Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	84	62
12 " M.	115	77
6 " P. M.		72
Barometer		29 5-10

Meeting of Allegheny Councils.

The Councils of Allegheny held a regular monthly meeting last evening—members generally present.

The reports of the several Boards of Viewers, in reference to the opening of Ridge street, Allegheny avenue, Green street and Long alley, reported the amounts of benefits, damages, etc., under the act of May 1st, 1861. The totals are as follows:

Ridge street,	damages,	expenses, etc.,	$588 00
Allegheny avenue,	do	do	2,115 50
Green street,	do	do	104 00
Long alley,	do	do	133 00

The reports were approved, and Councils ordered the same to be certified to the City Solicitor, S. Schoyer, Jr., to be filed for confirmation by the Court.

The regular monthly reports, with resolutions for the payment of sundry bills, were presented and resolutions adopted.

An ordinance was passed changing the place of holding elections in the First Precinct of the Fourth Ward, to the Fourth Ward engine house, corner of Lescook and Anderson streets.

The Police Committee reported in reference to the nuisance maintained in the Second Ward, in consequence of the drove yards and hog pens in the vicinity of the outer depot. The hog pens had been found in a very filthy condition, and the parties interested were ordered to abate the evil forthwith. All the parties complied except W. H. Veach, who has refused, and has been indicted for nuisance—the case to be tested in Court.

The Committee also report the hog and dog ordinances defective, and recommend a prohibitary ordinance, by which all hogs within the city limits shall be confiscated for the use of the poor. Also, that all dogs be taxed, and those not entered at the Treasurer's office, for taxing, shall be killed or otherwise destroyed. The City Solicitor was instructed to prepare an ordinance with these recommendations.

No other business of importance was transacted, and Councils adjourned.

Defense of the Conductors.

The Chicago *Post*, after copying an article in reference to the arrest of the conductors on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, on charges of embezzlement, enters into a defense of the accused, upon the ground that the charges have been "trumped up" by "secret detectives," who would sacrifice anything for their own profit—even honor itself. The *Post* says:

"Whatever discrepancies may exist in the accounts rendered to the company by the conductors, it is greatly in their favor that those discrepancies have been brought to light in the manner they have. It is a foregone conclusion that no American jury will ever convict a man on the evidence of a detective officer. Such evidence may be admissible in case of murder, or other flagitious crimes, where the malignant pride of the professional detective is supposed to be toned down by the jeopardised life, but in cases where there is 'no let nor hindrance' to that horrible flow of professional pride, which crushes out all considerations of character in the gloating expectation to obtain a conviction, there could be but one opinion in a jury, and that would pronounce the accusations a falsehood and a conspiracy."

Detention of Southern-Bound Travelers.

On the noon train from the East, yesterday, were several ladies and gentlemen, carrying with them a large lot of baggage checked through to Louisville, Kentucky. They were all taken into custody—eight or ten in number—and their baggage detained. Two of the ladies were taken to the St. Charles, and the balance of the party to the St. Clair Hotel, where they were searched. The ladies at the St. Charles are mother and daughter; they state that they have been residing for some time in New York, but that their home is in New Orleans, whither they are bound. They give as a reason for going South, that they could not receive remittances of money, since the non-intercourse between the two sections has been so rigidly enforced. Their persons were searched by females, but nothing improper was found.

The party at the St. Clair consisted of two gentlemen, their wives and children, and a nervous, irritable French lady, who was much excited and greatly annoyed at her detention. Nine trunks were searched by Deputy Marshal McMillan, assisted by the Mayor's Clerk and police. With the exception of three small chests of homeopathic medicine, nothing contraband was found. The medicine will most likely be detained, although the point had not been decided last evening.

The Committee of Public Safety.

We refer our readers to the call of this Committee, in another column. The meeting will be held at the Rooms of the Board of Trade, this (Friday) afternoon at three o'clock. The sub-committee on relief have exhausted their funds, and the daily applications for relief are increasing. Meantime, the fund authorized to be raised by the two-mill tax is not immediately available, owing to some difference of opinion in regard to the proper method of collecting the tax.

We understand that there is a considerable sum of money now in the County Treasury, which might be used for the pressing wants of those entitled to relief, and returned from the proceeds of the two-mill tax when collected. We trust that the Committee may be able to suggest some plan by which the necessary and proper relief may be immediately extended to those who are entitled to receive it.

The Relief Fund.

The following notice received from the Relief Board Wednesday explains itself:

PITTSBURGH, September 4, 1861.

