Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 18, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 68 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	60	74
12 " M.	84	70
6 " P. M.		70
Barometer		29 4-10

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSISTANT JUDGE DISTRICT COURT:
HENRY W. WILLIAMS, Pittsburgh.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE COMMON PLEAS:
WILLIAM B. McCLURE, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE COMMON PLEAS:
JOHN BROWN, of Ross Township.

FOR SENATOR:
JOHN P. PENNEY, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Allegheny;
THOMAS J. BIGHAM, Lower St. Clair;
PETER C. SHANNON, Chartiers;
WILLIAM HUTCHMAN, McCandless;
SIGISMUND LOEW, Pittsburgh.

FOR SHERIFF:
HARRY WOODS, of Peebles tp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY:
HENRY EATON, of Upper St. Clair tp.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
DAVID COLLINS, of Watkins tp.

FOR TREASURER:
AARON FLOYD, of Pittsburgh.

FOR CORONER:
JOHN McGLUNG, of Pittsburgh.

FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
ROBERT H. DAVIS, of Ohio tp.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE for this week is issued, and contains highly important and very interesting matter—embracing Editorials; Latest Intelligence from the Seat of War; Correspondence; Maine State Election; Fight at Sheiblina, Mo.; From Kansas; The Great Railroad Accident in England; Arrests by the Government; Sheriff's Sales; Important and interesting European, California and General News; Religious Intelligence; Reliable Commercial Reports; Domestic and Foreign Markets; Local and Neighborhood News, &c., &c. For sale at our counter—price, five cents per single copy, in wrappers.

The Union Convention.

The Convention to nominate a "Union" county ticket met at the Court House yesterday, when Robert Finney, Esq., was called to preside, on motion of Dr. A. H. Gross, and read the call for the Convention. He then addressed the delegates present, reminding them of the importance of their duties, and calling upon them to nominate no man who was not fit and competent for the office to which he aspired. In this hour of our country's extremest peril it was proper that party should be entirely forgotten, and if this was done the ticket to-day nominated would undoubtedly be elected.

The following Vice Presidents were then chosen—Henry Ingram, of Chartiers; Abraham Hays, East Liberty; Dr. Ad. H. Gross, Peebles; Col. John Kramer, Sewickley.

Secretaries—S. McIlwaine, and George W. Leonard, city; L. H. Carlisle, Richland, and Alfred Kerr, of Birmingham.

The credentials of delegates were then called for, and the following named gentlemen were admitted to seats in the Convention:

PITTSBURGH.

First ward—J O Buffum, Thos Bees.
Second ward—Charles Barnett, John W Riddell.
Third ward—1st pre't: G W Leonard, W J Montgomery.
" —2d pre't: Frank Porter, M O'Hara.
Fourth ward—John Oswald, H J Anderson.
Fifth ward—1st pre't: Wm Scott, David Mercer.
" —2d pre't: P Zerr, R A Caldwell.
Sixth ward—S McIlwaine, D McKnight.
Seventh ward—R Thompson, A J Gribbon.
Eighth ward—John Glass, Wm Griffin.
Ninth ward—J McKaig, J B Daly.

ALLEGHENY.

First ward—Contested.
Second ward—S H Geyer, Jacob Stockrath.
Third ward—1st pre't: Contested.
Third ward—2d pre't: Chas Schieger, J Hockley.
Fourth ward—1st pre't: S H Rodgers, J M Davis.
" —2d pre't: J D Johnson, F Ley.

BOROUGHS.

Elizabeth—John Walker, J Penney.
West Pittsburgh—Not represented.
Monongahela—M Laughlin, Jas McClane.
Manchester—Reese O Pleeson, J M Cornwell.
Sewickley—Alex Black, J P Kramer.
Birmingham—1st pre't: A Patterson, D Berg.
" —2d pre't: S M Boyd, A Kerr.
East Birmingham—Jacob Dressell, T Worcester.
Duquesne—John Jahn, Hugh McNeal.
Lawrenceville—Z Wainwright, O B Bostwick.
Sharpsburgh—Jacob Ryle, Jacob Draher.
McKeesport—J P White, Wm Atwater.
South Pittsburgh—J A Blackmore, Wm Bailey.
West Elizabeth—Wm Donaldson, John S McGrew.
Tarentum—Geo Duphon, A Otterman.
Temperanceville—John Espley, Thos Sloan.

TOWNSHIPS.

