Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 27, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	94	72
12 " M.	00	76
6 " P. M.		69
Barometer		29 7-10

Military Matters.

The military fever continues unabated in this city, and recruiting is going on quite briskly. The squeaking fife and rattling drum can be heard from early dawn till midnight.

The McFarland Rangers is the title of a new company, named for Mrs. E. E. McFarland, of Centre Avenue, which has been accepted in Col. Hiram Hulitz's regiment. It will be commanded by Geo. W. Bowers, late Lieutenant of Company F, Thirteenth Regiment, and Lieut. J. C. Fletcher. They open a recruiting office to-day, on Fifth street, near the Theatre.

Capt. W. H. Trovillo is now recruiting a company to be called the Reed Light Infantry. Captain T. served as commander of a company with the three months men, and now goes in for the war.

The Johnston Cadets, Capt. Coleman, will leave for Washington to-day.

Immense Engines of War Are now being constructed at the Fort Pitt Works, in this city, by order of the Government. The latest order is for a number of thirteen inch mortars. A better idea of the size of these monster engines of death can be obtained when we state that they will weigh 17,000 pounds each, or eight and a half tons! The bore will be nearly three feet long, thirteen inches in diameter, and will throw a shell weighing two hundred and twenty-five pounds.

A large number of the new rifled cannon, just adopted by the Government, are also under construction at these works. The gun is of a unique pattern, will be eleven feet in extreme length, and will carry a twelve pound ball. The bore will be four and a half inches in diameter, with nine grooves. The gun will have immense range and power, and will be very destructive when well served.

Fourteen ten inch mortars, recently constructed at these works, were proved and forwarded to their destination. During the present week some twenty columbiads—eight and ten inch calibre—will be tested at the proving ground. The United States Inspecting officer has been engaged for some time in inspecting heavy shells, which are now being turned out at the works by thousands.

All these things indicate that the Government is at work—earnestly at work.

A Cruel Proceeding Against a Volunteer's Family.

We are informed that Alderman Daly of the Eighth Ward, and Alderman Davis, of the Sixth Ward, have lately issued a summons against James Young, tenant under a man named Keefe, who owns several tenements on Bedford street, in this city, with a view to dispossessing his wife and six children, for non-payment of rent. Mr. Young is now in the service of his country, having enlisted for the war in Capt. Ahl's company. A certificate of this fact has already been obtained, but it is said that notwithstanding this the justices above named intend to issue a process, upon the landlord agreeing to give a bond of indemnity, to make good any damages which Mr. Young's family may sustain!

This strikes us as a most extraordinary proceeding, as under the act of Assembly relating to the militia, it is expressly provided that no process shall issue against any one in the service of the country, until twenty days after his return to his usual place of residence, or forty days after his final discharge. The landlord might safely give a bond of indemnity, knowing that the woman is too poor to prosecute any claim which she might have against him. She has six children, one of whom is now sick. She has lived in the house for two years, and is now only four dollars in arrears—one month's rent. If this family is ousted, we shall have something more to say upon the subject.

Hearing in the Case of Patch and Brown.

Monday forenoon, William Patch and James Brown, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill Michael Kopp, had a hearing before Mayor Wilson, which resulted in their being recommitted for a further hearing on Friday next. The testimony proved that the assault was as violent as it was unprovoked. Kopp keeps a beer hall on Pennsylvania avenue, which was visited by the accused a few evenings since, both being intoxicated. They had some difficulty with Kopp about liquor when Patch rushed out into the street and came in soon after with two large paving stones, which were produced in evidence. With one of these he struck Kopp on the head, inflicting injuries which have confined him to his bed ever since. When Mrs. Kopp interfered to save her husband Brown seized a sad iron and struck her a tremendous blow between the shoulders, causing the blood to flow from her mouth. They soon after escaped from the house, but were arrested and committed to jail.

Distressing Accident—Four Boys Drowned.

On Friday evening, four boys, named Wm. Simpson, John Simpson, Job Grapevine and Joseph Dearn were drowned in the Monongahela river, opposite the levee, by the upsetting of a skiff, as is supposed. They had spent the day in gathering elder berries along the Allegheny river bank, and were returning home in the evening when they encountered a tow boat with a number of barges in tow. It is thought that they approached too near the barges, and that their frail bark was capsized. On Saturday the skiff was found lodged against some boats near the Clinton mill, and a bucket and basket of berries were found some distance below. On Sunday the body of young Grapevine was recovered near the mouth of Saw Mill run, and Monday another body was found at McKee's rocks, still further down the river. It was identified as that of young Dearn.

Discharge of Reid and Davis.

