Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
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Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

TERMS
Morning Edition—$5 per annum in advance, or 12c. per week from carriers.
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ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 27, 1861.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTIONS.

The Republican electors of Allegheny county, and all others in favor of the perpetuity of the NATIONAL UNION, and maintaining the NATIONAL GOVERNMENT in its efforts to put down Armed Rebellion, are invited to assemble in their various Wards, Boroughs and Townships at their usual places of holding elections in each precinct, on SATURDAY, the 31st of August, to elect FOUR DELEGATES—two to each county convention—both conventions to meet on TUESDAY, September 3d, at 10 o'clock a. m., as follows: 1. The Judicial Convention to assemble at the City Hall to nominate a President Judge of Common Pleas, an Associate Law Judge of District Court, and an Associate Judge of Common Pleas, one Senator, and five members of the House of Representatives, and Director of the Poor. 2. The Political Convention to meet at the Court House, to nominate Sheriff, Coroner, Prothonotary, Treasurer and Commissioner.

The primary meetings in the townships will be held between the hours of 3 and 6 p. m., and in the cities and boroughs between 3 and 7 p. m., of said day. The appointment of the delegates in the townships will be by ballot, and in the cities and boroughs by ballot. The chairmen of the two conventions will jointly appoint the executive committee for the ensuing year.

THOS. M. MARSHALL, Chairman.
THOS. F. WILSON, Sec'ty.
au17

Tickets for the Primary Meetings.

The election of delegates on Saturday next, in the cities and boroughs, is to be by ballot. The tickets should be headed "Judicial Convention" and "Political Convention," respectively, in order to distinguish the two sets properly. The call of the County Committee designates the two conventions by those names.

The Primary Meetings on Saturday next.

As our weekly goes to press to-day, we avail ourselves of the opportunity it gives us to urge upon our friends in the country to attend the primary meetings on Saturday next.

More than ordinary importance attaches to the acts of the two conventions; and it is therefore essential that the best men should be chosen in each district—men who comprehend the difficulties of the position, and who will come to the discharge of their duties with a determination to act fearlessly and intelligently.

There is but little excitement concerning candidates; hence there is the greater opportunity for exercising coolness of judgment and wisdom of purpose.

Especial attention should be given to the selection of delegates to the Judicial Convention. There are three Judges to be nominated, a Senator and five Assemblymen; and the utmost care should be exercised in making nominations to these offices. Let the people look to it, therefore, and send their very best men to that Convention—men who are unpledged and who will employ a sound discretion in the selection of the best candidates.

We have heard it said that the parties interested in the repeal of the County Controller law passed last winter have boasted that they will "pack" that convention, and that it will nominate no man for the Legislature who is not pledged to the repeal of that law. We can scarcely believe that such a boast has been made; but if it has been, it behooves the people to be all the more alert and talk the scheme, should any such exist. The people will not tolerate, we know, any attempt to "pack" the Convention, for any purpose whatever. They want an unbiased Convention, fully aware of its responsibilities; and the way to secure such a result is to give their personal attention to the meetings on Saturday next.

THE CABINET.—There is evidently a concerted purpose, on the part of a set of men who have not had their axes ground, to break up the Cabinet and bring in an entirely new lot of men into the Departments; and, failing in this, to turn out at least the Secretaries of War and Navy, who have stood in the way of their designs.

These assailants of the Cabinet are very glib in making charges of corruption and fraud, in a general way, against the Secretary of War, but are very careful to avoid putting their charges into a specific shape. They have been unable to lay their fingers upon a single fact to bear them out in their attacks, and so they find it much easier to get people to listen to abuse than praise, they confine themselves to general charges and such words of vindictiveness as their malice can invent.

We give, elsewhere, an extract *from* the New York *Tribune*, exposing the hollowness of these attacks; and we ask attention to the following from the Philadelphia *Press*:

The assailants of Secretary Cameron, after having made a concerted movement against him, are beginning to realize the fact that they are committing a grand mistake. Every one of their allegations has fallen to the ground. General denunciation is always a safe refuge for mere partizans, but, when drives to specific charges, their malignity and falsehood are made shamefully apparent. These men should remember that General Cameron is a man of enormous fortune, and, therefore, beyond every motive of cupidity; and, that, although in times past a decided and somewhat energetic partizan, he has reached that period of life when the ambition to do right becomes almost a religious duty. It is this feeling that induces him to defy calumny and to challenge investigation. He has manifested a liberality in the dispensation of his patronage to all loyal men, irrespective of party, that, however complained of at the start, is now known to have been productive of the happiest consequences.