Pitt—Peter Connolly, Geo Ewart.
Collins—Marcus Jones, Abraham Hays.
Plum—J G Stewart, T W Stewart.
Penn—James Duff, Samuel Long.
Elizabeth—J H Watson, I Coursin.
Milliin—J P Sisher, H B Cochrane.
Robinson—John McCurdy, Mat Harbison.
Moon—J Mack, Ed McGinnis.
Franklin—1st pre't: John Douglas, W Neely.
" —2d pre't: John Wheeler, S Neely.
Baldwin—S B Moore, James Wallace.
Ross—A Burke, T M Bayne.
Richland—Wm Ramage, Geo Balsbaugh.
East Deer—A Pillow, Jas Mellon.
Upper St. Clair—John Espy, Noah Shaffer.
North Fayette—W O McFarland, A Pierce.
Neville—A P Cole, Wm Western.
Scholer—A McQuade, B Stewart.
Fawn—1st pre't: Not represented.
" —2d pre't: Jos Hunter, Joseph Hoey.
Freeblos—1st pre't: A H Gross, Geo M'Cormis.
" —2d pre't: J S Martin, Isaac Stevenson.
Wilkins—M Thompson, Robert Finney.
Patton—Jas McGinley, G C Long.
Versailles—Geo T Miller, G M Bowman.
Jefferson—Thos Moslinny, J S Chambers.
Chartiers—Henry Ingram, G G Perkins.
Finley—A M Stewart, A D Burns.
Ohio—Phil Sturford, Geo W Abl.
Reserve—L W Koelkenbeck, H Maxwell.
Snowden—W H McNary, M Hain.
Plum—J A Gibson, J G Marshall.
West Deer—Isaac Stison, John Dawson.
Indiana—B McCorkle, Jas Armstrong.
Lower St. Clair—Andrew Stone, Jas Neely.
South Fayette—Thos Alexander, W D Patterson.
Sewickley—Robt Stevenson, T L Shields.
Crescent—Wm Hoops, R Porter, Jr.
McClure—Jacob Eckert, Henry Phillips.
Richland—L H Carlisle, David Scott.
Union—B Young, Thos Boyd.
Hampton—Thos Osborn, Robt McDonald.
Scott—D J Rogers, Wm Nixon.

On motion of W. J. Montgomery, the Chair appointed the following Committee on Contested Seats: W. J. Monigomery, S. H. Geyer, Jacob Stuckrath, Jacob Eckert, and Henry Phillips.

The President read a letter from Andrew Burke, Esq., of Ross township, declining his seat in the Convention, on account of illness, and recommending Robert Morrow in his stead.

On motion of R. C. Fleeson, Mr. Morrow was substituted for Mr. Burke.

On motion of Mat. Harbison, Jackson Jones, of South Fayette, was substituted for Mr. Patterson, who was absent.

On motion of John Cassells, the Chair appointed the following Committee on Resolutions: John Cassells, John W. Riddell, David Mercer, Robert Stevenson and S. H. Geyer.

Mr. Fleeson moved, that in order that all things might be done openly, the votes of the Convention be taken *viva voce*.

Mr. Riddell moved to amend, that the voting be done as usual, by marking.

Mr. Fleeson remarked that he always suspected unfairness where a *viva voce* vote was objected to.

Mr. Riddell saw no reason for departing from the customary rule governing such bodies.

The question was put, and the amendment was decided carried.

Mr. Fleeson called for the yeas and nays, which were ordered, and resulted as follows: Yeas, 85; Nays, 45. So the Convention decided to vote by marking.

The credentials for West Pittsburgh were here handed in—H. D. Whipple and John Auth being the delegates.

On motion of J. W. Riddell, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for the office of Sheriff, whereupon the following names were submitted: Joshua Rhodes, Robert Watson, Harry Woods, O. H. Ormsby. Marshal Brinton was nominated, but his name was immediately withdrawn.

The Committee on Contested Seats here reported, as follows: That the objections against Charles Lighthill, colleague of Samuel Thompson, Jr., of the First Ward, Allegheny, were not well founded, and that Mr. Lighthill was entitled to his seat. The exceptions taken to Noah Shaffer, of Upper St. Clair, were well founded, and Alex. Aken was admitted in his stead. Joshua Robinson's objection to Jos. H. Davis, who claimed a seat from the first precinct of the Third Ward, Allegheny, was declared well founded, and that Mr. Davis was not entitled to a seat, but that J. H. Sewell, Esq., is entitled to the same, Mr. Sewell's colleague is A. Beringer.

The report was accepted and Committee discharged.

J. H. Sewell, Esq., moved that the Convention unanimously nominate Hon. Wm. B. McClure as President Judge of the Quarter Sessions, and Hon. H. W. Williams as Associate Judge of the District Court.

Mr. Riddell objected. He would vote for the motion at the proper time, but the nomination for Sheriff was the only legitimate business now before the convention.

