From Col. Black's Regiment.

CAMP CAMERON, August 10, 1861.

Believing that you will be interested to hear from Camp Cameron, whether we are all in good health, how we like our camp, etc., I will try to give you a short account of our doings since we left your city.

It was with some sorrow, (who will deny it?) that we bade "good-bye" to our many ever-kind friends who came in such numbers to the depot to see us depart, and, perhaps, a tear or two stood in some of our eyes as we looked back and took our last look at Pittsburgh—at least for a time.

We arrived at Harrisburg about 9 o'clock on Sabbath morning, and were quartered in the State Capitol, where we remained for two or three days. In the meanwhile, Col. Black, not "liking the looks" of Camp Curtin, (which, by the way, is a one-horse place,) scoured the country around, and fixed upon our present comfortable camp ground, which really is, as he says, "the most beautiful camp ground in the country." It is situated a mile or two east of Harrisburg, on the farm of our present worthy Secretary of War, and styled Camp Cameron, in honor of his generosity in giving it. It is situated in a rolling tract of land. Our tents are of good material, afford ample protection against rain, and are situated just west of a fine woodland of stately forest trees. Farther to the west, running due north and south, are a number of trees that seem to have been left on account of their singular beauty. On the north runs the road, and just beyond it the Lebanon Valley Railroad. Southward is a large stream of water winding through a ravine of fine appearance. To this stream we go to do our bathing and to wash our clothes. The streets are laid out in city-like order, and are called quite a variety of names. Company A (the Federal Guards) have their East and West commons, Federal and Liberty streets, as well as your city. They received quite a high compliment this morning from the Colonel for their proficiency in drill and good behavior—not one of the company, as yet, having been placed in the guard-house.

Col. Black's orders are very strict and of the right stamp. No obscene language or swearing whatever is tolerated. Discipline of a very strict character is enforced, and six or seven men are detailed every morning to clear away all rubbish; "level the ground," pull up roots &c. Wait, Messrs Editors, till we fairly get the "mill a going" and we will show you a "camp as is a camp"—the model camp of the State.

We had the pleasure of receiving a visit from the Honorable Secretary of War. He had but a few minutes to stay, and only passed down the line, shaking hands with the men, and expressing himself to be very much pleased with the men, saying to Col. Black that they were a very fine looking regiment, and that he would see that we were well taken care of; promising to send our uniforms, and equipments, &c., from Washington city, directly. So we expect to be equipped instanter in good style. When he turned to leave us nine cheers, done in the most "vociferous style," made the woods ring.

This is a remarkably healthy neighborhood; none of the men, I believe, are really sick; some have colds, but all of us can get away our share of pork and beans.

We have just finished the lot of cigars given us, on the day of our departure, by Mr. Israel Hoag, of Allegheny City. "Peace to the ashes." When they were first divided around, the boys gave three rousing cheers for the donor. Thank you, Mr. Hoag.

On the first night of our encampment, Capt. Hull, in accordance with the unanimous desire of the men, introduced religious exercises, and offered up an eloquent prayer for our success, for help from above, and for the friends we left behind. Will our friends remember us? Every evening these meetings are growing more interesting, and the result—how could it be otherwise?—is that everything goes on harmoniously and pleasantly with our company. We have a choir of really first-class singers; also a band, composed of a guitar, violin, banjo, accordeon, &c., and the leisure hours are well improved in this respect.

We have had but one visitor from your place, Mr. Geo. W. Hubley, of Allegheny city. He will not soon be forgotten by Black's regiment, for, before our camp was in order, he took the sick to a hotel, and, out of his own pocket, attended to their every want. The city should indeed be proud of such a resident.

But I am growing tedious. Thanking you, Messrs. Editors, for the great interest you have exhibited in our company, and sending our love to our wives, fathers, mothers, brothers, sisters, sweethearts—all—I remain

Yours, J. T. C.

NEW SUPPLIES OF COTTON.—In the House of Commons, on the 25th ult., as we learn by the latest news from Europe, Sir C. Wood made the statement, in the course of some remarks on India, that this year the cotton supply from India would be 300,000 bales greater than it had ever been before. He added that the government was making every exertion to develop the resources of India as a cotton-producing country, and he doubted not that England would ultimately be rendered independent of America for cotton.

