Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 4, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth street,—corrected daily:

	IN SUN	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	28
12 " M.	00	32
6 " P. M.		31
Barometer,		29 8-10

Republican City Committee.

In accordance with the resolution which was adopted by the late City Republican Union Convention, I have appointed the following gentlemen as the City Executive Committee:

First Ward—JOHN H. SARBER, G. W. COFFIN.
Second do —WM. WOODS, JAS. M. LAUGHLIN.
Third do —D. B. FERGUSON, G. W. LEONARD.
Fourth do.—W. F. JOHNSTON, SAM'L LIKENS, Jr.
Fifth do —JOSEPH KATE, DAVID MERCER.
Sixth do —A. G. M'CANDLESS, J. W. M'GIMPSEY.
Seventh do —JAMES I. BENNETT, LEWIS BOLL.
Eighth do —D. HUTCHINSON, F. FREDERICKS.
Ninth do —WM. WILLS, WM. WILLIAMS.

Hon. W. F. JOHNSTON will act as Chairman of the Committee.

THOS. F. WILSON,
Chairman City Convention.

Shocking Accident in Allegheny.

On Monday afternoon, an accident of a painful (and it may be fatal) character occurred on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, on the West Common, Allegheny. A lad named Monteith, son of Thomas Montoith, cabinet maker, residing on Carroll street, near Federal, in the Second ward, had both legs shockingly crushed by falling from a car upon the track. It seems that a large number of boys attending the Second Ward School, are in the habit of repairing to the railroad track, and spending much of their time in riding on the trains passing between the city and the outer depot. The trains are required to run slowly, and the boys are thus enabled to jump on and off. On the evening named, young Monteith, who is not yet eleven years of age, attempted to catch upon a passing train, but missed his footing and fell upon the track. The wheels of the car passed over both legs, crushing the bone between the ankle and the knee, and lacerating the flesh in a horrible manner. He was picked up in an insensible condition, but soon recovered sufficiently to tell where his parents lived. Dr. Dickson was called, but he decided not to amputate the limbs, as the little sufferer would most likely have died in the operation. He was still living last evening, but his recovery is hardly possible—and even though he should live, he must be crippled for life.

The proximity of the Second Ward School to the railroad track, and the recklessness displayed by the boys in jumping upon the trains, has caused serious alarm in the minds of hundreds of parents. The officers on the trains are not to blame, as they do all in their power to keep the boys off. What then is to be done? Some suggest that the track be fenced; but this would not, in our opinion, remedy the evil. Boys care nothing now-a-days for fences. The Railroad Company, under their contract with the city, agreed to keep a watchman stationed at the crossing on Pasture lane, and another at the Marion avenue crossing, and if this was done the watchmen might at the same time do much towards keeping the boys off the track. The law should, at all events, be complied with.

The boys may take warning from this sad case. Young Monteith had been cautioned almost daily not to go on the track, but in his love of fun he forget or disregarded this advice, and will probably pay the penalty with his life.

Juvenile Thieves in Allegheny.

A few days ago we mentioned the arrest of some half-dozen boys, in Allegheny, charged with larceny. Several of these were found with stolen articles in their possession, and were sent to the House of Refuge by Mayor Drum. They belonged to a gang known as the "Forty Thieves," and it would really seem that they have not been inappropriately styled, either as regards character or numbers. On Tuesday, three more of the gang were brought before Mayor Drum, charged with stealing three bundles of wrapping paper from the store of Mrs. Cochran, on Federal street. It seems that each lad grabbed up a bundle, and carried them to a store keeper on Ohio street, where they were sold for a mere trifle. The Mayor held each of them to bail to answer at the next term of Court. The parents of these boys are respectable citizens, and the lads have no other motive for acting in this way than to obtain spending money.

Mayor Drum informs us that a large number of boys are now engaged in pilfering from the store doors in Allegheny, and the evil has become a matter of some concern. A few days ago, half a dozen hats were stolen from the store door of Mr. Pratt, and at another time a lad entered Mr. Benney's store and was caught with a cap secreted under his coat. There seems to be some infatuation operating upon the minds of these boys, no doubt growing out of the Jack Shepherd training which they receive in the gang. There is a fearful responsibility resting upon their parents, for neglect of proper teaching, and especially for permitting their boys to run about the streets at night. A boy who deserts the fireside, and spends his evenings in idleness, will grow up either a loafer or a rogue, and probably both. Parents, on the other hand, should make home comfortable and attractive, and not drive their boys out by unkindness, as many lads are ruined in that way. The correction of the evil is worthy the attention of every parent, as the facts we have just related abundantly prove.