To the Public—The undersigned Board of Relief of Allegheny county would respectfully request the citizens of each and every Ward, Borough and township in the county from which volunteers have gone into the service of the State or the United States, whose families need relief, to meet at their respective places of holding elections on Saturday, the 7th inst., between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock p. m., to appoint a Committee of three, whose duty it shall be to act in connection with the Board in the distribution of the Relief Fund.

GABRIEL ADAMS,
JOHN E. PARK,
Associate Judges Court Common Pleas.
Z. PATTERSON,
JONATHAN BEAUDY,
GEO. HAMILTON,
County Commissioners.

PAY YOUR TAXES.—Our County Treasurer has secured a commodious room in the third story of the Court House for the reception of County, State, and County Poor taxes, and is now prepared to receive taxes from every one wishing to pay. Many payers have already taken advantage of the liberal provision of the law, allowing an abatement of five per cent. for prompt payment. Others have neglected it, while others, like the man who took a seat in the back end of a church pew, in order to save interest on his "tip" while the bag went round, are determined to hold on to the very last day, when they may probably find it difficult in getting into the door, and certainly must wait for a long time till their time comes in the crowd. Let all pay before the 24th inst. and save five per cent.

Appointment of Surgeons.

The following appointments of Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons were made by Governor Curtin on Wednesday:

Surgeons—Drs. K. W. Bailey, New Bloomfield, Pa.; N. F. Marsh, Honesdale; Wm. A. Gobrecht, Philadelphia; C. F. H. Campbell, do.; Sam'l G. Lehe, Chambersburg; John H. Fromberger, Bristol, Bucks county; B. M. S. Jackson, Cresson, Cambria county; A. B. Meylert, Scranton, Luzerne county; W. S. Woods, Pittsburgh.

Assistant Surgeons—Drs. J. H. Sheets, Dale, Berks county; E. Donnelly, Philadelphia; J. B. Finney, Harrisburg; J. W. Lyman, Lock Haven; J. F. Huber, Lancaster; J. R. Reilly, Harrisburg; W. C. Rodgers, Norristown; J. P. Vickers, West Chester; R. S. Colson, Philadelphia; Ambrose J. Herr, Strasburg.

Approved, A. G. CURTIN, Governor.

DOCTOR C. BARIS, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Rupture. Corner of Penn and Wayne Streets.

The Mansion Saloon.

For some time, in the neighborhood of the Central Depot, at the junction of Liberty and Grant streets, a first-class restaurant has been a great desideratum with the traveling public. With a belief, therefore, that it will be favorably received by them, we direct their attention, as well as that of the public generally, to the splendid saloon attached to the new extension of the Mansion House, (George Aurentz, Esq., proprietor,) which has been erected on the north side of the Depot, for the accommodation of railroad passengers. It is under the management of Mr. Edwin A. Aurentz, a gentleman in every way eminently qualified for such a position. The recent addition is three stories in hight, and will be finished in the most fashionable style. The saloon, which is altogether 80 by 37 feet, will be arranged in two apartments, in one of which lady passengers may be accommodated at any hour with the best viands of the season. In the other apartment, gentlemen will be furnished with the choicest of everything. The establishment, when completed, will be one of the finest in the city. In the extension mentioned, some fifty new sleeping rooms have been added to the hotel, and the whole structure will be furnished in the best modern style. The location of this hotel, and the ample time allowed to passengers for enjoying their meals, attended by the best waiters that can be secured, guarantee a prosperous career to the proprietors.

SWORD PRESENTATION.—The Frisbee Infantry, Capt. Foulk, will turn out and parade this afternoon. At three o'clock, elegant regulation swords will be presented to "Hall" Greatrake, First Lieutenant, and John Little, Jr., Second Lieutenant. The presentation will take place in front of the office of T. B. Hamilton, Esq., on Fifth street. J. H. Hampton, Esq., will make the presentation speech, and Mr. Moreland, Esq., will reply. The company will leave for Washington on Saturday.

The company is full now, as we are informed by Capt. Foulk, but his list is still open, and good men may still have a chance to enter their names.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—Died, August 8th, in Richland township, Guernsey county, Ohio, Mr. Samuel Garbean, formerly a resident of Washington county, Pa. He was gathering his cattle and on a load, when one of the horses attached to the wagon, by a sudden kick, struck the fork in Mr. G.'s hand, forcing the handle against his abdomen with such momentum as produced internal rupture, from which, after thirteen hours of great suffering, he died. Mr. G. was a worthy member of the Salem Baptist church for several years, a faithful friend and a good citizen.

"Wild Cat Regiment."

