Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 22, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 65 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	54
12 " M.	00	60
3 P. M.		50
Barometer		29.8-10

An Officer of the "Roundhead" Regiment to be Court-Martialed.

Among the latest items of intelligence from Port Royal, South Carolina, is an order from Brigadier-General Sherman, as follows:

A General Court-Martial is hereby appointed to meet at Head quarters of the Second Brigade, on the 18th day of November, 1861, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trail of Second Lieut. William Hammond, Roundhead Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, and such other prisoners as may be brought before it.

The Court consists of the following officers: Colonel Ben. C. Crist, Fifteth Reg. Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Lieut. Col. James Armstrong, Roundhead Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Major Amasa B. Watson, Eighth Regiment, Michigan Volunteers.

Captain M. M. Dawson, Roundhead Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Captain Gordon C. Dimock, Fifteth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Captain William H. Tillord, Fifteth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Captain Gilbert E. Pratt, Eighth Michigan.

First Lieutenant John A. Rogers, Fifteth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Captain Alfred B. Turner, Eighth Michigan; and four others.

First Lieutenant P. Blair, Roundhead Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, is appointed Judge Advocate of the Court.

The charges against Lieutenant Hemmond are not specified, and hence we are left in the dark as to his offence.

Seat to be Contested.

On Tuesday last a petition was presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, of Washington county, contesting the election of Wm. Vankirk, Esq., as Associate Judge, claiming that T. McCarrell, Esq., (the Democratic candidate) is duly elected. The grounds of the contest are, that the votes of the soldiers (which, if thrown out of the count, would elect McCarrell) given out of the county and State are unconstitutional; and further, that in the case of some of the companies, whose votes are returned, (for example, the companies which were in camp at Uniontown,) the officers holding the elections were not duly commissioned, and hence unauthorized to hold such elections. A rule was granted on Mr. Vankirk, returnable to next term. Upon the presentation of the petition, Judge Gilmore expressed his opinion that the law authorizing the soldiers to vote beyond their regular places of voting was contrary to the Constitution. Judge Lindsey will hold the next term of Court, and the case will be tried before him and Associate Judge Hart.

Another New Steamer.

The indomitable energy of our firemen has added another Steamer to those now in use, and it will not be long until all the old hand engines are superseded. The new Steamer lately contracted for by the Duquesne Fire Company has arrived, and is now being "rubbed up" for a public trial. She is similar, in nearly every particular, to the Vigilant, was made by the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, Manchester, N. H., and weighs 4,400 lbs. On one side is a silver plate, bearing the inscription: Presented Duquesne Fire Co., by Citizens of Second Ward, Pittsburgh. Committee—Wm. M. Lyon, J. K. Moorhead, John L. Boyd, William Phillips.

Death from Intemperance—Inquest.

Yesterday, Coroner Bostwick held an inquest upon the body of Catharine O'Hare, who was found dead in her bed at the residence of a friend on Quarry street, near Wesley Chapel. The deceased was about twenty-eight years of age, and had for several years been addicted to intemperance. Lately she had been known as a common vagrant, and her last "spree" snapped the cord of her miserable existence. The jury after hearing some testimony in reference to the habits of the deceased, found a verdict of "death from intemperance."

Supreme Court.

THURSDAY, Nov. 21.—Present, full Bench.

Lothrop vs. Wightman; D. C. Argued by Hopkins and Baird for Plaintiff in Error, and by Shaler and MacConnell contra.

Dunn and wife vs. Negley; C. P. Argued by Shaler for Plaintiff in Error, and by Marshall contra.

Court adjourned until Monday, Nov. 25th, when the list for Erie, Crawford, Jefferson and Forest will be taken up—which will conclude the present session of the Court.

District Court.

Thursday, Nov. 21.—Before Judge Williams.

Jacob Hochuly vs. Caroline Wolff. Action for slander. Verdict for defendant.

John Blakely vs. Ernest Steifel. Action on a mortgage. The jury found a special verdict.

DEATH OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS.—The following soldiers have died near Washington city since last report: W. T. Tyrell, 2d U. S. Cavalry; S. McChesney, 10th Pa. Reserves; A. Leonard, 1st Pa. Artillery; H. Allbright, musician, 53d Pa. Regiment; P. Gavin, 53d Pa. Regiment; William Bierly, 2d U. S. Artillery; Level Divis. 49th Pa.; Peter Lynch, 18th Pa.; Thomas Dixon and J. H. Wilde, 45th Pa.; J. Grotz, 40th Pa.; Wm. Stoniele, 12th Pa.; J. Kenzzie and F. Schmidt, 55th Pa.; R. Wetzel, 47th Pa. Regiment, and Lt. G. W. Snyder, U. S. engineer corps.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY FOR DECEMBER.—This young giant of our periodical literature holds on its course triumphantly—and now, at the close of its eighth volume, gives promise of still increased energy and enterprise for the coming year. The number before us, however, is so good that we would hold it unreasonable to ask for any better. Now is the time to subscribe, which can be done by a call at the store of Mr. John P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth st.