Col. Gibson opposed the nomination of Messrs. McClure and Williams, and asked to record his vote against it.

The Chair decided the motion out of order, unless the Convention would reconsider its action in reference to the nomination of Sheriff.

A motion was made to reconsider, which was negatived by a decided vote.

A delegate moved to nominate for all the county offices. Lost.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for the office of Sheriff, with the following result:

FOR SHERIFF.

Joshua Rhodes*	84
Robert Watson	27
Henry Woods	34
O. H. Ormsby	4

When the names of the delegates from Manchester were called, Reese C. Fleeson declined to vote, and asked leave to withdraw from the Convention. He remarked that it was unnecessary to assign any reason, and with this he left the room.

The announcement of the result of the balloting for Sheriff was received with applause.

J. H. Sewell here renewed his motion for the unanimous nomination of Judges McClure and Williams.

Col. Gibson objected and demanded the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered, and resulted as follows: Yeas 106; Nays 16.

Mr. Sewell then offered the following:

Resolved, That a Committee of nine be appointed by the Chairman to recommend the apportionment of the several offices to be nominated by this Convention.

The resolution was adopted, and the Chair announced the following gentlemen as said committee: J. H. Sewell, A. J. Gribben, A. Hays, W. J. Montgomery, J. G. Marin, R. J. Anderson, Thos. Worcester, Charles Barnett, Wm. Nixon.

The Committee then took a recess until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Chairman called the Convention to order, when the Committee on Resolutions, through their Chairman, John Cassells, reported as follows:

Resolved, That as the representatives of the citizens of Allegheny county, without regard to political associations—as Americans—we stand by the Constitution and the Union, which have placed our country in the front rank of the nations of the earth, and regardless of party names we now stand united and together in defence of that government which has made us great, and under which we have lived prosperously and happily. With us the Union of the States and the maintenance of the National Government are above all party considerations, and we will sustain them at every hazard.

Resolved, That the thanks of a grateful people are pre-eminently due to the Army and Navy for their promptitude and courage in rallying around the standard of the country to crush out this wicked rebellion. In the name of the people we say to the National Government, "Go on and conquer! Let there be no peace till treason has vanquished, and the authority of the United States Government has been fully vindicated and established."

Resolved, That the yeomanry of this land will protect their country and their government at any expense of blood and treasure, for when our country is in danger we are but *one people*. The bold and bad men of the South will now and ever find the whole North united in support of the common inheritance left us by our fathers—the glorious American Union, the right of self-government and the Constitution of a free people.

On motion, the report was accepted.

Mr. McIlwaine moved that, inasmuch as very few delegates were yet present, the Convention should take a recess for fifteen minutes. Not agreed to.

Mr. Bostwick and Mr. Bayne called for the re-reading of the resolutions, which was ordered.

Mr. Bayne offered the following as an addition to the Committee's report:

Resolved, That this Convention heartily approve of the acts of the present Administration in its efforts to put down treason; and that we favor an uncompromising policy, and a vigorous prosecution of the war, regarding the issue as involving government or no government—the security of life and property or a state of absolute anarchy.

Resolved, That it is the duty of every loyal citizen to aid the Administration in crushing out rebellion, emanating from whatever source it may; and that we denounce secession as a political heresy which, if carried out to its logical necessities, must culminate in the utter dismemberment of our glorious Republic.

Resolved, That, in failing to subdue treason, the Government acknowledges an inherent weakness, and an insufficient development of the law of self-preservation, and displays an appalling discouragement to the lovers of liberty throughout the world.

Resolved, That inasmuch as it is desirable to produce entire unanimity of feeling and sentiment among all the people of the loyal States; and since Democrats, Republicans and Americans all stand shoulder to shoulder in defense of the Government, we deem it advisable to ignore all party divisions, and to choose *Union* men from among the *people* to fill the County and State offices.

The original report, as well as the resolutions of Mr. Bayne, were adopted unanimously.

Mr. Sewell, Chairman of the Committee to recommend an apportionment of the several offices, reported as follows:

To the Republicans—The office of State Senator, three members of the Legislature, Prothonotary and Director of the Poor.

To the Democrats—The office of County Treasurer, two members of the Legislature, County Commissioner and Associate Judge.

The Committee left the office of Coroner open to the choice of the Convention.

The report was by no means satisfactory, and Col. Gibson moved to lay it on the table—the yeas and nays being called, the result was: Yeas, 59; Nays, 79.

The report was then adopted, with a large negative vote.

Mr. Sewell moved that John P. Penney be unanimously nominated for State Senator.

Objected to by Col. Gibson and others. He was instructed to support no candidate who was identified with the partizan ticket now in the field.