Eds. Gazette: Whenever you have leisure, I wish you would take a map of Pennsylvania and trace up the Allegheny river to the mouth of Red Bank; then up Red Bank about 40 miles, where you will find a portion of the State called Jefferson county, which you seem to have lost sight of entirely when making mention of what has been done by the different counties in furnishing men for the defense of the government. You remember what Armstrong county has done, and is still doing; you remember what Clarion is doing, but you don't seem to know that Jefferson, with one-third less of the population of either, had two companies in the three months service, and has now two companies on the Potomac for three years, besides four in in Camp Wilkins and another one nearly ready to start, making in all nine companies, out of a population of 17,000 inhabitants.

Col. McKnight, of this place, is getting up a regiment in this and surrounding counties, to be called the "Wild Cat Regiment." He has now in camp the following companies:

Captain	Hosey,	of Clarion county;	
"	Dowling,	of Jefferson	"
"	Hastings,	"	"
"	Tracy,	"	"
"	Fress,	"	"
"	Rose,	of Clearfield	"
"	Craig,	of Clarion	"

The regiment will be made up in the course of ten or twelve days, notwithstanding he has received nothing in shape of pufts which have been so freely bestowed on other regiments by the Pittsburgh dailies. However much has been said about Kane's "Buck-tails," Col. McKnight and Capt. Wise had two companies in Camp Biffer before Kane's "Buck-tails" were dreamed of. We want justice, and don't want to be slighted.

If any young man wish to serve their country in company with whole-souled fellows, let them join Col. McKnight's regiment.

Yours, &c., A. P. HAICHHOLD.

From Colonel Black's Regiment.

COMPANY H, COL. BLACK'S REGIMENT,
Camp Kapp, August, 31st, 1861.

Since I last wrote to you there has been quite a change made in our regiment. We have at last received our arms, blankets, shoes, canteens and knapsacks, and are commencing at last to look something like soldiers; but we do not look soldier-like at all in comparison with some of our eastern troops, although I firmly believe that we, one and all, officers and privates, are as anxious to defend our country as any regiment in the field. We are about meeting with a sad loss, as we are going to lose our Colonel. He has been appointed to the office of Brigadier-General, and our regiment will be under his command. We are to move to-morrow, I understand from good authority, into Virginia, to Fort Corcoran, near Arlington Heights, which, I suppose, will be our position for some time. We learn from the papers that Beauregard's army is fast advancing toward the Capital. He will run against a large circumstance, as our army is three hundred thousand strong at present. The general health of our regiment, considering the wet weather, is good. T. H. D.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, to-day's paper.

BLOOD FOOD.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be contounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a nervous nature—of long standing—of weeks, months, and years. Suffer-ers, try it!

Messrs. GRURGE & DUPONT, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the world-renowned Dr. HAYNE'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine closet in case of need, and containing, as it does, no paregoric or opiates, it can be relied upon with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable specific in all cases of infantile complaints.—*Ohio Safe Journal, Cleveland.*

☞See advertisement. For sale by GEORGE H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. de1?d&w1m?

DIED:

MITCHELL—On Thursday, Sept. 5th, SUSAN YOUNG, wife of James H. Mitchell.

The funeral will take place on TO-DAY, (Friday) from the residence of Thomas Mitchell, Esq., 203 Penn street, at 2 o'clock, p. m. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

☞ A Friend in Need. Try it.—DR SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an externa remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. *For* all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a gargle for sore throat, it *Speaks Volumes.* Bruises, sprains, healing and powerful strengthening properties exercise the most wonder and astonishment in all who have ever tried it. A trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures performed by it within the last two years, attest this fact. See advertisement. sa6?ydew2?ait

R. S. SELLERS & CO., Agents, Corner Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh.

SOAP! SOAP! SOAP!!!—THE CHEMICAL OLIVE RESIVUS SOAP, manufactured by B. C. & J. H. SAWYER, is acknowledged to be the most serviceable of any kind yet offered to the public. Its superior advantages are found in its cheapness, saving of labor, and its efficacy in removing grease, paint, tar and without injuring the skin, or in the least wise damaging the finest quality of goods. It can be used with all kinds of water.

Reference is made with pleasure to the subjoined certificate, emanating from gentlemen well known in this community, and who had every facility afforded of seeing it fully and fairly tested:

Quartermaster's Department of the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Regiments Pa. Vols.

"Sawyer's Chemical Olive Resive Soap," having been used very extensively in our Regiments, we have no hesitation in certifying that it was found admirably adapted to the use of the soldiers, and decidedly the most superior soap which could be procured for the service.

