., has opened a Commission and Storage Warehouse on the corner of Duquesne Way and Hand street, for the purpose of dealing in CRUDE AND LUBRICATING OILS. Advances made on consignments. Orders promptly filled. (de28:d1w) THOS. J. HUNTER.

THOS. J. HUNTER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND DEALER IN CRUDE OILS,

de28:1yd Corner Hand street and Duquesne Way.

DIARIES FOR 1862.—A large and choice variety, all styles, from the plainest to the most elegant, for sale at low prices by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
ja1 Stationers, 57 Wood street.

BILL PAPER—Long and Broad, Blue and White, wide and close ruled—extra quality, for sale by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
ja1 Stationers, 57 Wood street.

STEAM JOB PRINTING.—Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Price Lists, Posters, Addressed Envelopes, and every description of Job Printing executed neatly at short notice, by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
ja1 Steam Job Printers, 57 Wood street.

POTATOES—400 bushels prime Jersey Peach Blossom Potatoes in store and for sale by
CULP & SHEPARD,
de31 No. 242 Liberty street.

BUTTER AND EGGS—
4 boxes fresh Roll Butter,
3 barrels fresh Eggs,
Just received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETTER,
de31 Corner Market and First streets.

DRY GOODS.

CLOSING OUT SALE

TO TAKE STOCK.

CHARLES GIPNER,

No. 78 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH,

Is now closing out his extensive stock of

EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS

AND

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock, as we are determined to close out our stock

CHEAP FOR CASH.

ja3

EXAMINE THEM.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

TO

CASH BUYERS,

Preparatory to taking our annual inventory we have determined to

Close out our Stock of Fancy

DRESS GOODS,

Shawls, Cloaks,

NEEDLE WORK, &C.,

At a Great Reduction in Price.

LAWNS, BERAGES, DUCALS & ROBES

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST.

C. HANSON LOVE,

NO. 74 MARKET STREET

TO

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL

BUYERS

OF

DRY GOODS.

BARKER & CO.,

NO. 59 MARKET STREET,

Have an immense stock of

4-4 Brown Sheetings at 10c and up.
Bleached Sheetings at 8c and up.
Prints at 8c and upwards.

ALSO,

TICKINGS, DELAINES, CHECKS, ETC.,

At the same rates. de28

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

CHEAP.

REMNANTS FRENCH MERINOS.

REMNANTS MOUS DE LAINES.

REMNANTS COBURGS.

EMBROIDERIES, cheapest in the city.

SHAWLS CHEAP.

CLOAKS CHEAP.

GENTS' SHAWLS.

ALL WOOL DE LAINES CHEAP.

WOOL DE LAIN ROBES

FOR $5,00, WORTH $14,00.

Now is the time to secure bargains. de28

CLOSING OUT SALE,

TO TAKE STOCK,

AT

No. 77 Market Street.

As we desire to reduce our stock as low as possible previous to taking our annual inventory on Feb. 1st, we will continue to supply our customers with the unusually good bargains we have been giving them. Our stock of

WOOLEN GOODS

is very complete, and will now be sold at reduced prices. Our assortment of

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS

is still choice and will be closed out at VERY LOW PRICES. We have just received a large lot of those superior

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

at $1,50 per dozen, such as we have been selling; also, some at 75c., 80c. and $1,00 per dozen. We are in constant receipt of fresh importations of

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

in choice colors and at low prices, which we commend to our Retail and Wholesale trade.

HOOPSKIRTS, CORSETTS, HAIRNETS, HEAD DRESSES, LINEN COLLARS AND SETS, CHEMISES YOKES, FANTALETTS, &c., always on hand.
de28 JOS. HORNE.

57 PIECES PAPER CAMBRIC,

ALL CHOICE COLORS;

GINGHAMS, SHIRTING CHECKS,

AND BROWN SHEETING,

At Wholesale only.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
de28 Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street.

REAL BUCK GAUNTLETS AND GLOVES.

Just the thing for Soldiers' use.

PLAIN AND STRIPED

FLANNEL OVER-SHIRTS.

All new styles, just received by

EATON, MACRUM & CO., 17 Fifth st.
de27

PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

NEW STYLE FRAMES

FOR CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,

at 25 cents and upwards.

10 doz. just received by

EATON, MACRUM & CO., 17 Fifth st.
de28

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

300 BALMORAL SKIRTS,

All Bright Colors,

Just Received and Sold Wholesale and Retail by

EATON, MACRUM & CO., 17 Fifth st.
de28

DRY GOODS.