After some discussion, Mr. Sewell withdrew his motion, and the question of nomination for Senator was left open.

J. P. Penney, A. W. Loomis and Thomas M. Howe were then named for State Senator.

Mr. Sewell read a letter from Mr. Howe, expressing his sympathy with the "Union" movement, but declining a nomination by the Convention.

The Convention then proceeded to receive nominations for other offices, pursuing the rule laid down in the report of the Committee.

During the naming of candidates, much confusion ensued, and Col. Gibson made several attempts to "poke in" the names of Democrats when Republicans only were entitled to nomination. He also accused the Chairman of not maintaining proper order, whereupon Capt. Finney retorted by reminding Col. Gibson that he was perhaps the most noisy man in the Convention! (Laughter and applause—and cries of "Put him out.") Order was finally restored, and the business of the Convention proceeded.

The following is a list of the candidates for the several offices, with the ballotings annexed:

STATE SENATOR.

J P Penney*	94	A W Loomis	31

ASSEMBLY.

L H Carlisle*	70	John M Irwin	—
Th s Williams*	100	John N McClowery	—
A H Gross*	100	A G M. Quaile	—
T B Hamilton*	69	Joseph Irwin	—
T J Bigham*	67	A J Baker	20
Hugh Lee	24	J O Buffum	—
G W Scott	15	R G Walker	11
John McGinnity	43	Joe Sellers	—
Geo M Bloomin	18	Philip Stevenson	5
Robert Arthurs	22	James Salsbury	3
J S Penney	20	John Calohin	—
Geo A Kurtz	—		

PROTHONOTARY.

Robert Finney*	58	Geo B Riddle	31
Nathaniel Patterson	50	Joseph S Hunter	—

TREASURER.

James Blackmore*	83	Geo McCook, Sr.	—
James P Barr	—	E P Kearns	—
J Patton, Jr	—	Wm G Hawkins	—

COMMISSIONER.

John A Parkinson*	67	John McIlwaine	9
Joseph O'Brien	2	Thomas Curran	27
Jacob Tomer	6	J G Gummie	2
John Boyle	—	Charles Bryson	—

CORONER.

Wm. Alexander*	57	Wm Gribben	2
Thos M. Barbin	—	Thos. Smith	—
Wm. J. Ferguson	2	Robt Stevenson	11
Harvey S Donaldson	—	James M. Hunter	5
C. W. Lowe	3	Wm Beltzhoover	15
Wm. Mackey	1	Wm. Noble	—
R. W. Westervelt	—	Wm. Beckup	—
Fred. Bess	2	Jacob Norman	1
Thomas McGowan	—		

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Laurence Mitchell*	—	Chas. H. Waters	—
Wm. Symmes	15	J. H. Robb	5
J. R. McClintock	5	Geo. Duphorn	—
J. G. Cummins	—		

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

R. H. Davis, by acclamation.

Francis Felix, James H. Hopkins and Fred. Ihmsen were nominated for Assembly, and Henry Eaton and E. P. Kearns for Prothonotary, but withdrew their names before a ballot was taken.

John N. McClowrey and J. C. Buffum were withdrawn as candidates for Assembly, J. P. Barr and J. Patton, Jr., for Treasurer, and J. R. Hunter, for Prothonotary, after the balloting was half through. Mr. Hunter stated that he had requested a delegate to withdraw his name immediately after his nomination, but the request had not been complied with.

Mr. Duphorn, named for Associate Judge, withdrew his name after the balloting had progressed some time.

Dr. George McCook and Wm. G. Hawkins, named for Treasurer, and Thomas Barbin and H. S. Donaldson for Coroner, were withdrawn a short time previous to the close of the ballot.

John M. Irwin was withdrawn as a candidate for Assembly, just before the result of the ballot was announced.

Wm. Noble, for Coroner, was withdrawn after the ballot was taken.

On motion of Col. Hultz, the Chair was authorized to appoint an Executive Committee of Twenty, to carry on the campaign. The Committee will be announced hereafter.

At seven o'clock the result of the ballot, as given above, was announced by the Chair and received with demonstrations of applause.

John Cassells offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Convention earnestly recommend to the support of the citizens of Allegheny county the ticket this day nominated, embracing as it does the names of gentlemen eminently fit to fill the positions assigned them.

On motion of J. H. Sewell, three cheers were given for the Constitution, the Union and the Laws.

A vote of thanks was unanimously tendered to the Chairman, for the able manner in which he discharged his duties, whereupon the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

The Minnesota Mining Company vs. The National Mining Company and James H. Cooper.

