Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

MONDAY MORNING, AUG. 5, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by O. E. Shaw Opt'an, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN DEGR.	IN DECIMS.
9 o'clk. A. M.	100	83
12 " M.	140	99
6 " P. M.	78	78
Barometer	29 9 99	

United States District Court.

On Saturday, the case of the Government vs. Daniel W. Coughnour was resumed:

Patrick Pender related the circumstances of the arrest and search of defendant, corroborating the other officers.

Joseph S. Lare was called as an expert and pronounced the two dollar bill found in defendant's drawer counterfeit, explaining the difference between it and the genuine. He also examined the coin passed upon Newcomer, and pronounced it bad; also some of that found in defendant's store.

Mr. Carnahan produced the record of U. S. Commissioner Sproul, which showed that the warrant was issued on May 20th, and the defendant brought before him on the 21st of May.

Mr. Noon opened the case for the defence in a brief speech, dwelling upon the previous good character of defendant, the fact that no witnesses from Cambria county had been called to testify that he had passed counterfeit money upon them and the bad character of Newcomer. They would show by defendant's clerks that counterfeit money had been taken at his store, and that he had no guilty knowledge when he passed the coin.

The following testimony for the defence was now elicited:

Balser Myers testified to defendant's good character for honesty. He had waited in the store for defendant; the money was kept in the lid of a fig box in a large drawer under the counter. Had seen a counterfeit $2 bill on the State Bank of Ohio, in another drawer where he kept his "scrip."

John Geiser, of Johnstown, also gave defendant a good character for honesty. Witness did a large business, had several stores through the country and sometimes took counterfeit money; if his place was searched they might find money. Saw Newcomer in Johnstown; having heard that he had Western lands for sale, went to see him; he said he had 1280 acres of land, two and a half miles from St. Paul, Minnesota, which he would sell for good pay at $5 an acre, reserving a still house and some tenements. He wanted to sell as he was going to Switzerland to get a fortune left him by his grandfather; said his name was Hershey, from Lancaster county; offered him $2,400 cash, $2 000 next April, and $2,000 a year after that. Newcomer said the offer was fair and he would let him have it. Witness said they would go and have an agreement drawn; Newcomer said he died was in Lancaster county. Met him a day or two after and asked him if he had got his deed yet; he said he had sent for it, and when it came witness was his man. There was no disagreement about the hand money and no dispute about the payments.

Robert Watson, of this city, had known defendant about fifteen years; has dealt with him for some time; his general character for honesty was excellent. Witness frequently took bad money in his business.

Henry Walters testified that, notwithstanding the utmost precaution, counterfeit money was sometimes taken at his store, paper and coin.

On cross examination, witness said the coin seemed all alike; he would not be likely to take in so much money of similar description at any one time. Have never seen any card-playing going on in Goulchinor's house.

Wm. McPherson also occasionally took bad money in his business.

S. B. McCormick, of Johnstown, testified to defendant's good character for honesty.—

Court adjourned until eight o'clock on Saturday morning.

On Saturday morning, at the hour designated, the case proceeded:

Francis Lynch, Thomas Little, James H. Mitchell, James Shannon, Jonas W. Horner, Dr. C. Emerson and John A. Murtland testified to the good character of the defendant for honesty.

Lewis Swearwood testified to having seen Newcomer in Johnstown; he came to witness' store, and witness made him a present of a cigar; Newcomer then bought twenty-five cents worth of cigars, throwing down a counterfeit half dollar; Newcomer said he knew it was bad, but that witness could keep the whole of it. Witness declined it, and Newcomer gave him a good quarter.

Wm. Gardner testified that he met Mr. Fuller on the 18th of May; Fuller came with him from Harrisburg, and got off at Wilmore Station.

Mayor Wilson testified that Newcomer's reputation for truth was not good; he was not prepared to say that he would disbelieve him on oath; his confidence in him had been very much shaken.

Officer Gumbert testified that he would not believe Newcomer on oath.

Officer Job G. Patterson testified that he had heard people say they would not believe Newcomer on oath.

Defense here rested their case.

James Onslow, H. H. Smith, and others, were then called by the prosecutor, and testified that they were acquainted with Newcomer, and would believe him on oath.

The testimony here closed on both sides, and J. H. Hampton, Esq., opened the argument for the defense in a very forcible and eloquent speech. At the conclusion of his address, the Court adjourned until ten o'clock Monday morning.

Temperanceville Council.

