Pittsburgh Gazette.

E. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Publication Office, Fifth street, near Smithfield.

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☞ ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

PITTSBURGH.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1861.

Missouri without a Government.

Three or four days ago, Gov. Jackson's grand proclamation, calling for fifty thousand troops to *defend* the State against its true and legitimate Government, against which he and his subordinates were in open and flagrant rebellion, reached us over the wires, and now we have news that this cowardly braggart is a fugitive, and that the only thing that preserves that distracted State from chaos and anarchy, is the authority of the United States Government.

Hearing that Gen. Lyon was approaching Jefferson City, with a body of loyal troops, Jackson hurriedly issued his proclamation, ordered a bridge on the railroad leading to the city to be fired, so as to impede the progress of Gen. Lyon, and then hastily decamped, accompanied by some of his subordinates, leaving the State literally without a government. It is said that he witnessed from a safe distance the defeat of his rebel troops, and then fled to parts unknown.

The Lieut. Governor, Reynolds, is as thoroughly implicated in treason as Jackson, and so is the Speaker of the Senate. The Legislature is not in session, and there being no authority to call the members together, that body is defunct; so there is one State absolutely without a State Government.

The State Convention which was in session a few weeks ago did not adjourn *sine die*. That body, which was elected last winter to act on the question of secession, voted unanimously that it was inexpedient to change the relations existing between the Federal Government and the State, and having done that, and having no other business before them at that time, adjourned to meet again should circumstances require any further action at their hands. This was a wise precaution on their part; for now it will devolve upon them, not only as a duty, but as a necessity, to meet again and organize a new State government.

This puts an end to the power of secession in Missouri. The loyal troops are everywhere triumphant. There are about 10,000 in the interior, 2,500 in St. Louis, 1,000 at Bird's Point, and several thousand more can be instantly thrown in from Illinois, if needed.

The dissolution of the State government will be attended with some financial troubles, but with none, we think, which the Convention cannot remedy, except the payment of the July interest upon the State debt. The banks have forfeited their charters by their suspension of specie payments, and by the unavoidable failure upon their part to comply with the conditions of the law legalising that suspension—a loan of $500,000 to the State. About the time Gov. Jackson issued his late proclamation, his agent appeared in St. Louis to get this money, but Gen. Lyon at once arrested him, thus leaving his excellency without funds, and the banks to take care of their charters as best they could. Not a doubt exists that if Jackson had obtained possession of this half million he would have devoted it to what he calls "the defense of the State," that is to the cause of secession. The Convention can, and doubtless will, patch up the broken charters.

Thus has treason received its quietus in Missouri by a short and masterly process; and what is better, it has been mainly achieved by the Missourians themselves. A similar remedy is needed in Kentucky and Tennessee. Virginia is undergoing a surgeries of a nauseous kind, but it bids fair to be quite as effectual.

All good men lament the rash and reckless firing in the streets of St. Louis, on Monday, by which several lives of unoffending persons were sacrificed. In order to remove as far as possible the injurious effects of such murderous acts, the perpetrators ought to be dealt with as severely as the nature of the case calls for; for it will not do to stain the national cause with innocent blood.

D. L. Eaton, Esq.

We are truly gratified to learn that our friend and correspondent, D. L. Eaton, Esq., has been appointed to a clerkship in the Land Office. What the value of this appointment is we do not know, but this at least we do know, and whole troops of friends in this community, that know Mr. Eaton well, will endorse our words, that in whatever office or trust he may be placed, he will endeavor to discharge the duties of the same with the courtesy of a gentleman and the fidelity to be counted upon in one already devoted, through years of service, to the cause of freedom and the advocacy of those principles which are now being so signally and splendidly vindicated.

Plan for a Western Attack on Richmond.

The Baltimore correspondent of the Philadelphia "Inquirer" says:

I have learned from a semi-official source some details of a plan for an attack on Richmond from the West, which shows that the campaign in Western Virginia, commenced under such glorious auspices at Philippi and Romney, will be conducted throughout with the same gallantry and celerity. While at Cincinnati a few days ago, General McClellan held a conference with several eminent western army officers, at which he presented the following plan, which was enthusiastically approved of and agreed to by all present, namely, to organize, out of the troops now ready for the field in Ohio, Indiana, and the Northwestern states, two columns of twenty thousand men each, one to rendezvous at Ashland, Kentucky and the other at Gallipolis, Ohio, both on the Ohio river, and both accessible by railroads.

