...ed" to
...aracteristics of the
...brutalizing influences
...graded, brutalized progeny
...nominations, this nursing-mother
...t and worse than savage instincts,
...ordered poor Downey and so many others
...er surrender on the field—that refused quarter
to prisoners—that cut the throats of the wounded,
or set them up for target practice and riddled
them with bullets, and then cut off the noses and
the ears, and quartered the bodies of the dead. Well
has it been said that they must have taken the
Indian Sepoys for their models—for they rivalled
even them in malignity and cruelty.

They shot down the poor girls (*Vivandieres*) who
were carrying water to the wounded; they fired
upon the ambulances, and even their wounded re-
quited the christian charity of some of our sol-
diers, by using their remaining strength to murder,
in one case the very man who gave the refresh-
ment, and in another, a wounded American who
lay within reach! We shall not long continue to
treat these demons with brotherly tenderness, nor
the thrice-accursed social institutions which alone
can breed such demons, as constitutional sanctities
to be delicately respected! The war is going too
far and too fast at this rate, for the venemous root
of all its horrors to escape extermination.

It is said that a certain member of Congress
had drawn up a resolution last week, censuring
General Scott for his slowness in moving for-
ward towards Richmond, &c., and that he was
quite ready to bring it up, but was dissuaded
by his friends. It has been remarkable that the
gentleman's friends have not had to apply the
least persuasion, this week, to prevent him from
bringing up his resolution.

Organization and Discipline.

The cause of the late panic at Bull Run,
and the consequent flight of the disorganized
part of our army, is now becoming apparent.
It was not want of personal courage. The
very men who retreated, according to hundreds
of impartial eye-witnesses, had been charging
all day in the most impetuous and gallant man-
ner on concealed batteries. They had repulsed
successive charges of bayonets, had driven
back heavy bodies of cavalry, and had made
difficult flank movements through forests and
carried batteries at the point of the bayonet.
The claim of the Americans to personal cour-
age has never been disputed.

It was not altogether the superiority of po-
sition of the enemy—though that may ac-
count for something—for he had been driven
a full mile from his entrenchments on our
right, and, as General McDowell's staff sup-
posed, the earthworks which met our forces at
that point, near Studley's Spring, on our ex-
treme right, were temporary, having just been
thrown up. It is true that on the other por-
tions of his line he was far superior in posi-
tion, and his concentrated line gave him many
opportunities of dealing blows at our weak
points, and possibly one of those—though not
in itself formidable—was one cause of the dis-
aster. Still many accounts agree that he was
"beaten without knowing it," and had our
troops but held their ground, he must have
retreated toward the Junction.

The cause of the disaster cannot be found
altogether, as appeared at first, in the arrival
of fresh and powerful reserves under John-
ston. Our own men had not marched more
than six miles on that day, while we had from
five thousand to ten thousand men in reserve,
who never entered the battle. Johnston's
division might possibly have pressed our right
back on Centreville, but that was the worst it
could have done, as Centreville is a height ca-
pable of being held against much superior
odds. We might not have had the panic with-
out the enemy's superior position and superior
numbers; but still it was a fright which no
success on his part could fairly account for.

The great cause of the defeat of Bull Run
is to be sought in that fact to which our ci-
vilians were so determinedly blind—the want of
discipline in our several regiments. It seems to be
assumed by a certain school that a soldier is
born not made—that every man who has drilled
a few weeks and is animated by heroic patriot-
ism is all ready for the battle. The truth is,
an immense deal of thorough schooling is need-
ed to make even a commonly-drilled soldier;
the experience that cannon-shot are not very
destructive, that horsemen can be easily driven
off by a line of bayonets, that each corps must
act in perfect combination with others, and
that honor requires every inch of the ground to
be contested in a retreat, and a thousand lives
be sacrificed, if necessary, to save a single can-
non—all these things can only come by hard
and real training. After awhile, the passionate
love of life is rendered subordinate to order, to
discipline and to honor, and then the man,
though partly a machine, is a tremendous
weapon of war—a true soldier.

What the country should demand now is the
thorough reorganization and remodelling of the
regiments and the War Department. Let us
have no more "On to Richmonds!" till we are
ready. Let the corps be patiently and thor-
oughly drilled, and the different brigades ac-
customed to act together. Let us have strong or-
ganizing minds at the head of the military affairs
in this country. It is not so much more men
we want, as more organization. Let there be
no more "armed mobs," and no more "runs" of
twenty-five miles without an enemy in the rear,
and with a loss of but one seventieth of the
whole number.

