Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Publication Office, Fifth street, near Smithfield.

Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

TERMS:

Morning Edition—go per annum in advance, or 12c. per week from carriers.

Evening Edition—$3 per annum in advance, or 6c. per week from carriers.

Weekly Edition—Single copies, $2 per annum; five or more, $1 25c ten or upwards, $1 per annum, invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1861.

Operations in Western Virginia.

The dispatch from Beverly gives a brief statement of a brilliant action a little to the west of Beverly, resulting in a total rout of a strong camp of Secessionists. Beverly is in Randolph county, on the north east branch of the Cheat River, not far from its sources, and on the western slope of the Allegheny mountain.

It is now evident that these Southern rebels are not the men they professed to be, for in no case have they made a creditable stand. The precipitate evacuation of a strong position, in the affair of which we are speaking, without making even an attempt at defense, and leaving their cannon, their tents, their wagons, and even their sick men, to fall into the hands of our troops, is evidence of the desperate panic into which they were thrown by the defeat of their outlying detachment by McClellan's flanking party, under command of Gen. Rosecrance. Thus is Gen. McClellan driving the rebels before him into the mountains, having already swept all the northern portion of Western Virginia. We think the most ardent hater of treason will be satisfied with the speed and invariable success of the work in that quarter. We can see now the propriety of holding still in Eastern Virginia until McClellan's powerful column can be brought over, making clean work as it progresses, and then taking the main body under Davis and Beauregard upon the western and southwestern flank.

A Southern Estimate of Northern Men.

A few years ago a Pennsylvanian in Kentucky fell in with an old gentleman who was at first quite friendly and sociable. At length, in the course of conversation, he learned that his companion was from Pennsylvania. Instantly his manner changed, and he poured a torrent of abuse upon him and his State. Of course a warm colloquy ensued, which it is not worth while to rehearse. After being driven from Pennsylvania, the old gentleman lit upon Ohio, whose people he accused with "stealing their property," and running it off by the underground railroad. Finding that the Pennsylvanian was not inclined to condole with him very much in his affliction, he raised his arm, and exclaimed with great energy: "We have but one remedy! We have but one remedy!"

"What's that remedy?" the other asked.

"We must arm our young men, and march them across that river, and *compel* them to do us justice."

"Is that all the remedy you have got?"

"It is all that is left."

"Well, then, my good friend, you had better give it up."

"Give it up!" said he; "What for?"

"Why, if you send your young men over there they'll get flogged."

"Flogged! flogged!" exclaimed the old gentleman, in a loud tone, his whole frame quivering with indignation.

"Yes," said the Pennsylvanian, "tremendously flogged."

"Why," said the old gentleman, in a tone vehemently scornful, "one Kentuckian is a match for ten of those fellows."

"Don't delude yourself with any such nonsense; for if you send your young men over there, man for man they'll meet their match, and they have more men over there than you have."

The old gentleman rose and walked hastily away.

There is little doubt but that the same exaggerated notions of Southern prowess, as compared with that of the North, are entertained by thousands of people in the slave holding States; and when we remember the large experience they have had of the cringing servility of dough-faces, and the cowering timidity of the old race of Union Savers, we can hardly blame them. Those were the men who brought the present troubles upon the country. There is no place on earth where cowards are more cordially despised than in the Southern States; yet, judging by the *running* there has been of late in Virginia, they too have their share of that despised class.

Pittsburgh as a Site for a National Armory and Foundery.

In the early part of last month our readers will remember that we considered at some length the advantages of this city for the above purpose. We cordially commended the movement to our fellow-citizens, and called on all those who had special information which could be turned to account, to communicate it unto the Committee appointed by the meeting held on the 6th of June, so that a strong case might be prepared, and every fact of importance, and all necessary information bearing on the subject, might be embodied in the memorial to be laid before the Government of the United States. This memorial is now before us, and certainly the Committee deserve all praise for the manner in which they have done the work confided to them. Under the following heads the Committee have constructed and sustained such an outline of argument as cannot fail to prove to the satisfaction of every candid enquirer, that our city offers advantages altogether unrivalled for the site of a National Armory and Foundery:

1. The geographical position of this city with reference to the whole Union, and its probable security from attacks of an enemy.
2. The means of transportation to and from other parts of the country.
3. The healthfulness of the location.
4. The cheapness and abundance of motive power.
5. The mineralogical position in reference to the material most essential in the construction of the works and the manufacture of arms—including the various kinds of iron, with steel, copper, fuel, lumber, &c.
6. The price, supply and skill of labor.
7. Ready access to various kinds of manufacturing establishments, where machinery and tools of all varieties for working in iron, steel, copper and wood can at all times be obtained with the least delay, and at the lowest rates.
8. The supply and cheapness of food.
9. The probable security of the location with reference to insurrection or rebellion.

