Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	OUTSIDE.	IN HOUSE.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	106		73
12 " M.	131		83
6 " P. M.			76
Barometer	29 13-20		

Lawrenceville Items.

The paving of Butler street is progressing slowly, and it is rumored that on its completion the citizens contemplate having a grand jubilee. The time has not been set, but the most knowing ones think that it will be sometime in 1875, or thereabout.

Esquire Janey complains that business is extraordinarily dull, and can only account for it from the fact that nearly all the "boys" have gone a "soldering," and what few are left are sadly in want of the needful. The "small fry," boys of from eight to sixteen years of age, are reaping a rich harvest, as they are making cartridges at the Arsenal, and if lemonade and fire crackers don't suffer on the Fourth it will be because "Uncle Samuel" has neglected to send on the cash.

The military fever is abating astonishingly. Capt. M'Clure's Infantry Company lacks about forty men to complete the complement of seventy-three.

The Arsenal Rifles contemplate turning out their full complement of fifty men in full uniform. This company has adopted the French style of uniform, and will make as fine an appearance as any in the county.

The Ladies' Sewing Society, connected with St. John's Church, are still engaged in making up soldiers' garments.

Regular Army Movement at Pittsburgh.

Under this caption, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Post* says:

"Preparations are making at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, for the opening of a recruiting office and the fitting up of barracks sufficiently commodious for three thousand men, in view of the organization of the Third regiment of cavalry for the United States regular army. In a few days recruits, officers and green horses will be sent to the city. A riding school will be attached to the quarters, and a range of sixty stables. Buyers of horses are busily employed preparing steeds for the men. It is stated that the Third will be mounted on gray horses, all sixteen hands high and regularly "saddle shouldered." The price paid for these animals will average one hundred dollars each."

Court of Quarter Sessions.

Before Judges McClure, Mellon and Adams.

Thursday, June 27.—Jerome Rahm, of the Ninth ward, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was convicted, and gave bail to appear for sentence on Saturday week.

Patrick McLaughlin was indicted for illegal liquor selling, on a trading boat lying in the Allegheny river, at the foot of Irwin street. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was sentenced to pay fine of $10, and in default stand committed for ten days.

The District Attorney notified the Court that there were no more cases for trial at present.

Judge McClure then discharged the jury until Monday next, when the trial of the parties charged with fraud in filling contracts for Army clothing, will be commenced.

Distressing Casualty—Man Killed.

On Wednesday afternoon, a coal miner named David Morse, employed in the Oak Hill pit of the Saw Mill Run Coal Company, was crushed in a shocking manner by the sudden fall of a mass of slate and coal. He tried to escape, but was caught by the falling mass. His body was greatly compressed, several ribs being broken. One leg was also fractured, and when removed it was evident he could not survive. He was removed to his residence on the Washington pike, in Temperanceville, where he expired in a few hours. He was an industrious workman, and leaves a wife but no children.

CHILD BURNT TO DEATH.—A few days since a little daughter of Mr. Isaac Frost, living near Bucyrus, Ohio, was burned to death by her clothes taking fire. The parents were a short distance away when they heard her scream. Before they could render any assistance she was literally burned to a cinder. The shirt was entirely burnt off, the tongue and gums scorched in a most shocking manner, in fact, the flames had attacked every part of the poor child. The fire was extinguished, and a physician called, but to no purpose. After writhing in the most excruciating agonies for an hour and a half, death came to her relief.

BATTALION DRILL.—The First Regiment Home Guard Rifles, Col. Wickersham, was ordered to rendezvous for drill and inspection, on West Common, Allegheny, Wednesday evening. Only four companies, however, were on parade, and these were put through the battalion drill and evolutions. After marching through the two cities, they halted in front of the residence of Brig. Gen. W. Pitt Johnston, who came out and addressed them briefly, after which the battalion was marched to Fifth street and dismissed. The companies are all handsomely uniformed, and went through the drill very creditably.

RUN AWAY.—Yesterday, as a couple of young men were driving out the Butcher's Run plank-road, their horse suddenly took fright at something or other and dashed off at a violent speed. After going a short distance they came in contact with a country wagon, tearing one of the wheels off the wagon, throwing the parties out of both vehicles. None of whom, however, were injured. With the exception of a spoke being broken, the buggy received no injury. After considerable difficulty the affrighted animal was captured quite a distance from where the accident occurred.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—A public entertainment will be given, this evening, in the Fourth Ward School Hall, Penn street, to raise a fund to close payments on the elegant melodeon lately purchased for school use. The exhibition will embrace music, dialogues, speeches, etc., and as the object is a very laudable one, the attendance will doubtless be full. The Duquesne Cadets will be present in uniform, and will receive a handsome silk flag as a present. See advertisement.