JAMES A. REIN, Quartermaster 12th Reg.
ALEX. FORSYTH, Quartermaster 14th Reg.
M. K. MCGINNAD, Quartermaster 13th Reg.
au31

THE RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.

The thirty-eighth Annual Session of this School for thorough instruction in the Natural Sciences and Civil Engineering, will begin September 18th, 1861.

A department for instruction in Military Science and Art has been instituted.

Inquiries may be addressed to Prof. CHAS. DROWNE, Director of Rens. Pol. Institute, Troy, N. Y. au4.1md

BUTTER.—10 kegs fresh packed Butter just received and for sale by
au31 HENRY H. COLLINS.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Police Board has elected Y. C. Brobins as their President, and W. B. Webb, of this city, as Superintendent of the Police Force.

The Treasury Department has issued proposals for the construction of five steams crew revenue vessels.

Governor Gamble, of Missouri, had an interview with the President to-day.

Col. Lyle's National Guard Regiment, of Philadelphia, which was among the first to organize for three months, and the last to retire, was accepted yesterday by the War Department for three years service.

At the Provost Marshal's office, to-day, a pass to cross the Potomac was refused to a newspaper reporter, about whose loyalty there is no doubt. In Gen. Porter's absence a deputy attends to this business. It is presumed, from the circumstances above related, that the refusal to the press is unexplained.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Lieut. Col. Sedgwick, of the Sixth Cavalry, has been appointed Brigadier-General of the volunteers, and Hoyt Sherman additional Paymaster.

Gen. Burnside has been assigned to duty in command of the regiments here which have not yet been assigned to brigades, and all arriving troops.

Col. Macy, Inspector General of the U. S. army, has been appointed chief of Gen. McClellan's staff.

The following additional Paymasters of the three months volunteers were appointed today: James W. Schaumberg and Russell Errett, of Penna.; Mark Etung, of Missouri; Frank Bridgeman, of Iowa; Wm. H. Johnson, of Ohio; Nicholas W. Larned and Henry Sullivan, of Illinois; Benj. F. Walson, Oliver Halman, Julian O. Inason and Geo. T. Emory, Mass; H. F. J. Adams, of Kansas; Jas. C. John and John A. Lowry, Indiana; Wm. H. Ritter, Thos. M. Bart, Alexander B. Williams, Robert L. Nebb and E. S. Hoy, New York; Wm. Gilinan, Michigan; Jno. E. Newell, New Jersey; Ira L. Hewitt, Texas; W. D. Marin, New Mexico; Truman G. Wright and Rufus Cheney, Wisconsin; G. R. Saunders, California; Wm. E. Culver, Kentucky. The above list comprises all the additional Paymasters proposed to be appointed.

The *Star's* correspondence from Fairfax county says there are no disunion troops at Vienna, a picked guard only being posted there. Immediately around Fitzt Hill, half way between Falls Church and Fairfax Court House, there are about five regiments of South Carolina regiments, viz. Kershaw's, Cash's, Bacon's and Williams', reduced to about half their original number by the contingencies of their service, principally through sickness. Each of these regiments were originally 900 strong. The camp measles has raged long and terrifically in these regiments, as throughout the rest of Beauregard's army. As soon as a man is laid down he is sent off to some hospital in the interior. Recently the South Carolina regiments received from their State a supply of new clothing and shoes, of which they were in great need. At present they have a sufficiency of provisions, fresh beef, bacon and flour.

Respectable gentlemen who have arrived from North Carolina, by a circuitous route, say that the Union prospects in that State are of the most encouraging character. The acting Governor is a reliable Union man. Secret leagues of loyalty exist in every county, and are rapidly increasing in strength, already numbering one-half of the voting population. A Provisional Government will be put in operation in a few months. Two full brigades of loyal men have been enrolled. The league have made arrangements for electing a member of Congress from every district. Four were known to have been elected, each having received a large vote. They are among the best men in the State, who will insist upon a vigorous prosecution of the war. Their certificates of election will bear the signature of the Governor and the broad seal of the State. Since the engagement at Hatteras, the North Carolina troops have been withdrawn from Virginia. Many of them are dissatisfied with the war, and those who entered the service for the short term refuse to continue in the Confederate employment.

N. Y. Democratic Convention.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 4—*Evening.*—Herman J. Redfield was chosen for President of the Convention. The committee on contested seats made two reports on the question of the admission of the New York City delegations. The minority report, favoring the admission of both Tammany and Mozart Hall representatives, was adopted. The Tammany delegation have withdrawn for constitution. It is probable that they will bolt from the convention and unite with the Republicans. After appointing a committee on resolutions, the convention adjourned till to-morrow.

