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AND COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

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Commission, &c.

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DEALER IN PROMISSORY NOTES, Bonds, Mortgages and all securities for money. Common sense money loans through my Agency, on Reasonable terms. [illegible]
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CHARLOTTE BLUMENAU, FASHIONABLE MILLINERY, Furs, and Import of Hosiery and Musical Instruments. Sole Agent for the BARGUNA PIANOS, also for HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S Pianos, Pittsburgh, Pa. [illegible]

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W. P. JONES, Agent North American Fire Insurance Company, Third street, Second door from Wood. [illegible]
SAMUEL KEA, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Co., corner Market and Water sts.
J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for Franklin Philadelphia and Baltimore Insurance Companies, Third street, north of Wood.
F. E. GORDON, Agent for Lycoming Insurance Company, 84 Water street. [illegible]
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent for Spring Garden Insurance Co., 72 Water street. [illegible]

Dry Goods.

BURCHFIELD & CO., (Successors to Mackey & Burchfield), Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, North-east corner Fourth and Market sts., Pittsburgh. [illegible]
C. H. LOVE, Dealer in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, sign of Red Flag, Second Row, No. 74 Market street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]
R. H. PALMER, No. 108 Market st., Dealer in Domestic Dry Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, and Fancy Goods. [illegible]

Trimmings, &c.

JOSEPH HORNE, Dealer in Trimmings, Embroideries and Fancy Goods, 77 Market st., Pittsburgh. [illegible]
CHARLES GIPNER, Dealer in Dry Goods, Embroideries, etc., 75 Market st., Pittsburgh. [illegible]
J. SUSS, Dealer in Ladies' Dress Goods, Notions, etc., 81 Fifth st., Pittsburgh. [illegible]
FATUN, MAGNUM & CO., Dealers in Embroideries, Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, No. 17 and 19 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]

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JOHN CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS and SHOES of every description, No. 97 Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [illegible]

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FRANK VAN GORDER,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Butter, Lard, Cheese, Pork, Dried and Green Fruits and Produce generally.
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Kramer & Fahnestock, Pittsb'h, T. Sellers & Co., Pittsb'h, Barker & Dilworth, do, Evans & Coffin, do, Partners, Marbaugh & Co., do, Douglass & Sproull, of the late firm of D. & D. M'Donald & Co., Wellsville, O.
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McDONALD & ARBUCKLE,
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WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Dealers in PRODUCE, FLOUR, BACON, CHEESE, FISH, Cor. on east Lots Oil, IRON NAILS, GLASS, COTTON YARNS, and Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 Second street, Pittsburgh.
R. & J. WATSON & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, AND DEALERS IN
Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Oils and Pittsburgh Manufactures,
NO. 126 WATER STREET,
Above Smithfield, [illegible] PITTSBURGH, PA.
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Nos. 18 and 20 Wood Street,
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SAM'L P. SHRIVER. JOHN S. DILWORTH.
SHRIVER & DILWORTH, WHOLESALE GROCERS, No. 139 and 141 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN FLOYD. CHARLES FLOYD.
JOHN FLOYD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 178 Wood and 177 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]
JOHN WATT. JOHN WILSON.
WATT & WILSON, WHOLESALE GROCERS, and Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 148 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]
FIRST AVENUE. J. & J. ANDERSON. CHAS. AVERILL.
AVERILL, LEE & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, Produce and Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 4 Wood street, between Water and First st., Pittsburgh. [illegible]
SAM'L ROBISON. SAM'L S. ROBISON.
R. ROBISON & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in all kinds of Provisions, Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 254 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]
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ROBERT DALZELL & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 251 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce, No. 84 Water street, and 79 Front street, Pittsburgh.

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MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER in all kinds of
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PURE RYE WHISKY & FAMILY VINEGAR,
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Private orders solicited. Highest market price paid for Rye.
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SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES,
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WOLFE, PLUNKETT & CO.
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Having gone to great expense in building our Refinery and fitting it up with many improvements not yet known to others, we are now prepared to furnish Oil equal to any made in the country.
It is clear and brilliant, with all offensive odor removed. The best illuminant made—economical enough to be used for sale at our works in Rowe's Block, Fifth street between Market and Wood sts. apl1
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Room with steam power and good lights, to Let. [illegible]
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STEAM BOILER MAKERS AND Sheet Iron Workers, Manufacturers of Berdan's Patent Boiler, Locomotive, Flued and Cylinder Boilers, Chimneys, Smokers, Fire Bed, Sheet Iron Boats, Tanks, Stills, Sugar Pans, Iron Fronts, Doors, Sash, &c. Also, Blacksmithing Work, Bridge and Vessel Iron, done to the shortest notice. All orders from a distance promptly attended to. [illegible]

Furniture.