MISS MEEKER AND THE HORSE "CAUTION" AT THE THEATRE.—The fair Adah appears again tonight on horseback, as Joan, in that interesting three act drama entitled Jean of Arc. Previous to the drama, will be enacted a piece called the *Mysterious Stranger*, in which Miss Meeker sustains no less than five different characters. All who would see how completely a horse can be controlled by a lady, should attend the Theatre and see the fair rider.

UNFOUNDED RUMOR.—The rumor prevalent in Allegheny, that Philip Bossom, a resident of that place, now in the army, has been shot dead by some rebel scouts, while on guard at camp in Maryland, one night last week, turns out to be a hoax. His wife, who was in great distress in consequence of the rumor, received a letter from him yesterday, in which he states that he was in good health, and faring as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

BURGLARY ON THIRD STREET.—On Tuesday night or Wednesday morning the boarding house of Wm. Dinkl, Third street, near Ferry, was entered by burglars, who made a pretty thorough search of the premises, and carried off considerable money. All the pantaloons in the various rooms carried down to the kitchen and rifled of their contents. Mr. Dinkl had $101 dollars stolen, and a number of boarders suffered the loss of smaller amounts.

SHOOTING SCRAPES AT A STEAMBOAT.—As the steamer Ben Franklin, Capt. Jack, the Wheeling and Cincinnati packet, was passing the village of Bellview, below Parkersburg, she was fired upon by a recently secessionistic. The ball from the gun came within a short distance of a little boy named Wallace, a passenger on the boat. There is a gang of secessionists in the town of Bellview, who will be speedily cleaned out, if they have not been routed before this.

THE CRIMINAL COURT.—The calendar for the present term has been disposed of, with the exception of the charge of conspiracy and fraud against the Messrs. Frowenfelds and Morganstarns, and Charles H. Neal. This case will be called for trial on Monday next, until which time the jury has been discharged.

COLONEL W. H. ENONY.—The Philadelphia *Press* of Wednesday says: "This fine officer, lieutenant colonel of the Third Cavalry, regular army, proceeds to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, this afternoon, for the purpose of receiving the officers of his regiment, who have been ordered to report to him, and of establishing recruiting stations in Western Pennsylvania and the adjoining counties of Ohio."

WILLING TO STAND THE PENALTY.—The record of the Criminal Court shows that about eighty-five out of every hundred returned for illegal liquor selling, plead guilty. Selling without license, and on Sunday, must be quite profitable, else those who transgress would not be so willing to stand the penalty.

KENNEDY'S BANK REVIEW, for July, is promptly issued, and as usual, is filled with useful information, indispensable to every person handling paper money. We notice there is an improvement in the rates of discount on Kentucky money; it is quoted at 1 per cent, which makes it current again.

SUSPENDED.—The newspaper published two or three times by the Pennsylvanians, in camp, called the *Pennsylvania Fifth*, has been suspended. The types have got order, and have gone forward on more stirring business than type-sticking.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.—The counsel for John Cunningham, convicted of "murder in the second degree," has made a motion for a new trial, which will be argued at an early day.

THE CROPS in the valley of the Allegheny never looked better than they do at present. Corn and oats, wheat, rye and potatoes will all give an abundant yield.

A LAD, aged twelve years, son of J. H. Smith, residing near Mendville, was recently drowned in a mill pond on Sugar Creek, while bathing.

FOR LATEST WAR NEWS see the New York daily papers, to be had at Pitcoh's Agency, opposite theatre.

BUNTING eighteen inches wide, at Pittsburgh Flag Manufactory, opposite theatre.

SILK FLAGS, also bunting flags, at Pittsburgh Flag Manufactory, opposite theatre.

BUY your silk flags at the Manufactory, opposite theatre.

Flag Presentation.

The First Ward (Allegheny) Rifles, Capt. Hambright, were presented last evening with an elegant silk flag, at the residence of S. Riddle, Esq., Rebecca street. This beautiful banner was the gift of a few patriotic ladies of the ward, and we must say that it was a handsome present well bestowed. The company is composed of very respectable and worthy citizens—many of them gentlemen of wealth and influence—who, in these perilous times, cheerfully undergo the fatigue and inconvenience of "soldiering," that they may be ready when needed to strike vigorously and effectively in defence of their homes, their liberties and their glorious flag.

The presentation speech was made by Hon. Robt. McKnight, who paid a beautiful tribute to our national banner, complimented the ladies of the ward for their patriotism, administered a withering rebuke to traitors, and concluded by committing the flag to the keeping of the First Ward Rifles, who would never permit it to be trailed in the dust.