Charles V. Reid and Thomas Davis, arrested last Thursday upon a charge of aiding and abetting the Southern rebellion, were brought before Mayor Wilson yesterday morning and discharged upon taking the oath of allegiance, as follows:

"We and each of us do swear that we will support the Constitution of the United States, and obey all the laws made in conformity therewith, and will in no wise directly or indirectly aid or assist any other government, power or authority whatsoever, at war with or in rebellion against the government of the United States." [Signed] O. V. NEIM, THOMAS DAVIS.

It was clear from the evidence adduced before the Mayor, on Saturday, as published in our paper, that these men were anxious to get North, having left their business in the South rather than take arms against the government. Their only offense consisted in getting drunk and talking secession nonsense.

ARREST OF A DESERTER.—A man named John Unrow, supposed to be a deserter from Capt. A. G. Oliver's company from West Newton, made his appearance at Elizabeth, on Thursday of last week. The fact of his arrival becoming generally known, a squad of returned volunteers determined to effect his arrest. They procured a number of muskets and proceeded to his residence, where they found him and demanded to see his furlough, which he failed to produce. He was then marched down to the boat, brought to this city and turned over to the military authorities at Camp Wilkins.

ACCIDENTAL DROWNING.—A little son of Adam Rouse, aged ten years, was accidentally drowned in the Monongahela river, one and a half miles above McKeesport, about six o'clock on last Wednesday evening. Rouse and Dunsmith, both boys of about the same age, it appears were playing in the skiff when Rouse by some means fell over-board and sank immediately. His body was recovered soon after the accident.

We would call attention to Mr. J. M. Burchfield's advertisement in another column. Having just returned from the East with a large assortment of goods, bought for cash, and consequently very cheap, he is ready to sell them to his customers at reduced prices. Give him a call and secure good bargains.

Meeting of Councils.

The regular monthly meeting of City Councils was held on Monday evening, August 26th.

In *Select*, in the absence of President McAsley, Mr. Bennett was called to the Chair. Members present—Messrs. Barbin, Berger, Sutton, Morrow, McCargo, McCarthy, Quinn, Ross, Ward, and Bennett, President *pro tem.*

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. McCarthy presented a petition from various citizens, calling the attention of Councils to the large stores of carbon oil in the city, and its highly inflammable and dangerous character. The petitioners ask that something be done by Councils immediately, to obviate the danger of conflagrations from the storing of this oil within the city limits, and they recommend that it be placed in the same category with gun-powder. The petition was signed by a very large number of the leading business men of the city.

On motion of Mr. McCarthy, the petition was referred to a special committee of five—two from the Select and three from the Common Council. Select appoint Messrs. McCarthy and Ward. Common Council concur, and appoint Messrs. Wilson, Kirsh and Hayden.

Mr. Ward presented a petition relative to the opening of Marion street and Whitesides alley. Referred to Street Committee, with authority to have the fences removed.

Mr. Ward presented a petition for the grade of Washington street, from Prospect to Elm. The petitioners state that they will grade the square at their own expense, their object being to get access into Washington street, now cut down some twenty-one feet below the present grade of Prospect street.

Mr. Ward moved that the petition be referred to the Street Committee, in conjunction with the Recording Regulator, with power to act.

Mr. McCarthy moved to lay the petition upon the table.

The yeas and nays were called, and resulted as follows—Yeas, Messrs. Barbin, Bennett, McCarthy and Quinn—4. Nays, Messrs. Berger, Lution, Morrow, McCargo, Ross, Thompson and Ward—7.

Mr. Ross moved that the petition be referred to the Street Committee, in conjunction with the Recording Regulator, with power to act so far as to make Prospect street accessible from Washington street, provided that it incurs no cost to the city. Adopted.

A petition asking for an ordinance to grade Prospect street, from Washington to Seventh, was read and referred to the Street Committee.

The President read a communication from the City Controller, with a resolution authorizing the payment of the following claims: Wm. Rowbottom, $11 12; James Dain, $7 25; Edward Allan, $50; Wycoff & O'Neal, $109 34; Joseph Hastings, $2 27; Thos. H. Rabe, $38.

The resolution was read three times and passed.

Mr. Berger submitted an ordinance fixing a grade of the northern curb line of Ann street, from Washington to Stevenson sts. Adopted.

The Street Committee reported that in regard to the grading of Mercer street, quite an even opinion that the property holders should do the work at their own expense, in the usual way. They also recommend the construction of a wooden sewer across Centre avenue, opposite the property of Mr. Cocaine. The report was accepted.

A motion was adopted, authorizing the Street Committee to have the sewer constructed over Centre avenue.

