Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Publication Office, Fifth street, near Smithfield.

Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

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ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 2, 1861.

Attention is directed to the card of Col. CAMPBELL, in our local column.

Reaction.

There is an attempt among the more daring of the sympathizers with Secession, in the North, to create the impression that there is a reaction in public sentiment, in this section, and that the War for the Constitution and the Union is fast growing unpopular. The New York *Journal of Commerce* leads off in this delectable work, and it has co-workers in some portions of this State and Ohio. They have succeeded in getting up a few meetings, in obscure, out-of-the-way places, and the resolutions of these traitors in heart are paraded as the evidences of the boasted reaction.

Never were men more mistaken. There has been no reaction. The few who have the courage, now, to speak with bated breath against the government, have gathered that courage from the repulse at Bull Run, and merely utter now what they dared not utter before. They have been against the government from the start; but have been waiting for a reverse to give them the opportunity of speaking. There has been no change of sentiments, but a few cowardly traitors, who have been hiding their treason under a thin veil of patriotism, have simply thrown off their disguise in their premature expectation of a Southern triumph.

So far from there being any reaction, we venture to say that the war is more popular to-day than it ever was—that the cause of the Constitution and the Union lies nearer the popular heart than ever before. There is a stronger bracing of the nerves, a firmer knitting of the brows and a sterner glancing of the eyes than when the thunder of the guns of Sumter woke the nation to a new military life. The response to the call of the government for more help has been as quick, as cordial and as thorough as at first; with this difference, that the call has reached a deeper pulse in the public heart and stirred the nation to a higher and holier devotion to the country's cause. There is no receding tide in the flow of popular feeling, and those who wait for its ebb will be swallowed up in the still rising flood.

It is impossible to witness the hearty zeal with which enlistments for the new regiments are going on, throughout the country, and be skeptical on this score. The patriotism and unity of the people are too clear to be mistaken. A few men of doubtful loyalty, like PATTERSON, may pass unregretted into obscurity; and a few adventurous traitors may poke their heads out of their hiding places to chuckle over a reverse to their country's arms; but loyalty and the love of freedom still reign supreme in the hearts of the masses, and the determination to support the government grows with every new occasion for its manifestation.

"OR TO WASHINGTON!"—The Rebels are now crying, "On to Washington!" just as some of our men were crying, "Forward to Richmond!" They have won (they think) a great victory; they have a huge army within twenty or thirty miles of Washington; their men are elated with success, while ours are dispirited with defeat; why, then, should they lie supinely upon their victorious arms and content themselves with a barren triumph? What is the use of conquering, if they are not to reap any benefits from it? Therefore, "on to Washington!"

This is the burden of nearly every Southern paper, especially those of the extreme South; and it places Jeff. Davis in an exceedingly ugly dilemma. If he advances upon Washington, he is sure to be beaten; and if he fails to do so, he must meet the execrations of those upon whose breath he lives. To attack Washington is with him almost a "military necessity;" and yet it involves a certain defeat. What he will do is the problem of the hour; but he will, it seems most probable, avoid the defeat and brave the indignant public sentiment of the South which will be aroused by such a course. The Washington correspondent of the *Herald* says:

"The rumors current here during several days past of an intention on the part of General Beauregard to effect a crossing into Maryland, at or near Edward's Ferry as any other point above the District of Columbia, are now generally discredited. The simple fact that the rebels have not crossed over and made a descent on the Federal Capital before this, in the apparently indefensible condition of that wing of our line, is considered as proof positive that they would place themselves at the mercy of Lieutenant General Scott, who doubtless would not be displeased should they try such an experiment. As for the rebels moving on Washington by way of our intrenchments, across the river, either at Arlington Heights or Alexandria, the idea is considered preposterous; as they would in such a case be more effectually routed from our defenses than were our forces from theirs in the late battle of Bull's Run. No one believes that General Beauregard, Lee, or any other of the rebel commanders, would commit so grave a blunder. The present condition of our lines across the river indicates that a forward rather than a retrograde movement is contemplated by the commander of our army of the Potomac.