The flattering result here published to the world, of the stimulated cotton production of India, will produce considerable surprise in the Gulf States. England has had very short notice of the impending danger to her loom; but that brief notice has already resulted in the assurance of 300,000 bales of cotton beyond any former yield from India. A like ratio of increase maintained will very soon relieve British statesmen of all care for the American blockade, or for any of the complications of American politics.—[N. Y. Times.

PALMERSTON SHOWS HIS HAND.—There is a Lordship of the British Treasury vacant by the resignation of Mr. Bagwell, an Irish member, who resigned because he was dissatisfied with the conduct of the Palmerston Cabinet in nullifying the postal contract with the Galway and American steamboat company. To whom, of all men in the House of Commons, has Lord Palmerston offered this office, worth $6,000 a year? To none but Mr. Gregory, the Parliamentary champion and mouthpiece of "the so-called Southern Confederacy." Mr. Gregory has refused the office, probably from a conviction that the county of Galway would not re-elect him. But Lord Palmerston's having offered to make this person a member of the British Government exposes his own southern proclivities, if it does nothing else. His conduct is significant and suggestive. It shows his hand, with the *Knave* in it as principal.—[Phil's Press.

A CURIOUS petition has been presented to the House of Lords by the Earl of Dundonald. He prayed that his succession to the titles borne by his father might be admitted. No one seems to have raised a doubt upon the subject; but Mr. Fleming stated that the petitioner was the son of a marriage which took place between his parents in Scotland, where there were no registry of marriages. His mother was living and could prove the fact of the marriage. This being the only evidence, unless it was now received there might be a difficulty hereafter in proving the marriage, if any question of its validity should arise. It was then decided that a commission should be appointed to take Lady Dundonald's evidence.

SEND your child to bed happy. Whatever cares press, give it a warm good-night kiss, as it goes to its pillow. The memory of this, in the stormy years which fate may have in store for the little one, will be like Bethlehem's star to the bewildered shepherds. "My father—my mother loved me!" Fate cannot take away that blessed heart balm. Lips parched with the world's fever, will become dewy again at this thrill of youthful memories. Kiss your little child before it goes to sleep!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FISH.—
200 bbls No 3 Large MACKEREL;
200 do No 2 do do
300 hf-bbls Large Mackerel;
100 bbls No 1 Herring;
25 do Baltimore do
10 do do Shad;
100 hf-bbls Lake Herring;
50 do White Fish—on consignment for sale at Eastern prices by
JOHN I. HOUSE & CO.
au6:1f cor. Smithfield and Water sts. Pittsburgh, Pa

OIL.—250 bbls. Rock Oil;
50 bbls. No 1 Lard Oil;
25 bbls. No. 2 Lard Oil;
In store and for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SONS,
jy10 Nos. 68 and 70 Water street.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES,

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 41.]

AN ACT supplementary to an act entitled "An act to authorize a National Loan, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue bonds of the United States, bearing interest at six per centum per annum, and payable at the pleasure of the United States after twenty years from date; and if any holder of Treasury notes, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per centum, which may be issued under the authority of the act to authorize a national loan and for other purposes, approved July seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall desire to exchange the same for said bonds, the Secretary of the Treasury may, at any time before or at the maturity of said Treasury notes, issue to said holder, in payment thereof, an amount of said bonds equal to the amount which, at the time of such payment or exchange, may be due on said Treasury notes; but no such bonds shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor shall the whole amount of such bonds exceed the whole amount of Treasury notes bearing seven and three-tenths per centum interest, issued under said act; and any part of the Treasury notes payable on demand, authorized by said act, may be made payable by the Assistant Treasurer at Saint Louis, or by the depositary at Cincinnati.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Treasury notes issued under the provisions of the said act to authorize a national loan, and for other purposes, or of any other act now in force authorizing the issue of such notes, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the United States, or by some officer of the Treasury Department, designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, for said Treasurer, and countersigned by the Register of the Treasury, or by some officer of the Treasury Department, designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, for said Register, and no Treasury notes, issued under any act, shall require the seal of the Treasury Department.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the act to which this is supplementary as limits the denomination of a portion of the Treasury notes authorized by said act at not less than ten dollars, be and is so modified as to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to fix the denomination of said notes at not less than five dollars.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in addition to the amount heretofore appropriated, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay such expenses, commissions, or compensation as may be necessary, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, to carry into execution the provisions of this act, and of the act to which this is supplementary.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the Treasury notes authorized by the act to which this is supplementary, of a less denomination than fifty dollars, payable on demand without interest, and not exceeding in amount the sum of fifty millions of dollars, shall be receivable in payment of public dues.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide for the better organization of the Treasury, and for the collection, safe keeping, transfer, and disbursements of the public revenue," passed August six, eighteen hundred and forty six, be and the same are hereby suspended, so far as to allow the Secretary of the Treasury to deposit any of the moneys obtained on any of the loans now authorized by law, to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, in such solvent specie paying banks as he may select; and the said moneys, so deposited, may be withdrawn from such deposit for deposit with the regular authorized depositaries, or for the payment of public dues, or paid in redemption of the notes authorized to be issued under this act, or the act to which this is supplementary, payable on demand, as may seem expedient to, or be directed by, the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury may sell or negotiate for any portion of the loan provided for in the act to which this is supplementary, bonds payable not more than twenty years from date, and bearing interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, at any rate not less than the equivalent of par, for the bonds bearing seven per centum interest, authorized by said act.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 42.]