The Council of the borough of Temperanceville held a regular monthly meeting on Friday evening, August 23. Members present—Messrs. Robinson, McBride, Ferguson, Esplen and Burgess Cochrane.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The Committee appointed to examine the sewer on Virgin alley reported progress; also the Committee on Alexander street, the report of which was received and the Committee discharged.

On motion, the Burgess was authorized to draw his warrant in favor of Thomas Kelly for $1 25, for cleaning of water course on Alexander street.

On motion, the following ordinances were adopted:

1. To suppress all throwing of missiles or stones.

2. Prohibiting all wandering or loitering about after 10 o'clock p. m.

3. Loitering in or about, or injuring any building or fence.

On motion, Messrs. Robinson and McDowell were appointed a Committee to finish the grading of the alley east of the U. P. Church. Also, the Burgess and Council were appointed a Committee of the Whole to examine Alexander street and make such repairs as they may deem proper.

On motion, Council adjourned.

Edgeworth Seminary, at Sewickley.

The summer session of this institution has just closed. The concluding examinations, on Thursday and Wednesday, and the musical soiree on Thursday evening, were such as fully to sustain the high reputation of the school. Although the number of the pupils has been somewhat diminished from the pressure of the times, there has been no falling down, but rather an elevation of the standard of instruction. The English branches have been very efficiently taught by the principal himself, Rev. Dr. Williams, and two members of his family, together with Mrs. N. O. Van Emon, who has deservedly high reputation as an instructress. A number of fine specimens of drawing and oil painting, executed under the guidance of Mr. A. S. Wall and Miss S. A. Daniels, attest the efficiency of the instruction in this department. Prof. V. De Hem and his daughter, Miss Matilda, need but be named as the teachers of music and French, to show that these departments are in the very best hands. The closing musical entertainment was attended by a large and delighted assemblage, and was one of those brilliant successes for which Prof. De Hem is distinguished.

The location and surroundings of this Seminary continue to elicit the admiration of all visitors. The next session will commence on the third Monday (16th) of September.

Departure of Col. Black's Regiment.

The Sixth Legion, No. 2, under command of Col. Samuel W. Black, left the city at four o'clock on Saturday, for Harrisburg, where they will be uniformed and equipped. The regiment lacks one company of being complete, and is composed of the following:

Eighth Ward Guards, Co. A, Capt. E. S. Wright; Eighth Ward Guards, Co. B, Capt. McDonald; Federal Guards, Capt. Hull; Birmingham Company, in addition to Capt. Patterson; St. Clair Guards, Capt. Epp; Kramer Guards, Capt. O'Brien; Kittanning Company, Capt. Beck; Clarion Company, Capt. Manns.

A GENEROUS ACT.—Mr. J. H. McCombs, the popular proprietor of the McCombs House, in Kittanning, who was in the city on the arrival of Capt. Sirwell's company, which came home with Col. Rowley, invited his old friends and neighbors, (the company hailing from his own town,) to partake of a sumptuous dinner and other refreshments, which he had prepared at his own expense, at one of the hotels in the city. This liberal treatment of the soldiers came in good time, and shows conclusively that Mr. McCombs has a good heart in the right place.

FIRE.—Friday night, about 10 o'clock, the stable of Mr. John Watt, on Penn street, was discovered to be on fire, and for a time it was feared that it would be destroyed. Fortunately it was discovered before it had much headway, and was extinguished with but little difficulty. The origin of the fire is not known, but is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

FIGHT IN THE DIAMOND MARKET.—Two farmers named McKee and two butchers named Wm. Hebling and Philip Berger, fell out about their wagons in the Diamond market, and created quite a disturbance. J. P. Mosser, Market Constable, arrested the parties and brought them before Mayor Wilson, who fined them for disorderly conduct.

POCKET PICKED.—Wm. O'Rourke was, Saturday, arrested and committed to jail by Mayor Wilson, charged on oath of Michael Tobin with the larceny of a pocket book containing $5 25. It appears that Tobin was sleeping in the Allegheny engine house, and during the night O'Rourke entered and picked his pocket.

TARRED AND FEATHERED.—Last week some villainous scamps in Wellsburg, Va., waylaid a butcher named John Walb, beating him severely, and ended by applying tar and feathers. The cause of this was said to be a private grudge on the part of certain parties.

Muster Roll of the St. Clair Guards.