NEGRO FINED FOR MARRYING A WHITE WOMAN.—In the Probate Court of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, a few days ago, a colored man named West was tried upon an indictment for marrying a white woman. West pleaded guilty to the charge, and was fined one cent. The Judge remarked that he regretted that there were no half-cents, as that would have been the measure of his damages; that the law was ridiculous; that when a white woman makes up her mind to marry a negro, there should be no restraint but that imposed by taste; that it was better to have legitimate mulattoes than "contrabands."

SECOND WARD NOMINATIONS.—The Republicans of the Second Ward, Pittsburgh, have made the following nominations for ward offices and Council: Judge of Election—Geo. F. Gilmore. Inspector—Thomas B. Davitt. Select Council—James R. Reed. Common Council—Reese Owens, James K. Morange. School Directors—John Wilson, John Marshall, (two years); Samuel Fahnestock, C. Hasbrouck, (one year). Assessor—Robert Rodgers. Constable—John Herron.

BEAR KILLED.—Mr. Joseph Motz, of Brushvalley township, Indiana county, on Tuesday last, killed a huge bear in his neighborhood somewhere, which would have yielded 400 pounds or upwards of meat, and was very fat. It was so badly mangled as to be unfit for use, further than to extract the oil—one hind quarter of which yielded two gallons of oil.

FINED.—A countryman named Geo. Ewart, from Brush creek, was yesterday fined one dollar and costs, by Mayor Drum, for violation of a city ordinance requiring all meat sold in market, in quarter or bulk, to be weighed on the city scales. He undertook to weigh "on his own hook."

HANDSOME DONATIONS.—The Home Guards of the First Ward, Allegheny, Captain Hambright, at their regular monthly meeting, held on Monday evening, voted a donation of $25 to the Sanitary Committee, and $25 to the Ladies' Relief Society, of Allegheny.

BURNED TO DEATH.—Mrs. Peddicord, of Centre township, Indiana county, wife of John Peddicord, had her clothes taken fire, some time since, and was so badly burned that she died on the 16th ult., from the effects.

WE invite attention to the advertisement for a partner in the barbon oil business. The chance of getting into a profitable business on a small capital is a good opp.

LARCENY.—A colored boy named Nado Smith was locked up in the watch-house, last evening, charged with stealing eleven dollars from a little white boy.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.—The greatest bargains in cloaks, shawls, silks, merinoes and dress goods will be found at Barker's, 59 Market street.

FROM YESTERDAY'S EVENING GAZETTE.

The City Republican Convention.

The delegates chosen on Saturday last, by the Republican voters of the city, met in Convention, yesterday, at ten o'clock, in the Supreme Court Room, to nominate candidates for the office of Mayor, Controller and Treasurer.

The Convention was called to order by Thomas F. Wilson, Esq., Chairman of the City Committee, who read the call.

John A. Sargeant and D. B. Ferguson, Esqs., were chosen temporary Secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then received, and the following gentlemen admitted to seats:

First Ward—George Wilson, John H. Sarber, G. W. Coffin, John Gracey and R. C. Elliott.
Second Ward—George Wilson, Thomas F. Wilson, Wm. Owens, Jr., J. S. Laughlin and J. C. May.
Third Ward—Andrew Sloan, Casper Gang, D. B. Ferguson, C. S. Kennedy and Alexander Mitchell.
Fourth Ward—J. Davis, Thomas Mitchell, W. T. Ferguson, John Maguire and W. S. Lately.
Fifth Ward—George Caughey, George Hill, James Taylor, Joseph Kaye and Jos. Schmidt.
Sixth Ward—A. G. McCandless, Jos. A. Butler, Jno. Wallace, John Lowry, Jr. and Jared M. Brush.
Seventh Ward—Robert Thompson, Jacob Boll, Wm. J Moore, C. W. Hubbard and John Lierzayf.
Eighth Ward—J. A. Sergeant, John Nixon, Joseph Caskey, C. Bleurman and F. Frederick.
Ninth Ward—D. McClelland, T. W. Welsh, J. B. Nobles, D. Crawford and Thos. M. De Arndt.

On motion, Wm. Woods was duly substituted for Mr. May, of the Second Ward, who was absent; and John Allen was substituted for Mr. Bleurman, of the Eighth Ward.

The next business in order was the election of permanent officers.

A. G. M'Candless and Thomas F. Wilson were nominated for President.

Dr. M'Candless declined, and Mr. Wilson was chosen Chairman by acclamation.

Messrs. Sargeant and Ferguson were chosen permanent Secretaries.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to nominate candidates for Mayor, Controller and Treasurer, as follows:

For Mayor—B. C. Sawyer, Jr., and James Lowry.

For Controller—John McCargo, John McGreggor, Wm. J. Howard and Sam'l Allinder.