Within the space of fourteen or fifteen pages the Committee have presented all these points with sufficient distinctness—judiciously preferring to sum up the results of a pretty wide field of details (not unexplored in any part, however, as this able summary itself is an all-sufficient witness,) rather than encumber their memorial with what can be easily reached elsewhere, in works perfectly accessible to everybody who wishes to examine the statistics on which the statements made in this able memorial are based. The map which the Committee have had prepared, and which they they have prefixed to their memorial, was a good idea. It is a *coup-d'oeil* of argument in itself—and shows that, besides work in iron and steel, Pittsburgh can turn out such specimens of work in other departments of the arts as will do her no discredit wherever they may come.

On the whole we feel great satisfaction in reading this memorial, and think that the Committee have faithfully and ably performed the important labor which they undertook, and deserve the gratitude of their fellow-citizens—which we trust will be rendered yet more deep and abiding by the success of this movement in securing to Pittsburgh the site of a National Armory and Foundery, for which this memorial so effectively presents her claim by proving the unrivalled advantages of her position.

Wise Reported Hung.

The Washington correspondent of the Press wrote on Friday last:

There is a report that Wise has been taken prisoner and hung. The report comes from Marshall Lamon, who gives it as official. It is possible however, that even this high authority may be misinformed. So we wait for the mails for facts.

About Taking Washington.

The Memphis *Appeal* has a correspondent at Richmond whose qualifications for that position are certainly of a very high order—nay, of the very highest—General Bragg himself, whose name is so suggestive to all the world, but especially to Davis, Beauregard and his fellow rebels, being even thrown into the shade. The Memphis *Appeal* refreshes its readers with the decidedly pleasant account which this correspondent writes of the projected taking of Washington by the army of the Great Confederacy. Yes, we were right in the word we used, for surely it is refreshing in warm weather to meet with such coolness as there is everywhere in the following, which we quote from that delectable correspondent:

The occasion is highly favorable for the capture of Washington, since from the vast military stores now collected there, the Confederate army can supply itself with an outfit for the projected campaign. By a bold and vigorous movement of Gen. Johnson's division into Maryland, the enemy's right might be turned, and Washington assailed simultaneously in front and rear. Apart from the fact that Gen. Scott is known to have a long standing aversion to a fire in the direction last named, this movement would enable our forces to cut off the retreat of the enemy, thus securing to us the full fruition of the victory. The plan is feasible, and may find a speedy adoption. The Confederates can take Washington when they list; the only question is, can they afford to incur any serious loss in the capture of a position of no strategic importance, and the capture of which would inevitably have to be followed by the destruction of all the public property within its limits, which could not be appropriated to the use of the army. Indeed, I suppose it is with a full knowledge of the liability to capture the Federal Capital, and the strong probability of the early occurrence of such an event, that the Lincoln Government is already clandestinely removing the national archives to Philadelphia.

After quoting this specimen of the Bragg-school of letter-writing, as practised in Richmond for the behoof of the Egyptian city of Tennessee, we are tempted to quote a certain Yankee in reply, who has written a letter from quite a different standpoint than Richmond affords—and probably a much better one for considering the safety or the danger of Washington at present. "There has been," says this correspondent, "great danger that the conspiracy would gain some important advantage over our government while it was in a disorganized state; but that is passed. Now, I can liken the war only to that between the enraged bull and the locomotive. The natural brute is sure to get the worst of it, while with caution and a cow-catcher, the artificial will convert its antagonist into harmless beef with no material damage to itself."

Col. Franz Sigel and the Loyal German Troops in Missouri.

The latest reports from Colonel Sigel's command in Missouri are that he had surrounded the rebels at Carthage, but was forced to withdraw his forces to the adjacent woods in consequence of the overwhelming numbers of the enemy. He gradually fell back to Mount Vernon, keeping the rebels at bay by incessant discharges of his artillery, and covering his retrograde movement with consummate skill that his loss was trifling. The reinforcements which marched to his relief have probably reached him before this time, and we shall undoubtedly soon hear of a decided movement against the rebels with asufficient force.