There is scarcely a county in the loyal States in which may not be found a number of young Democrats, sons of patriotic fathers, generally in straitened circumstances, upon whom he has conferred commissions in the army. And in doing this he has contrived to take care of his own party by providing for young Republicans. *In the matter of contracts, not a contract has been given out by Gen. Cameron which has not had the approbation either of Gen. Scott or the officers of the regular army at the head of the military bureaus.*

If Gen. Cameron has committed a mistake, it is because he has yielded too much to the importunities in the regular service, or, as the Washington lobby would have it, "has not been sufficiently attentive to his friends." The result is, that many of those who complain of Cameron are indignant because he has not been able to make them rich. Nobody could be Secretary of War in these times without being subject to the most searching criticism, and as Gen. Cameron has been an active politician, and is as liable to make mistakes as any other man, he ought not to complain if he receives his full share of this kind of hypercriticism.

But journalists should remember, that while a jealous and zealous vigilance should be exercised in regard to all men occupying high position in a crisis like this, merely malignant antagonism may run to such extremes as to weaken the common cause, and to encourage the common enemy. One thing is sure: No Cabinet minister, in the existing state of the public mind, can commit a flagrant wrong without being detected, denounced, and disgraced—and among the first to assist in the chastisement of such an offender will be THE PRESS.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American* writes:

The reported and reiterated changes in the Cabinet are not based on the shadow of authority, neither is the statement that the New York banks made the removal of certain members of the Cabinet one of the conditions of taking the new loan. So far as the President is concerned, he has "put his foot down" firmly that the present organization of the Cabinet shall not be interfered with.

The Atlantic Monthly.

We see an announcement on the cover of the last number of the *Atlantic Monthly*, which we think the public will receive with great satisfaction. Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, the proprietors, after promising that they will spare no exertions to maintain the high literary position which the *Atlantic Monthly* has gained, say they are sensible that in the presence of the great events now agitating the country and the world, something more than a merely literary character is demanded of a journal like the *Atlantic*. They announce that they will aim, therefore, to give to its future issues a political tone in keeping with its high literary standing, devoting much of its space to the discussion of important aspects of great questions of the day, and giving to its pages additional freshness, variety, and importance, by the presentation of the best thought, in prose and poetry, upon different phases of the nation's great struggle.

The last three or four numbers of the *Atlantic* are referred to by the publishers as a "guaranty" that these intentions will be carried out;—and, certainly, a reference to those numbers will be evidence that the contributors to the *Atlantic* have both the courage and the ability to discuss public affairs in the spirit of an enlightened patriotism and the requirements of the age we live in. Of a full dozen, at least, of these writers we are accustomed to say as we recognize the hand of each: *Non tetigit quid non ornavit.*

Col. Symington.

A correspondent quotes what was said in our paper of Saturday evening about Col. Symington, and adds:

Your editorial deals in notes of interrogation. What *malignity* prompts this?

Col. Symington "deserves his promotion," because he is not only a *soldier*, and an accomplished *officer* of the army, who has labored incessantly to aid the authorities at Washington to supply the munitions of war; but he is a true a friend of the Union as now exists. I know him well. He grieves, as I do, over the misfortunes of our country.

How unkind in you to enquire as to his domestic relations.

Educated, I think, as Lieut. Boggs was, at the expense of the United States, and sworn to bear them true allegiance, no one here can excuse him for deserting their flag, and accepting that of his native State as paramount. But is Major Symington to be made responsible for all this? As he is, my wife and myself are answerable for a worse desertion.

The key to your editorial seems to be, in the last clause, terminating, as usual, with a note of interrogation (?) "Or because of his keeping the management of the Arsenal here in the hands of men whose sympathies are believed to be against us?" Is this political? Against whom? Do you mean that an officer of the army, at *this time*, or at any time, is to be subservient to a political party? Or does it mean that, in the village of Lawrenceville, where Col. Symington and his family have been abused and slandered without the slightest foundation, in fact, there are GENTLEMEN who would take the management of the Arsenal, and put it in the hands of men whose sympathies are believed to be all WRONG? I simply ask an answer.

JOHN HARE COX.

In a private note accompanying this communication, the writer says: "I have applied the "term 'malignant' to your editorial, not presuming for a moment that any one of you "wrote it." One of us *did* write it; but our correspondent is welcome to think it "malignant," if he likes.