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT

CHAS. GIPNER'S,

NO. 78 MARKET STREET.

Having very recently returned from the East, I am now happy to inform my customers and the public generally that I am now prepared to offer them the

Handsomest and Cheapest

Stock of Goods

IN THE CITY.

EMBROIDERIES.

Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
FROM 37½ CENTS TO $5,00.
Embroidered Collars,
FROM 12½ CENTS TO $5,00.
Embroidered Sets,
FROM 50 CENTS TO $10,00.
Embroidered Mourning Handkere'fs.
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings.
Embroidered Muslin Bands.
Embroidered Skirts.
Infants' Emb'd Caps and Waists.
Infants' Embroidered Robes.

WOOLEN GOODS.

WOOLEN HOODS,
NUBIAS AND SONTAGS,
WOOLEN SCARFS,
WOOLEN SLEEVES,
CHILDRENS' MUFFATTES,
GAITERS AND ARMLETS,
WOOLEN YARNS—ALL COLORS.

Gloves and Gauntlets.

KID GLOVES.
SILK GLOVES,
LADIES' WOOLEN GLOVES,
SILK GAUNTLETS.
FLEECY-LINED GAUNTLETS.
WOOLEN GAUNTLETS.

HOSIERY.

White Woolen Hose,
Drab Woolen Hose,
Black Woolen Hose,
Fleeced White Cotton Hose,
Fleeced Drab Cotton Hose,
Fleeced Black Cotton Hose.
Silk and Merino Hosiery.

Dress Trimmings.

SILK TRIMMINGS,
GIMPS, VELVES RIBBONS,
GUIPURE LACE,
SILK BUTTONS,
VELVET BUTTONS,
STEEL BUTTONS,
FRENCH CORSETS FOR 62½ CTS.,
MECHANIC CORSETS,
UGENIE BODICES.
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
&c., &c., &c.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

SHIRTS, COLLARS, NECK-TIES,
MERINO SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
&c., &c., &c.

FANCY GOODS.

FANCY BOXES, BERLIN WIRE FORTEMONNAIES, LEATHER CASES, LEATHER BASKETS, NEEDLE BOOKS, SHELL COMBS, &c.

All are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be undersold.

CHARLES GIPNER,
de17:newT 78 MARKET STREET.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

HOLIDAY GIFTS

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

REAL FRENCH AND SCOTCH EMBROIDERIES, LACE AND LACE TRIMMED COLLARS AND SETS, LACE TRIMMED HEM STITCHED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, &c., &c., *ALL SOLD AT N. YORK COST TO CLOSE OUT.*

HOLIDAY GIFTS

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF NOTABLE MEN AND WOMEN, NEW STYLE FRAMES FOR PHOTOGRAPHS, PORTMONNAIES, SATCHELS, AND MANY FANCY ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR GIFTS.

HOLIDAY GIFTS

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

REAL SCOTCH BALMORAL SKIRTS, BEST HOOP SKIRTS OF ALL SIZES, NEW STYLE. GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS, SOLFORINO AND BLACK AND SCARLET AND BLACK BALMORAL HOSE, &c.

HOLIDAY GIFTS

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT HEAD DRESSES, NUBIAS, HOODS AND SCARFS, SONTAGS, TALMAS, SLEEVES, MITTS, &c., &c., &c.

HOLIDAY GIFTS

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

GENTLEMEN'S NECK TIES, POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, SCARFS, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS AND HOSE, FINE SHIRTS AND COLLARS, FANCY OVER-SHIRTS, ALL KINDS OF UNDER-SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, &c., &c., &c.

We invite the attention of buyers to our assortment, as we are closing out at greatly reduced prices.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.
de28:4td Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street.

THE HOLIDAYS OF 1861-'62.

FIRST CLASS STANDARD LITERATURE, *ENGLISH AND AMERICAN ISSUES,* Of the FINEST EDITIONS and most SUMPTUOUS BINDINGS, including a splendid assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
CARD PHOTOGRAPHS
JUVENILES IN GREAT VARIETY,
the most attractive London Editions.
WRITING DESKS AND PORTFOLIOS, &c.,
Now ready at
DAVIS' BOOK STORE,
de23 93 Wood street.

NEW CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, &c.,

AT

M'CALLUM'S,

No. 87 Fourth Street,

Bought previous to the late advance in prices, of which the fullest advantage is offered to purchasers FOR CASH.
de13

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

McCORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

Are now receiving a very large