AN ACT supplementary to an act entitled "An act to increase the present military establishment of the United States," approved July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, during the existing insurrection and rebellion, upon the recommendation of the Lieutenant-General commanding the army of the United States, or of any Major General of the regular army of the United States, commanding forces of the United States in the field, to appoint such number of aides-de-camp, in addition to those now authorized by law, as the exigencies of the service may, in the opinion of the President, require; such aides-de-camp to bear respectively the rank and authority of captains, majors, lieutenant colonels, or colonels of the regular army, as the President may direct, and to receive the same pay and allowances as are provided by existing laws for officers of cavalry of corresponding rank. The President shall cause all aides-de-camp appointed under this act to be discharged whenever they shall cease to be employed in active service, and he may reduce the number so employed whenever he may deem it expedient so to do. Any officers of the regular army appointed aides-de-camp under this act, and detached or assigned to duty for service as such, shall upon their discharge resume their positions in the regular army, and shall be entitled to the same rank and promotion as if they had continued to serve in their own regiments or corps.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 43.]

AN ACT supplementary to an act entitled "An act to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish the crime of piracy."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any vessel or boat which shall be built, purchased, fitted out in whole or in part, or held for the purpose of being employed in the commission of any piratical aggression, search, restraint, depredation, or seizure, or in the commission of any other act of piracy, as defined by the law of nations, shall be liable to be captured and brought into any port of the United States if found upon the high seas, or be seized if found in any port or place within the United States, whether the same shall have actually sailed upon any piratical expedition or not, and whether any act of piracy shall have been committed or attempted upon, or from such vessel or boat or not; and any such vessel or boat may be adjudged and condemned, if captured by a vessel authorized as hereinafter mentioned, to the use of the United States and to that of the captors, and if seized by a collector, surveyor, or marshal, then to the use of the United States, after due process and trial, in like manner as is provided in section four of the act to which this act is supplementary, which section is hereby made in all respects applicable to cases arising under this act.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States be and hereby is authorized to instruct the commanders of the public armed vessels of the United States, and to authorize the commanders of any other armed vessels sailing under the authority of any letters of marque and reprisal granted by the Congress of the United States, or the commanders of any other suitable vessels, to subdue, seize, take, and, if on the high seas, to send into any port of the United States any vessel or boat built, purchased, fitted out, or held as in the first section of this act mentioned.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the collectors of the several ports of entry, the surveyors of the several ports of delivery, and the marshals of the several judicial districts within the United States be and are hereby authorized and required to seize any and all vessels or boats built, purchased, fitted out, or held as aforesaid, which may be found within their respective ports or districts, and to cause the same to be proceeded against and disposed of as hereinbefore provided.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 44.]

AN ACT to reduce consular fees for vessels running to or between foreign ports.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That American vessels running regularly by weekly or monthly trips, or otherwise, to or between foreign ports, shall not be required to pay fees to consuls for more than four trips in a year, any thing in the law or regulations respecting consular fees to the contrary notwithstanding.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 45.]