We do not think it at all unkind to refer to Col. Symington's domestic relations, when it is a well-known fact that he permitted the chief workman at the Arsenal to go to Philadelphia, last February, to meet Lieut. Boggs. The Lieutenant was then either actually or prospectively in the Rebel service, and it requires no skill to divine the object of the consultation between the two.

This chief workman is a Virginian whose loyalty is not only suspected, now, but has been so for a long while. We do not ask that any man should be turned off or employed at the Arsenal on political grounds. So that a man is loyal we care nothing for his politics. But, all things also being equal, we feel that a Pennsylvanian is much more likely to be loyal *"at this time"* than a Virginian from the neighborhood of Harper's *Ferry*; and the interrogation in our article of Saturday applied to the fact that Col. Symington has retained men of this suspected class, in preference to men of undoubted loyalty. The attempt of our correspondent to give a political turn to a grave matter of fact, which has challenged serious attention for some time, is hardly creditable, under the circumstances.

Passports to Europe—How they are Avoided.

The Government has lately determined that no person shall be allowed to leave this country for Europe without a passport, on account of a constant use made of our lines of steamers and sailing vessels by rebels going abroad for the purchase of arms, or to raise means, or to operate in the character of diplomats against the Government. Mr. Seward, however, has issued an explanatory circular, which we publish this morning, stating that it is not intended to apply to travelers going to the Canadas. This qualification completely defeats the whole object of the original order, as Canada has lines of steamers running to Liverpool and other English ports, as well as a vast number of sailing vessels, which can be and are being taken with entire impunity. So long as this route is left open, Mr. Seward may as well allow free egress from our own ports. Only a short time since Beverly Tucker, one of the leading secessionists, returned home through Canada. At present no person, in crossing the line, is ever inquired of or objected to. Mr. Seward's order consequently is only an embarrassment to loyal citizens, and no check whatever to traitors. Will he not speedily modify it, so as to cover the whole ground?—[N. Y. Times.

The Work of the War Department.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—Secretary Cameron gives night and day to the service of his country. The history of his departmental labors will triumphantly refute the traitorous and the prejudiced assaults upon his administration of the most important branch of the Government. He has borne the weight of a departmental business one hundred times heavier than ever rested on any of his predecessors. The contracts made by him will defy the most unfriendly scrutiny in regard to administrative economy and disinterestedness of relation. The ignorant impatience which criticises his action, would be hushed into silence, if not respect, if it knew that the Secretary, besides recreating a War Department equal to the wants of half a continent in civil war, had in four months placed in the field a perfectly equipped army of four hundred thousand men.—[N. Y. Trib.

MISFORTUNE NEVER COMES SINGLY.—"Well, I declare, it's just like my luck," exclaimed a poor unfortunate merchant in the Borough; "here have hops been rising lately ever so high; and now, I'm told, the Poles have risen also.

IMPORTANT INQUIRY.—When the Star of the West was seized at New Orleans there were eight hundred and fifty regular United States uniforms at the Baton Rouge Arsenal. A plan was devised to put those uniforms on that number of men, place them on the Star of the West, and sail for Fort Pickens, for the apparent object of reinforcing the fort. Gaining admittance under that idea, they were to kill or make away in some way with the garrison stationed there, and hold possession of it. The leader of this movement immediately telegraphed to Jeff. Davis, asking his sanction of the project. Davis, it seems, had some doubt about the success of the expedition, and telegraphed in reply that, although they might be successful, there was danger of being overhauled by the Pensacola squadron, and losing not only the vessel but the men, and therefore advised them to abandon it, which, it seems, they did.

SAFE ARRIVAL OF GOVERNMENT ARMS.—Considerable feeling was displayed by a few secessionists of Lexington on Wednesday, we learn, upon the announcement that three thousand stand of arms and other munitions of war, for the Union men of the interior of the State, had been received in that city. Threats were made that they would be seized, and in fact, a demonstration towards their seizure was actually made. The Home Guard turned out to resist any attempt on the part of the secessionists to seize the arms; the secessionists sent to Scott county for reinforcements; and the Home Guards were strengthened by the arrival of a troop of cavalry who took charge of the arms and conducted them to their destination at the encampment near Nicholasville. All was quiet in Lexington yesterday, as we learn by telegraph.—[Louisville Jour.

A GOOD JOKE ABOUT THE EARL OF DERBY.—Lately, in the English House of Lords, the Earl of Derby took occasion to pull to pieces the grammatical construction of a clause in the East India Council bill, and made, as usual, capital fun out of it. The best part of the joke was enjoyed, however, by those who were all the time aware that this clause was the production of no less a person than his son, Lord Stanley.