[illegible] W. B. YOUNG & CO.,
Manufacturers of
FURNITURE AND CHAIRS
Of Every Description.
FACTORY—Federal St., between Water & Pa. Avenue.
Warehouse—Nos. 38 & 40 Smithfield st.
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Booksellers, &c.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers, No. 61 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [illegible]
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AND GRAINER,
No. 61, FIFTH STREET,
OPPOSITE ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
[illegible] PITTSBURGH, PA. [illegible]
INDIA RUBBER HOSE.—All sizes, for sale by [illegible] and 88 St. Clair street. [illegible] R. R. PHILLIPS.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY
S. RIDDLE & CO.
NOTE STREET, ABOVE SMITHFIELD.
PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 14, 1861.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

WASHINGTON, August 11, 1861.

An Opinion from Prince Napoleon.

From a higher source than the "peach-box," we learn that Prince Napoleon expressed to the French Minister his opinion that "just as much as the troops on both sides are but raw recruits, the battle of Bull Run, like that at Bull Run, would be decided by an accident."

Importance from the Enemy.

From the same quarter, we learn that the Rebel forces at Fairfax is not more than two regiments of infantry, that there are no fortifications at or near the battle field, except slight earthworks, and no mounted batteries observable. The intrenchments at Manassas are "not formidable—not such as would strike military men of Northern education."

Prince Napoleon's experience at Manassas was not such as to sustain in his mind a very favorable opinion of the rebels or their cause. Only himself was accommodated with a bed. His companions were compelled to sleep in their carriages, and the rebel soldiers slept any and everywhere, under hedges and trees, they being without tents. The troops are miserably fed, said the Prince, and he had but one good meal while he was there.

His opinion of the rebel commanders he expressed as follows: "Gen. Beauregard has very much show—much pomp. A great many people are after him with much noise. I have not a very high appreciation of him, as a military man, but he is very much of a gentleman. Gen. Johnston is a very quiet and unassuming man, but brave, very brave, and I think a fine officer. You can tell that by his looks. But my impression of the troops is very bad.

Deaths from Drowning.

Several deaths have occurred by attempts among the soldiers to swim the Potomac. A day since a fellow sank midway from shallow, and was recovered only by the greatest exertions of a miller who saw him go down, and rushed to his aid. The object of his visit was to "have his watch repaired." That of many others has been to purchase a drink.

The Press and Gen. McClellan.

The recent agreement between the press and Gen. McClellan, relative to the publication of army movements, having been violated by certain journals, including especially the Washington papers, the government has adopted the most stringent measures, and hereafter nothing pertaining to past, present and future movements of our troops will be allowed to be transmitted by telegraph, and will be prevented by mail as far as possible. Although the proprietor of the Washington *Star* was among the first to make a written pledge that he would not publish anything prejudicial to the interests of the army, the column have teemed with minute details of its movements. The proper officials will see that no more violations of the agreement take place.

Garibaldi Appointed a Major-General.

The intimations which have been flying through the leading journals for two weeks past, to the effect that Garibaldi had tendered his services to the federal government, at last prove correct. His offer has been accepted, and he has been tendered an appointment as major-general in the American volunteer army.

The Contraband Question.

The following letter has just been dispatched to Gen. Butler by the Secretary of War:

WASHINGTON, August, 1861.

General: The important question of the proper disposition to be made of fugitives from service in the States in insurrection against the Federal Government, to which you have again directed my attention in your letter of July 20, has received my most attentive consideration. It is the desire of the President that all existing rights in all the States be fully respected and maintained. The war now prosecuted on the part of the Federal Government is a war for the Union; for the preservation of all constitutional rights of States, and the citizens of the States in the Union. Hence no question can arise as to fugitives from service within the States and Territories in which the authority of the Union is fully acknowledged, and the ordinary forms of judicial proceedings must be respected by military and civil authorities alike for the enforcement of legal forms. But in the States wholly or in part under insurrectionary control, where the laws of the United States are so far opposed and resisted that they cannot be effectually enforced, it is obvious that the rights dependent upon the execution of those laws must temporarily fail, and it is equally obvious that the rights depending on the laws of the State within which military operations are conducted must be necessarily subordinate to the military exigencies created by the insurrection, if not wholly forfeited by the treasonable conduct of parties claiming them. To this the general rule, that right to services forms no exception. The act of Congress approved August 6, 1861, declares that if persons held to service shall be employed in hostility to the United States, the right to their services shall be forfeited, and such persons shall be discharged therefrom. It follows of necessity, that no claim can be recognized by the military authority of the Union to the services of such persons when fugitives.