Colonel Franz Sigel, the officer who commanded the federal troops in this engagement, is one of the best officers in the service of the government. He is not only a brave man, but a practical and experienced soldier. In the revolution of 1848 he was commander of the republican forces in the Grand Duchy of Baden, under the provisional government of Hecker, Struve and Brontano, and conducted the campaign with great skill. The insurrection having been finally suppressed by the Prussian army, Sigel made his escape to this country, where Hecker and other of his compatriots also found refuge.

For several years past Colonel Sigel has resided in St. Louis, and on the first call of the President for troops to defend the government against the machinations of the rebels, he instantly entered the field, raising a regiment of German troops in St. Louis. Hecker, his former superior, left his pleasant home in Illinois, with his son, and both entered as privates in Sigel's regiment. This prompt and patriotic movement of the German population fired the emulation of their fellow-countrymen in Illinois, who immediately organized a Jager regiment in that State, and sent for Hecker to become their commander. At first Hecker declined the offer of a command, declaring that he had no higher aspiration than to serve as a private under his old friend Sigel, in whom he had more confidence than in himself; but, yielding to continued solicitation, procured his dismissal from Sigel's regiment and proceeded to Illinois to assume the colonelcy of the Jagers. This regiment is now encamped near Alton, Illinois.

Colonel Sigel is comparatively a young man, but his active military life and the experience gained in European warfare eminently fit him for the command in which he has already given proof of rare ability and singular coolness in the hour of danger. He will be frequently heard from in this campaign.

It is an interesting fact in connection with his history that he was earnestly solicited to take the command of a German brigade in New York city, but declined, alleging as a reason that there was a broad field of operations in Missouri, and that he could be more useful there than elsewhere. He preferred to adhere to his comrades in the ranks of the loyal Germans of St. Louis rather than leave them, assured that they were the men to give excellent accounts of themselves. His judgment is confirmed by the admirable steadiness of his soldiers in the recent affair at Carthage.

The Three Months' Volunteers.

One of our cotemporaries very properly remarks that any nervousness, such as sometimes shows itself of late, in reference to the approach of the expiration of the term of the enlistment of these volunteers, is quite uncalled for, as the great mass of the three months' men are willing to go for the war. All they ask is a recess at the end of their term, and many are willing to do without that. When we remember the action of the boys at Camp Dennison, when they came to the point, whether to go home or for the war, we can not doubt the immediate reenlistment for the war of the great mass of the three months' men. At least sixty-five out of the eighty thousand of them in the field will see the end, and be in at the death of Secession. Besides, if the three months' regiments at Washington should be informed next week that they were wanted for thirty days, to go to Richmond, they would hail the intelligence with a shout of joy.

In reference to this subject we find the following in the Washington correspondence of the Philadelphia "Press:"

"Quite an effort is making by experienced military men to induce the three months' volunteers, at the expiration of their term, to reenlist for the war. These troops have been admirably disciplined, and will constitute splendid material for new regiments. Many will doubtless return to their homes; but it is confidently expected that a majority are ready to remain in the service under new commanders.

"The New York 69th, the Irish Regiment, under command of the gallant Col. Corcoran, closes its three months' service on the 23d of July. This noble regiment has performed prodigies of labor, and, if an opportunity had presented, would have wonderfully distinguished itself in battle. The fortifications at Fort Corcoran are works that will always remain a monument of their disinterested services for their adopted country and will be held as a permanent defense of the city. Quite a number of army appointments have been made from the ranks of this fine regiment. A few days ago Captain's commissions in the regular army were tendered to Lieut.-Col. Nugent and Thomas Francis Meagher, esq.

"The first to go out of service will be the 'advance,' or 25th Regiment, Col. Oake commanding. Five companies of this regiment, you will remember, were the first to reach Washington in response to the President's proclamation, being one day ahead of the Massachusetts 6th. They reached here badly uniformed and almost entirely unarmed, and they were welcomed with the heartiest joy as the avant couriers of the deliverers of the capital."

The Position and Fate of General Scott.

In a late number of the Knoxville "Whig," Parson Brownlow, who knows the Southern rebels well, gives us the following significant paragraph:

We have reflected much upon the position of Gen. Scott, and his probable fate. The ability with which he plants his campaign, and the patience with which he executes his plans, we have never doubted would result in the success of the federal arms. To prevent this victory, and to bring defeat and confusion upon the Federal army, we believe that the Old Hero will be assassinated. We have been looking for such a result—we are now looking for it—and we shall not be in the least surprized to hear of it at any time.

Secession Barbarism.