Mr. Ward presented a resolution for the erection of two fire plugs, on Crawford street—one at the corner of Wylie street, and one midway between that and centre avenue. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. McCarthy offered a resolution instructing the Mayor to have the ordinance relative to oil refineries carried into effect immediately.

A member stated that the Mayor had already entered judgment against two refiners, for violation of the ordinance, and that it was the intention of the refiners to have the legality of the ordinance tested at Court. With this explanation the resolution was withdrawn.

In *Common Council*, present, all the members except Messrs. Gildea, Kearns, King, Little, Mays, Miller, McCune, Mees, J. Scott and W. Scott.

Prayer by Mr. Bailey.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Mr. Kirsch presented a petition numerously signed, asking Councils to take action to prevent the storing or refining of oils in the city. Read and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Patrick presented a communication in reference to the same subject. Read and ordered to be filed.

From the same a communication asking for the passage of an ordinance to prevent wagons and cars, without creepers, from passing over hose while used at a fire. Read and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Kirsch presented an ordinance to prevent the storing of coal, carbon or rock oils within the city. Read three times and passed.

Sundry communications were read and referred to Special Committees. O. C. recede and concur.

Mr. Patrick presented an ordinance for the protection of hose and fire apparatus. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Rowbottom presented a petition for sewer pipe on Elm street. Read and referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Kirsch presented a petition from numerous citizens of the Fifth and Ninth Wards, on Liberty street, asking Councils to pass an ordinance to enable the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to remove their tracks from Liberty street, by giving them the side walk, provided they will not unload across the walk. Read and ordered to be filed.

The ordinance to allow the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to remove their tracks from Liberty street was then taken up.

Mr. Wilson offered the following resolution: *Resolved*, That a Committee of nine—one from each ward—(the Presidents of Councils to constitute a part of the Committee) to confer with the Pennsylvania Railroad officers and the citizens on Liberty street, and all others in interest, in regard to removing the track of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Liberty street, and report the facts to Councils at a special meeting to be called for the purpose.

Lost, by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Bailey, Barckley, Chambers, Dain, Fryer, McVay, Rowbottom, Wilson and Pres't. McCandless—9.

Nays—Messrs. Anderson, Hayden, Hill, Irvin, Killen, Kirsch, McGowan, Patrie and Wills—9.

Mr. Wilson moved that the consideration of the ordinance be indefinitely postponed.

Lost, by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Dain, Fryer, McGowan, Rowbottom, Wilson and Pres't. McCandless—6.

Nays—Messrs. Anderson, Bailey, Barckley, Chambers, Hayden, Hill, Irvin, Killen, Kirsch, McVay, Patrie and Wills—12.

Mr. Killen moved to postpone further consideration for one week.

Mr. Nelson moved to amend by postponing till the next regular meeting.

The amendment was lost and the motion of Mr. Killen was adopted.

Mr. Wilson offered the following, which was read three times and passed:

Resolved, That the petition of the citizens of the 5th and 9th Wards, in regard to the removal of the railroad track from Liberty street, be referred to a Special Committee of eleven, to consist of the Presidents of Council, and one member from each Ward, to confer with all the parties in interest in regard to the removal of said track, and report the facts in the case to Councils.

Under the last resolution, the Chair appointed Messrs. Wilson, Chambers, McGowan, Baily and Hayden, on part of C. C.

[The business was not reached in S. C.]

In all action not otherwise noted, there was a mutual concurrence, and Councils adjourned.

ANOTHER REGIMENT ACCEPTED.—Col. Jas. W. Craft, of Beaver, has obtained authority from the War Department to raise a regiment, and is now busily engaged in obtaining recruits. He has two Companies now in Camp Wilkins and expects to have two more by Wednesday. Col. Craft is a gentleman of considerable military experience, and we have no doubt will have his regiment filled within the thirty days specified by the War Department.

TO THE PUBLIC.—It would appear from Saturday's *Morning Gazette*, that I was a Secessionist, and the German *Republicaner*, which I edit, a Secession paper. This is, however, not the case, as every German in this community knows my loyalty towards the Union. I have never expressed any secession sentiments, and have always been, and shall be, for the Union and for the Constitution.

L. W. KOLLERSBECK,
Editor of the Pittsburgh *Republicaner*.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Frank Kerr, Esq., mail agent on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad, informs us that, on Monday morning, as the mail train was going West on the above road, it was thrown from the track, about six miles west of Wooster, Ohio. The mail and express cars were badly smashed, but fortunately no person was seriously injured. W. B. Lemon, mail agent, had his arm hurt slightly. The accident was caused by the breaking of an axle of the tender.

Our Book Table.