This thing will not happen twice. The
American mind is a practical one, and it sees
where it has made the mistake. We are deter-
mined to have an army worthy and one worthy of the
national name. No more hasty ideas of politi-
cians and foolish editors shall control it. We
will build host as we build an aqueduct, slowly,
carefully and firmly. We will manufacture sol-
diers; we will prepare them living weapons of
destruction, till they act like the teeth of one
machine; we will sweep out of the ranks of
false-armed officers in the army, and put in men
of nerve and experience, and then, under the
guidance of their wisdom, whose first error in
military affairs is our fault, we redeem the fatal
day at Manassas.—[N. Y. Post.

A Union Virginian's Report—Interesting

A gentleman "of northern birth and Union
leanings," who escaped from his residence near
Manassas, got through the rebel lines, and
came to Washington with the retreating army,
states to a Philadelphian, who communicated
it to the Bulletin, that the rebel loss at the
battle is between three thousand and four
thousand. The Black Horse Cavalry, the
crack regiment of Virginia, was most terribly
cut up, only two hundred out of the regiment
being seen after the battle. Further, this gen-
tleman declares that it was a most fortunate
thing for the Union troops that they did not
drive the rebels beyond Manassas, while the
battle lasted, for within two miles of the rear
of the Junction the ground, for many acres is
mined in the most artistic manner, and tons
upon tons of gunpowder are placed there. It
was the intention of Beauregard to retreat, if
driven back, until the Federal army had
moved forward upon these mines, when they
would have been fired and the Union troops
blown to atoms. He thinks the Government
is not at all aware of the extent of these rebel
preparations to destroy our troops. There are
upwards of twelve thousand negroes employ-
ed to work in the entrenchments at Manassas,
and about the same number employed to work
in the entrenchments at Richmond. He him-
self is the owner of a large number of slaves,
and was required to furnish a certain number
of them to work for the rebels every day.

General Lee was not at Manassas when the
battle occurred, but is now at Richmond com-
manding the active force there, which may be
estimated at ten thousand men.

The city of Richmond is surrounded with
mines like those at Manassas, and if the rebels
find that the Union men are going to take it,
the city will be blown up.

Had the Federal Forces got beyond Manassas
last Sunday in safety, Beauregard admits that
the rebel cause would have been lost forever.

The rebel troops have good arms, but are
very badly equipped.

Not over a thousand rebel civilians were al-
lowed to witness the great battle of Sunday,
others being kept back by the pickets. Those
who did see the fight were personal friends of
the more prominent officers.

An impression prevails at the South that the
North has no money and cannot get any. The
rebels are under the delusion that the heavy
sums owed to the North by the South will be
the means of making us bankrupt, and that in
less than a year the North will "cave in."
There are two regiments of well drilled negroes
at Richmond. Our informant heard no rumors
of trouble with slave insurrectons, except in
North Carolina and Alabama. The bitterness
of feeling at the South against the North is
described as terrible, and our informant thought
that Federal prisoners would suffer bad treat-
ment in rebel hands.

Military Notices.

RECRUITS WANTED.—Seventy able-bodied men to fill to the full complement of 101 men
CO. D, (Late City Guards,) 12TH REGIMENT PA. VOLS.
COL. DAVID CAMPBELL.
The Regiment has been accepted for three years, or during the War. Office No. 85 Fourth street, between Wood and Market.
A. S. M. MORGAN,
Captain.
jy16-tf

RECRUITS FOR THE TWELFTH PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.—Office No. 85 FOURTH STREET, between Wood and Market.
By authority of the War Department, permit to Colonel Campbell, I desire to fill the Twelfth Regiment immediately. Volunteers are accepted for three years; and will receive, in addition to the regular pay, the benefit of all pension laws, and one hundred dollars cash on their discharge from service.
Applications by Company, when properly and efficiently officered, will be acceptable. Also seventy men to fill to the full complement of one hundred and one man Co. B, (late City Guards) of this Regiment.
The Regiment will rendezvous at York, Pa., and when recruited to the maximum standard, will be immediately placed in the line of active duty.
A. S. M. MORGAN,
Lieutenant Twelfth Regiment Pa. Vols.,
Jy16tf Regimental Recruiting Officer.