For Treasurer—Wm. Eichbaum.

On motion of Jared M. Brush, Mr. Eichbaum was nominated as the candidate for Treasurer, by acclamation.

Dr. M'Candless moved that the Convention proceed to vote for Mayor and Controller viva voce. Not agreed to.

Mr. Wallace moved that the Convention vote by ballot, which was carried.

The result of the ballot was as follows:

FOR MAYOR.

Sawyer,	30	Lowry,	14

Mr. Sawyer, having received a majority, was declared the nominee.

On motion of Dr. M'Candless, the nomination was made unanimous.

Mr. Sarber moved that a committee of three be appointed to notify Mr. Sawyer of his nomination. Agreed to—and the Chair appointed Messrs. Sarber, McCandless and Lately.

The Committee soon after appeared, in company with Mr. Sawyer, who was introduced to the Convention by the President, and spoke as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: I may properly avail myself of the present time and place to return my thanks to my fellow-citizens, and you their representatives, for the distinguished mark of confidence just announced; and I may briefly say, that should your preference be endorsed at the ballot box, whatever ability I may possess will be exerted to promote the welfare of my fellow-citizens and the honor and credit of our city.

The remarks were greeted with applause, and Mr. Sawyer retired from the stand.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for Controller, with the following result.

FOR CONTROLLER.

John M'Cargo,	25	Samuel Allinder,	10
John M'Greggor,	4	W. J. Howard,	5

Mr. McCargo, having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Controller, and on motion the nomination was made unanimous.

The Committee appointed to notify Mr. Sawyer of his nomination, were requested to give similar notice to Messrs. McCargo and Eichbaum.

Mr. Sarber offered the following, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the Chair be authorized to appoint a City Executive Committee, consisting of two persons from each ward.

A motion was made to adjourn, whereupon the Chairman took occasion to enjoin upon the Convention, as individuals, the necessity of supporting the nominees. They had chosen good men for the offices, and it was now the duty of every Republican to put his shoulder to the wheel and work for their election.

The Convention adjourned with three cheers for the nominees and for the Union.

Troops Moving Southward.

We learn from the Cincinnati papers that quite a large body of troops lately left that city for the South.

Williams, Pennsylvania Cavalry Regiment, from Pittsburgh for Louisville, passed down the river, early on Saturday morning, on a fleet of seven steamers.

Colonel M. S. Hascall's 17th Indiana Regiment from Western Virginia, also passed down Saturday night, from Parkersburg to Louisville, on the steamers Kenton and Silver Wave.

The 9th Ohio Regiment, Col. McCook, after being paid off, left for Louisville, on Sunday evening, on the Jacob Strader.

A battery of artillery left Cincinnati for Louisville on Sunday, on the Major Anderson.

The 10th Ohio Regiment, Colonel Lytle, were to have left for Louisville, on Sunday, on the Izetta and another steamer.

The Sixteenth Regular Infantry, about 500 strong, under command of Major Sidney Coolidge; and the 18th, about 1,200 strong, under Colonel Carrington left Columbus, Ohio, on Monday, for Louisville, Ky.

Pennsylvania Soldier Killed.

On Friday last, the body of an unknown soldier was found on the Northern Central Railroad, near Baltimore. It was subsequently identified as that of Benjamin Snyder, a member of Captain Albright's company of the Scott Regiment, from York, Pa., and was stationed at the Relay House, on the above road. He was in Baltimore on Thursday on a pass, and it was supposed attempted to jump upon some of the outward bound trains passing during Thursday night, and falling beneath the cars, was killed in the attempt. The body was horribly mangled, having been dragged some thirty or forty yards. The top of his head was crushed entirely off, and his left foot and right arm severed from the body. The body of the deceased was taken in charge by the company's agents, and forwarded to the encampment of the company to which he belonged, and from thence to York, Pa., where he has a wife and children living.

The Anderson Body Guard.

This fine Pennsylvania company arrived in the city on Monday evening, from camp near Carlisle, and took supper at the Scott House, where they were handsomely entertained. After supper, John H. Hampton, Esq., delivered an eloquent address of welcome, which was happily responded to by Captain W. J. Palmer. The company were quartered on the Argonaut, on which they left, yesterday, for "Old Kentucky." The commissioned officers are Captain, W. J. Palmer, a railroad man of much experience, and recently Private Secretary to J. Edgar Thompson; First Lieutenant, William Spencer, of Carlisle Barracks, a regular soldier of fifteen years standing; Second Lieutenant, T. S. Maple, of this city, son-in-law of Benjamin McLain, Esq., of the Sixth Ward.

MR. JOHN MCCLUNG, our present Coroner, can be found in official business, No. 50 St. Clair street, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m., and his dwelling house is on the corner of Bank lane and Rebecca street, where he can be found at any hour of the night.