The flag was received by Mr. Riddle, on behalf of the company. He replied briefly, in a well conceived and appropriate speech. The usual military complitments were then extended to the fair donors and to Mr. McKnight, after which the company marched off with "drums beating and colors flying."

West Newton Hussars.

This company, of Westmoreland and Washington county men, came into Camp Wilkins on Tuesday evening, and by their fine appearance attracted quite a crowd of "the boys" around them. No small share of the merited praise they receive on every hand is due to their complete equipment, furnished at an expense of over eleven hundred dollars by friends at home. Although some ten men are yet wanted to fill up the ranks, the drill of the men, their gallant bearing and fine appearance indicate that much care has been exercised in selecting its members, and that the company will yet make its mark. Capt. A. G. Oliver, Lieuts. John W. Kropps and Chill Hazzard, Sergeant R. Foster Bell and Commissary Shaw, are its officers, who have been for the past two days engaged in renovating the quarters formerly occupied by the Pittsburgh Rifles, which the Guards intend to occupy. We understand that Col. Hays has personally complimented this gallant company, and will evidence his regard for them by placing a brass field piece at their quarters for the morning and evening salute, with which they will be entrusted. The boys entertain the highest respect for the Colonel, and are themselves winning kind offices from their comrades in camp.

STEALING WOOL.—On Wednesday night of last week, Mr. Farrah, living near Brownsville, Mercer county, had some twenty fleeces of wool stolen from his barn. The thieves had a two-horse team with them, and after stealing Mr. F.'s wool, they visited several of his neighbors' sheep and relieved them. It was said they accumulated in this way some two hundred pounds of wool, which they took to West Greenville and disposed of to a merchant at twenty-five cents per pound. Those of our country friends having wool in their barns would do well to be on the lookout for these scoundrels.

THE OIL BUSINESS AT MECCA.—Mecca, it is said, is almost deserted. There is nothing left of it but holes, and here and there a greasy spot. Not one well out of a dozen is pumping. The Trumbull *Democrat* says there is very little demand for oil, and shipments are light. Some new wells are being drilled, while, on the other hand, a great many have been abandoned, at least until the prospect brightens for better times.

LIEUT. D. CARTCHLOW, late of the New Brighton Rifles, has been treating that company very badly, and has been sufficiently paid for it by Col. Geary suspending the authority he had to raise a company for his regiment. He not only left the company, but, as we are told, tried to induce others to leave it with him. He expected to join Geary's regiment, and we are glad that in that he was disappointed.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A soldier by the name of Baldwin was accidentally, but fatally shot with a revolver in the hand of a lady, by the name of Braden, in Cameron, Va., on Thursday last. Baldwin had borrowed the pistol and the lady was showing him how it worked, when an unexpected ball was discharged, which entered the side of the soldier and caused his death in a short time. The lady is said to be almost distracted.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, named Cryder, was severely injured at Blair Furnace the other day. Some portion of the machinery of the engine giving way, he became frightened and jumped off, breaking one of his arms in two or three places, besides sustaining other severe injuries.

SENT TO THE REFORM.—A lad named John Strouse was committed to the House of Refuge, yesterday, by Mayor Wilson, for pilfering about the Market House. He is said to be a very bad boy, being in the habit of pilfering whenever an opportunity offered.

APPOINTMENT.—The numerous friends of Jasper E. Brady, Esq., will be gratified to learn that he has received an appointment in the Paymaster's Department at Washington. He will leave for that place immediately to assume charge of his new position.

GEN. ROBERT ORR, of Kittaning made a very liberal donation of money to the Armstrong Rifles. The General is well known as a soldier of 1812, and his patriotism has not died out with his years.

THE MAMMOTH STRAWBERRY, known as "Kelly's Goliah," from the Knox Fruit Farm, can be seen at the market stand, opposite the entrance to City Hall, this morning. They are worth seeing, as evidences of what high culture can produce.

HARVESTING.—We noticed, the other day, going up the Allegheny, that the farmers, in several places along the road, had commenced cutting and putting up their hay, of which there seems to be an abundant yield.

REOPENED—Since the 1st of June, 1861, H. W. Cimiotti's Summer Resort, Phillipsburg, Beaver county, Pa. 1mo

To Horse Owners.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any; in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavins and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, and confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however long standing or hopeless, but will be alleviated by the Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for it is truly true that the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement. apr27-lydw&Wall

Blood Food.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a chronic nature—of long standing—of weeks, months, and years. Reflection, try it.