MOCK VALOR.—Falstaff hacked his sword, to give evidence of the valor he had never shown, and here we have a New York artillery company firing bullets though their standard, and passing them off on the New Yorkers as having been riddled on the battle field. In Saturday's New York *Times*, the following paragraph appeared, in a long account of the reception of the returned three months volunteers to that city:

"Capt. Varian, with his troop of bronzed and hardy looking artillerists, were also on the pier, with their two guide colors, torn almost to shreds by the enemy's balls during the late engagement."

The Washington correspondent of the *Times* takes the romance out of this story by showing that Capt. Varian's troop of artillerists were not in the battle at all. He says:

"On the Saturday preceding the battle of Bull Run, Capt. Varian and his artillerists demanded their discharge—their time having expired. Gen. McDowell said all that a commander on the eve of a battle could say, to induce them to remain, but without producing any effect. That day Secretary Cameron visited the camp and the subject being referred to him, partly by coaxing, and partly by truly representing the inglorious action which they contemplated, the artillerists were induced to notify General McDowell that with the exception of seventeen, the company would stay with the division, until the time of the regiment expired, on the 25th." After Secretary Cameron returned to Washington, however, the company took a sober second thought, and late Saturday evening again demanded their discharge from Gen. McDowell. Of course, it had to be granted; and in addition to his other duties, the commander had to provide for mustering them out of the service and sending them to the rear. They wanted to take their battery with them, but this General McDowell refused—fearing the effect to be produced upon the moving columns, at seeing a park of artillery withdrawing to the rear as the infantry marched to the front. This artillery lay idle all day at Centreville, and was brought off by the rear guard on Monday morning—brought off by stronger hands from another State, and without even having fired one projectile. If the two guide colors are torn almost to shreds, their artillerists must have halted on their march to the war and made their own colors a target; popping them with the pistols they had never yet fired at a foe. This statement of facts comes from an authentic source and is literally true."

CAPT. ALEXANDER.—In the letters of our correspondent from the battle-field, mention was made of a Capt. Anderson, who commanded an Artillery Company of Regulars at Bull Run, and who was the occasion of the disgraceful stampede which wound up the fight at that place, by turning tail when the cavalry of the rebels charged his battery, and flying from the field, creating confusion and panic among the volunteers behind him. The name of the Captain in question is ALEXANDER, instead of ANDERSON; and we are glad of it, for we dislike the thought of coupling the idea of cowardice with the name of ANDERSON.

ALEXANDER, it seems, has been getting some one to endorse his courage, with what effect will be seen by the following, which we clip from the Washington correspondence of the *Times*:

"I saw, some days ago, a statement that a Captain or a Lieutenant Alexander displayed cowardice on the field. I have seen since a statement from his friends that "Captain or Lieutenant Alexander was incapable of cowardice." I did not see Alexander run, and he may be incapable of cowardice, but if he will go to the head quarters of the army of the United States he will hear persons who hold equal or higher rank than himself, very bitterly lamenting that an army officer, and a graduate of West Point, should have so entirely failed to do his duty on the field, and should have set an example of running which a raw recruit would be ashamed to follow."

There are plenty of witnesses who *did* see Alexander run, and he will not dare to confront one of them. He is in the regular service; perhaps he would like a Court of Inquiry?

GEN. MCCLELLAN seems to be the right man in the right place. He is bringing order out of confusion, admirably, and if the government will only give him absolute power, and let him do his own work in his own way, without imposing incompetent Generals upon him, he will organize victory for us, beyond a doubt. But there appears to be a danger that he will not be left to his own free agency. A dispatch to the *Herald* says:

"To-day they have procured a notification to Gen. McClellan that certain officers must be assigned to command brigades; and thus, while throwing upon him the responsibility of victory or defeat, with an army that has once already retired from the field, they insist upon choosing for him the agents upon whom he must rely in the hour of trial.

"The interference of simple politicians with the operations of the army has already been tolerated too long. They have done much mischief, and if not thrust aside will do much more. The administration has been clothed with all the power necessary for the prosecution of the war to a successful and glorious result. If it will now confide in the proper military officers, and turn a deaf ear to the politicians, all will be well; but if the military is to be made their plaything, none can foretell the result."