HAMPFIELD RAILROAD.—The stockholders of this road held their annual meeting on Monday, at Washington, Pa. The Receiver, Mr. Acheson, presented his report for the last year. The following Directors were elected for the ensuing year: C. M. Reed, Wm. McKennon, James C. Clarke, Thos. Sweeney, J. C. Acheson, S. Brady, Jos. Henderson. At a meeting of the Directors, held the same day, C. M. Reed was elected President; Jos. Henderson, Secretary and Treasurer, and Jas. C. Acheson, Assistant Secretary.

BURNED TO DEATH.—A little girl fourteen months old, a daughter of Mr. Peter McGinn, of Mahoning, Ohio, was so badly burned on Saturday last that she died a few hours after the accident. The mother had just stepped out of the house, leaving the child with a little boy a year or two older, and it is supposed they were playing with burning switches at the time, the flames from which communicated to the little girl's clothes, burning her from the waist to the face most terribly.

FRANK LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER.—Mr. W. A. Gildersleeve, Fifth street, has received the number of the above named beautiful newspaper for November 30th. It contains a splendid double-page engraving of the Bombardment of Forts Beauregard and Walker; portraits of Mason and Slidell, and other hardly less interesting illustrations. The price is only six cents.

MR. GOUGH.—The Pittsburgh and East Liberty Passenger Railway Company will run two cars from East Liberty this evening, leaving there at 6 o'clock p. m., to accommodate those who may wish to attend Mr. Gough's lecture. Extra cars will leave the station, No. 51, Fourth street, after the lecture is over.

CORRECTION.—In the statement of outstanding taxes for 1861, published a day or two since, the amount given for the Third ward should have been $3,175 29, instead of $5,175 29—a difference of $2,000 in favor of the tax-payers of that ward.

HANDED OVER TO THE GOVERNOR.—The mooted question of Who shall be Sheriff and Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia? was again elaborately discussed before Judges Allison and Ludlow, and by them finally referred to Governor Curtin for settlement.

AN EXPLANATION.—The young gentleman referred to in our paper of yesterday is a son of Capt. Alex. Hay, formerly of the Pittsburgh Blues, and not of *Col. Alex. Hays*, of the 63d Pennsylvania Regiment.

An Impostor in Limbo.

The Warren (Ohio) *Democrat* relates how a young man, answering to the heroic name of Winfield Scott Campbell, whose parents reside in Aurora, Portage county, has been playing an extensive "confidence game" lately. He has generally selected ministers for his victims, and by assuming to be a zealous member of the orthodox church, has in many instances secured the sympathy and confidence of clergymen. He has operated more or less in eastern and western cities, and has probably formed as extensive a clerical acquaintance as any young man of his age.

About six weeks ago he visited Warren in his travels, and paid his respects to Rev. E. T. Brown, of that place, representing himself as being then connected with the army, and just then off on a furlough to visit his father, whom he had expected to find there, but was disappointed, and unfortunately was out of money, but if he could borrow ten dollars, he would send it back as soon as he got among his friends. The ruse was successful. The matter leaked out, however, and Campbell was shortly afterwards arrested on the mail train, at Warren, but slipped away from the constable, who placed too high an estimate on his honesty, and in the evening stopped at a farmer's house, in West Warren, where he represented himself a recruiting officer. He stated that he had just learned that his father was at the point of death, and he must go to Aurora that night. A bargain was made by which he succeeded in being conveyed to Aurora that night, where he left without settling for his passage. He had an accomplice at Aurora, who assisted him in escaping.

Word was sent to Cleveland to officers to watch for the smart young man, and one evening last week he was discovered sitting in a house, and arrangements were made to capture him. Upon the approach of the police, he ran and secreted himself, and was found in bed, showed between two children. He was captured and duly cared for. On last Thursday he was brought to Warren, and committed in default of bail to jail, to answer the charge of fraud at Common Pleas. He is a cool scoundrel, and should not be allowed to run at large, if the law can prevent it.