AN ACT authorizing additional enlistments in the navy of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be and he hereby is authorized to cause to be enlisted in the navy of the United States, for the term of three years, or during the war, such number of able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, as he may judge necessary and proper, to place the entire navy of the United States, and all vessels that may be added to it, in a state of the utmost efficiency for active service.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 46.]

AN ACT making further appropriation for the support of the naval service for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of thirty thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the completion of the coal depot at Key West, Florida, and repairs of the wharf belonging to the same.

For the completion of the marine barracks at Charlestown, Mass., twelve thousand dollars.

For the purchase of the right to manufacture and use Coston's night signals, twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the full right to manufacture and use the same can be purchased at a price not exceeding that sum.

For the purchase of ordnance for the use of the navy, three hundred thousand dollars.

For repairing the quarters and outbuildings at Fort Abercrombie, seven thousand dollars.

For collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers, under the acts authorizing the President to accept the services of five hundred thousand men, twenty millions of dollars.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Navy be and he is hereby authorized to change the names of any vessels purchased for the use of the Navy Department, by authority of law, and they shall thereafter be known by the names so given them by virtue of this act.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That there be and hereby is appropriated, in like manner, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, for the construction and equipment of gunboats for service on the Western rivers.

Approved August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 47.]

AN ACT making appropriation to pay the expenses of the investigating committees of the House of Representatives and Senate appointed the first session of the Thirty-seventh Congress, and of the commission authorized to examine and report as to the compensation of all officers of the Government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be and hereby is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten thousand dollars, to pay the expenses of the investigating committees of the Senate and House of Representatives appointed at the first session of the Thirty-seventh Congress, and also the expenses of the commission authorized to examine and report as to the compensation of all officers of the Government; said sum of money to be drawn from the Treasury as part of the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, and to be disbursed in the mode provided by law for such expenses.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 48.]

AN ACT authorizing the construction of twelve small side-wheel steamers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy shall cause to be constructed, with the least possible delay, twelve small side-wheel steamers, for the use of the navy of the United States, of light draught and great speed; and for the purpose aforesaid twelve hundred thousand dollars be and the same hereby is appropriated.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 49.]

AN ACT making appropriations for fortifications and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be and is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars for contingencies of fortifications, to be used and applied under the direction of the Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That any commissioned officer of the army, navy or marine corps, who, having tendered his resignation, shall, prior to due notice of the acceptance of the same by the proper authority, and, without leave, quit his post or proper duties with the intent to remain permanently absent therefrom, shall be registered as a deserter, and punished as such.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That flogging as a punishment in the army is hereby abolished.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That for removing stables and other obstructions from the grounds around the Washington Infirmary, used as an army hospital, and grading such grounds to secure proper drainage of the same, the sum of five thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Surgeon General of the United States army.

Approved, August 5, 1861.

[PUBLIC—No. 50.]

AN ACT in relation to the office of Attorney of the United States for the southern district of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be paid to the attorney of the United States for the southern district of New York, quarterly, a salary at the rate of six thousand dollars per annum, and such additional sum as shall be necessary, together with the costs and fees now allowed by law to pay such amount as shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior for the proper expenses of the office, including salaries of assistants and clerks.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the accounts of said attorney, from and after the fourth day of April last, shall be adjusted and settled in the same manner as the same would have been adjusted and settled had this act been in operation on and after that day.

Approved, August 6, 1861.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 3.]

A RESOLUTION requesting the President of the United States to recommend a day of public humiliation, fasting and prayer.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a joint committee of both Houses wait on the President of the United States and request that he recommend a day of public humiliation, prayer and fasting, to be observed by the people of the United States with religious solemnity, and the offering of fervent supplications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these States, his blessings on their arms, and a speedy restoration of peace.

Approved, August 6, 1861.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY WAGON AND AMBULANCE HARNESS.

Office of Army Clothing and Equipage, Corner Howard and Mercer streets, New York, August 2, 1861.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office for furnishing, by contract, Army Wagon Harness: The proposals should state the price at which they can be furnished at the places of manufacture and the price at which they can be delivered at this depot, the number which can be made by the bidder within one month after receipt of the order; also the number which he can deliver within one week.