SYRACUSE, September 5.—On the assembling of the Convention this morning, a motion was made to re-consider the vote admitting both the Mozart and Tammany delegations. A short debate ensued.

The Convention refused to hear Mr. McMaster, of the *Freeman's Journal.* A vote was ordered on the main question.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 5.—*Noon*—The majority report, admitting only the Tammany delegation, has been passed, thus excluding the Mozart or Place wing of the party. This action has caused tremendous excitement.

By a vote of 114 against 87 the Convention reconsidered the vote of yesterday, admitting both the New York city delegations. The question recurred on adopting the majority report admitting the Tammany delegates only. There is much excitement both in and outside of the Convention.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 5.—The Committee on Resolutions reported a series, in effect as follows:

1. *Resolved*, That the watchword which should animate the Democracy in the defence of our imperilled country, is the sentiments of Jackson, that the "Union must be preserved."

2. That the claim to relinquish the State allegiance is unwarranted by the Constitution, and at war with it in letter and spirit, and incompatible with good government; and the Democracy ever maintained, and they still do, that Secession is revolution.

3. That the seizure of the ports and property of the government, followed by the authorization of privateers, precipitated the country into war.

4. That it is the duty of the Government to prosecute this war with all its power and resources, and the duty of the people to rally to its support until the struggle ends with the triumph of the Constitution and the laws, and the restoration of the Union.

5. That we hold next in guilt to the faction in arms, the Northern agitators.

6. That it was the duty of Congress to have encouraged the loyal citizens of the South by ample guarantees of their rights, and by just and honorable concessions; and we believe it to be the duty of the government, while putting down the rebellion, to offer to the loyal people of the disaffected States the remedy which the Constitution itself provides, viz: a Convention of all the States for the revision and amendment of that instrument.

7. The Democracy of the State regard any attempt to pervert this conflict into a war for the emancipation of slaves as fatal to all hopes for the restoration of the Union.

8. That we protest against the doctrine that any power except the representatives of the people can suspend the writ of habeas corpus, and protest against the passport system, and against the government establishing a State Police, and against the assumption of the government to repress the discussion of its policy by a free pass, by the refusal to afford it the proper mail facilities, and, finally, protest against the President's doctrine—that the States derive their authorities from the Federal Government.

The last resolution concludes as follows:—That the Democratic victory in this State will be hardly less auspicious to the cause of the Union than the triumph of the Federal arms in the field, and, therefore, we hold those who are trying to create discussions in the ranks of the Democracy as not only treacherous to its principles but disloyal to their country.

Considerable debate ensued on certain of the resolutions, but they were mainly adopted. During the debate one member declared the South had brought on the war. He was opposed to peace offers, except at the cannon's mouth. We were the peace party before the war; for God's sake don't let us be the peace party during the war. His remarks were loudly applauded.

The following are the nominations: Judge of Appeals, Judge Comstock; Secretary of State, D. Floyd Jones; Comptroller, George G. Scott; Attorney General, Gen. Lyman Tremaine; Treasurer, G. R. Bruck; Canal Commissioner, J. B Lord.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 5.—The Union Convention at Columbus to-day was very large and enthusiastic. T. Ewing presided. David Todd (Dem.) was nominated for Governor, and Benj. Staton (Rep.) Lieutenant Governor. The balance of the ticket was divided between Democrats and Republicans.

STOCKBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 5.—The cotton factory at Great Barrington, belonging to Olney & Goff, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 5.—Gorrach, who yesterday headed an expedition carrying off arms to the Confederate States, has been arrested.

A report was widely circulated to-day that Ex-Mayor Barber had received a dispatch affirming positively the death of Jeff. Davis, is entirely without foundation.

Frankfort.—The Senate organized by the election of John F. Foster, Speaker, and J. H. Johnson Clerk.

Gov. Magoffin's message says: Kentucky has a right to assume a neutral position; that she had no agency in fostering a sectional party in the free States and did not approve of separate action and secession of the Southern States at the time. Until recently, Kentucky's neutrality has not been seriously aggressed by either belligerent power. Lawless raids have been suffered on both sides, private property seized; commerce interrupted and our trade destroyed.