Plain Speaking.

This is the day of plain speech. Let us be thankful that the people will now tolerate it. For that reason we take the following, which we clip from a letter of "Occasional," in the Philadelphia *Press*:

"I have just been looking over the names of the officers who are to command the fifteen reserve regiments of Pennsylvania. Some will do honor to the service, but there are others I am ashamed to see coming from my native State. Perhaps I am doing injustice to those gentlemen, and if so, you shall have my apology; but I must say, judging from what I know of their antecedents, that they are no more capable of leading a regiment, or even a company, into the field, than I am of translating Shakspeare into the Bantaric. These men may be great in their way, but their way is not that of the soldier. They may be great politicians, and giants in a ward convention or at a precinct election. They may understand the whole system of political engineering, and teach you how to extract the largest number of votes from a given number of voters, but they are not the men to be entrusted with the lives of our volunteers and the honor of our flag. I am glad to know that an army commission has been appointed, to examine into the military qualities of these and other gentlemen, ambitious of military distinction, and that the investigations of that commission will be made, and its suggestions adopted by the department, without fear, favor or affection."

Our Volunteer Generals.

The following is a list of the Major-Generals, Brigadier-Generals, and Assistant Adjutant-Generals of volunteers recently appointed, in the order of their rank. The commissions of Major-Generals all bear date May 16th; those of the Brigadiers, 17th:

Major-Generals—N. P. Banks, John A. Dix, Benjamin F. Butler.

Brigadier-Generals—Joseph Lyon, of Missouri; John Pope, of the Topographical Engineers; Geo. A. McCall, of Pennsylvania; Samuel R. Curtis, of Iowa; Philip Kearney, of New Jersey; Joseph J. Reynolds, of Indiana; Rufus King, of Wisconsin; J. D. Cox, of Ohio; Stephen A. Hurlbut, of Illinois; Julius Stigel, of Missouri; Robert S. Schenck, of Ohio; S. S. Prentiss, of Illinois.

Assistant Adjutant General—Dunn Piatt, of Ohio, Assistant Adjutant-General, rank of Captain; Joseph B. Smith, of New York; Barnes J. Parrott, of Kansas; Henry J. Biddle, of Pennsylvania; George S. Rose, of Indiana; Simon M. Preston, of Illinois.

Soldiers' Letters.

The following order has been made by the Post-Office Department for the execution of the new law respecting soldiers' letters:

"Postmasters at or near any camp or point occupied by the United States forces will mail without prepayment of postage, any letter written by a soldier in the service of the United States, and certified to be such by the Major or Acting Major of the Regiment to which the writer is attached. The envelope should have plainly stamped or written on its face the certificate 'Soldiers' letter,' signed in writing by the Major or Acting Major of the Regiment, describing his Regiment by its number and the State. The postage due on such letters will be collected at the office of delivery. Commissioned officers will prepay their postage as heretofore. JOHN A. KASSON,

First Assistant Postmaster General."

What Traitors Say of our Adopted Citizens.

These emigrants, (Irish, Scotch, German, &c.,) do not, like our ancestors, fly from religious and political persecution. They come merely as animals in search of a richer and fresher pasture. They come to gratify physical want—for moral, intellectual and religious wants they have not acquired. They will come in large masses, and, for ages to come, will practise an impure materialism. The mass of them are sensual, groveling, low-minded agrarians, and nine-tenths of them would join the Mormons, if the opportunity offered to do so.—[Richmond (Va.) Examiner.

We would be ashamed to make any formal reply to this brutal assault upon our adopted citizens. It is enough to refer to the bravery of the Irish, Scotch and German Regiments at Bull's Run, to demonstrate their stamina, patriotism and courage. If, they were "mere animals—sensual and groveling"—with "Mormon" instincts and proclivities—they would seek homes on Southern plantations, where "sensuality" and all the vices of Mormonism, find full and unrestrained development.—[Albany Evening Journal.

The Cotton Supply in England.