This important action, commenced in June, 1860, in the District Court of the Upper Peninsula, for the county of Ontonagon, has lately been tried in that Court, his honor Judge Goodwin presiding. It was brought to eject the National Mining Company from a portion of School Section 16, on which are situated the principal mining grounds of said Company, and was therefore one of great interest and importance.

The Minnesota Mining Company claimed title under a patent of the United States, said patent resting upon its face the rights of Michigan to the land in dispute. The National Mining Company claimed under a clean patent of the State of Michigan, whose title was acquired under the compact admitting said State into the Union.

The cause was tried without a jury; the trial was commenced on the 6th of Sept. instant, and concluded on the 9th following. On the morning of the next day the Court delivered its decision in favor of the National Company. This is the fifth time that the title in dispute has been before a court of law. It was first tried before the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Michigan, in an ejectment suit brought by Cooper, in behalf of the National Mining Company against E. C. Roberts, who represented the National Company, when judgment was rendered against the title of the National Company. On a writ of error, the judgment was reversed in the Supreme Court of the United States. The case was then tried again in the U. S. C. C. for the District of Michigan, when judgment was given in favor of the title of the National Company. On a second writ of error, the judgment in favor of the National Company was affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States. In addition to these five trials at law, two trials in equity have been heretofore filed by the Minnesota Company against the National Company—one in the U. S. C. C. for the District of Michigan, and one in the District Court of the Upper Peninsula, for the county of Ontonagon, both of which have been dismissed by the Minnesota Company, the complainant.

Since the National Company was put in possession of the disputed tract under the writ of possession issued out of the U. S. C. C., they have laid out on a portion of it the village of Webster. The title to this village site was also covered by the recent decision of his Honor Judge Goodwin.

Such, we are informed, is the history in brief and present state of this litigation. At the late trial at Ontonagon, Theodore Romeyn, Esq., of Detroit, appeared as counsel for the Minnesota Co., and Samuel F. Vinton, Esq., of Washington City, and Alexander W. Buel, Esq., of Detroit, appeared as counsel for the National Company.

Railroad Accident—Soldier Killed.

An accident occurred on Monday to the first section of a train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, bringing in the 27th Indiana Regiment, from Indianapolis. The train consisted of six baggage and three passenger cars. The accident happened near Alliance, and was occasioned by an ox coming out from behind a wood pile and attempting to cross the track just in front of the locomotive, giving no time to the engineer to stop the train. The tender and five baggage cars were thrown off. One soldier, who was in a baggage car, jumped from the train and the car fell on him, killing him almost instantly. Three or four other soldiers in the baggage cars were slightly, and one badly, bruised, but not dangerously. The brakesman also jumped from the train and was badly bruised. The track was clear and the train moved on in about three hours and a half. The front truck of the front passenger car was off the track, but no one was hurt in any of the passenger cars, and no damage was done to the car. Of all who remained in the cars no one was seriously hurt.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY (Ohio) FAIR.—The Annual Fair of the Columbiana County Agricultural Society will be held at New Lisbon, commencing on Wednesday, and continuing for three days, 26th, 27th and 28th of September. Arrangements have been made with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad to issue excursion tickets from Enon Valley to Alliance. Young's band, of this city, has been engaged for the occasion, and all the military companies of the county will parade in the afternoon of the third day. No trouble or expense has been spared to insure its success, and the probability is that the attendance will be very large.

ARRIVAL OF ANOTHER REGIMENT.—An independent regiment from Michigan, in command of Col. Stockton, arrived in the city last evening, en route for Washington City. After partaking of an excellent repast, furnished by the Committee on Subsistence at the "Soldiers' Dining Rooms," they took a special train, and left for the East. The regiment was not quite full, numbering only 850 men. A detachment, however, of 150 men, enough to make the full complement, will pass through here this afternoon and join the regiment at Washington. Several other regiments from Michigan, Wisconsin and Indiana are expected to-day and to-morrow.

ARMS RECALLED.—We learn that Major Ripley has instructed Major Symington, Commandant of the Arsenal, to have the arms furnished to the Committee of Home Defense for arming the Home Guards, inspected, with a view of ascertaining what proportion of the same are fit for the use of the volunteers in actual service.

We have had some opportunity of examining most of these arms, and feel pretty confident that our Home Guards need not fear. These arms are not fit for active service.

A PICK-POCKET ARRESTED.—A lad named Archy Lawson was arrested by the Mayor's police in Davis' Auction Room, yesterday, while in the act of relieving a lady of her pocket-book. He is about sixteen years of age, and alleges that he has just returned from Washington City, where he was engaged as cook in the army. He was locked up for a hearing.

MCCREARY, the defaulting tax collector, arrived here yesterday afternoon in custody of officer Fox. An information was lodged against him by Mr. C. Oyer, one of the School Directors of the Seventh Ward, for embezzlement, and in default of bail he was committed to answer.