REBEL TROUBLES.—Cotton is of course supercilious to tobacco. Last week an Alabama regiment in Norfolk taunted a Virginia 179th, or something else, with a want of courage. An interchange of ball cartridge, followed. Daily and hourly the Virginia troops are subjected to insults of the most acrid character from the musketers of the Cotton States. Cotton assumes not a placid but an aristocratic superiority to tobacco.—[N. Y. Trib.

Military Notices.

S. L. FULLWOOD, formerly of Chicago Zouaves, is organizing a Company for Col. Roman's Regiment. Temperate, moral young men apply at headquarters, No. 80 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. au17-1tns

NOTICE.—UNION! UNION!!—Captains of companies desirous of entering the service of the United States in protecting the interests of the Union, can now have another opportunity of so doing. I will answer all inquiries relative to applications of companies, and when arranged for will have companies mustered in at once.

A recruiting office will be opened at once in Pittsburgh and Allegheny for this Regiment, and from the fact that three companies are already about to muster in and others will be mustered into service during the week, I will receive applications for other companies for fifteen days, at the expiration of which time I imagine my Regiment will be complete. My address will be care of Joseph Peacock, Esq., Pittsburgh Pa., for a few days, after which my quarters will be made known. SAM'L W. CRAFT.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS!—W. L. FOULK is now organizing a company for three years or the war, to be named the PRIDE OF INFANTRY. He has made arrangements through private sources, to provide uniforms for the members, in fatigue, as soon as mustered in. This will prevent any possible delay in getting the uniforms. The company will not be moved out of the city until the required number of men is obtained, but when mustered in will receive pay and rations from that time. The men here will be entitled to all the privileges of other volunteer companies as to appropriations, and $13.00 per month, and $100 at the expiration of enlistment. Office, Smithfield street near Fifth. au22tf

HOW FOR LEAVE FOR GEARY'S REGIMENT, on Tuesday, at four o'clock p. m., the company now being formed by the undersigned. The company will be immediately equipped and armed at Camp Birney. A sample of this celebrated weapon may be seen at the recruiting office. All who wish to see active and immediate service call at once at the office on Wood street, below Fourth, under Lafayette Hall.

au22ed D. M. ARMOR.

HO, FOR WASHINGTON!

WANTED, 40 MEN,

To fill the ranks of the SHIELDS GUARDS, Co. I, 11th Regiment, to the war complement. This Company has been in service and has been accepted by Col Thos. A. Rowley. They will be fully equipped before leaving the city and will leave soon as full. Recruiting office, No. 90 Wood street.

WM. C. GALLAGHER, Captain,
JAMES NORCOM, 1st Lieutenant,
CHARLES RHODES, 2d do
au19

ALLEGHENY GREYS.—The undersigned are authorized to recruit

50 MEN,

To fill up the ranks of the Allegheny Greys, for Col. Alex. Hay's Regiment. Office at Washington Hall, Robinson street. Apply to JAS. D. M'GILL, or
au14tf A. N. HARBOURN.

ATTENTION!—A few more men wanted to fill up a Company now recruiting for Col. T. A. Rowley's Regiment. Apply at College Hall, entrance on Fifth street.

LIEUT. MILWAINE, 13th Regiment,
au13 tf A. P. GALLOW, Sergeant Major, 13th Reg't.

Public Notices.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION,
Pittsburgh, August 24th, 1861.

THE RE-EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS for admission to High School will commence WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, at 9 o'clock, a. m.
au26:2td A. LEWIS, Sec'y pro tem.

New Advertisements.

CAPTAINS OR LIEUTENANTS,

FORMING COMPANIES

FOR THE WAR,

Would do well to call and get their Posters and Handbills of

W. S. HAVEN,

No. 84 Third street,

Who is prepared to print small or large, second ag to the desire in,

FANCY COLORS,

To attract

ATTENTION.

au13

BENZINE IS JUST THE ARTICLE FOR HARD TIMES.

It instantly removes all kinds of stains from either clothes or furniture, and cleanses polled ribbons and kid gloves equal to new. It is the only article yet discovered that leaves no ground of the stain behind. Prepared and sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
au27 Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

10,000 PEAR TREES.—If persons wishing to plant this Fall, will call at MURDOCH'S GARLAND NURSERY, they will see some extra Pear Trees. Fourth street cars run out to the Garden every fifteen minutes.

au24:2td&tf

SPECIAL NOTICE TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

JOSEPH HORNE, 77 MARKET STREET,

Would call the attention of Wholesale Buyers to his large stock of HOOP SKIRTS, of the most approved makes, recently purchased in New York, and which will be sold at a reduction from former prices. au21

TO PAINTERS.