The following is the muster roll of the St. Clair Guards, mustered into the service of the United States by Lieutenant McLean, July 25th, 1861:

Captain, THOMAS EPP;		1st Corp.	John D. Sauter;
1st Lieut., James Hunter		2d do	John T. Pine;
2d do Samuel Conner;		3d do	Wilson McCully;
Orderly Serjt., S. M. Adams,		4th do	Thos. G. Wilson;
1st Serjt., J. F. Bain;		5th do	Jesse R. Epp;
2d do Wm. Longdon;		6th do	M. M. Hultz,
3d do Charley Cochrane,		7th do	Harry Groce;
4th do Thos. H. Dougherty,		8th do	M. M. Baltzscover;
Baltzscover Daniel	Guthrie Wm		Orris George
Burk Thos H	Graham J L		Fate Wm
Berry J H	Gibson Wm		Pollock Alvah
Cowan H G	Hillman Benj		Patterson W J
Conner W H	Hastings John H		Fitzsimmer Daniel
Coach Joseph	Hultz John P		Peden James F
Coach Jas T	Myer Christopher		Puff Valentine
Cox Edward	Hope Jos S		Finsmer Cyrus
Clementson Edw	Hallman H O		Reineman Stewart
Drake J S	Hays John		Rankin James
Dunnigan Jas	Irwin J A		Rankin H M
Debolt Jacob	Jones John		Reed Samuel
Davis Thomas	Lyon D R		Rankin Andrew
Evans John	Lyons R M		Reese Benjamin
Evans Chas	Llewellyn George		Steele T Wesley
Espy James, jr	Leyds Abram		Sypher Charles
Flowers John W	Lendman Richard		Slacker John
Pile Wm James	Lynch T H		Vanwinkel M
Pile James S	Linhart Jos F		West Johnston G
Freeman J P	Lynch Milton		Wilson Wm
Freeman G W	McGregor Jas		Wilson Thos
Fisher Joseph	McGinnis Wm		Walker William
Freeman J M	McCormick J H		Wallace Wm S
Fife James E	McFarland S S		Worley Joseph
Gray S P	McGuire M H W		Wallace R G
Gainey Robt	Norris John		Young John
Griffin John	Neal W G		Young Saml A
Graham J S	Nelson Thomas		Yeasley Henry

DEATH FROM LOCK-JAW.—On last Saturday week a German lad named James Little, in the employ of Joseph Fisher, wagon-maker, in Allegheny, while engaged at a machine, had one of his fingers badly mashed by being caught between two cog wheels. Although very painful, he paid but little attention to it at the time, never dreaming that any thing serious would be likely to result from it. Finding, however, that it got no easier, a physician was called in, who found it necessary to take the injured finger off. On the Tuesday following he was taken with that terrible disease, the lock-jaw, and on Friday evening, after suffering from intense agony, he expired. He was about fifteen years of age, and resided with his parents, on East Lane.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A young man named Painter, a resident of New Castle, and a member of Capt. Leasure's company, late of the Twelfth Regiment, was instantly killed on Saturday afternoon, near Eden Station, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, by falling from the accommodation train while under headway. It appears that he was standing on the platform of one of the cars looking at the country along the road, when losing his balance, he fell head foremost to the ground, breaking his neck. It is not known positively, but it is supposed that the car struck him as he fell. He was about 21 or 22 years of age, and is said to be unmarried.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL.—David Brown and Hugh Orrison were arrested and taken before Ald. Jones, on Saturday, on a charge of assault and battery with intent to kill, preferred by Rees Evans. The prosecutor states that the defendants attacked him a few nights since, striking him repeatedly with stones, and but for the interference of some bystanders he has reason to believe they would have taken his life. The defendants were held to answer.

PASSED THROUGH.—The Twentieth Indiana Regiment arrived on a special train Saturday night, and passed on East at an early hour on Sunday morning.

DR. SCHENCK, OF PHILADELPHIA.—This gentleman, as will be seen by an advertisement, will be in Pittsburgh for two days—*Monday* and *Tuesday*, August 5th and 6th—at the office of Dr. Keyser, No. 140 Wood street, where he has been prescribing for patients for the last two years with remarkable success. Dr. Schenck has an instrument known as a *Respirometer*, with which he examines Lungs, and by which he can tell their exact condition and the remedies proper to be given in each case. For a thorough examination of the lungs his charge is Three Dollars, but for advice he makes no charge. Persons examined in his former visits are examined without charge.

DIED:

BOWMAN—On Saturday morning, August 3d, on his way from Pittsburgh to Butler, the night between 3d and 4th, SAMUEL BOWMAN, D. D., Assistant Bishop of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, in the 61st year of his age and the 32 of his episcopate.

His funeral will take place in Lancaster, on TUESDAY, the 6th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.

UP TO 8 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

ST. CHARLES—Corner of Third and Wood streets.

RANDY SMITH, PROPRIETOR.