DEATH OF AN OLD CITIZEN.—We learn, with regret, of the death of REES. WEAVER, Esq., at Durant, Iowa. Mr. Weaver was elected Sheriff of this county in 1840, and was well known to a large number of our citizens. He has been for some years a resident of Iowa.

REPUDIATION.—The New Castle *Courant* is informed by a gentleman of West Greenville, that companies are being organized in that vicinity to resist the collection of the tax levied for the prosecution of the war.

TARGET PRACTICE.—Major Hambright's Rifle Company parade on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, for target practice and drill. Meet at the armory punctually at 2 p. m.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—There is authority for stating that the proclamation of the Governor-General of Cuba, recognizing the rebel flag, is spurious. No such proclamation has been made.

The Navy Department has cause for congratulation in the promptness and efficiency of the command, and of the several navy yards, all orders being obeyed with remarkable precision and expedition. On several occasions, recently, Major Gen. Fremont telegraphed for a number of guns and gun-carriages, and within less than a day thereafter the Department was informed that these war requisitions were already on their way from Philadelphia, Brooklyn and Portsmouth. There is as much quiet in and about the Department as in any of the ordinary government bureaus; yet the amount of business transacted is very heavy. Its important results daily become more apparent.

The following order was issued from the War Department to-day:

The commanding officer of the United States forces at Hatteras Inlet, North Carolina, is authorized to accept the services of such loyal North Carolinians, not to exceed one regiment, as in his neighborhood may volunteer to take up arms for the United States, and to designate a regular officer to muster them into service. The recruits will be organized, in the first instance, into a battalion or regiment, according to numbers. The mustering officer will make timely requisitions for arms and other necessary supplies, and the commanding officer will, on the recommendation of the volunteers, propose such persons as he may deem suitable to officer the companies, battalion or regiment that may, if approved, be commissioned by the President.

By Order, L. THOMAS, Adj't Gen.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—It is now believed that entire quiet will insure the recovery of Mr. W. F. Walker from the wounds inflicted by a Secessionist in Maryland. A government official called this morning and received from him the important information he had gathered up to the time he was injured. That part of Maryland in the neighborhood of Port Tobacco, is a hot bed of Secessionists, and has been a serious annoyance to the Union cause.

OUTER STATION—*Pacific Telegraph*, 95 *miles west of Fort Hamilton, via Omaha and Burlington, Sept.* 14.—The Pony Express passed at ten o'clock.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—The thought, mind and energies of the people in this city and throughout the State are concentrated on the general election. The Breckinridge, or Secession party, is evidently losing ground. The opinion is that the Republicans will carry the State.

There are now nine companies of volunteers to serve on the plains at Camp Downey, two miles west of Oakland, where Col. West is in command. The cavalry companies are at Camp Leon. Another camp is established near San Francisco, where volunteers, under the new call for 50,000 troops, are held until after the election, for no more volunteers will leave the interior for San Francisco, as they want to save their votes.

Two men were shot 3 miles from Lohma were murdered on the night of the 28th, by four Spaniards, who, after robbing the premises, set the house on fire.

A telegram from Yreka, dated the 27th, gives the following concerning the rumored massacre of our sailgrant party on the Northern route: "The report yesterday of the massacre by Indians at Grove Lake is confirmed by the arrival of one of the party, he being the only survivor. He reports that there were fourteen families, numbering over 100 persons in the train, and that the whole company—men, women and children—inhumanly butchered."

Our informant was here yesterday, but he has left town for the residence of a relative near here, in consequence of which no further particulars can be obtained.

A cavalry company is being organized here.

A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, dated Aug. 24th, via Yreka, says the steamer Carrie Lodd arrived last night, bringing Tracy & Co's express from the Nez Percys, and $50,000 in gold dust.

By the arrival of the Limerada from Amoor River, dates are received to the 1st of August, and the schooner Ida had since arrived with news from Petropolaski, Asiatic Russia.

An attempt will be made next summer to reach the Arctic Ocean, supposed to have been discovered by Captain Mangle, 42 years ago. The Russian Government have adopted a more favorable policy towards foreigners, in consequence of which there has been a large influx of mechanics.

It is announced that the government telegraph from Cikutsh to Nicolaetski, across the continent of Asia, will be commenced this season, and pushed forward to completion as early as possible, under the superintendence of Mr. Rowendoff.