To march the first column across the western counties of Virginia to the nearest point on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, probably at Abingdon, and to march the second column along the valley of the Kanawha river, either to Covington or Newbern. The marching distance for either column would not be over one hundred and fifty miles, and could easily be accomplished in a week's time. There are excellent wagon roads on the proposed routes, which, at this season of the year, are in good order. It is the opinion of General McClellan that this demonstration can be made, and the forty thousand troops brought before Richmond by the 1st of July, in time to co-operate with the forces of General Patterson from the North and General Butler from the East. The plan has been submitted to General Scott, and if he approves of it, it will be carried into execution."

Ex-Governor and Secretary Floyd has just issued a proclamation as "Brigadier-General of the Confederate Army," calling upon the people of his military district to arm and organize for the defense of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, against an invasion which he understands is threatened by the Valley of the Kanawha.

That Gov. Floyd should be the first to see and fully appreciate the consequence of this movement, is not surprising—resting, as he does, on the head waters of the Tennessee River, and on the line of the Southwestern Railroad of Virginia, and cognizant, as he is, of the loyalty of many of his surrounding neighbors, who will rejoice at the advent of an opportunity to hand the great criminal over to Justice. Already his imagination conjures the vision of an advancing army of betrayed and injured fellow-citizens, marching from the Ohio and along the Valley of the Kenawha, "by the way of Fayette Court-house, to take possession of this region of country, and seize upon the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, so as to stop the movement of troops for the relief of "our Eastern frontier." "There is certainly," he adds, in his paroxysm of apprehension, "great danger to our cause from such a movement."

The friends of the Governor of Missouri are greatly concerned for his safety. At the last dates, he was running away from a Lyon. He was making good time, but the length and rapidity of the Lyon's bounds were ominous of evil.

We decline any further partnership with the North.—[Charleston Courier.

That's your decline. How far off is your fall?

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[From our Own Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 18, 1861.

Stirring times again. The movements of the enemy, the retreat from Harper's Ferry, so unexpected to all outsiders, though not, I am assured, to Gen. Scott, and the apparent attempt to concentrate at Winchester and Manassas, as if to drop with a heavy blow upon the centre of our line, has roused the "octogenarian," as Squire Beauregard calls our glorious old Commander-in-chief. The fortifications along our line, extending eight miles down the Potomac from opposite Georgetown, are now complete. The works of the 69th are an old fashioned stockade, built from piles, backed with solid walls of earth and mounted with 32's. Masked batteries and rifle pits are yet further in the rear. The Zouaves have one of the most elegant strongholds, in its construction and completion, you would wish to see. The charge of the light brigade would be repeated by the rebels who should dare attempt a passage through those aisles of cannon and among those pitfalls. Rest easy, dear friends; Washington is a very safe place to live in. She is behind about 45,000 as brave breasts as ever presented themselves to the shock of battle. These rebels intend to attack in the open field. They lie behind the bush or creep into a silent house, and when the soldier's back is towards them, put a treacherous bullet into some vital part. Such was the death of the gallant young fellow from Hartford, who was killed on Sunday by some murderer. Such is the fate of now and then a picket guard, killed at his post in the dead hour of night.

Their scheme has been disclosed by a discovery made, the latter part of last week, by Col. Wilcox's (Michigan) scouts. Between Alexandria and Manassas are some heavily-timbered lands, broken with ravines and intersected with brooks. The rebels had opened a sort of passage among the trees, which attracted the attention of the Colonel. On closer examination, a row of masked batteries on either side was discovered, and it is believed that at the extremity, near Manassas, and where the principal forces of the enemy are posted, a tremendous collection of some thirty pieces of heavy ordnance is so planted as to carry death throughout the lines of an advancing host. The plan appears to have been to push forward a few thousand of their troops, and invite an attack. That would have been made in some force, whereupon the trenches would have fallen back into this lane, drawn our troops in, and then dispersed to the batteries and ambushes prepared on every side, and opened upon our men at either hand and from the front. The result would have been total destruction. All this work of the Confederate thieves is now, however, harmless. There are many other ways of reaching Manassas than through the lane so officiously provided by the "first families."