The harness must exactly conform to the following specifications and to the established patterns:

Four mule harness as follows, to wit:

WHEEL.

Two Quilors.—Breech straps 3 feet 6 inches long, 3½ inches wide, sewed into 14 inch rings of ⅜ inch iron; hip straps 3 feet 11 inches long, 1½ inch wide, stay pieces 2 feet long, 2½ inches wide, with 1½ inch buckles; cross straps to buckle into stay pieces, 3 feet long, 1½ inch wide, side straps 4 feet long, 1½ inch wide, tie straps 15 inch. s long, ¾ inch wide, tapering to a point.

Two Belly Bands. Long side two feet 3 inches long, 3 inches wide, with a two inch buckle; short side 1 foot 6 inches long and 2 inches wide.

Two Hair Collars. 18 to 19 inches long, with double straps and safe leathers and buckles ¾ inch wide.

Two Pair of Strong Hames to suit, made of white oak, ironed with hooks, breast rings 1½ inch, square, staples and line rings.

Two Pair of Hame Straps. Lower one 5 feet 6 inches long, ¾ inch wide; upper one 4 feet 6 inches long ¾ inch wide.

Two Bridles. Crown piece 2 feet long, 1¼ inch wide; cheek pieces each 10 inches long, 1¼ inch wide; front piece 1¼ inches long, 1¼ inch wide ... [illegible]

Two Pair Chain Pipes, 2 feet long, 2½ inches wide.

Two Trace Chains, ... [illegible]

POLITICAL NOTICES.

FOR ASSEMBLY.—JOHN GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township, will be a candidate for Assembly subject to the Republican Convention. au12-adawtc

FOR CORONER.—W. H. GLENN, of Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. au6:tc

FOR CORONER.—C. S. BOSTWICK, ... [illegible] subject to the Republican Nominating Convention. au8-dawtc

FOR CORONER.—JNO M'CLUNG, of Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. au2

FOR CORONER.—SENNET LAKE, Esq., of the Sixth Ward, having been "defeated" out of the office to which he was elected by the people, will be supported for Coroner, subject to the Republican Nominating Convention. my17:tc

FOR CORONER.—MILTON H. M'CABE, of Neville township, will be presented as a candidate for Coroner of Allegheny county, subject to the Republican Nominating Convention. ap2

FOR CORONER.—FREDERIC BENK, of the Third ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh13:tc

UNION CANDIDATE!—A soldier of the War of 1812, for ASSOCIATE JUDGE—LAURENCE MITCHEL, of Lawrenceville, formerly of Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh. au3:tc

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—JNO. BROWN, of Ross township, will be a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. jy27:dawtc

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—WM. B. BURCHFIELD, of East Liberty, Peebles township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my18:tc

ASSEMBLY.—SAMUEL CHADWICK, of Collins township, will be a candidate for nomination for Assembly at the coming Republican Convention. au5:tc MANY FRIENDS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.—A. FLOYD, of the Second ward Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, before the Republican Nominating Convention. au7:tc

PROTHONOTARY.—C. W. CARROLL, of the Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my24

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—DANL. ARMSTRONG will be a candidate for nomination before the next Republican Convention. my4:tc

PROTHONOTARY.—N. PATTERSON, of the Borough of Birmingham, is a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. mh23:tc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—ISAAC WALKER, Jr., of Robinson Township, will be a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the Republican Convention. mh23:tc

PROTHONOTARY.—JNO. MORRISON, of Allegheny, will be a candidate, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

PROTHONOTARY.—Z. PATTERSON, of Indiana Township, is a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

PROTHONOTARY.—JOHN G. CURTIS, of Allegheny city, is a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. fe12:tc

PROTHONOTARY.—CAPT. H. EATON, of Upper St. Clair township, asks the votes of his friends to obtain the Republican nomination for Prothonotary of Allegheny county—the infirmity of his left hand not allowing him the opportunity of traversing the county and seeing them all.

PROTHONOTARY.—DAVID C. HULTZ, of Snowden Township, will be a candidate for nomination to the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. fe12:tc

PROTHONOTARY.—RICHARD DARVER, of Reserve Township, will be supported for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. ja30:dtc

FOR SHERIFF.—ADAM WEAVER, of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, will offer himself as a candidate for Sheriff of Allegheny county, subject to the Republican Convention.