BENZINE—SUBSTITUTE FOR TURPENTINE.

Procured by painters equal in every respect to Turpentine, and sold at less than half its price. Sold by B. & CARLILE & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
au24:2d Corner of Wood and Second streets.

NOTICE.—The undersigned desires to inform the public that he will not be a candidate for nomination for the Sheriffalty before any Convention, but will be an independent candidate, on my original proposition of paying 50 per cent. of the net proceeds of the office into the County Treasury. Should any nominee see fit to run on these conditions he shall have my cordial support. S. M. BRINTON.
au16:2tdlw

SPICED SALMON—Just received from Boston a fresh supply of fresh Spiced Salmon, put up in half cans and for sale at the Family Grocery store of JOHN A. BENSHAW,
au24 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

New Advertisements.

Navy Beef and Pork for 1862.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, Aug. 24, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS, ENDORSED "Proposals for Beef," and "Proposals for Pork," as the case may be, will be received at this office until 3 o'clock p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of September next, for furnishing and delivering, free of all cost and risk to the United States, at the following Navy Yards:

	Barrels Beef.	Barrels Pork.
At Charlestown, Mass	2,100	4,500
At Brooklyn, N. Y	4,500	6,000
At Philadelphia, Penn	2,500	1,500
	9,000	12,000

One half of said beef and pork must be delivered at each of the above named yards, respectively, by the 1st day of April, 1862, and the remaining half by the 1st day of June, 1862, unless earlier deliveries should be required by the chief of this Bureau. Payment to be made within thirty days after delivery.

Bidders must specify their prices separately and distinctly in separate offers for the beef and for the pork, and for each of the places of delivery, covering all expenses and all charges.

The beef must be from well fattened cattle, slaughtered between the 1st day of October, 1861, and the 1st day of January, 1862, and weighing not less than six hundred pounds net weight, each. The legs and leg ends of the hind quarters, and the shins and shoulder clods, the shoulders of mutton and ends of sticking pieces, and at least twelve pounds from the neck end of each fore-quarter, or the parts marked Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, on the drawing or delineation of the fore and hind quarters of an ox, which will be attached to and from a part of the contract, must be wholly excluded from each barrel; all the other pieces are to be packed, and *enough of being cut with a cleaver, must be cut through with a saw and knife, to give the meat a square, neat, smooth appearance, in pieces of not less than eight pounds, nor more than twelve pounds each.*

The pork must be packed from corn-fed, well fattened hogs slaughtered between the first day of December, 1861, and the first day of January, 1862, and weighing not less than two hundred pounds each, excluding the heads, jowls, necks, shoulders, ham, legs, feet, butts, rumps, lard, and all refuse pieces, and must be cut with a *saw and knife* in pieces weighing not less than six pounds, nor more than twelve pounds each.

Both the beef and pork must be salted with at least one statute bushel of Turk's Island Isle of May, Key West solar, Onondaga or St. Ubes salt, and the beef must have five ounces of fine pulverized saltpetre to each barrel, exclusive of a pickle, to be made from fresh water as strong as salt will make it, and must be perfectly bright and clear.

Each barrel must contain full 200 pounds net weight of beef or pork, and no excess of weight in other article will be paid for.

The barrels must be entirely new, and be made of the best seasoned heat of white-oak staves and heading; the staves to be not less than five-eighths of an inch thick, and the headings not less than three-fourths of an inch thick; they must be three hoops hooped over, including the iron hoops, with the best white oak or hickory hoops, and each barrel must have on it four iron hoops, viz: one of two and a half inch in width on each bilge, and one of one and one eighth inch in width on each chime, and each to be of one-sixteenth of an inch thick. Each barrel must be of the internal capacity of thirty-two gallons, and the iron hoops must be well painted with red lead.

Each barrel must be branded by turning on it in bold "Navy Beef," or "Navy Pork," as the case may be, with the contractor's name and the year when packed, and weight and shall also be branded on the bung stave with the letter B, or P., as the case may be.

The beef and pork will, unless otherwise directed by the chief of this bureau, be inspected by the flag officers at the respective navy yards to which addressed, and by some "sworn inspector of salted provisions" who will be selected by the respective commanding officers; but their charges for such inspections must be paid by the respective contractors, who must likewise have the barrels put in good shipping order, to the satisfaction of the commandants of the respective navy yards aforesaid, after inspection, and at their own expense.