Another refugee, who has made his escape from the Barbarians of the South, has given his experiences in a letter to the *World*: We take the following extract as a specimen both of what he saw and experienced. It refers to a scene he witnessed from the window of his cell while imprisoded in Memphis:—

While there I witnessed a scene of cruelty that would cause a savage to blush with shame, I verily believe. A schoolmistress, who had been teaching a few miles out of the city, thought it prudent to return to her home in New England, on account of the state of affairs, and so purchased a through ticket for Cairo. She was an educated lady, and a true woman in the highest sense of the word. No one could say a word against her, excepting that she was a Yankee, and that was deemed a sufficient reason for treating her as I am about to tell you. She had purchased her ticket, taken a seat in the car, and was anticipating her return to her good New England home, when a band of ruffians—I can call them by no more appropriate name—seized her, and also three Germans who were in the car, and hurried them off to the jail in which I was confined. Their crime was going North; let me tell you about their punishment. The men received fifty lashes a piece with a *knout*, and had their heads shaved; and that noble woman was whipped with a broad strap, and afterwards half of her head was shaved. I saw the outrage myself through the bars of my dungeon door, against which she fell back exhausted when the villians had ceased from their cruelty. Let me tell you, too, that the man who held her at the time was Thomas McElroy, of Syracuse, N. Y., and the one who plied the strap was John Duval, a native of Cleveland, Ohio. A few days afterward the lady was furnished with money enough to get home, and sent on her way rejoicing at having escaped from such a savage horde. I was so fortunate as not to receive such treatment, the general opinion being that I would be hung. But I got off from that too.

Military Notices.

ATTENTION, VOLUNTEERS!—A few more ABLE-BODIED MEN WANTED, to go to Philadelphia, to join other Pittsburgh boys now there, in Company E, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Twentieth Regiment. Will be uniformed as soon as they reach Philadelphia. Pay from the day they leave Pittsburgh.

Will positively leave Saturday, 13th. Apply to CAPTAIN FARRAR, or LIEUT STARR, at Wilkins Hall, Fourth st.

jy9.4tws

BRING ON YOUR HORSES AND MULES.

THE complement for Horses and Mules for the service of the United States having not been completed, all having HORSES or MULES which they wish to dispose of, will present them to the stable of Col Rody Patterson, Fourth street, until WEDNESDAY, July 17th.

The animals must be free from blemish or disease. The horses at least 15½ hands high, between 4 and 8 years old; the mules not less than 14 hands high, and between 4 and 8 years old. Most all be well trained to work.

A. BOYD,
jy9.2t.7d.jy11 Captain and Asst Q. M. U. S. A

U. S. CAVALRY RECRUITS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 850 ABLE-BODIED MEN, between the ages of 18 and 35 to enter the Third Regiment U. S. Cavalry. Men accustomed to horses will be given preference.

Each man will be furnished by the U. S. a good horse and equipments, ample clothing and subsistence of the best quality.

The pay ranges from $13 to $21 per month, according to the rank and service of the soldier, and so complete is the provision made by the government for all his wants that he can save every cent of his pay if he chooses, leaving him at the end his enlistment from $300 to $1,200.

Attention is called to the fact that the government have wisely commenced to promote officers from the ranks and advancement is therefore opened to all who enlist.

H. T. MCLEAN,
First Lieutenant Third Cavalry.

Recruiting Station, National Hotel, Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy3.1md

Public Notices.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., PITTSBURGH, July 13, 1861.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals will be received at this office until the 25th inst., for the Erection of a Bridge over Turtle Creek, near Brinton's Station, in Versailles and Wilkins townships; span to be eighty feet between the abutments. Also, for the erection of a Bridge over Street's Run, near the south, in Mifflin and Baldwin townships; span, forty feet; and for the repairing of one stone abutment of bridge over Lowry's Run, in Ohio township. Contractors at their own expense to furnish all material. Stone work to be of good second class masonry, to be done by the perch of twenty-five feet cubic measure to the perch, including all expense of excavation and digging foundation, &c., &c. Wood work to be done by the foot linear. Plan and specifications can be seen at the County Commissioners' Office, where all required information will be given. By direction of Co. Commissioners,

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.
jy13-2t

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 8, 1861.

DIVIDEND.—At a meeting of the Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, held this day, it was resolved, That a dividend of five dollars per share on the capital stock be declared out of the profits of the year ending June 30th, 1861, payable in bankable funds, on demand, at the office of the Company, and that a reduction of ten cents per one thousand cubic feet be made on all bills of gas due on and after the 1st of August next.