Real Estate and Personal Valuations of the City of Pittsburgh.

We are indebted to Mr. J. K. Newman, City Assessor, for the following carefully prepared statement of the real estate and personal valuations in the several wards of the city, together with the number of taxables:

Number of Real Estate and Personal Taxables and Valuation in each Ward, Pittsburgh, returned for City Tax, 1861:

	Valuation Real Estate	Valuation Personal	No. Taxables Real Estate	No. Taxables Personal	Total
1st Ward	$ 1,660,403	$94,400	$1,340	2	$1,754,803
2d Ward	1,665,060	66,641	1,72		1,721,709
3d Ward	1,835,518	93,283	2,002		1,924,101
4th Ward	1,456,696	50,455	1,3		1,507,151
5th Ward	1,018,248	83,445	1,910		1,131,691
6th Ward	718,022	70,216	1,632		818,887
7th Ward	418,036	23,204	9,6		442,241
8th Ward	602,941	32,670	1,061		635,131
9th Ward	551,560	47,290	916		599,350
	$10,069,961	$564,742	$11,616		$10,634,703

The number of personals is nearly two-thirds, or about sixty-four and three-fourths per cent. of the whole number of taxables, and the assessments of personal property embrace nearly one-eighteenth, or about 5½ and a half per cent. of the total valuation. The per cent. of personals, and of personal property, in the several wards, is about as follows:

1st Ward	*Personals* 63 *per ct.*	*For'l Ply* 3½ *per ct.*	
2d Ward	" 64 "	" 3⅝ "	
3d Ward	" 60½ "	" 4⅝ "	
4th Ward	" 66 "	" 3⅝ "	
5th Ward	" 73½ "	" 7½ "	
6th Ward	" 61½ "	" 8 "	
7th Ward	" 40 "	" 5½ "	
8th Ward	" 58½ "	" 5 "	
9th Ward	" 69 "	" 7½ "	

Mr. Gough's Lecture.

We must remind our readers that Mr. John B. Gough, the world-renowned temperance lecturer, is announced to deliver a lecture this evening at Concert Hall, under the auspices of the Young Men's Library Association. All who have heard this celebrated speaker (and thousands in this community have been enrolled with his anecdotes and touched by his pathos) desire to hear him again, and the mere announcement will doubtless crowd the hall. Make your arrangements to-day, and don't miss the first lecture, as the subject, although old, will be treated in a new light, and in Gough's inimitable style.

A MAN ACCIDENTALLY SHOOTS HIS SON.—We learn by a letter from St. Marys, Va., on the Ohio River, that on Saturday last Mr. Isaac Biggs and son left home for the purpose of hunting deer. When about twenty five miles from home, and while passing through a grape vine thicket, the father about fifteen feet behind the son, the hammer of one latter's gun caught upon a vine, causing the discharge of the weapon. The ball passed through the back part of the younger Biggs' head, killing him instantly.

THE GREAT ACTOR TO REMAIN TWO NIGHTS MORE.—It gives us great pleasure to inform the public that the great actor, Mr. Hackett, will remain at the theatre, at the solicitation of many of our citizens, for two nights more, and this evening will repeat his excellent personation of Sir John Falstaff, in the historical play of King Henry IV. Mr. Hackett positively closes his engagement on Saturday evening next, and on Monday night the celebrated Miss Maggie Mitchell appears, after an absence of a number of years.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday, the 21st ult., Mr. John Dick, Bullskin township, Fayette county, while hauling rails in confidential positions, fell off the load and broke his neck. He spoke once or twice, and expired in about five minutes after the fall. The deceased was about fifty years of age.

SWAN SHOT.—On the 14th inst., Mr. Henry D. Overholt, at Broadford, Fayette county, shot a young white Swan that weighed fifteen pounds, and measured six feet between the tips of its wings. Its feathers were perfectly white, and its legs black—supposed to be of the Australian species.

QUICK TIME.—John W. Pittock, our agent in Pittsburgh, Pa., receives the *Journal* every afternoon, at 4 o'clock, the day after publication, where our subscribers can find it.

—The above we find in the Louisville *Journal*, of November 20th. It speaks for itself.