NEAR SANDY HOOK, Sept. 16.—Yesterday, whilst six men of the Massachusetts 13th were riding up the tow-path on horseback, two miles above Harper's Ferry, they were fired upon by the rebels from the Virginia side of the Potomac, and one man was instantly killed. It was soon ascertained that the rebels in considerable force were concealed behind a large warehouse and other buildings in that vicinity, when Captain Shriber, of the Massachusetts 13th, quickly run up a 12-pounder rifled cannon and fired a number of shots into the buildings, behind which they were concealed, causing them to disperse, with a supposed loss of some five or six killed.

Thomas Harper, of Knoxville, who was so severely wounded last Thursday while on a canal boat opposite Shepherdstown, by the rebels, is lying in a very critical condition.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—A special dispatch to the *Journal* from Cairo states that that portion of Kentucky lying west of the Cumberland river has been declared under insurrectionary control. Secretary Chase has instructed the Surveyor here to prevent all commercial intercourse in that section, and search the baggage of all persons going thither.

The gun-boat Conestoga pursued the rebel steamers Eugenia and Gazelle, on the Cumberland river, yesterday. One contained 100 tons of iron.

A deserter from Jeff. Thompson says the force opposite Columbus numbers 2,300 ragged soldiers, short of provisions. The opinion is expressed that his command will disband.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 16—HOUSE.—A message from Gov. Magoffin was received, communicating a telegraphic message from Gen. Zollicoffer, announcing that the safety of Tennessee demanded the occupation of Cumberland and the three long mountains in Kentucky, and that he had done so and should retain his position until the Federal forces were withdrawn and the Federal camp broken up. Also, a message from Hon. C. Reynolds, Lieutenant Governor of Missouri, asking what course Kentucky intended to take, in view of the occupation of the Mississippi river, below the mouth of the Ohio, by the Federal forces, in violation of her neutrality.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The first great general celebration of the adoption of the Federal Constitution took place to-day, comprising a parade of the Home Guards, three thousand in number, singing, speeches, and an oration by ex-Minister Dallas at Independence Square, firing of salutes and a general suspension of business during part of the day. A rain storm which commenced at noon interfered with but did not prevent the carrying out of the entire programme. The oration of Mr. Dallas gave hearty support to the crushing out of the rebellion against the Union and Constitution.

HARTFORD, CT., Sept. 17.—A large concourse of citizens from all parts of the State assembled here to-day to listen to Hon. D. S. Dickinson and others. Maj. Gen. Pratt presided. All the political parties of the State were represented, and places of business were closed during the meeting. Mr. Dickinson's speech was one of his best efforts, and had a powerful effect. Senator Latham, of California, sent a letter of apology for his absence full of patriotic spirit.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 17.—The Union men are rejoicing over the latest news from Western Virginia.

The boat from Old Point has arrived, but brings no news from Fortress Monroe. The passengers represent that nothing has transpired there of interest.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 17.—The United States Circuit Court for the District of New Jersey is now in session. Several treason cases and interference with and opposition to the Federal authorities will come before them.

Gov. Eden has been requested to forward the remaining New Jersey regiments as fast as possible.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Over $200,000 was subscribed to the National Loan yesterday. When the Government Agents get to work, the subscriptions will be much heavier here and throughout New England, as many are prevented by the crowd from obtaining access to the Sub-Treasurer's office.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 17.—We learn from Nashville that a Richmond dispatch to the *Union & American* states that Hon. L. P. Walker has resigned in consequence of bad health. His successor has not yet been appointed.

All the banks of New Orleans suspended specie payment to-day, and treasury notes are all at par.

The Louisville *Journal* of this morning publishes the correspondence between Hon. Jos. Holt and the President, in regard to Fremont's proclamation. In answer to Mr. Holt's inquiries, President Lincoln encloses a letter to Fremont, which has been published. The *Journal* learns that in every quarter, the recent wanton invasion of Kentucky by the Confederate troops, is disapproved. In thousands of instances Southern Rights men have announced their purpose to unite in repelling the invaders.

The *Courier* of this morning publishes a card, calling a meeting of all the citizens of Curry, Trimble and Carroll counties, to form a league for the mutual protection of the lives and property of families of all parties. The idea is thought to be to put down all marauding bands of either party, and avoid guerilla warfare.

A new regiment, under Curran Pope, of this city, a graduate of West Point, goes into camp this week at the Fair Grounds near the city.

Enlisting is exceedingly lively. Besides the infantry, there are many cavalry and artillery companies forming, one cavalry company to be composed of Germans who have seen service. An artillery company of 150 men, under J. W. Scott, will have Peter Hart, of Fort Sumter, as First Lieutenant. A regiment of cavalry, under Jas. S. Jackson, M. C., has been nearly completed. Harness and saddle makers are kept busy night and day, and advertise for journeymen.