The Gipsy's Prophecy. A Tale of Real Life. By Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, author of "Retribution," "Deserted Wife," "Missing Bride," &c. &c. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. Pittsburgh: for sale by W. A. Gildenfenney, Fifth st., opposite the Theatre.

The publication of a new book is less an every-day matter, since the war began, than it used to be. A few of the great publishing houses, however, still continue to issue one now and then—other, we mean, than drill-books and manuals of the military art, which, as a matter of course in these times of war, are out in profusion—"thick as the leaves in Valombrosa." A few days ago, the Messrs. Peterson, of Philadelphia, sent us Mr. Dickens's new work, "Great Expectations," and to-day we have received from the same house the work whose title appears above, from the pen of Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth. The admirers of this lady, whose prolific fancy has contributed so many works to the library of modern fiction, will receive with welcome the "Gipsey's Prophecy," as not only the newest product of this faculty divine, but as the first exercise of it in a new field of life and manners. The scene of this story is laid in England, where Mrs. Southworth has been residing for some time past, and from the opening chapter, which describes the world-famous Derby Races, through all the chapters of the book, we find English scenes in actual life presented with a vividness and verisimilitude that will seize and hold the attention of the reader.

INFORMATION CONCERNING A SOLDIER WANTED.—J. J. Siebeneck, Esq., on Saturday, received a letter from Towanda, Bradford county, requesting him to inquire concerning one Edgar C. Brown, who left his home in that place some months since to join the army. The last heard from him was through a letter written by him from Pittsburgh, dated April 23d, in which he stated that he had enlisted and was going to the seat of war. His father is very desirous to ascertain the company or regiment to which he is attached. This renders the uncertainty of his whereabouts peculiarly painful to his father is the fact that the body of another son, who fell in defense of his country at Bull Run, was brought home a few days since. Any officer or soldier who can give any information whatever concerning Edgar C. Brown should lose no time in calling at the office of Mr. Siebeneck, on Grant street.

SUNDAY LIQUOR SELLING, if indulged in at all, is now conducted very slily. But one violation of the Sunday liquor law was reported to the Mayor, which exhibits a disposition on the part of tavern-keepers not to risk the penalty. The Mayor deserves the thanks of the community for the prompt and independent stand with he has taken in this matter, and we hope that all fair dealers will see the propriety of closing their bars on Sunday. Let them not only be closed in front, but let the back doors be "hermetically sealed."

ACCIDENT.—A very serious accident occurred at the new saw mill of Mr. J. C. Risher, immediately above Dravosburg, this county, on Tuesday last. It appears that workmen were engaged in rolling logs into the mill, among whom was Mr. Nimrod Barkert, quite an aged man, when the chain used for the purpose of dragging the timber up the way parted, and struck him on the head, producing a serious fracture of the skull. DR. JAMES E. HUEY dressed the wound. The injured man, it is thought, will recover.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS.—Several hundred troops left the city last evening for the seat of war. Among these were detachments of Capt. Foster, Capt. Coleman, Capt. McIlwaine, Capt. Wallace and Capt. Lewis' companies, and nearly all the cavalry companies in Camp Wilkins, including those of Capt. Patterson, Capt. Sahl, Capt. Wiebeller, Capt. Herron, and others. A large crowd collected at the depot to see the brave boys "off for the wars."

BARN BURNED.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock on Saturday night, the large new barn of Madison Parkinson, situate in Jefferson township, one mile above Elizabeth, was discovered to be on fire, and before assistance could be rendered to stay the flames the barn and all its contents were consumed. His loss will probably reach $2,000. No insurance. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

REPAIRS ON THE WESTERN DIVISION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CANAL.—We are informed by letters received here from W. T. Wiernsman, Engineer and Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Canal, that repairs have been commenced and that the Canal will be in good boating condition by the middle of September.

JOAN OF ARC.—At the Theatre to-night Miss Maggie appears as Joan in the above piece, assisted by the whole strength of the stock company. The "Unprotected Female" is the afterpiece, in which the fair Adah personates the leading character.

[For the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

The County Ticket.

MESSRS. EDITORS—I was pleased to see you express a willingness to support loyal democrats, if nominated by our Conventions, next week.

Allow me to suggest the nomination of JOHN M. JAMIN, of the city, on the Legislative ticket; Dr. JONAS R. MCCLINTOCK, for Associate Judge, and SAMUEL MCKEE, of Baldwin, or EDWARD CAMPBELL, of the city, for Commissioner. These gentlemen are all well known, capable and loyal, and their nomination would give general satisfaction.

FELIX.

DOCTOR C. BAELZ, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Balsbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. Corner of Penn and Wayne Streets.