We learn by a late number of the New York Economist that the stock of cotton in Liverpool at last accounts was 1,120,000 bales, with 160,000 bales in transitu, so that, it remarks, "if the blockade were raised in February next we are informed that no national inconvenience would be felt." This is an important fact, and must needs have considerable bearing upon matters in this country as connected with the Cotton States. Whether the Government is disposed to make the best use of the margin thus accorded to it will only be known by the renewed efforts it may make within the next few weeks to make quick work with the war. The fact is apparent, however, that the Cotton States cannot suddenly "move the lever that moves the world," with England so well prepared to supply her mills, and as only seven per cent. of her people are engaged in the manufacture of cotton, it is quite questionable whether she would not do better to help them past a single season rather than enter on a war with this country in an attempt to break the blockade.

THE Portland (Maine) Advertiser says that "the bids for the State loan of $250,000 were opened at Augusta, on Friday. The total amount of money offered was $894,500, $429,500 of which was offered at rates of premium ranging from one-fourth to one per cent. The average rate of premium on the bids accepted was a fraction less than one per cent. The Portland banks made bids for a portion of the loan at par, but failed to obtain any. What a better commentary of the resources of the North, and the confidence of the people in their government, is needed than this?"

A LADY, who has just returned to Cincinnati from a visit to the Southern part of the State, informs the editor of the Boston Gazette that while at Louisville, she saw, at the house of a friend who sympathizes with the rebellion, thirty navy revolvers and cavalry swords, purchased in Cincinnati, and smuggled through that city in the seat of a buggy. She expressed her surprise that arms could be conveyed so easily from that city, and was told that it has been done and is being done every day, and that all the arms they wish there can be had, without any delay, from Cincinnati.

RESIGNATION OF GEN. WATKINS.—On Saturday last, Gen. Watkins, a notorious rebel, and one of Gov. Jackson's Brigadier Generals, resigned his command of the armed mob which he had gathered in Southwest Missouri, and urged his followers to return to their homes and allegiance to the U. S. government. The design of Congress to pass a bill of pains and penalties against leading traitors, is said to have been the main cause of his resignation. The notorious Jeff. Thompson, a native from St. Joseph, succeeded him in command.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

Military Notices.

COLUMBIA RIFLES, ATTENTION! You will meet at your Armory THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in full uniform, to accompany the Keystone Rifles to the flag presentation. It is hoped that every member will be in attendance, as it will be the last occasion, perhaps for years, that the company will parade under command of Lieut Col Lehman. By order:

J. A. CRAWFORD, O. S.

ALL THE COMPANIES composing the SOUTH LEGION, No. 2, will hold themselves ready to take the Eastern Cars, by Special Train, on SATURDAY, August 3d, at 2 o'clock p. m.

SAMUEL W. BLACK, Colonel Commanding.

ATTENTION!—A few more men wanted to fill up a Company now recruiting for Col T. A. Rowley's Regiment. Apply at College Hall, entrance on Fifth Street.

LIEUT. KILWAINE, 13th Regiment,
A P CALLOW, Sergeant Major, 13th Reg't

U. S. CAVALRY RECRUITS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 850 ABLE-BODIED MEN, between the ages of 18 and 35 to enlist the Third Regiment U. S. Cavalry. Men acquainted with horses will be given preference.

Each man will be furnished by the U. S. a good horse and equipments, ample clothing and subsistence of the best quality.

The pay ranges from $13 to $21 per month, according to the rank and services of the soldier, and so complete is the provision made by the government for all his wants that he can save every cent of his pay if he chooses, leaving him at the end his enlistment from $300 to $1,300.

Attention is called to the fact that the government have wisely commenced to promote officers from the ranks and advancement is therefore opened to all who enlist.

All recruits, up to the number of eighty men, will be enlisted for the Company of the Recruiting Officer.

S. H. BROWN,
First Lieutenant Third Cavalry,
Recruiting Station, National Hotel, Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy31md

Public Notices.