NEGLEY'S BODY GUARD.—Some forty men and one hundred horses belonging to General Negley's body guard, organized in Philadelphia, are now at Camp Wilkins. The remainder are expected to-day, when the whole will leave for Kentucky.

THE NEW YORK LEDGER.—This favorite paper, next weeks number, has been received by J. P. Hunt, publishers agent, Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

TOOK HIS SEAT.—John Brown, the newly elected Associate Judge of the Common Pleas, took his seat in that Court yesterday.

FANCHON, OR THE CRICKET.—This interesting new drama was produced last night, for the first time, at the Pittsburgh theatre. Two scenes of it which we witnessed were full of dramatic interest, and riveted the attention of the audience. One was the interview of Fanchon with her grand-mother, who plays witch "to make money." "It pays better than doctering." The old woman berates the "Cricket," and is about to strike her, when she rises up with great spirit—enacted by Miss Mitchell with genuine passion—seizes the staff, and declares that she will be struck no more. To-day she is eighteen! The charming little Cricket had her pride aroused, because she had danced with the youth she loved; and the consciousness of a new sensation swells in her bosom. But at the first mild word from her grand-mother, she melts; forgets that she is "of age;" is a child again; and carosses the old woman with a confiding and chik-like simplicity. This whole passage was rendered by Miss Mitchell with exquisite feeling and taste. The interview with Landry, immediately after, also exhibited many of the fine points of Miss Maggie's acting. She never tires, but always interests, always delights, because she is so natural—in her art she is artless. Fanchon will be repeated to-night.

Controlling Flowing Oil Wells.

The Titusville *Gazette*, of last week, gives the following important intelligence to oil men. The new system will, it is confidently believed, be effectual in checking the extraordinary flow of the wells:

"After testing and experimenting in a variety of ways, the managing director of the Buck Eye Well, Mr. George Cary, informs us that by a simple arrangement he can check off and let on at his will the flow from his well, and draw twenty or eight hundred barrels (the capacity of the well) in twenty-four hours. This, he assures us, is a complete success, and has been done repeatedly during the last ten days, and the result in every instance was in every way satisfactory to all who witnessed the operation.

SINGULAR DEATH.—Timan Sparks, of Newark, Ohio, was killed a few days ago, under the following singular circumstances:—He was sitting by the side of the railroad, two miles west of Newark, looking at the passing train. The fireman was feeding the fire under the boiler, and happening to get hold of an unmanageable stick, he carelessly pitched it off without raising his head to see where it would go. Unfortunately it struck poor Sparks square on the head, knocking him down and fracturing his skull. He lived only a few hours. Deceased leaves a wife and child.

MR. SIDDONS' LECTURE.—The lecture of J. H. Siddons, Esq., delivered last evening at Concert Hall, under the auspices of the Young Men's Library Association, was a complete success. The large Hall was filled, and the audience was well pleased, particularly with the humorous features of the entertainment. Mr. Siddons has been engaged for another lecture, on Thursday evening, entitling as his subject "An Evening with the Humorous." This will doubtless attract a large audience.

DEATH OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS.—The following soldiers have died near Washington since last report: Daniel Cancker, Ninety-sixth; Jas. Franklin, Forty-fifth; F. N. Smith and John Wise, Eleventh; Wm. Immell, Eighth.

THE COMMON PLEAS, Judge Mellon presiding, is now engaged in the trial of jury causes. As yet, no verdicts have been found.

STILL ON TRIAL.—The cases in the District Court, reported yesterday, are still on trial.

WM. FORREST, Carpenter and Joiner, Jobbing Shop Virgin alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. All kinds of House Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner. Charges moderate. Leave your orders. All orders promptly attended to.

THEY say a friend in need is a friend indeed, and so you will find buck gloves and country knit socks and large comforts, camp knives, and matches that can't be blown out, the very things to send to your friends in the army, at moderate prices, at Thompson's, corner of Wood and Liberty streets.

SOLDIERS SPECIAL NOTICE.—Do your duty to yourselves, protect your health, use Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For wounds, sores, bowel complaints and fevers, they are a perfect safeguard. Full directions how to use them with every box. Only 25 cents. 210

DOCTOR C. BEALS, Water Cure and Homœpathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

RATS! RATS!—The pests of every body are easily catched, by traps that Thompson sells at the corner of Wood and Liberty streets.

FOR SALE.—We have for sale about 2,000 lbs. of old type, together with a large lot of brass rules, etc.

Letter from Western Virginia.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PIEDMONT, Hampshire Co., Va., November 21, 1861.