Ten or more approved sureties in a sum equal to one-half the estimated amount of the contract will be required, and twenty per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of each payment to be made, as collateral security for the due and faithful performance of the respective contracts which will not be accounted for and paid until the contracts are closed in all respects, and is to be forfeited to the United States in the event of failure to complete the deliveries within the prescribed period. In case of failure on the part of the contractor to deliver all or any of the beef or pork above mentioned, of the quality and at the time and places above provided, the contractor will forfeit and pay to the United States, as liquidated damages, a sum of money equal to twice the amount of the contract price to be paid in case of the actual delivery thereof; which liquidated damages may be recovered from time to time as they accrue. Payment will be made by the United States at the periods above specified, (excepting the twenty per centum to be withheld until the completion of the contract, as before stated,) after the said beef and pork shall have been inspected and received, and bills for the same shall have been presented to the navy agents, respectively, duly approved by the commandants of the respective navy yards, according to the terms of the contract.

The parts of beef to be excluded will be particularized in the engraving to be attached to the contract. Persons interested can obtain them on application at this office.

Bidders whose proposals shall be accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified, and security as practicable a contract will be transmitted to them for execution, which contract must be returned to the bureau within ten days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of the mail.

A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of the acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notification thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bill will be made and accepted in consequence with this understanding.

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the 6th section of the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-47, approved 10th August, 1846) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within ten days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the article proposed.

This guarantee must be accompanied by the certificate of the United States district judge, United States district attorney, or navy agent, that the guarantors are able to make good their guarantee.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee.

The bidder's name and residence, and the name of each member of the firm, where a company offers, with the christian names written in full must be distinctly stated.

Under the joint resolution of Congress, approved 5th March, 1854, "all bids for supplies of provisions, clothing, and small stores for the use of the navy, may be rejected at the option of the Department, if made by one who knows or is a manufacturer of or regular dealer in the article proposed to be furnished, which fact, or the reverse, must be distinctly stated in the bids offered."

au27:lawd6w

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF

NEW FALL GOODS,

AT

HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,

77 Market reet.

GREAT BARGAINS FOR CASH.

Wholesale and Retail buyers will find our stock of NEW GOODS specially adapted to their wants.

100 French Work Sets, (very cheap)
20 dozen Linen Collars,
15 do do Cambric and Swiss Collars,
Infants' Waists Caps and Robes,
Hamburg Flouncing,
Hemmed Stitched Handkerchiefs, (very cheap)
Guipure Lace Collars,
Grenadine and Tissue Veils,
Black Lace do
Breakfast Caps, emises,
Mechanical and Nursing Corsets,
French Flowers and Roches,
Bonnets and Hats,
Bonnet Satins of all kinds,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Alexander's Kid Gloves,
Tidy Cotton, Worsted Yarn,
Zephyr Worsted, Shetland Wool,
Crochet Braid, Skirt Braid,
Notions and Fancy Goods.

au24ddw1T

HATCH & CO.,

SHIP AGENTS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

139 Walnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE, TOBACCO

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Claims for errors to be made on receipt of goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, Aug. 29th, for furnishing and shingling, say 125 squares. Also, for putting on, say 3,500 feet of Facia and Ceiling under projection, with flooring boards. Also, for putting on, say 1,150 feet of Saddle or comb of roof, shingles to be 4½ in width. All materials for above work will be furnished at the House of Refuge, where a plan of the same will be shown.

JOHN SAMPSON, Manchester,
JAMES MCANDLESS, 104 Wood st., Pittsburgh,
au24:3td Building Committee.

FLOUR.

50 bbls. Extra Family White Wheat,
50 do Superfine,
Very low for cash, for sale by H. RIDDLE,
au18:tf 183 Liberty street.

BAYONET SCABBARDS.—Another lot just received. Companies not yet supplied will please send their orders.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
au2 218 Liberty street, opposite Sixth.

SUN UMBRELLAS, AT REDUCED PRICES.—A first rate line of Sun Umbrellas, at a large reduction in price, to close out the stock.

SATON, MACBUM & CO.,
au9 Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street

EXTRA SUGAR CURED HAMS.—600 Hams of Lewis, Gray & Co.'s curing, equal to any hams in this market, and for sale by

H. RIDDLE 183 Liberty street.
au10-ns

50 BOXES FRESH PEACHES just received and for sale by

FRANK VAN GORDER,
au23 No. 116 Second street.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, Allegheny County, ss.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of said county No 3 7 October Term, 1861.