CORONER.—C. B. BOSTWICK, Esq., of Lawrenceville, will be supported for a reconsideration for Coroner, subject to the Republican Nominating Convention. aug2-2dwtc

THE MEMBERS of the STEAMBOAT CAPTAINS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF PITTSBURGH—Are hereby notified that the Annual Election of SEVEN DIRECTORS to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Rooms of the Association on the FIRST MONDAY OF AUGUST, at 10 o'clock a. m. Members are earnestly requested to attend. Those absent from the city are entitled to vote by proxy.

JOHN R. LIVINGSTON, Secretary.
jy31-2d

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL MINING COMPANY, Pittsburgh, July 12, 1861.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of the NATIONAL MINING COMPANY have declared a dividend of two dollars per share, payable on the 20th instant, to stockholders or their legal representatives, appearing as such at the close of business on the evening of the 23d July, 1861.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES M. COOPER, Treasurer.
jy23-1w

FOR DIARRHŒA, CHOLERA, Cramps, &c. The BALSAM-DE MALTA has been tested and found to be a never failing remedy for Diarrhœa, Cholera, Cramps and disease of the stomach and bowels. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by the proprietor

G. H. RIELEY,
jy25-1w&w3 corner Pasture alley and Fulton street.

A MEETING of the STOCKHOLDERS of the LAKE HOME OIL COMPANY will take place at the office of Duff's college, 377 Fifth street, on SATURDAY, August 3d, at 8 p. m. A proposal to dissolve the Company will be submitted.

By order of the Board of Managers,
WM. H. DUFF, Secretary.
jy29-3t

Bank Statements.

Statement of the Bank of Pittsburgh, PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1861.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,459,615 24
Real Estate and Ground Rent	41,138 23
Stocks and Miscellaneous	111,203 50
Due by other Banks	217,477 90
Bank Notes & Checks	328,456 46
Specie	429,854 20
	$2,016,719 30

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,143,500 00
Profit and Earnings	414,026 42
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Acc't	4,968 72
Due to other Banks	26,815 23
Circulation	121,781 00
Deposits	1,304,158 87
	$3,015,719 30

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed this August 1st, 1861, before me.

S. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsb'h, PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1861.

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	452,873 00
Due to other Banks	5,914 52
Due to Depositors	184,828 70
	$641,616 22

ASSETS.

Bills and Notes Discounted	$779,818 02
Due by other Banks	109,272 77
Notes and Checks of other Banks	4,215 00
Specie in Vaults	118,646 13
	1,011,951 92

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. D. MCGREW, Cashier.

Sworn before me this 1st day of August, 1861.

H. H. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburgh, PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1861.

Capital Stock	$ 600,000 00
Circulation	441,221 00
Due Depositors	771,089 53
Due other Banks	23,529 10
Loans and Discounts	1,059,241 41
Cola	29,237 86
Notes and Checks of other Banks	40,154 55
Due by other Banks	115,113 36

The above statement is correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 1st day of August, A. D. 1861.

W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Allegheny Bank, PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1861.

ASSETS.

Capital Stock	$ 500,000 00
Loans and Discounts	819,974 49
Due by other Banks	56,414 07
Notes and Checks of other Banks	21,452 01
Specie	221,129 63

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	448,545 00
Due to other Banks	20,468 54
Individual Deposits	151,097 18

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. COOKE, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this day.

W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1861.

Loans and Discounts	$1,051,038 79
Real Estate	50,000 00
Specie in Vault	442,449 02
U. S. Treasury Notes and Bonds	149,000 00
Pennsylvania Loan, War	34,000 00
Checks and Notes of other Banks	240,291 00
Due by other Banks	81,218 82
	$2,048,997 04
Capital Stock	800,000 00
Circulation	241,241 00
Deposits	957,456 51
Due to other Banks	44,449 13
Contingent Fund and Profits	104,853 40
	$2,048,997 04

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

Affirmed before me, this 1st day of August, 1861.

G. H. RIEHL, Notary Public.

New Advertisements.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR!

Three sheets, showing all the

Forts and Stations

of the FEDERAL AND REBEL ARMIES,

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,
corner Wood and Third streets.