This is on the dividing line between Maryland and Virginia, and is in the same county with Romney, Gen. Kelley's present station. The neighborhood was harrowed terribly by the "Secesh" before the appearance of our troops. There are no fears now, however. A small force of reliable troops could hold for any length of time that position at Romney, a mile or so from which is the gap known as the "Shades of Death," passing between almost perpendicular mountains, and in which but a very small force could gather at a time. I think the rebels will see the shades of death long before they reach there, however. Our force is well supplied with the best of artillery, and when the commander makes the next move it will be a sure one, with no drawback.

The Pittsburgh troops in the Virginia regiments are scattered about in every direction. Some are under Col. Moss, at Elkwater, some with Gen. Kelley, some at Gauley, and some at Cheat Mountain. There is very little sickness in the camps, as far as I can ascertain, and the men appear to enjoy everything except the prospect of a very hard winter at the mountain stations.

Piedmont, as you will judge from the name, is at the "foot of the mountain," and is a grand location, though nothing of a business place. Seventeen miles from here is Petersburg, at the "top of the mountain," 2,700 feet above the level of Baltimore, which is said to be about the greatest railway altitude in the United States. One of the grandest works of railway art, and probably the most striking scenery, is along the ascent of this grade, which is about 120 feet to the mile, bringing you at one point about 1,000 feet above the bed of Cheat river, which stream you can see here and there winding rapidly through the wild ravine at the base of the cliffs. It inspires a sort of terror at the same time that you admire the sublimity of the scene, while you are whizzing with apparently fearful speed down the grade. The scenes are rather rougher on the Eastern than on the Western side of the ridge, which you know is one of the grand ridges of the Alleghenies. The North Branch of the Potomac, the Little Youghiogheny, and the Cheat wind all through the valleys of this section at intervals, and it is said that in one place the head waters of these rivers and that of Kanawha can be seen at once from an elevated place, starting on their long and serpentine courses in such various directions. There is splendid and profitable trout fishing to be had in these streams, and in the mountains overlooking them deer and other game is still in comparative abundance. The soldiers are of course not permitted to fire at game, on account of the alarm such firing would of course create near a military station, and they and others must forgo such sporting until the Southern game is attended to. DEM.

MARRIED:

MCKNIGHT—RHODES.—At St. Peter's, on Saturday evening, November 29th, by E. M. Van Deusen, Mr. JAMES A. MCKNIGHT, of Washington City, to Miss S. M. RHODES, of Pittsburgh.

DIED:

REED.—On Tuesday morning, December 3d, 1861, ALEXANDER L., son of Alexander F. and Phebe M. Reed, aged 8 months and 2 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from No. 80 Corry street, Allegheny, WEDNESDAY at 10 o'clock a. m.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 3,

SENATE.—The President's Message was communicated soon after the opening of the Senate, through his private Secretary, Mr. Nicolay. It was immediately read. The usual number of Messages and accompanying documents were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, introduced the following bill:

"*Resolved*, etc., That the thanks of Congress be, and they are hereby, tendered to Capt. Samuel F. Dupont, and through him to the officers, petty officers, seamen and marines attached to the squadron in his command, for the decisive and splendid victory achieved at Port Royal on the 27th day of November last."

Mr. Grimes said he had no doubt that every Senator was prepared to vote for the resolution now, but the best course to pursue was, perhaps, to act in accordance with the President, and refer the resolution to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

The resolution was then laid aside until the formation of the standing committees.

Mr. Foster, of Conn., gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill suplementary to the act to authorize protection to be given to citizens of the United States who may discover deposits of guano, approved August, 1856.

On motion of Mr. Ponto, of N. Y., it was resolved that the Vice President appoint two members to fill the vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institute, occasioned by the death of Senator Douglas and the withdrawal and expulsion of James M. Mason, the late Senator from Virginia.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Maynard presented the credentials of Mr. Clemens, representative elect from the 4th district of Tennessee. He briefly stated the circumstances under which the election was held, saying that three members were elected in East Tennessee—men who declare for the National Constitution and for the flag under which they hoped to die. He spoke of the difficulty attending travel which prevented them from reaching Washington to attend the extra session.

On motion the credentials were referred to the Committee on Elections.

The President's Message was received at a few minutes after noon and was read.

On motion of Mr. Washburne, of Ill., the Message of the President was referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. Mr. Washburne's motion for printing 50,000 extra copies was referred to the Committee on Printing.

Mr. Dunn offered the following:

WHEREAS, Henry C. Burnett, a member of this House, from Kentucky, is in open rebellion against the government of the United States, therefore,

Resolved, That the said Burnett be and he is hereby expelled from this House, and the Governor of Kentucky be notified of his expulsion.

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms be directed not to pay Burnett's salary which has accrued since the close of the extra session.