U. S. CAVALRY RECRUITS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 850 ABLE-BODIED MEN, between the ages of 18 and 35 to enlist the Third Regiment U. S. Cavalry. Men accustomed to horses will be given preference.
Each man will be furnished by the U. S. a good horse and equipments, ample clothing and subsistence of the best quality.
The pay ranges from $12 to $21 per month, according to the rank and services of the soldier, and so complete is the provision made by the government for all his wants that he can save every cent of his pay if he chooses, leaving him at the end his enlistment from $600 to $1,200.
Attention is called to the fact that the government have wisely commenced to promote officers from the ranks and advancement is therefore opened to all who enlist.
H. T. McLEAN,
First Lieutenant Third Cavalry.
Recruiting Station, National Hotel, Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy12:2md

Public Notices.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—JOHN BROWN, of Ross township, will be a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the County Convention
jy12 dawto

FOR DIARRHEA, CHOLERA, Cramps, &c. The BALSAM DE MALTA has been tested and found to be a never failing remedy for Diarrhea Cholera, Cramps and diseases of the stomach and bowels. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by the proprietor
G. H. RISLEY,
Jy25:1ems corner Pasture alley and Felicity street.

THE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have declared a semi-annual DIVIDEND of one and a half per cent. on the Capital Stock. Payable on demand.
W. R. CUPPIANI,
Jy23 1w Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL MINING COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, July 12, 1861.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of the NATIONAL MINING COMPANY have declared a dividend of two dollars per share, payable on the 25th instant, to stockholders or their legal representatives, appearing at such, at the time of business on the morning of the 23d July, 1861.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JAMES M. COOPER, Treasurer.
jy22:1m

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 8, 1861.
DIVIDEND.—At a meeting of the Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, held this day, it was resolved, that a dividend of five dollars per share on the capital stock be declared out of the profits of the year ending June 30th, 1861, payable in bankable funds, on demand, at the office of the Company, and that a reduction of ten cents per one thousand cubic feet be made on all bills of gas due on and after the 1st of August next.
JAMES M. CHRISTY,
jy11:2w Treasurer.

New Advertisements.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR!
Three sheets, showing all the
Forts and Stations
of the FEDERAL AND REBEL ARMIES.
for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,
corner Wood and Third streets.
N. B. Three Maps are new, just out from the press, engraved on steel. my18

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES.
GEORGE R. WHITE & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth street.
Have made further reduction in prices for the purpose of clearing out their Spring stock.
All their Fancy EMBROIDERED MOZAMBIQUES,
FEULARD SILKS,
BAREGE ANGLAIS,
PLAIN DELAINES,
FRENCH PRINTED JACONETS and ORGANDIES,
Will be sold at 33 per cent. less than former prices.
On hand a large stock of Irish Linens of their own importation, cheap. Also, Bleached Muslins, in all widths at Old Prices.

SECOND HAND PIANOS—Good second hand Pianos, which will be sold from $80 to $175, cash.
Also, Pianos to rent, from $7 to $12 per quarter
NEW PIANOS, $175, cash,
warranted to be perfect in every respect for five years,
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
No 62 Fifth street, Odd Fellows' Building.

EXTRACTS for the HANDKERCHIEF.
BLASHED BADY, BOQUET CAROLINE,
CITRONELLA, FRAGIPANNI, GERANIUM, HELIOTROPE,
JENNY LIND, JASMIN, JOCKEY CLUB, MAGNOLIA,
MILLEFLEURS, HONEYSUCKLE, MOUSELINE,
NEW MOWN HAY, MUSK,
NOTHING NEW, ORANGE BLOSSOM,
PATCHOULY, ROSE,
ROSE GERANIUM, RONDOLETIA,
SANDAL, SPRING FLOWERS,
SWEET CLOVER, SWEET BRIAR, SWEET SIXTEEN,
SWEET HERBS, UPPER TEN,
VERBENA, VIOLET OF THE WOODS,
WHITE FEND, WILD FLOWERS, &c
For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
Druggist and Dealer in Family Medicines,
jy27:3,M corner Smithfield and Fourth streets

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 22, 1861.
PUBLIC NOTICE—Is hereby given, that the undersigned is prepared to settle all claims, duly authenticated against the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company, incurred for the purposes of transportation, prior to September 1, 1859 by paying thereon twenty five per cent. in cash, and the remainder in script, convertible into the third mortgage bonds of the new Company when it shall be organized, under a plan to be agreed upon by the Committee of Stockholders and Bondholders of the said Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company, dated October 22, 1860. For the purpose of adjusting such claims will apply immediately at the office of the undersigned, No. 23 Fifth street.
T. M. MESSLER,
jy16 10t Attorney for the Purchasing Committee.