N. B. These Maps are new, just out from the press, engraved on steel. my28

TRANSPARENT BAR SOAP.—60 doz. Sandoz Palm Washing Compound just received from the manufacturers, and for sale wholesale or retail at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, corner of Liberty and Hand sts. aug

CHOICE RIO COFFEE.—40 bags very choice Rio Coffee, just received; also a large supply of prime Laguayra and Java Coffee, which will be sold low, wholesale or retail by JOHN A. RENSHAW, aug corner of Liberty and Hand sts.

REFINED SUGARS.—60 bbls. Refined White and Yellow Sugars, just received and for sale by the barrel or at retail at lower market prices, at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, aug corner of Liberty and Hand sts.

BACON SIDES.—7 casks Clear, received and for sale by J. E. LIGGITT & CO., aug 75 Water and 92 Front streets.

ARMY MUSTER ROLLS AND PAY ROLLS.—Paper ruled expressly for Muster and Pay Rolls of Mill ary Companies, on government pattern. For sale by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., aug Stationers 57 Wood street.

SUGAR.—100 bbls B Sugar,
10 do Crushed do
10 do Pow do
In store and for sale by RHYNER & BROTHERS, aug Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

CARPET BROOMS.—Just received a fresh lot of No. 1 Carpet Brooms, Eastern make, also, Shaker and Hickory Split Scrubbing Brooms, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, jy15 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

DR. M. O. JONES,
102 WYLIE STREET,
wy2lm PITTSBURGH.

SUMMER AND SEASONABLE SHOES JUST RECEIVED—
Ladies Extra Broad large sizes of Lasting Congress Gaiters Ts and Ps.
Misses Lasting Plain and Tassel Buskins, Ts and Ps.
French Morocco and Kid Ties do do do
ALSO,
Gentlemen's Broad Congress Buskins Gaiters
Do French Calf Half Boots.
GEORGE ALLEN, SON & CO.,
jy24 Corner of Wood and Fourth streets.

GRENADINE VEILS,
IN DRAB, BLUE, GREEN,
AND BROWN,
Just received by Express at
HOLLIS'S TRIMMING STORE,
jy27 77 Market street.

COLLARS,
SETS,
SLEEVES, and
ALL KINDS OF EMBROIDERIES,
Still selling off at cost and less than cost the rest of our stock at
HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE.
77 Market street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—LAMBERT & SHIPTON have this day associated with them Mr. ALONZO ALLEN, under the firm of LAMBERT, SHIPTON & CO. The business of Lambert & Shipton will be settled by either partner at the old stand, No. 6 Sixth street.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1861. jy29 tf

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS.—A new lot just received at HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL Wholesale and Retail Dealers engaged in the selling of Goods, Merchandise, Commodities or effects, of whatever kind or nature, whether of the growth, produce and manufacture of the United States or of any foreign state, in the county of Allegheny, exclusive of the city of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, that they are classified and assessed by the undersigned Assessor of Mercantile Taxes in the said county, for the year 1861, as follows:

Class.	Name.	Township.	Amount.
	FAIR TOWNSHIP.		
14	Tomer John	Saw Mill	$ 7 00
14	Lowan Wm	Goods	7 00
14	M'Clintoch S	do	7 00
14	Tomer R H	do	7 00
14	Dunn James	do	7 00
14	Stewart William	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Stewart R	do	7 00
14	Stewart R	Goods	7 00
	OHIO TOWNSHIP.		
14	Courtney Samuel	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Duff Francis	do	7 00
14	do do	Goods	7 00
14	Mitchell John	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Duff James	do	7 00
14	Smith John	Goods	7 00
14	Young Phillip	Grist Mill	7 00
	SEWARD TOWNSHIP.		
14	Wilson A G	Goods	7 00
14	Hagenan	Grocer	7 00
14	Roper T	Mill	7 00
14	Stewart W	do	7 00
	FIFE TOWNSHIP.		
14	M'Junkey M	Grocer	7 00
14	Fawcett & Co	Saw Mill	7 00
14	M'O'Laughlin F	Tanner	7 00
14	Woods Geo	Coke Dealer	7 00
14	Conley Robt	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Kalsbenner & Shaler	Brewer	15 00
8	Mercier John	do	25 00
	VERSAILLES TOWNSHIP.		
14	Miller, Nicholas & Co	Grist Mill	7 00
14	M'Cluskey & Cosgrove	Goods	7 00
14	Corry, Patterson & Co	Coal Dealers	10 00
14	Schoenmaker Henry	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Lyon Wm J	Drugs	7 00
14	Hirz J N	Goods	7 00
14	Wise F	Bakery	7 00
14	Thomas & Co	Coal Dealers	10 00
14	Dickson & Co	do	7 00
14	M'Question & Co	Goods	7 00
	WILKINS TOWNSHIP.		
14	Davidson T B	Goods	7 00
14	Thompson Edward	do	7 00
14	Swisheim Jos	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Stover Abraham	Goods	7 00
14	Moore Thompson	Lime	7 00
14	Carothers James	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Richard Jon John	Grocer	7 00
14	Lynn James	Drugs	7 00
14	Bradford David	Grocer and Saw Mill	7 00
14	Robbins Martin	do do do	7 00
14	Kerney John	Lime	7 00
14	Young George	Goods	7 00
14	Richardson J & R	Saw Mill	7 00
14	do do do	Barrel Factory	7 00
14	Hamilton D	Distillery	40 00
14	Ludwick L	do	40 00
14	Henry Samuel	Grocer	7 00
	PENN TOWNSHIP.		
14	Mitchell Mathew	Goods	7 00
14	Riter David	do	7 00
14	Murphy John	do	7 00
14	M'lle'a James	do	7 00
14	Byrringer Jacob	do	7 00
14	Caldwell Robert	do	7 00
14	do do	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Stoner Joseph	do	7 00
	PAYNE TOWNSHIP.		
14	Haslip Joseph B	Goods	7 00
14	Dice Enoch	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Patterson John	Goods	7 00
14	Bowman Henry	Saw Mill	7 00
	RESERVE TOWNSHIP.		
14	Bottom Joe	Grocer	7 00
14	Gebhart G	Tanner	7 00
14	Gerrich J & H	Rope Walk	7 00
14	Hoey John	Rope Walk	7 00
14	Keffer Chas	Tanner	7 00
14	Lapp & Wise	Tanner	7 00
14	Lapp G	Tanner	7 00
14	Hastings L	Rope Walk	25 00
8	Eberhart G	Brewery	25 00
8	Westen & Stockner	Brewery	7 00
14	Hammitt Jos	Grocer	7 00
14	Waldmintron H	Grocer	7 00
14	Hartly Samuel	Tanner	7 00
14	Hatlick Godfrey W	Tanner	7 00
14	Friest Henry	Tanner	7 00
14	Watson James	Tanner	7 00
14	Curry Thomas	Morocco Factory	25 00
8	Lodi Domas	Brewery	25 00
8	Hagleman M	Brewery	7 00
8	Weisner Eli se	Brewery	7 00
14	Miller Fred	Grocer	7 00
14	Watley Ford	Morocco Factory	
	COLLINS TOWNSHIP.		
14	Hegley John	Goods	7 00
14	Davis Jackson	Drugs	7 00
14	Pender Lewis	Goods	7 00
14	Long Henry	Bakery & Confectionery	7 00
14	Straley C	Goods	7 00
13	Donelson Wm L	Goods	10 00
14	Hays J co	Grist Mill	10 00
13	Graham Joseph	Planing Mill	7 00
14	Cabonner U F	Saddler	7 00
14	Coon David S & co	Lumber	7 00
14	Johnston J co	Lime & Goods	
	FRENKLIN TOWNSHIP.		
14	Moler Adam	Goods	7 00
14	McClain James	Drugs	7 00
14	Kendig F	Drugs	7 00
14	Lose John	Tin Ware	7 00
14	Fenis David	Tin Ware	7 00
14	Worms Leo co	Glass Works	7 00
13	Hovater Augustus	Grain, &c	7 00
13	Gartside Jos	Wool Factory	10 00
14	Brown Wm	Goods	7 00
14	Irwin & Jamison	Salt Works	7 00