E G Brown, Washington	W O Campbell, Canonsburg
E N Libby, do	L Ford, Ky
Miss O Cook, Steubville	J Boyle, Antioch, Ky
Mrs Davis, do	T Templeton, Washington
J Grist, do	D McGriff, do
W Grist, Finleyville	L Addor, Rochester, N Y
Miss E D Forsyth, Browns'v	G Delhem, Phila
J H Kinney, do	W H Wise, Harrisburg
A C Morrow, Washington	I Q Osmond, Jr'y, Salem, O
J Ziegler, Potter	I M Long, Hamilton, O
M Pretzel, Somerset	W J Walter, Louisville
O F Beck, Tark	J Elferty, Indianapolis
J Kendall, Pa	G H Thurston, Phila
S B Weston, Milton	J Kellogg, Winchester, Va
B Geiger, Phila	J H Richards, do
B Halstead, Cincinnati	S Griffith, do
J Orr, Wheeling	Miss Louisa Lowry, Cincin'ti
W H Lyon, N Y	J D McKey, Phila
J McDonald, Massillon	W M McCrossbus, Franklin
A H Wile, Waynesburg	

MANSION HOUSE—No. 246 Liberty street.

SHEM STEVENS, PROPRIETOR.

Dr J B Glick, Lafayette Ind	Miss Mary M'Gartney, Pough keepsie
S W Williams & lady, Harrisburg	J Ward, Alliance
J S Hacska Pa	J Smith, Clarksville
J B Shotwell & lady Harrisburg	M Rice & lady St Paul
W W Harper, Wash Pa	M Sloan, do
M D Holbrock, P R R	R D Morris, Oxford O
H J Wyman, N Y	J J Finch, Oil Creek
D H Samson, Ill	J Hastings, Logan co
B H Robert on, O	J B Stein, Lewistown
T O Reed, do	Miss Carter, Blairsville
D B Turner, Carlisle Pa	Mrs Brinker, family, Blairsvl
J F McGinin, Keokuk Iowa	M Astern & son, Greensburg
H Baxter, Ala co	Mrs Tinner & family, do
G Smith, Johnstown	J S Rady, Parkton
J Vanswater, Youngstown	J Cook, do
J D Hoorebaugh, do	J E Kirby, Baltimore
A Thompson, Blairsville	M'Curdy, Youngstown
J M Fisher, P R R	J W Colbaugh, Altoona
J Cresson Phila	L L Dodds, N Y
J Rosebaum, Cedar Falls	W Porter, Phila
A Avery, Akron O	W Wilcott, Parmington O
H Robinson, Baltimore	E Robinson, do
A Fleming, Saltsburg	S Winslow, Connellsville

EAGLE HOTEL—Liberty street, below Seventh.

JOHN SIDE, PROPRIETOR.

J Brown, Jr, Harper's Ferry	W Patterson, Tarentum
W T Jackson, Apollo	H Grey, do
J W McFarland, Pa	T Morrow, Lignite do
J McWilliams, Wellsville	W T Johnson, Saltsburg
T Patterson & lady, Buena Vista	L Long, Greensburg
D Lynch, Buena Vista	J Kinney, do
G L Myers, Crawford co	S S Newton, Pa

GIRARD HOUSE—Corner Smithfield and Third streets.

S. S. RICKETS, PROPRIETOR.

John S Dougherty,	Harriet Wilson, 2d Regiment,
Dr F Barden Rochester, N Y	Michigan Infantry
John Barber, do	Oscar B Stevens, do
A Craighead, Elizabeth	L B Gerry, New York
B F Scott, do	W O Hopkins, Phila
John McDonald, Steubenville	J A Underwood, do
Wm Dunseth, McKeesport	H B Woodward, West Chester
G W Gillespie, do	John F N Weed, Lisbon, O
Wm McGonnell, New Castle	A S Fuller, Univ. town
W P King, do	J Caldwell, Crestline
Wm Conrad, do	John O McCleary, 11th Reg't
John Freedman, do	J O Kerr, Eastbrook
Rev J Hoey, do	W A Kerr, Lawrence co
G B King, Mon city	J H Williams, Wheeling
	L O Morrow, New Castle

HARP'S HOTEL—Liberty street, foot of Fifth.

SAMUEL HARP, PROPRIETOR.