PROPOSALS—Will be received until WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 31st, for adding four feet of stone work, in height, and two feet in width, to the stone wall which encloses the Refuge Grounds; the present wall to be then placed on top of same when the 4 feet is added. Also, taking down, say 110 feet of present wall to surface of ground, and replacing the same. Materials to be the best quality, and the work to be done in a good and workmanlike manner; subject to the approval and direction of Building Committee of the Board of Managers of Refuge. Terms cash, as work progresses with a retention of 20 per cent. till the work is completed and approved. All proposals for the work to be by the perch, and left with either of the undersigned.
JOHN SANFORD, Manchester, } Building
JOHN PHILLIPS, 28 St. Clair st. } Committee.
JOHN M'CANDLESS, 103 Wood st. }
jy26 3t

NOTICE TO BIDDERS FOR FURNISHING MATERIALS FOR ARMY CLOTHING.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner Broadway and Howard streets,
New York, July 13, 1861.
By advertisement of the 8th instant, for proposals for furnishing Materials for Army clothing it so modified as to read as follows:
1,554,000 yards Kersey dark blue (indigo wool dyed) twilled, 27 inches wide, to weigh 11 ounces per yard, instead of 767,000 yards of the same article 54 inches wide and 22 ounces to the yard. And for
58,100 yards of Kersey, sky blue (indigo wool dyed) 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard, and 1,258,000 yards of the same article 27 inches wide, to weigh 11 ounces per yard, instead of 700,000 yards of 54 inches wide.
D. H. VINTON,
jy26:3t Major and Quartermaster.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS—Just received in store and for sale by
25 boxes Best Cream Cheese;
6 tierces Sugar Cured Hams;
1000 lbs. City Cut Shoulders;
25 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
14 sacks Dried Peaches;
50 do. Shaker Brooms;
50 doz. Common do;
10 bbls Rye Flour;
150 bush Neshannock Potatoes;
25 half bbls White Fish;
25 do do Lake Herring.
L. G. GRAFF,
jy26 247 Liberty street.

EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.
HORNE'S
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
Collars, Sets, Handkerchiefs, Skirts;
Caps, Bertha, Infants' Waists;
Stamping and French Flouncing;
Dimity Bands, &c. &c.
Still continues at 77 Market street,
Where ladies will find the GREATEST BARGAINS, as the stock has been reduced to cost, and less than cost, in order to clear it out before the Fall trade commences.
JOSEPH HORNE,
jy20 77 Market street.

ILLUMINATED CEILINGS—Both antique and modern. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
jy27 57 Wood street.

WATER PIPES.—6,000 yards Stone, from 2 to 6 inches calibre, for sale by
jy27 HENRY H. COLLINS.

DECORATIVE PAPER HANGINGS—of architectural designs. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL.
jy27

CHIMNEY TOPS.—220, of various sizes. For sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

BROOM CORN BRUSH.—40 bales, a superior article, for sale by HENRY H COLLINS.

RICH GOLD AND VELVET—Paper Hangings. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL.

New Advertisements.

Duff's College.
IRON BUILDINGS, FIFTH STREET, PA.,
Established in 1840.
Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,
Being the only Commercial College in the country conducted by a Practical Merchant Over
6,000 Students
From thirty States have here earned a business reputation equal to that of West Point graduates for the army. Duff's systems of
MERCANTILE BOOK-KEEPING,
Awarded FOUR SILVER MEDALS and the sanction of Special Committees of the American Institute and Chamber of Commerce of New York, as the best known. Also,
STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING,
Pronounced by the late Cashier of one of our banks, "a perfect system for such books and accounts" Also, Duff's new system of
RAILROAD BOOK-KEEPING
(In manuscript,) the only system of this branch of accounts taught in the city. Also, Duff's new system of
BANK BOOK-KEEPING,
(In manuscript,) the only one in use, practically adapted to Private Banking. These systems of accounts are here taught under the daily supervision of the author, with his daily lectures drawn from nearly forty years experience in business. The last United State and Pittsburgh Fairs awarded our Professors of Penmanship
Nine First Premiums
In all departments of
Business and Ornamental Penmanship,
Over all the best pearmen in the country.
For full particulars send for our elegant new circular, p. 63, which, with a spun 11 engraving of the Iron Buildings, 20 x 36 inches, and samples of Messrs. Wm. H. Bunting and Cochran's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, is mailed, post paid, on receipt of 25 cents in stamps, by
P. DUFF & SON,
jy25 1ulaw Principals.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF CARPETS.—Two thousand yards of Carpet, consisting of twenty four pieces, will be sold at the Auction Store of Joseph Davis, Fifth street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, July 27th, 1861, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Sheriff
jy22