These wrongs have been borne with patience, and reparation obtained when possible; but a military force has been organized, equipped and encamped in the central portion of Kentucky, without consultation with the State authorities, but a short time before the assembly of a legislature fresh from the people. If the people of Kentucky desire more troops, let them be obtained under the constitution of Kentucky. I recommend that the law of last spring be amended to enable the military board to borrow a sufficient sum to purchase arms and munitions for our defense. The Governor infers from the President's correspondence that if he thought the peole of Kentucky wished the removal of the Federal force from this State, the President would comply.

Gov. Magoffin recommends the passages of resolutions requesting the disbanding or removal of all the military bodies not under the State authority. He complains of the continual introduction of federal guns, and the distribution of them to private citizens. He thinks this source of irritation should be arrested. He refers to the legislature numbers of cases of aggression upon private rights by a body of belligerents, where he had not the right or power to afford redreest. After discussing on the national affairs he says: Kentuckians have meant to wait the exhaustion of other States before they will reconsider the question of assuming new external relations; but I have never understood that they will tamely submit to the unconditional aggressions of the North. They renounce their sympathy with the people of her aggrieved sister States north. They will approve of a war to subjugate the South. Still less can I construe any of their votes as meaning that they will prosecute a coercive war against their southern brethern. They meant only that they have still some hope of the restoration and perpetuation of the Union, and until that hope is blasted they will not alter their existing relations. Their final decision will be law to me, and I will execute every constitutional act of their representatives as vigilantly and faithfully as though it originated with myself. The Governor says that in no thought or word has he thwarted the lawful purposes of the people of Kentucky. He denounces the President's War Proclamation of April 15th as illegal, and therefore a peremptory refusal to the demand for Kentucky troops was given. Citing subsequent acts of the Administration he said he could not give them any sort of sanction.

The Governor protests against the President's usurpations, against the further prosecution of the war, against Kentucky being made a camping ground or pathway for a movement of troops without her belligerents, and recommends the General Assembly to pass resolutions requiring both belligerents to keep off our soil, and respect Kentucky's neutrality. My respect for State rights and State sovereignty will make me bow in respectful submission to the majority of the people, as long as I am a citizen of Kentucky.

It is understood that Gov. Magoffin received at Frankfort to-day a dispatch from Gen. Grant, of Cairo, stating that Tennessee troops had entered Columbus. Magoffin telegraphed to Gov. Harris, protesting against this, to which Harris replied, saying that he would request President Davis to withdraw the troops.

This evening Louisville is full of rumors that the Federal gun-boats, being fired upon from Columbus, had responded by shelling and burning the town, but no verification of this improbable story can be obtained to-night.

The N. O. *Crescent* says that the Military Board of Mississippi was tendered the services of a vessel, fully armed and equipped, for the defence of Mississippi Sound, but declined.

Richmond dispatches to the Southern papers say that the President had called together Congress for the 21.

Lieut.-Burnett, late of the U. S. Army, arrived in Fort Smith, Arkansas.

Gen. Beauregard's report of the battle of Bull Run, representing only 140 killed, and 638 wounded, while the balance were left over and shipped East. In prices there has been no change. The following are the particulars of the sales:

	Offered.	*Prev. Rect.*	*Sold.*	*Price.*
Myers & bro.	...	115	...	1½@2¾
H A Marsh	...	...	50	2 @3¼
A Greenwalt	...	135	2	3¼
B S Phillips	...	50	2½	
Mason & Lecurer	...	23	19	1¾@3
Jas Tipton	...	19	18.50	⅌ head
John M Tipton	...	10	20.00	⅌ head
Sam'l Marshall	...	20	14.00	⅌ head
J Barron	...	23	16.00	⅌ head
J B Hoff	...	15	2	@2¾
Amos Speer	25		...	
Hancock & bro	48		...	
J S Cherry	34		...	
J Lloyd	20		...	
Geo Fulton	21		...	
Dowling & Geddis	112		...	
Holmes & Fleofer	59		...	
	498	918		

SHEEP—The offerings of Sheep footed up 2418 head. Of this number, only 141 were sold, the price being $3.10 ⅌ head.

HOGS—The total receipts reached 1159 head. In the manner of buyers, however, they were all east East.

HORSES—The receipts of horses were large, reaching 1153 head. The bulk of them belonged to Government agents, while the balance were shipped to the Eastern markets.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, Sept 4—The current prices for the week, at all the markets, are as follows:

BEEF CATTLE.	
First quality	⅌ cwt. $3.50@3.00
Ordinary quality	2.75@3.25
Common quality	2.00@2.50
Inferior quality	1.50@2.00
SHEEP & LAMBS.	
Prime quality, ⅌ head	4.00@4.25
Ordinary	3.25@3.75
Common	2.75@3.00
Inferior	2.00@2.50
SWINE.	
First quality	4¼@4½c
Other qualities	3¾@ 4½c

REMARKS.