A more difficult question is presented in respect to persons escaping from the service of loyal masters. It is quite apparent that the laws of the State under which only the service of such fugitives can be claimed, must be wholly, or almost wholly, suspended by the insurrection. As to the rare ties and the military measures necessitated by it, it is equally apparent that the substitution of military for judicial measures for the enforcement of such claims, must be attended by great inconveniences, embarrassments and injuries. Under these circumstances it seems quite clear that the substantial rights of loyal masters are still best protected by restoring such fugitives as well as fugitives from disloyal masters into the service of the United States, and employing them under such organizations and such occupations as circumstances may suggest or require. Of course a record should be kept showing a name and description of the fugitives; the name and character as loyal, or disloyal, of the master, and such facts as may be necessary to a correct understanding of the circumstances of each case, after complete restoration shall have been secured. Upon the return of peace Congress will doubtless properly provide for all the persons thus received in the service of the Union, and for a just compensation to loyal masters. In this way only it would seem, can the duty and safety of the government and the just rights of all be fully reconciled and harmonized.

You will therefore consider yourself instructed to govern your future action in respect to fugitives from service in the premises herein stated, and will report from time to time, and at least twice in each month, your action in the premises to this department. You will, however, neither authorize nor permit any interference by the troops under your command with the servants of peaceful citizens in a manner not held, nor will you, in any way, encourage such servants to leave the lawful service of their masters, nor will you, except in cases where the public good may seem to require it, prevent the voluntary return of any fugitive to the service from which he may have escaped. I am, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,
SIMON CAMERON, Secy of War.

To Major General Butler, Commanding Department of Virginia, Fortress Monroe.

Rebels on the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The rebels have sent two Tennessee regiments to Quantico Creek, on the Potomac, a place lying at right angles with Manassas Junction. Batteries are now erecting at that point to prevent a flank movement of our army upon Manassas.

The officers of a government steamer, just arrived here from a cruise on the Potomac, report that a large number of Maryland Secessionists are constantly making attempts to cross into Virginia.

The rebel steamer George Page, at Aquia Creek, has been solidly built up with bales of cotton, and very heavily armed. When she came out the other day, upon the federal steamer Ice Boat, her officers were astounded at receiving a shot from a Dahlgren gun which went clean over the Page at a distance of four miles. The rebel vessel made a precipitate retreat.

Treason in Fortress Monroe—A Singular Discovery.

A letter from Fortress Monroe to a gentleman in this city relates a very singular discovery, as follows:

"We have made an important discovery, and hope this will bring about a change. A few days ago a party of my company went out bathing at Mill Creek, (near Fortress Monroe) and there discovered, to their great surprise, an journey judge, an electric telegraph wire; and on inspection found it to connect the fort with Fox Mill, where it is said the enemy is entrenched in strong numbers."—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Capture of a Secession Colonel.

Hamilton J. Ferguson, a Colonel in the Virginia rebel army, was taken to Camp Chase, a prisoner of war, on Sunday last. He was conveyed thither by E. T. Gillas, Esq., Deputy United States Marshal. His command was stationed in Wayne county, Virginia. It appears that he was not aware, a few days ago, that Union forces under command of Col. Zeigler, were in the town of Ceredo, in Wayne county, and, accompanied by a few men, he entered said town to reconnoitre. He had scarcely done so, when Col. Zeigler made his appearance, and he found to his grief that he had fallen into the hands of the enemy. The Colonel sent him to Ironton, Lawrence Co., Ohio, where he was delivered to Mr. Gillas. Mr. Ferguson is the Prosecuting Attorney for Wayne county, Va. He seems to be quite reconciled to his fate, though somewhat sorry that he fell into the "scamp." He gave the Marshal some facts about the movements of the rebel army, one of which was that "*Wise is to retreat until he joins Lee, then the forces will combine to meet Rosecrans with a force of twenty thousand men.*" He says that Colonels Woodruff and Neff are at Richmond, Va., but are not stripping tobacco, as the secession journals have reported.—*Cin. Gazette, Aug. 7.*

Our Chosen Battle Fields.