J Brown,	D Cunningham, Sewickley
Jos Espy, Upper St Clair	Miss O Cunningham, do
J Griffith, do	M A Marks, N Y
John Espy, do	Rev D Marshall, Bethel
J S Merry, do	D S Jenkin, do
J W Hinch, do	W H Orbit, Cleveland
W McNally, Snowden tp	J A Foster, Crooked Tree
D R Logan, Library	J G Fowler,
J Cozens, U P A	W B Cook, Bardstown
T W Steele, Mount Id	E Hartzell, Waynesburg
W W Wallace, U S A	

RED LION HOTEL—No. 5, St. Clair street.

R. P. GORDON, PROPRIETOR.

J Stanton, Wood co	W H Lekens, P F W & C R
O G McQuiston, Butler	J Fenney, Clinton
D G Ayers, do	J W Patterson, Butler
H Myers, Ohio	J Scott, Ohio
J Rose, Selma Ala	

NATIONAL HOTEL—No. 127, Water street.

P. SKEPLER, PROPRIETOR.

B T Foott, Mon city	W Mcsmore, Tunlap Creek
W Greenough, do	L M'Dor, do
T B Vankirk, Webster	T R Warner do
J Beasley, do	Capt J S Davidson, do
P Burwell, Green co	J Solsinger, do
	S P Hibbs do
D Brown, Pa	H H Harper, Greene co
J Warner, Harrisburg	J S Bailey, do

HEALTH IS WEALTH!—DR. EWBANK'S CELEBRATED INFALLIBLE LIQUID PHYSIC, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his family for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Diseases it is truly infallible, and as a remedy for corns, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its searching healing and powerful strengthening properties excite the least wonder and astonishment. In all the above complaints it is a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, cannot be doubted. See advertisement. apd1d&wFAT

BLOOD FOOD.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a chronic nature—of long standing—of weeks, months, and years. Suffers, try it!

Messrs. GERICKE & DUPOUY, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the world-renowned Dr. BARON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine closet in case of need, and containing, as it does, no paregoric or opiate of any kind, it can be relied upon with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable agent in all cases of infantile complaints.—*Ohio State Journal, Columbus.*

See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. dat1d&wtm3

DOCTOR C. BABLS, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Rupture. Corner of Penn and Wayne Streets.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

LUNCH SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, by G. W. SCHACKLEITER, Jr., at his Restaurant, *corner Fifth and Fifth Sts.* ad&tfsaw

ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in today's paper.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ACCOUNT of Wm. M. Darlington, Sequestrator of the Sharpsburg Bridge, in the District Court, No. 829, January Term, 1861.

And now, to wit, July 20th, 1861, second account and award of Wm. M. Darlington, Sequestrator, exhibited in open Court, and ordered to be filed, and it is further ordered that the Prothonotary give notice, by publication in the Pittsburgh *Daily Gazette* and in the *Daily Dispatch*, by two insertion for each week, of the exhibition and filing of said account and award, and that the same will be allowed on the 17th day of August, 1861, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

From the Record.

D. ARMSTRONG, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Pittsburgh, July 22d, 1861. jy24:d4w

CHEESE.—120 boxes Extra Cream Cheese, just received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

From California.

FORT KEARNEY, Aug. 2.—The Pony Express passed at 7 o'clock p. m.

San Francisco, July 24th.—The Breckinridge State Convention met at Sacramento yesterday. To-day it has nominated J. R. McConnell for Governor, Jessee O. Farrell for Lieut. Governor, J. P. Barber and D. O. Shotwell for Congress. It is supposed the Convention will modify its platform so that it will show less sympathy with secession. The nomination of this ticket divides the Democratic party as it was last year, and renders the Republican victory in September highly probable.

Owing to telegraphic mismanagement between St. Louis and Fort Kearney, our last Pony Express dates to the 12th inst., when it was believed a battle was about to take place, near Martinsburg, between Gen. Patterson's troops and the rebel forces under Gen. Johnston. There is great anxiety to hear the result, and many Union men fear a defeat, if an engagement took place, under the existing circumstances.

Oregon dates by overland mail are received to the 17th, and British Columbia and Washington Territory to the 15th.

In the Congressional election in Washington Territory, Garfield, the Democratic Union candidate, was ahead.

The bark Comet brings news from the Sandwich Islands to the 25th of June.

A Hilo correspondent of the Honolulu *Pelenaea* of June 17th, states that a ship's mast had drifted ashore below the harbor of the Kawaihanaiunikaw. It is 76 feet long. The low part of the mast which was in between decks was squared and finished as if it had been used as a rack for guns, while in one side was a large spike driver got ready as though it had been used for a rail. Who knows but what it is the Levant's mast; I am convinced it is.

From the South.

LOUISVILLE, August 3.—A reliable gentleman just arrived, says seven boats left Memphis last night conveying troops to New Madrid. He says that not less than 25,000 Tennessee troops have been landed in Missouri.