Messrs. Ostrom & Dorsey, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the world-renowned Dr. Hatch's Infantile Cordial, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine closet; it is safe, and containing, as it does, no paregoric or opiate of any kind, it can be relied upon with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable specific in the cure of infantile complaints.—*Ohio State Journal, Columbus.*

See Advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. dell:dlw&w1w

Doctor C. Bates, Water Cure and Homeopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. Corner of Penn and Wayne Streets.

Dentistry.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 145 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

Lunch Served Up Every Morning, from 10 to 11, by O. M. BUCHACKLEVICH, Jr., at his Restaurant, *corner Wylie and Fifth sts.* ackly:aw

All should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. *Wood*, in today's paper.

Vandalism.

The causeless destruction of property by the rebel forces at Martinsburg shows the Vandal nature of the war they are waging. There was no military necessity requiring it. It did not belong to and could not be used by the enemy. It was, moreover, the property in the main of those who sympathised with secession. It was private property, and policy, as well as the rules of civilized warfare, required that it should have been respected. When they destroyed the railroad bridges they rendered the half million worth of locomotives as useless as if they had been at the bottom of the river. The destruction of them was, therefore, the mere wantonness as well as the wickedness of mischief. It has served them no good purpose, but rather injured their cause by alienating the sympathies of thousands who were disposed to aid them in their treason. There may be something retributive in the measure so far as the owners were concerned, but it was far from being demanded at the hands of Gen. Johnston. It was not for him to punish his friends for their disloyalty to the Government against which he was himself in arms.—[N. Y. Times.

WHAT a rebuke Andrew Johnson administered to all men in the free States calling themselves Democrats, who continue to cavil at the Administration, complain of its exercise of power for the safety of the country, and clamor for peace, so as to relieve the Southern traitors from the fate they so richly merit. I perceive that even in Pennsylvania men are to be found ready to help Jeff. Davis by complaining of Lincoln. The attack of the Albany "Argus and Atlas" on General Cameron's last speech was of this class. Andrew Johnson, a Southern Democrat, living in a slave State, not only approves all that President Lincoln has done, but says that if he had done less, he would have deserved the halter. Let those in the North who cavil at the Administration imitate this glorious example.

HOW IT WORKS.—The news of the defeat of the rebels at Boonville, and Gen. Lyon's energetic pursuit, caused Missouri stocks to advance 1½ per cent, between the first and second Boards.—[Chicago Trib.

The "Lyon" of the West.

The courage and energy displayed by General Lyon in Missouri elicits universal acclaim from the loyal men of the country. The Philadelphia "North American" says:

Thus far but two generals on our side have manifested any marked ability—Lyon and McClellan. Lyon may fairly be styled the conqueror of Missouri, and no one need be afraid to compare his splendid achievements with those even of Scott himself. He has subdued a great, populous, warlike and powerful State without any aid whatever from the general government; has improvised armies, overcome mobs and rooted up rebellion wherever it was to be met with. McClellan has done almost as much in Western Virginia, seemingly with little effort. But in quickness and energy Lyon is so far ahead of all rivals in this war as to fairly stand forth the great man of the times, and, unless we are very much mistaken, he will soon be recognized as the leader raised up by Providence to provide against the demise of Scott. We do not hesitate to say that, if the veteran General in chief were to die, Lyon, so far as present indications may be relied on, is the man for filling his place.

Yet, when the war broke out, this profound military genius was occupying a civil station, after filling the office of a captain in which capacity he had served with heroic gallantry in the Mexican war. Who can tell how many more there are like him condemned to drudge along in such positions, while persons of infinitely less ability are promoted to high places. How many men have we like Lieut. Slemmer, or the brave Grebel? There are two of the true State leaders in the Kansas war who more make far better Generals than a whole gross such as Pierce and Schenck. We allude to Montgomery and Jim Lane. It is stated that Lane is to be appointed a Brigadier, but we hear no mention of like honor being conferred on Montgomery, who is a man of very decided military talent.

A Good Example.

The foreign papers generally are, as might be expected, filled with biographical notices and eulogiums of the late Count Cavour. Even the clerical journals do justice to his memory. The "Armonia," the most violent of the ro-ectionary organs, bears testimony to his worth in terms that should be remembered:

"As political opponents of the illustrious deceased as long as he was powerful, we strongly and freely combated his ideas and his errors. Over his corpse we will remember only the magnificent endowments of his nature. It will belong to history to judge him; to us to lament him and deplore his loss. We have often experienced his goodness of heart. After the suppression of the convents, a monastery in Liguria was suffering from hunger. We privately appealed to his charity, and he instantly sent 10,000 francs to the sisters of the convent. Moreover, he wrote us with his own hand a long letter which proved his goodness of heart. We know that at Turin he was in the habit of relieving necessitious persons. We have had numerous proofs of his loyalty. Charged by an archbishop to forward a petition to an august personage, we addressed it, by letter, 'to the loyalty of Count Cavour.' Not only was the petition presented, but it was also published by Count Cavour's means, although it was in the main a censure of his conduct. On another occasion we ventured to send him the first copy of a book which combated his policy; he accepted it, and thanked us in a gracious letter. And lastly, we owe to Count Cavour the liberty that has been granted us of collecting St. Peter's pence."