In the history of this country we have had three wars and one rebellion—the present still existing conflict. Many and glorious have been the battles, and entwinings the dead that marked the war of the Revolution, the war of 1812, and the conquest of Mexico, and it may be curious to contrast the names by which the battles of these three epochs are known with the names of the principal conflicts in the present war. The euphony of the former name trails strongly with the majestic sound of the latter. In the Revolution we had such battles as those of Lexington, Yorktown and Saratoga. In 1812 we read of the chasters at Chippewa, Queenstown, Bladensburg and New Orleans. In the Mexican war the liquid Spanish tongue furnishes such names as Monterey, Buena Vista, Chapultepec, Cherubusco and Resaca de la Palma, as the scenes of our great battles. But in the present war we cannot soar any higher in the realms of euphony than Bull Run, Big Bethel, Scary, Hatteras, Dog Spring, Hoke Run, Ball Town and Pig Point. Alas, for our present classic battle fields!—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE MILITARY COMMISSIONERS created for the examination of newly-appointed officers in the army, have resolved that the following requisitions should form a basis of the standard of qualification before an officer can be entitled to hold a commission: Of company officers, captains and lieutenants, they should be able to answer, orally and correctly, all questions on the manner of instructing recruits, the manual of arms, the school of the soldier, the position of commissioned and non-commissioned officers in line, and possess a knowledge of battalion movements. The field officers are to be able to understand all that is required from the company officers, and, in addition thereto, evolutions of the line, the proper conjuncture and the circumstances under which to use field artillery, the elements of military engineering, and such other collateral questions as the examiners propose.

THE Louisville *Journal* says that it is a great mistake to suppose that all the votes cast for the secession candidates in the Kentucky election last week, were the votes of secessionists. These candidates disguised their sentiments, and pretended that they were really better Union men than their opponents; and by this game of deception got many more votes than they would otherwise have received. Considering that in spite of these false pretences they were thoroughly whipped, considering also that the election took place close on the heels of the disastrous repulse at Bull Run, the Union victory in Kentucky is one of the most encouraging signs of the times.

A FOREIGN AND COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.—Jerry Cowden, alias John Colburn, alias A. P. Miller, said to be the most extensive forger and counterfeiter in the United States, was arrested on Friday, near the Hoboken ferry. Several Western and Southern officers have been after Cowden for some months past, but with one exception he has managed to elude them by means of paid spies. The prisoner stated that a few weeks since, while residing in Brooklyn, he was apprehended by two officers, one from Philadelphia and the other belonging in New York. They took from him $36 000 in counterfeits, and he gave them $1 000 in good money, for which he was allowed to go free.—*N. Y. Post.*

AN ALARMED FAMILY.—A family in Boston were alarmed for three nights in succession by the ringing of all the bells in the house after midnight. A thorough investigation showed that there was a box in a corner of the cellar, through which the water pipe, gas pipe and bell wires passed in close proximity to each other. On examining the box, the rats, it was found, had gnawed a hole through the top, and that those vermin, in dropping through the hole, struck upon the bell wires, causing every bell in the house to ring. The gentleman's theory is that, on scrambling out of the box, the rats again came in contact with the wires, causing a repetition of the mysterious bell-ringing.

TELEGRAPH DEFICITS.—"Well, that's always the way with the telegraph folks!" exclaimed Mrs. Mellow, "the good news they send us one day is pretty sartin to be contradicted the next. Why, there's our neighbor, Sally Shiels, who got a story as how her husband had been killed in one of the battles, and the day after it was all upset, for it proved to be another man! Gin us the old mail stage after all," continued Mrs. Mellow, "if it was slow, 'twas sartin."

In the thickest of the contest at Bull Run, a rebel colonel of cavalry was knocked out of his saddle by a ball from one of our riflemen. "There goes old Butler, of the Georgia Rifles," shouted one of our boys in the hearing of his Chaplain. "Why!" cracked the parson, "Colonel Baker, of the rebels, has just gone to his long home." "Ah, well," replied the Chaplain, quietly, "the longer I live the less I have to find fault with the interminable acts of Divine Providence."