The market for beef cattle to-day was more favorable for the owners and buyers than at any time during the summer month. The supply was fair, but owing to the short supply of last week butchers have been in the run out, and accordingly congregated at Bull's Head yesterday and to-day in unusually large numbers. The bidding was pretty spirited and all description found a ready sale at an advance of fully ½c ⅌ lb, the range being from 3¼ to 4c ⅌ lb. The average quality was unusually good and there were several fine lots which found willing customers at the outside price.

The demand for Sheep and Lambs was fair, and though prices were somewhat irregular and generally 50c ⅌ head higher, the range of quotations remain much the same.

Swine were in request at 3¾ to 4½c according to quality.

RECAPITULATION.

The total receipts of all stock, at all the yards for the week and last week, were as follows:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Calv's.	Veal & L'mbs.	Sheep & Swine.
At Washington yd	3760	28	274	925	4004
At Brooklyn	56	11	99	4441	.....
At Chamberlain's	23	45	81	3833	.....
At O'Brien's	29	17	70	5030	.....
Bergen Hill	652	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	4520	101	494	14229	4404
Do last week	5221	118	418	13153	5204

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 2—The offerings of Beef Cattle reached 1256 head. The market continued dull, and prices ran on the same as last quotations.

About 75 Cows were disposed of at from $25 to $40 each, according to condition.

Of Hogs we notice further sales at $5¼@$5 for the 100 lbs net, including 2295 at the Avenue at these rates, as to quality.

Some 5,000 Sheep are in and sold at from 6c to 6¾c ⅌ lb net, as to quality.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5—Noon—Flour dull; sales of 1500 bbls at $4 50@$5 for superfine, and $5 25@$5 50 for extra. Wheat in fair demand, sales of 6000 bush red at $1 10@$1 15, and white at $1 25. Corn quiet; sales of 5000 bush yellow at 64@65. Whisky firm at 18@18½.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5—Noon.—Flour dull; sales 7500 bbls. Wheat advanced 1c; sales at $1 00@$1 06 for Milwaukee club. Corn firm; sales 35,000 bush at 49@50. Pork heavy. Lard quiet. Whisky steady at 18@18½.

Receipts—Flour, 13,790 bbls; Wheat, 81,250 bush; Corn, 34,400 bush.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5—Evening.—Cotton firm; sales 2001 bales at 22. Flour firm; sales of 13,500 bbls, at $4 30@$4 35 for State, $5@$5 50 for Ohio, and $4@$5 75 for Southern. Wheat advanced 1c; sales 154,000 bush at $1 03@$1 10 for Milwaukee club, and $1 21 for white Michigan. Corn firm; sales 116 000 bush at 47@50. Pork heavy. Lard firm. Whisky firm at 18@18½.

FRESH BUTTER.—5 firkins prime fresh Butter just received and for sale by FRANK VAN GORDER, No. 116 Second street. se5

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE. 25 bxs. choice native Dried Peaches; 50 dcs Cincinnati Fancy Brooms. L. H. VOIGT & CO. se1

50 BOXES FRESH PEACHES just received and for sale by FRANK VAN GORDER, No. 116 Second street. se26

SUGAR.—40 hhds. New Orleans Sugar, received and for sale by LEECH & HUTCHINSON. 116 Second street. se22

LOST WARRANT.—Lost, on the night of the 21 inst., in the Sixth Ward, a Warrant on the City of Pittsburgh, No. 1283, dated September 21, 1861, for $17.00. The finder will confer a favor on the subscriber by leaving the warrant at the Mayor's office. se5?d1d WM. MURDOCK.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of FRANCIS & McGARY has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Francies to collect all debts due and pay all claims against the firm up to date

JOHN FRANCIES,
EUGENE McGARY.

September 26, 1861.—se5 31d2w

DR. M. O. JONES,
103 WYLIE STREET,
my21d&w PITTSBURGH.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.

UP TO 8 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

ST. CHARLES—Corner of Third and Wood streets.
MICAJAH SEMPLE, PROPRIETOR.