A Terrible Oath.

Twelve "secesshers," admirers of Jackson, who shot Colonel Ellsworth, have bound themselves, by a terrible oath, to kill *one thousand* Northerners, in revenge for his death. This sanguinary task, when arithmetically divided, gives eighty-three and one-third victims to each of these Southern Thugs. What the penalty or sanction of the oath is we are not informed. Probably, in consideration of the chances of delay or interruption, not exactly that of the famous forty, of whom we read in Holy Writ, who swore that "they would neither eat nor drink until they had slain Paul," and of whom a quaint divine remarked, the only pity was that they did not keep their oath.

TRADE OF BUFFALO.—Despite the depression in business, the trade of Buffalo was never more flourishing than at the present time. During the interval between June 8 and June 16, 2,814,992 bushels of grain were received at that city, two-thirds of which were wheat, and 83,317 barrels of flour. Reducing the flour to wheat, and we have a total of 3,231,577 bushels of grain. These statistics are in pleasing contrast with such as are gleaned from the reports from New Orleans, at which for the week ending June 6 the whole amount of articles received would not give employment to a good commission house.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.

UP TO 8 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

ST. CHARLES—Corner of Third and Wood streets.

HARRY SHIRAS, PROPRIETOR.

G W Kidgler, Butler co
R E Morris, Lawrenceville
W McCarty, Steubenville
H G Cadenny, do
Thos Bakewell, Cincinnati
E Rhipen, Shippensville
R Rhipen, do
Geo Hamilton, Steubenville
L L Tracey, New Orleans
J M Pierce, do
J J Ray, New Castle
T G Folwell, Philadelphia
D Lichtenberg & mother, do
J H Rahn, New Jersey
H O Johnston, Pittsburgh
Smith, do
N F Perry, Pennsylvania
E L Wallace, do
J C Kinney, Crawfordville
Capt Donald, 11th reg't, Pa
L D Colby, Indianapolis,

J D Hinns
J H Hunt, Indiana
Capt Hosier, 11th reg't, Pa
G M Carr, do
D W O Hogg, do
G McCurdy, Martinsburg
D R P Hoge, Waynesburg
D Dougherty, do
W Bailey
J Cook, Brownsville
D L Williams, do
J Cotner
S Kahn, Uniontown
J S Young & lady, Lock No. 4
J L Foster, Cp Wright
T Wm Warren, do
J L Johnston, Aladdin
Col J H Mitchell, Cp Wright
H K Petty, Virginia
W L Osgood, Jonesville, Mich

MANSION HOUSE—No. 84 Liberty street.

GEORGE AUGUST, PROPRIETOR.

W L Collins, Connellsville
Mrs Sherrick, Clarion
J O Hong and lady, Paris, O
R S Townsend, Pennsylvania
J Weldon, Mansfield, O
S Gordon, Paris, Ky
W Bailey, Uniontown
Rev Mr Hamilton, Washington, Pa
W H Pratt, Pennsylvania
T D Copeland, Columbus, O
J Dervey and family, do
O Grant, Chicago, Ill
M S Wilmer, Lancaster
J J Moore, O H
S F Vinton, Wa'ra, D C
S Gordon, Virginia
C W Thomas, Brownsville
R A Thomas, do
Mrs Carter, do
O S Beacon, Cp Wright
J Antis
Capt Wilson, Milton
D D Stark, Mifflin
Miss Patterson, Bath
T J Milligan and daughter
C Gordon, Ky
A Albin, Gallipolis, O
D B Walkington, Fairmount
G Cooper, Fort Kearney

O W Whitelier, Cp Wilkins
E B Rodgers, do
W Forney, Philadelphia
J A W Collins, Freeport
W Patton, Kittanning
J N Robb, West Newton
W Moorhead, Indiana
D Dennett, West Newton
H W Gaddis, Uniontown
Capt Rendell, Cp Wright
J Alexander, Steubville
J W Brown, Pennsylvania
D Berry, Cp Wright
I Tinker, Cleveland, O
G Baker, Cp Wright
B Sahin, Philadelphia
Gen G W Smith, Wash'n, D C
J C O'Neill
W W Hamma, Iowa
A J Crossman, Boston
J F Smith, do
J F Cranney, Boston
Mrs Grattan, Norwalk
J M Fisher, New York
W H Hyerstand lady, Indianapolis
J H Heath, D C, U S Navy
D R Smith, Philadelphia
J P Rodgers, Washington
A McDougall, St Paul

EAGLE HOTEL—Liberty street, below Seventh.