It is supposed that Gen. Patterson will advance down the road from Harper's Ferry upon the rear of the retreating rabble; that McClellan will be left to take care of the way; that Gen. Scott will advance his line from here, and that the brave "Cornfederates" will be brought between two fires. This, however, is only supposition which takes the garb of truth, and thus looks probable. Doubtless the advancing column of the Federal army west, cannot do better than to cut off communication with the Capital of Jeff. Davis by seizing, and if need be, destroying its south-western connections. Thus the gatherings all along the eastern side of the State can be cut to pieces in detail. Gen. Scott has, it is said, laid out his work to clean out Virginia, and restore the Federal flag during the next season. This done, he will wait and recruit for a dip into the hotter climate with the frosts of autumn. W[illegible] with the heavy hand of the blockade laid u[illegible]n, and famine staring them in the face, the[illegible] continue to struggle against the power [illegible] has carried the symbols of its glory to every [illegible], and to the remotest clime, remains to be seen. I believe the struggle will not last a year.

The 5th Pennsylvania Regiment is now doing well. It looks well, has a first-rate, comfortable uniform, and only asks to see the enemy. The officers received, on Saturday, from Miss Lizzie Schwartz, of Allegheny, a beautiful box containing the following articles: To every officer in the Regiment, a fine flannel shirt, two handkerchiefs, a Highland fatigue cap, two towels, needle case, with sewing material and implements, a Turkish bath towel, a ball of fine soap, a sponge, and one-eighth of a yard of sticking plaster, wax seal. Col. McDowell received from the same beautiful giver, a chest of dried beef, a ham, four jars of preserved pears, three jars of French mustard, ten bottles of pickles, a cheese, and I know not how much more. I have enumerated many of the articles to show how much relief they will impart. Sweetmeats, etc., spoil in coming hither. All the above articles are elements of substantial comfort, and will not fail to bestow it.

Mr. Rosecrans, a lawyer from Louisville, has been here getting advice and counsel about raising a regiment in that city. I learn that he has received it in a necessary aid and comfort. The great object of desire among the Union men of Kentucky now is to watch Magoffin, with a view to catch him in the first overt act and, if need be, hang him or imprison him. Jackson, of Missouri, needs a similar course of treatment. They are but side-de-camps of Jeff. Davis, in constant intercourse with and inspired by him in every movement they make. Till they are suppressed, there will be no peace for the just and loyal people of those States. Having taken the sword, let them, officially at least, perish by the sword. Rosecrans thinks there will be no trouble in raising a full regiment of Union men at short notice in his city, who will make themselves of great service.

Old Massachusetts sent another regiment of her sons here last evening. They are the first regiment, Col. Cowdin, from Boston, and in for three years or the war. They came, as have all the troops from that State, armed, equipped and supplied in all respects with whatever can conduce to their comfort. The regiments from that State already here or in the vicinity, have been, since the hot weather set in, supplied with light summer hats and shirts, and we, I think, the best supplied and most comfortably clad troops in the District. The Michigan regiments are also well supplied.

The 4th Pennsylvania, Col. Hartranft, which was one of those unfortunate ones which lay here in misery the last of April and first of May, turned out and made their respects to the President yesterday. They appeared admirably. They marched double quick; they were in good uniforms; they all appeared to in good spirits, and Pennsylvania may now feel proud of them. The President complimented them highly, at which their Colonel was well pleased.

Col. Butterfield, the "Little Napoleon," of New York, turned out his splendid regiment last night and made his respects to Gen. Scott, after which he made a parade in the Avenue, and the city was out to see it. There are over 1200 men in the ranks. They wear the French chasseur uniform—bag-legged trowsers, yellow leather buskins or leggings, and short, blue jacket with a belt. They are proud of their Colonel and he of them. It is now, doubtless, the best drilled body of men in the city. Gen. Scott was highly pleased with them.

The Commissariat department is now thoroughly organized, and any number of troops can be well subsisted here. They will arrive here now at the rate of a thousand per day for several days. Then, it is said, a detachment from Patterson's force will come in a body, and then—*to Richmond* is the watch word. The white-eyed scoundrel who has bred all this mischief may find his own capitol in larger, instead of ours, within the next two weeks. The mail is closing.

LUDOVICUS.

Beauregrd's Proclamation.

The following is the text of a proclamation to the people of Virginia by General Beauregard:

A PROCLAMATION.

To the People of the Counties of London, Fairfax, and Prince William.

A reckless and unprincipled tyrant has invaded your soil. Abraham Lincoln, regardless of all moral, legal, and constitutional restraints, has thrown his abolition hosts among you, who are murdering and imprisoning your citizens, confiscating and destroying your property, and committing other acts of violence and outrage, too shocking and revolting to humanity to be enumerated.