DENTIFRICE.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn st., attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in today's paper.

DIED!

JOHNSON—On Monday morning, 26th instant, at 3 o'clock, HARRIET LILLIAN JOHNSON, aged five months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on THIRSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 19 Fleming street, near North Common, Allegheny.

BY LAST EVENING'S MAIL.

BRIDGEPORT, Saturday, Aug. 24, 1861.

A secession flag, under the name of "Jeffersonian," was hoisted at Stepney, ten miles north of Bridgeport, Conn., this afternoon at 2 o'clock. According to previous announcement, a meeting was to have been addressed by Schuabie, a broken-down politician from Pennsylvania; also, by Ex-Postmaster Goodwell, of Bridgeport, and one Belden, a sixth rate lawyer from Newtown, Conn.; but before one of the secessionists had time to open his mouth a procession of carriages appeared, containing one hundred of the first citizens of Bridgeport, and twenty-five of the returned volunteers. In less than forty seconds the secession flag was trailing in the dust, and in twenty seconds more it was torn into five hundred pieces. Several pistols and one gun were taken from the secessionists, who drew, but dare not fire them.

A Union meeting was then organized, of which Miles Howe, Jr., was appointed President, and P. T. Barnum, Secretary. Some glorious Union resolutions, denouncing peace Secession meetings, were passed, which we send you by mail to-night.

The volunteers are determined to sack the *Farmer* office at Bridgeport to-night, but our citizens are endeavoring to have them wait the action of the proper authorities.

P. T. BARNUM.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Half past Eight p. m.—The secession *Farmer* office has just been gutted by the volunteers, in presence of 3,000 to 5,000 citizens. The windows were smashed, the type all thrown into the streets, and the presses destroyed.

P. T. BARNUM.

Excitement in Louisville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 24.—Considerable excitement pervaded the city this afternoon by the parade of a regiment of Rousseau's Kentucky Volunteers from Indiana, which the secessionists characteristically denounced as an invasion of the neutrality of Kentucky. The object is said to have been the reception of a flag.

Eighty men, acting as Surveyor Colton's *posse comitatus*, went from here this morning to Rolling Fork, and took six loads of contraband goods, which were brought back to Louisville.

THE AYER'S IMPERIAL LIQUID LIMENT is prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Ayer, of Lowell, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is pleasant to use, and for all affections of the joints, muscles, or any other description, for all Rheumatic and Neuralgic Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a preparative for scurvy, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties excite the just wonder and admiration of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred testimonials of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest this fact. See advertisement. [illegible]

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—52 tierces Cincinnati choice received and for sale by J. A. LIGHETT & CO., 75 Water and 62 Front street.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Hibernian.

FARTHER POINT, Aug. 26.—The steamer Hibernian passed here this afternoon with Liverpool dates to the 16th inst. The steamer City of Washington sailed for New York on the 14th, with £5,000 in specie, and the Teutons, from Southampton, had about £7,000.

The steamship Great Eastern arrived at Liverpool on the 15th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.—At a general meeting of the Galway Steamship Company, the report of the Directors was adopted, and was resolved to issue stock increasing the nominal capital from £500,000 to £1,000,000.

The Austrian Arch Duke, Maximilian, on visiting Southampton in relation to the projected Austrian Steamship Company, made a speech, in which he predicted close sympathies, personally and politically between England Austria. Mr. Roebuck also made a speech extolling the constitutional efforts of the Emperor of Austria.

The marriage contract between the Princess Alice and Prince Leopold of Hesse, was signed at Osborne on the 14th.

The weather in England was again unsettled, and there was considerable rain in some parts.

The London *Times'* city article again expatiates on the financial difficulties accumulating against the American government, and says that the most earnest wish of the friends of America must be that the difficulties thus in sight may accumulate with sufficient rapidity to bring the North and South to reason.

FRANCE.—There is a vague report of a growing coolness between France and Austria, bearing an ominous resemblance to that which preceded the war. Prince Metternich has taken leave of the Emperor and the latter had gone to Chalons' camp. Gen. Tanti had also left Paris, and was *en route* for the Chalons' camp.

The *Moniteur* officially confirms the appointment of Benedetti as Minister to Italy.

PRUSSIA.—The *Independance Belge* says that the first act of the new Prussian Ministry will be the recognition of the kingdom of Italy.

AUSTRIA.—The Emperor received the address of the Hungarian diet on the 14th inst., and replied to it by a speech in general terms. The dissolution of the diet is regarded as almost certain.

POLAND.—An important popular demonstration occurred at Lublin on the 12th inst. The military commander, however, by his strategetic action, suppressed the conflict without any more serious consequences than that a certain number of persons were wounded.