JAMES M. DESHETT,
jy11-2w Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Company (Hand street) have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

F. S. BISSELL, Treasurer.
jy12wd

New Advertisements.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR

Three sheets, showing all the

Forts and Stations

of the FEDERAL AND REBEL ARMIES.

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S, corner Wood and Third streets.

N. B. Three Maps are now, just wet from the press, engraved on steel. my4

SANDS' REMEDY FOR SALT RHEUM.—Is unquestionably the most successful and efficacious external application for salt rheum, ringworm, tetter, scald head, barber's itch, ulcers, boils, and blotches ever discovered; it has in many thousands of cases accomplished the most extraordinary cures, only requires to be well rubbed in, to penetrate the pores of the skin, and absorb the virus of the disease, it speedily removes the worst symptoms, and in a brief period completes a radical cure.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold also by Druggists generally. jy15d1w:w1tF

ROCKY'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA, IN POWDER,

AN AGREEABLE REFRIGERANT AND LAXATIVE.

Taken in the morning, regularly, it removes Biliousness, Sick Headache and Constipation, correcting acidities, and cooling of all febrile complaints. It can be taken freely by the most delicate at any time, when a mild purgative is required. It is a superior and economical substitute for SARATOGA and many Mineral Waters as a cooling drink. It gives immediate relief after eating or drinking too freely. For sale, wholesale, by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and at the Manufactory, No. 1033 Spring street, New York, and retail by most of druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

m26-6mdlw

LUBRICATING OIL.—20 bbls. superior Lubricating Oil, from Duck Creek, warranted free from grit or sand, just received and for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
jy15 112 Second st.

COFFEE.—199 bags Prime Rio received by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and for sale by

LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
jy15 112 Second street.

CERTIFICATES LOST.—Lost certificates of Stock, Numbers 5 and 6, for ten shares each, and No. 11, for twenty shares of the Capital Stock in the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh. All persons are warned against purchasing the same. Parties interested will show cause, if any, why duplicates shall not be issued instead of those lost. [jy13-d4w2w] A. D. MYLLEY.

NOTICE.—An Election will be held at the office of the I. S. M. B. R. Co., at the junction of their road with the Ohio River, on the 29th inst., between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, P. M., for the following officers, viz: One President and six Directors, to serve for the ensuing year as Directors of said road.

W. EIPT, President.
jy6d4t4w2w

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!—A full stock of Wall Paper, of new and desirable styles, and at all prices will be found during the Summer, at the old stand, No. 87 Wood street. W. P. MARSHALL.
jy13

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Whereas Letters Testamentary to the estate of PRESTON HULTZ, deceased, late of Scowden township, Allegheny county, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make know the same without delay, to ROBERT MIKER, or ENOCH HULTZ,
jy13-d1w6d&F Executors.

COLT'S REVOLVERS! COLT'S REVOLVERS!

Just received by Express another lot of all the different kinds manufactured.

SHARPE'S 4 SHOT REPEATERS.
ALLEN'S 7 do do
SMITH & WESSON'S 7 SHOT REPEATERS.

For sale by BOWN & TETLEY,
jy6 136 Wood street.

STRAW BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, And all kinds of MILLINERY GOODS. Closing out at cost, for cash. To Wholesale buyers, at HORNER'S, 77 Market street.
jy6

CARTRIDGES FOR U. S. MUSKETS AND RIFLES always on hand. Cartridges for Sharpe's Rifles 52, 60 and 80 bores. BOWN & TETLEY,
jy6 136 Wood str st.

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS of all kinds and at all prices, at HORNER'S TRIMMING STORE,
jy6 77 Market street.

SILK AND COTTON SUN UMBRELLAS at HORNER'S TRIMMING STORE,
jy6 77 Market street.

ORR'S AND MACNAUGHT'S SPOOL COTTON for sale at HORNER'S, 77 Market street.
jy6

TIDY COTTON, SKIRT BRAIDS, TAPES, BUTTONS, NEEDLES, PINS, COMBS and a full line of NOTIONS, at HORNER'S.

FRENCH WORK COLLARS AND SETS AT COST, at HORNER'S TRIMMING STORE.

LACE COLLARS AND SETS VERY CHEAP at HORNER'S TRIMMING STORE.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Whereas my wife, Eliza Jane, has left my house without just cause or provocation, and is now living away from me, the public are hereby notified that I will not be responsible for any debts she may contract. GEORGE PARR.
[jy13 w3t]

CARD.—From the 1st of July, 1861, our terms, both in the wholesale and retail departments, will be CASH, OR PROMPT SETTLEMENT EVERY THIRTY DAYS.