All rules of civilized warfare are abandoned, and they proclaim by their acts, if not on their banners, that their war cry is, "Beauty and Booty." All that is dear to man—your honor and that of your wives and daughters—your fortunes and your lives, are involved in this momentous contest.

In the name therefore, of the constituted authorities of the Confederate States—in the sacred cause of constitutional liberty and self-government, for which we are contending—in behalf of civilization itself, I, G. T. Beauregard, Brigadier-General of the Confederate States, commanding at Camp Pickens, Manassas Junction, do make this my Proclamation and invite and enjoin you by every consideration dear to the hearts of freemen and patriots, by the name and memory of your revolutionary fathers, and by the purity and sanctity of your domestic firesides, to rally to the standard of your State and country; and by every means in your power, compatible with honorable warfare, to drive back and expel the invaders from your land.

I conjure you to be true and loyal to your country and her legal and constitutional authorities, and especially to be vigilant of the movements and acts of the enemy, so as to enable you to give the earliest authentic information at these headquarters, or to the officers under his command.

I desire to assure you that the utmost protection in my power will be given to you all.

(Signed) G. T. BEAUREGARD,
Brigadier-General Commanding.

Official—Thomas Jordan,
Acting Assistant Adj't-General.

Now, after reading the above, we are bound to say, that whatever Brigadier-General Beauregard may regard, clearly he has no regard for truth. This may appear blunt to a "gentleman of refined southern manners," but we cannot help it, and would not if we could. We mean just what we say. The above, as an official document deliberately written and published, will long stand on record to show the else incredulous world that a "chivalrous gentleman and a brave soldier," as this man was once called, when he becomes a rebel, is no better than his fellow-rebels—that is, he becomes a mean liar; or, if he is still better, it is only because he is better and meaner at lying. If the great Arch-Rebel and Liar of old was standing over him, when he wrote that proclamation, he must have been well satisfied with the proficiency of his follower.

DEATH OF REV. DR. ELY.—Rev. Ezra Styles Ely, D.D., died in Philadelphia on Monday, at the age of 75 years. Dr. Ely has been for 29 years the pastor of the Pine street and Butterwood street Presbyterian churches in Philadelphia, and finally resided in New York. While in this city he was actively engaged in efforts to ameliorate the condition of the inmates of the hospitals. He published several works, of which his "Collateral Bible, or key to the Holy Scriptures," and "Memoirs of Rev. Zebulan Ely," his father, are best known.

THE Mobile "Tribune" proposes "Cousin Sally" as a pet name for the Confederate States. The name is rather effeminate, but then her male fire-eating cousins could very appropriately be called Sally-manders.—[Prentice.

Military Notices.

☞ ATTENTION DUQUESNE CENTRAL GUARD.—You will meet at your ARMORY on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 20th inst., at 2½ o'clock, in full dress for parade and the reception of a stand of colors. By order WM. CHURCH, C. S.

jel9 11 PITTSBURGH, April 19th, 1861.

☞ THE COMMITTEE ON HOME DEFENCE will meet at P. G. SHANNON'S OFFICE, Fourth street, EVERY DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when companies for Home Guard must report themselves to be organized. All communications addressed to the Secretary.

JOHN M. TIERNAN, Secretary.

Public Notices.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION.

☞ THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF applicants for admission to the PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOL, will commence on THURSDAY, 20th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M. Those only who reside within the city limits are entitled to appear.

JOHN A. SERGEANT, Secretary.

jel8-3tdtn

OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, June 14th, 1861.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS per share, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 15th inst.

SAMUEL ERA, Secretary.

jel6:tf

New Advertisements.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR!

Three sheets, showing all the

Forts and Stations

of the FEDERAL AND REBEL ARMIES.

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,

corner Wood and Third streets.

N. B. These Maps are now, just wet from the press, engraved on steel.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—The original and only true article!!! As a Spring and Fall purifier of the blood, and general tonic for the system it stands unrivalled; acting simultaneously upon the stomach, bowels, kidneys, liver, and the circulation. It determines and carries off the products of unhealthy secretions, and greatly stimulates while it checks and expels from the stomach and bowels all that is irritating, until they are cleansed and restored to a sound and healthy condition.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold also by Druggists generally. jy20-d3w1yP

OIL.—20 bbls. best quality Carbon Oil; 75 do Linseed Oil,

Received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

POTATOES—300 bus. Red Potatoes rec'd and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

FLOUR—1000 bbls. Ex. Family Flour just received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

LIME—300 bbls. received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

jel20

BASKET WILLOWS—34 bundles now landing from steamer Iconora and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

jel9

ELIXIR OF CALISAYA.