The following is a copy of the dispatch sent out by the steamer City of Washington from England: The English papers are daily engrossed with the American question. The London *Globe* denies, by authority, the statement that Admiral Milne has reported the blockade of the Southern ports ineffective, and says that no general report on the subject has been officially received. The London *Times*, in an editorial, shows the financial difficulties which the Washington government will have to encounter. The *Times* also publishes another letter from Mr. Russell, which is generally discouraging for the North.

The King of Sweden has arrived in England on a visit to the Queen.

Catharine Hayes, the singer, is dead.

The special agents of the Cotton Supply Association had reached Egypt, and were to have an interview with the Viceroy on the subject of cotton cultivation.

The weather in England had been hot, and the harvest was making great progress. Rain was, however, falling when the steamer left Liverpool.

FRANCE.—Another controversy had sprung up between France and Switzerland relative to the arrest of a French subject on the disputed territory.

The harvest in France was progressing satisfactorily, but the wheat crop will be deficient.

There are again indications of a solution of the Roman question.

It is reported that a mixed Italian and French garrison will soon occupy Rome.

Baron Ricosoli, in a diplomatic circular, expresses the belief that Europe will soon be persuaded of the right of Italy to enter the Italian territory.

Prince Chigi has been appointed Papal nuncio at Paris.

The Neapolitan reaction is diminishing.

AUSTRIA.—The position of Austria and Hungary was becoming daily more alarming. The Upper House of the Hungarian Diet adopted, by acclamation, the Deak's address.

POLAND.—There was a renewal of the troubles at Warsaw, and affairs were threatening.

INDIA.—The Bombay mail of July 12th has been received; the Calcutta mail of July 8th; Shanghai to the 15th, and Melbourne to June 25th and been telegraphed, and was due in England on the 15th.

Heavy rains were taking place all over India, and there were complaints of damage to the indigo.

Liverpool Cotton Market, Aug. 15.—The cotton market is inactive, and the sales have been small. The latest, via Bryer August 16, says: the sales for the week amount to 40,000 bales, and the market was quiet and steady, but with a decline of 1-16@1-16 on the week, chiefly on the fair and middling qualities. The sales to speculators and exporters reached 5,000 bales, to exporters 5,000 bales. The sales of to-day (Friday) are estimated at 10,000 bales, including 3000 bales to speculators and exporters.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Messrs. Richardson & Spencer report a decline in flour of 6d. Wheat has a downward tendency. Corn market was flat; yellow and mixed were quoted at 30@33s 6d.

Liverpool Provision Market.—Richardson, Spence & Co., Messrs. Ashie & Co., and other authorities report beef quiet but steady. Pork heavy. Bacon quiet. Lard very dull at 48@50s.

London Money Market, August 16—Consols are quoted at 90⅞@90⅝ for money. The bullion in the bank of England increased £357,000 during the week. For American securities on Thursday the quotations are as follows: Illinois Central R R 26@28¾; Erie R R 24@24¾; New York Central 66@70.

Liverpool, August 16—Breadstuffs continue to decline, particularly on the superior qualities.

Provisions generally are dull.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 26.—The formidable preparations that have been making here for a naval expedition are about completed, but notwithstanding the rumors that prevail its destination is a profound secret.

Lieut. Crosby returned last night from his expedition to the eastern shore of Virginia. He went off Tangier Sound, and brought back a prize schooner.

Gen. Wool spent part of to-day at Newport News. Brig. Gen. Phelps will probably remain in command of that post.

The confederates will hereafter find it very difficult to communicate with Fortress Monroe by means of spies. No person is allowed to visit Camp Hamilton without a special pass from the commanding General or the Provost Marshal.

A slight difficulty occurred yesterday between one of the released rebel prisoners and a volunteer officer. The rebel Captain refused the loyal officer a light for his cigar on the ground that he did not consider our volunteer officers gentlemen. His defenseless position alone saved him from punishment for the insult.

The Honduras steamer Ecoler, from New York, and intended to run from Truxillo and Havana, has put into the roads for a harbor.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—The police last night arrested William Johnson, a nephew of Gen. Johnson, of the rebel army, and an officer in the same army. The prisoner has been in the city about two weeks, stopping with a relative, and he was arrested at the Pennsylvania Railroad depot after he had purchased tickets for Louisville, Ky. He was brought to the Central station, where he was searched. No commission was found on him, but in his trunk a number of letters were found, directed to parties in the seceded States. Some of the letters mentioned the prisoner as an officer in the rebel army. He was sent to prison and will have a hearing today.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—The following is the order issued by the Superintendent of the Philadelphia division, in consequence of the suppression of intercourse with the seceded States, ordered by the Government:

Philadelphia, August 26.—To the Agents of the Adams Express Co.: The Government of the United States having expressed their disapproval of the forwarding of letters to the seceded States by express, via Louisville, Kentucky, you will henceforth refuse to receive any intended for places south of Washington or the Ohio river. By order of the General Superintendent.