Murphy & Torpe,
vs
Steamship Grand Turk, Alexander McGinnis master, and William McGinnis and Alex. v. McGinnis owners, &c. } Attachment.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the above stated writ of attachment issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, I have attached the steamboat Grand Turk, owned by William and Alexander G. McGinnis, lying in the port of Pittsburgh in said county, and her tackle lately commanded by Alexander G. McGinnis. That the said steamboat Grand Turk will be sold for the payment of debts contracted for work done and for materials provided in the repairing of the same, unless the owner, consignee, commander or some other person in their behalf shall appear and pay the same, or otherwise obtain the discharge of the vessel the steamboat Grand Turk aforesaid within three months from the date hereof. That all persons having a lien for any debts contracted as aforesaid are hereby required to file the same within three months from the date hereof, or be debarred from prosecuting their claims under said writ of attachment.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 22d, 1861.
au22:lawd6w

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND,

MEDICAL LECTURES.

The fifty-fourth Annual Session of the School of Medicine in the University of Maryland, will commence on MONDAY, October 14, 1861, and end March 1, 1862.

The Faculty are aware of nothing in the present unhappy condition of public affairs of a nature to interfere with the regular and faithful performance of their duty as Teachers of Medicine. They purpose to make every effort to render their course of instruction useful and satisfactory to their pupils.

The Baltimore Infirmary, which belongs to the School, continues to afford abundant means for the Clinical illustration of the principles of Medicine and Surgery.

G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
au21 d6t4w Dean.

MANTILLAS,

LESS THAN COST.

Gray Dress Grods at cost,

Stella Shawls at cost,

Fancy Silks at cost,

Berages and Tissues at cost,

Berage Robes at half price,

Jaconett Lawns at 16c worth 37½.

A large lot of Domestic Goods just opened at

W. & D. HUGUS'.

au10

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

CHARLES GIPNER,

78 Market street,

Has just received a large and carefully selected stock of goods, among which may be found

Chenille Nets,

Cord and Silk Nets,

Head Dresses,

Linen Collars,

Grenadine Veils, all colors,

Magic Ruffling, all widths,

Lace Sleeves, etc., etc.

Embroidered Sets,

Linen Sets,

Lace Collars,

Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and Insertings

Gents' Shirt Collars, and Neckties,

Silk and Merino

Undershirts and Drawers.

All are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. au22

DRY GOODS

AT COST

—AND—

LESS THAN COST,

J. W. BARKER & CO.

59 MARKET STREET,

Are selling off the balance of Spring Summer Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. reduction.

GREAT BARGAINS GIVEN.

jy27-ndw

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!!

Open this morning at

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

New Calicoes,
New Chintzes,
New Muslins,
New Flannels,
Real Welch Flannels;
Scotch Ginghams,
Domestic Ginghams,

All of which he is selling, with his entire stock, cheap for cash PAR MONEY.

au22:ndw2

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

JAMES C. WATT,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair sts.

Respectfully invites public attention to his new stock of SPRING GOODS, comprising all the newest styles of Fashionable Material adapted to GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, selling at early call, and trusting to his ability to exhibit to them goods bearing like the same a stock of new goods equal to any in the city, without resort to the old of parcelles deceptio mentis. au2:3

URBAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK,

Corner Sixth and Wood Streets.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

CAPITAL $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

AUGUSTUS HO VELER, President.

DIRECTORS:

Springer Harbaugh,	Adam Bahnman,
H. H. Sivert,	Joseph Lenz,
J. F. Havelotte,	Christian Siebert,
Anthony Meyer,	A. Provensfield

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

JOHN STEWART, Cashier.
my18:6tp

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS,
SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS,
SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS,
FOR RELIEVING
FOR RELIEVING
FOR RELIEVING
COUGHS, SORE THROAT, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Also for purifying the breath and strengthening the voice.

Just received by JOSEPH FLEMING,
Just received by JOSEPH FLEMING,
Just received by JOSEPH FLEMING,
corner of Market street and the Diamond,
corner of Market street and the Diamond.
au19

CHEESE.—80 boxes prime Cutting Cream received and for sale by

H. RIDDLE, 183 Liberty street.
au10-ns

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 850 able-bodied men, between the ages of 18 and 35, not less than five feet four and a half inches in height, to enter the Third Regiment U. S. Cavalry. Each man will be furnished with a good horse and full equipments, ample clothing and subsistence of the best quality. The pay ranges from $14 to $22 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. No minor will be enlisted without the written consent of parent, guardian or master. By an act lately passed, the term of enlistment is altered to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to 160 acres of land and $100 bounty from the United States. Attention is called to the fact that the government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers and non-commissioned officers from the ranks. Advancement is therefore open to all who enlist. $2 Bounty will be paid to any citizen, non-commissioned officer or soldier who procures an accepted recruit. All men to the number of 85, will be enlisted for the Company of

SEWELL R. BROWN,
First Lieutenant Third Cavalry,
au19:tf Recruiting Officer.