Harris has probably been elected Governor of Tennessee.

Gen. Flournoy died here yesterday.

Drafting for troops has already begun in Virginia. The Adjutant General orders the militia to repair to the court houses of their respective counties without delay. About 20,000 are wanted. Roger A. Pryor is in command of the 32 Virginia, in Isle Wight county.

The Richmond *Examiner* says: Among the prisoners here is a free negro who came as chaplain in one of the Connecticut regiments. The same paper authoritatively states the number in the Federal army which surrendered the day after the fight at Bull Run was 820, said to belong to Pennsylvania.

Henry A. Wise is reported in need of reinforcements.

We have no dates subsequent to the Bullitown affair. We understand that Beauregard has hung three traitors—one an engineer on the Manassas Gap Railroad, another a preacher, and the third a farmer.

A dispatch to the Knoxville *Register*, of the 31st, says preparations of an extensive character are in progress.

Before a great while we may confidently expect large movements.

Our pickets are beyond Falls Church.

The Confederate troops are divided into corps; the first, under Johnson, occupying the advance post, and the other under Beauregard. There is no doubt of the fact that treachery was practiced on the Manassas Gap Railroad to prevent the junction of the forces of Johnson and Beauregard. The train conductor was shot, having acknowledged to receiving a bribe to defeat the union of the officers. The same treatment was meted to a recreant Georgian, caught plotting the enemy in a march.

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 13th, says our army under Johnston is now encamped in the vicinity of Fairfax Court House. From what we learn we think it improbable that any alteration will be made at present.

The Richmond *Examiner*'s Portsmouth correspondent says that Col. Smith, of Lexington Military Institute, will take command of the forces at Petersburg.

Marshall Parks, agent of Carolina at Portsmouth, has been transferred to the Confederacy fleet of five steamers already manned and armed.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 3.—The weather has been oppressively hot for the past three days. It has almost suspended business.

A wagon load of jeans, destined for the South, was intercepted to-day.

SANDY HOOK, Aug. 3.—A noted secessionist named Jarrett, a man of wealth and standing, residing near Knoxville, was arrested on Thursday for carrying information to the rebel army regarding the strength of our forces and their position.

A visit to many of the camps yesterday give a gratifying idea of the good order and discipline that prevails among them.

Most of the hospital cases are confined to diarrhea and dysentry.

Lieut. Col. Kane, of Col. Biddle's regiment, arrived yesterday, expecting to meet his regiment, but it had not arrived up to last night.

Major Doubleday's rifled siege guns were successfully experimented recently in the presence of Gen. Banks and his staff. Several shots and shell were thrown into the valley opposite the battery with astonishing accuracy.

FORTRESS MONROE, *via Baltimore*, August 2.—Information has been received from Lieut. Crosby's expedition to the Eastern shore of Virginia, which left Old Point three days ago. The Pokomoke and two small rivers were explored for a number of miles. Several parties of armed rebels were dispersed. One schooner was burned and another has been brought in as a prize. One of the steamers belonging to the expedition is reported ashore at Cherry Stone, and it was feared would be captured.

An educated German private was arrested yesterday for correspondence with the enemy. A letter to Gen. Lee was found on his person. Ambition for advancement is supposed to have been his principal motive. His letter contained no revelations of importance concerning the fortress.

The Vermont regiment will leave for home via New Haven on Sunday.

At Newport News, a Captain Berard shot a private belonging to his company, and was obliged to leave camp.

A large quantity of liquor was yesterday destroyed at Newport News by command of Gen. Butler. The General goes to Washington to-night.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Our Fortress Monroe correspondent is partly in error as to the result of the expedition to Pokomoke river. The steamer that brought up Gen. Butler this morning passed one of the steamers, and Lieut. Crosby reported to the General that he had burnt two vessels and captured a third. The steamers attached to the expedition were all safe.

MEXICO, Mo., Aug. 3.—Gen. Pope has established his headquarters here for the present. Colonel Grants' and a portion of Col. Turner's regiment and four companies of Col. Marshall's cavalry are quartered here. Water is both inconvenient and impure, and a change of rendezvous will be made as soon as a sufficient supply can be procured for encampment. Brigadier General Sturbut was attached from here to-day to select camping ground near Jefferson City, where some 30,000 troops will be congregated under Gen. Pope's command.

