

How it Looks in France. A man placed amid the smoke and din of the great battle, does not concern himself with the details of the fighting as he does at a distance.

The Paris correspondent expresses the liberal sentiments of France, and may therefore be supposed to be free from the fetters imposed by diplomatic policy and intrigue, as well as from that kind of all liberal forms of government which characterize those who are wedded to legitimacy and conservatism.

As there is, therefore, no present hope of peace, let us see what results may necessarily flow from the present position of affairs. It is the inevitable consequence of the...

Contrasts still continue to come in. Yesterday we received one and to-day one. They both came from a battery stationed at a mile and a half this side of Williamsburg.

The difficulties in the way of the solution of this momentous question, and amongst these difficulties he recognizes the unquenchable "prejudice of race," as he calls it, every where prevalent in America, as the chief cause of our sectional animosities.

There is no realising this. Nature, prejudice, opinion, taste, or something, has marked out a line of separation which we, as a distant people, can not or will not get with. The irresistible conclusion then is, that one of us ought not to be here.

A gentleman in whose clear sighted intelligence and sound judgment we have the utmost confidence, has just returned from Washington, where he had extraordinary advantages as an observer, and assured us that every loyal citizen should be well satisfied with the condition of our army and the movements of McClellan.

While it would be idle on the part of the press to endorse the failure of General Fremont for the great and responsible position which he has been placed in, yet it is justly and sternly demanded that he shall have an opportunity to vindicate his own character as a General by his actions.

One hundred and fifty Union men, who had been driven by the rebels from their families and homes in Christian county, Kentucky, arrived at Frankfort, Ind., on the 31st. They were pursued in the direction by a rebel force called the Jackson cavalry. - [St. Louis Dem.]

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. In regard to the opening of this great line of communication with the West, which has been strongly urged on the government for some time past by several influential organs of public opinion, we find the following remarks in the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press:

The proposition to put the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in perfect repair is one of the wise acts of Major General McClellan. In order to understand the condition of this important thoroughfare, it may be necessary to state that from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry, a distance of twenty miles, the road is in the possession of the Federal Government, and that there is sufficient material on hand to construct a new bridge across the Potomac in place of the one destroyed by the rebels.

It is estimated that our forces can take possession of the section now held or threatened by the Confederates in about three weeks, and that they will maintain it through the winter months, with the aid of the loyal men in Maryland and Virginia, by using some five thousand Federal troops.

The advantage of repairing the road is of communication is almost incalculable. Baltimore has suffered immensely on account of the stoppage of travel and transportation between Ohio river and the city, and no greater boon could be bestowed upon the people of Baltimore than to cut them in direct communication with the north and south.

It is predicted that such a step on the part of the Federal Government cannot be accomplished. We ferretly wish that this great act of repair could be accomplished, and yet we see at the same time the difficulties attending such a step.

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In THE ORPHANS COURT OF Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the Real Estate of David G. Williams, deceased.

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LOVE AND VIOLENCE. The great and terrible tragedy which was enacted in the city of New York, on the 11th of October, 1861, has been the subject of much discussion and debate.

AGENTS WANTED. A large quantity of goods for sale, agents wanted in all the principal cities of the Union.

ARMY. The army of the Union is now engaged in the most desperate fighting of the war, and the success of our arms is the subject of much interest to the people.

FOR THE WAR. The Government is now engaged in the most desperate fighting of the war, and the success of our arms is the subject of much interest to the people.

U. S. Army. The army of the Union is now engaged in the most desperate fighting of the war, and the success of our arms is the subject of much interest to the people.

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