JOHN KIRK, PROPRIETOR.

J Leech
I Coffman, Iowa
H Hof
J S Ballerton, Mt Jackson
E H Everson, London
Saml Oakes, Stark co, O
Robt Oakes, do
Mrs Hannah, Washington, Pa
J J Shaw, Neshannock Falls
Geo W Parker
O D Daily, Kansas
Saml H Merrick, Washington co, Pa
D H Pitlock
Geo Rose, Venango
Saml Yorts, Washington co
W H Young, jr
A A Cooper, Gettysburg
J S Black, Waynesburg
J D Davidson, Pa
W A Ferguson, Jeff'n college
Jas Galloway, do
A S Brown, do
J B Swesh Wm Newton
Joseph Newton, Connellsville

J M Junkin, Etna Mills
E H Everson, London
Saml Oakes, Stark co, O
Robt Oakes, do
Mrs Hannah, Washington, Pa
J J Shaw, Neshannock Falls
Geo W Parker
O D Daily, Kansas
Saml H Merrick, Washington co, Pa
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J D Davidson, Pa
W A Ferguson, Jeff'n college
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A S Brown, do
J B Swesh Wm Newton
Joseph Newton, Connellsville

B B Kennedy, Finleyville
Miss M A Kennedy, do
Miss L J Kennedy, do
Miss B F Williams, Mon city
Miss E H Parrhamer, do
A G Sapper
Wm Greenough, Mon city
L F Parrington, do
J S Frost, New Concord, O
T W Moore, do
Jno Crutton, Beaver co
L Gregg, Bobbstown, Pa
John T Campbell, Pittsburg
G S Sherrick, Harfortsville
Jas Allen, do
O H Safford, Bradford Pa
G A Kirk, Connellsburg
J S Hunter, Zelienople
Capt Young's lady
W J Hunter, Camp Wilkins
J Kelser, Bobbstown
W J Crawford, Uniontown

RED LION HOTEL—No. 5, St. Clair street.

R. P. GORDON, PROPRIETOR.

S C Lightner, Kittanning
A Sphurts, Huntingdon
J McClure, Pennsylvania
R Vernal, Petersburg
John Vernal, do
J Shoop, Venango co

B Cunningham, Penna
J Neely, Parkersburg
W T Barker, New Brighton
S K Elliott, Winchester
J McFarren, Pattersonville
J R Porter, Allegheny

NATIONAL HOTEL—No. 187, Water street.

R. SMITH, PROPRIETOR.

B Vermont & lady, Congress, O
M A White, Whitesville
S Hoy, Morgantown, Va
W Young, do
G Wilner, do

J Farrell, Smith's Ferry
J Mustard, New Salem
W O Crosby, Elk co
D McNulty, Pittsburgh
A Gass, McKeesport
G Fleming, New City

BY NICHOLAS HOTEL—corner Grant & Diamond sts.

A. A. GALLAGER, PROPRIETOR.

S Francis, Cleveland
J H Marrows, Chicago
J W Dennis, Cp Wright
J D Overland, Connellsville
T Yellowley, Rostville
John Dodds, do
H Hudson, Blandford
J B McCrea, do

G Nelson, Blairsville
H Ford, do
J Fox, do
W Parker, do
J H Jones, Washington
Jeff Weaver, Adamsburg
Harry Sanders, do
Mary Moore, Rices Valley
Jimmy Moore, do

J B McDonald, Kellersville
O W Chambers, do
J L Shaw Ohio
O Hershey Latrobe
Prof. Pringle, do
H L Sparks, Fayette co
W M Price, Rices Vlley

GIRARD HOUSE—Corner Smithfield and Third streets.

A. L. ROCKEY, PROPRIETOR.

G F Contant, Bellevernon
Jno D Scott, Davidson's Ferry
Capt Baker & lady, McKeesport
S B Hartley, Camp Wilkins
J G Caldwell
J F McCombs, Wheeling
Horace Hulls, Locust Ridge

J Zerts Adams
Jacob Yoder, Monongahela
Chas Turner, Vermilion
Jeff Weaver, Adamsburg
Harry Sanders, do
Mary Moore, Rices Valley
Jimmy Moore, do

HARE'S HOTEL—Liberty street, foot of Fifth.

SAMUEL HARE, PROPRIETOR.