This most agreeable and effectual Tonic has been used with great success, both in this city and Philadelphia, by persons of debilitated or convalescent constitutions. It is composed of PERUVIAN BARK and other active Tonics with choice Aromatics, is favorably recommended by the Journal of Pharmacy and by leading physicians wherever known. For sale by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

And Dealer in Choice Family Medicines,

corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

jel7:3t4

OF ALL THE ARTICLES THAT ARE BAD, MICE and ROACHES,

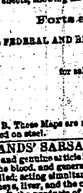
There is nothing equal to the RAT PASTE.

☞ It fails in no instance

From testimony is received every day of its efficacy. If you would rid yourself of these vermin, call and procure a box. Prepared only by JOSEPH FLEMING,

Jel7 Corner of Market st. and the Diamond.

BATH TUBS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
MARBLE TOP WASH STAND,
IRON ENAMELLED WASH STAND,
PORTABLE WASH STAND,



HYDRANT HOSE,
PUMPS OF ALL KINDS,
LEAD PIPE,
BLOCK TIN PIPE,

IRON SINKS OF EVERY SIZE,
COPPER SINKS do do
CHANDELIERS,
BRUSHES PENDANTS, &c., &c.,

BY

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

NO. 120 FOURTH STREET,

NEAR SMITHFIELD. jel0

GUNS, PISTOLS, RIFLES.—The attention of those to search of

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, &c. &c.,

is directed to our splendid stock.

W. W. YOUNG,
(successor to Cartwright & Young,)
No. 97 Wood Street,
corner of Diamond alley.

my25

SHAKER HOODS, from 12 to 14.—A large lot just received at

HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,
57 Market street.

ENGLISH BERAGE CHEAP.
PRINTED BERAGE CHEAP.
MOZAMBIKES CHEAP.
FLORENCE NIGHTINGALES CHEAP.
SILK AND GRAY DIXEYS CHEAP, at
BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

jel8

FLOUR—50 bbls. Ex. Family W. Wheat,
20 do do
25 do do Family White Wheat.
60 lb. sacks Superfine.
60 do do Ex. Family White Wheat.
60 do do Fancy Spring Cream.
CHEESE—300 do old English dairy.
200 do do Alpine Neshannock.
POTATOES—20 bbls. Blue Nehannocks.
20 do Red.

Received and for sale by H. RIDDLE,
jel7 No. 134 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.

CALL AT BURCHFIELD & CO'S AND SEE THE

ENGLISH BERAGE

jel8 THEY ARE SELLING AT 8¼ CTS.

BAYONET SCABBARDS!

WE HAVE COMPLETED ARRANGEments last for the manufacture of a sufficient quantity of Scabbards to equip the several Regiments of INFANTRY in the House Guards of this county, and invite those companies desiring equipments soon to send in their orders early. The Scabbards are the same as those made for the regular service.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
jel8:3teod2w 315 Liberty street, opposite Sixth.

CARTRIDGES BOXED.

SEVERAL NEW PATTERNS JUST RECEIVED from the East. Also, CAP POUCHES, BOAR BELTS, BELTS, PLATES, etc.

Those companies desiring to equip before the Fourth of July should send in their orders at once.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
jel8:3teod2w 315 Liberty street, opposite Sixth.

HOME GUARDS EQUIPPED!

CARTRIDGE BOXES.

With Belts and Buckle complete.

☞ Boxes holding 9 to 12 rounds at prices from 25 cts. to $1.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,
jel8:3teod 315 Liberty street, opposite Sixth.

JAMES ROBB,

NO. 89 MARKET STREET,

IS SELLING BOOTS AND SHOES

IN EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞ Call and examine his stock before purchasing, as he is determined to sell CHEAP. jel8

PRODUCE—
4000 lbs. clear Bacon Sides,
1000 lbs. Bacon Hams,
7 bbls. best Country Rose,
50 sacks Dry Peaches, (prime fairies)
50 do do Apples, (right quarters)
20 kegs No. 1 Lard,

In store for sale by H. RIDDLE & DILWORTH,
jel9 139 and 132 Second st.