Mr. Wickliffe, of Ky., said he had intended to prepare and submit a proposition something like an obituary notice of his late colleague. [Laughter.] The latter was not, as the resolution asserted, "in armed rebellion," but heads a Provisional Government in Kentucky, a revolutionary convention. Not satisfied with the treatment of this government to maintain the Union, nor satisfied with the course of his own State, he has assumed the important duty of organizing another government, for the better protection of the lives, property and liberty of the people of Kentucky, and in this undertaking he has employed Simon Buckner, who is not only somewhat similar in name but in the deeds of Simon Gurtiez, who once headed the Indians in Kentucky.

Three times has the gallant State of Kentucky declared by overwhelming majorities that she would not leave the United States to run after strange gods or the so-called Southern Confederacy. Notwithstanding the repeated declarations for the Union, and in violation of the well-known sentiments of Kentucky, they had been told the objects of the Convention and of the so-called Southern Confederacy, are to relieve them from despotism, and protect their rights. Ah! we were deceived. We were told by the Executive of this so-called Southern Confederacy, that it was intended to respect the condition of Kentucky, which it was pretended would not be done by the Government of the United States.

The Union men of Kentucky never did deny the right of the United States Government to occupy its soil for the exercise of the purposes imposed by the Constitution. Kentucky had acknowledged her obligations, and expressed her determination to fulfill them. The proclamation of the Governor of Kentucky deceived the people, but the legislature denounced it. Two messengers of peace were sent to the Executive of the United States, and one to the President of the Southern Government, to know what was intended to be done with Kentucky. The former said it was intended to maintain the laws and the Constitution on the United States, and that this was believed to be be the will of the people of Kentucky. The latter declared that he intended to respect the neutrality of Kentucky as understood by the Secession party in that State. But the Southern press did not tell them that he had matured a plan to assert them at three different points, nor did he tell them that there was on the statute book of the Southern government a law providing money and means, not to sustain Kentucky against oppression, but to carry her into the Southern Confederacy against the majority of two-thirds of the entire State. The Provincial Government of Kentucky was sent to Richmond. Meanwhile Mr. Burnett is at the head of the new order of affairs, in discharge of his duty, and an armed force has been gathered, composed of young, desperate and reckless men, commanded by Buckner. In conclusion Mr. Wickliffe said: "With the blessing of God I predict that by the 25th of December, no hostile foe will be found on the soil of Kentucky," [Applause.]

The resolution for the expulsion of Mr. Burnett was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Stratton, of N. J., a resolution was adopted allowing Mr. Verree, the member from the third district of Pennsylvania, twenty days to take testimony before the Recorder in Philadelphia, nearly the whole time allowed by law having been similarly consumed by Mr. Kline, who contests his seat.

Adjourned.

News from the South.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3.—The Old Point boat has arrived, bringing Southern newspapers, from which the following items are gleaned:

The reported removal of the rebel capitol from Richmond is denied.

The Southern papers are advocating the abolition of the elective franchise.

The latest advices from Pensacola represent that the fight had not been renewed. The accounts say that had the fire from Fort Pickenens been continued, Fort McRae would have been destroyed. No particulars of the affair are given.

The planters throughout the Southern seaboard are represented to be destroying their crops, lest they should fall into the hands of the Yankees.

A conspiracy of Union men in New Orleans has been discovered, causing great excitement in the city. Many suspected persons had been arrested.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 3.—The Bowling Green *Courier*, of the 29th, says that a party of rebels went yesterday to Franklin to arrest some dozen Unionists. The latter retired within a house and fired, killing one rebel, when the remainder set fire to the house, burning it and all the Unionists therein, except two.

The Atlanta *Confederacy* says that the Mayor of Augusta and the Governors of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana recommend to the Legislatures to suppress all unjust and unpatriotic speculations in the prime necessaries of life.

The Knoxville *Register* says, the Lick Creek bridge of the Tennessee and Virginia Railroad has been repaired, reopening communication between Knoxville and Bristol.

A Richmond dispatch of the 25th ult., to the Nashville *Patriot* says, Daniel Hand, formerly a merchant in Augusta and Savannah, recently of New York, was committed to jail here, suspected of treason or being a spy.

New York City Election.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The election in this city to-day resulted in the success of George Opdyke, the Republican candidate. The vote is as follows: George Opdyke, (Rep.) 25,259; C. Godfrey Smither, (Tammany Dem.) 24,889; Fernando Wood, (Mozart Dem.) 24,185.

Western Virginia Convention.

WHEELING, Dec. 3.—The Convention, today, changed the name of the new State from Kanawha to Western Virginia.

A stirring debate is expected on the slavery question.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported especially for the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

TUESDAY, December 3d, 1861.