WINTER CLOTHING.—If any of our readers desire a nice, genteel, and serviceable winter suit, at a fair price, they can obtain it at Wm. H. McGee & Co.'s, 119 Federal street, corner of the Diamond, Allegheny. They have now on hand a full stock of Fall and Winter Goods, ready made, or which can be furnished to order in the best style. Also, a fine assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. ‡

J. D. THOMPSON'S Rheumatic and Neuralgic Liniment is a certain cure for pains in the face or any part of the body. Try it. The genuine is prepared only by J. D. Thompson, at the corner of Wood and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh Pa., and sold wholesale and retail. ‡

LADIES, be sure to go to Barker's, 59 Market street, to-morrow. They have just received from New York Auctions bargains that will astonish you. Silks at 31 cents, worth $1 12. Cloaks, Shawls, Dress Goods, &c., &c. Be sure to go.

WM. FORREST, Carpenter and Joiner. Jobs promptly attended to. Care and attention given to all work entrusted to him. Call at his Jobbing Shop, Virgin alley, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. ‡

DOCTOR C. BARLE, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. Corner of Penn and Wayne Streets. ‡

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 248 Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

DIED:

BEST.—On Thursday, at 1:30 p. m., after a painful illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH J. BEST, wife of John Best, aged 36 years, 1 month and 16 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, 197 Second street, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 30 p. m. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

BLOOD FOOD.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a chronic nature—of long standing—of weeks, months, and years. Sufferers, try it!

Messrs. GRUBER & DUPUIS, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the world-renowned Dr. BARON'S INFANTILE COMPOUND, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine closet in case of need; and containing, as it does, no paregoric or opiate of any kind, it can be relied upon with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable specific in all cases of infantile complaints.—*Ohio State Journal, Columbus.*

See advertisement. For sale by GEORGE H. KELLER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Letter from Western Virginia.

WHEELING, VA., Nov. 15, 1861.

DEAR GAZETTE: This place is probably more appropriately named than other localities in one respect—it takes a great deal of wheeling and curving of cars to reach it from almost any point.

A person's sensations, starting on a journey in the middle of the night—in a species of half waking, half sleeping state—are certainly not pleasant, but the smooth, easy running of the trains on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad soon remove the unpleasant sensations, and one feels as contented as at home in bed. I was reminded of the Bard of Burlington:

BEING through the forests—
Wh ising o'er the vale—
Been me, this is pleasant,
Rolling on a rail.

It is as difficult to get information in regard to any movement in this State here, as in your neighborhood. It is as unsatisfactory as the answer I received from a fellow-passenger on the train, to the question, "How long does the train stop at Wellsville?" "Yaw," was the reply. I was enlightened. There is nothing new of importance that has reached here, however, as yet. When I get further up I may have a better chance.

Our friend Fred. E. Foster, Esq., formerly of the Pittsburgh *Journal*, is flourishing at the *Press* office, and looks well.

There are very few soldiers at Camp Carlile, and the camp is beginning to wear rather a deserted appearance.

Gov. Pierpoint, (who, by the way, is getting to be almost a popular idol, and the man who is expected to know everything and do everything,) has organized, and part of them in the field, some ten regiments of bona fide Western Virginians, ready and willing to fight to the last extremity, for the honor of the old flag.

The people here are highly gratified at the capture of the two arch-traitors, on the high sea, especially Mason, who is very *cordially* hated by the loyal Virginians, and are willing even to risk a war with Johnny Bull to maintain their carcasses.

Business, I am informed, is beginning to brisk up considerably here and getting into settled channels again. Western Pennsylvania and Western Virginia will be almost identified hereafter, in the strongest sense of the term.

You of course know that the sentiment of Western Virginia has been expressed almost unanimously in favor of a division of the State, and the delegate convention which meets on the 26th, at Wheeling, has nothing to do but formally ratify it, and the rest is for Congress. Many who are warmly in favor of ultimate division opposed it as inexpedient at the present time and embarrassing to the Government. But the question will work itself out as other problems have done.

The people here appear confident that the monster is effectually crushed in this part of the State, and those accursed sympathisers who are willing to destroy the government to gratify a devilish personal animosity, and not for any real community of interest with the Southern States, are as quiet as mice here, now-a-days. They are crushed as effectually as if by heaven's thunderbolts. *Vox populi, vox Dei.*

Will write probably to-morrow from Fairmont, 70 miles up the Baltimore road.

BEN.

LETTER FROM DENVER CITY.

Rocky Mountain and Pittsburgh Gold Mining Company—Great Fire in Nevada—Insurance Agents Wanted—Murderous Affair—Gen. Larimer for Mayor of Denver City.

DENVER CITY, NOV. 9th, 1861.