FLOUR—2,000 bbls. Ocean Mills, St. Louis,
1,000 do Mt. Vernon do do
500 do Cowdrick do do
700 do Depot Mills, A. W. Fagin, &c.
800 do Orange & Cheny street, do
800 do Penny brands,

All of the above are choice St. Louis City brands. Received and for sale by J. D. LINDSAY & CO.,
jel8 70 Water and 64 Front streets.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED THIS MORNING

AT

W. & D. HUGUS',

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF MANTLES,

SILK DIXEYS,

GENT MIXED DIXEYS,

CLOTH DIXEYS,

SILK CIRCULARS,

FANCY STREET CIRCULARS,

CLOTH CIRCULARS,

Also, a large stock of

CHEAP DUSTERS,

And the best and cheapest assortment of

DRESS GOODS

That we ever offered. All the above goods we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

jel4:3tdNY W. & D. HUGUS.

CARPET SALE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

J. W. BARKER & CO.

59 MARKET STREET,

Will close out the balance of their

CARPET STOCK AT EASTERN COST,

COMPRISING

BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY,
IMPERIAL,
THREE-PLY,
FINE, EXTRA and
SUPERFINE INGRAIN

HEMP AND RAG CARPETING; also,
OIL CLOTH, MOSS MATTING,
RUGS, MATTS, &c., &c., &c.

jel6:3tdNY

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND PEDLARS can be supplied with

DRY GOODS

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

AT

EASTERN PRICES,

AT

J. W. BARKER & CO.'S,

59 MARKET STREET.

☞ Goods cut for the trade at the piece and package price.

jel5:3tdNY

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,

Brass Founders and Manufacturers,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

GAS FIXTURES,

Pumps and Brass Work,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

OIL WELL PUMPS,

of Brass, Copper or Iron, with the most approved Chambers and Valves of all kinds, and warranted to give satisfaction.

MANUFACTORY,
No. 110 Water and 104 Front st.
mh18:3tdw&w PITTSBURGH, PA.

SPRING GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A CHOICE AND SELECT STOCK OF GOODS, for our SPRING SALES, which have been selected with more than usual care, and feel confident that in the

RICHNESS OF FABRIC AND STYLE

of Goods, as well as

Fairness of Price

they will SURPASS ANY GOODS of the kind ever before opened in this city, and would respectfully solicit an early call from our patrons and the public, to examine the same for themselves.

Samuel Gray & Son,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AS FIFTH STREET.

mh18:3tdw

Naval Medical Board.

A BOARD OF MEDICAL OFFICERS will convene at the U. S. Naval Hospital, New York, on the FIRST OF JUNE NEXT, for the examination of candidates for admission to the Medical Corps of the U. S. Navy.

Gentlemen desiring permission to appear before the Board must make application to the Honorable Secretary of the Navy, stating their residence, time and date of birth, accompanied with respectable testimonials of moral character.

Applicants must not be less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-five years of age.

No expense is allowed by Government to candidates attending the session of the Board, or a successful examination is a legal prerequisite for appointment in the NAVY.

my11:3tdeodw

FAYETTE SPRINGS HOTEL,

NEAR UNIONTOWN, FAYETTE CO., PA.

ALFRED McCLELLAND, proprietor of these Springs announces to his friends and former patrons, and all others who may desire a healthy Summer retreat with mountain air and scenery, that the Hotel at this place will be open for their reception from and after the 20th June next.

The Waters of these Springs have become so well known to the public that it is not thought necessary to describe them.

For particulars, address

ALFRED McCLELLAND,
Uniontown, Fayette County, Penna.

jel8:3tdeodw

Stirling Pig Iron.

1000 TONS NO. 1.

1000 TONS NO. 2.

The Iron has been used by the Federal Government since its organization and is now on the *list for to complete the quota* of Connecticut as such.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers by the manufacturers

TOWNSEND & CO.,
jel8:3teod 42 Pine street, New York.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTH,

FOR SOLDIERS' BLANKETS.

Another lot just received at the

INDIA RUBBER DEPOT,

Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

my14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

TRUNKS, TRUNKS.—We have now on hand the latest style of

LADIES' FRENCH TRUNKS,
LA. IES' SARATOGA TRUNKS
LADIES' PACKING TRUNK
LADIES' IRON FRAME TRUNKS,
LADIES' BONNET BOXES,

Also,

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CUMPRESSED BULLETS.

UNITED STATES MINNIE MUSKET AND RIFLE BALLS. Also every description of ROUND AND CONICAL BULLETS manufactured to order. Large stocks constantly on hand.

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15 large prime small White Beans,
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