SHERIFF.—HARRY WOODS, of Peebles township, asks the votes of his friends to obtain the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Allegheny County. His business will not allow him the opportunity of traversing the county and seeing them all. jal5:mdtc

FOR SHERIFF.—HENRY H. LEWIS, of Sharpsburg, is a candidate for Sheriff of Allegheny county, subject to the Republican Nominating Convention. fe11:tc

SHERIFF.—S. M. BRINTON, of Patton township, is a candidate for Sheriff. If nominated and elected he engages to pay 50 per cent. of the net profits of the office into the County Treasury for the use of the county, and will execute bonds satisfactory to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for compliance with the above propositions.

FOR SHERIFF.—The friends of Gen. J. S. NEGLEY, of Collins township, respectfully urge his nomination. His public services, both to his country and party, well-known energy and anxiety to meet public respect, entitle his claims to every consideration. At the same time, he resides in the district entitled to this office. fe27:tc

SHERIFF.—JOHN AIKEN, of the Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. fe9:tc

Railroads.

1861 Summer Arrangement 1861

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

EIGHT DAILY TRAINS.

On and after MONDAY, April 15th, the THROUGH MAIL TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station every morning (except Sunday) at 4:30 A. M., stopping only at principal stations, connecting at Harrisburg with train direct for Baltimore, and arriving in Philadelphia at 1:00 P. M.

THE THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily at 12:35 A. M., stopping only at principal stations, making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore, and arriving in Philadelphia or Baltimore at 10:15 A. M.

THE FAST LINE leaves the Station daily (except Sunday) at 4:00 P. M., stopping only at Greensburg, Latrobe, Johnstown, Willmore, Gallitzin, Altoona, &c., and arriving in Philadelphia at 10:40 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.

The Johnstown Accommodation Train leaves daily (except Sunday) at 2:30 P. M., stopping at all stations and running as far as Conemaugh.

... [illegible]

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF TIME—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, June the 10th, 1861, Trains will leave the Depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, as follows: ... [illegible]

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES

WITHIN REACH OF ALL.

PRICES REDUCED FOR THE NEXT YEAR.

PRICES FROM $40 TO $115,

INCLUDING HEMMER.

INCREASED FACILITIES FOR manufacturing, and the curtailment of litigation expense consequent upon recent decision of the United States Court, affirming the validity of the Grover & Baker Company's Patents, enable this company to furnish their Sewing Machines, with important improvements, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The superiority of these machines ... [illegible] ... sold by us is

WARRANTED FOR THREE YEARS.

We also give instructions, free of charge, to purchasers, to enable them to Hem, Fell, Gather, Tuck and Embroider, all on the same machine.

Circulars can be had at our office, free of charge, by applying either in person or by mail.

N. B.—Sewing Machine, Needles, Silk, Twist, Cotton, etc., constantly on hand.

CHATONEY & WALTER,

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH,

sep24 GENERAL AGENTS.

Stoves, Ranges, Grates, &c.

JAS. B. YOUNG ... J. P. YOUNG.

YOUNG BROTHERS.

Duquesne Foundry,

Liberty st., near Outer Depot Pa. R. R., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacture MACHINE, HOT BLAST and ROLLING MILL FURNACE CASTINGS, of every description.

OIL PIPE, BOILER CASTINGS, FIRE FRONTS, GRATE BARS, WAGON BOXES, SAD AND DOG IRONS, GRATES AND GRATE FRONTS, STOP COCK BOXES, &c., always on hand and for sale low.

Orders left with W. W. YOUNG, corner of Wood street and Diamond alley, will receive prompt attention. ap28

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY

Manufactures every variety of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING

STOVES,

GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,

&c. &c. &c.

Sole Proprietor of the celebrated

PATENT GAS BURNING AND SMOKE CONSUMING ARRANGEMENTS.

Office and Sales Room,

No. 4 Wood Street,

ja4:ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

STOVES. STOVES.

D. DE HAVEN & SON, MANUFACTURERS OF STOVES,

Warehouse, Federal Street, near New Suspension bridge, ALLEGHENY CITY.

