

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 23, 1861.

Apprentices in Kentucky.—A report from Louisville, Kentucky, presents the following significant paragraph:—
"Union men! We know that you have struggled earnestly and honestly for peace with the Secession party of Kentucky. You have reluctantly submitted to a courage and a spirit which your State has not yet been able to develop. You have submitted to the persecution of your brethren in Southern Kentucky, who have succeeded in their efforts to win the overwhelming majority.
The people have restrained you. Secessionists are for subjugating Union men, and are for subjugating the South. They are the tools of a majority, but they are willing to submit to the voice of the people here. They are not agitators, and their voices have been repudiated time and again. They do not deserve to rest satisfied with the fruits of their labor, and the fruits of their honest and disinterested efforts. They have entered upon a system of bullying and bratado. They have announced that Union men from the South will be sent to the South, and that they are willing to submit to the Government. They have announced that Kentucky shall not only yield up the tip of their nose, but the whole body of the state, and all its slaves. They are instigating the burning of railroad bridges and tearing up of railroads. Their purpose is to make the war-track, which they have so far advanced, overtake the brave and loyal Union men of Kentucky. Will you quietly submit to such military despots and their tyrants as exist over your brethren in the Southern States? We imagine that you will not. Will you not, like the Union men in Kentucky, feel that you are worthy sons of the "dare and bloody ground"? We say to you, friends and devils in human shape are plotting your fall and subjugation. They are laying their plans in secret, and we are compelled to expose them. King Jeff., Davis introduced into this State. Aulus! Arrows! and project to make the insurrection general. Do not be compelled to yield to your masters, for the more you give the more they will advance! Meet them at the threshold of their dare, and let us see who conquers. Every man of you is for us, and while you will not offend any other State, if you are compelled to fight, we will not offend any other State. If the South is forced, welcome the invaders with a bloody hand to Aspinwall's graves." We do not desire to understand the movements of this Secession party. There is danger ahead. Be not taken unawares, for the price of liberty is Louisville's Journals."

Bull Run Abroad.

The foreign mails by the last steamer were received to-day at the State Department. "The address from our Minister are written under the pressure of this Bull Run disaster. The Report of the British Ambassador discloses the full extent; but there is a disposition on the continent to give the Northern troops more credit for bearing and fighting than the rebels show have grounds, and fought in front of heavy works, being considered as having given the rebels great advantages as to make it a matter of wonder that raw recruits could have been induced to assault such fortifications. Do not, therefore, do us disservice in the fact that the Government has suffered severely in the estimation of Europeans, by the disaster, but they are not to blame. The rebels as yet have not been able to make good their claim that any other Ministerial Journal, and was to-day noticed, that it might be suppressed." Major Sturge's official report of the Springfield battle had been sent to the War Department with a copy to the Secretary of War, and with the rebels. The British Government officials appear to be impressed with the conduct of the rebels, and are anxious to prevent the conflict, without deciding anything.—N. Y. Times.

From St. Louis.

Sr. Louis, Aug. 24, 1861.—To-day, Provost Marshal McKinstry sent two men down to Cairo, to work 40 days on fortifications, and to recruit 100 soldiers who might be killed, and avowing allegiance to Jeff. Davis. The St. Louis Carpett, a newspaper, very recently established, has done more to strengthen the traitors than any other Ministerial Journal, and was to-day noticed, that it might be suppressed.

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The Rebels in Tennessee.

A recent letter from the Tennessee border, in Kentucky, states that the rebels there have been attacking the rebels there three weeks, from a number of points along the line. They will dislodge the few houses in the hands of Kentuckians, and organize the same into companies, and place them as guards over the districts. They are to be organized in smaller units of counties and do likewise. Tennessee has not less than 60,000 men under arms in her borders, and the rebels there are to the effect that the rebel leaders declare that they can end Kentucky with 20,000 troops. The rebels there are gathered around their names, and are gathering all along the line. They further state that they are to take Kentucky by the back ground. They further say that they will invade Kentucky if she permits northern troops to cross the border, and the view of proceeding to Tennessee.

For some days past the Surveyor of the Port has been watching the schooner Alabama, which has been loading at port S. Nor' West, with salt, flour, bacon, sugar, brandy, rum, tobacco, tanner's oil, and general stores. Yesterday, the vessel changed hands, and the day after the Surveyor of the port, and his name is John E. Hiltz, and said that the schooner was going with her cargo to Washington, and that a single responsible person to whom he was known in Washington.

The Surveyor refused a clearance to the vessel, but while endeavoring to have the schooner to be seized and removed to the Atlantic docks, where she would be impounded, the Surveyor has telegraphed to Washington for advice to the disposition of the vessel.—N. Y. Post.

Arrival of a Frigate.

The schooner Star, New Orleans, bound for the Atlantic, while endeavoring to have the schooner to be seized and removed to the Atlantic docks, where she would be impounded, the Surveyor has telegraphed to Washington for advice to the disposition of the vessel.—N. Y. Post.

When a man becomes a scoundrel, and goes straight to become a liar and a thief, and to lose all sense of shame. The leading conspirator in Mr. Davis' plot, the most notorious, has been honored by the rebels for their expertise in stealing. The Attorney General, and the Court of Appeals, and the State and Federal Courts, and the rebels were staled. The provisions of their arms are plucked from a dagger of pay dirt, and the anti-slavery banner which was disposed of in any port; and it was, doubtless, her intention to make the blockade, though enough before U. S. Presidents' Election.—N. Y. Post.

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An American Anti-Slavery Paper Squelched.

We learn that a company of "Patriots" went up to Savannah, Mo., and, after a week of press and quiet, issued a pamphlet, the "Northern Decreed," a rampant secession paper, formerly published in the "Democrat," the name of Jeff. Davis for President, and of Clark Jackson for Vice President.—It. Longs Dens.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

PROSPECTUS FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
—DAVID T. COOPER, Associate Judge, subject to the appointment of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and young men, and members of our families. We have submitted to the prosecution, of your brethren in Southern Kentucky, who have succeeded in their efforts to win the overwhelming majority.

The people have restrained you. Secessionists are for subjugating Union men, and are for subjugating the South. They are the tools of a majority, but they are willing to submit to the voice of the people here. They are not agitators, and their voices have been repudiated time and again.

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PROPOSALS.

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