STRAY COW.—Strayed from the subscriber, in Temperanceville, on July 16th, a Brown colored HEIFER, about one year old. Any information will be thankfully received by
JAMES CONWELL, Temperanceville.
jy22 2t

WET GOODS.
GREAT BARGAINS!
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD'S
CLOSING OUT SALE.
Calicos at 8 cents, worth 12½;
Calicos at 6 cents, worth 12½;
Red Flannel, all wool, 12½ cents;
Check 10 cents, worth 12½;
Bleached Muslin 9 cents, worth 11;
Satinet 62½ cents, worth 87½;
Satinet 75 cents, worth $1,
This is a part of the lot of goods damaged by fire and water, at the late fire on Wood street, and most of them are perfectly good. Call and see them. 122d
DAMAGED GOODS.
FOR ONE DAY ONLY.
100 PIECES OF CHECK,
Slightly Damaged at
THE LATE FIRE,
AT
WILSON, CARR & CO'S.,
ON WOOD STREET.
J. W. BARBER & CO.
jy26:wtf 59 Market street.

CHEAP FOR CASH!
AT
CHARLES GIPNER'S,
76 MARKET STREET.
Dress Trimmings,
Embroidered Jaconet and Swiss Collars,
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings,
Lace Collars and Sets,
Ladies' Embroidered Skirts,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Bonnet Ribbons,
Gloves and Gauntlets
Lace and Grenadine Veils.
Lace Collars and Sets,
Port Monnaies,
Fancy Fans,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
Gents' Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
jy2

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,
Brass Founders and Manufacturers,
PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
GAS FIXTURES,
Pumps and Brass Work,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
OIL WELL PUMPS,
of Brass, Copper or Iron, with the most approved Chambers and Valves of all kinds, and warranted to give satisfaction.
MANUFACTORY,
No. 110 Water and 104 Second sts. PITTSBURGH.
jy22:1y

CLOSING OUT SALE!
OF
FRENCH EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS;
BONNET RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS;
DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC.
FOR CASH.
At EATON, MACRUM & CO'S.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.
We are determined to close out our Summer Stock before opening Fall Goods, and will make our prices so low as to insure a sale to all who want to buy.
MERCHANTS and DEALERS who wish to sell again can have goods at the very lowest prices for cash.
jy15ed
JUST FROM NEW YORK THIS A. M.
EXTRA CHEAP!
47 dozen LINEN COLLARS;
10 boxes LINEN SETS;
50 dozen LINEN HANDK'FS;
JACONETT TRIMMINGS;
&c., &c.
EMBROIDERIES still selling off at greatly reduced Prices at HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE.
jy23 6tsaaw 77 Market street.

DR. H. O. JONES,
103 WYLIE STREET,
my21ms PITTSBURGH.

FLOUR—50 bbls Family Flour just rec'd and for sale by
jel7 HENRY H. COLLINS.