JOHN BINGHAM,
Sup't. Pennsylvania Division.

RIVIERE DU LOUP, Aug. 26.—The ship Powerful, for Quebec, arrived here this afternoon, bringing a few of the passengers of the steamship Etna, whose detention had given rise to fears for her safety. The Powerful reports that the Etna broke the crank of her shaft on the 7th inst. She was boarded on the 11th in lat. 49° 14', long. 38° 55'. The steamer was in order, but her machinery completely stopped. She was obliged to put back for Quesnelmouth under sail for repairs.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—Commander Porter, who was recently deprived of his command of the sloop-of-war St. Marys, on suspicion of disloyalty to the government, has voluntarily returned to Washington. He, to-day, it is understood, presented to the Navy Department an elaborate document, with proofs in refutation of the charges, showing that forgery has been resorted to for the purpose of injuring and discharging him.

The result of Gen. Meigs' administration of the Quartermaster's Department are astonishing. The very large number of wagons, horses, mules, and immense amount of equipage and other army supplies, offer direct evidence of his vigor as well as efficiency. The soldiers on both sides of the Potomac are not only promptly but satisfactorily furnished with everything necessary for their military as well as domestic wants, and this attention to their interests has largely contributed to the present fine and improving condition of the troops.

All the large craft, schooners and sloops, small row boats and skiffs on the Potomac river have been taken possession of by the Government authority This may be a matter of precaution, to prevent communication between the Maryland and Virginia shores.

The State Department has been officially informed that the Mexican Government has proclaimed the port of Tonada, in the State of Chiapul, on the Pacific coast, a port of entry, which is opened to foreign and coastwise commerce.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The Adams' Express Company, having applied to the proper authorities for the construction to be placed on the clause in the President's proclamation, relating to the interdiction of commercial intercourse with the so-called Confederate States, and learning that it was intended to include letters, immediately issued orders to their officers to cease receiving letters, without waiting for the expiration of the time named in that document. It is not known what action, if any, has been taken by the letter express companies on the subject.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Orders were forwarded to-day to the U. S. Pension Agents to administer the oath of allegiance of the United States prescribed by the late law of Congress to all persons drawing pensions.

Capt. Foote has been ordered to the command of the U. S. naval forces on the Western rivers, via on the Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio rivers.

The oath of allegiance is forthwith to be administered to the hired men in the Quartermaster's Department.

The Rev. John M. Green, chaplain of the 10th Pennsylvania regiment, who acted as its Postmaster, is in jail, charged with opening letters and abstracting money belonging to the members of the regiment, and other persons.

Richard Wallach, Esq., was this morning elected Mayor of Washington, by the City Councils, to supply the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Berrit's involuntary absence. He was forthwith installed.

The Navy Department has a prompt method of dealing with the disloyalists. In addition to the similar cases recently mentioned, A. D. Wharton, a midshipman on board the Seminole, tendered his resignation, but he was dismissed from the service and sent to Fort Lafayette.

Several soldiers claiming to be British subjects, and so represented through Lord Lyons, have been discharged from the army.

The Academy of Arts, erected by Mr. Corcoran, is now occupied for government purposes. Military possession was taken to-day.

It is needless to crowd the Secretary of War by further applications for military appointments, as there are no vacancies excepting such as have been received for meritorious non-commissioned officers and privates.

Latest from California.

OUTER STATION, PACIFIC TELEGRAPH, 95 miles west of Fort Kearney, August 26.—The Pony Express passed here at one o'clock p. m., with San Francisco dates to the 17th.

The ship Speedwell brings Honolulu papers of July 22d, five days later. The news is unimportant.

The Sierra Nevada brings Victoria dates to the 7th of August. On the 5th the steamer Caribee blew up above the Rapids on Fraser river. The captain and six others were killed, and many passengers are missing.

Oregon papers state that the emigration from Northern California to the Nesperce mines continues. The news is still favorable from the Nesperce mines, but the Indians will not permit the miners to occupy some of the lands and trouble is feared.

The 1860 mass from California to serve on the Pacific railroad, are rapidly organizing. Nine companies of infantry have already reported to Gen. Sumner, and 15 cavalry are nearly all accepted. These troops are evidently being organized on a much better basis than many previous volunteers recruited for the war; the qualifications of the officers, physical and moral standing of the men, and equipment of the cavalry with government horses, saddles and bridles, which have already been provided for through Gen. Sumner, who has assumed the responsibility; the men will be provided with the well known and substantial clothing that regular troops are entitled to.