Col J S Freeman, New Va
Geo M Cummins, Steub'ne
John Keanedy
J B Kiddoo
C R Coe, Rochester
T R Hunt, Cincinnati
S F Dale & dat'ter, Ft'klin
N Updegraff, Wisconsin
J K Kerr, Franklin
R McCahran, do
J P McKinley, do
S T McKinley, do
Jas Blackley, do
T H Martin, do
Geo W Walters, Phila
W Laughlin, do
John Laughlin, do
J S Kean, do
P Swarzer & la Browner's
E F Brown, Kittanning
Mrs Allison, N Y
Miss Allen, do
D Dick, Meadville
J P Sloan & la, Brownr's
Jas Ramsden, Phila
R Cummins, Wheeling
Miss Cummins, do
E F Whitmore
T Feyres & la, Elizabeth
J H Dunlap, Str. Emma
J S Cummins & lady, Peoria, Ill
A H Hill, Ohio
Benj Halstead, Cincinnati
G McCoy, Washington
S B Row, Pa
H H Led, Kittanning
John S Blair
R C King, Mon. city

MANSION HOUSE—No. 344 Liberty street.
GEORGE AURENTZ, PROPRIETOR.

M J McLaughlin,
Mrs Ford, Phila
Mrs M Oyler, Freeport
R C Davis, McCoy's Stat'n
G McMasters, Wheeling
Jas McClain, Newburg, O
Frank Downer & la, Cin
J E Reed, do
Joseph Will, N Y
M A Boyd, Ohio
D Nanity, Latrobe
D Bryan, Lexington, Ky
R Kall, Tuckahoe, N Y
Jas Ball, do
Simon Lantz & 2 children, Bloomington
M Egan, Chicago
O Valentine, Altoona
Alf Kridge, Macon, O
J M McClain, Campbell's Mills
Jas Wyatt, Oil Creek
J L Penney, McKeesport
S Painter, Franklin
B Woodford & family
A Davis & la, Blairsville
S Burns, Connellsville
G W Ayers, Punxsutawney
P McFadden, West Chester
B M Mahon & la, Steubv'e
J G Morse, Cleveland
T A McCurdy, Washington
A H Nixon, Dayton
A C Nixon, do
J F Snowden, Steubenv'e
J B Cox, Indianapolis
J A Smith, N Y
Wm Waverly
W G Thompson, Moorfield
Geo Allingham, Eddinyr's
I L Abraham, 2 ladies and 3 children, Louisville
Geo P Ripey, Indiana co
H Williams, Schuylkill

GIRARD HOUSE—Corner Smithfield and Third streets
S. L. ROCKEST, PROPRIETOR.

J A Evans, Allegheny co
J C Patterson, M'Keesport
R Wallace, Uniontown
G W Tanner, do
J H West, Camp Wilkins
C B Hogg, do
W W Newlan, do
E W Sweeny, Wheeling
J F Burley, do
Dr F Randesi, do
D Weimer, Greene co
J Markle, West Newton
G D Anshutz, Beaver
W Campbell, Mon. City
C M Bailey, M'Keesport
H Whigham, do
Jas Wigham, do
W S Mellinger, Mon. city
O Schmidt, Washington Pa
A Wall, Elizabeth tp, Pa
Wm M Black, Mon. city
W Campbell, do
G W Passmore, M'Keesport
J O Pollock, Jefferson, Greene co
G A Wright, Bed ford, O
Op Coleman, do
J G Caldwell, Crestline, O
Miss Kate Newton and sister, New York
David Patterson, do
Wm Long, Greene co
U Rose, do

BAGLE HOTEL—Liberty street, below Seventh.
JOHN MYER, PROPRIETOR.

J M Hart, Salsbury
Henry Chalfant, Pa
John Crawford, do
J Jones, Cantell, O
J McCracken, Jefferson
Josiah Bricker, Blairsville
J P Chain, Phila
J A Mennis, Punxsutawney
J B Gillespie, do
Hugh Gowy & son Poland
R W Blackburn, Wash Pa
Geo Reed, Tairmont, O
Wm Reed, do
G Richardson do
J A Gettings, do
J G Gillespie, Punxs.
S B Dehart, Reading
Wm Burns, do
A B Allison, Camp Wilkins
D Taylor, Mercer co
D Elburn, Middlesex

HARE'S HOTEL—Liberty street, foot of Fifth.
SAMUEL HARE, PROPRIETOR.

L Foster, Bridgville
S Sturgeon, Noblestown
J Stewart & la, Wash co
J Cooper, Perryville
J McCarrell, Florence
J Bricland, Canonsburg
J J McNulty, West Middletown, Pa
R S Cook, Candor
Thos Hardy, Cumberland
W Cunningham, do
W A Robertson, Waynesb'g
R Porter, New Cumberl'd
Chas Eaton, Clinton
J T Campbell, Hickory
J O McGee, Baltimore
J Cunningham, do
J B Gale,