WANTED—Bonds and Mortgages for the following sums, for three years:

One Mortgage for $500;
One do for $1,000;
One do for $1,800;
One do for $2,000.

Apply at [au17] FETT'S, 13 St. Clair street.

For Sale & To Let.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

10,000 bush. Connellsville Oven Coke.

au22 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

FOR RENT.—We will rent the large and commodious Warehouse now occupied by us as a Wholesale Grocery, on very reasonable terms, as we intend changing our business. The location is one of the most desirable in the city. Call soon as there are are a number of applicants.

au19 1w JOHN T. M'COMBS & CO.

VALUABLE OIL PROPERTY FOR SALE—Situated on French Creek, embracing between 10 and 11 acres. There are on the property six wells in various progress, three of which are at sufficient depth to justify operating. Connected with the wells is a powerful engine, in good running order. This property is adjoining the celebrated M'Cormick farm and is perhaps one of the best oil sites in that region. We offer it a great bargain on easy terms of payment, or with exchange for real estate in or adjoining the city. For particulars apply to

B. M'CLAIN & CO.,
au9 No. 56½ Fourth street.

ENGINE FOR SALE—ABOUT FIVE HORSE POWER, in good order, now driving three power presses in this office. Will be sold cheap for cash.

GAZETTE OFFICE,
Fifth street, above Smithfield.

FOR SALE—A second-hand SAFE, with double doors, in good order, will be sold low by

REYMER & BROTHERS,
jel6 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

TO LET.—That splendid Residence, with large garden and Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, situated within two minutes' walk of the Wilkinsburg Railroad Station. The house is large and finished in the modern style, at present occupied by Moses Thompson. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to W. A. ANDERSON,
au24:4t*tf* at Barton's Office, cor. 4th & Grant sts.

TO LET.—A first-class Dwelling House containing nine rooms, and with all modern improvements, located on Tunnel, between Wiley street and Pennsylvania avenue. Terms easy.

au8:tf L. G. GRAFF.

FOR RENT.—The STORE HOUSE, corner Federal and Water streets, City of Allegheny, one square below the market, and immediately opposite the stores of H. P. Schwartz and J. L. Carmichael & Co.

au8:tf H. H. H. DALE.

STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE.

TWO ENGINES, in good working order will be sold on accommodating terms. Cylinders 17 inches diameter, with 6 feet stroke.

The above may be seen on application at the SAW MILL, Allegheny, or at the office of the undersigned on the first of July.

PARK PAINTER & CO.
jel8-3md

PORTABLE

WASH STAND.

This is a new and beautiful article. It is of iron, and made in such a way as to combine Bowl, Stand, &c. It makes a very neat finish, and is complete without wood work. This is the thing that has long been wanted by tenants who do not wish to be at the expense of anything permanent. The stand above described can be taken down and removed in a few minutes.

FOR SALE BY

BAILY, FARRELL & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

NO. 139 FOURTH STREET,

NEAR SMITHFIELD

au13

SPRING GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A GOOD AND SELECT STOCK OF GOODS for our SPRING SALES, which have been selected with more than usual care, and feel confident that in the

RICHNESS OF FABRIC AND STYLES of Goods, as well as

Fairness of Prices

they will SURPASS ANY GOODS of the kind ever before opened in this city, and would respectfully solicit a early call from our patrons and the public, to examine the same for themselves.

Samuel Gray & Son,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

au18:2m 19 FIFTH STREET.

10 SHIRT COLLARS, for 25 cents!

APPROVED STYLES OF

GENTS' PATENT ENAMELED SHIRT COLLARS,

FOR 1861.

10 Shirt Collars for 25 cents,

OF ANY STYLE DESIRED.

EATON, MACBUM & CO.,

au13 No. 17 and 19 Fifth street.

JACKSON & TOWNSEND,

PORK PACKERS

AND

DEALERS IN PROVISIONS,

No. 12 Fourth street,

Have on hand a fine assortment of Bacon, Lard and Pork, most of which is