I have been rambling about the Rocky Mountains, exploring the mining region, collecting specimens of quartz, and find those on the South Boldu the richest in the territory. I noticed a bill that has passed the Legislature, and received the signature of the Governor, for a company with a capital of $250,000, called the "Rocky Mountain and Pittsburgh Gold Mining Company." Said company has the privilege of increasing the capital to half a million dollars, with 250 "head" claims of the richest quartz in the mining region, and splendid water power, with charter ed privileges to dam streams, build railways, sink shafts, tunnels, etc., with saw mills, turning lathe, etc. They will open an office in Denver, Pittsburgh and New York city, to transact business for said company, with a charter that is perpetual. I noticed several Pittsburgh names as incorporators.

In passing through Nevada, I noticed a large portion of the town had been burned. On Tuesday morning last a tornado passed over the place. The fire had caught the night previous in the woods, north-west of the town. The tempest came howling down the mountain, driving the fire and sparks before it with such violence that it baffled the skill of the citizens to check it, and before the entire business part of the town was laid in ashes. The loss is variously estimated at from $75,000 to $150,000. There are no well organized Fire Insurance Companies in the Territory, and a good company, with an efficient agent, would do a splendid business by insuring property here.

Shooting scrapes often in this Territory. Maj. Chevington is trying two persons for shooting at him yesterday. The Captain of Company C was shot at and wounded in the arm, last night. Shooting matches are so common here that they scarcely deserve a passing no tice.

Several of the officers and soldiers are in prison for treason. There are many red mouthed rebels in this Territory, rejoicing over the defeat of the United States whenever a temporary advantage is gained by the Confederates.

The Legislature has given Denver a charter for a city, and the election for Mayor takes place next week. Gen. Larimer is the favorite candidate for Mayor, with a fair prospect of success.

RAMBLER.

BEAUTY WITHOUT PAINT.—There is so much thing as beauty without health, but there is such a thing as beauty without paint. There is no rouge can tint the cheeks like the natural rose color, that is brought about by using a bottle or two of *Lindsay's Blood Searcher*, which gives back the vital principle of health and life to the blood. The pale and faded cheek, under its health-giving tone, puts on again nature's colors of loveliness, and the dull eye again sparkles with its wonted lustre. The excruciating pains of rheumatism are soon banished by its use, and the contracting limbs regain their youthful elasticity and vigor. Wide gaps in the face, scars in the neck and deep ulcers in the legs, and dreadful cancers have each been cured by this great remedy. It cures by removing from the blood all vitiated matter and restoring the healthy principle of life and energy. Prepared and sold by Dr. Keyser, 140 Wood street.

A Friend in Need. Try it.—DR. SWAIM'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for about twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a cure for Horses, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact. Sold by druggists generally. ‡

R. S. BELLERS & CO., Agents, Corner Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh.

MARTER & CO.,

ASSAYERS AND REFINERS

OF

GOLD AND SILVER,

No. 82 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Gold and Silver Bought.

Parties forwarding packages by Express will meet with a prompt and correct return.

Refer to S. HIDER & CO., *Gazette*. oct19:2awdim

GEO. W. DILWORTH. JOHN S. DILWORTH.

J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Nos. 120 and 122 Second Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

no1

RICH PAPER HANGINGS of modern and antique designs, in gold and velvet and gold for sale by W. P. MARSHALL, 97 Wood street.

no20

LUBRICATING PETROLEUM.—9 barrels Duck Creek Lubricating for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

no20

CEDAR WARE.—Just received an assortment of Cedar Tubs, Buckets, Pitkins, &c. Trays and Irons, for sale by JOHN A. BENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand sts.

no20

CURRANTS.—30 casks prime Zante Currants for sale by REYMER & SHOS, Nos. 126 and 123 Wood street.

25 TCS. S. C. HAMS; 5 tcs. Breakfast Bacon; 1 tce. ro and for sale by R. S. BELLERS & CO., 140 Wood street.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—3 tierces of these extra flavored Sugar Cured Hams of L. Gray & Co.'s curing. Received and for sale by H. HIDDLE, 122 Liberty street.

LOW PRICED WALL PAPERS—A large assortment suitable for the trade. For sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21—Since the negotiation of the new loan, on Friday last, Secretary Chase has placed to the credit of the disbursing officers in Boston, New York and Philadelphia, the sum of $504,874 dollars, to be paid to contractors and other Government creditors.