It is reported that 6,000 Confederates, under Zollicoffer, came to Cumberland Ford, Knox county, on Saturday, and captured the Captain of Col. Stone's company of Home Guards.

LOUISVILLE, Sept 17—10½ *o'clock, P. M.*—The train from the South on the Nashville and Louisville Railroad has not arrived. It is six hours behind time.

Telegraphic communication between Elizabethtown has been interrupted since 6 o'clock this evening.

There is great military activity in the city. All the Home Guards are assembling, and it is rumored that a portion of Scouseau's brigade has been ordered over from the Indiana side.

Memphis.—A special to the *Appeal* says that Genl Braxton Bragg has been appointed Confederate Secretary of War, vice L. P. Walker, resigned.

Frankfort.—The Senate passed the bill to provide for the security of the State army and protection of railroads

House—Wolff's report from the Committee on Federal Affairs, was adopted by a vote of 70 to 30.

Midnight.—The Southern cars have not arrived. Part of Rousseau's brigade are landing here. It is understood that they are to proceed Southward over the Louisville and Nashville Railroad immediately. The Home Guards are all out in uniform. Their destination is supposed to be Southward.

The river at this point is rising fast, with 5 feet 4 inches water in the canal.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 17.—Correspondence of the St. Louis *Republican*:

A person arrived here this morning reports that on Wednesday night Price was moving towards Sedalia with 11,000 men, and that Parsons was there with 2,500 rebels and 16 pieces of artillery. Other accounts say that Price left Warrensburg for Lexington on Wednesday night.

Reports are current that Lexington has been captured, but they are not believed.

Parties from Pettis county report a fight at Blackwater, in which the Secessionists defeated the Home Guards and burnt Blackwater Bridge.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 17.—A special dispatch to the St. Louis *Democrat* says: A man named Griffith arrived here to-day, and states that on Saturday last Gen. Price, with 17,000 men, had surrounded Lexington, and had sent a summons to Col. Mulligan to surrender; Col. M. refused, when Price is reported to have sent word that he would give him until Monday at four o'clock to surrender, and if he did not that he would march on him with a black flag. It is confidently thought in military quarters here that Genl Sigel has by this time reached Lexington from St. Joseph, and Price will be cut off or forced to retreat

Quite a panic prevailed at Georgetown on receipt of the reports from Lexington, and many families fled, fearing an attack from the rebels.

All is quiet here, and no apprehensions are felt of an immediate attack.

ST. LOUIS, Sept 17.—The St. Louis *Democrat* is furnished with the following item: All is quiet here. Gen. Pope has sent a column of 1,000 men and three pieces of artillery to Cape Col. Smith, after the rebels who left here on the 13th, and there is little doubt but that their large haul of plunder will be captured, although as usual, they will disperse, and being mounted, escape, unless Col. Smith should surprise them. Home Guards, and others, are scouring the country on all sides. Cols. Cramer and Edwards, the first commanding the irregular forces of the Missouri Volunteers, and the latter about 600 Iowa State troops, will arrive here on Sunday, having swept the entire region north of the city. The General will immediately bring them up in motion along both sides of the railroad, to clear the small squads of the rebels remaining in the woods between here and Chillicothe. The General says in five days North Missouri will be quiet again.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 17.—Gen Sturgis, with one regiment of infantry, two companies of cavalry and one of artillery, took possession of St. Joseph on Friday last.

It is reported that a battle took place at Lexington, yesterday, between the Federal forces there and Mart. Green's rebels, in which each of the latter were captured. This needs confirmation.

Another bridge was burned on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, a day or two since, precipitating the locomotive into the stream and killing the engineer.

A report is current here that the Confederate forces have evacuated Columbus.

ST. JOSEPH, Sept. 13.—*Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican*.—The railroad bridge over the Little Platte river is not yet repaired. This does not interrupt the travel, however, of passengers, mails and troops being transferred at the bridge.

Three regiments of U. S. troops, the 16th Illinois, the 3d Ohio and the 2d Kansas reached here to-day and more will arrive to-morrow. Before the arrival of the Federal troops, more than 1,100 rebels rode out of the town, bound South, to join Gen. Price. They are an undisciplined crew, well mounted, but poorly armed. The Union men are jubilant and hopeful again. At Stewartsville, yesterday, two companies of Capt. Morgan's Home Guards had a skirmish with a band of secessionists and routed them, killing ten or more and capturing several horses.

FREDERICK, MD., Sept. 17.—Not more than twenty-five members of both houses have, as yet, arrived here. They will meet and adjourn till to-morrow. The impression is that the Legislature will be unable to adjourn or do business for want of a quorum.

CAIRO, Sept. 14.—Our troops moved down the river to-day, taking possession of the