Of the advantages of the CASH SYSTEM we hope to convince our customers, by the low prices at which goods can be sold, when sold EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
jy12-ms No. 17 Fifth street.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

OF

FRENCH EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS:

BONNET RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS;

DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC.

FOR CASH.

At EATON, MACRUM & CO'S.,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.

We are determined to close out our Summer Stock before opening Fall Goods, and will make our prices so low as to insure a sale to all who want to buy.

MERCHANTS and DEALERS who wish to sell again can have goods at the very lowest prices for cash.
jy12 ms

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

DRY GOODS

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

CASH PAR MONEY,

Fancy Silks, at cost and less;
Embroidered Mozambiques at 12½ cents;
Calicos, fast colors, for 6¼ cents,
Lace Sets for $12, worth $18;
Embroidered Sets, half price;
Irish Poplins for $1, worth $1 75;
White Mills, Nansooks;
Soft Cambrics for skirts;
Jaconett Muslins;
Jaconett Edgings and Insertings;
Linen Edgings and Insertings.

This stock is one of the finest and cheapest in the city. jy13

CHEAP FOR CASH!

AT

CHARLES GIPNER'S,

78 MARKET STREET.

Dress Trimmings,
Embroidered Jaconet and Swiss Collars,
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings,
Lace Collars and Sets,
Ladies' Embroidered Skirts,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Bonnet Ribbons,
Gloves and Gauntlets,
Lace and Grenadine Veils,
Lace Collars and Sets,
Port Monnaies,
Fancy Fans,
&c. &c. &c. &c.

Gents' Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
jy9

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

89 MARKET STREET,

LADIES' DUSTERS,
MISSES' DUSTERS,
CHILDRENS' DUSTERS,
LADIES'
MISSES' and
CHILDRENS'
SKIRTS.

New Grey and Dress Goods,

All Selling at Low Prices.

jy12ksw3

BENZINE—For removing Paint, Grease Spots, cleaning Gloves, Ribbons, &c.

DEPILATORY POWDER—For the removal of superfluous hair.

ELIXIR OF PERUVIAN BARK—The most agreeable and effectual Tonic yet discovered.

BELLINGHAM'S ONGUENT—For producing a thick and healthy growth of hair.

BROCKEDON'S BI CARBONATE OF SODA PILLS—To persons suffering from Acidity of the Stomach these Pills are invaluable.

HERBS—A large assortment of Herbs, Barks and Flowers.

The above, with everything new and valuable in the Drug and Medicine line, for sale by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
jy1 and Dealer in CHOICE FAMILY MEDICINES, corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

BENZINE,

For the instantaneous removal of

PAINT, GREASE SPOTS,

And for Cleaning

GLOVES, RIBBONS, &c., &c.,

Without injury to the most delicate color or fabric.

SOLD BY

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

and Dealer in Choice Family Medicines.

jy14.3md corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

SUCCESSFUL TEACHING—100 PER CENT. *Applicants for admission to the High School and Teachers desiring Professional or Provisional Certificates, look here!*

In the Summer of 1850, two persons, desiring admission to the High School, entered Mr. WILLIAMS' School for a short time, and both were successful, as the following certificates will show:

In September, 1850, my son was admitted to the High School after a few weeks tuition in Mr. Williams' school.

HUGH BOIGH.

My daughter was admitted to the Fifth School in September, 1850, after a short attendance in Mr. Williams' School.

MARIA C. WHITING.

Mr WILLIAMS may be found at his School Room, No. 173 Sandusky street, at all hours except usual school hours, school room is in his dwelling house.

Terms, $1.75 per week, in advance.

jy6 3tawd

FLOUR—50 bbls. Ex Family W. Wheat;
50 do Superfine;
40 66 lb. sacks Superfine;
60 42 do do Ex. Family White Wheat.
GREEN—70 boxes prime Cream;
200 do old English dairy.
POTATOES—20 bus. Blue Nohannocks;
20 do Red.

Received and for sale by R. RIDDLE,
jy17 No. 194 Liberty street.

1,000 OIL BARRELS!

MADE AT KEYSTONE BARREL FACTORY, corner Taylor street and Allegheny river, Sixth ward. They have two coatings of cement, are painted, and WARRANTED TO HOLD OIL.