The tent invented by Gen. Morgan, of Ohio, has been brought to the attention of the Government. Its chief sanitary excellencies are the arrangement for ventilation and elevating the beds from contact with the ground. Nothing more complete or desirable in the way of sheltering an army in the field has yet been presented.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The steamer Stepping Stone, which ran the blockade on Tuesday night, with stores for the flotilla on the Lower Potomac, transferred her stores to the squadron, and taking on board a number of contrabands from the steamers Baltimore and Ice boat, again ran the blockade last night on the upward trip, and arrived at the Navy Yard this morning. She was not fired at from the rebel batteries, but from the sig-nalling on shore, it is supposed that her movements were noticed. The contrabands brought to the Navy Yard, number 58 men, 7 women and 8 or 10 children. The Wyandotte is now taking on board the armament, etc., of the ice boat, which is being stripped of her war-like paraphernalia, and is to be sent home to the Delaware river, the Government no longer needing her service.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Post Office Department to-day received information that 15,000 letters have re-ached New York from Hilton Head by the last arrival at that city, Mr. J. H. Sears, who is acting as postmaster under military authority, having forwarded them without prepayment of postage. The Postmaster General has ordered the letters to be sent to their respective destinations, with an endorsement on each, "due 3 cents."

The Department to-day established a post office at Port Royal, to be called by that name, and has sent out a blank commission to Gen. Sherman, to be filled with the name of a suitable person as postmaster who will give the required bonds. Letters destined for Port Royal should be sent to the New York post office.

The Navy Department to-day instructed the Commandant at the Brooklyn Navy Yard to inform the Postmaster at New York of the departure of vessels for Port Royal in time to dispatch the mails.

In the course of this week probably the Treasury Department will take definite action with regard to the customs and regulations to be established at Port Royal.

The following gentlemen have just been promoted to be Majors in the regular army. Delos C. Davidson, Arthur J. Lee, Christopher J. Lowell and Granville O. Haller; and the following to be Lieutenant Colonels: Wm S Ketchum, Wm A. French and Caleb. C. Sibley; and C. H. Hammond, and Henry Clay McDowell, each to be Assistant Adjutant Generals with the rank of Captain, the former to report to Gen. Sherman and the latter to Rosseau, in Kentucky.

The following additional appointments to Second Lieutenancies have been made from non-commissioned officers, viz: Daniel Loomis, Chas. Benizon, Oscar Hagen, Samuel S. Culbertson, Joseph J. Wagoner, Wm. K. Love, Chas. Berry, Walter W. Arnold, Homer H Clark and Alfonzo T. Bellows.

A pamphlet has been privately circulated making various charges against Gen. Meigs. The author is a foreign architect, who has been desirous of superintending the capitol extension. The motive of this is so apparent that the very act of its issue defeats the object of its author. It has been officially ascertained that the government has now in the field camps and in process of formation, 600,000 volunteers, and the enlistments for the regular service are more numerous than heretofore.

A letter from Darnestown, dated to-day, says that nothing has been heard for several days of the movements of the enemy opposite our lines. Everything is apparently quiet in their encampments. This may be caused by the withdrawal of their forces for the defense of Winchester, which they now consider in jeopardy.

A Provisional Government Established in North Carolina.

HATTERAS INLET, N. C., Nov. 18.—The Provisional State Government for North Carolina, the establishment of which has been in contemplation for months past, was formally instituted to day, by a Convention of delegates and proxies representing forty five counties of the State. An ordinance was passed which declares vacant all the State offices, and declares Marble Nash Taylor Governor, and directs him to order elections for Congressmen and make temporary appointments of officers of State.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—Gen. Halleck has issued orders that, in consequence of important information respecting the numbers and condition of our forces being conveyed to the enemy by fugitive slaves, no such persons shall be hereafter permitted to enter the lines of any camp, nor any forces on march—and any now within such lines, be immediately excluded therefrom.

The General also calls particular attention of all officers commanding posts or troops in the field to the importance of preventing unauthorized persons, of every description, from entering or leaving our lines, and of observing the great precaution of the employment of agents and Chevaliers in confidential positions. The General also directs all staff officers of this Department, whose staff duties have ceased under recent special orders from Washington, but who still hold commissions in the regular army as volunteers mustered into the service of the United States, to immediately report in person in St. Louis, or by letter, if elsewhere, to these headquarters.

Latest advices from Price, place him in Barry county, making preparations for an advance to Springfield.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 21.—The Governor presented a state flag to the 11th regiment, Col. Coulter, yesterday. This regiment will leave in a day or two for Fortress Monroe. A flag was also presented this afternoon to the 85th regiment, Col. Jones, and the 93d regiment, Colonel McCarter, passed through this city yesterday on its way to Washington. The horses for Col. Williams' regiment of cavalry, the 92d, have arrived. This regiment is full, and will leave in a few days for Kentucky.