THE WAR has bursted the lottery company of the State of Delaware, it having been unable to meet the semi-annual payment to the State of $12,000, by which delinquency its charter is forfeited. The only persons who will have substantial reasons to regret this "burst up," will be the managers. It is the only Charitable Institution which has broken that old people have been the quietest from its demise.

A YOUNGER LOUISIANA FOR A LARGER REPUBLIC.—The following correspondence recently passed between a gentleman of Iowa and his son, who had left college to fight for his country:

"S., Sr.—If you enlist, I disinherit you.
S., Jr.
"S., Sr.—Without a country, I want no inheritance. I have enlisted.
S., Jr."

A NEW KIND OF SCRIP COIN was put in circulation in Newark the other day. A piece of lead pipe the size of a new penny, cut to length corresponding to twenty-five cent rolls, is wrapped in a piece of paper, and in that condition is offered to the dealers, who in many cases unsuspicingly take it as a roll of pennies.

WE have not heard how Gov. Magoffin takes the late election in Kentucky. We hope he is resigned. The people would gladly hear of his resignation.—*Louisville Journal.*

HARRISBURG, August 12.—The First Cavalry Troop will arrive here about 2 o'clock this afternoon, and go directly through to Philadelphia this evening.

Attorneys at Law.

C. B. M. SMITH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Has Removed to KUHN'S LAW BUILDINGS,
No. 13 Diamond Street,
my16:1ydls Next door to St. Peter's Church
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE, FIFTH STREET, ADJOINING OFFICE OF MARSHALL A. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. [illegible]
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK. JOHN M'CLURE.
LAW PARTNERSHIP.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING this day formed a Copartnership in the practice of the Law, JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK, JOHN M'CLURE.
Pittsburgh, May 16th, 1861.
KIRKPATRICK & McCLURE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 133 Fourth Street, 2 doors above Smithfield,
my17:tf PITTSBURGH, PA.
JOHN D. KING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND GENERAL COLLECTOR,
jel2:1yd Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio.
S. SCHOYER, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 139 Fourth st, Lowrie's Law Building,
jel3 PITTSBURGH, PA.
B. F. LUCAS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, No. 72 Grant Street,
my5 PITTSBURGH, PA.
THOMAS EWING,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office No. 150 Fourth street, corner Cherry alley.
[illegible] PITTSBURGH, PA.

Dentistry.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN BY application of an AVFARATO WHERE NO DRUGS OR GALVANIC BATTERY ARE USED.
Cold weather is the time when the apparatus can be used to its best advantage.
Medical gentlemen and their families have had their teeth extracted by my process, and are ready to testify as to the safety and pleasantness of the operation—whatever has been paid by persons interested in manufacturing and selling, being no knowledge of my process.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style.
E. DUDRY, Dentist,
[illegible] 225 Smithfield st.
JOSEPH ADAMS,
DENTIST,
No. 174 First street, Pittsburgh.
REFERENCES—Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Bullock, Thos. Robertson, Samuel Sterrett. [illegible]

Educational.

PENN INSTITUTE,
BARCLAY STREET, NEAR PENN,
Will reopen on MONDAY, the 26 day of SEPTEMBER. Terms $30 per session for five months.
[illegible] J. M. SMITH, Principal.

Furniture and Chairs.