There have been a large number of rumors in reference to the movements of Gen. A. S. Johnston, late in command of the Pacific Division, and of the San Francisco Morning *Californian* says that all of them are untrue. It seems that Johnston started from Los Angelos with a company, ostensibly for the destination of Texas. After the party left Los Angelos, a disagreement occurred, and they turned back. Gen. Johnston returned to Los Angelos, and took passage for the East on the steamer, and a portion of the original party, under command of a resident of Los Angelos, and a well known citizen of this State, proceeded into Mexico. The reports that Gen. Johnston had arrived in Virginia, and that he had accepted the command of the late Gen. Garnett, are incorrect; our informant is of the most reliable character.

LOUISVILLE, August 26.—Adams & Co. have discontinued sending letters South. These now received and arriving from the North will be returned to the senders.

A flag was presented at Camp Joe Holt, to Rousseau's Brigade, entitled the Louisville Legion, by citizens of Louisville. An immense concourse was in attendance.

The Memphis *Appeal* says it is informed that Lee had completely surrounded Rosecrans in Western Virginia, and would probably capture him.

The Knoxville *Register* says that Nelson's card will not answer, and he will have to visit Richmond again before getting all right.

The Atlanta *Confederacy* insists that landlords must reduce their rents, as business is stagnant and property largely depreciated.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says that Kenawha is now ripe for a military expedition on account of its salt works.

The Mobile *Register*, of the 23d, strongly urges the South not to let the new Confederate notes sink below par in any part of the Southern Confederacy, and asks the Mobile merchants to refuse to take them at par at a discount.

The Memphis *Appeal's* Richmond correspondence says that the French agents there buying tobacco is significant of the future purposes of the French government.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The U. S. Marshal, M. Murray, seized, to-day, at the office of the American Express Company, six large packages of the *Daily News*, directed to the agents at Louisville, St. Louis and St. Joseph.

The *Evening Post* states that the Government has refunded to Illinois 40 per cent. of the expenditure of the State in fitting out volunteers, which gives the State $1,100,000.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The bank statement shows the following result: Increase of loans, $23,846,804; decrease of specie, $3,614,509; decrease in circulation, $31,713; increase in deposits, $26,409,999. The large increase in loans and deposites are the result of the Government negotiations.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The brig Ann Lovett, at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, was boarded on the 9th inst; in lat. 29° 45', lon. 67°, by the privateer Jeff. Davis, but, released after a brief examination of her papers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The U. S. sloop of war, Vandalia, was spoken on the 15th, off Port Royal.

KANSAS CITY, August 26.—On Friday, the 23d instant, $143,000 in gold, belonging to the Mechanics' and Union Banks of this place, was seized, by order of Major R. T. Vanhorn, commanding the reserve corps of Home Guards.

Some excitement was created here on Saturday by a skirmish between about 20 mounted rebels on the north bank of the river and the Ferry Guards on the south bank, aided by a 6-pounder. Several shots were exchanged, but nobody was hurt.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—A Union man named Moore was killed and another named Nell mortally wounded, on Sunday afternoon, by a gang of five Secessionists at Spot mill toll-gate, Kentucky, seven miles from Covington. Both men were stabbed in the back. A party of Union men gave pursuit to the murderers, who have fled towards the Tennessee line.

ST. JOSEPH, Aug. 26.—The Pony Express has been abandoned between St. Joseph and a station 110 miles west. Letters will be obliged to go by stage from here to reach the pony at that starting point.

IRONTON, MO., August 24.—11 *o'clock, A. M.*—Reports to-day give information of Hardee's forces withdrawing from Greenville towards Reeve's Ferry, where they are fortified slightly; also to Peyton's station, nearer the Arkansas line. This seems to confirm a previous report that the eastern division of the rebels was hastening to join Gen. Pillow. A strong body of Gen. Thompson's forces is represented to have occupied Benton, eight miles back of Commerce, where they are throwing up fortifications.

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 26.—Mr. Hulsey, hailing from Ithica, was compelled to leave the town to-day, or accept the alternative of being rode out on a rail. He had endeavored to induce parties to take the New York *Day Book*, and uttered the rankest treason.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 26.—Rousseau's Brigade, which had been ordered to repair to St. Louis, has received a counter order, and will remain at Camp Joe Holt for the present.

BOSTON, August 26.—The U. S. gun-boat R. R. Forbes sailed last evening for the Potomac.

**The Treasonable