Gov. Curtin has appointed James Parke, Jr., and Capt. M. W. Bullinger, both of Pittsburgh, a committee to visit and attend to the interests of the Pennsylvania regiments now in Kentucky, and, as they will shortly be paid off, aid them in transmitting funds to their families. The above named gentlemen were suggested to the Governor by one of his Aids, from the same section of the State, and they are known as men capable and responsible for the mission.

New York, Nov. 21.—The transport steamer Baltic arrived at this port this afternoon, having in tow the gun boat Curlew. The news from Hilton Head is unimportant, affairs being in the same condition as at the departure of the transport Atlantic.

Purser Allen, who is a passenger on the Baltic, brings $19,000 in Treasury notes, which is to be forwarded to the friends of the 9th New Hampshire regiment.

Among the passengers by the Baltic is James Darragh, a member of the 9th South Carolina regiment, who was found at Fort Beauregard. He states that he has been six months in the service of the rebels, and complains bitterly of the treatment and food received by the soldiers of Jeff Davis.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The U. S. steam transport Baltic is coming up, having a gun boat in tow. She is from Port Royal, and will probably bring later intelligence from that quarter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The steamship City of Manchester is below, and will reach her wharf about noon. Her advices from Europe were received via Cape Race.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The slaver Augusta has been towed here from Greenport, Long Island, where she was taken into custody.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The French frigate Bellone has arrived.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—The United States steam frigate San Jacinto, with Messrs. Mason and Slidell, has put into Newport, R. I. in consequence of stormy weather and a heavy cross sea.

Twenty-five rebels, captured on Santa Rosa Island, during the night attack on Col. Wilson's camp, have arrived at Fort Monroe.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—Intelligence has just been received that the rebels of Northampton, Va., have laid down their arms to the number of 1,800, and that the federal troops have full possession of that county as well as Accomac.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Asia.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The Royal mail steamship Asia, from Liverpool on the 9th inst., via Queenstown on the 10th, arrived at this port this evening, too late for her mail to go South to-night.

The Asia brings £25,000 in specie.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the steamship Great Eastern, in London, the report of the Directors was adopted and resolutions passed to raise £25,000 in 10 per cent. debentures to equip her for sea. She is expected to leave Liverpool again next Friday.

The British men-of-war Conqueror and Sanspareil were to embark marines on the 9th, and forthwith depart for Mexico. The London *Times* thinks the operations of the expedition will be very easy, but difficulties may arise from the different political sympathies of the three powers.

It is reported that the United States steamer James Adger, now at Southampton, will leave for the Mediterranean, to look after privateers.

The Grand duke Constantine, of Russia, and the Duchess, are on a visit to Queen Victoria.

A strike among the cotton spinners of Preston was imminent, owing to the threatened reduction of their wages.

The French Government has given reassurances to Switzerland, which will have a tendency to quiet her apprehensions arising from the act of the French troops in occupying the valley of the Dappes. It is probable that this difficulty will be adjusted without any unpleasant consequences.

The rumor is revived that Mr. Fould will shortly resume the Ministry of France in the Paris Cabinet.

The Financial accounts of France show rather less uneasiness, as the Bourse closed firm at 69 and 75c.

It is reported that Garibaldi has announced to the Central Italian Committee, through Gen. Turr, his firm intention not to provoke any movement in favor of Rome or Venice. At the same time he wished the Italian armed force and the popular sympathy for the Union of Italy to be encouraged to the utmost.

Its rumored that the preparations are being made at Genoa for a revolutionary expedition, to embrace Montenegro and all the slave populations of Turkey, and also Hungary and Galicia.

It is true, as previously stated, that Belgium has appointed an Ambassador to Italy, but it is remarked that he is accredited to the Court of Turin, and not to the King of Italy.

In an autograph letter, the Emperor of Austria sets forth the measures recently announced to be taken in the management of Hungary. It evinces a determination to carry out the policy of the government in Hungary.

Liverpool, Nov. 10.—The Royal mail steamship Arabia arrived at this port to-day.

London, Nov. 10.—At the Lord Mayor's banquet, the Mayor proposed the health of the Foreign Ambassador, coupled with the name of Hon. Charles F. Adams, the United States Minister, who replied that his mission to England was to promote and perpetuate friendly relations between the two countries. Lord Palmerston said that, although circumstances may for a time threaten to interfere with the supply of cotton, temporary evil will be productive of permanent good.