We ask the attention of dealers to our large assortment of Cooking and Heating Stoves, for Wood and Coal, which we are selling at the lowest prices. Those visiting our city will find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Cast Iron House Fronts, Iron Railing, Scales, Hollow Ware, Wagon Boxes.

Plain and Fancy Grate Fronts, Fenders, etc. Castings of all kinds made to order.

fyl6:ya D. DE HAVEN & SON.

ALLEN, McCORMICK & CO,

VALLEY FOUNDRY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Warehouse, No. 52 St. Clair st.

MANUFACTURERS OF COOK, PARLOR and HEATING STOVES, Parlor and Kitchen Grates, Hollow Ware, etc. Sad and Glass Moulds, Rolling Mill Castings, Mill Gearing, Gas, Water and Artisan Pipe, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Sugar Kettles, Pulleys, Hangers, Car Wheels, Couplings, and Castings generally. Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings made to order. Patented Portable Mills, with Steam or Horse Power. sol3:ad

New-York Advertisements.

FRENCH'S HOTEL

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

CITY OF NEW YORK.

Single Rooms, Fifty Cents Per Day.

City Hall Square, corner Frankfort st. (Opposite City Hall.)

Meals as they may be ordered, in the spacious Refectory. There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel.

N. B.—Beware of Runners and Hackmen who say we are full.

oc27:ly R. FRENCH, Proprietor.

RICHARDSON'S

IRISH LINENS,

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &C.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. BULLOCK & J. S. LOCKE,

au6:lyd Agents, 36 Reade Street, New York.

BININGER'S

OLD LONDON DOCK GIN,

Gin as a Remedial Agent,

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,

ESPECIALLY designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an old and pure Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., Agent.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,

[Established in 1778.] Sole Proprietors,

oc8:ly No. 19 Broad street, N. Y.

EVERGREENS, FRUIT TREES, &c.—We would call the attention of those who are decorating their grounds with Ornamental Evergreens, Trees, Shrubs, &c., to our extensive collection, comprising all the principal hardy varieties, as follows: Norway Spruce, American, Scotch, White, Hemlock, Silver and English Larch Pines, Junipers, Red Cedar, Common Box, Upright Box, Lilacs, Arborvites, English Yew and Chinese Arborvitae. ... [illegible]

WM. & JAS. MURDOCH.

FRUIT, ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, &c. ... [illegible]

JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.

Lubricating Oil,

AT THE LOW PRICE OF 25 CENTS per GALLON, constantly on hand and for sale by B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.

As to the quality, we refer to annexed certificate:

... [illegible]

FISH.

50 bbls. No. 3 large Mackerel, new;
100 half bbls. No. 1 do do;
50 kitts No. 3 do do;
50 bbls. No. 1 White Fish;
40 half bbls. No. 1 do do;
... [illegible]

For sale by WATT & WILSON, No. 252 Liberty street.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, designed to be the most effectual *Alterative* that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are for sale by

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Agents, and sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere. ... [illegible]

THE

ONLY DISCOVERY

WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR

RESTORING

The Bald and Gray.

Many, since the Great Discovery of Prof. WOOD, have attempted not only to imitate his Restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce similar results; but they have all come and gone, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its resistless sway. Read the following:

BATH, Maine, April 15th, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO. Gents:—The letter I wrote you in 1856, concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous inquiries touching the facts in the case. The inquiries are: first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably, yes. My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for forty years past, more soft, thrifty and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off, by frequent ablution of the face, when it can be used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers; the same result will follow as the hair. I have heard in the region of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair still continues to be good; as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has no doubt, been basely imitated and been used ... [illegible]

A. C. RAYMOND.

ALBION'S RUN, KY., NOV. 23, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD Dear Sir:—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the ... [illegible]

REV. H. A. B.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Sold in Pittsburgh by B. L. Fahnestock & Co., J. M. Fulton, Dr. George H. Keyser, R. E. Sellers & Co., B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Joseph Fleming, Simon Johnston, Chas. H. Esper. au28:lyd&wd

CHEESE.—150 boxes Extra Cream Cheese. HENRY H. COLLINS.

LAKE ERIE WHITE FISH—100 half bbls. in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LOUISVILLE LIME—300 bbls., a prime article, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.

FLOUR—1000 bbls. Ex. Family Flour just received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.