J M Junkin, Etna Mills
E H Everson, London
Saml Oakes, Stark co, O
Robt Oakes, do
Mrs Hannah, Washington, Pa
J J Shaw, Neshannock Falls
Geo W Parker
O D Daily, Kansas
Saml H Merrick, Washington co, Pa
D H Pitlock
Geo Rose, Venango
Saml Yorts, Washington co
W H Young, jr
A A Cooper, Gettysburg
J S Black, Waynesburg
J D Davidson, Pa
W A Ferguson, Jeff'n college
Jas Galloway, do
A S Brown, do
J B Swesh Wm Newton
Joseph Newton, Connellsville

B B Kennedy, Finleyville
Miss M A Kennedy, do
Miss L J Kennedy, do
Miss B F Williams, Mon city
Miss E H Parrhamer, do
A G Sapper
Wm Greenough, Mon city
L F Parrington, do
J S Frost, New Concord, O
T W Moore, do
Jno Crutton, Beaver co
L Gregg, Bobbstown, Pa
John T Campbell, Pittsburg
G S Sherrick, Harfortsville
Jas Allen, do
O H Safford, Bradford Pa
G A Kirk, Connellsburg
J S Hunter, Zelienople
Capt Young's lady
W J Hunter, Camp Wilkins
J Kelser, Bobbstown
W J Crawford, Uniontown

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Gen. McClellan telegraphs to the Government that he has read in the newspapers an account of a compact which he is said to have made with Gen. Buckner, of Kentucky, in regard to the status of Kentucky. He denies, contradicts and repudiates the whole statement to the great satisfaction of the commanding General and the Administration, whose only knowledge of the pretended compact was from the newspaper statements, which Gen. McClellan thus denounces.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 27.—Senator James H. Lane has received his commission as Brigadier General. In addition to the three regiments heretofore accepted from Kansas, he is authorized to raise two, consisting of twelve companies of infantry, four of cavalry and four of artillery. The Colonels of these regiments are Wm. Weir, who served during the entire Mexican War and James Montgomery well known in connection with the history of Kansas.

Arrangements have been made for immediately furnishing the uniforms, which are of the United States Army pattern, and for their general equipment.

Colonel Weir left here several days ago for Kansas, taking with him Lane's proclamation, calling on the people of that State to rally and fill up the two incomplete regiments, and stating explicitly that his purpose is to put down rebellion wherever it may be exhibited, and to sustain the Union men without regard to State or locality.

General Lane will occupy his seat during the extra session of Congress. In the meantime his brigade will be perfected, and he expects to take command of it by the 20th of July.

Members of Congress continue to arrive daily. Among those who have just reached here is Representative Conway of Kansas.

The New-York 28th Regiment arrived early this morning.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The agent of the Associated Press has authority, from an official source, for saying that the man is yet to be seen in Washington who has seen or heard of compromise alleged to have been proposed by Jefferson Davis to the Administration.

LOUISVILLE, June 27.—The suit testing the legality of the blockade of the Nashville Railroad, has been withdrawn by the shippers prosecuting it. It is generally understood that Mr. Guthrie, President of the road, will assume the responsibility and decline receiving freight unless the Collector's order prevailing, that large quantities of contraband goods are still said to go over the road to inland Kentucky towns, thence to Tennessee.

Two fugitive slaves were caught near Corydon, Ind. They were returned to Kentucky yesterday. There was no excitement whatever at the arrest.

Maj. Gen. Pillow issues two proclamations in the Memphis *Bulletin* of the 24th. One recalls the order that whisky and tobacco are to be distributed with the rations. He says he gave the order on his own responsibility, supposing that the Military Board would allow it, knowing the soldiers were gentlemen and used to plenty of whisky and tobacco. The second proclamation states that all debts due the North are by law now due the State, and are declared seized and sequestrated in reprisal for illegal seizure by the people of the government North. All persons are required to make immediate report of stock is owned by the enemies of the State, and merchants, brokers, bankers and all so indebted are required to report to the Adjutant General, and in the meantime are ordered to pay such indebtedness to the State only. Reports are returnable till the 10th day of July.

BALTIMORE, 27.—Considerable excitement has been occasioned by the arrest of Marshal Kane. The Union men are well pleased, but the secessionists are indignant. Col. Kenly, the provost Marshal, waited on the Mayor and Police Commissioners. The latter asked time to consider, but the Colonel told them that his orders were immediate, and he proceeded to the Marshal's office, taking possession. The Commissioners then directed the police officers to obey the military authority, and declared their intention to prepare a protest against the action of the government.