Gen. Pope is assigned to the command of all the forces north of St. Louis. These troops will consist principally of Illinois regiments, together by themselves, and there form one grand arm of the western army. This division will be ready, after thorough drilling and vigorous discipline in camp, for an advance movement through Arkansas and Texas towards New Orleans, as soon as the excessive hot weather is over sufficiently to warrant the health of the troops in the climate. A part of these troops is to be made up of the new regiments lately accepted from Illinois.

Gen. Pope designs, hereafter, to permit no more scouting, deeming it an injury to the efficiency of the troops for service. The people will be held strictly responsible for depredations committed. If hostilities occur, and troops are called to the relief, they will be sent in sufficient numbers to take possession of the village or villages that may be making quarters in the houses and ordering rations of the citizens. This, it is believed, is the only means of making and keeping the people duly vigilant to their own and their State's interest.

BOSTON, August 3.—The following is an extract from a letter, dated July 25, aboard the U. S. sloop of War Savannah, off Cape Hatteras: "We made a sail to windward; it was blowing a gale and the sea was running high; we gave chase for three or four miles, when apparently to avoid being captured, she ran over the shoals and went high and dry on the beach—the sea running so high it made a complete breach over her. She was a full rigged brig of about two hundred tons. Her conduct was singular throughout the chase. She was out of gun range, or she might have got a 10-inch shell into her. She showed no colors, which is still more strange. We attempted to get near enough to ascertain her true character, but a dangerous bar kept us away. The country around is uninhabited. The sand bar is 15 miles north of Cape Hatteras, and so rough that it is impossible to land. We think she may be the privateer Jeff. Davis, or some vessel captured by her, making for some inlet on the coast of North Carolina."

ST. LOUIS, August 3.—The *Evening News* learns from a well informed citizen of the southwest of Missouri, who possesses peculiar facilities for acquiring knowledge of the plan of the secessionists, that the region of their real object is not to attack Cairo or Bird's Point, but make a desperate effort to secure possession of St. Louis. There is a strong force under Pillow, at New Madrid, Mo., and another at Pocahontas, Ark., believed to be now under the command of McCulloch; another in Mississippi county, Mo., under Jeff. Thompson. The plan is to keep up a constant threat to attack Cairo and Bird's Point, so as to keep the Federal troops there employed, and menace Gen. Lyon in the southwest by threats to attack from Price and Karns, while the force at New Madrid and Pocahontas effect a junction at Pilot Knob, and from there march on to St. Louis, retake it, reinstate Johnson, and with this city as a basis of operations, will wrest Missouri from the Federal government.

LANCASTER, August 3.—*Via Philadelphia*—This community was shocked this evening by the intelligence of the sudden death of Bishop Bowman this morning, while on his way from Pittsburgh to Butler. The Bishop left his home in this city in ordinary good health on Tuesday last, on a visit to the coal oil regions of Western Pennsylvania. He preached his last sermon in St. John's Free Church, Lancaster, on Sunday evening last, having taken a deep interest in the Free Church system. A deputation from the vestries of St. James and St. John's churches start to night to meet the remains at Lewistown.

The funeral will take place at Lancaster on Tuesday next, at 5 o'clock p. m.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

(Special Session.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3, 1861.

SENATE.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by Mr. Anthony, of R. I., from the Committee on Printing, reported a bill that hereafter all copies of messages, etc., will only be printed by joint resolution of both Houses. Agreed to.

Mr. Sumner, of Mass., presented a memorial from the citizens of Marlboro, asking Congress to use all means to put down this rebellion. Laid on the table.

Mr. Kennedy offered the following resolution from the Legislature of Maryland:

WHEREAS, Ross Winans, while in the discharge of his official duties, was arbitrarily and illegally arrested on the highway by force of arms by the Federal Government, and sundry other citizens of Maryland were seized by the same despotic authority, in violation of the rights of the citizens of Maryland, and unconstitutional and arbitrary acts of the government are not confined to Maryland, so that the property of no man is safe, and the sanctity of no dwelling is respected, and sacredness of private correspondence no longer exists; *Wherefore*, The Houses of Delegates does not wish history to record the overthrow all public rights, without also recording their indignant protest of resentment against such acts of Presidential tyranny and usurpations and outrages of the Federal Government.

Mr. Wilkinson, of Minn., moved that the memorial be returned.

Mr. Kennedy—I hope not.

Mr. Merrill, of Me., objected to the reception, as the language was not respectful, and not being signed by the Governor did not emanate from a proper body.

Mr. Wilkinson said the protest was neither respectful nor true. It was false in form, fact, and an outrageous violation of rights.

Mr. Kennedy hoped the petition from Maryland would not be rejected. He hoped her rights would be no more trampled upon. She was a loyal State, but struggling under the weight of oppression.