We shall find in various quarters of the globe a sure and ample supply, which will render us no more dependent. We witness with affliction the lamentable differences among our American cousins, but it is not for us to pass judgment in their disputes. Lord Palmerston, in conclusion, expressed a hope of the speedy restoration of harmony and peace.

ROLLA, MO., Nov. 21.—Advices from the southwest are to the effect that Price has abandoned his position at Cassville and is moving towards his old camp at Neosho. About four thousand of his army, under Gen. Harris, were on the Kansas line, directly west of Carthage, with the evident intention of entering that State and ravaging its southern counties. Harris' force was principally cavalry and Indians. Gen. Lane was in that vicinity with about 3 000 infantry and it is not improbable that an engagement will take place between his and Harris' forces.

It is reported that there is a camp of 600 Cherokee Indians in McGee county, Kansas. The rebel State Legislature, in session at Neosho, had passed an ordinance of secession, united the State with the Southern Confederacy, and elected Gen. Rains one of the Senators to the Confederate Congress. It was thought Gen. Parsons would be the other Senator. It was said that Gen. Pearce, of Camp Jackson notoriety, would take the command of Gen. Rains, of the rebel army.

LOUISVILLE, Nov 21.—The San Antonio *Herald*, of the 26th ult., says that Charles Anderson was arrested by McCulloch for attempting to come north. He had escaped from the guard and was then at large.

Andy Johnson arrived this evening from Eastern Kentucky, and Gen. Sherman left for St. Louis.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 21—*Evening.*—The river is falling steadily, with 5 feet 5 inches water in the canal. Weather clear. Mercury 49°.

High Prices in New Orleans.

Hard times and famine prices are the lot of the rebellious citizens of New Orleans, as appears by the following talk on orange, in the *Crescent*, of the 9th inst.

Passing by the talk on battles and disruptions in the army, we come to the steadily increasing scarcity of breadstuffs and other necessaries of life. Even the article of rice, which is selling at from Charleston and Savannah at 2½ to 3 cts. per pound, is now retailing here at 7½ cents per pound.

Irish potatoes, which might be raised in almost any quantity on our prolific soil, are selling at one dollar each, or about $3 50 per bushel. Corn has now advanced to $1 25 to $1 35 per bushel, and we have to go to the house post been reading of the greatest crop of corn and wheat ever known. We judge the country is abundantly supplied, and that farmers and raisers intend to hold on and starve us out here in the Crescent City. If planters have these heavy yields secured, we urge them to send a share to market. Flour is advancing to famine figures. Each succeeding day is attended with an advance of 25 cents or more per barrel.

Other articles—such as soap, candles and starch—are advancing from day to day. Soap, candle and starch factories could be made profitable. Soap, which can be made for 6 or 8 cents per pound; is held at 30 or 35 cents. Starch, another necessary article, commands 40 cents per pound; in fact the supply of this article is running so short that short collars will have to follow the wilted cabbage leaf. For candles the poor folks have to pay 15 to 20 cts. each at the corner grocery. Is it not time that some of our leading citizens should take action and move in the establishment of manufactories of these and other articles? It requires but very little capital. Dealers in soap, stocks and paper ever expect to confer any good on the country, now is the accepted time. But we fancy if the war should be brought to a close, many of our moneyed citizens would leave us and go northward or to Europe, and our good city would be a second Troy thought with them.

It is asked what has forced up the price of cotton seed oil. Six or seven months ago it was selling at from 50 to 65 cents per gallon; now it is held at from $1 50 to $2 and $2 50. There is no scarcity of cotton seed in the country—in fact it is a drug where planters have gleaned their cotton. Are there any solid reasons for an advance of 200 per cent., simply for the cost of transmuting the seed into oil?

On the 7th, bacon was quoted in Macon at 28@30 cents for clear sides; Adamantine candles, 40@45 cents; coffee, 40@45 cents; shot, $4 50@5 00 per bag of 25 pounds; lead, 18@20 cents per pound; rifle powder, $15@18 00 per keg; Pike's magnolia whisky, $1, per gallon; saleratus, 30@35 cents per pound; super carbonate soda, 25 cents per pound; bar soap, 24@26 cents; salt, stiff at $10 per sack—could only be bought at retail; block tin, 1 50 per pound; sheet tin, none in the market; no sheet copper in the market; wool, clear of burs, 60 to 70 cents per pound.

STOVES. STOVES.

D. DE HAVEN & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STOVES.

Warehouse, Federal Street, near New Suspension bridge, ALLEGHENY CITY.

We ask the