FLOUR—The demand for Flour continues moderate, while prices although steady remain unchanged. Sale of 50 bbls Family at $5,12½; 60 do do at $5@5.15 and $5.20; 130 do do at $5,12. Extra is steady at from $4,65 to $4,75.

GROCERIES—There is no new feature to notice in the Grocery market, with the exception that Coffee is a shade higher. Sugar is held at 9¼@10c; Molasses, 47@48c, and Coffee, 16¾@17c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—The demand is fair, without, however, any change in rates; sale in three lots of 8,000 lbs, in 50 lb sacks, at $1,75 per cwt.

BACON—a shade higher: sale of 2,000 lbs Shoulders at 5¼c, and 1,000 do Sides at 6¼c.

GREEN APPLES—The receipts have fallen off considerably, in consequence of which prices are firm with an advancing tendency; sale in two lots of 70 bbls prime at $2,50 per bbl, and 79 do do on private terms.

DRIED FRUIT—unchanged; sale of 45 bush new crop Peaches, in two lots, at $2,75, and 40 do old crop Apples at $1,15.

HOMINY—has declined about 50c per bbl; sale of 5 bbls Flint at $4,50, 5 do do at $4,75, and 25 sacks do at $1,60.

BUTTER AND EGGS—unchanged; sale of 3 bbls prime Roll Butter at 11c, and 2 bbls Eggs at 16c.

CHEESE—steady, with small sales of W R at 6½@7c per lb—the latter figure for strictly prime.

BEANS—Sale of 20 bush prime White at $1,25 ⅌ bush.

CORN—unchanged; sale of 150 bush new crop at 40c per bush.

BROOM CORN—Sale of 5 tons common at $80 per ton.

BROOMS—Sale of 50 doz Extra Fancy at $2.50 per dozen.

CRANBERRIES—Sale of 3 bbls common at $6 per barrel.

OIL—The demand for Crude Oil is brisk, and considerably in excess of the supply. Refiners were offering 12½c per gall, without finding sellers; sale of 25 bbls Lubricating, from Mecca Wells at 25c ⅌ gall.

NUTS—Sales of 23 bush Walnuts at 37½c ⅌ bush, and 40 bush Chestnuts at $2.62 ⅌ bush—an advance.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE, ETC.—Below will be found a statement of the receipts of produce, etc., by river and railroad, during the twenty-four hours ending last evening:

By Railroad—21 pcs bacon, 1 bbl do, 20 sks hominy, 120 do oats, 50 hdles, 100 bbls apples, 1 bbl, 1 keg butter, 50 doz brooms, 4 bbls beans, 1 kg lard, 1 bbl cranberries, 2 do cider, 25 sks potatoes.

By River—3488 bbls flour, 1799 sks wheat, 200 bbls whisky, 59 hhds bacon, 14 tcs hams, 90 bxs soap, 352 bbls oil, 235 do alcohol, 18 sks dried fruit, 334 bbls apples, 15 bxs candles, 77 bgs potatoes, 115 kgs, 10 bbls butter, 115 bxs, 10 butts, 15 bbls, 1 case tobacco, 100 bgs corn meal, 99 bbls molasses, 61 sks rye, 32 bbls ale, 20 hides, 7 bbls tallow, 30 sks buckwheat flour, 102 bxs cheese, 100 bbls high wines, 372 hogs.

Imports by River.

CINCINNATI—per Iowa—1141 bbls flour, 223 do alcohol, 59 bbls tobacco, 106 kgs do, 229 sks & CO., 13 bbls whisky, 5 do dried fruit, Clarke & co; 216 do flour, Leech & Hutchinson; 70 do do, 4 tcs hams, Jno Grier; 5 carboys ammonia, B & F, Fahnestock & co; 20 bbls crude oil, Jas Bonney, jr; 100 bgs corn meal, A J Hagan; 52 carboys, Jas Irwin; 50 bxs soap, Lambert & Shipton; 50 bbls whisky, A Bellou; 99 do molasses, McDonald & Arbuckle; 300 bbls petroleum, Sellers, Canfield & co; 211 empty oil bbls, J A McKnight; 10 tcs hams, W B Hays & co; 2 pkgs books, A H Ewing; 2 bxs do, J R Welding; 8 bbls extract coffee, 35 bxs do, F Guttendorf; 14 bbls lard, 17 lard oil presses, F Sellers & co; 5 bbls crackers, 15 bxs candles, Jno Walkinshaw; 15 bxs soap, S Lindsey; 25 do do, J S Ditworth & co; 2 bbls liquor, Tiernan & Gutty; 2 do do, Wm Clayton; 5 do do, Jas Bryar & co; 5 do lard oil, Jas Bryar & co; 5 do lard oil, B L Fahnestock & co; 4 do apples, G W Payne; 11 pkgs furniture, T B Young & co; 5 do do, A Milliken; 77 bgs potatoes, 20 do wheat, Eli Spence; 100 bbls apples, Haynolds; 20 do do, owner; 2 spring wagons, Capt E Succop.