REDUCED PRICES.
James W. Woodwell,
Nos. 97 and 99 Third street,
AND
111 FOURTH STREET
CONSISTING OF
All Varieties of Styles and Finish,
SUITABLE FOR
Hotels and Private Dwellings.
All orders promptly attended to, and the Furniture carefully packed and boxed.
Steamboats and Hotels furnished at short notice.
Cabinet Makers supplied with every article in the business. [illegible]
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE!
BELLINGHAM'S
CELEBRATED
STIMULATING ONGUENT
For the Whiskers and Hair.
THIS ARTICLE takes pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article.
THE STIMULATING ONGUENT
is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of
WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE
in from three to six weeks. The article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.
It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a luxuriant growth of whiskers, &c. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied once daily for a fortnight it will restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth and flexible. It is decidedly the most indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.
Ask for Bellingham's and find only Agency for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.
Price One Dollar a bottle, sale by all Druggists and Dealers, or a box of the "Unguent," (warranted to have the desired effect,) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail, (free,) on receipt of price, 25 cents, including postage. $1 18. Apply to our address:
HORACE L. BRIGHAM & CO.,
Druggists, &c.,
24 Illinois Street, Ill.
Sold by JOS. FLEMING, corner of Market street and the Diamond. [illegible]
GROCERIES—
[illegible] hds. N. O. Sugar—fair to prime.
[illegible] bbls. do Plantation Molasses.
[illegible] do assorted Refined Syrups.
[illegible] do do do assorted Sugars.
[illegible] boxes fair to choice Rio Coffee.
[illegible] bbls. Rosin.
[illegible] boxes assorted brands Tobacco.
[illegible] boxes Soap, fair to fine.
[illegible] kegs Nails, 8 d. [illegible]
[illegible] do Nail Spikes.
[illegible] do Nail Oil.
[illegible] bbls. Winter Strained Whale Oil.
[illegible] do assorted Fish.
[illegible] do Herrings and Ex. Family and Fancy Flour.
In store and Arriving and for sale by
[illegible] MCDONALD & ARBUCKLE,
[illegible] 100 Liberty st., near Wood.
VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT
In Steam and Atmospheric Hammers.
LETTERS PATENT were granted on [illegible] 6th, 1861, to Thomas Reed, for a very simple and inexpensive improvement in Steam and Atmospheric Hammers, whereby the full stroke of the hammer is obtained, no matter what be the distance of the anvil from the piston, rendering it unnecessary to have a great expense of power where large pieces of metal are to be operated upon, and a corresponding saving of expense.
The subscribers are owners of said patent, and are desirous of selling rights in the said improvement, or sell the territory under said patent. A model of said improvement is left at the office of Messrs Duble and Cushing, Attorneys at Law, corner of Grant and Diamond streets, where parties interested may call and see it, and learn also the terms of ownership, &c.
[illegible] P. B. WEAVER,
[illegible] THOMAS REACH.
[illegible] Vermont, Armstrong co., Pa.
REFINED OIL.—53 barrels for sale low, to close consignment, by
A. BLAIR,
[illegible] Map st.

Insurance.

Indemnity Against Loss by Fire.
Franklin Fire Insurance Company of
PHILADELPHIA.
Office 435 and 437 Chestnut st., near Fifth.
Statement of Assets, January 1st, 1860, published agreeably to an act of Assembly, being

First Mortgages, amply secured	$1,288,202 33
Real Estate (present value $102,812 61) cost	102,963 55
Temporary Loans, on ample Collateral Securities	80,135 56
Stocks (present value $38,667 75) cost	35,782 68
Notes and Bills receivable	5,821 65
Cash	87,318 82
	$2,598,043 49

The only Profits from Premiums which this Company can divide by law are from Risks which have by law expired. [illegible]
Continues made on every description of Property, in Town and Country, at rates as low as are consistent with security.
Since their incorporation, a period of thirty years, they have paid losses by fire, to an amount exceeding *Four Millions of Dollars*, thereby affording evidence of the stability of the Company as well as their ability and disposition to meet with promptness all their liabilities.
LOSSES BY FIRE.
Losses paid during the year 1860 $105,053 37
DIRECTORS—Charles N. Bancker, Rodman E. Lewis, Tobias Wagner, David S. Brown, Samuel Grant, Isaac Lea, John B. Sartin, Edward G. Dale, Geo. W. Richards, George Fales.
CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.
EDWARD G. DALE, Vice President.
Wm. A. Fox, Secretary pro tem.
SAMUEL COFFIN, Agent,
my6 Office Northeast cor. Wood and Third sts.
FIRE INSURANCE.
By the Reliance Mutual Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
On Buildings, Limited or Perpetual, Merchandise, Manufactories, &c., in Town or Country.
Office No. 308 Walnut street.
CAPITAL $250,000.....Assets $308,808 96—Invested as follows:

First Mortgages on improved City Property, worth $[illegible]	$186,000 00
Scattered Ground Rents	3,400 00
Penna. Railroad Co's 6 per cent. Mortgage	20,000 00
City of Philadelphia, 6 per cent loan	10,000 00
Allegheny County, 6 per cent. Pa. R. R. Loan	10,000 00
Collateral loans, well secured	2,500 00
Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad Co's 6 per cent. Loan	4,000 00
Pennsylvania Railroad Co's Stock	4,000 00
Bank of Kittanning Mutual Insurance Co.	20,000 00
Bank of Gettysburg Fire Insurance Co.	1,054 00
Bank of Delaware M. S. Insurance Co.	700 00
Cash in Bank	13,