At three o'clock this morning, George P. Kane, Marshal of Police, was arrested at his house, by order of Gen. Banks, and conveyed to Fort McHenry, where he is now held a prisoner. General Banks issued a proclamation, naming John A. Kenly, of the Maryland regiment, as Provost Marshal, superintending also the powers of the Police Commissioners, and who is to exercise supreme control over the Department until such loyal citizens is appointed to act as Marshal. The proclamation gives as a reason for the arrest of Kane, that he is known to be aiding and abetting those in armed rebellion to the Government, and that he is at the head of an armed force which he has used to conceal rather than detect acts of treason to Government.

Proclamation to the People of Baltimore:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT,
Annapolis, June 27, 1861.

By virtue of authority vested in me, and in obedience of orders, as Commanding General of the Military Department at Annapolis, I have arrested and do now detain in custody, Mr. Geo. P. Kane, Chief of Police of the city of Baltimore. I deem it proper at this, the moment of arrest, to make a formal and public declaration of the motive by which I have been governed in this proceeding. It is not my purpose, neither is it in consonance with my instructions, to interfere in any manner whatever with the legitimate government of the people of Baltimore or Maryland. I desire to support the public authorities in all appropriate duties, in preserving peace and protecting property, in obeying and enforcing every municipal regulation, public statute consistent with the constitution and laws of the United States and Maryland, but unlawful combinations of men organized for resistance to such laws, and to provide hidden depositories of arms and ammunition, encourage contraband traffic with men at war with the government, and while enjoying its protection and privileges, stealthily wait an opportunity to combine their means and forces with those in rebellion against its authority, are not among the recognized or legal rights of any class of men, and cannot be permitted under any form of government whatever. Such combinations are well known to exist in this department. The mass of the citizens of Baltimore and of Maryland, loyal to the Constitution and the Union, are neither parties to nor responsible for them; but the chief of police is not only cognizant of these facts, but in contravention of his duty and oath of office of law he is, by direction or indirection, both witness and protector to transactions and parties engaged therein. Under such circumstances the government cannot regard him otherwise than as the head of an armed force, hostile to its laws and authority, and acting in concert with its avowed enemies. For this reason, superceding his official authority as well as that of the Commissioners of Police, I have arrested, and do now detain him in the custody of the United States; and in further pursuance of my instructions, I have appointed, for time being, Col. Kenly, of the First Maryland Regiment, Provost Marshal of this city, and is and for the City of Baltimore, to superintend and cause to be executed the police laws provided by the Legislature of Maryland, with the aid and assistance of the subordinate officers of the Police Department, and he will be respected accordingly. Whenever a loyal citizen shall be otherwise named for the performance of this duty, who will execute these laws impartially and in good faith to the Government of the United States, the military force of this department will render to him that instant and willing obedience which is due from every good citizen to his government.

Signed, NATHANIEL P. BANKS,
Major-General, Commanding Department of Annapolis.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 26—*Via Baltimore.*—Lynch, the refugee from Norfolk, who was picked up by the steamer Quaker City, confirms the previous information of over 3,000 troops being at Norfolk; 2,000 are stationed this side of the town, and 1,000 at Portsmouth. All are busily engaged in making fortifications. He knows nothing about the condition of affairs at Craney Island and Sewall's Point.

Fruit and vegetables are cheap at Norfolk, but flour is scarce, and all articles usually imported brung high prices.

A refugee from Richmond, sent by a flag of truce yesterday, says that a worse than Roman insurrection prevails in Virginia. There is a standing order that no one shall be permitted to leave the country. Gov. Letcher is completely overruled by Jeff Davis and Beauregard, and even his patriotism is called in question by many of the rebels.

Two hostlers arrived here, this morning, for Col. Dreyer's regiment.

The corporal of officers called in reference to the port of Butler sustain Mr. Moody, but their influence is likely to be overridden at Washington.

There are no military movements of importance to report.

Adjutant General Haines goes to Washington, this evening.

It is now known that the rebels fell back to Yorktown, precipitately, after the affair of Great Bethel.

A bark owned in Richmond and laden with coffee, was brought in as a prize, to-day.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—The following dispatch was received, yesterday, by a Navy officer, who had telegraphed to Gen. McClellan for information as to the authenticity of the reported arrangement between the Government and Kentucky:

Grafton, Va., June 26.—Captain W. Nelson, U. S. N.: My interview with Gen. Buckner was personal, not official. It was solicited by him, more than once. I made no stipulations on the part of the General Government, and regarded his voluntary promise to drive out the Confederate troops as the only result of the interview. His letter gives his own views, not mine.

G. B. MCCLELLAN,
Major General, Commanding.

The Seventh Ohio regiment, Colonel Tyler, left Camp Dennison, yesterday, for Virginia.

MILWAUKEE, June 26.—Everything has been very quiet since Monday, until this afternoon, when some excitement was manifested in the up