WHEELING—per MINEHA—237 sks lags, 5 bxs mdse, 2 cks wine, Clarke & co; 5 bales wadding, Wilson, Carr & co; 61 sks rye, Thos Moon; lot machinery, Whitfield; 26 oil bbls, Ardisco oil co; 10 do do, G W Johnston; 29 do do, Hutchinson & co; 15 bbls ale, J Bryar & co; 10 do do, J Ross; 7 do do, W H Hurst; 1 show case, F D Briggs; 26 green hides, 7 bbls tallow, G H Anderson; 4 bbls scrap iron, Zug & Painter; 4 do oil, W A McClurgit; bdls saddle trees, H W Ulert; 1 bbl, A Martin; 36 oil bbls, 2 bxs goods, 30 bxs cheese Jas Collins & co; 18 bbls flour, 35 sks buckwheat flour Carson & co; 38 bxs cheese, J B Canfield & co; 46 do do, H Dalzell & son; 10 do do, Beck & Lazear; 138 bdls shovel handles, 104 tar cans, Newmyer & Graff; 7 kgs butter, Adams Express co; 24 bbls oil, Childs & McClelland; 4 do do, Reis & Berger.

LOUISVILLE—per SHENANGO—14 bbls whisky, 1301 do flour, 108 kgs, 16 bbls butter, 24 bbls, 115 bxs, 1520 bgs wheat, Clarke & co; 80 bbls flour, H Biddle; 20 carboys ammonia, B A Fahnestock & co; 200 bbls apples, McDonald & Arbuckle; 10 butts tobacco, Wm Cooper; 15 bbls, 1 case do, Martin Hoyl.

PORTSMOUTH—per J. B. FORD—50 tons pig metal, Wilson, Carr & co; 100 bbls high wines, 30 do flour, Clarke & co; 1550 staves, H Langdon; 38 oil bbls, 3000 staves, Edgerton & Stewart; 373 hogs, T W Bolles.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.—Dec. 3.—20 sks hominy, L H Voigt & co; 68 pkgs bxs, J C W H & co; 1 kg tobacco, F Bollier; 7 bbls apples, 1 do cider, H Gerwig & co; 12 oil bbls, Brewer, Sill & co; 5 do do, Hutchinson & co; 6 bbls oil, B A Fahnestock & co; 130 oil bbls, G F Scaife; 10 bbls apples, 1 do beans, 1 bbl, 1 kg butter, 1 do lard, 1 do bacon, 23 bbls flour, 126 bush oats, 22 do potatoes, Atwell, Lee & co; 29 pcs thimble skeins, McWhinney, Hare & co; 8 bales forks, Lippincott & co; 4 bbls scrap iron, Jones & Laughlins; 30 hides, Hays & Stewart; 6 bbls old copper, C G Hussey & co; lot drugs, B A Fahnestock & co.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—Nov. 30.—4 bbls apples, 1 kg lard, McDonald & Arbuckle; 29 bbls apples, Jas A Fetzer; 3 do beans, 21 pcs bacon, 1 ham Gerker; 1 car iron ore, Lewis Dalzell & co; 3 do do, G & J H Shoenberger; 30 bbls apples, Atwell, Lee & co; 1 bbl cider, 1 do cranberries, 5 do apples, Mathias Bahr; 25 sks potatoes, W Stewart; 40 doz, 50 hf doz brooms, Isaac B Lee.

River News.

THE RIVER AND WEATHER—ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—GEN. ANDERSON'S BODY GUARD—BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY, ETC., ETC.—The river at this point continues to decline steadily, with scant ten feet by the marks last evening. The weather yesterday was cloudy and cold with indications of snow.....Business at the wharf continues quite brisk, the receipts being heavy, with a fair amount of shipments. The Iowa from Cincinnati, J. B. Ford from Portsmouth, and Shenango from Louisville, all having full cargoes, constitute the arrivals. The Rocket for Portsmouth, Emma Graham for Zanesville, Citizen for Evansville, and Argonaut for St. Louis, with fair trips, were the departures. The Argonaut had an excellent trip, including Gen. Anderson's Body Guard, one hundred strong, which goes to Louisville. They were a fine looking body of men, and when an opportunity is offered will doubtless give a good account of themselves. The Citizen had a number of horses belonging to the same company.....The Commercial, Tycoon, Tigress and St. Louis left Cincinnati for this city during Saturday and