Official.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner of Howard and Mercer streets,
NEW YORK, July 8, 1861.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., on MONDAY, the 29th day of July instant, when they will be publicly opened, for furnishing by contract the following materials for Army clothing, deliverable at such place or places in the city of New York as may be hereafter designated, in quantities as required, viz:
[illegible] yards cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) for cape, 54 inches wide, to weigh 14 ounces per yard.
[illegible] yards cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 21 ounces per yard.
[illegible] yards kersey, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard.
100,000 yards kersey, sky blue, (indigo wool dyed,) 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard.
5,000 yards sky blue facing cloth.
75,000 yards best quality black alpaca.
100,000 yards flannel, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) 54 inches wide, to weigh 10 ounces per yard.
267,000 yards flannel, cotton and wool, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
1,175,000 yards flannel, white, (cotton and wool,) 31 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
1,134,000 yards canton flannel, 27 inches wide, to weigh 7 ounces per yard.
824,000 yards cotton drilling, unbleached, 27 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
624,000 yards cotton drilling, unbleached, 36 inches wide, to weigh 8 ounces per yard.
60,000 yards brown Holland, 36 inches wide, best quality.
114,000 yards cotton muslin, unbleached, 36 inches wide.
19,000 yards black Silesia, 36 inches wide, best quality.
150,000 yards canvas padding.
81,000 yards buckram, 40 inches wide, best quality.
204,000 sheets wadding, cotton.
120,000 pieces tape, (8 yards,) white, ½ inch wide
——silk, best quality, per pound.
——sewing silk, best quality, per pound.
7,000 linen thread, W. B., No. 20 and No. 40, per pound.
62,000 linen thread, blue, No. 20 and 40, per pound.
4,000 linen thread, assorted colors, No. 35 and 40, per pound.
84,000 spools cotton.
6,960 gross hooks and eyes.
23,950 gross coat buttons, best quality.
16,670 gross vest buttons, best quality.
83,520 gross shirt buttons, best quality.
32,520 gross suspender buttons, best quality.
10,625 paste board.
100,000 yards cotton cord.
200,000 army blankets, wool, gray, (with the letters U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the center,) to be 7 feet long, and 5 feet 8 inches wide, to weigh 5 pounds each.
800,000 pairs of half stockings, gray, 3 size, properly made of good fleece wool, with double and twisted yarn, to weigh 3 pounds per dozen pairs.
800,000 pairs bootees.
200,000 black felt hats, best quality, made of Scotch and English coney and Russia hare.
200,000 hat cords, worst d, blue 236 inch diameter, with a tassel at each end, twelve inches long.
200 000 black ostrich feathers, 12 inches long.
200,000 brass eagles.
200,000 brass bugles.
1,400 gross buckles, for neck stocks.
——leather for neck stocks.
——visor leather, for caps.
——leather, for chin straps for caps
20 000 skins morocco.
1,400 yrs c brass sliders for caps.
9 0 pairs R. O. F. brass scales.
1 800 pairs sergeants' brass scales.
192,000 pairs corporals' and musicians' brass scales.
All the above mentioned articles must conform in every respect to the sealed standard patterns in this office, where they may be examined and additional information received concerning them.
As it is desirable that the articles be of domestic fabrication, bids from manufacturers or regular dealers will be preferred, which must be made for and conform to such articles only, in quality and description, as are required by the advertisement and the samples in this office, but contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who shall furnish satisfactory securities for the faithful performance thereof.
The manufacturers' establishment or dealers' place of business must be distinctly stated in the proposal, together with the name, address and responsibility of two persons proposed as sureties. The surcties will guarantee that a contract shall be entered into within ten days after the acceptance of said bid or proposal.
Proposals will be received for any one of the articles separately, and for any portion of each, not less than one-fourth of the number or quantity named bid for.
The privilege is reserved by and for the United States of rejecting any proposal that may be deemed extravagant.
Delivery to commence twenty days after the acceptance of the proposals, and one third of the quantity contracted for must be delivered within two months from said date of acceptance; and the remainder in monthly proportions, within four months of said date of acceptance, or sooner if practicable. Bidders will, nevertheless, state in their proposals the shortest possible time in which the quantities bid for can be delivered by them.
All articles will be subject to inspection by sworn Inspectors, appointed by authority of the United States
It is to be distinctly understood that contracts are not transferable without the consent of the proper authority, and that any sale, assignment or transfer, without such consent having been obtained (except under a process of law) will be regarded as an abandonment of the contract; and the contractor and his or their securities will be held responsible for all loss or damage to the United States which may arise therefrom.
Payments will be made on each delivery should Congress have made an appropriation to meet them, or as soon thereafter as an appropriation shall be made for that purpose. Ten per cent. of the amount of each delivery will be retained until the contract shall be completed, which will be forfeited to the United States in case of delination on the part of the contractor in fulfilling the contract.
Forms of proposals and guarantee will be furnished upon application to this office, and none will be considered that do not conform thereto.
Proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Army Tents," and be addressed
Major D. H. VINTON,
jy26:4t Quartermaster U. S. Army, Box 2256 Post Office.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner of Howard and Mercer streets,
NEW YORK, July 8, 1861.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., on MONDAY, the 29th day of July by contract the following Army Clothing, to be made of materials furnished by the Government, the articles to be delivered at the U. S. Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this city. That is to say:
200,000 infantry forage caps.
200,000 blankets, to weigh 11 ounces per yard, instead of 167,000 yards of the same article 54 inches wide and 22 ounces to the yard. And for
58,100 yards of Kersey, sky blue (indigo wool dyed) 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard, and 1,258,000 yards of the same article 27 inches wide, to weigh 11 ounces per yard, instead of 700,000 yards of 54 inches wide.
D. H. VINTON,
jy26:3t Major and Quartermaster.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS—Just received in store and for sale by
25 boxes Best Cream Cheese;
6 tierces Sugar Cured Hams;
1000 lbs. City Cut Shoulders;
25 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
14 sacks Dried Peaches;
50 doz. Shaker Brooms;
50 doz. Common do;
10 bbls Rye Flour;
150 bush Neshannock Potatoes;
25 half bbls White Fish;
25 do do Lake Herring.
L. G. GRAFF,
jy26 247 Liberty street.

EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.
HORNE'S
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
Collars, Sets, Handkerchiefs, Skirts;
Caps, Bertha, Infants' Waists;
Stamping and French Flouncing;
Dimity Bands, &c. &c.
Still continues at 77 Market street,
Where ladies will find the GREATEST BARGAINS, as the stock has been reduced to cost, and less than cost, in order to clear it out before the Fall trade commences.
JOSEPH HORNE,
jy20 77 Market street.

ILLUMINATED CEILINGS—Both antique and modern. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
jy27 57 Wood street.

WATER PIPES.—6,000 yards Stone, from 2 to 6 inches calibre, for sale by
jy27 HENRY H. COLLINS.

DECORATIVE PAPER HANGINGS—of architectural designs. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL.
jy27

CHIMNEY TOPS.—220, of various sizes. For sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

BROOM CORN BRUSH.—40 bales, a superior article, for sale by HENRY H COLLINS.

RICH GOLD AND VELVET—Paper Hangings. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL.

Official.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner Howard and Mercer streets,
NEW YORK, July 8, 1861.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., on TUESDAY, the 30th day of July instant, when they will be publicly opened, for furnishing by contract the following materials for Army clothing, deliverable at such place or places in the city of New York as may be hereafter designated, in quantities as required, viz:
[illegible] yards cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) for cape, 54 inches wide, to weigh 14 ounces per yard.
[illegible] yards cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 21 ounces per yard.
[illegible] yards kersey, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard.
100,000 yards kersey, sky blue, (indigo wool dyed,) 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard.
5,000 yards sky blue facing cloth.
75,000 yards best quality black alpaca.
100,000 yards flannel, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) 54 inches wide, to weigh 10 ounces per yard.
267,000 yards flannel, cotton and wool, dark blue, (indigo wool dyed,) to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
1,175,000 yards flannel, white, (cotton and wool,) 31 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
1,134,000 yards canton flannel, 27 inches wide, to weigh 7 ounces per yard.
824,000 yards cotton drilling, unbleached, 27 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
624,000 yards cotton drilling, unbleached, 36 inches wide, to weigh 8 ounces per yard.
60,000 yards brown Holland, 36 inches wide, best quality.
114,000 yards cotton muslin, unbleached, 36 inches wide.
19,000 yards black Silesia, 36 inches wide, best quality.
150,000 yards canvas padding.
81,000 yards buckram, 40 inches wide, best quality.
204,000 sheets wadding, cotton.
120,000 pieces tape, (8 yards,) white, ½ inch wide
——silk, best quality, per pound.
——sewing silk, best quality, per pound.
7,000 linen thread, W. B., No. 20 and No. 40, per pound.
62,000 linen thread, blue, No. 20 and 40, per pound.
4,000 linen thread, assorted colors, No. 35 and 40, per pound.
84,000 spools cotton.
6,960 gross hooks and eyes.
23,950 gross coat buttons, best quality.
16,670 gross vest buttons, best quality.
83,520 gross shirt buttons, best quality.
32,520 gross suspender buttons, best quality.
10,625 paste board.
100,000 yards cotton cord.
200,000 army blankets, wool, gray, (with the letters U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the center,) to be 7 feet long, and 5 feet 8 inches wide, to weigh 5 pounds each.
800,000 pairs of half stockings, gray, 3 size, properly made of good fleece wool, with double and twisted yarn, to weigh 3 pounds per dozen pairs.
800,000 pairs bootees.
200,000 black felt hats, best quality, made of Scotch and English coney and Russia hare.
200,000 hat cords, worst d, blue 236 inch diameter, with a tassel at each end, twelve inches long.
200 000 black ostrich feathers, 12 inches long.
200,000 brass eagles.
200,000 brass bugles.
1,400 gross buckles, for neck stocks.
——leather for neck stocks.
——visor leather, for caps.
——leather, for chin straps for caps
20 000 skins morocco.
1,400 yrs c brass sliders for caps.
9 0 pairs R. O. F. brass scales.
1 800 pairs sergeants' brass scales.
192,000 pairs corporals' and musicians' brass scales.
All the above mentioned articles must conform in every respect to the sealed standard patterns in this office, where they may be examined and additional information received concerning them.