GUFFEIRE & SILLS,
jy9:1w 37 Fifth street.

SUARDE AND SEASONABLE SHOES JUST RECEIVED.

Ladies Extra Broad large sizes of Leading Congress Gaiters, Tie and Pts.
Leading Plain and Fazed Buskins, Tie and Ble.
French Morocco and Kid Slips do do do
ALSO,
Gentlemens' Sewed Congress Buckskin Gaiters.
Do French Calf Half Boots.

GEORGE ALKEN, SON & CO.,
jy14 Corner of Wood and Fourth streets.

FLOUR—2,000 bbls. Ocean Mills, St. Louis,
1,000 do Mt. Vernon do do
500 do Concordia do do
700 do Depot Mills, A. W. Fagin, do;
200 do Orange & Olney street, do;
200 do Fancy brands.

All of the above are choice St. Louis City brands. Received and for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO.,
jy6 75 Water and 62 Front streets.

SEVERANCE, NO. 50, WATER ST., PITTSBURGH, Manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, COMMON AND RAILROAD, of every description. Particular sized or shaped SPIKES AND RIVETS, large or small, made to order at short notice.

A good assortment constantly on hand. m20 ms

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.—
50 boxes W. R. Cheese, new;
5 bbls. Eggs, to arrive;
150 bush. Choice Potatoes.

Received and for sale by FRANK VAN GORDEN,
jy13 No. 114 Second street.

BACON—
8000 lbs. prime Sugar Cured Cruncased Ham;
2000 do do Country Cured Ham;
2000 do Clear Cured Shoulders.

In store and for sale by H. RIDDLE, 183 Liberty st.

REMOVAL.

We have removed from Water street, to the New Ware house adjoining our works on Wayne street, where all our business will hereafter be transacted.

March 27th, 1861-m4tf. BAILEY, BROWN & CO.

CHEESE—50 boxes prime Cheese just rec'd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

New Advertisements.

75 PIECES

OF

FRENCH JACONET

LAWN,

WORTH 37 CENTS,

SELLING AT 16 CENTS,

All of the Latest Styles,

AT

jy6 W. & D. HUGUS'.

BAILY, FARRELL & CO.,

PRACTICAL

PLUMBERS

GAS AND STEAM

FITTERS.

NO. 139 FOURTH STREET,

NEAR SMITHFIELD.

A full assortment of material constantly on hand.
jy5

DITHRIDGE'S IMPROVED OVAL

CARBON OIL

LAMP CHIMNEYS,

THE BEST THAT HAVE EVER YET been offered to the public. They are the best for the following reasons:

1. Because, being of an oval shape, the glass is everywhere equally distant from the flame, so that the draft is stronger and more regular.
2. The oval shape is better adapted to resist the effect of sudden expansion, so that it is impossible to crack them.
3. The glass is made largely of Lead and Pearlash, giving a great degree of strength and elasticity. The chimneys which housekeepers have found to be so brittle as to crack even when not in use, are invariably made of Lime Glass instead of the Flint Glass, of which ours are manufactured.
4. But the greatest advantage of these Chimneys is that when you have one, it will last forever, and if any housekeeper breaks one by the heat of the lamp, let her call at the Manufactory, Washington street, near Pennsylvania Avenue, and we will replace her cracked chimney by a dozen whole ones. This profier does not include accidents or those cases of breakage where the chimney has, through inexperience, been screwed so closely to the lamp as to prevent its expansion when heated.

Those who have hitherto denied themselves the luxury of the Carbon Oil Light on account of the great expense of chimneys, should know that there is no longer a necessity for them. In addition to the clear, mellow light of the celebrated tallow candle, for DITHRIDGE'S IMPROVED CHIMNEY has a pearl—a Chimney that is made to last, and not merely to be sold.

Remember, the place is at the FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, WASHINGTON STREET, near Pennsylvania Avenue. jy14:2awdm&tf E. D. DITHRIDGE.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.

The season is now approaching when Diarrhœa and Dysentery are most prevalent. Those who value their health should always have a medicine on hand that can be relied on in cases of emergency. Such is the

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY MIXTURE.

PREPARED BY JOSEPH FLEMING,
PREPARED BY JOSEPH FLEMING,
PREPARED BY JOSEPH FLEMING,

corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st. jy2

SPRING GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A CHOICE AND SELECT STOCK OF GOODS for our SPRING SALES, which have been selected with more than usual care, and feel confident that in the

RICHNESS OF FABRIC AND STYLE

of Goods, as well as

Fairness of Prices,

they will SURPASS ANY GOODS of the same character offered in this city, and would respectfully solicit an early call from our patrons and the public, to examine the same for themselves.