Mr. Hale, of N. H., argued that the Senate should not refuse to hear the petition. He said it was a dangerous step to refuse the right of petition in any case. It was the first time that petitions have come here which were not considered respectful by many.

After some further discussion, the memorial of the Maryland Legislature was finally laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Wilson, of Mass., from the Military Committee, reported the bill to pay volunteers monthly, with a recommendation that it should not pass.

Mr. King, of N. Y., offered a resolution that the Secretary of War be recommended to pay volunteers monthly whenever practicable. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Collamer, of Vt., the resolution fixing the time of adjournment was taken up.

Mr. Collamer moved to fix the time at 12 o'clock m. Agreed to.

A resolution was passed to adjourn on Tuesday.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the bill to increase the engineer corps was taken up and passed.

Mr. Morrill, of Me., moved to take up the bill supplementary to the act to protect the commerce of the United States, and punish piracy. Agreed to. The bill was passed.

The bill relative to District Attorneys, for the Southern District of New York, was passed.

Mr. Trumbull, of Ill., reported from the Committee on Judiciary, a bill relative to Judicial Districts of Missouri and Kentucky, with a motion to postpone till next December, which led to a long discussion in regard to the loyalty of Judge Monroe, of Ky., by Messrs. Lane, of Ks., Powell, Baker, Breckinridge, McDougall, Polk, Harris, and others.

After a long Executive Session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Blair, of Mo., from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to increase the efficiency of the topographical engineer corps, which was passed. It empowers the President to add to that corps two lieutenant colonels, and four majors, and one company of soldiers, to be commanded by competent officers.

Mr. Olin, of N. Y., from the Committee on Military affairs, reported back the bill to promote the efficiency of the volunteer force by authorizing the President to discharge from service any commissioned officers for incapacity, inefficiency, misconduct or neglect of duty. The Committee report a substitute to apply the principles of the bill to officers of the regular army as well as to those of volunteers, the dismissals to take place with instituting a board of inquiry or court martial.

Mr. Olin said he knew that this was arbitrary power, but in the present emergency he was Commander-in-Chief.

Mr. Burnett, of Ky., contended that the power proposed to be conferred on the President was clearly unconstitutional. The measure was in keeping with the spirit of the last Congress. He was certainly opposed to giving the President power to remove commissioned officers of volunteers merely at his will.

Mr. Olin said in reply that if as Mr. Burnett had admitted, an officer appointed by the State authority could be removed by a Court of Inquiry or a Court Martial, why could not another modo be adopted to effect the same object, obeying no constitutional means designated. These are extraordinary times and demand vigor and promptness. He was not surprised at the remarks of the gentleman from Kentucky, Mr. Burnett, who was known to be a warm sympathizer with those who were trying to overthrow the Government. He would rather hear a dissertation on the sanctity of the constitution from some other source.

Mr. Burnett said he was struck with one remarkable thing during the present session of Congress. Whenever he made what he regarded as a plain statement and gave the reasons which actuated him, instead of gentlemen meeting his arguments, they made personal allusions to his want of loyalty. On the question of loyalty his record and that of the gentleman is made up in the House, and he believed he would bear a favorable comparison with that of the gentleman, and when impartial history shall determine who is the most responsible for the present unfortunate condition of the country, posterity will decide that the gentleman from New York has done more to bring it about than he (Burnett) did.

He had struggled here to prevent this condition of affairs. If his warning voice with that of others who acted with him could have reached the gentlemen and his Republican friends. We should now be united as one family; instead of war we should have peace. As to his sympathy for the South, he wished to say that as long as his State remained under the constitution he recognized his obligations to the Federal Government he had taken an oath to support. He was willing to let those who know whether he sympathized with those among whom he was born, and who regarded the war as having been forced on them, and would make peace to morrow, he answered all the affirmative, and they could make the most of it.

Mr. Olin replied that he had said nothing personal. He should be entirely content to let impartial history show who is responsible for this war, but when the gentleman from Kentucky undertook to defend himself from the charge of disloyalty, it was better he should withdraw from the records what he had said here during this session. The gentleman has repeatedly remarked that he held himself bound by the action of his own State rather than by the constitution and laws made in pursuance of it. Mr. Olin moved the previous question, under operation of which the substitute was rejected by a vote of 18 yeas against 61 nays, and the bill was, on motion of Mr. Hutchins, laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Allen, of Ohio, the House took up the Senate resolution providing for a joint committee of both branches of Congress to wait on the President and request him to set apart a day of public humiliation, fasting and prayer, to be