As it is desirable that the articles be of domestic fabrication, bids from manufacturers or regular dealers will be preferred, which must be made for and conform to such articles only, in quality and description, as are required by the advertisement and the samples in this office, but contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who shall furnish satisfactory securities for the faithful performance thereof.
The manufacturers' establishment or dealers' place of business must be distinctly stated in the proposal, together with the name, address and responsibility of two persons proposed as sureties. The surcties will guarantee that a contract shall be entered into within ten days after the acceptance of said bid or proposal.
Proposals will be received for any one of the articles separately, and for any portion of each, not less than one-fourth of the number or quantity named bid for.
The privilege is reserved by and for the United States of rejecting any proposal that may be deemed extravagant.
Delivery to commence twenty days after the acceptance of the proposals, and one third of the quantity contracted for must be delivered within two months from said date of acceptance; and the remainder in monthly proportions, within four months of said date of acceptance, or sooner if practicable. Bidders will, nevertheless, state in their proposals the shortest possible time in which the quantities bid for can be delivered by them.
All articles will be subject to inspection by sworn Inspectors, appointed by authority of the United States
It is to be distinctly understood that contracts are not transferable without the consent of the proper authority, and that any sale, assignment or transfer, without such consent having been obtained (except under a process of law) will be regarded as an abandonment of the contract; and the contractor and his or their securities will be held responsible for all loss or damage to the United States which may arise therefrom.
Payments will be made on each delivery should Congress have made an appropriation to meet them, or as soon thereafter as an appropriation shall be made for that purpose. Ten per cent. of the amount of each delivery will be retained until the contract shall be completed, which will be forfeited to the United States in case of delination on the part of the contractor in fulfilling the contract.
Forms of proposals and guarantee will be furnished upon application to this office, and none will be considered that do not conform thereto.
Proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Army Supplies and Materials," and be addressed,
Major D. H. VINTON,
jy26:4t Quartermaster U. S. Army, Box 2256 Post Office.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner of Howard and Mercer streets,
NEW YORK, July 8, 1861.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., on THURSDAY, the 8th day of August next, when they will be publicly opened, for furnishing by contract, the following Army Supplies and Materials, to be delivered at such place or places in the city of New York as may be hereafter designated, in quantities as required, viz:
200,000 canteen straps.
25,000 camp kettles, sheet iron, 3 size in seats 16½ lbs.
67,000 mess pans, sheet iron, weight 2 pounds.
1,700 iron pots with bails
80,000 felling axes, cast steel, best quality, 4½, 5, and 5½ pounds
60,000 axe handles, best hickory
27,000 camp hatchets, cast steel, best quality, 18 oz
84,000 hatchet handles, best hickory
27,000 pickaxes, 3 sizes, to weigh 6½ and 7 pounds
84,000 pickaxe handles, best hickory
50,000 axe slings
27,000 hatchet slings
21,000 spades, 2 sizes, best quality
500 sets hospital tent rod s
4,300 sets wall tent poles
27,000 sibley tent poles with iron tripod
3 000 sets of sutlers' tent poles
9,000 hospital tent pins, large
10,000 hospital tent pins, small
62,000 wall tent pins, large
680,000 common tent pins
10,000 sibley tent stoves:
3,000 drums infantry
2,000 drum
2,000 drum heads, batter
2,000 drum heads, snare
6,000 pairs drum sticks
3,000 drum stick carriages
2,000 sets of drum snares
2,000 drum slings
3,000 drum cords of Italian hemp, 84 feet long
1,000 bugles, with extra mouth piece
1,000 infantry bugle cord and tassels
200 garrison flag halliards
200 recruiting flag halliards
400,000 great coat straps
8,000 sergeants' sashes
200,000 brass letters, 23,000 each, of 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 0;
274,000 brass numbers, 24,000 each, of 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 0;
50,000 of 1, and 40 000 of 6, to serve also as 9
80,000 yards worsted lace (blue), 1¼ inches wide
400,000 yards worsted lace (blue), ½ inch wide
200 pairs sergeant major (infantry) chevrons
200 pairs quartermaster's sergeant (infantry