Samuel Gray & Son,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

mh12dm 18 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

JAMES C. WATT,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair sts.,

Respectfully invites public attention to his new stock of SPRING GOODS, comprising all the newest styles of Fashionable Material adapted to GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, soliciting an early call, and trusting in his ability to excite in those favoring him with the same a stock of new goods equal to any in this city, without resort to the aid of extraordinary advertisements. mh27:ds

Columbia House, Cape Island, N. J.

THIS CELEBRATED HOTEL WILL BE opened for the reception of guests on JUNE 25th, 1861. The situation of this house is one of the most beautiful on the Island, commanding an unobstructed view of the ocean. A Band of Music has been engaged exclusively for this house for the season. A large number of Bath Houses are connected with the establishment. Good Stabling for horses attached to the premises. Applications for rooms, or other particulars, will meet with prompt attention, by addressing the subscriber. JAS H. LAIRD, Proprietor,
jy12:2m Cape Island, N. J.

CHEAP GOODS FOR FOURTH JULY.—

GREY FLORENCE NIGHTENGALE DUSTERS.

GREY DIXEYS.

LAWNS, BERAGE, EMBROIDERIES, at

jy12d BURCHFIELD & CO.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTH,

FOR SOLDIERS' BLANKETS.

Another lot just received at the

INDIA RUBBER DEPOT,

Nos. 28 and 29 St. Clair street.

jy924 J. & R. PHILLIPS.

RELIEF! RELIEF! RELIEF!

The experience of well known citizens of this community goes to prove that RHEO'S MAGNETIC OIL is the most effectual remedy yet discovered for the cure of Rheumatism, Burns, Bruises, Sores, stiff Joints, Neuralgia, and all kinds of nervous diseases. All other Liniments and Pain Dealers are in comparison worthless. Sold by all respectable Druggists at 25 cents.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Sole Agent,
jy8:1w corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

USE SELLERS' LIVER PILLS.
USE SELLERS' LIVER PILLS.
USE SELLERS' LIVER PILLS.
For Indigestion, Liver Complaint and Biliousness.
For Indigestion, Liver Complaint and Biliousness.
For Indigestion, Liver Complaint and Biliousness.
Use Sellers' Liver Pills.
Use Sellers' Liver Pills.
Use Sellers' Liver Pills.
Prepared by R. S. SELLERS & CO., and sold by Druggists generally. jy22:d1f

JAMES ROBB,

NO. 89 MARKET STREET,

IS SELLING BOOTS AND SHOES

IN EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Call and examine his stock before purchasing, as he is determined to sell CHEAP. jy13

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership between JAMES M. BURCHFIELD and GEORGE M. MEIXSELL, was dissolved on the second day of July, 1861, by mutual consent. The business will be continued by J. M. BURCHFIELD, who is authorized to settle all the business of the late firm. JAMES M. BURCHFIELD,
jy11w GEORGE M. MEIXSELL.

ONE CAR LOAD POTATOES

IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY

JOHN B. CANFIELD & CO.,
jy14 FIRST STREET.

DR. M. O. JONES,

103 WYLIE STREET,

PITTSBURGH.
my21:ms

MANHOOD—How Lost, How Restored.—Just published, on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness, Involuntary Emissions and Impotency, resulting from Self Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of two stamps, by Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, No. 4,586. mh21-lawt3m

NEW OIL BARRELS—60 eight-hoop in store for sale by DAVID DICKEY & CO.

BACON—1 cask plain Hams and 1 cask clear sides for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO.

Wants.

WANTED—

TEN TONS GRASS SCUTTER.

jy1 L. G. GRAFF, 241 Liberty st.

For Sale & To Let.

TO LET—A new House, on Watson street, three minutes walk from the Court House, containing 7 rooms, newly painted and papered. Rent low. Enquire of THOMAS NEERY, 16 Market street, or JOHN DELLOW,
jy12:1w 118 Fourth street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—A Farm containing 97 acres, 50 of which are cleared, and all under good fence, on which is erected a comfortable Dwelling House containing six rooms, Spring House and Barn, and a good Stable which will hold four horses; a good Apple and Peach Orchard in bearing order. Situated 14 miles from Allegheny city, one mile from Burns' Tavern, in Fine township, ¾ of a mile from the Plank road. Or will exchange for a stock Farm in Fayette county, or