14	Hemschight Hugh	Tanner	
	BUFFALO TOWNSHIP.		
14	Altimer G	One Bagatelle table	5 00
14	Coleman N	Goods	7 00
14	Carry B G	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Douglas Joseph	Goods	7 00
14	Drake J	Goods	7 00
14	Irwin, Blackburn & co	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Irwin Silas	Goods	7 00
14	Lytle & Logan	Goods	7 00
14	McLean J	Goods	7 00
14	McGuire & McClasey	Saw Mill	10 00
14	Rasher Daniel	Grist Mill	7 00
7	Rasher Daniel	Distillery	40 00
14	Rasher John	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Rathbilliar John	Goods	7 00
14	Westley Margaret	Goods	7 00
14	Home Martin	Cabinet Maker	7 00
14	Reimaster Philip	Shoes	7 00
13	Kisher Daniel	Coal Dealer	10 00
	JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.		
14	Blackburn & co	Goods	7 00
7	Relell Andrew	Distillery	40 00
14	Hoffman William	Goods	7 00
7	Large Jonathan	Distillery	40 00
7	Lowrey William	Distillery	40 00
14	Large Andrew	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Large Samuel	Grist Mill	7 00
7	McKinney John H	Distillery	40 00
7	McGogney D	Distillery	40 00
14	O'Neal John	Goods	7 00
14	Pollock David	Grist Mill	7 00
	WEST ELIZABETH.		
14	Allison William	Goods	7 00
14	Berry & co	Goods	7 00
14	Crumby E	Goods	7 00
14	O'Neal & co	Goods	7 00
	ELIZABETH BOROUGH.		
13	Atkins Jas A	Saw Mill	10 00
14	Atkins Jos A	Grain Mill	7 00
14	Boyle & co	Groceries, &c	10 00
14	Dalghnet & bro	Saw Mill	7 00
13	Hartman Samuel	Goods	7 00
14	Galloway Robert	Goods	7 00
14	McLaughlin Wm, jr	Goods	7 00
14	McLaughlin Wm, sr	Goods	7 00
14	McElroy John	Meat Shop	7 00
14	McDonald John	Goods	7 00
14	Shaffer John K	Drugs	7 00
14	Taylor Richard	Goods	7 00
14	Walker John	Goods	7 00
14	Wiley Thomas	Tin Ware	7 00
14	Fergus Joseph	Goods	
	BALDWIN TOWNSHIP.		
14	Briggs T W	Goods	7 00
14	Pickson F	Goods	7 00
14	Pinkerton Francis	Goods	7 00
11	Hor-se & Hoyle	Goods	10 00
14	Redmond John	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Yonda Henry	Shoe Store	7 00
13	Hays Jas S	Coal Dealer	10 00
13	Horner & Hyatt	Coal Dealers	10 00
	ELIZABETH TOWNSHIP.		
14	Bell William	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Cunningham J	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Coley & Henderson	Goods	7 00
14	Corson & Co	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Dressen Samuel	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Douglas & Co	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Elliot Jackson	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Fife Andrew	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Fulton M	Goods	7 00
14	Gamble James	do	7 00
14	Hayden Z	do	7 00
14	McGuire & Co	Saw Mill	7 00
14	McIlvain & Walker	do	7 00
14	Pankhorn Isaac	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Patterson James	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Patterson Philip	Goods	7 00
14	Patterson Joseph	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Robinson A	Goods	7 00
14	Rhoads Frederick	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Shafer John K	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Sutton Joseph	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Shoemaker & Co	do	7 00
14	Hinks & Co	Goods	7 00
14	Large & Brother	Saw Mill	7 00
14	Large & Brother	Lumb r Yard	7 00
	WEST BIRMINGHAM.		
14	Dawson James	Grist Mill	7 00
14	McFillimey A	Grist Mill	7 00
14	McDonnell John	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Porter William	Goods	7 00
14	Stewart Thomas	do	7 00
14	White R	Grist Mill	7 00
	MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.		
14	Bryan James O	Goods	7 00
14	Davis Mary	Grist Mill	7 00
14	Irving